

Panasonic is part of a large worldwide group selling relays and associated switching products under different brand names in different territories. The conditions of use in some territories may differ from those customary in Europe. In particular there are often major differences in regard to national and international specifications, such as UL, CSA, VDE, SEV, EVE, SEMKO, etc. Thus, when considering contact loads as stated in this catalogue (e.g. 10 A, 30 VDC for the SP relay) it should be understood that these values are not necessarily an absolute maximum but tested ratings. Mostly the stated value has been tested for a certain life expectancy as stated by the manufacturer or the respective test house. Thus, under different conditions, the stated "maximum" may, in practice, be safely exceeded.

Therefore consideration should be given to each specific application for:

- rating and type of load
- switching frequency - cycles per second (or minute)
- environmental conditions

A general statement of compliance on data sheets, publicity, etc. concerning industrial standards, approvals or certification may imply compliance to a certain standard is available. However, because of the multiplicity of types available, in general not all types within the product family are covered to the same extent by the standard. Thus, in the event of a specific query regarding a particular product and its compliance with the standard, users are asked to refer to Panasonic for detailed information.

In case of uncertainty, contact should be made with Panasonic locally to ascertain the likelihood of the relay meeting the required life expectancy in the specific planned operational circumstances. It is also pointed out that in this book, and in deviation from EN / IEC 61810-1, operational life data is given under a normal ambient temperature of about 25°C.

The features and specifications quoted have been carefully tested using modern methods and represent the values which are to be expected with a product in new condition at room temperature. They are not guaranteed values and may change during operational life or due to ambient influences. Statistical test information covering major operating features is available on request. Panasonic reserves the right to make alterations and changes to specifications without notice from time to time as may be deemed necessary.

1 EMC Directive

The EMC Directive concerns primarily the finished products. In applying the Directive to components, the Guidelines¹ should be consulted to determine whether the component in question has a “direct function”. Electric motors, power supply units or temperature controls represent examples of such components with “direct function”. These types of components must be provided with a CE marking.

Components which are integrated into a device, such as relays, do not have an independent function of their own. A given relay may perform differing functions in different devices. Consequently, all-or-nothing relays must be considered components without “direct function” which are not subject to the EMC Directive.

All-or-nothing - be they electro-mechanical relays or solid state relays - shall not be labeled with a CE marking nor shall a declaration of conformity be issued within the scope of the EMC Directive.

2 Low Voltage Directive

Relays with terminals for printed boards/plug-and-socket connections do not come within the purview of the Low Voltage Directive.

The Low Voltage Directive concerns electrical equipment intended for incorporation into a device as well as equipment intended for direct use. In the case of electrical equipment which is considered a basic component intended for incorporation into other electrical equipment, the properties and safety of the final product will be largely dependent on how it is integrated: as such, these components do not fall within the Low Voltage Directive and shall not be CE marked. The Guidelines² specifically cite electro-mechanical basic components such as connectors, relays with terminals for printed circuit boards and micro switches. They are therefore not subject to the scope of the Low Voltage Directive.

Except for larger relays which may, for example, find application in switching cabinets, the same

considerations apply to common-place relays with plug-in connections available also with printed board terminals. Here again, safety is a function of the individual application. In evaluating these relays' performance from the perspective of the Low Voltage Directive, the same conclusion is reached as with the printed board relay. As such, CE marking is not mandatory for this type of relay.

3 Machinery Directive

The Machinery Directive differentiates between machines, machine parts and safety components. Relays are not part of any of these categories. The listing of safety components in Appendix IV is conclusive and does not include relays.

Consequently, a CE marking shall not be affixed nor shall a declaration of conformity or manufacturer's declaration be issued under the Machinery Directive.

As of this moment, none of the aforementioned directives require CE marking for all-or-nothing relays³.

4 RoHS Directive

The substances prohibited by the RoHS Directive (Pb, Hg, Cd, Cr⁺⁶, PBB, PBDE) concern 10 categories of devices that are mostly, but not entirely, intended for private use. Components such as relays are not listed in these categories. Therefore they do not directly fall within the scope of this directive. However, if the user employs relays in devices that fall within the scope of this directive, the user must also acknowledge the substances prevented. In order to adapt to this situation in good time, all Panasonic relays are generally RoHS compliant.

1. Guidelines (version dated March 22, 2007) for the Application of the Council Directive 2004/108/EC.

2. Guidelines (version dated August 2007) for the Application of the Council Directive 2006/95/EC.

3. This writing deals exclusively with “non-specified-time all-or-nothing relays”. The abbreviated term “all-or-nothing relay” has been introduced merely for purposes of convenience. The term includes solid state all-or-nothing relays.

Alphabetical List of Relays	4	Interface Terminal/DIN Rail Power Relays	361
Selector Chart	5	RT-3 UNIT RELAY 4-POINT TERMINAL	
Signal Relays	55	(Power PhotoMOS type)	362
DS RELAYS	56	RT-3 UNIT RELAY 4-POINT TERMINAL [PA Relay type,	
DS2Y RELAYS	61	Power PhotoMOS (Voltage sensitive type)]	365
GN RELAYS	64	Microwave Devices / High-Frequency Relays	371
GQ RELAYS	69	RA RELAYS	372
HY RELAYS	74	RE RELAYS	377
TQ RELAYS	78	RJ RELAYS	381
TX RELAYS	89	RN RELAYS	386
TX-D RELAYS	96	RS RELAYS	393
TX-S RELAYS	108	Microwave Devices / Coaxial Switches	405
TX RELAYS TH types	115	RD COAXIAL SWITCHES	406
Polarized Power Relays	121	RV COAXIAL SWITCHES	420
DE RELAYS	122	Automobil Printrelais	427
DJ RELAYS	127	CJ RELAYS	428
DK RELAYS	136	CN-H RELAYS	436
DK RELAY SOCKET	142	CN-M RELAYS	440
DQ RELAYS	144	CP RELAYS	445
DQ-M RELAYS	147	CP RELAYS <POWER TYPE>	450
DS-P RELAYS	150	CQ RELAYS	454
DY RELAYS	157	CT RELAYS	458
DW RELAYS	162	CT RELAYS <POWER TYPE>	464
S RELAYS	166	JJ-M RELAYS	469
SP RELAYS	172	JJ-M RELAYS (Double make type)	473
ST RELAYS	179	TA RELAYS	476
Non-Polarized PCB Power Relays	185	TB RELAYS	480
HC RELAYS	186	TC RELAYS	488
HC RELAYS (Sockets and terminal sockets)	201	TE RELAYS	495
HE RELAYS	208	TG RELAYS	500
HE RELAYS PV Type	216	TH RELAYS	505
HJ RELAYS	222	TJ RELAYS	509
HJ RELAYS (Sockets and DIN rail terminal sockets)	230	Automotive Plug-in Relays	513
HL RELAYS	234	CA RELAYS	514
HL RELAYS (Sockets and DIN rail terminal socket)	240	CB RELAYS	521
HN RELAYS	243	CM RELAYS	529
HN RELAYS (Sockets and DIN rail terminal sockets)	249	CV RELAYS	534
JM RELAYS	253	CV-N RELAYS	538
JQ RELAYS	257	High Current/High Voltage Automotive Relays	542
JS RELAYS	263	CW RELAYS	543
JT-V RELAYS	268	EV RELAYS	546
JV-N RELAYS	272	EV RELAYS Quiet Type	556
JW RELAYS	275	EV SWITCHES	562
LA RELAYS	282	Safety Relays	567
LE RELAYS	286	SF2D RELAY	568
LF-G RELAYS	292	SF3 RELAY	573
LF RELAYS	297	SF4D RELAY	578
LK-G RELAYS	301	SFN4D RELAY	584
LK-P RELAYS	304	SF RELAYS Slim type	592
LK-Q RELAYS	307	SF-Y RELAYS	601
LK-T RELAYS	311	Relay Technical Information	609
LQ RELAYS	314	Configuration and Construction	610
LZ RELAYS	319	Definition of Relay Terminology	612
PQ RELAYS	324	General Application Guidelines	615
Slim PCB Power Relays	329	Reliability	631
PA RELAYS	330	Applications of Relays in Electronic Circuits	633
PF RELAYS	335	Relay Soldering and Cleaning Guidelines	640
LD-P RELAYS	340	SMT Soldering Guidelines	642
High Capacity DC & Solar Power Relays	345	Taiko Device - Panasonic Part Numbers	645
EP RELAYS	346		
HE-V RELAYS	355		

Alphabetical List of Relays

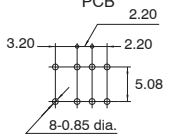
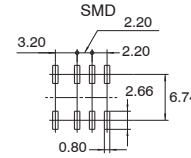
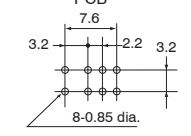
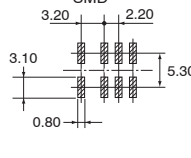
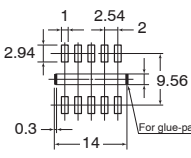
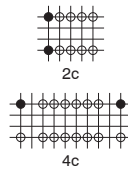
CA RELAYS	514	JW RELAYS	275
CB RELAYS	521	LA RELAYS	282
CJ RELAYS	428	LD-P RELAYS	340
CM RELAYS	529	LE RELAYS	286
CN-H RELAYS	436	LF RELAYS	297
CN-M RELAYS	440	LF-G RELAYS	292
CP RELAYS <POWER TYPE>	450	LK-G RELAYS	301
CP RELAYS	445	LK-P RELAYS	304
CQ RELAYS	454	LK-Q RELAYS	307
CT RELAYS <POWER TYPE>	464	LK-T RELAYS	311
CT RELAYS	458	LQ RELAYS	314
CV RELAYS	534	LZ RELAYS	319
CV-N RELAYS	538	PA RELAYS	330
CW RELAYS	543	PF RELAYS	335
DE RELAYS	122	PQ RELAYS	324
DJ RELAYS	127	RA RELAYS	372
DK RELAYS	136	RD COAXIAL SWITCHES	406
DQ RELAYS	144	RE RELAYS	377
DQ-M RELAYS	147	RJ RELAYS	381
DS RELAYS	56	RN RELAYS	386
DS2Y RELAYS	61	RS RELAYS	393
DS-P RELAYS	150	RT-3 UNIT RELAY 4-POINT TERMINAL	
DW RELAYS	162	UCV Type, Power PhotoMOS (Voltage Sensitive D...	365
DY RELAYS	157	RT-3 UNIT RELAY 4-POINT TERMINAL	
EP RELAYS	346	(Power PhotoMOS type)	362
EV RELAYS Quiet Type	556	RV COAXIAL SWITCHES	420
EV RELAYS	546	S RELAYS	166
EV SWITCHES	562	SF RELAYS Slim type	592
GN RELAYS	64	SF2D RELAY	568
GQ RELAYS	69	SF3 RELAY	573
HC RELAYS (Sockets and terminal sockets)	201	SF4D RELAY	578
HC RELAYS	186	SFN4D RELAY	584
HE RELAYS PV Type	216	SF-Y RELAYS	601
HE RELAYS	208	SP RELAYS	172
HE-V RELAYS	355	ST RELAYS	179
HJ RELAYS (Sockets and DIN rail terminal sockets)	230	TA RELAYS	476
HJ RELAYS	222	TB RELAYS	480
HL RELAYS (Sockets and DIN rail terminal socket)	240	TC RELAYS	488
HL RELAYS	234	TE RELAYS	495
HN RELAYS (Sockets and DIN rail terminal sockets)	249	TG RELAYS	500
HN RELAYS	243	TH RELAYS	505
HY RELAYS	74	TJ RELAYS	509
JJ-M RELAYS (Double make type)	473	TQ RELAYS	78
JJ-M RELAYS	469	TX RELAYS TH types	115
JM RELAYS	253	TX RELAYS	89
JQ RELAYS	257	TX-D RELAYS	96
JS RELAYS	263	TX-S RELAYS	108
JT-V RELAYS	268		
JV-N RELAYS	272		

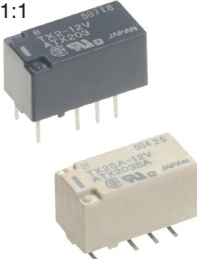

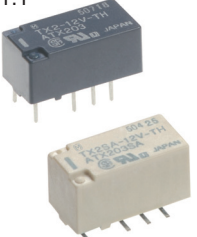

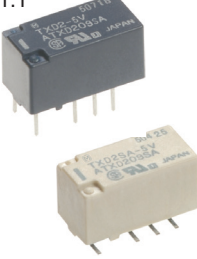

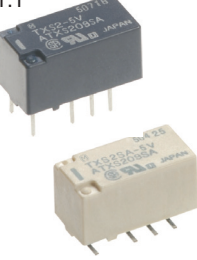

Selector Chart

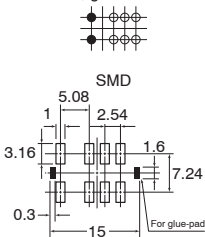
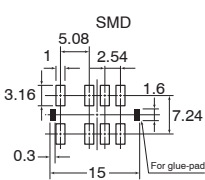
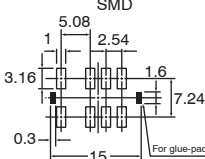
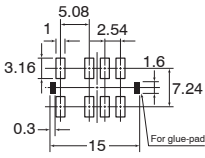
About the Selector Chart

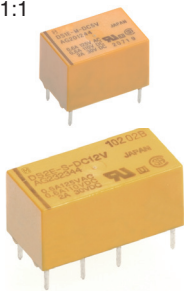

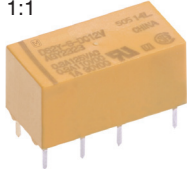

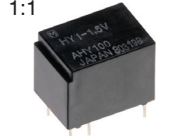

This selector chart is designed to help you quickly select a relay best suited for your needs. Please note: the values given for switching current and switching voltage do not necessarily indicate standard operating conditions. For the nominal switching capacity and other critical values, please refer to the respective data sheet or contact your Panasonic representative.

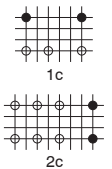
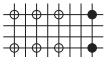
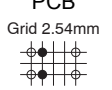
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★ GQ (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>10.6 x 7.2 x 5.2/5.4mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact flat body saves space• Outstanding surge resistance• The use of twin crossbar contacts ensures high contact reliability• High sensitivity 100mW type available• RTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 2A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 110V DC• 125V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
<div>★ GN (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>10.6 x 5.7 x 9.0mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact slim body saves space• Outstanding surge resistance• The use of twin crossbar contacts ensures high contact reliability• High sensitivity 100mW type available• RTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 2A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 110V DC• 125V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
<div>★ TQ (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>14 x 9 x 5.6mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ultra low profile 5.8mm• Surge withstand 2,500V• 3 types of surface-mount terminals available• RTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 2A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 220V DC• 125V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
<div>TQ (THT)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>14 x 9 x 5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1,500V FCC• RTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 1A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 110V DC• 125V AC	2c	(DC) 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V

















Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
<div>Single side stable: 140mW (1.5 - 12V DC) 230mW (24V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching: 100mW (1.5V - 12V DC) 120mW (24V DC)</div>	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1500Vrms	1,500V FCC 2,500V Telcordia	<div>PCB, SMT</div> <div></div> <div></div>	69 BSI, CSA, UL
<div>Single side stable: 140mW (1.5 - 12V DC) 230mW (24V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching: 100mW (1.5V - 12V DC) 120mW (24V DC)</div>	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1500Vrms	1,500V FCC 2,500V	<div>PCB, SMT</div> <div></div> <div></div>	64 BSI, CSA, UL
<div>Single side stable: 140mW (up to 12V DC) 200mW (24V DC) 300mW (48V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching: 70mW (up to 12V DC) 100mW (24V DC)</div> <div>2 coil latching: 140mW (up to 12V DC) 200mW (24V DC)</div>	1000Vrms	1500Vrms	1500Vrms	1,500V FCC 2,500V Telcordia	<div>SMT</div> <div></div>	78 CSA, UL
<div>Single side stable: 140mW (3 - 12V DC) 200mW (24V DC) 300mW (48V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching: 100mW (3 - 12V DC) 150mW (24V DC)</div> <div>2 coil latching: 200mW (3 - 12V DC) 300mW (24V DC)</div>	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	1,500V FCC	<div>PCB</div> <div>Grid 2.54mm</div> <div></div>	78 CSA, UL

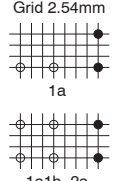
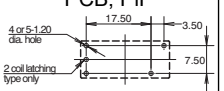
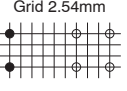
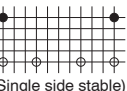
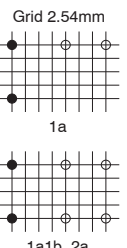
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★TX (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>15 x 7.4 x 8.2mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Surge withstand 2,500VBreakdown voltage between contacts and coil 2,000V3 types of surface-mount terminals availableAdded new pin layout (LT type) in 2 coil latching typeRTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 2A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">220V DC220V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
<div>★TX-TH (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>15 x 7.4 x 8.2mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Controlled 7.5A inrush current2 types of pin layouts3 types of surface mount terminals availableRTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 7.5A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">220V DC250V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
<div>TX-D (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>15 x 7.4 x 8.2/8.4mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High-insulation relay that conforms to the insulation level provided for in the EN410033 types of surface-mount terminals availableHigh-insulation relay that conforms to the insulation level provided for in the EN60950Surge breakdown voltage 6kV (contacts to coil) availableRTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 2A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<div>Break Before Make:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none">220V DC250V AC <div>Make Before Break:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none">125V DC125V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
<div>TX-S (SMD)</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>15 x 7.4 x 8.2/8.4mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Higher sensitivityNominal operating power, 50mW1,500V FCC3 types of surface-mount terminals availableAdded new pin layout (LT type) in 2 coil latching typeRTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 1A</div> <div>Min.: 10μA</div> <div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">110V DC125V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V






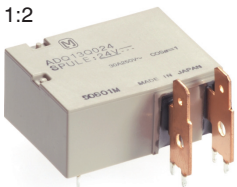

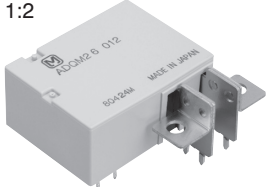

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
<div>Single side stable:</div> <div>140mW (up to 24V DC)</div> <div>270mW (48V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching:</div> <div>100mW</div> <div>2 coil latching:</div> <div>200mW</div>	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	2000Vrms	1,500V FCC 2,500V Telcordia	<div>PCB, SMT</div> <div>PCB, grid 2.54mm</div> <div></div>	89 BSI, CSA, UL
<div>Single side stable:</div> <div>140mW (up to 24V DC)</div> <div>270mW (48V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching:</div> <div>100mW (up to 24V DC)</div> <div>2 coil latching:</div> <div>140mW (up to 24V DC)</div>	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	2000Vrms	1,500V FCC 2,500V Telcordia	<div>PCB, SMT</div> <div>PCB, grid 2.54mm</div> <div></div>	115 BSI, CSA, UL
<div>Single side stable:</div> <div>200mW (1.5 - 12V DC)</div> <div>230mW (24V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching:</div> <div>150mW (1.5 - 12V DC)</div> <div>170mW (24V DC)</div>	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	3000Vrms	6,000V for fax machines & lighting ballasts	<div>PCB, SMT</div> <div>PCB, grid 2.54mm</div> <div></div>	96 BSI, CSA, UL
<div>Single side stable:</div> <div>50mW (1.5 - 12V DC)</div> <div>70mW (24V DC)</div> <div>1 coil latching:</div> <div>35mW (1.5 - 12V DC)</div> <div>50mW (24V DC)</div> <div>2 coil latching:</div> <div>70mW (1.5 - 12V DC)</div> <div>150mW (24V DC)</div>	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1800Vrms	1,500V FCC 2,500V Telcordia	<div>PCB, SMT</div> <div>PCB, grid 2.54mm</div> <div></div>	108 BSI, CSA, UL

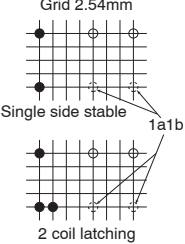
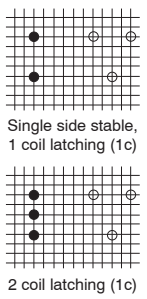
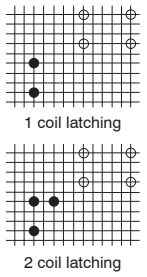
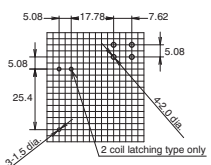
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
DS 1:1  15/20 x 9.9 x 9.9mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1,500V FCCHigh switching powerRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 2A Min.: 10μA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">220V DC250V AC	1c, 2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
★ DS2Y 1:1  20 x 9.9 x 9.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High sensitivity2 Form C contact1,500V FCCSealed constructionRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 2A Min.: 10μA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">220V DC250V AC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
HY 1:1  12 x 7.4 x 10.1mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High sensitivity150mW / 200mWRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 1A Min.: 10μA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">60V DC	1c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V

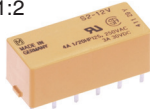

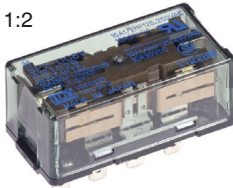







Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
S type: Single side stable: 200mW 1 coil latching: 90mW 2 coil latching: 180mW	1000Vrms (DS1-S: 500Vrms)	1000Vrms	1500Vrms (DS1-S: 1000Vrms)	1,500V FCC	PCB Grid 2.54mm  1c 2c	56 CSA, UL
Single side stable: 200mW (up to 24V DC) 300mW (48V DC)	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	1,500V FCC	PCB Grid 2.54mm 	61 CSA, UL
Standard: 200mW High sensitivity: 150mW	500Vrms	—	1000Vrms	—	PCB Grid 2.54mm 	74 CSA, UL

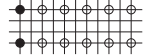
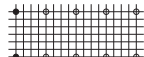
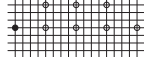
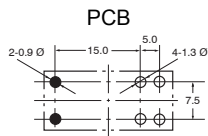
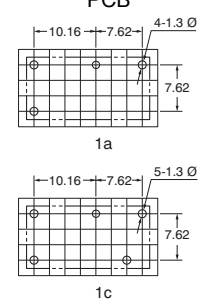
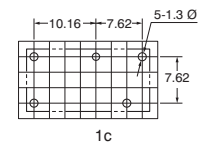
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★ DSP</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>20.2 x 11 x 10.5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High switching capacity• High sensitivity• High breakdown voltage• Miniature high-power relay• Creepage and clearance distance min. 3.5mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 8A (1a)  5A (1a1b, 2a) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 220V DC• 400V AC	1a, 1a1b, 2a	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
<div>★ DW</div> <div>1:2</div> <div> </div> <div>24 x 10 x 18.8mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pin-in-Paste version available• Surge withstand voltage between coil and contact: 12,000V• Breakdown voltage between coil and contact: 5,000V rms• Conforms to EN 60335• Creepage and clearance distance min. 6mm• RTII (IP54)	Max.: 8A (1a) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 250V AC	1a	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
<div>★ DE</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>25 x 12.5 x 12.5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Conforms to VDE0631• Low coil power• Compact body saves space• High switching capacity: 16A = 25,000 10A = 100,000 switching cycles• Creepage and clearance distance min. 8mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10/16A (1a)   8A (1a1b, 2a) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 230V DC• 440V AC	1a, 1a1b, 2a	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
<div>ST</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>31 x 14 x 11.3mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High capacity in small size• High inrush capability• Latching type available• Frictionless pivoted rotating armature• High breakdown voltage• Socket available• Not for new applications• Creepage and clearance distance more than 3mm, approx. 4mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 8A Min.: 1mA  	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 250V DC• 400V AC	1a1b, 2a	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
<div>DK</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>20 x 12.5 x 9.7mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Dimensions for 1a = 12.5mm, for 2a, 1a1b = 15mm• Low coil power• Creepage and clearance distance min. 8mm: DK2A-L2 min. 6.8mm DK1A1B-L2 min. 6.8mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10A (1a)  8A (1a1b, 2a) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 125V DC• 400V AC	1a, 1a1b, 2a	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
Single side stable: 300mW 1 coil latching: 150mW 2 coil latching: 300mW	1000Vrms	2000Vrms	3000Vrms	5,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm  1a 1a1b, 2a	150 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL
1 coil latching: 200mW 2 coil latching: 400mW	1000Vrms	—	5000Vrms	12,000V	PCB, PiP  4 or 5-1.20 dia. hole 2 coil latching type only	162 CSA, TÜV, UL
Single side stable: 200mW 1 coil latching: 100mW 2 coil latching: 200mW	1000Vrms	4000Vrms (1a1b, 2a)	5000Vrms	12,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm 	122 CSA, TÜV, UL, VDE
Single side stable: 240mW 1 coil latching: 130mW 2 coil latching: 240mW	1200Vrms	2000Vrms	3750Vrms	6,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm  (Single side stable)	179 CSA, TV rat- ing, UL, VDE
Single side stable: 200mW 2 coil latching: 200mW	1000Vrms	4000Vrms	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm  1a 1a1b, 2a	136 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL, VDE

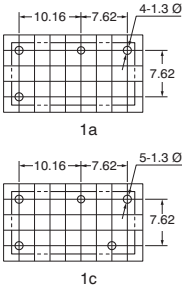
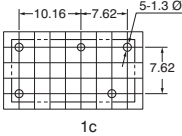
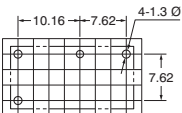
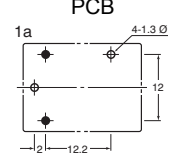
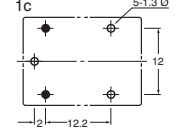
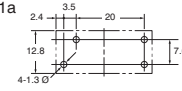
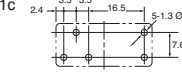
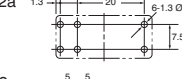
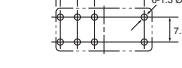
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
DY 1:2  20 x 15 x 9.7mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low cost, polarized power relay1a1b-contact arrangement is pin-compatible to DK1a1bLatching type availableCreepage and clearance distance min. 6mmRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10A (1a)  8A (1a1b) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">125V DC380V AC	1a, 1a1b	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 12, 24V
DJ 1:2  29 x 13 x 16/16.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Latching type availableCompact with high capacityLow coil powerOptional available with manual test buttonCreepage and clearance distance min. 8mmRTII (IP54), RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 16A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">125V DC400V AC	1a, 1b, 1c, 1a1b, 2a, 2b, 2c	(DC) 5, 6, 12, 24, 48V
DQ 1:2  38 x 29 x 17.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Latching type availableCompact with high capacityHigh insulationCreepage and clearance distance min. 8mmRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 30A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">250V DC250V AC	1a	(DC) 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
DQM 1:2  44 x 40.4 x 17.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Miniature 60A polarized power relayLatching type availableHigh insulationCreepage and clearance distance min. 8mmRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 60A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">250V AC	1a	(DC) 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24V









Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
Single side stable: 200mW 2 coil latching: 200mW	1000Vrms	4000Vrms	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm  Single side stable 1a1b 2 coil latching	157 CSA, TÜV, UL
Single side stable: 250mW 1 coil latching: 150mW 2 coil latching: 250mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm  Single side stable, 1 coil latching (1c) 2 coil latching (1c)	127 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL, VDE
1 coil latching: 500mW 2 coil latching: 1000mW	1500Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm  1 coil latching 2 coil latching	144 CSA, UL
1 coil latching: 500mW 2 coil latching: 1000mW	1500Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB  2 coil latching type only	147 —

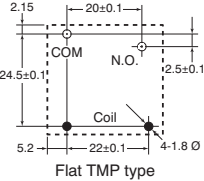
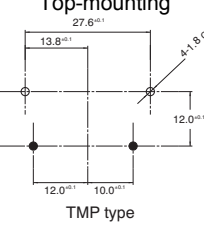
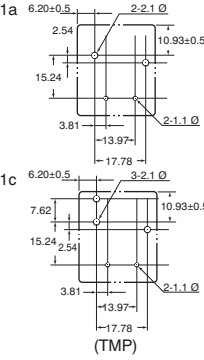
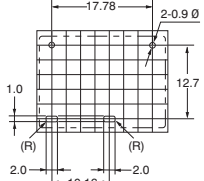
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
S 1:2  28 x 12 x 10.4mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High switching capacity range due to 5-layer contact• High sensitivity• High vibration and shock resistance• Low thermal electromotive force (approx. 3μV)• Latching type available• Sockets available• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 4A Min.: 100μA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 200V DC• 250V AC	2a2b, 3a1b, 4a	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 12, 24, 48V
SP 1:2  2c: 50 x 25.6 x 22mm 4c: 50 x 36.8 x 22mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarized power relay with rotating armature• High sensitivity• High vibration and shock resistance• Wide switching range• Latching type available• Socket available• RTI	Max.: 15A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 110V DC• 250V AC	2c, 4c	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 12, 24, 48V
LA 1:2  24 x 12 x 25mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low cost slim power relay: 2 Form A• High insulation resistance between contact and coil• 3A-version with gold clad contacts available (ideal speaker switch)• Surge withstand voltage: 10kV• Creepage and clearance distance min. 6mm• RTIII (IP67)	Standard: Max.: 3A (3A rated)  Power type: Max.: 5A (5A, TV-4 rated) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 277V AC	2a	(DC) 12, 24V
JQ 1:2  20 x 10 x 15.6mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High switching capacity in small size• High surge withstand voltage: 8,000V• Low power consumption• Extremely low cost• Not for new applications - LQ substitute type available• Creepage and clearance distance min. 4mm• RTIII (IP67)	Standard: Max.: 5A  Power type: Max.: 10A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 277V AC	1a, 1c	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 48V








Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
Single side stable: ~200mW (3V - 24V DC) 271mW (48V DC) 1 coil latching: ~100mW (3V - 24V DC) 144mW (48V DC) 2 coil latching: ~200mW (3V - 24V DC) 355mW (48V DC)	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1500Vrms	—	PCB Grid 2.54mm 	166 CSA, UL
Single side stable: 300mW 2 coil latching: 300mW	1500Vrms	3000Vrms	3000Vrms	—	PCB, Plug-in Grid 2.54mm  2c  4c	172 CSA, TÜV, UL
530mW	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 	282 CSA, SEV, SEMKO, TÜV, UL
200mW (1a) 400mW (1c)	1000Vrms (1a) 750Vrms (1c)	—	4000Vrms	8,000V	PCB  1a  1c	263 CSA, SEMKO, TÜV, UL, VDE

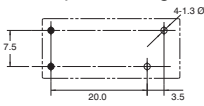
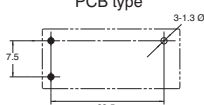
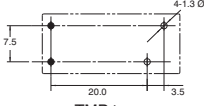
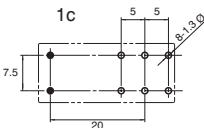
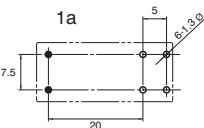
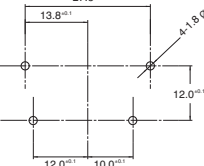
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★ LQ</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>20 x 10 x 16mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High switching capacity in small size• High surge withstand voltage: 8,000V• Low power consumption• Extremely low cost• Creepage and clearance distance: 1a: min. 4.55mm 1c: min. 3.53mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10A (1a, 1c) <div> 10A</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 277V AC	1a, 1c	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24V
<div>PQ</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>20 x 10 x 15.6mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High electrical noise immunity• High sensitivity: 200mW• High surge voltage: 8,000V• Pin-compatible to JQ1a• Gold-clad twin (bifurcated) contacts	Max.: 5A <div> 5A</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 110V DC• 250V AC	1a	(DC) 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24V
<div>JS</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>22 x 16 x 16mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ultra-miniature power relay with universal terminal foot-print• Special type for high ambient temperature (105°C) available• Extremely low cost• High switching capacity: 10A• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10A <div> 10A</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 100V DC• 277V AC	1a, 1c	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 48V
<div>JW</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>28.6 x 12.8 x 20mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact power relay• High surge withstand voltage: 10,000V• Class B coil insulation types available• Creepage and clearance distance min. 8mm between contacts and coil (for 2 changeover contacts min. 7.5mm)• RTIII (IP67)	Standard: Max.: 5A (2a, 2c) <div> 5A</div> High capacity: Max.: 10A (1a, 1c) <div> 10A</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 100V DC• 440V AC	1a, 1c, 2a, 2c	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 48V











Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
200mW (1a) 400mW (1c)	1000Vrms (1a) 750Vrms (1c)	—	4000Vrms	8,000V	PCB  1a  1c	327 C-UL, UL, VDE
200mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	8,000V	PCB 	324 CSA, SEMKO, TÜV, UL, VDE
360mW	750Vrms	—	1500Vrms	—	PCB 1a  1c 	263 CSA, TÜV, complies with TV-5, UL, VDE
530mW	1000Vrms	3000Vrms (2a, 2c)	5000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 1a  1c  2a  2c 	275 CSA, SEMKO, SEV, TÜV, complies with TV-5, UL, VDE

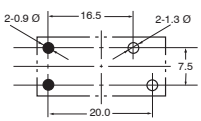
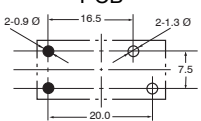
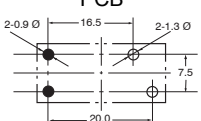
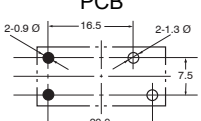
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
JM 1:2  Slim: 30.4 x 16 x 26.5mm Flat: 31 x 28.5 x 17.2mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Superior welding resistance• High surge resistance• Compact high capacity relay for inductive load• Relay for high motor loads• Ideal for high inrush currents• Pin-compatible with the LF relays• More than 6.4 mm maintained for the insulation distance between contacts and coil	Max.: 20A 	• 250V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V
LF 1:2  30.1 x 15.7 x 23.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ideal for compressor and inverter loads• High insulation resistance• Inrush current: 102A/200V AC 224A/100V AC• High surge withstand voltage• Creepage and clearance distance min. 8mm• RTI	Max.: 25A 	• 250V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24V
JT-V 1:2  PCB: 31.9 x 26.9 x 20.2mm TMP: 32.2 x 27.4 x 27.9mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High breakdown voltage• High surge withstand voltage: min. 6kV• High switching capacity with small dimensions and low height• TMP types available• Class F type as standardIncreased insulation construction than JT-N• Clearance, contact to coil: min. 6.4mm• Creepage, contact to coil: min. 9.5mm• RTI, RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 30A 	• 30V DC • 277V AC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12, 18, 24, 48V
JV-N 1:2  22 x 16 x 10.9mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact, flat type with low 10.9mm profile• Sensitive coil• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 16A 	• 110V DC • 277V AC	1a	(DC) 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48, 100V









Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
900mW	1000Vrms	—	5000Vrms	10,000V	PCB, Top mount contact, coil to PCB 	253 CSA, TÜV, UL, VDE
900mW	1000Vrms	—	5000Vrms	10,000V	PCB, Top-mounting 	297 CSA, SEMKO, TÜV, UL, VDE
1000mW	—	1200Vrms	3500Vrms	6,000V	PCB Top-mounting 	268 C-UL, UL
(DC) 200mW (4.5V - 48V) (DC) 600mW (100V)	1000Vrms	—	2500Vrms	4,500V	PCB 	272 CSA, TÜV, UL

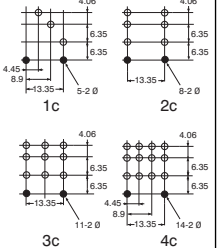
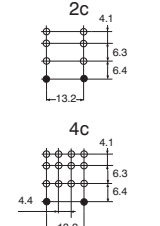
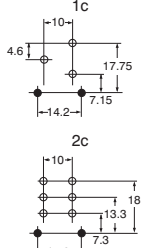
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
LE 1:2  28.6 x 12.4 x 24.9mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ideal for magnetron and heater loads• Excellent heat resistance• 4.8mm faston terminals• High sensitivity: 200mW• Creepage and clearance distance min. 8mm• RTI	Max.: 16A 	• 277/400V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 48V
LZ 1:2  28.8 x 12.5 x 15.7mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low profile relay (15.7mm)• Low operating power of 400mW• Ambient temperature up to 105°C• Creepage and clearance distance min. 10mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 16A 	• 250V DC • 440V AC	1a, 1c	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 18, 24, 48V
★ LF-G1/LF-G2 1:2  30.1 x 15.7 x 23.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ideal for solar inverters• High insulation resistance• Inrush current: 102A/200V AC 224A/100V AC• High switching capacity 31A/277V AC• High surge withstand voltageCreepage distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 9.5 mmClearance distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 6.5 mm• RTI	Max.: 22A  Max.: 31A 	• 250V AC	1a	(DC) 9, 12, 18, 24V










Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
Standard: 400mW High sensitivity: 200mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB, Top-mounting  PCB type  TMP type 	286 CSA, TÜV, UL, VDE
400mW	1000Vrms	—	5000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 1c  1a 	319 CSA, UL, VDE
1400mW	2500Vrms	—	4000Vrms	6,000V	PCB 	292 C-UL, UL, VDE

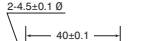

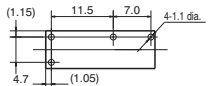

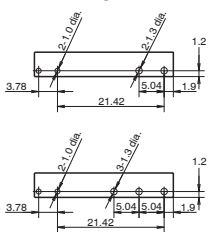
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
LK-G 1:2  24 x 11 x 25mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Contact gap: 1mm• 3 different types available• High insulation resistance• Slim profile• High noise immunity• Creepage and clearance distance between contact and coil min. 6mm (IEC65 compliant)• RTI	Max.: 10A  Max.: 16A 	• 277V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 24V
LK-P 1:2  24 x 11 x 25mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High switching capacity 10A 277V AC• High inrush current capability: 111A• UL/CSA TV-5 rated type available• High insulation: Creepage and clearance distance between contact and coil min. 6mm• RTI	Max.: 10A 	• 30V DC • 277V AC	1a	(DC) 12, 24V
LK-Q 1:2  24 x 11 x 25mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reduced noise• High sensitivity: nominal coil power 250mW• TV-5/TV-8 rated type available• Slim shape• Creepage and clearance distance min. 6mm• RTI	Max.: TV5: 5A (AC)  TV8: 8A (AC) 	• 30V DC • 277V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 24V
LK-T 1:2  24 x 11 x 25mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High inrush current capability: 118A• UL/CSA TV-8 rated type available• High noise immunity realized by the card separation structure between contact and coil• High insulation resistance: 1) Creepage and clearance distance between contact and coil min. 6mm 2) Surge withstand voltage between contact and coil > 10kV• RTI	Max.: 8A 	• 277V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 24V



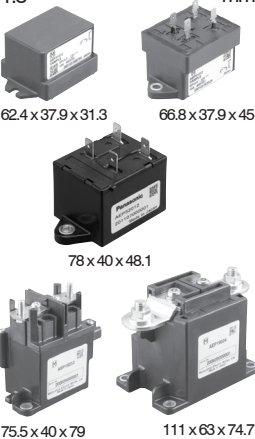




Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
530mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 	301 CSA, TÜV, UL
530mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 	304 CSA, SEMKO, SEV, TÜV, TV-5 rating, UL, VDE
250mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 	307 CSA, SEMKO, SEV, TÜV, complies with TV-5, TV-8, UL, VDE
250mW	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 	311 CSA, SEMKO, SEV, TÜV, TV rating UL, VDE

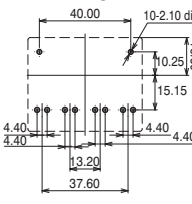
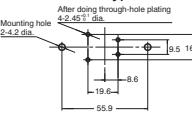

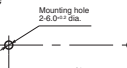
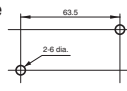
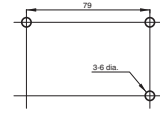
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
HC 1:2  27.2 x 20.8 x 35.2mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Wide applications• Versatile range• Footprint compatible with competitive types• Compact power relay• AC and DC coil available• Socket available• Pin-compatible with the HJ relays• RTI, RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10A Min.: 1mA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 250V AC	1c, 2c, 3c, 4c	(DC) 6, 12, 24, 48, 110V (AC) 6, 12, 24, 48, 120, 240V
HJ 1:2  28 x 21.5 x 35/38mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2 contact arrangements, same footprint as our popular HC relay• Coil breakdown detection function (AC type with LED only)• Convenient screw terminal sockets with finger protection also available• Test button type available• Compact power relay for AC and DC voltage• Socket available• RTI, RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 7A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 250V AC	2c, 4c	(DC) 12, 24, 48, 110V (AC) 12, 24, 48, 100, 120, 200, 220/240V
HN 1:2  29 x 13 x 28mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Slim (13mm) and compact size relay: The size has been reduced 20% compared with the existing HC/HJ relays.• Plug-in solder type available• Slim screw terminal socket (17.5mm)• Also available with LED indication• High reliability• AC and DC coil available• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 5A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 250V AC	1c, 2c	(DC) 5, 6, 12, 24, 48V (AC) 100, 120, 240V
HL 1:2  27.2 x 20.8 x 35.4mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Large capacity• Compact size• Designed for long lifetime• Footprint compatible with competitive types• High load switching range• Socket available• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 15A Min.: 1mA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 250V AC	1c, 2c	(DC) 6, 12, 24, 48, 110V (AC) 6, 12, 24, 48, 120, 240V


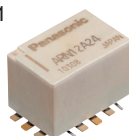
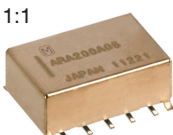
Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
(DC) 900mW (AC) 1.2VA	700Vrms	700Vrms	2000Vrms	—	PCB, Plug-in, Top-mounting 	186 CSA, SEV, TV rating, UL, VDE
(DC) 900 mW (AC) 1.2 - 1.5VA	1000Vrms	2000Vrms	2000Vrms	—	Plug-in 	222 CSA, SEV, TV rating, UL, VDE
(DC) 530mW (AC) 0.9VA	1000Vrms	3000Vrms	5000Vrms	—	Plug-in, Screw terminal —	243 UL, C-UL, (VDE)
(DC) 900 - 1000mW (AC) 1.2 - 1.3VA	1000Vrms	1500Vrms	2000Vrms	—	PCB, Plug-in, Top-mounting 	234 CSA, complies with TV-5, UL

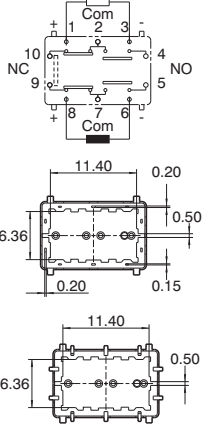
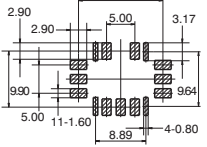
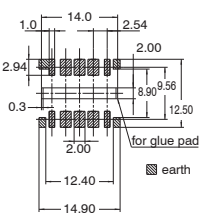
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
HE/ HE PV 1:3  50 x 33 x 35.8mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High surge withstand voltage: 10,000VHigh inrush resistance: TV-15: 1 form A TV-10: 2 form ACompact power relays for AC and DC voltageContact gap: 3mmSocket availableCreepage and clearance distance min. 8mm	Max.: 30A  Max.: 50A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">100V DC277V AC	1a, 2a	(DC) 6, 12, 24, 48, 110V (AC) 12, 24, 48, 120, 240V
Slim Power Relays					
LD-P 1:2  20.3 x 7 x 15mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Slim type: width 7mmCoil power: 200mWHigh switching capacity 5A/277V ACCreepage and clearance distance min. 6mmRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 5A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">30V DC277V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24V
PA 1:2  20 x 5 x 12.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Slim size permits high density mountingHigh switching capacityGold-clad contactsPin-compatible with the AQZ PhotoMOS relayHigh surge voltage: 4,000VHigh breakdown voltage: 2,000VPAD with min. 3.6mm cree-page distance and min. 3.1mm clearance distanceRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 5A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">110V DC250V AC	1a	(DC) 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24V
PF 1:2  28 x 5 x 15mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Slim size permits high density mountingWide switching capacityHigh surge voltage: 6,000VHigh breakdown voltage: 4,000VSlim relay for grid applicationsInsulation construction conforms to VDE0700Contacts with gold flash plating or gold-clad contacts availablePrint socket availableClearance distance min. 5.5mmCreepage distance min. 8mmRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 6A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">300V DC400V AC	1a, 1c	(DC) 4.5, 5, 6, 12, 18, 24, 48, 60V

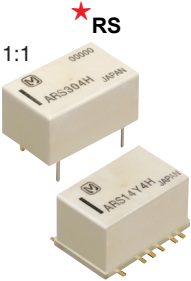
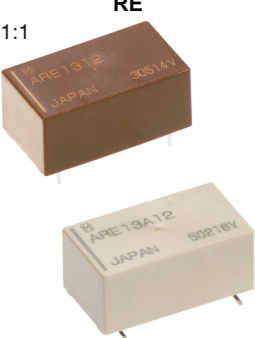

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
(DC) 1920mW (AC) 1.7 - 2.7VA	2000Vrms	4000Vrms	5000Vrms	10,000V	Top-mounting Panel cutout  40±0.1 (Plug-in terminal type) (Screw terminal type)  47.6±0.1 (NEMA terminal type) (Screw terminal type, wide pitch)	208 CSA, TÜV, TV rating, UL, VDE
200mW	750Vrms	—	4000Vrms	10,000V	PCB  11.5 7.0 4.1.1 dia (1.15) 4.7 (1.05)	340 C-UL, UL, VDE
120mW (5 - 18V) 180mW (24V)	1000Vrms	—	2000Vrms	4,000V	PCB Grid 2.54mm 	330 CSA, TÜV, UL
170mW (5 - 24V) 217mW (48V) 175mW (60V)	1000Vrms	—	4000Vrms	6,000V	PCB  3.78 21.42 5.04 1.01 1.2 3.78 21.42 5.04 1.01 1.2	335 C-UL, UL, VDE

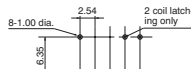
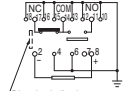
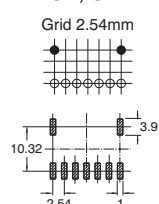
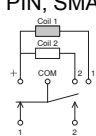
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
High Capacity DC Power Relays					
HEV 1:3  50 x 41 x 39.4mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Max. 1,000V DC, 20A cut-off possible in compact size relay• Coil hold voltage can be reduced down to 33% of the nominal coil voltage• High surge withstand voltage: 10,000V• Protective construction: Flux-resistant type• Contact gap: min. 2.5mm• Clearance distance min. 8mm• Creepage distance min. 9.6mm	Max.: 20A 	• 1000V DC	2a	(DC) 6, 9, 12, 15, 24
EP 1:8 mm  62.4 x 37.9 x 31.3 66.8 x 37.9 x 45 78 x 40 x 48.1 75.5 x 40 x 79 111 x 63 x 74.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High capacity to cut off DC voltage in a compact relay: max. cut-off current 2,500A/300V DC• Nominal switching capacity 300A 400V DC• Low operating noise• High contact reliability• DC type with sealed capsule• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 10A  20A  80A  300A 	• 400V DC	1a	(DC) 12, 24, 48, 100V




Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
(DC) 1920mW	2000Vrms	4000Vrms	5000Vrms	10,000V	PCB 	355 UL, VDE
Max.: 1.4W (10A) 3.9W (20A) 4.5W (80A) 4 - 40W (300A)	2500Vrms	—	2500Vrms	—	PCB 10A PC board type After doing through-hole plating Mounting hole 2.4±0.1 dia.  10A TM type Mounting hole 2.4±0.1 dia.  20A type Mounting hole 2.6 0+0.1 0- dia.  80A type  300A type 	346 —

Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★ RJ</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>14 x 9 x 8.2mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Shielded HF relayUp to 8GHzImpedance 50ΩLatching types availableSMD and PCB version availableRTIII (IP67) <p>HF Characteristics at 5GHz:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Isolation min. 35dBIsolation min. 30dB between contact setsInsertion loss max. 0.5dBV.S.W.R. max. 1.25	DC: 0.3A HF: 1W (5GHz)	• 30V DC	2c	(DC) 3, 4.5, 12, 24V
<div>★ RN</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>14.6 x 9.6 x 10.0mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High hot switching capability up to 80W at 2GHz, contact rating up to 150W at 2GHzHigh frequency capability up to 6GHz1 changeover contact, impedance 50ΩReversed contact type availableSingle side stable or 2 coil latching types availableSMT version availableVery good HF characteristicsRTIII (IP67) <p>HF Characteristics at 2GHz:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Isolation min. 55dBInsertion loss max. 0.12dBV.S.W.R. max. 1.15	DC: 0.5A HF: 80W	• 30V DC	1c SPDT	(DC) 4.5, 12, 24V
<div>RA</div> <div>1:1</div> <div></div> <div>14.7 x 9.7 x 5.9mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">HF relay in SMT versionUp to 1GHzImpedance 50ΩLatching types availableRTIII (IP67) <p>HF Characteristics at 1GHz:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Isolation min. 20dBIsolation min. 30dB between contact setsInsertion loss max. 0.3dBV.S.W.R. max. 1.2	DC: 1A HF: 3W (1GHz, carrying point to carrying current)	• 30V DC	2c	(DC) 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V







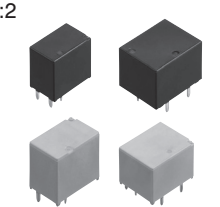


Coil power	Breakdown voltage				Life (min. operations)		Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil	Between live parts and ground	Electrical	Mechanical		
Single side stable: 200mW 2 coil latching: 150mW	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	10 ⁶	10 ⁷	PCB, SMT 	381 —
Single side stable: 320mW 2 coil latching: 400mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	500Vrms	10 ⁵	10 ⁶	SMT 	386 —
Single side stable: 140mW (1.5 - 12V) 200mW (24V) 300mW (48V) 1 coil latching: 70mW (1.5 - 12V) 100mW (24V) 2 coil latching: 140mW (1.5 - 12V) 200mW (24V)	750Vrms	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	1000Vrms	10 ⁷	10 ⁸	SMT Suggested mounting pads (Top view) 	372 —

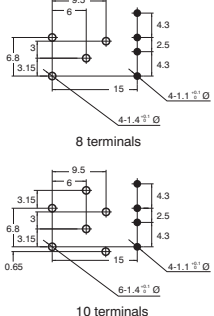
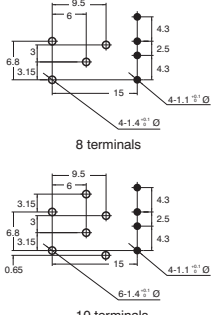
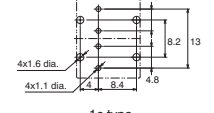

Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div><div>★ RS</div><div></div><div>14 x 8.6 x 7/8mm</div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• HF relay• Up to 3GHz• Impedance 50/75Ω• Silent type available• Latching types available• SMT and PCB version available• 10W at 3GHz contact carrying power• RTIII (IP67) <p>HF Characteristics at 3GHz (50Ω PCB type):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Isolation min. 35dB• Insertion loss max. 0.35dB• V.S.W.R. max. 1.4	DC: 0.5A HF: 1W (3GHz)	• 30V DC	1c	(DC) 3, 4.5, 9, 12, 24V
<div><div>RE</div><div></div><div>20.2 x 11.2 x 8.9/9.6mm</div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• HF relay• Up to 2.6GHz• Impedance 50/75Ω• SMT and PCB version available• RTIII (IP67) <p>HF Characteristics at 2.6GHz (75Ω PCB type):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Isolation min. 30dB• Insertion loss max. 0.5dB• V.S.W.R. max. 1.5	DC: 0.5A HF: 1W (2.6GHz)	• 30V DC	1c	(DC) 3, 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24V
Coaxial Switches					
<div><div>RV SPDT</div><div></div><div>15.9 x 15.9 x 11.2mm</div></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ultra small coaxial switch• Up to 26.5 GHz• Impedance 50Ω• PIN and SMA terminals available• Latching types available• 2-coil latching type helps reduce power consumption• Failsafe type available• Reverse type available• Surge withstand voltage: 500Vrms <p>HF Characteristics at 18GHz/ SMA type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Isolation min. 40dB• Insertion loss max. 0.7dB• V.S.W.R. max. 1.7	HF: 50W (3GHz)	—	SPDT	(DC) 4.5, 12, 24V

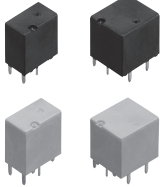


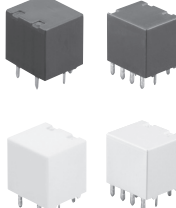











Coil power	Breakdown voltage				Life (min. operations)		Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil	Between live parts and ground	Electrical	Mechanical		
Single side stable: 200mW 1 coil latching: 200mW 2 coil latching: 400mW	500Vrms	—	1000Vrms	500Vrms	3 x 10 ⁵	5 x 10 ⁶	<p>PCB, SMT</p>  <p>50Ω PCB type</p> <p>Single side stable type (Deenergized condition)</p>  <p>50Ω SMT type</p>	393 —
Single side stable: 200mW	500Vrms	—	1000Vrms	500Vrms	3 x 10 ⁵	10 ⁶	<p>PCB, SMT</p> <p>Grid 2.54mm</p> 	377 —
700mW	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	3 x 10 ⁵	10 ⁶	<p>PIN, SMA</p> 	420 —

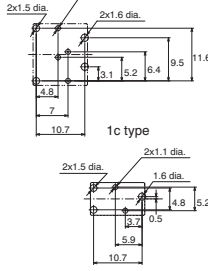
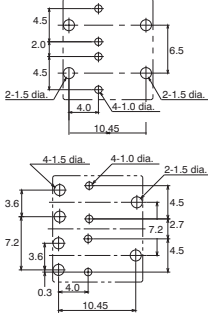
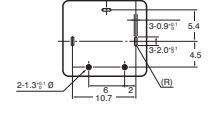
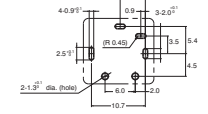
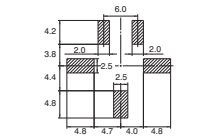
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★ RD SPDT</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>34 x 13.2 x 39mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Coaxial relayUp to 26.5GHz (18GHz)Impedance 50ΩLatching types availableTTL Version availableRTI <p>HF Characteristics at 18GHz:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Isolation min. 60dBInsertion loss max. 0.5dBV.S.W.R. max. 1.5	DC: 100mA (indicator) HF: 120W (3GHz)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">30V DC (indicator)	SPDT	(DC) 4.5, 5, 12, 24V
<div>★ RD TRANSFER</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>32 x 32 x 39mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Coaxial relayUp to 26.5GHz (18GHz)Impedance 50ΩLatching types availableTTL Version availableRTI <p>HF Characteristics at 18GHz:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Isolation min. 60dBInsertion loss max. 0.5dBV.S.W.R. max. 1.5	DC: 100mA (indicator) HF: 120W (3GHz)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">30V DC (indicator)	DPDT	(DC) 4.5, 5, 12, 24V
<div>★ RD SP6T</div> <div>1:4</div> <div></div> <div>80 x 80 x 39.5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Coaxial relayUp to 13GHz (18GHz)Terminated type availableImpedance 50ΩLatching types availableRTI <p>HF Characteristics at 13GHz:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Isolation min. 65dBInsertion loss max. 0.4dBV.S.W.R. max. 1.5	DC: 100mA (indicator) HF: 120W (3GHz)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">30V DC (indicator)	SP6T	(DC) 4.5, 5, 12, 24V















Coil power	Breakdown voltage				Life (min. operations)		Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil	Between live parts and ground	Electrical	Mechanical		
Single side stable: 840-970mW (4.5, 12, 24V) 2 coil latching: 700-900mW (4.5, 12, 24V) Latching with TTL driver (self cut-off function): 5, 12, 24V	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	5 x 10 ⁶	5 x 10 ⁶	Coax	406 —
Single side stable: 1540-1670mW (4.5, 12, 24V) 2 coil latching: 1200-1400mW (4.5, 12, 24V) Latching with TTL driver (self cut-off function): 5, 12, 24V	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	5 x 10 ⁶	5 x 10 ⁶	Coax	406 —
Single side stable: 840mW (4.5, 12V) 970mW (24V) Latching: 700mW (SET 4.5V) 750mW (SET 12V) 900mW (SET 24V)	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	500Vrms	5 x 10 ⁶	5 x 10 ⁶	Coax	406 —

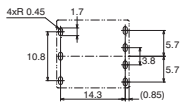
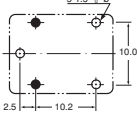
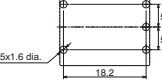
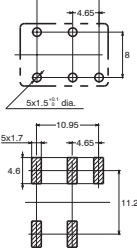
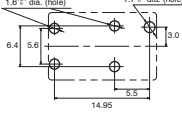
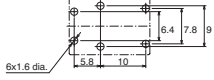
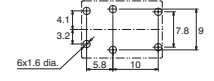
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
PCB relays					
1:2 ★CT  Single:17.4 x 7.2 x 13.5mm Twin:17.4 x 14 x 13.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Super miniature size• Twin (1 Form C x 2)• ACT512 layout = layout of 2 x ACT112• H-bridge type available (twin relay)• Quiet operation• RTIII (IP67)• Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c, 1c x 2	(DC) 12V
1:2 ★CT POWER  Single:17.4 x 7.2 x 13.5mm Twin:17.4 x 14 x 13.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Super miniature size• Twin (1 Form C x 2)• Footprint same as CT standard type• 30A switching capacity (motor load)• H-bridge type available (twin relay)• RTIII (IP67)• Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 30A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c, 1c x 2	(DC) 12V
1:2 ★TB  Single Print: 14 x 9.2 x 13.5mm PiP: 14 x 9.2 x 14.0mm Twin Print: 17.4 x 14 x 13.5mm PiP: 17.4 x 14 x 14.0mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Super miniature size• Single (1 Form A, 1 Form C)• Twin (1 Form C x 2)• H-bridge type available (twin relay)• RTIII (IP67)• Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available• Lamp load type available	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c 1c x 2 (8 terminals) 1c x 2 (10 terminals)	(DC) 12V




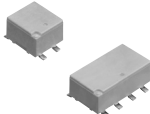








Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
800mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, PiP  8 terminals 10 terminals	458 —
1000mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, PiP  8 terminals 10 terminals	464 —
1,440mW (for pick-up voltage max. 5.5V DC) 900mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC) 640mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.7V DC)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, PiP Twin type (8 terminal type)  1c type 	480 —

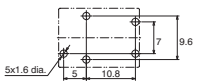
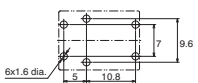
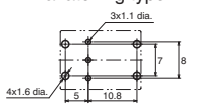
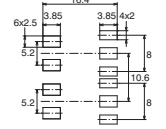
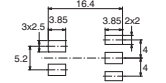
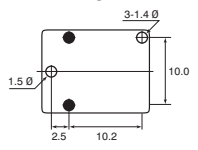
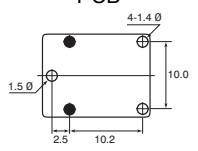
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★TE</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>Single Print: 12 x 7.2 x 13.5mm PiP: 12 x 7.2 x 14.0mm Twin Print: 13.6 x 12 x 13.5mm PiP: 13.6 x 12 x 14.0mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Ultra small sizeSmallest in its classHigh capacity in a compact bodySingle (1 Form C)Twin (1 Form C x 2)H-bridge type available (twin relay)RTIII (IP67)Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c 1c x 2 (8 terminals)	(DC) 12V
<div>CJ</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>8 Pin Print: 13.7 x 12.2 x 13.5mm PiP: 13.7 x 12.2 x 13.8mm 10 Pin Print: 14.4 x 12.2 x 13.5mm PiP: 14.4 x 12.2 x 13.8mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Ultra small sizeTwin (1 Form C x 2)High capacity in a compact bodyH-bridge type available (twin relay)RTIII (IP67)Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c, 1c x 2	(DC) 12V
<div>★CP</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>14 x 13 x 9.5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Very low profileHigh capacity24V DC type available on requestRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V, 24V
<div>★CP POWER</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>14 x 13 x 9.5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Very low profileHigh capacity type: 45A maximum carrying currentImproved heat conduction thanks to additional pinLayout is downward compatible to CPRTIII (IP67)Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V
<div>★CP (SMD)</div> <div>1:2</div> <div></div> <div>14 x 13 x 10.5mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Very low profileHigh capacityRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c	(DC) 12V



Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
1,309mW (for pick-up voltage max. 5.5V DC) 900mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC) 655mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.7V DC) (500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, PiP Twin type (8 terminal type) 	495 —
Standard: 800mW High sensitivity: 640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, PiP 	428 —
640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	445 —
450mW 640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	450 —
640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	SMT 	445 —

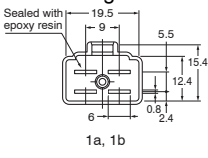

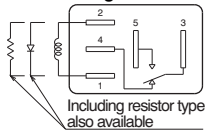
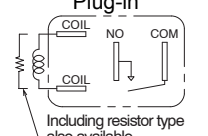
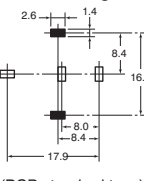
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
TJ 1:2  15 x 16 x 11.2mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact flat type (height: 11.2mm)• High capacity switching• Thermal resistant type• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 30A (N.O.)  15A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c	(DC) 12V
CQ 1:2  17 x 13 x 16.6mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Very quiet operation• Terminal layout identical to JJM• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c	(DC) 12V
TA 1:2  19.8 x 17 x 14mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Very quiet operation• Flat type• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c	(DC) 12V
CN-M 1:2  15,5 x 11 x 14.4mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Space-saving design• High switching capacity (up to 30A)• SMD type available• RTIII (IP67)• Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 30A (N.O.)  25A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V
★ CN-H 1:2  17 x 10.6 x 18.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Best space savings in its class• Substitute for Micro-ISO relay- Low operating power type• High current-carrying capacity• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 	• 16V DC	1a	(DC) 12V
TG 1:2  17.8 x 12.6 x 18mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Large capacity switching despite small size.• Substitute for micro ISO relays• Low operating power type• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 30A (N.O.)  15A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V












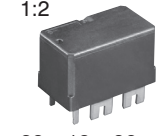

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
450mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	509 —
640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	454 —
640mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.7V DC) 900mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	476 —
640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, SMT 	440 —
450mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC) 640mW (for pick-up voltage max. 5.5V DC)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	436 —
640mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC) 450mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.0V DC)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 1a type  1c type 	500 —

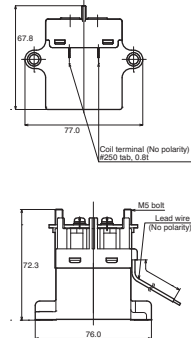
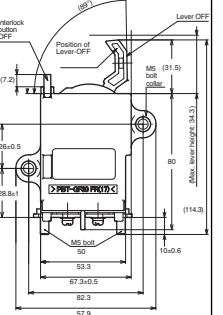
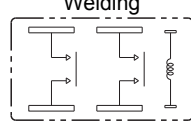
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
TC 1:2  Print: 17.8 x 13 x 16.0mm PiP: 17.8 x 13 x 16.4mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Large capacity switching despite small size• Substitute for micro ISO relays• Latching type available• High heat resistant type available• RTIII (IP67)• Pin in Paste (with vent hole) available	Max.: 30A (N.O.)  15A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c, 2a (2 coil latching)	(DC) 12V
TH 1:2  Single: 11 x 12 x 8.8mm Twin: 21.6 x 12 x 8.8mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ultra compact flat type• SMD mounting type: 8.8mm• High switching capacity (up to 25A)• Single (1 Form C)• Twin (1 Form C x 2)• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1c 1c x 2 (10 terminals)	(DC) 12V
★ JJM 1:2  15.5 x 12 x 13.9mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact size• Best-selling, familiar blinker sound• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	• 16V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V
JJM-DM 1:2  15.5 x 12 x 13.9mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Small size• Double make contact arrangement• Terminal layout compatible to JJM• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 2 x 6A  	• 16V DC	Double make contact	(DC) 12V


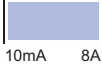

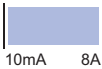




Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
1,309mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC) 900mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.0V DC) 640mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.5V DC) 1,920mW (2 coil latching type)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, PiP 1a standard type  1c/2a standard type  2a latching type 	488 —
900mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5V DC) 655mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.7V DC)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	SMT Twin type (10 terminal type)  1c type 	505 —
640mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	469 —
1000mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB 	473 —

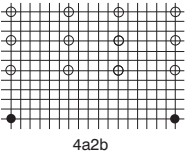
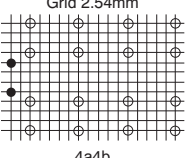
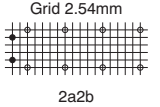
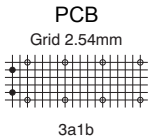
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
Plug-in relays					
CA 1:2  21.5 x 14.4 x 37mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Small sizeDirect plug-inRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (1a, 1.4W type)  30A (1a, 1.8W type)  20A (1b, 1c) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">15V DC (1c - 12V DC type)16V DC (1a, 1b - 12V DC type)30V DC (1c - 24V DC type)	1a, 1b, 1c	(DC) 12, 24V
★CM 1:2  20 x 15 x 22mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Small substitute for Mini-ISO relayMicro-ISO terminal typeRTIII (IP67) available	Max.: 35A (N.O.)  20A (N.C.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">16V DC (12V DC type)32V DC (24V DC type)	1a, 1c	(DC) 12, 24V
CV 1:2  22.5 x 15 x 15.7mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low profile20A Micro-ISO terminal typeRTIII (IP67)	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">16V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V
CV-N 1:2  22.5 x 15 x 15.7mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low profileLow temperature riseLow sound pressure levelRTIII (IP67) available	Max.: 20A (N.O.)  10A (N.C.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">14V DC	1a, 1c	(DC) 12V
CB 1:2  26 x 22 x 25mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">40A switching current at 85°CMini-ISO type terminalsHigh shock resistanceHigh thermal resistance1 Form A available with 70A switching currentBroad lineupRTIII (IP67) available	Max.: 70A (N.O. H type)  40A (1a, 1c N.O.)  30A (1c N.C.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">16V DC (12V DC type)32V DC (24V DC type)	1a, 1c	(DC) 12, 24V


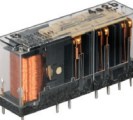




Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
1800mW 1400mW (type S)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	Plug-in 	514 —
1500mW (12V DC type) 1800mW (24V DC type)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB (24V), Plug-in 	529 —
800mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	Plug-in 	534 —
800mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	Plug-in 	534 —
1400mW (12V DC type) 1800mW (24V DC type) 1800mW (12V DC, H type)	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	PCB, Plug-in 	521 —

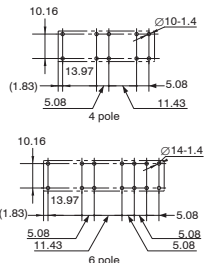
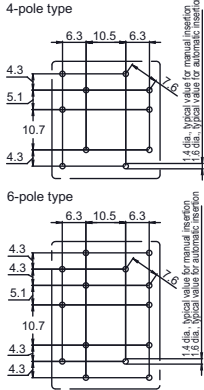
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current (Min.: see data sheet)	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
High current/ High voltage relays					
EV 1:8  66.8 x 49.7 x 37.9mm 78 x 40 x 48.1mm 82.8 x 40 x 79mm 75.5 x 40 x 80mm 95 x 45 x 86.4mm 111 x 63 x 75mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 6 versions available: 10, 20, 80, 120, 200A, 300A• DC type with sealed capsule for electric and hybrid vehicles• Compact size• Small arcing space required thanks to blow-out magnets• Safety construction• High contact reliability	Max.: 10A (1a)  20A (1a)  80A (1a)  120A (1a)  200A (1a)  300A (1a) 	• 400V DC	1a	(DC) 12, 24V
EV QUIET 1:4  76 x 36 x 72.3mm 77 x 67.8 x 37.7mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DC type with sealed capsule, mainly for hybrid vehicles• Very quiet operation• Small size and light weight• Small arcing space required thanks to blow-out magnets• Safety construction• High contact reliability• Standard type for horizontal mounting available	Max.: 60A (1a) 	• 400V DC	1a	(DC) 12V
EV SWITCH 1:4  57.9 x 34.6 x 114.3mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High performance with capsule contact technology• High carrying current performance• Safety function	Max.: 80A (1a) 	• 400V DC	1a	—
CW 1:2  32 x 18 x 26mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ideal relay for high output, 3-phase motors (Electric Power Steering)• High cut-off current capability and high carrying current• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 	• 14V DC	2a	(DC) 12V

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
Stable: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1240mW (10A, 12/24V)• 3900mW (20A, 12V)• 4200mW (80A/120A, 12/24V)• 6000mW (200A, 12/24V)• 3600mW (300A, 12V)• 3800mW (300A, 24V) Inrush: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 37.9W (300A, 12V)• 44.4W (300A, 24V)	2500Vrms	—	2500Vrms	—	Faston terminal (10A, 20A) Screw terminal (60A, 80A, 120A, 200A, 300A)	546 —
4500mW	Vertical: 2500Vrms Horizontal: 2000Vrms	—	Vertical: 2500Vrms Horizontal: 2000Vrms	—	Screw terminal 	556 —
—	2500Vrms	—	2500Vrms	—	Screw terminal 	562 —
1400mW	500Vrms	—	500Vrms	—	Welding 	543 —

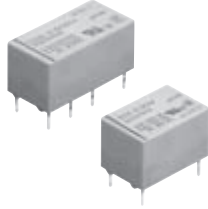
Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
SFN4D 1:3  53.3 x 33 x 14.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarised relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 50205, Type B• Safety double contact• Coil power: 390mW• Relay height: 14.5mm• Reinforced insulation, creepage and clearance distance 5.5mm• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 8A Min.: 10mA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 500V DC• 500V AC	4a2b	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 16, 18, 21, 24, 36, 48, 60V
SF4D 1:3  53.3 x 33 x 16.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarised relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 50205, Type B• Safety double contact• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 8A Min.: 10mA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 400V DC• 400V AC	4a4b	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 18, 21, 24, 36, 48, 60V
SF2D 1:3  53.3 x 25 x 16.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarised relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 50205, Type A• Safety double contact• For applications according to EN 50155• IEC/EN 60335-1 (GWT) compliant• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 8A Min.: 10mA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 400V DC• 400V AC	2a2b	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 18, 21, 24, 36, 48, 60V
SF3 1:3  53.3 x 25 x 16.5mm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarised relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 50205, Type A• For applications according to EN 50155• IEC/EN 60335-1 (GWT) compliant• RTIII (IP67)	Max.: 8A Min.: 10mA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 400V DC• 400V AC	3a1b	(DC) 5, 9, 12, 18, 21, 24, 36, 48, 60V

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
390mW (5 - 24V) 420mW (36 - 60V)	2500Vrms	4000Vrms	5000Vrms	—	PCB Grid 2.5mm  4a2b	584 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL
500mW	2500Vrms	2500Vrms	2500Vrms	—	PCB Grid 2.54mm  4a4b	578 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL
500mW	2500Vrms	2500Vrms	2500Vrms	—	PCB Grid 2.54mm  2a2b	568 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL
500mW	2500Vrms	2500Vrms	2500Vrms	—	PCB Grid 2.54mm  3a1b	573 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL

Type ★ = Popular Type (Picture scale: DIN A4)	Features	Switching current	Max. switching voltage	Contact arrangement	Coil voltage
<div>★ SFS</div> <div>1:3</div> <div></div> <div>40 x 13 x 24mm</div> <div></div> <div>50 x 13 x 24mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarised relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 50205, Type A• 4-pole and 6-pole type with various contact arrangements• Slim profile reduces mounting area• PC board sockets and DIN-rail terminal socket available• RTII (IP54)	<div>Max.: 6A</div> <div>Min.: 1mA</div> <div></div> <div>1mA 6A</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 250V AC	2a2b, 3a1b, 4a2b, 5a1b, 3a3b	(DC) 12, 16, 18, 21, 24, 48V
<div>★ SF-Y</div> <div>1:3</div> <div></div> <div>39 x 14.5 x 28.6mm</div> <div></div> <div>31 x 14.5 x 28.6mm</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Polarised relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 50205, Type A• 4-pole and 6-pole type with various contact arrangements• Gold clad contacts on request• Reinforced insulation according to EN 50178, creepage and clearance distance ≥5.5mm (V=230V overvoltage category III, 6 kV)• RTIII (IP67)	<div>Max.: 6A</div> <div>Min.: 1mA</div> <div></div> <div>1mA 6A</div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30V DC• 250V AC	2a2b, 3a1b, 4a2b, 5a1b	(DC) 5, 12, 18, 21, 24V

Coil power	Breakdown voltage			Surge withstand voltage	Mounting method (bottom view)	Page Approvals
	Between open contacts	Between contact sets	Contacts to coil			
360mW (4 poles) 500mW (6 poles)	1500Vrms	2500Vrms/ 4000Vrms	4000Vrms	—	<div>PCB</div> <div></div>	592 CSA, TÜV, UL
670mW	1500Vrms	2500Vrms/ 4000Vrms	4000Vrms	—	<div>PCB</div> <div></div>	601 CSA, SEV, TÜV, UL

Signal Relays



FEATURES

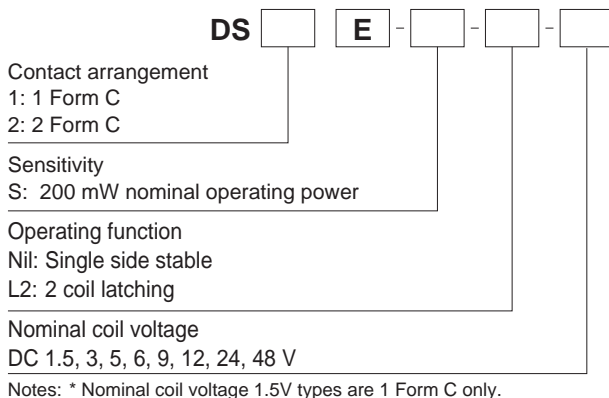
- 1. Breakthrough height of 9.8 mm .386 inch beats the 10 mm .394 inch limit**
1c and 2c all have the same height (9.8 mm .386 inch). The width of the relay is also the same (9.9 mm .390 inch). Since the only size variable is the length, the shared form makes mounting on printed printing wiring boards easy.
- 2. Suitable for use in difficult environments**
Epoxy resin seals the parts and cut off the external atmosphere, thus enabling use in difficult environments.
- 3. Can be used with automatic solder and automatic wash systems**
Automatic soldering and automatic washing can be carried out once the parts are mounted on PC boards.
- 4. Gold-clad twin contacts ensure high reliability**
Highly stable gold cladding on the contacts ensures that contact resistance changes little over time. Furthermore, the use of twin contacts, a configuration that performs with superior contact reliability, ensures extremely low contact failure rates even under low level loads.

- 5. Polarized magnetic circuits realize resistance to shock and vibration**
High-performance polarized magnetic circuits that utilize the energy of permanent magnets have made it possible to create relays with strong resistance to shock and vibration.
- 6. DIL terminal array enables use of IC sockets**
- 7. Widening scope of application with multicontact latching**
In addition to single side stable types, you can take advantage of the memory of functions of convenient 1 coil or 2 coil latching relays.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Besides telecommunications, measuring devices, office equipment, computers and related equipment, DS relays are also recommended for a broad range of applications including business devices, audio systems, and industrial equipment.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

High sensitivity type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable type	2 coil latching type
		Part No.	Part No.
1 Form C	1.5V DC	DS1E-S-DC1.5V	DS1E-SL2-DC1.5V
	3V DC	DS1E-S-DC3V	DS1E-SL2-DC3V
	5V DC	DS1E-S-DC5V	DS1E-SL2-DC5V
	6V DC	DS1E-S-DC6V	DS1E-SL2-DC6V
	9V DC	DS1E-S-DC9V	DS1E-SL2-DC9V
	12V DC	DS1E-S-DC12V	DS1E-SL2-DC12V
	24V DC	DS1E-S-DC24V	DS1E-SL2-DC24V
2 Form C	48V DC	DS1E-S-DC48V	DS1E-SL2-DC48V
	3V DC	DS2E-S-DC3V	DS2E-SL2-DC3V
	5V DC	DS2E-S-DC5V	DS2E-SL2-DC5V
	6V DC	DS2E-S-DC6V	DS2E-SL2-DC6V
	9V DC	DS2E-S-DC9V	DS2E-SL2-DC9V
	12V DC	DS2E-S-DC12V	DS2E-SL2-DC12V
	24V DC	DS2E-S-DC24V	DS2E-SL2-DC24V
	48V DC	DS2E-S-DC48V	DS2E-SL2-DC48V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable type

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 50°C 122°F)
High sensitivity (S) type	1.5V DC*	1 Form C: 80%V or less of nominal voltage 2 Form C: 70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	133.3mA	11.3Ω	200mW	1 Form C: 160%V of nominal voltage 2 Form C: 200%V of nominal voltage
	3V DC			66.7mA	45Ω		
	5V DC			40.0mA	125Ω		
	6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
	9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
	12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
	24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		
	48V DC			4.2mA	11,520Ω		

2) 2 coil latching type

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 50°C 122°F)
				Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
High sensitivity (S) type	1.5V DC*	1 Form C: 80%V or less of nominal voltage 2 Form C: 70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	1 Form C: 80%V or less of nominal voltage 2 Form C: 70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	120mA	120mA	12.5Ω	12.5Ω	180mW	180mW	1 Form C: 160%V of nominal voltage 2 Form C: 200%V of nominal voltage
	3V DC			60mA	60mA	50Ω	50Ω			
	5V DC			36mA	36mA	139Ω	139Ω			
	6V DC			30mA	30mA	200Ω	200Ω			
	9V DC			20mA	20mA	450Ω	450Ω			
	12V DC			15mA	15mA	800Ω	800Ω			
	24V DC			7.5mA	7.5mA	3,200Ω	3,200Ω			
	48V DC			3.75mA	3.75mA	12,800Ω	12,800Ω			

*Nominal coil voltage 1.5V types are 1 Form C only.

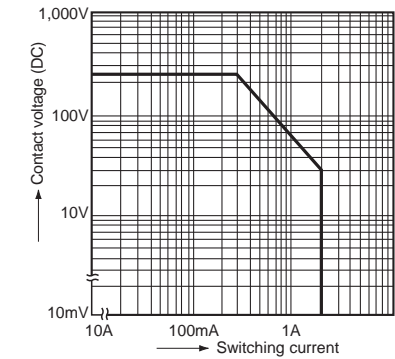
2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C	2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		Ag+Au clad	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		2 A 30 V DC (resistive load)	
	Max. switching power		60 W, 125 VA (resistive load)	
	Max. switching voltage		220 V DC, 250 V AC	
	Max. carrying current		3 A	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value) ^{*1}		10μA 10m V DC	
	Nominal operating power		Single side stable (S type: 200 mW); latching (S type: 180 mW)	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (500 Vrms for 1min: 1 Form C high sensitivity type) (Detection current: 10mA.)	
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (1,000 Vrms for 1min: 1 Form C high sensitivity type) (Detection current: 10mA.)	
	Temperature rise		Max. 65°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, contact carrying current: 2A.)	
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [10 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms [10 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional ^{*2}	Min. 490 m/s ²	Min. 490 m/s ²
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁸ (10 ⁷ : 1 Form C latching type) (at 600 times/min.)	
	Electrical		Min. 5×10 ⁵ rated load (at 60 times/min.)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{*3}		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		60 times/min.	
Unit weight			Approx. 3 g .11 oz	Approx. 4g .14oz

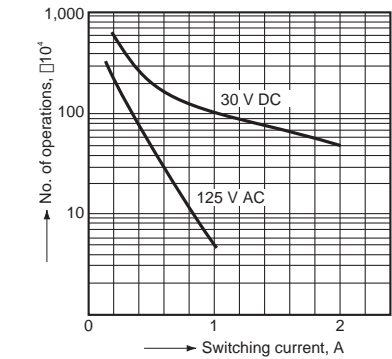
1* This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. (TX/TX-S/TX-D relay AgPd contact types are available for low level load switching [10V DC, 10mA max. level])
2* Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs
3* Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

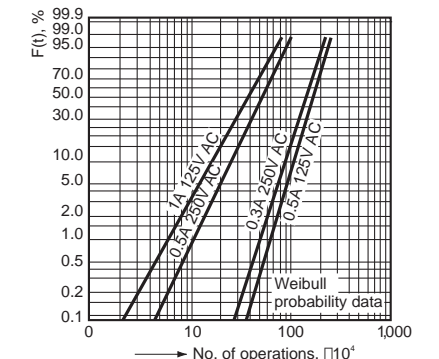
1. Maximum switching capacity



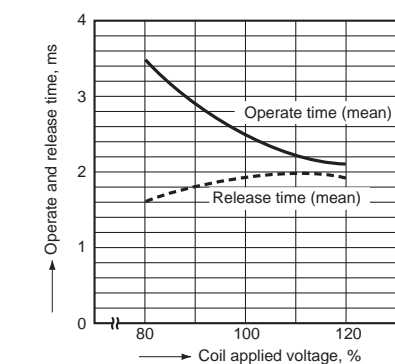
2. Life curve (Resistive load)



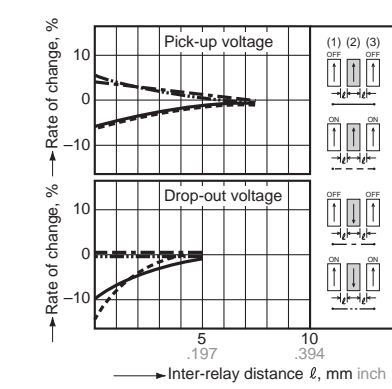
3. Contact reliability for AC loads
Tested sample: DS2E-S-DC24V 10 pcs.
Operating speed: 20 times/min.. Detection level: 200 mΩ



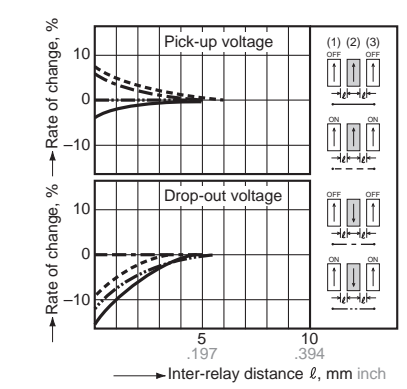
4. Operate and release time characteristics
(2 Form C single side stable type)
Test condition: Without diode connected to coil in parallel



5-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting
(1 Form C)



5-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting
(2 Form C)



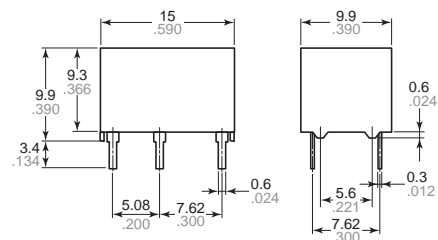
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

DS (1 Form C)

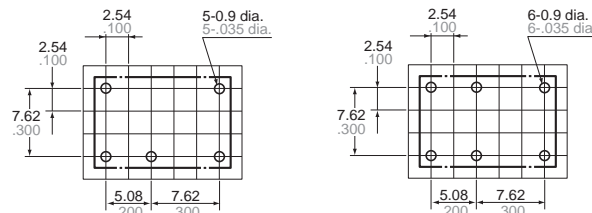
Single side stable, 2 coil latching

CAD Data External dimensions

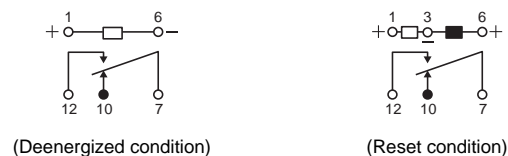


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)
Single side stable 2 coil latching



Schematic (Bottom view)
Single side stable 2 coil latching



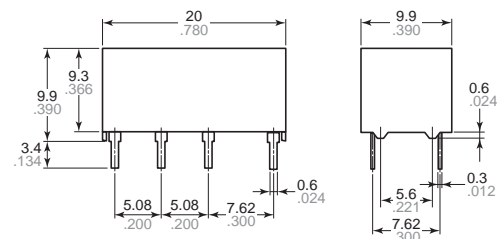
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Note: External dimensions of 1 coil latching types are same as single side stable type.

DS (2 Form C)

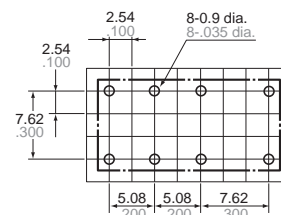
Single side stable

CAD Data External dimensions

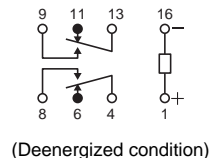


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



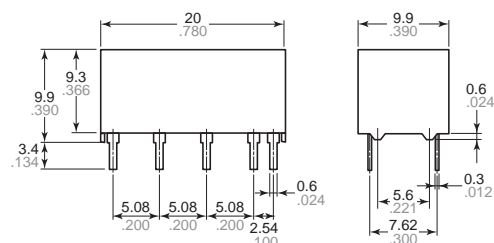
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Note: External dimensions of 1 coil latching types are same as single side stable type.

DS (2 Form C)

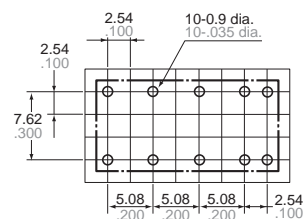
2 coil latching

CAD Data External dimensions

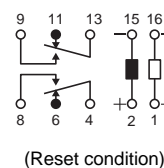


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

NOTE

Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent misoperation or malfunction.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. 2 Form C contact
2. High sensitivity-200 mW nominal operating power
3. High breakdown voltage
1500 V FCC surge between open contacts
4. DIP-2C type matching 16 pin IC socket
5. Sealed construction

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Telecommunication equipment
2. Office equipment
3. Computer peripherals
4. Security alarm systems
5. Medical equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

DS2Y-S - -

Operating function
Nil: Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage
DC 1.5, 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48 V

Polarity
Nil: Standard polarity

Note: UL/CSA approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable type
		Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	DS2Y-S-DC1.5V
	3V DC	DS2Y-S-DC3V
	5V DC	DS2Y-S-DC5V
	6V DC	DS2Y-S-DC6V
	9V DC	DS2Y-S-DC9V
	12V DC	DS2Y-S-DC12V
	24V DC	DS2Y-S-DC24V
	48V DC	DS2Y-S-DC48V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data
Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 50°C 122°F)
1.5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	132.7mA	11.3Ω	200mW	200%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			66.7mA	45Ω		
5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		
48V DC			6.3mA	7,680Ω	300mW	

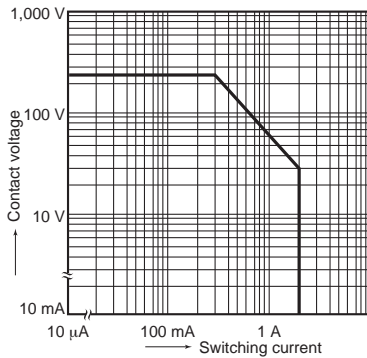
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag+Au clad
Rating	Max. switching power		60 W, 62.5 VA (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		220 V DC, 250 V AC
	Max. switching current		2 A
	Max. carrying current		3 A
	Minimum operating power		Approx. 98 mW (147 mW: 48 V)
	Nominal operating power		Approx. 200 mW (300 mW: 48 V)
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	FCC surge breakdown voltage between contacts and coil		1,500 V
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 65°C with nominal coil voltage across coil and at nominal switching capacity
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Approx. 4 ms [approx. 3 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Approx. 3 ms [approx. 3 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 490 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶
	Electrical		5×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC), 10 ⁵ (2 A 30 V DC)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		60 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 4g .14oz

* Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

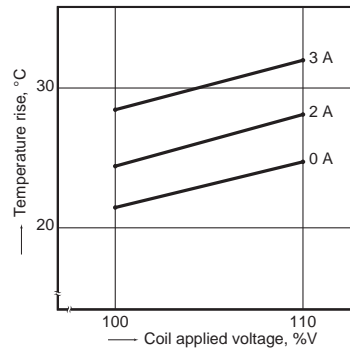
REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching capacity



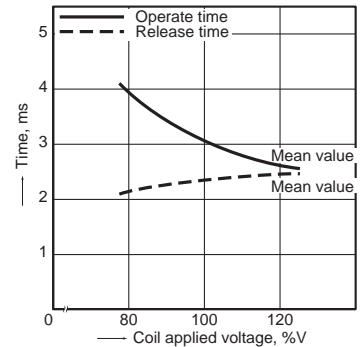
2. Coil temperature rise (Single side stable)

Tested sample: DS2Y-S-DC12V, 5 pcs.
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 21°C to 25°C 70°F to 77°F



3. Operate/release time for single side stable (Without diode)

Tested sample: DS2Y-S-DC12V, 10 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

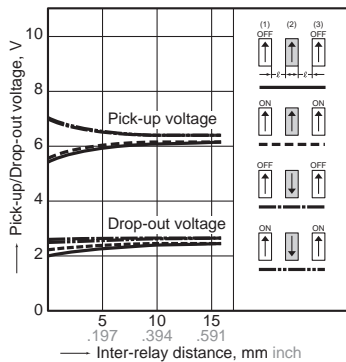


4-(1) Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: DS2Y-S-DC12V, 10 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

TEST METHOD

1. Apply nominal voltage to No. (1) and (3) DS2Y relays.
2. Measure pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage of No. (2) relay when inter-relay distance (ℓ) changes.

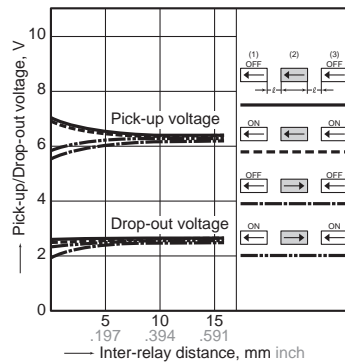


4-(2) Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: DS2Y-S-DC12V, 10 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

TEST METHOD

1. Apply nominal voltage to No. (1) and (3) DS2Y relays.
2. Measure pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage of No. (2) relay when inter-relay distance (ℓ) changes.

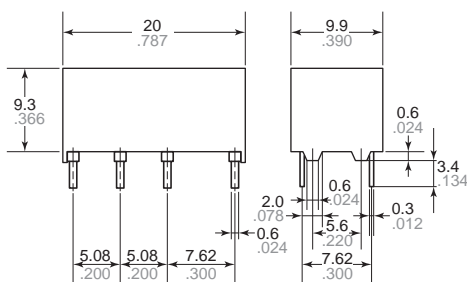


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

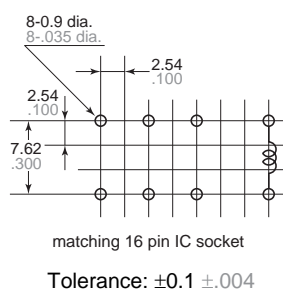
Single side stable

CAD Data External dimensions

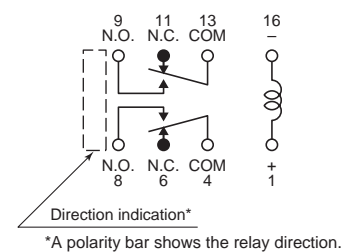


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Schematic (Bottom view) (Deenergized position)

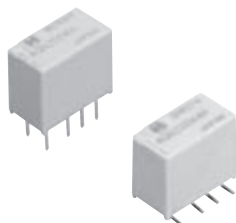


*A polarity bar shows the relay direction.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**High Sensitivity, with
100mW nominal operating
power, in a compact and
space saving case**

GN RELAYS



FEATURES

- 1. Compact slim body saves space.**
Thanks to the small surface area of 5.7 mm × 10.6 mm .224 inch × .417 inch and low height of 9.0 mm .354 inch, the packaging density can be increased to allow for much smaller designs.
- 2. High sensitivity single side stable type (Nominal operating power: 100mW) is available.**
- 3. Outstanding surge resistance**
Surge breakdown voltage between contacts and coil:
2,500 V 2×10 μs (Telcordia)
Surge breakdown voltage between open contacts:
1,500 V 10×160 μs (FCC part 68)
- 4. The use of twin crossbar contacts ensures high contact reliability.**
AgPd contact is used because of its good sulfide resistance. Adopting low-gas molding material. Coil assembly molding technology which avoids generating volatile gas from coil.
- 5. Increased packaging density**
Due to highly efficient magnetic circuit design, leakage flux is reduced and changes in electrical characteristics from components being mounted

close-together are minimized. This all means a packaging density higher than ever before.

- 6. Nominal operating power: 140 mW**
- 7. Outstanding vibration and shock resistance**
Functional shock resistance: 750 m/s²
Destructive shock resistance:
1,000 m/s²
Functional vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 3.3 mm .130 inch)
Destructive vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 5 mm .197 inch)
- 8. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Telephone switchboard**
- 2. Telecommunications equipment**
- 3. Securits equipmeny**
- 4. Test and measurement equipment**
- 5. Electronic consumer and audio visual equipment**

ORDERING INFORMATION

AGN	2		0				
Contact arrangement 2: 2 Form C							
Operating function 0: Single side stable 1: 1 coil latching 6: High sensitivity single side stable type							
Type of operation 0: Standard type (B.B.M.)							
Terminal shape Nil: Standard PC board terminal A: Surface-mount terminal A type S: Surface-mount terminal S type							
Nominal coil voltage (DC) 1H: 1.5V 03: 3V 4H: 4.5V 06: 6V 09: 9V 12: 12V 24: 24V							
Packing style Nil: Tube packing X: Tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4 pin side) Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from 5/6/7/8 pin side)							

TYPES

1. Standard PC board terminal

Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	High sensitivity single side stable
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1.5V DC	AGN2001H	AGN2101H	AGN2601H
3V DC	AGN20003	AGN21003	AGN26003
4.5V DC	AGN2004H	AGN2104H	AGN2604H
6V DC	AGN20006	AGN21006	AGN26006
9V DC	AGN20009	AGN21009	AGN26009
12V DC	AGN20012	AGN21012	AGN26012
24V DC	AGN20024	AGN21024	AGN26024

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2. Surface-mount terminal

1) Tube packing

Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	High sensitivity single side stable
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1.5V DC	AGN200□1H	AGN210□1H	AGN260□1H
3V DC	AGN200□03	AGN210□03	AGN260□03
4.5V DC	AGN200□4H	AGN210□4H	AGN260□4H
6V DC	AGN200□06	AGN210□06	AGN260□06
9V DC	AGN200□09	AGN210□09	AGN260□09
12V DC	AGN200□12	AGN210□12	AGN260□12
24V DC	AGN200□24	AGN210□24	AGN260□24

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. A type: A, S type: S

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Tape and reel packing

Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	High sensitivity single side stable
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1.5V DC	AGN200□1HZ	AGN210□1HZ	AGN260□1HZ
3V DC	AGN200□03Z	AGN210□03Z	AGN260□03Z
4.5V DC	AGN200□4HZ	AGN210□4HZ	AGN260□4HZ
6V DC	AGN200□06Z	AGN210□06Z	AGN260□06Z
9V DC	AGN200□09Z	AGN210□09Z	AGN260□09Z
12V DC	AGN200□12Z	AGN210□12Z	AGN260□12Z
24V DC	AGN200□24Z	AGN210□24Z	AGN260□24Z

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. A type: A, S type: S

Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol "Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available.

2. Please inquire if you require a relay, between 1.5 and 24 V DC, with a voltage not listed.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	16Ω	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	64.2Ω		
4.5V DC			31mA	145Ω		
6V DC			23.3mA	257Ω		
9V DC			15.5mA	579Ω		
12V DC			11.7mA	1,028Ω		
24V DC			9.6mA	2,504Ω	230mW	120%V of nominal voltage

2) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	22.5Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			5.0mA	4,800Ω	120mW	

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

GN (AGN)

3) High sensitivity single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	22.5Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			5.0mA	4,800Ω	120mW	120%V of nominal voltage

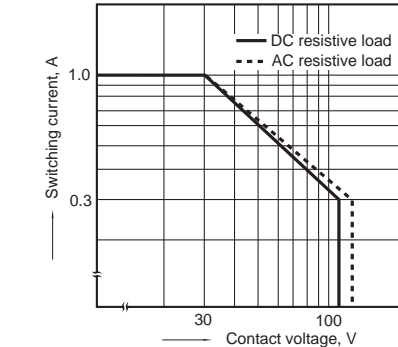
*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

2. Specifications

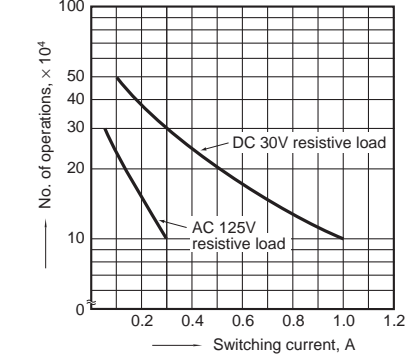
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Stationary contact: AgPd+Au clad Movable contact: AgPd
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		1 A 30 V DC, 0.3 A 125 V AC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		30 W (DC), 37.5 V A (AC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		110 V DC, 125 V AC
	Max. switching current		1 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		10μA 10 mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	140mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 230mW (24 V DC)
		High sensitivity single side stable type	100mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 120mW (24 V DC)
		1 coil latching	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)
		Between contacts and coil	2,500 V (2×10μs) (Telcordia)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 1A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical	Min. 5 × 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical	Min. 10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive), 10 ⁵ (0.3 A 125 V AC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: (Single side stable, 1 coil latching type) −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F (High sensitivity single side stable type) −40°C to +70°C −40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 1 g .035 oz

Notes:
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*C0001 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).
F9: 9F9B79 85H5

1. Max. switching capacity

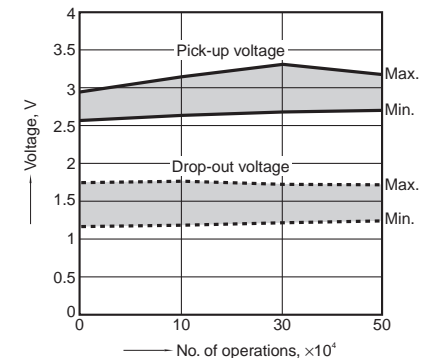


2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life

Tested sample: AGN2004H, 15 pcs.;
Operating speed: 180 times/min.

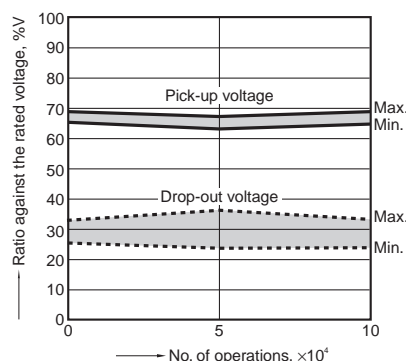


4. Electrical life (1A 30V DC resistive load)

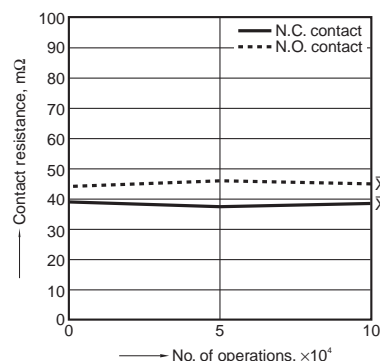
Tested sample: AGN2004H, 6 pcs.

Operating speed: 20 cpm

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

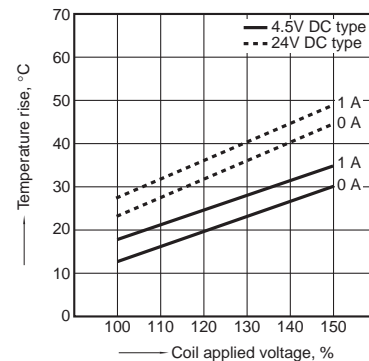


5. Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: AGN2004H, AGN20024, 6 pcs.

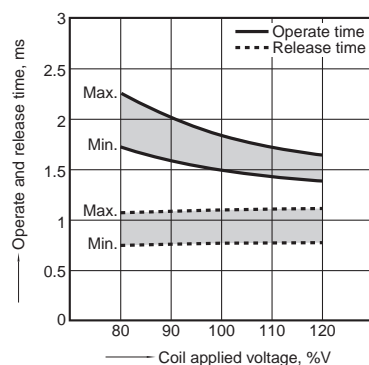
Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: Room temperature



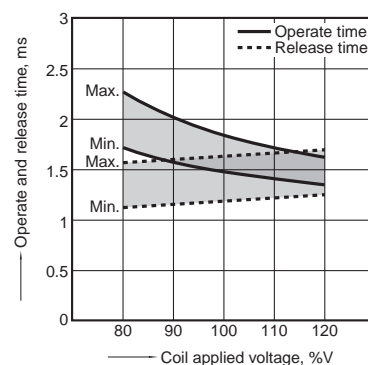
6-(1). Operate and release time (without diode)

Tested sample: AGN2004H, 6 pcs.



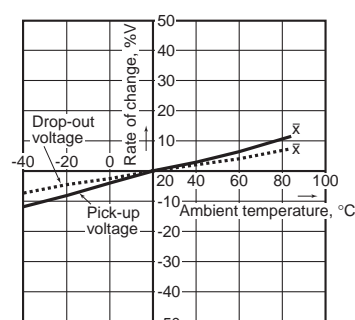
6-(2). Operate and release time (with diode)

Tested sample: AGN2004H, 6 pcs.



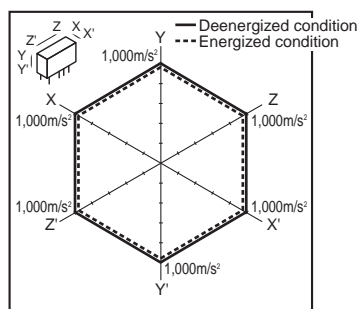
7. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: AGN2004H, 6 pcs.



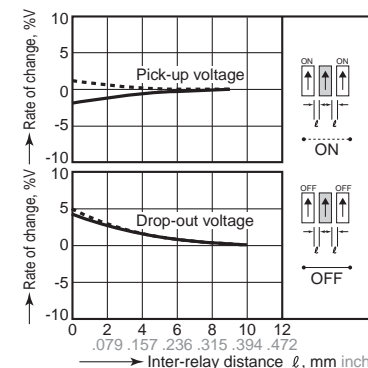
8. Malfunctional shock

Tested sample: AGN2004H



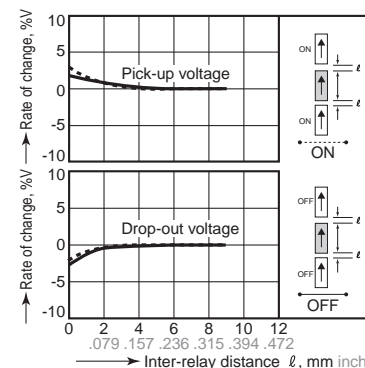
9-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: AGN20012, 6 pcs.



9-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: AGN20012, 6 pcs.



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

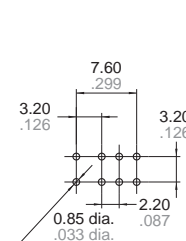
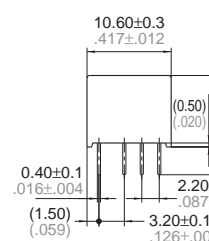
1. PC board terminal

CAD Data

External dimensions

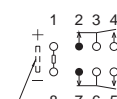
Standard type

PC board pattern



Tolerance: ±0.1

±.004
Schematic
(Bottom view)
Single side stable
High sensitivity
single side stable



GN (AGN)

2. Surface-mount terminal

CAD Data

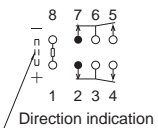


Type	External dimensions	Suggested mounting pad (Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004)
	Single side stable/1 coil latching/High sensitivity single side stable	Single side stable/1 coil latching/High sensitivity single side stable
A type		
S type		

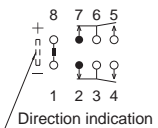
Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable
High sensitivity single side stable

1 coil latching



(Deenergized condition)

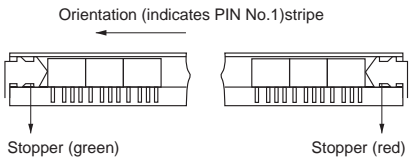


(Reset condition)

NOTES

1. Packing style

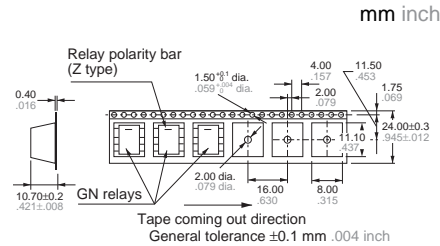
1) The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.



2) Tape and reel packing

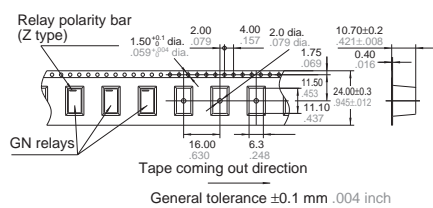
(A type)

(1)-1 Tape dimensions

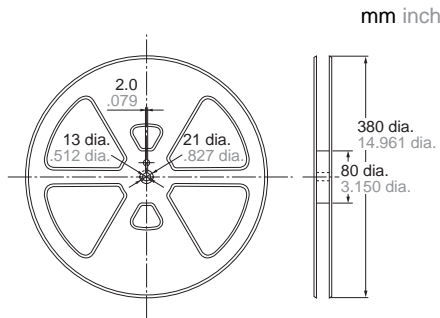


(S type)

(1)-2 Tape dimensions



(2) Dimensions of plastic peel



2. Automatic insertion

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

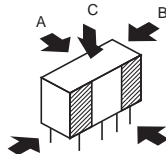
4.9 N {500gf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

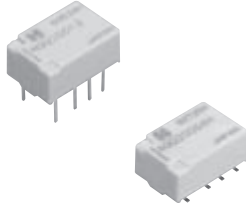
Chucking pressure in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less



Please chuck the portion. Avoid chucking the center of the relay. In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be avoided.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- 1. High capacity: 2 A**
- 2. Compact flat body saves space**
With a small footprint of 10.6 mm (L) × 7.2 mm (W) .417 inch (L) × .283 inch (W) for space savings, it also has a very short height of 5.2 mm .205 inch. (Standard PC board type.)

- 3. High sensitivity single side stable type (Nominal operating power: 100mW) is available**
- 4. Outstanding surge resistance.**
Surge breakdown voltage between contacts and coil:
2,500 V 2×10 μs (Telcordia)
Surge breakdown voltage between open contacts:
1,500 V 10×160 μs (FCC part 68)
- 5. The use of twin crossbar contacts ensures high contact reliability.**
AgPd contact is used because of its good sulfide resistance. Adopting low-gas molding material. Coil assembly molding technology which avoids generating volatile gas from coil.
- 6. Increased packaging density**
Due to highly efficient magnetic circuit design, leakage flux is reduced and changes in electrical characteristics from components being mounted close-together are minimized. This all means a packaging density higher than ever before.

- 7. Nominal operating power: 140 mW**
- 8. Outstanding vibration and shock resistance.**
Functional shock resistance: 750 m/s²
Destructive shock resistance: 1,000 m/s²
Functional vibration resistance: 10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 3.3 mm .130 inch)
Destructive vibration resistance: 10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 5 mm .197 inch)
- 9. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Telephone switchboard**
- 2. Telecommunications equipment**
- 3. Security**
- 4. Measurement equipment**
- 5. Consumer electronic and audio visual equipment**

ORDERING INFORMATION

AGQ	2		0			
Contact arrangement 2: 2 Form C						
Operating function 0: Single side stable 1: 1 coil latching 6: High sensitivity single side stable type						
Type of operation 0: Standard type (B.B.M.)						
Terminal shape Nil: Standard PC board terminal A: Surface-mount terminal A type S: Surface-mount terminal S type						
Nominal coil voltage (DC) 1H: 1.5V 03: 3V 4H: 4.5V 06: 6V 09: 9V 12: 12V 24: 24V						
Packing style Nil: Tube packing X: Tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4 pin side) Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from 5/6/7/8 pin side)						

TYPES

1. Standard PC board terminal

Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	High sensitivity single side stable
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1.5V DC	AGQ2001H	AGQ2101H	AGQ2601H
3V DC	AGQ20003	AGQ21003	AGQ26003
4.5V DC	AGQ2004H	AGQ2104H	AGQ2604H
6V DC	AGQ20006	AGQ21006	AGQ26006
9V DC	AGQ20009	AGQ21009	AGQ26009
12V DC	AGQ20012	AGQ21012	AGQ26012
24V DC	AGQ20024	AGQ21024	AGQ26024

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2. Surface-mount terminal

1) Tube packing

Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	High sensitivity single side stable
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1.5V DC	AGQ200□1H	AGQ210□1H	AGQ260□1H
3V DC	AGQ200□03	AGQ210□03	AGQ260□03
4.5V DC	AGQ200□4H	AGQ210□4H	AGQ260□4H
6V DC	AGQ200□06	AGQ210□06	AGQ260□06
9V DC	AGQ200□09	AGQ210□09	AGQ260□09
12V DC	AGQ200□12	AGQ210□12	AGQ260□12
24V DC	AGQ200□24	AGQ210□24	AGQ260□24

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. A type: A, S type: S

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Tape and reel packing

Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	High sensitivity single side stable
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1.5V DC	AGQ200□1HZ	AGQ210□1HZ	AGQ260□1HZ
3V DC	AGQ200□03Z	AGQ210□03Z	AGQ260□03Z
4.5V DC	AGQ200□4HZ	AGQ210□4HZ	AGQ260□4HZ
6V DC	AGQ200□06Z	AGQ210□06Z	AGQ260□06Z
9V DC	AGQ200□09Z	AGQ210□09Z	AGQ260□09Z
12V DC	AGQ200□12Z	AGQ210□12Z	AGQ260□12Z
24V DC	AGQ200□24Z	AGQ210□24Z	AGQ260□24Z

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. A type: A, S type: S

Standard packing: Tape and reel: 900 pcs.; Case: 1,800 pcs.

Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol “-Z” is not marked on the relay. “X” type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available.

2. Please inquire if you require a relay, between 1.5 and 24 V DC, with a voltage not listed.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	16Ω	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	64.2Ω		
4.5V DC			31mA	145Ω		
6V DC			23.3mA	257Ω		
9V DC			15.5mA	579Ω		
12V DC			11.7mA	1,028Ω		
24V DC			9.6mA	2,504Ω	230mW	120%V of nominal voltage

2) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	22.5Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			5.0mA	4,800Ω	120mW	

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

3) High sensitivity single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	22.5Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			5.0mA	4,800Ω	120mW	120%V of nominal voltage

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Stationary contact: AgPd+Au clad Movable contact: AgPd
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		2 A 30 V DC, 1 A 30 V DC, 0.3 A 125 V AC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		60 W (DC), 30 W (DC), 37.5 V A (AC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		110 V DC, 125 V AC
	Max. switching current		2 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		10μA 10 mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	140mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 230mW (24 V DC)
		High sensitivity single side stable type	100mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 120mW (24 V DC)
		1 coil latching	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)
		Between contacts and coil	2,500 V (2×10μs) (Telcordia)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 1A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5 × 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 5 × 10 ⁴ (2 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 10 ⁶ (0.3 A 125 V AC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: (Single side stable, 1 coil latching type) -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F (High sensitivity single side stable type) -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 1 g .035 oz

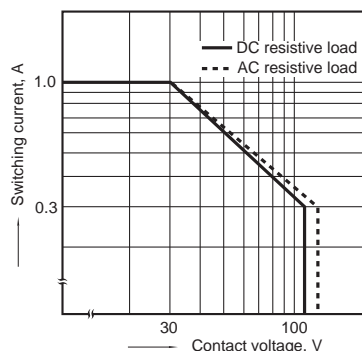
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

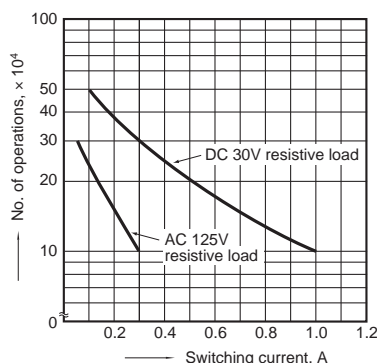
REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching capacity

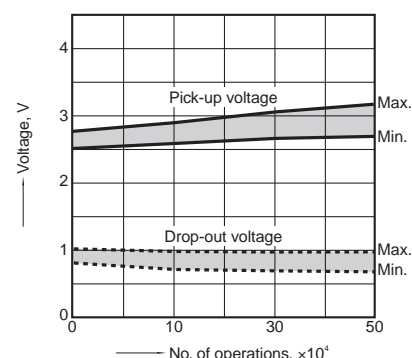
*Max. switching capacity is 2A 30V DC



2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life

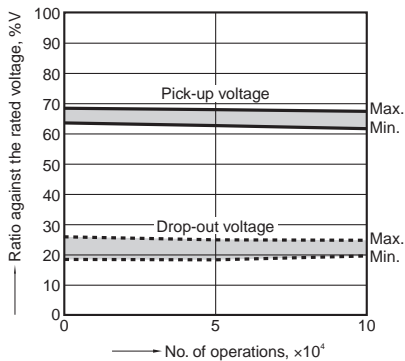
Tested sample: AGQ200A4H, 6 pcs.
Operating speed: 180 times/min.

GQ (AGQ)

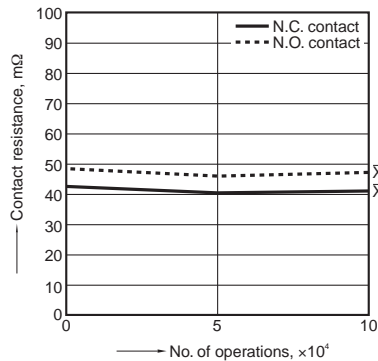
4. Electrical life (1A 30V DC resistive load)

Tested sample: AGQ200A4H, 6 pcs.
Operating speed: 20 times/min.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



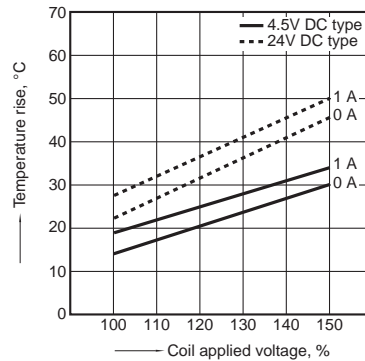
Change of contact resistance



5. Coil temperature rise

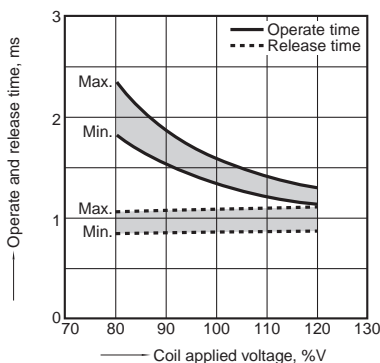
Tested sample: AGQ200A4H, AGQ200A24, 6 pcs.
Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: Room temperature



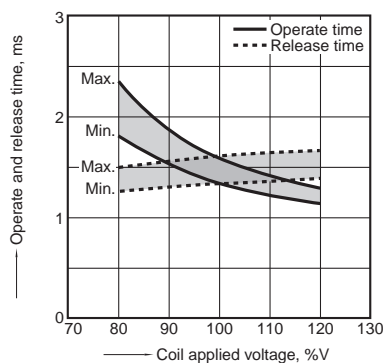
6-(1). Operate and release time (without diode)

Tested sample: AGQ2004H, 10 pcs.



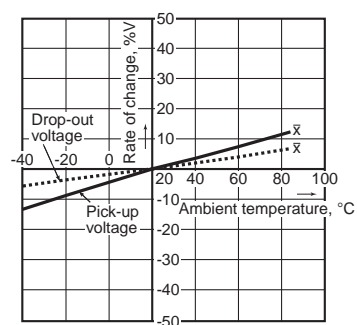
6-(2). Operate and release time (with diode)

Tested sample: AGQ2004H, 10 pcs.



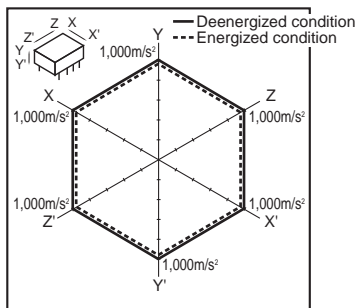
7. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: AGQ200A4H, 6 pcs.



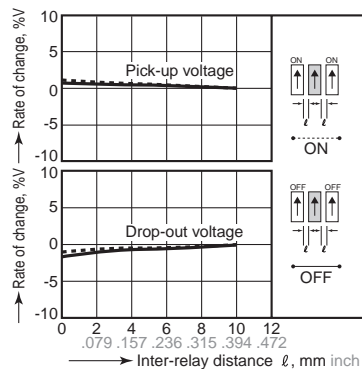
8. Malfunctional shock

Tested sample: AGQ200A4H, 6 pcs.



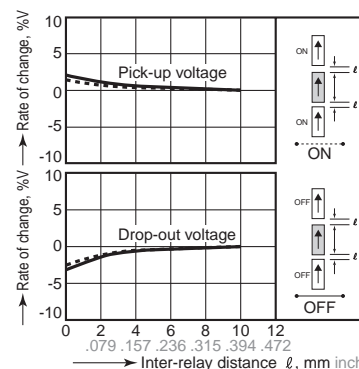
9-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: AGQ20012, 6 pcs.



9-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: AGQ20012, 6 pcs.

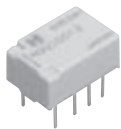


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

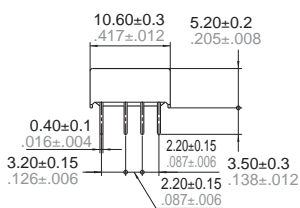
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. PC board terminal

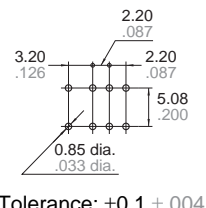
CAD Data



External dimensions



PC board pattern

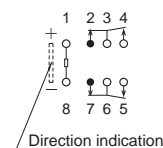


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

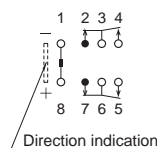
Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable
High sensitivity
single side stable

1 coil latching



(Deenergized condition)



(Reset condition)

2. Surface-mount terminal

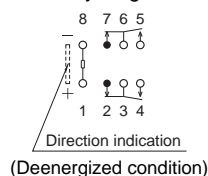
CAD Data



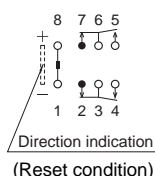
Type	External dimensions		Suggested mounting pad (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$)	
	Single side stable/1 coil latching/High sensitivity single side stable		Single side stable/1 coil latching/High sensitivity single side stable	
A type				
S type				

Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable
High sensitivity single side stable



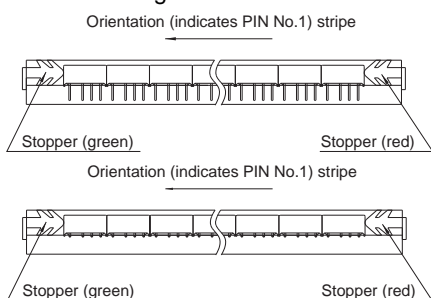
1 coil latching



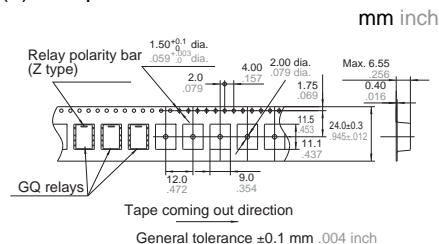
NOTES

1. Packing style

1) The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.

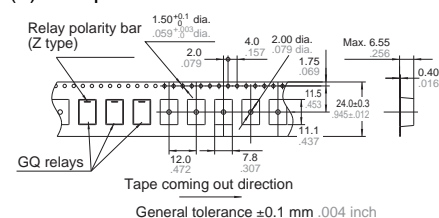
2) Tape and reel packing
(A type)

(1)-1 Tape dimensions

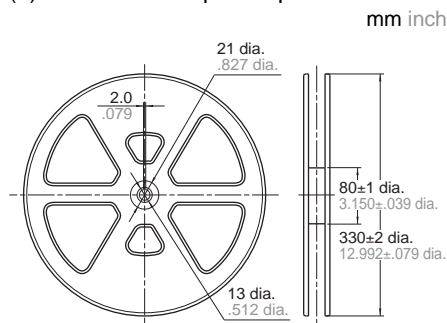


(S type)

(1)-2 Tape dimensions



(2) Dimensions of plastic peel



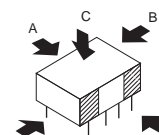
2. Automatic insertion

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

Chucking pressure in the direction A :
9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction B :
9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction C :
9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

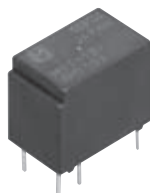


Please chuck the portion.
Avoid chucking the center of the relay.
In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be also avoided.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**Non-polarized 1 Form C
relay that realizes nominal
operating power of 150 mW**

HY RELAYS



FEATURES

- Nominal operating power:**
High sensitivity of 150mW (Single side stable type)
A nominal operating power of 150 mW (minimum operating power of 84 mW) has been achieved.
- The use of gold-clad twin contacts ensures high contact reliability.**
- Sealed construction**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Automotive equipment**
Automirror controller
Retractable head light controller
- Push button device: Dial pulsing**
- Portable video tape recorders and audio devices**
- Computer peripherals**

ORDERING INFORMATION

HY 1 -

Contact arrangement
1: 1 Form C

Sensitivity
Nil: High sensitivity 150 mW
Z: Standard 200 mW

Nominal coil voltage (DC)
1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24 V

Note: In case of 5 V drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	150mW type	200mW type
		Part No.	Part No.
1 Form C	1.5V DC	HY1-1.5V	HY1Z-1.5V
	3V DC	HY1-3V	HY1Z-3V
	4.5V DC	HY1-4.5V	HY1Z-4.5V
	5V DC	HY1-5V	HY1Z-5V
	6V DC	HY1-6V	HY1Z-6V
	9V DC	HY1-9V	HY1Z-9V
	12V DC	HY1-12V	HY1Z-12V
	24V DC	HY1-24V	HY1Z-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
1 Form C	1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	100mA	15Ω	150mW	140%V of nominal voltage
	3V DC			50mA	60Ω		
	4.5V DC			33.3mA	135Ω		
	5V DC			30mA	166Ω		
	6V DC			25mA	240Ω		
	9V DC			16.7mA	540Ω		
	12V DC			12.5mA	960Ω		
	24V DC			6.25mA	3,840Ω		
	1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	133.3mA	11.25Ω	200mW	120%V of nominal voltage
	3V DC			66.7mA	45Ω		
	4.5V DC			44.5mA	101.2Ω		
	5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
	6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
	9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
	12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
	24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

2. Specifications

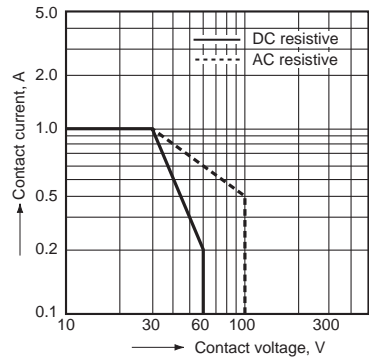
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag+Au clad
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		1 A 30 V DC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		30 W (DC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		60 V DC
	Max. carrying current		2 A
	Max. switching current		1 A (30 V DC)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		1mA 1 V DC
	Nominal operating power		150/200mW
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, nominal switching capacity.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 1.8 g .063 oz

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

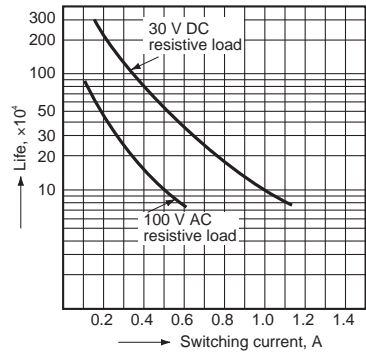
*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching power

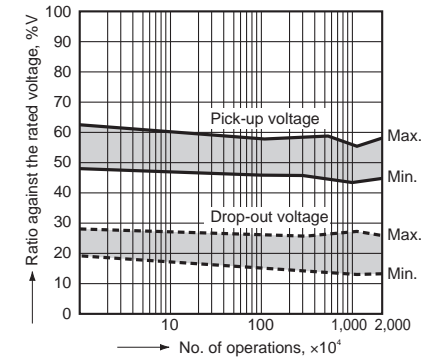


2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life

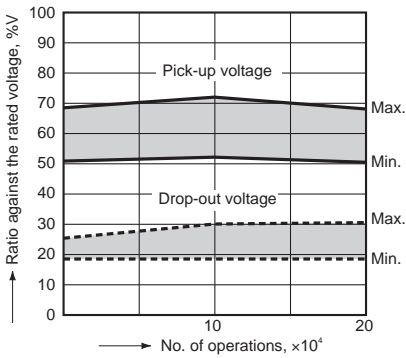
Tested sample: HY1Z-12V, 10 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C to 25°C 68°F to 77°F



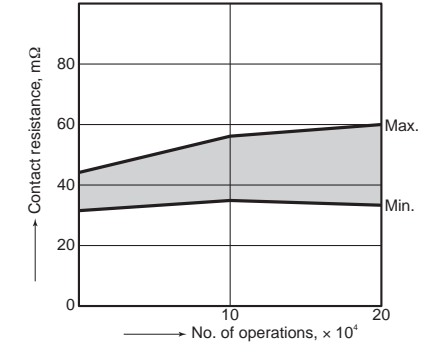
4. Electrical life

Tested sample: HY1-12V, 6 pcs.
Condition: 1 A 30 V DC resistive load, 30 times/min.

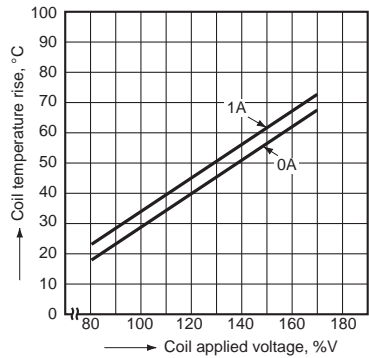
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



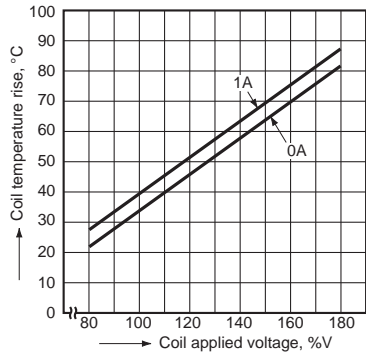
Change of contact resistance



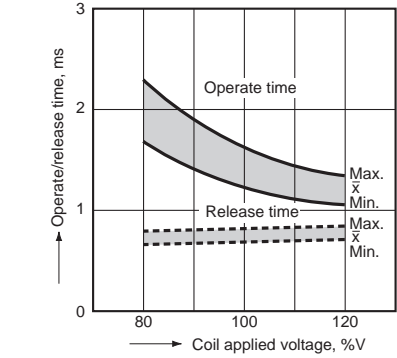
5-(1). Coil temperature rise
(150 mW high sensitivity type)
Tested sample: HY1-9V, 5 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 24°C 75°F



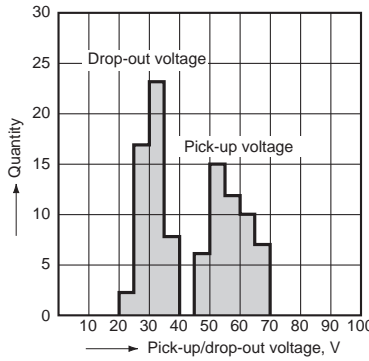
5-(2). Coil temperature rise
(200 mW Standard type)
Tested sample: HY1Z-12V, 5 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 23°C 74°F



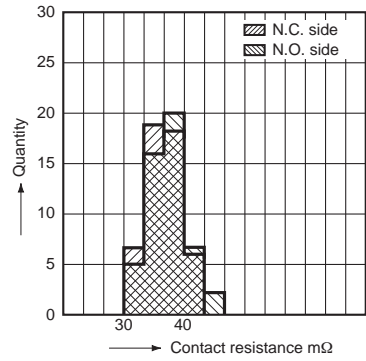
6. Operate/release time characteristics
Tested sample: HY1Z-12V, 5 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



7. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltages
Tested sample: HY1-12V, 50 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 23°C 74°F

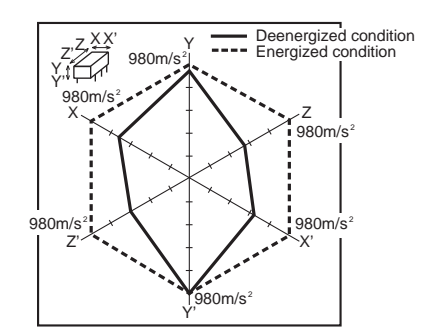


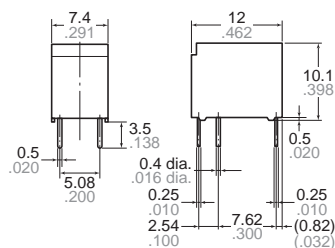
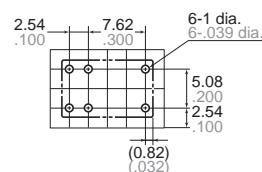
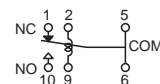
8. Distribution of contact resistance
Tested sample: HY1-12V, 50 pcs.
N.C. side N.O. side



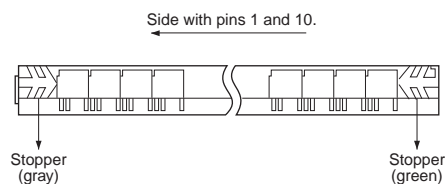
9. Malfunction shock

Tested sample: HY1Z-12V, 6 pcs.



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.**CAD Data****External dimensions**General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ **PC board pattern (Bottom view)**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Schematic (Bottom view)****NOTE****1. Packing style**

1) As shown in the diagram below, the relays are presented in tube packages with pins 1 and 10 on the left. Be sure to maintain relays in the correct orientation when mounting on PC boards.

**2. Automatic insertion**

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

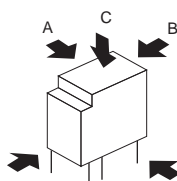
4.9 N {500gf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction B:

4.9 N {500gf} or less

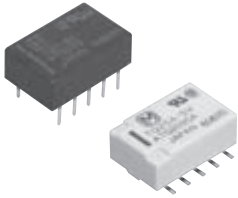
Chucking pressure in the direction C:

4.9 N {500gf} or less



Avoid chucking the center of the relay. In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be avoided.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- 1. Flat compact size**
14.0(L) × 9.0(W) × 5.0(H) .551(L) × .354(W) × .197(H)
- 2. Nominal operating power: High sensitivity of 140mW (2 Form C single side stable type)**
By using the highly efficient polar magnetic circuit "seesaw balance mechanism", a nominal operating power of 140 mW (minimum operating power of 79 mW) has been achieved.
- 3. Suitable for SMD automatic insertion (SA type)**
With a height of 5.6 mm .220 inch, the relays meet JIS C 0806 specifications.
- 4. High density mounting possible**
High-efficiency magnetic circuits ensure low magnetic flux leakage.

- Because characteristics are little changed by proximity mounting, high-density mounting is possible.
- 5. The use of gold-clad twin crossbar contacts ensures high contact reliability.**
 - 6. DIL terminal array enables use of IC sockets.**
 - 7. Low thermal electromotive force**
As well as low power consumption of 140 mW, use of a structure with separate coil and contact sections has reduced thermal electromotive force to the low level of approximately 5 μV. Surface mount types achieve approximately 2 μV.
 - 8. Latching types also available**
 - 9. Self-clinching terminal also available**
 - 10. A range of surface-mount types also available**
SA: Low-profile surface-mount terminal type
SL: High connection reliability surface-mount terminal type
SS: Space saving surface-mount terminal type
 - 11. M.B.B. contact types available**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Communications
2. Measurement equipment
3. OA equipment
4. Industrial machines

ORDERING INFORMATION

<p>Contact arrangement 2: 2 Form C</p> <hr/> <p>Terminal shape Nil: Standard PC board terminal H: Self-clinching terminal SA: SA type SL: SL type SS: SS type</p> <hr/> <p>Operating function Nil: Single side stable L: 1 coil latching L2: 2 coil latching</p> <hr/> <p>MBB function Nil: Standard (B.B.M.) type 2M: 2M.B.B. type</p> <hr/> <p>Nominal coil voltage (DC)* 1.5 (SMD only), 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V</p> <hr/> <p>Packing style Nil: Tube packing X: Tape and reel (picked from 1/2/3/4/5-pin side) Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from the 6/7/8/9/10-pin side)</p>	<p>TQ 2 - - - - - </p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 20px;"></div> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 20px;"></div> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 20px;"></div> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 20px;"></div> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 20px;"></div> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 20px;"></div> </div>
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Notes: 1. *48 V coil type: Single side stable only
2. In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.

TYPES

■ Standard PC board terminal and self-clinching terminal

1. Standard (B.B.M.) type

1) Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	3V DC	TQ2-3V	TQ2-L-3V	TQ2-L2-3V
	4.5V DC	TQ2-4.5V	TQ2-L-4.5V	TQ2-L2-4.5V
	5V DC	TQ2-5V	TQ2-L-5V	TQ2-L2-5V
	6V DC	TQ2-6V	TQ2-L-6V	TQ2-L2-6V
	9V DC	TQ2-9V	TQ2-L-9V	TQ2-L2-9V
	12V DC	TQ2-12V	TQ2-L-12V	TQ2-L2-12V
	24V DC	TQ2-24V	TQ2-L-24V	TQ2-L2-24V
	48V DC	TQ2-48V	—	—

Standard packing (2 Form C): Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Self-clinching terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	3V DC	TQ2H-3V	TQ2H-L-3V	TQ2H-L2-3V
	4.5V DC	TQ2H-4.5V	TQ2H-L-4.5V	TQ2H-L2-4.5V
	5V DC	TQ2H-5V	TQ2H-L-5V	TQ2H-L2-5V
	6V DC	TQ2H-6V	TQ2H-L-6V	TQ2H-L2-6V
	9V DC	TQ2H-9V	TQ2H-L-9V	TQ2H-L2-9V
	12V DC	TQ2H-12V	TQ2H-L-12V	TQ2H-L2-12V
	24V DC	TQ2H-24V	TQ2H-L-24V	TQ2H-L2-24V
	48V DC	TQ2H-48V	—	—

Note: Types (" -3" to the end of part No.) designed to withstand strong vibration caused, for example, by the use of terminal cutters, can also be ordered. However, please contact us if you need parts for use in low level load.

2. M.B.B. type

1) Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable
		Part No.
2 Form C	3V DC	TQ2-2M-3V
	4.5V DC	TQ2-2M-4.5V
	5V DC	TQ2-2M-5V
	6V DC	TQ2-2M-6V
	9V DC	TQ2-2M-9V
	12V DC	TQ2-2M-12V
	24V DC	TQ2-2M-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Self-clinching terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable
		Part No.
2 Form C	3V DC	TQ2H-2M-3V
	4.5V DC	TQ2H-2M-4.5V
	5V DC	TQ2H-2M-5V
	6V DC	TQ2H-2M-6V
	9V DC	TQ2H-2M-9V
	12V DC	TQ2H-2M-12V
	24V DC	TQ2H-2M-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Notes: 1. Latching types are available by request. Please consult us for details.

2. UL/CSA approved (UL file No.: E 43149, CSA file No.: LR26550)

3. Types (" -1" to the end of part No.) designed to withstand strong vibration caused, for example, by the use of terminal cutters, can also be ordered. However, please contact us if you need parts for use in low level load and low thermal power.

■ Surface-mount terminal

1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable Part No.	1 coil latching Part No.	2 coil latching Part No.
2c	1.5V DC	TQ2S□-1.5V	TQ2S□-L-1.5V	TQ2S□-L2-1.5V
	3V DC	TQ2S□-3V	TQ2S□-L-3V	TQ2S□-L2-3V
	4.5V DC	TQ2S□-4.5V	TQ2S□-L-4.5V	TQ2S□-L2-4.5V
	5V DC	TQ2S□-5V	TQ2S□-L-5V	TQ2S□-L2-5V
	6V DC	TQ2S□-6V	TQ2S□-L-6V	TQ2S□-L2-6V
	9V DC	TQ2S□-9V	TQ2S□-L-9V	TQ2S□-L2-9V
	12V DC	TQ2S□-12V	TQ2S□-L-12V	TQ2S□-L2-12V
	24V DC	TQ2S□-24V	TQ2S□-L-24V	TQ2S□-L2-24V
	48V DC	TQ2S□-48V	—	—

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: Δ, SL type: L, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable Part No.	1 coil latching Part No.	2 coil latching Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TQ2S□-1.5V-Z	TQ2S□-L-1.5V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-1.5V-Z
	3V DC	TQ2S□-3V-Z	TQ2S□-L-3V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-3V-Z
	4.5V DC	TQ2S□-4.5V-Z	TQ2S□-L-4.5V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-4.5V-Z
	5V DC	TQ2S□-5V-Z	TQ2S□-L-5V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-5V-Z
	6V DC	TQ2S□-6V-Z	TQ2S□-L-6V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-6V-Z
	9V DC	TQ2S□-9V-Z	TQ2S□-L-9V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-9V-Z
	12V DC	TQ2S□-12V-Z	TQ2S□-L-12V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-12V-Z
	24V DC	TQ2S□-24V-Z	TQ2S□-L-24V-Z	TQ2S□-L2-24V-Z
	48V DC	TQ2S□-48V-Z	—	—

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: Δ, SL type: L, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Note: Tape and reel packing symbol “-Z” is not marked on the relay. “X” type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available.

RATING

■ Standard PC board terminal and self-clinching terminal

1. Coil data

[Standard (B.B.M.) type]

1) Single side stable (2 Form C)

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	46.7mA	64.3Ω	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
4.5V DC			31.1mA	144.6Ω		
5V DC			28.1mA	178Ω		
6V DC			23.3mA	257Ω		
9V DC			15.5mA	579Ω		
12V DC			11.7mA	1,028Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω	200mW	120%V of nominal voltage
48V DC			6.25mA	7,680Ω	300mW	

2) 1 coil latching (2 Form C)

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	33.3mA	90Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
5V DC			20mA	250Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			6.3mA	3,840Ω	150mW	

3) 2 coil latching (2 Form C)

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	66.7mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	150%V of nominal voltage
4.5V DC			44.4mA	44.4mA	101.2Ω	101.2Ω			
5V DC			40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω			
6V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω			
9V DC			22.2mA	22.2mA	405Ω	405Ω			
12V DC			16.7mA	16.7mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			12.5mA	12.5mA	1,920Ω	1,920Ω	300mW	300mW	120%V of nominal voltage

[M.B.B. type]

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	150%V of nominal voltage
4.5V DC			44.4mA	101Ω		
5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1986)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C, 2 Form D (M.B.B.)
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 50mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag+Au clad
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		1 A 30 V DC, 0.5 A 125 V AC*1 (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		30 W (DC), 62.5 V A (AC)*1 (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		110 V DC, 125 V AC*1
	Max. switching current		1 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*2		10μA 10mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	Standard (B.B.M) type: 140 mW (3 to 12 V DC), 200 mW (24 V DC), 300 mW (48 V DC) M.B.B. type: 200 mW
		1 coil latching	100 mW (3 to 12 V DC), 150 mW (24 V DC)
		2 coil latching	200 mW (3 to 12 V DC), 300 mW (24 V DC)
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	Standard (B.B.M) type: 750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10 mA), M.B.B. type: 300 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 1A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 3 ms [Max. 3 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 3 ms [Max. 3 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 490 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Standard (B.B.M) type: Min. 10 ⁸ , M.B.B. type: Min. 10 ⁷
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Standard (B.B.M) type: Min. 2×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 10 ⁵ (0.5 A 125 V AC resistive) M.B.B. type: Min. 10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Standard (B.B.M) type: Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) M.B.B. type: Ambient temperature: -40°C to +50°C -40°F to +122°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 1.5 g .053 oz

Notes:

*1 AC is standard (B.B.M) type only.

*2 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. (TX/TX-S/TX-D relay AgPd contact types are available for low level load switching [10V DC, 10mA max. level])

*3 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

■ Surface-mount terminal

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	16Ω	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	64.3Ω		
4.5V DC			31mA	145Ω		
5V DC			28.1mA	178Ω		
6V DC			23.3mA	257Ω		
9V DC			15.5mA	579Ω		
12V DC			11.7mA	1,028Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω	200mW	
48V DC			6.3mA	7,680Ω	300mW	120%V of nominal voltage

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	46.9mA	32Ω	70mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			23.3mA	128.6Ω		
4.5V DC			15.6mA	289.3Ω		
5V DC			14mA	357Ω		
6V DC			11.7mA	514Ω		
9V DC			7.8mA	1,157Ω		
12V DC			5.8mA	2,057Ω		
24V DC			4.2mA	5,760Ω	100mW	

3) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	93.8mA	16Ω	16Ω	140mW	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	46.7mA	64.3Ω	64.3Ω			
4.5V DC			31mA	31mA	145Ω	145Ω			
5V DC			28.1mA	28.1mA	178Ω	178Ω			
6V DC			23.3mA	23.3mA	257Ω	257Ω			
9V DC			15.5mA	15.5mA	579Ω	579Ω			
12V DC			11.7mA	11.7mA	1,028Ω	1,028Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω	200mW	200mW	

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1986)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 75 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgNi type+Au clad
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		2 A 30 V DC, 0.5 A 125 V AC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		60 W (DC), 62.5 VA (AC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		220 V DC, 125 V AC
	Max. switching current		2 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		10μA 10mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	140 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 200 mW (24 V DC), 300 mW (48 V DC)
		1 coil latching	70 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 100 mW (24 V DC)
2 coil latching		140 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 200 mW (24 V DC)	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact sets	1,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)
		Between contacts and coil	2,500 V (2×10μs) (Bellcore)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 2A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁸ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (2 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 2×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 10 ⁵ (0.5 A 125 V AC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F, Max. −40°C to +70°C (2A) Max. −40°F to +158°F (2A); Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight	Approx. 2 g .071 oz		

Notes:

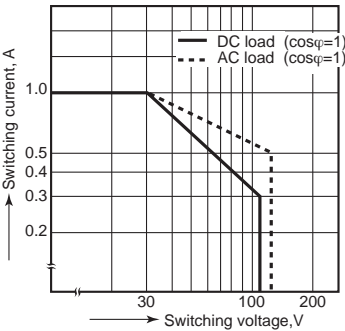
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. (TX/TX-S/TX-D relay AgPd contact types are available for low level load switching [10V DC, 10mA max. level])

*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

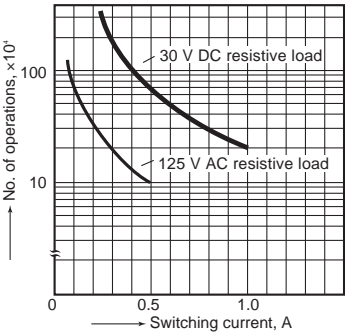
REFERENCE DATA

Standard PC board terminal and self-clinching terminal

1. Maximum switching capacity

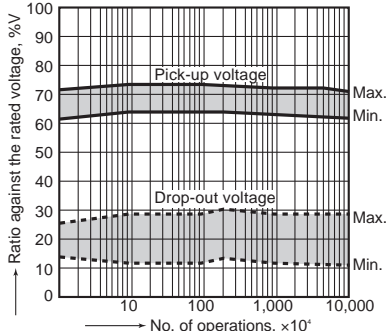


2. Life curve



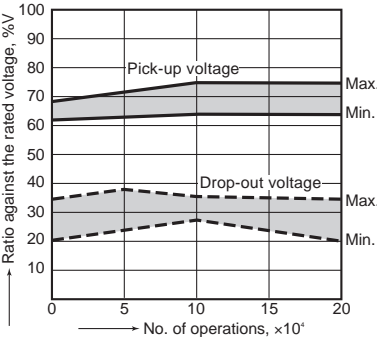
3. Mechanical life

Tested sample: TQ2-12V, 10 pcs.

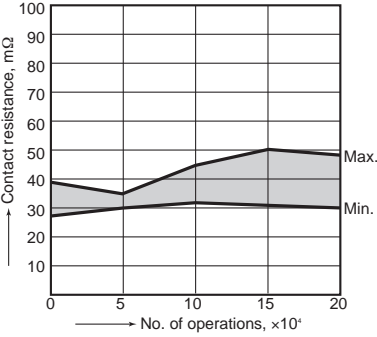


4.-(1) Electrical life (DC load)

Tested sample: TQ2-12V, 6 pcs.
Condition: 1 A 30 V DC resistive load, 20 times/min.
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

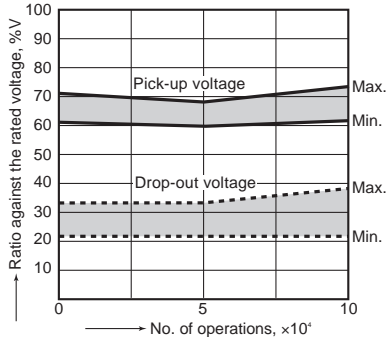


Change of contact resistance



4.-(2) Electrical life (AC load)

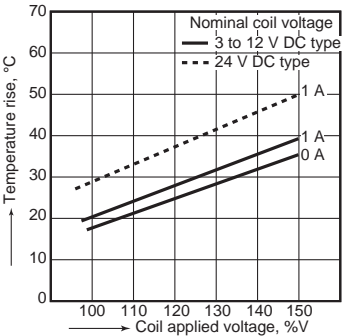
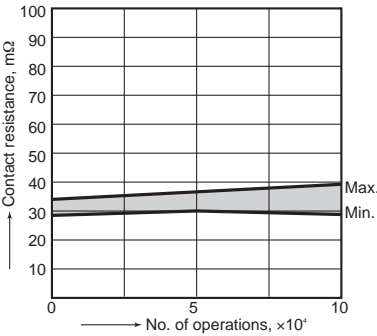
Tested sample: TQ2-12V, 6 pcs.
Condition: 0.5 A 125 V AC resistive load, 20 times/min.
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



5. Coil temperature rise (2C)

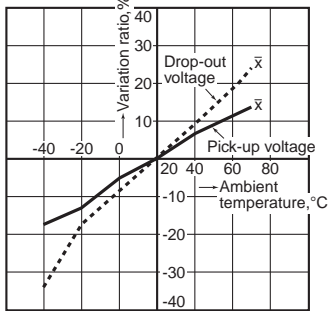
Tested sample: TQ2-12V
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F

Change of contact resistance

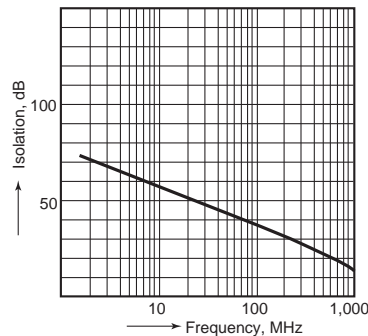


6. Ambient temperature characteristics

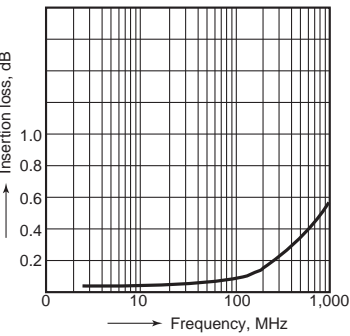
Tested sample: TQ2-12V, 5 pcs.



7.-(1) High-frequency characteristics (Isolation)

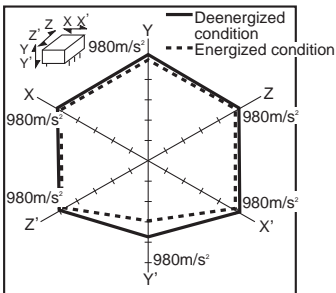


7.-(2) High-frequency characteristics (Insertion loss)

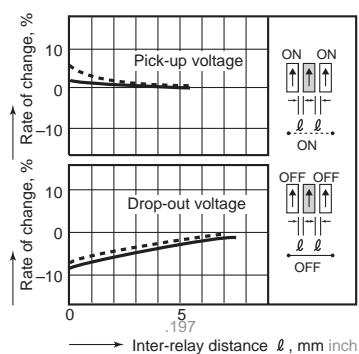


8. Malfunctional shock (single side stable)

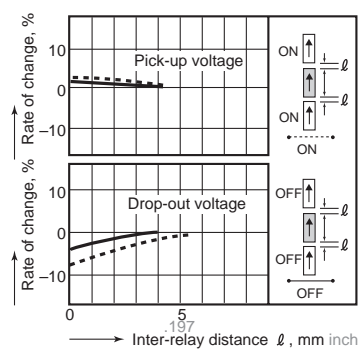
Tested sample: TQ2-12V, 6 pcs.



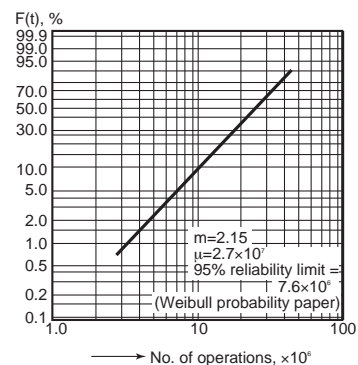
9.-(1) Influence of adjacent mounting



9.-(2) Influence of adjacent mounting

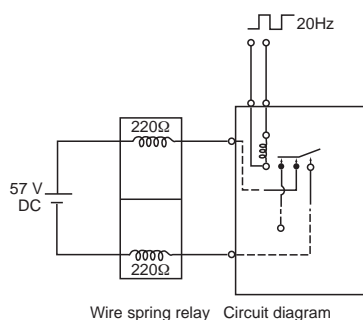


10. Contact reliability
(1 mA 5 V DC resistive load)
Tested sample: TQ2-12V
Condition: Detection level 10 W

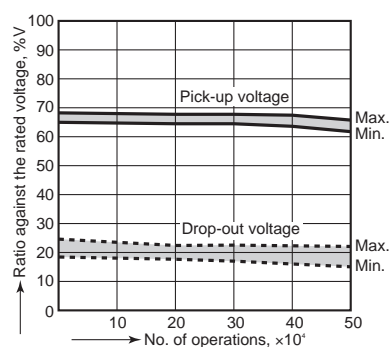


11. Actual load test (35 mA 48 V DC wire spring relay load)

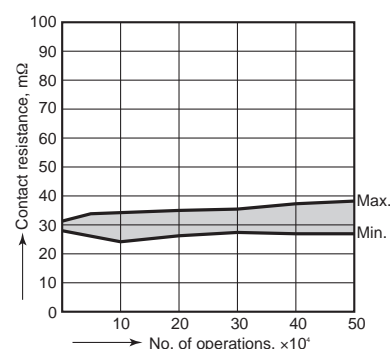
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

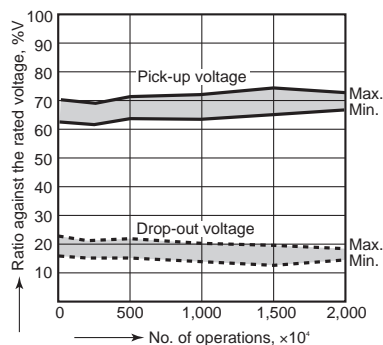


Change of contact resistance

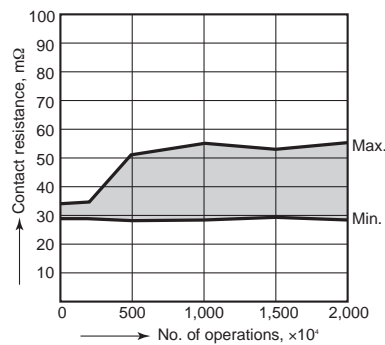


12. 0.1 A 53 V DC resistive load test

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

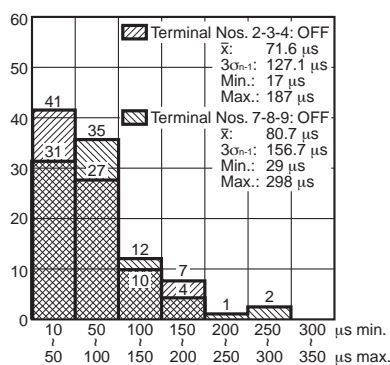
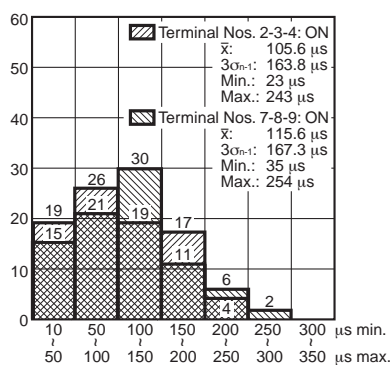


Change of contact resistance



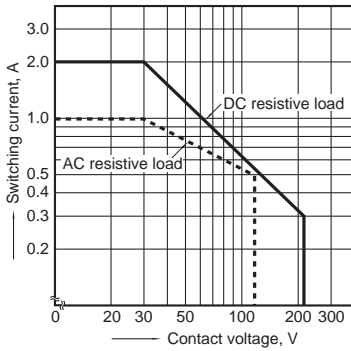
13. Distribution of M.B.B. time

Tested sample: TQ2-2M-5V, 85 pcs.

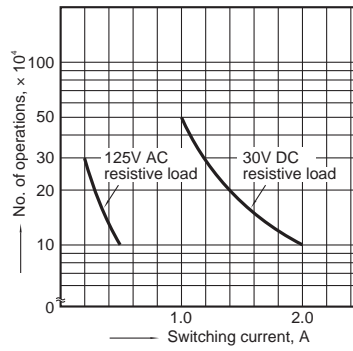


■ Surface-mount terminal

1. Maximum switching capacity

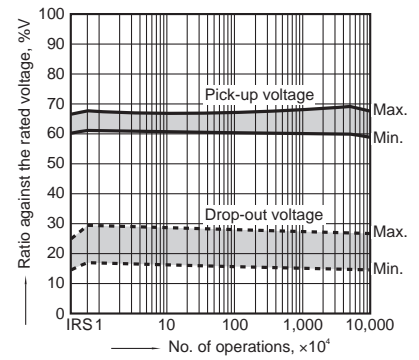


2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life (mounting by IRS method)

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 10 pcs.

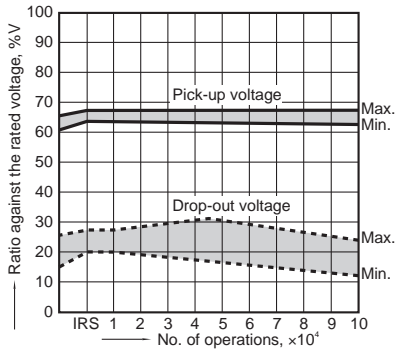


4.-(1) Electrical life (2 A 30 V DC resistive load)

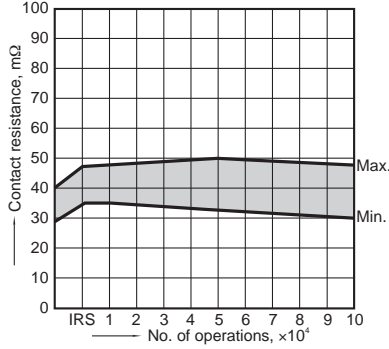
Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs.

Operating speed: 20 times/min.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage (mounting by IRS method)



Change of contact resistance (mounting by IRS method)

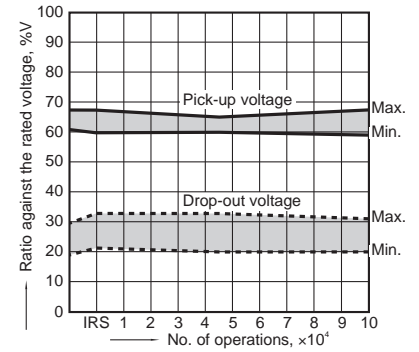


4.-(2) Electrical life (0.5 A 125 V AC resistive load)

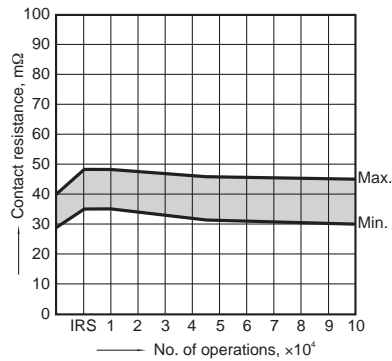
Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs

Operating speed: 20 times/min.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage (mounting by IRS method)



Change of contact resistance (mounting by IRS method)

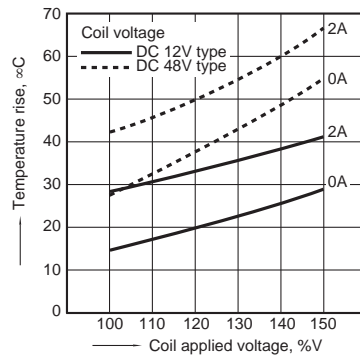


5. Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs.

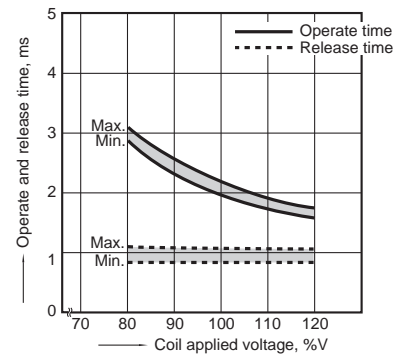
Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



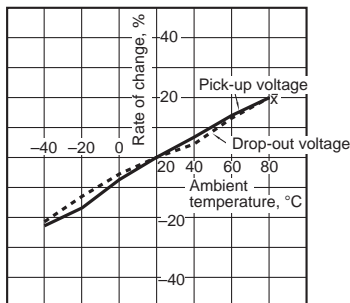
6. Operate/release time

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs.

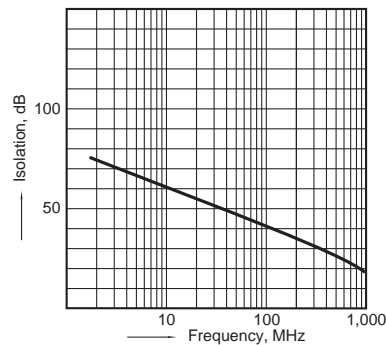


7. Ambient temperature characteristics

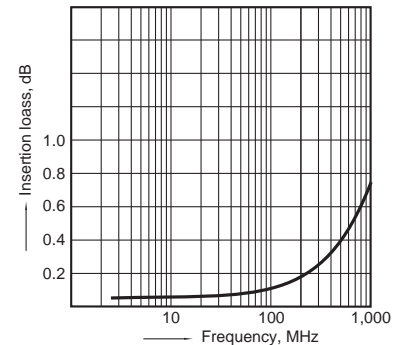
Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 5 pcs.



8.-(1) High-frequency characteristics (Isolation)

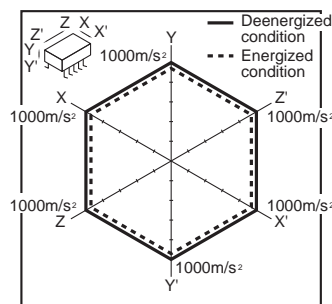


8.-(2) High-frequency characteristics (Insertion loss)



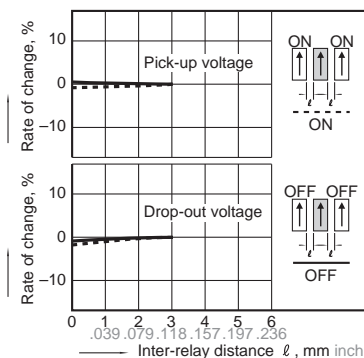
9. Malfunctional shock (single side stable)

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs



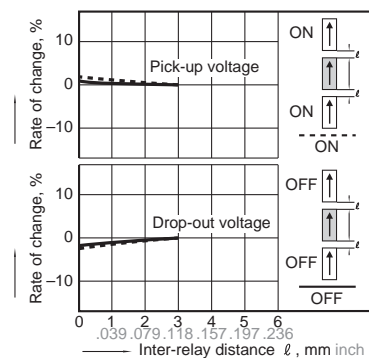
10.-(1) Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 5 pcs.



10.-(2) Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs.

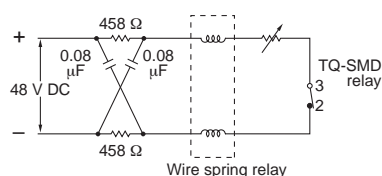
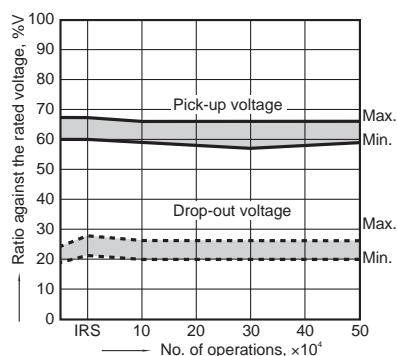
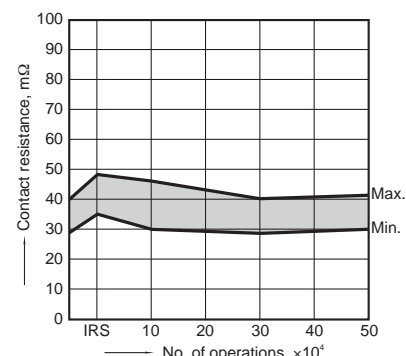


11. Pulse dialing test

(35 mA 48 V DC wire spring relay load)

Tested sample: TQ2SA-12V, 6 pcs.

Circuit

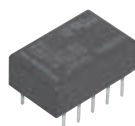
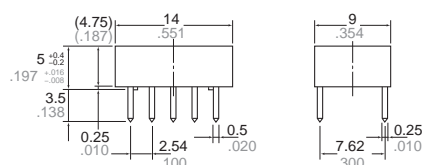
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage
(mounting by IRS method)Change of contact resistance
(mounting by IRS method)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

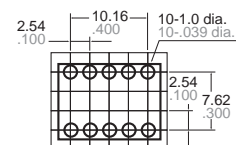
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Standard PC board terminal and Self-clinching terminal

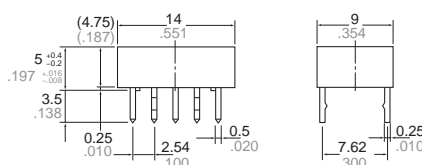
2 Form C

CAD DataExternal dimensions
Standard PC board terminal

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

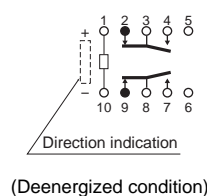
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Self-clinching terminal

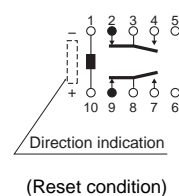
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

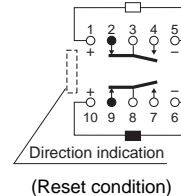
Single side stable



1-coil latching



2-coil latching



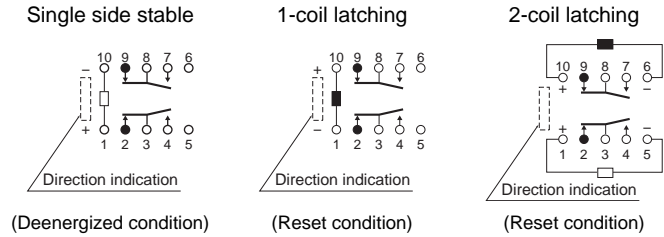
2. Surface-mount terminal

CAD Data



Type	External dimensions (General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$)	Suggested mounting pad (Top view) (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$)
SA type		
SL type		
SS type		

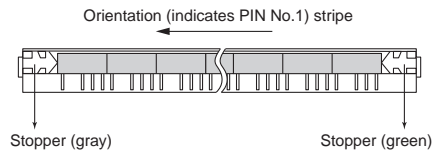
Schematic (Top view)



NOTES

1. Packing style

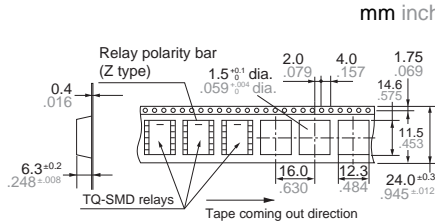
1) The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.



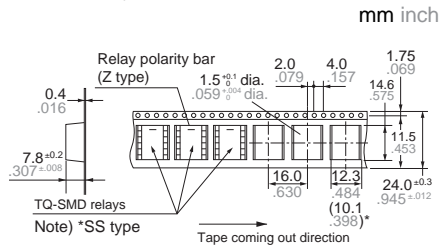
2) Tape and reel packing (surface-mount terminal type)

(1) Tape dimensions

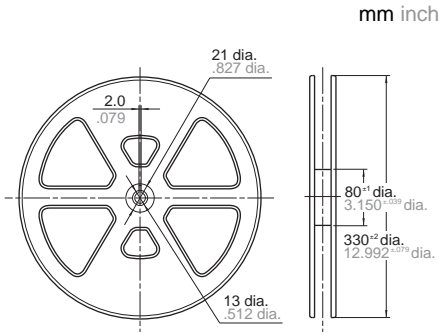
(i) SA type



(ii) SL, SS type



(2) Dimensions of plastic reel



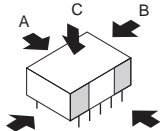
2. Automatic insertion

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

Chucking pressure in the direction A:
9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

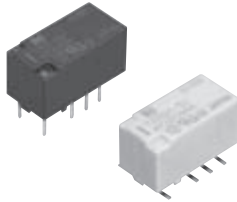
Chucking pressure in the direction B:
9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction C:
9.8 N {1 kgf} or less



Please chuck the portion.
Avoid chucking the center of the relay.
In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be avoided.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. 2,000 V breakdown voltage between contact and coil

The body block construction of the coil that is sealed at formation offers a high breakdown voltage of 2,000 V between contact and coil, and 1,000 V between open contacts.

2. Outstanding surge resistance

Surge breakdown voltage between open contacts:
1,500 V 10×160μ sec. (FCC part 68)
Surge breakdown voltage between contact and coil:
2,500 V 2×10μ sec. (Bellcore)

3. Nominal operating power: High sensitivity of 140mW

By using the highly efficient polar magnetic circuit "seesaw balance mechanism", a nominal operating power of 140 mW (minimum operating power of 79 mW) has been achieved.

4. High contact capacity: 2 A 30 V DC

5. Compact size

15.0(L) × 7.4(W) × 8.2(H) .
591(L) × .291(W) × .323(H)

6. The use of gold-clad twin crossbar contacts ensures high contact reliability.

***We also offer a range of products with AgPd contacts suitable for use in low level load analog circuits (max. 10V DC 10 mA).**

7. Outstanding vibration and shock resistance

Functional shock resistance: 750 m/s²
Destructive shock resistance:
1,000 m/s²
Functional vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 3.3 mm .130 inch)
Destructive vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 5 mm .197 inch)

8. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.

9. A range of surface-mount types is also available

SA: Low-profile surface-mount terminal type
SS: Space saving surface-mount terminal type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Communications (xDSL, Transmission)
2. Measurement
3. Security
4. Home appliances, and audio/visual equipment
5. Automotive equipment
6. Medical equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

Contact arrangement
2: 2 Form C

Surface-mount availability
Nil: Standard PC board terminal type
SA: SA type
SS: SS type

Operating function
Nil: Single side stable
L: 1 coil latching
L2: 2 coil latching
LT: 2 coil latching

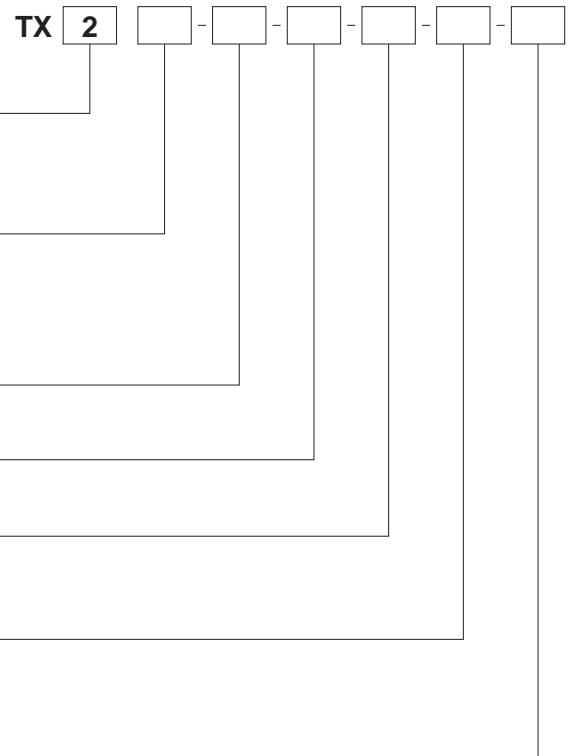
Terminal shape
Nil: Standard PC board terminal or surface-mount terminal

Nominal coil voltage (DC)*
1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V

Contact material
Nil: Standard contact (Ag+Au clad)
1: AgPd contact (low level load); AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable)

Packing style
Nil: Tube packing
X: Tape and reel (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side)
Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side)

Notes: 1. *48 V coil type: Single side stable only
2. In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.



TX

TYPES

1. Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TX2-1.5V	TX2-L-1.5V	TX2-L2-1.5V	TX2-LT-1.5V
	3V DC	TX2-3V	TX2-L-3V	TX2-L2-3V	TX2-LT-3V
	4.5V DC	TX2-4.5V	TX2-L-4.5V	TX2-L2-4.5V	TX2-LT-4.5V
	5V DC	TX2-5V	TX2-L-5V	TX2-L2-5V	TX2-LT-5V
	6V DC	TX2-6V	TX2-L-6V	TX2-L2-6V	TX2-LT-6V
	9V DC	TX2-9V	TX2-L-9V	TX2-L2-9V	TX2-LT-9V
	12V DC	TX2-12V	TX2-L-12V	TX2-L2-12V	TX2-LT-12V
	24V DC	TX2-24V	TX2-L-24V	TX2-L2-24V	TX2-LT-24V
	48V DC	TX2-48V	—	—	—

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2. Surface-mount terminal

1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2c	1.5V DC	TX2S□-1.5V	TX2S□-L-1.5V	TX2S□-L2-1.5V	TX2S□-LT-1.5V
	3V DC	TX2S□-3V	TX2S□-L-3V	TX2S□-L2-3V	TX2S□-LT-3V
	4.5V DC	TX2S□-4.5V	TX2S□-L-4.5V	TX2S□-L2-4.5V	TX2S□-LT-4.5V
	5V DC	TX2S□-5V	TX2S□-L-5V	TX2S□-L2-5V	TX2S□-LT-5V
	6V DC	TX2S□-6V	TX2S□-L-6V	TX2S□-L2-6V	TX2S□-LT-6V
	9V DC	TX2S□-9V	TX2S□-L-9V	TX2S□-L2-9V	TX2S□-LT-9V
	12V DC	TX2S□-12V	TX2S□-L-12V	TX2S□-L2-12V	TX2S□-LT-12V
	24V DC	TX2S□-24V	TX2S□-L-24V	TX2S□-L2-24V	TX2S□-LT-24V
	48V DC	TX2S□-48V	—	—	—

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TX2S□-1.5V-Z	TX2S□-L-1.5V-Z	TX2S□-L2-1.5V-Z	TX2S□-LT-1.5V-Z
	3V DC	TX2S□-3V-Z	TX2S□-L-3V-Z	TX2S□-L2-3V-Z	TX2S□-LT-3V-Z
	4.5V DC	TX2S□-4.5V-Z	TX2S□-L-4.5V-Z	TX2S□-L2-4.5V-Z	TX2S□-LT-4.5V-Z
	5V DC	TX2S□-5V-Z	TX2S□-L-5V-Z	TX2S□-L2-5V-Z	TX2S□-LT-5V-Z
	6V DC	TX2S□-6V-Z	TX2S□-L-6V-Z	TX2S□-L2-6V-Z	TX2S□-LT-6V-Z
	9V DC	TX2S□-9V-Z	TX2S□-L-9V-Z	TX2S□-L2-9V-Z	TX2S□-LT-9V-Z
	12V DC	TX2S□-12V-Z	TX2S□-L-12V-Z	TX2S□-L2-12V-Z	TX2S□-LT-12V-Z
	24V DC	TX2S□-24V-Z	TX2S□-L-24V-Z	TX2S□-L2-24V-Z	TX2S□-LT-24V-Z
	48V DC	TX2S□-48V-Z	—	—	—

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available.
2. Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	16Ω	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	64.3Ω		
4.5V DC			31mA	145Ω		
5V DC			28.1mA	178Ω		
6V DC			23.3mA	257Ω		
9V DC			15.5mA	579Ω		
12V DC			11.7mA	1,028Ω		
24V DC			5.8mA	4,114Ω		
48V DC			5.6mA	8,533Ω	270mW	120%V of nominal voltage

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	22.5Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
5V DC			20mA	250Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			4.2mA	5,760Ω		

3) 2 coil latching (L2, LT)

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	133.9mA	133.9mA	11.2Ω	11.2Ω	200mW	200mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			66.7mA	66.7mA	45Ω	45Ω			
4.5V DC			44.5mA	44.5mA	101.2Ω	101.2Ω			
5V DC			40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω			
6V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω			
9V DC			22.2mA	22.2mA	405Ω	405Ω			
12V DC			16.7mA	16.7mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω			

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1986)

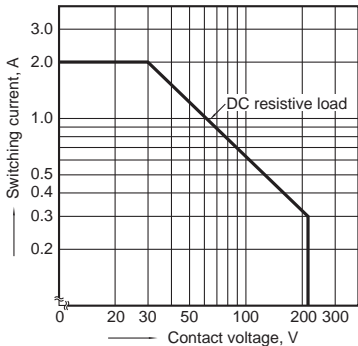
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Standard contact: Ag+Au clad, AgPd contact (low level load): AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		Standard contact: 2 A 30 V DC, AgPd contact: 1 A 30 V DC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		Standard contact: 60 W (DC), AgPd contact: 30 W (DC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		220V DC
	Max. switching current		Standard contact: 2 A, AgPd contact: 1 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value) ^{1*}		10μA 10mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	140 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC), 270 mW (48 V DC)
		1 coil latching	100 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC)
2 coil latching		200 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC)	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)
		Between contacts and coil	2,500 V (2×10μs) (Telcordia)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 2A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁸ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (2 A 30 V DC resistive), 5×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{2*}		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +85°C (up to 24 V coil) −40°F to +185°F (up to 24 V coil) [−40°C to +70°C (48 V coil) −40°F to +158°F (48 V coil)]; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 2 g .071 oz

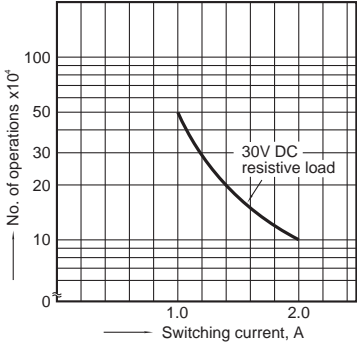
1* This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. (AgPd contact type is available for low level load switching [10V DC, 10mA max. level].)
2* Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching capacity

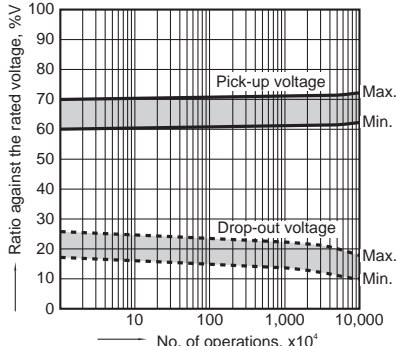


2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 10 pcs.
Operating speed: 180 times/min.

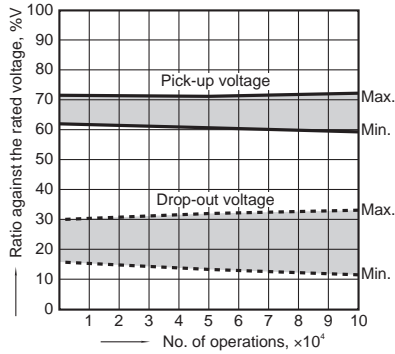


4. Electrical life (2A 30V DC resistive load)

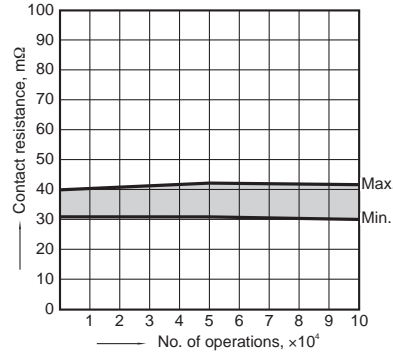
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.

Operating speed: 20 times/min.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

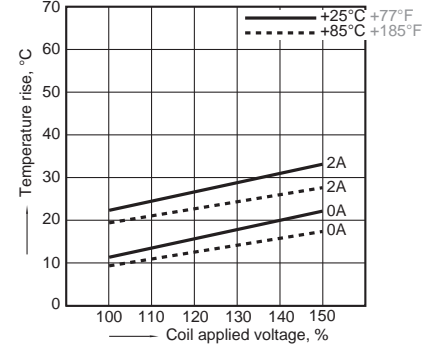


5-(1). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.

Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 85°C 185°F

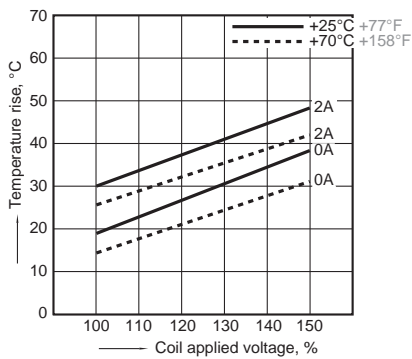


5-(2). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TX2-48V, 6 pcs.

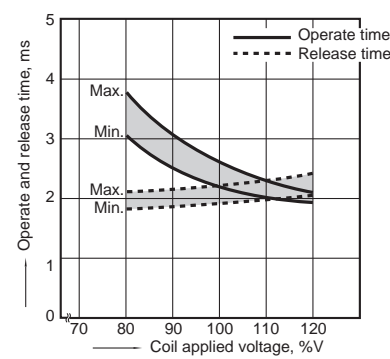
Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 70°C 158°F



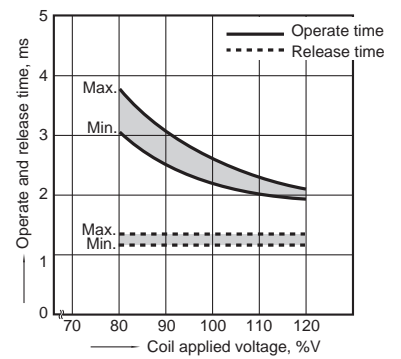
6-(1). Operate and release time (with diode)

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 10 pcs.



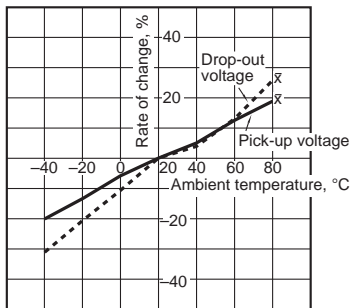
6-(2). Operate and release time (without diode)

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 10 pcs.



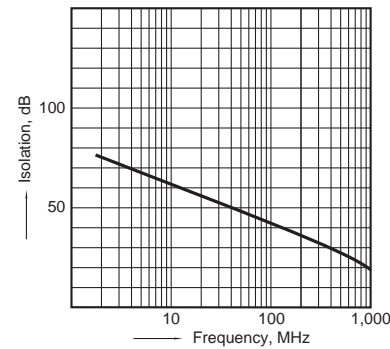
7. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 5 pcs.



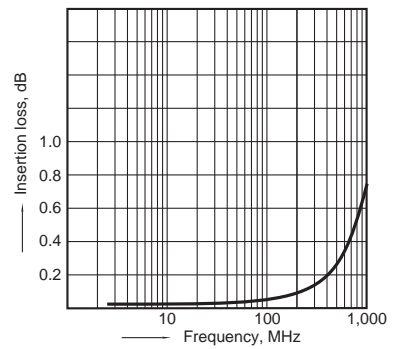
8-(1). High frequency characteristics (Isolation)

Tested sample: TX2-12V, 2 pcs.



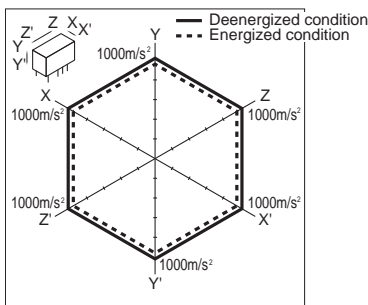
8-(2). High frequency characteristics (Insertion loss)

Tested sample: TX2-12V, 2 pcs.



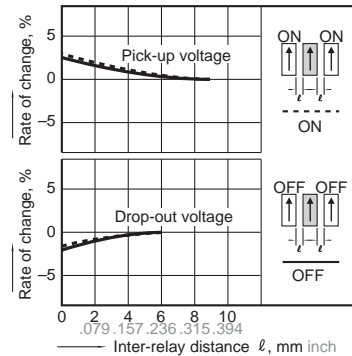
9 Malfunctional shock (single side stable)

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.



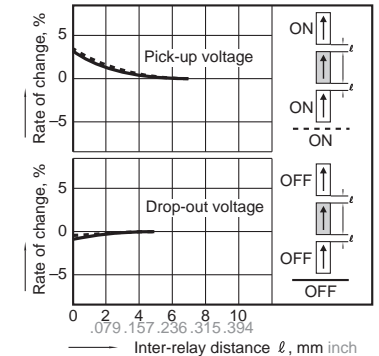
10-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: TX2-12V, 6 pcs.



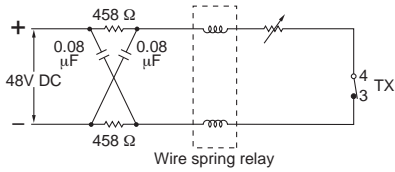
10-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting

Tested sample: TX2-12V, 6 pcs.

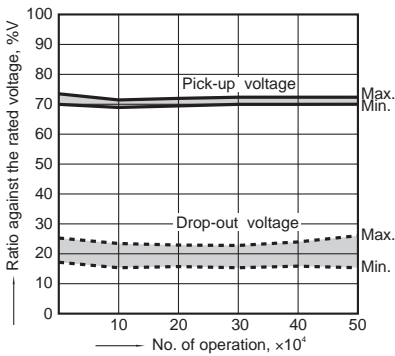


11. Pulse dialing test
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.
(35 mA 48 V DC wire spring relay load)

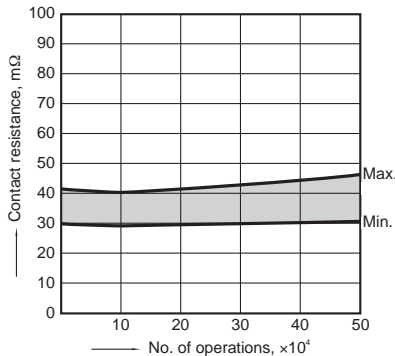
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



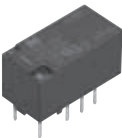
Note: Data of surface-mount type are the same as those of PC board terminal type.

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

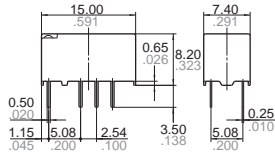
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Standard PC board terminal

CAD Data

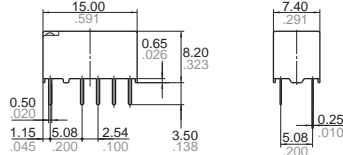


Single side stable and 1 coil latching type
External dimensions
Standard PC board terminal



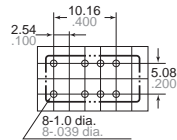
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

2 coil latching type (L2, LT)
External dimensions
Standard PC board terminal



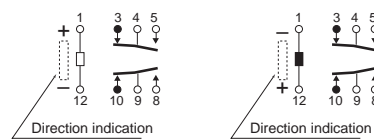
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern
(Bottom view)



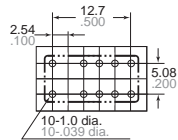
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)
Single side stable 1 coil latching



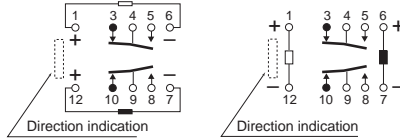
(Reset condition)

PC board pattern
(Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)
2 coil latching (L2) 2 coil latching (LT)



(Reset condition)

(Reset condition)

2. Surface-mount terminal

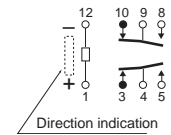
CAD Data



Type	External dimensions (General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$)		Suggested mounting pad (Top view) (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$)	
	Single side stable and 1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type (L2, LT)	Single side stable and 1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type (L2, LT)
SA type				
SS type				

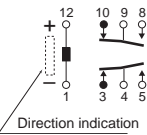
Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable



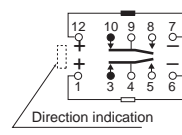
(Deenergized condition)

1 coil latching



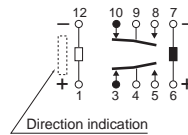
(Reset condition)

2 coil latching (L2)



(Reset condition)

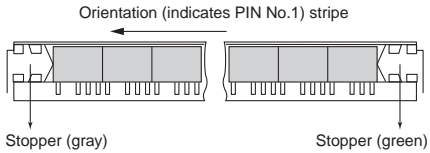
2 coil latching (LT)



(Reset condition)

NOTES**1. Packing style**

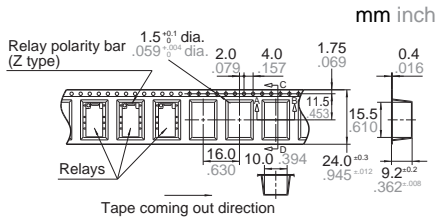
1) The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.



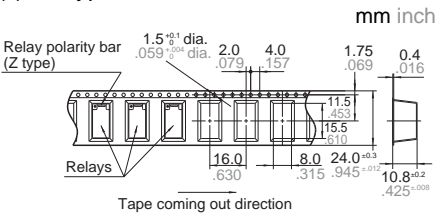
2) Tape and reel packing (surface-mount terminal type)

(1) Tape dimensions

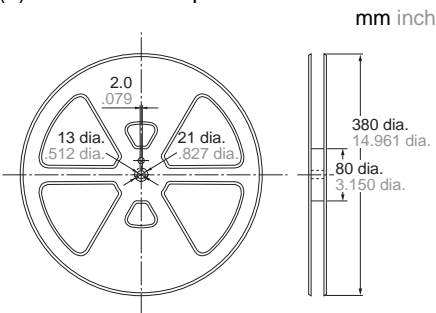
(i) SA type



(ii) SS type



(2) Dimensions of plastic reel

**2. Automatic insertion**

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

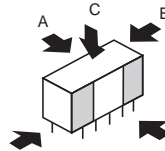
4.9 N {500gf} or less


Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less



Please chuck the  portion.

Avoid chucking the center of the relay.

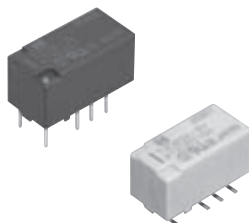
In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be avoided.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Panasonic
ideas for life

**High breakdown voltage type
is available (1.5 kV between
open contacts)**

TX-D RELAYS



✂ Several part numbers will be discontinued
September 30, 2013.

FEATURES

1. ✂ **Lineup now includes high breakdown voltage type that achieves breakdown voltage between open contacts of 1,500 V AC.**
Surge breakdown voltage between open contacts:
1,500 V $10 \times 160 \mu\text{sec}$. (FCC part 68)
Surge breakdown voltage between contact and coil:
6,000 V $1.2 \times 50 \mu\text{sec}$. (EN60950)
2. **Approved to the supplementary insulation class in the EN standards (EN60950).**
The insulation distance between the contact and coil meet the supplementary insulation class of the EN60950 standards as required for equipment connected to the telephone lines in Europe.
Satisfies the following conditions:
 - Clearances: 2.0 mm .079 inch or more
 - Creepage distance: 2.5 mm .098 inch or more

3. ✂ **3,000 V breakdown voltage between contact and coil. (Surge breakdown voltage 6,000 V type)**
The body block construction of the coil that is sealed formation offers a high breakdown voltage of 3,000 V between contact and coil.

4. **Nominal operating power: High sensitivity of 200 mW**
By using the highly efficient polar magnetic circuit "seesaw balance mechanism", a nominal operating power of 200 mW has been achieved.

5. **High contact capacity: 2 A 30 V DC**

6. **High contact reliability achieved with gold-clad crossbar twin contacts and the use of gas expelling materials during formation.**

*We also offer TX-series relays with AgPd contacts, suitable for use in low level load analog circuits.

7. **Outstanding vibration and shock resistance.**
Functional shock resistance: 750 m/s²
Destructive shock resistance:
1,000 m/s²
Functional vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 3.3 mm .130 inch)
Destructive vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 5 mm .197 inch)

8. **Sealed construction allows automatic washing.**

9. **A range of surface-mount types is also available.**

SA: Low-profile surface-mount terminal type

SS: Space saving surface-mount terminal type

10. **M.B.B. type available (Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V type only)**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Facsimile
2. Modem
3. Communications (xDSL)
4. Medical equipment
5. Automotive equipment
6. Security

ORDERING INFORMATION

TXD 2 - - - - - - -

Contact arrangement
2: 2 Form C

Surface-mount availability
Nil: Standard PC board terminal
SA: SA type SS: SS type

Operating function
Nil: Single side stable L: 1 coil latching

Type of operation
Nil: Standard type
2M: M.B.B. type (Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V and Single side stable type only)

Terminal shape
Nil: Standard PC board terminal or surface-mount terminal

Nominal coil voltage (DC)
1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V

Contact material/Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil)/Breakdown (between open contacts)

Nil: Standard contact (Ag+Au clad), 2,500 V/1,000 V

1: AgPd contact (low level load); AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable), 2,500 V/1,000 V

3: Standard contact (Ag+Au clad), 6,000 V/1,500 V

4: AgPd contact (low level load); AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable), 6,000 V/1,500 V

6: Standard contact (Ag+Au clad), 6,000 V/1,000 V

7: AgPd contact (low level load); AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable), 6,000 V/1,000 V

(Discontinued Sept. 30, 2013)

Packing style

Nil: Tube packing

X: Tape and reel (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side)

Z: Tape and reel packing (Picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side)

Note: In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.

⚠ Several part numbers will be discontinued September 30, 2013.

TYPES

1. Standard (B.B.M.) type/Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil) 2,500 V/ Breakdown voltage (between open contacts) 1,000 V

1) Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2-1.5V	TXD2-L-1.5V
	3V DC	TXD2-3V	TXD2-L-3V
	4.5V DC	TXD2-4.5V	TXD2-L-4.5V
	5V DC	TXD2-5V	TXD2-L-5V
	6V DC	TXD2-6V	TXD2-L-6V
	9V DC	TXD2-9V	TXD2-L-9V
	12V DC	TXD2-12V	TXD2-L-12V
	24V DC	TXD2-24V	TXD2-L-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2) Surface-mount terminal

(1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-1.5V	TXD2S□-L-1.5V
	3V DC	TXD2S□-3V	TXD2S□-L-3V
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-4.5V	TXD2S□-L-4.5V
	5V DC	TXD2S□-5V	TXD2S□-L-5V
	6V DC	TXD2S□-6V	TXD2S□-L-6V
	9V DC	TXD2S□-9V	TXD2S□-L-9V
	12V DC	TXD2S□-12V	TXD2S□-L-12V
	24V DC	TXD2S□-24V	TXD2S□-L-24V

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

TX-D

(2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-1.5V-Z	TXD2S□-L-1.5V-Z
	3V DC	TXD2S□-3V-Z	TXD2S□-L-3V-Z
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-4.5V-Z	TXD2S□-L-4.5V-Z
	5V DC	TXD2S□-5V-Z	TXD2S□-L-5V-Z
	6V DC	TXD2S□-6V-Z	TXD2S□-L-6V-Z
	9V DC	TXD2S□-9V-Z	TXD2S□-L-9V-Z
	12V DC	TXD2S□-12V-Z	TXD2S□-L-12V-Z
	24V DC	TXD2S□-24V-Z	TXD2S□-L-24V-Z

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol “-Z” is not marked on the relay. “X” type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side) is also available.
2. Please add “-1” to the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load). (Ex. TXD2SA-1.5V-1-Z)

2. M.B.B type/Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil) 2,500 V/
Breakdown voltage (between open contacts) 1,000 V

1) Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable
		Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2-2M-1.5V
	3V DC	TXD2-2M-3V
	4.5V DC	TXD2-2M-4.5V
	5V DC	TXD2-2M-5V
	6V DC	TXD2-2M-6V
	9V DC	TXD2-2M-9V
	12V DC	TXD2-2M-12V
	24V DC	TXD2-2M-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Surface-mount terminal

(1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable
		Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-2M-1.5V
	3V DC	TXD2S□-2M-3V
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-2M-4.5V
	5V DC	TXD2S□-2M-5V
	6V DC	TXD2S□-2M-6V
	9V DC	TXD2S□-2M-9V
	12V DC	TXD2S□-2M-12V
	24V DC	TXD2S□-2M-24V

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

(2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable
		Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-2M-1.5V-Z
	3V DC	TXD2S□-2M-3V-Z
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-2M-4.5V-Z
	5V DC	TXD2S□-2M-5V-Z
	6V DC	TXD2S□-2M-6V-Z
	9V DC	TXD2S□-2M-9V-Z
	12V DC	TXD2S□-2M-12V-Z
	24V DC	TXD2S□-2M-24V-Z

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Notes: 1. Types designed to withstand strong vibration caused, for example, by the use of terminal cutters, can also be ordered.
However, please contact us if you need parts for use in low level load. (Ex. TXD2SA-2M-1.5V-1-Z)
2. Tape and reel packing symbol “-Z” is not marked on the relay. “X” type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side) is also available.

3. ⚡ Standard (B.B.M.) type/Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil) 6,000 V/**Breakdown voltage (between open contacts) 1,000 V****1) Standard PC board terminal**

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2-1.5V-6	TXD2-L-1.5V-6
	3V DC	TXD2-3V-6	TXD2-L-3V-6
	4.5V DC	TXD2-4.5V-6	TXD2-L-4.5V-6
	5V DC	TXD2-5V-6	TXD2-L-5V-6
	6V DC	TXD2-6V-6	TXD2-L-6V-6
	9V DC	TXD2-9V-6	TXD2-L-9V-6
	12V DC	TXD2-12V-6	TXD2-L-12V-6
	24V DC	TXD2-24V-6	TXD2-L-24V-6

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Please add "-7" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2) Surface-mount terminal**(1) Tube packing**

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-1.5V-6	TXD2S□-L-1.5V-6
	3V DC	TXD2S□-3V-6	TXD2S□-L-3V-6
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-4.5V-6	TXD2S□-L-4.5V-6
	5V DC	TXD2S□-5V-6	TXD2S□-L-5V-6
	6V DC	TXD2S□-6V-6	TXD2S□-L-6V-6
	9V DC	TXD2S□-9V-6	TXD2S□-L-9V-6
	12V DC	TXD2S□-12V-6	TXD2S□-L-12V-6
	24V DC	TXD2S□-24V-6	TXD2S□-L-24V-6

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Please add "-7" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

(2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-1.5V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-1.5V-6-Z
	3V DC	TXD2S□-3V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-3V-6-Z
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-4.5V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-4.5V-6-Z
	5V DC	TXD2S□-5V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-5V-6-Z
	6V DC	TXD2S□-6V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-6V-6-Z
	9V DC	TXD2S□-9V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-9V-6-Z
	12V DC	TXD2S□-12V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-12V-6-Z
	24V DC	TXD2S□-24V-6-Z	TXD2S□-L-24V-6-Z

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side) is also available.

2. Please add "-7" to the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load). (Ex. TXD2SA-1.5V-7-Z)

4. ⚡ Standard (B.B.M.) type/Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil) 6,000 V/
Breakdown voltage (between open contacts) 1,500 V (High breakdown voltage type)

1) Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2-1.5V-3	TXD2-L-1.5V-3
	3V DC	TXD2-3V-3	TXD2-L-3V-3
	4.5V DC	TXD2-4.5V-3	TXD2-L-4.5V-3
	5V DC	TXD2-5V-3	TXD2-L-5V-3
	6V DC	TXD2-6V-3	TXD2-L-6V-3
	9V DC	TXD2-9V-3	TXD2-L-9V-3
	12V DC	TXD2-12V-3	TXD2-L-12V-3
	24V DC	TXD2-24V-3	TXD2-L-24V-3

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 800 pcs.
Note: Please add “-4” to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2) Surface-mount terminal

(1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2S□-1.5V-3	TXD2S□-L-1.5V-3
	3V DC	TXD2S□-3V-3	TXD2S□-L-3V-3
	4.5V DC	TXD2S□-4.5V-3	TXD2S□-L-4.5V-3
	5V DC	TXD2S□-5V-3	TXD2S□-L-5V-3
	6V DC	TXD2S□-6V-3	TXD2S□-L-6V-3
	9V DC	TXD2S□-9V-3	TXD2S□-L-9V-3
	12V DC	TXD2S□-12V-3	TXD2S□-L-12V-3
	24V DC	TXD2S□-24V-3	TXD2S□-L-24V-3

□: For each surface-mount terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S
Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 800 pcs.
Note: Please add “-4” to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

(2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXD2SA-1.5V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-1.5V-3-Z
	3V DC	TXD2SA-3V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-3V-3-Z
	4.5V DC	TXD2SA-4.5V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-4.5V-3-Z
	5V DC	TXD2SA-5V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-5V-3-Z
	6V DC	TXD2SA-6V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-6V-3-Z
	9V DC	TXD2SA-9V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-9V-3-Z
	12V DC	TXD2SA-12V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-12V-3-Z
	24V DC	TXD2SA-24V-3-Z	TXD2SA-L-24V-3-Z

*Only for SA type.
Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol “-Z” is not marked on the relay. “X” type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side) is also available.
2. Please add “-4” to the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load). (Ex. TXD2SA-1.5V-4-Z)

RATING

1. Coil data

[Standard (B.B.M.) type]

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Surge breakdown voltage: 2,500V/ ⚡ 6,000 V	⚡ Surge breakdown voltage: 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage)	Surge breakdown voltage: 2,500V/ ⚡ 6,000 V	⚡ Surge breakdown voltage: 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage)	Surge breakdown voltage: 2,500V/ ⚡ 6,000 V	⚡ Surge breakdown voltage: 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage)	
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	132.7mA	187.5mA	11Ω	8Ω	200mW	280mW	120%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			66.7mA	93.5mA	45Ω	32Ω			
4.5V DC			44.4mA	62.5mA	101Ω	72Ω			
5V DC			40.0mA	56.2mA	125Ω	89Ω			
6V DC			33.3mA	46.5mA	180Ω	129Ω			
9V DC			22.2mA	31.1mA	405Ω	289Ω			
12V DC			16.7mA	23.3mA	720Ω	514Ω			
24V DC			9.6mA	12.9mA	2,504Ω	1,858Ω	230mW	310mW	

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Surge breakdown voltage: 2,500V/ ⚡ 6,000 V	⚡ Surge breakdown voltage: 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage)	Surge breakdown voltage: 2,500V/ ⚡ 6,000 V	⚡ Surge breakdown voltage: 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage)	Surge breakdown voltage: 2,500V/ ⚡ 6,000 V	Surge breakdown voltage: 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage)	
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	100.0mA	153.1mA	15Ω	10Ω	150mW	230mW	120%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			50.0mA	76.9mA	60Ω	39Ω			
4.5V DC			33.3mA	51.1mA	135Ω	88Ω			
5V DC			30.0mA	46.3mA	166Ω	109Ω			
6V DC			25.0mA	38.5mA	240Ω	156Ω			
9V DC			16.7mA	25.6mA	540Ω	352Ω			
12V DC			12.5mA	19.2mA	960Ω	626Ω			
24V DC			7.1mA	10.4mA	3,388Ω	2,304Ω	170mW	250mW	

[M.B.B. type]

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	166.7mA	9Ω	250mW	120%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			83.3mA	36Ω		
4.5V DC			55.6mA	81Ω		
5V DC			50.0mA	100Ω		
6V DC			41.7mA	144Ω		
9V DC			27.8mA	324Ω		
12V DC			20.8mA	576Ω		
24V DC			11.3mA	2,133Ω	270mW	

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1986)

*Only for surge breakdown voltage of 2,500 V.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C	2 Form D (M.B.B.type)*1
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		Standard contact: Ag+Au clad, AgPd contact (low level load): AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		Standard contact: 2 A 30 V DC, AgPd contact: 1 A 30 V DC (resistive load)	1 A 30 V DC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		Standard contact: 60 W (DC), AgPd contact: 30 W (DC) (resistive load)	30 W (DC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		220 V DC	110 V DC
	Max. switching current		Standard contact: 2 A, AgPd contact: 1 A	1 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*2		10μA10mV DC	
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V and ⩽ 6,000 V types: 200mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 230mW (24 V DC) Surge breakdown voltage ⩽ 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage) type: 280mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 310mW (24 V DC)	250mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 270mW (24 V DC)
		1 coil latching	Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V and ⩽ 6,000 V types: 150mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 170mW (24 V DC) Surge breakdown voltage ⩽ 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage) type: 230mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 250mW (24 V DC)	—
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V and ⩽ 6,000 V types: 1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA) Surge breakdown voltage ⩽ 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage) type: 1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)	500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V type: 2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA) Surge breakdown voltage ⩽ 6,000 V and ⩽ 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage) types: 3,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)	—
		Between contacts and coil*1	Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V type: 2,500 V, 2 × 10μs (Telcordia) Surge breakdown voltage 6,000 V and 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage) types: 6,000 V, 1.2 × 50μs	2,500 V, 2 × 10μs (Telcordia)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C 122°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 2A [1A: M.B.B.])	
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	Min. 500 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁸ (at 180 times/min.)	Min. 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (2 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 5×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)	Min. 10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.	
Unit weight			Approx. 2 g .071 oz	

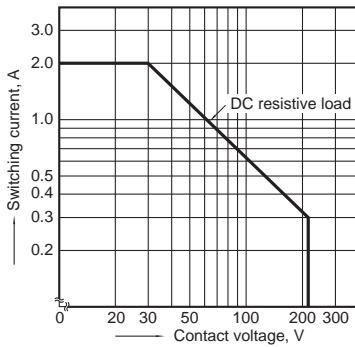
*1 M.B.B. type models are only available in 2,500 V surge breakdown voltage type.

*2 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. (AgPd contact type is available for low level load switching.)

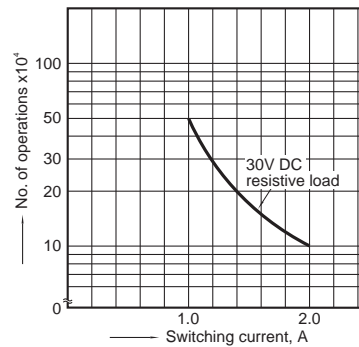
*3 The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching capacity

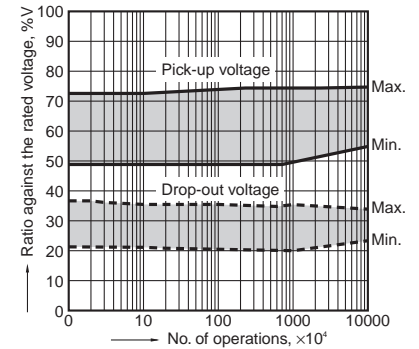


2. Life curve



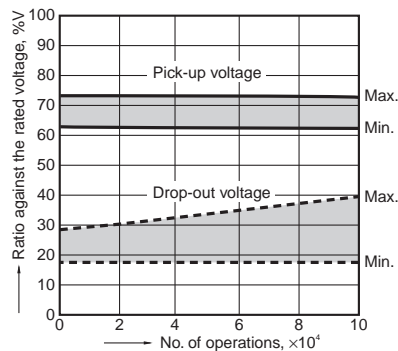
3. Mechanical life

Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 10 pcs.
Operating speed: 180 times/min.

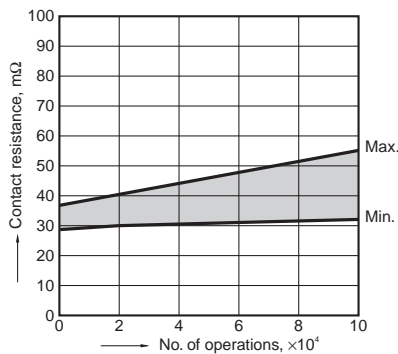


4. Electrical life (2 A 30 V DC resistive load)

Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 6 pcs.
Operating speed: 20 times/min.
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

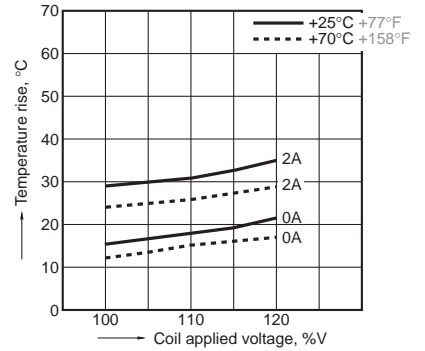


Change of contact resistance



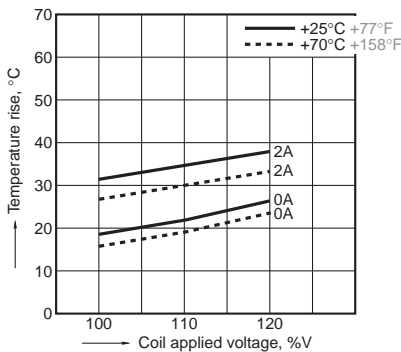
5-(1). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 6 pcs.
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 70°C 158°F



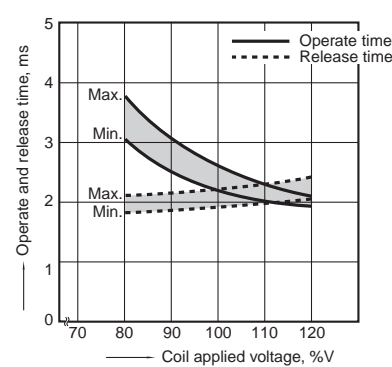
5-(2). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TXD2-24V, 6 pcs.
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 70°C 158°F



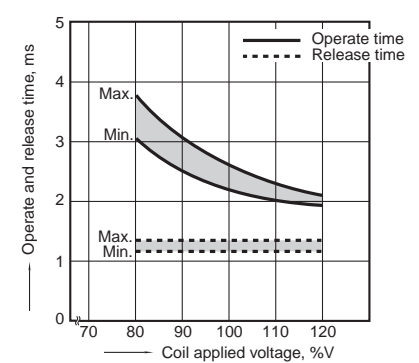
6-(1). Operate/release time characteristics (with diode)

Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 10 pcs.



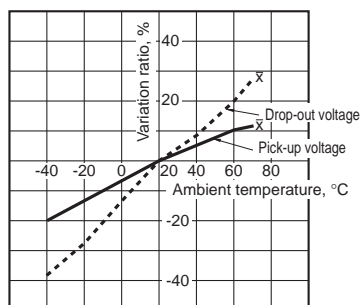
6-(2). Operate/release time characteristics (without diode)

Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 10 pcs.



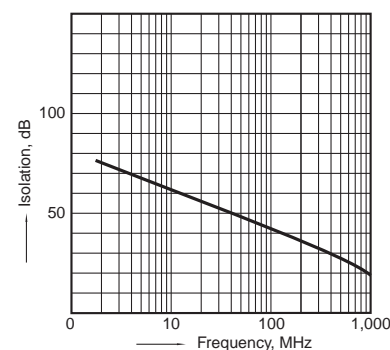
7. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 5 pcs.



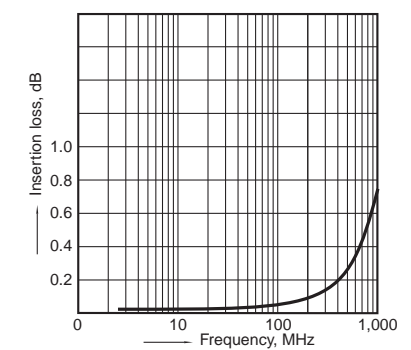
8. High-frequency characteristics (Isolation)

Tested sample: TXD2-12V, 2 pcs.

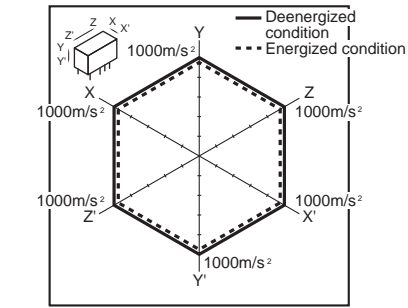


9. High-frequency characteristics (Insertion loss)

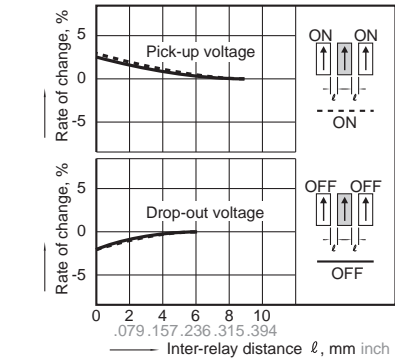
Tested sample: TXD2-12V, 2 pcs.



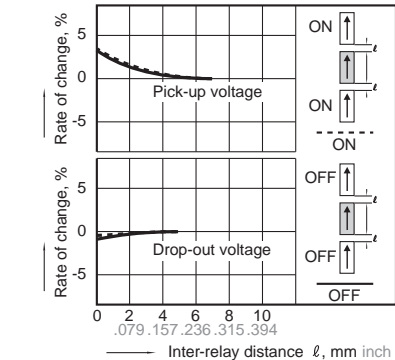
10. Malfunctional shock (single side stable)
Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 6 pcs



11-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting
Tested sample: TXD2-12V, 6 pcs.

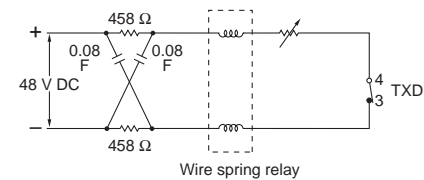


11-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting
Tested sample: TXD2-12V, 6 pcs.

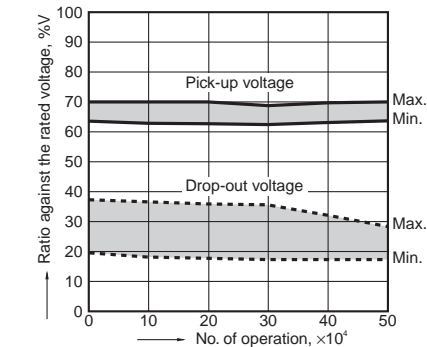


12. Actual load test (35 mA 48 V DC wire spring relay load)
Tested sample: TXD2-5V, 6 pcs.

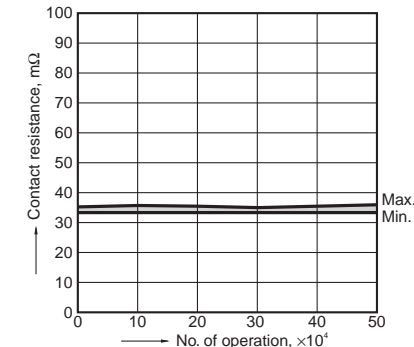
Circuit



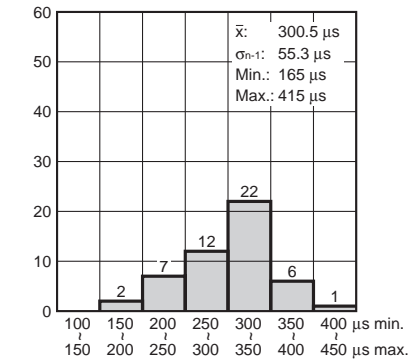
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



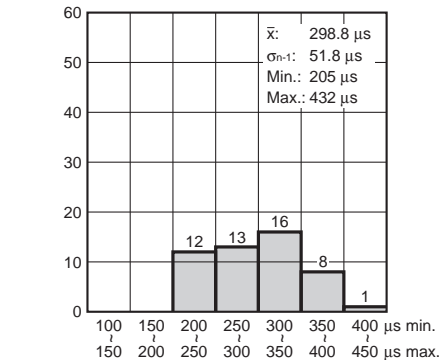
Change of contact resistance



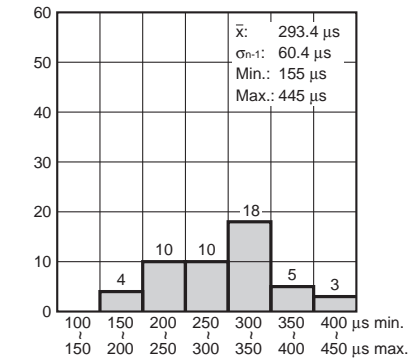
13-(1). Distribution of M.B.B. time
Tested sample: TXD2-2M-5V, 50 pcs.
Terminal No. 3-4-5: ON



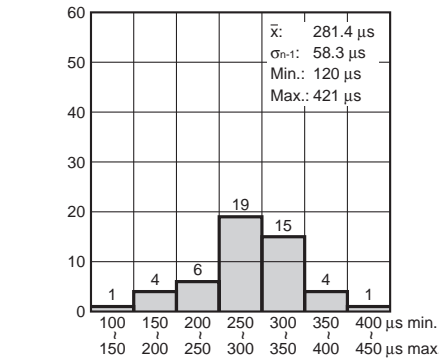
Terminal No. 3-4-5: OFF



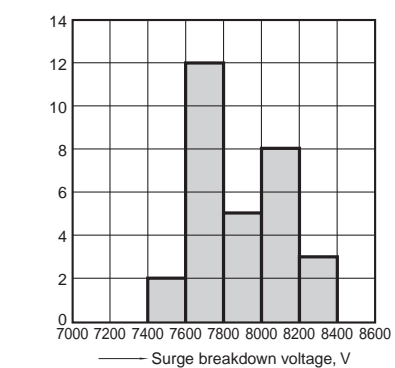
13-(2). Distribution of M.B.B. time
Tested sample: TXD2-2M-5V, 50 pcs.
Terminal No. 8-9-10: ON



Terminal No. 8-9-10: OFF



14. ⚡ Surge breakdown voltage test
Tested sample: TXD2-3V-6, 30 pcs.



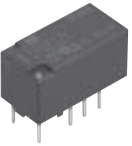
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Surge breakdown voltage 2,500 V and ⚡ 6,000 V types

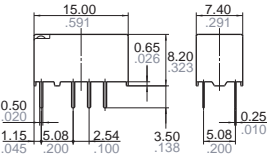
1) Standard PC board terminal

CAD Data

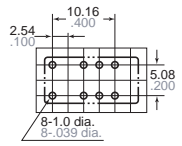


2,500 V type

External dimensions
Standard PC board terminal



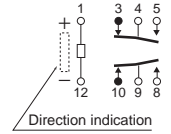
PC board pattern
(Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

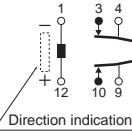
Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

1 coil latching



(Reset condition)

CAD Data



⚡ 6,000 V type

2) Surface-mount terminal

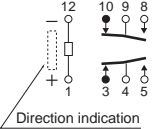
CAD Data



Type	External dimensions (General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$)	Suggested mounting pad (Top view) (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$)
	Single side stable and 1 coil latching	Single side stable and 1 coil latching
SA type		
SS type		

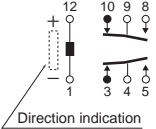
Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

1 coil latching



(Reset condition)

TX-D

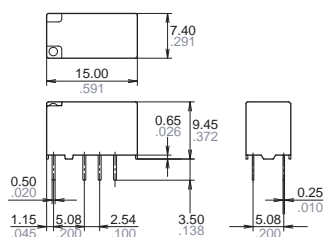
2. ✂ Surge breakdown voltage 6,000 V (High breakdown voltage type)

1) Standard PC board terminal



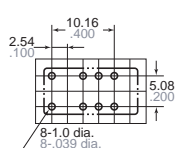
CAD Data

External dimensions
Standard PC board terminal



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

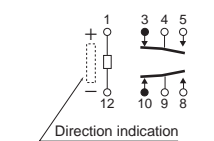
PC board pattern
(Bottom view)



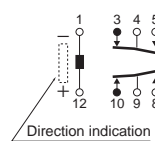
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable 1 coil latching



(Deenergized condition)



(Reset condition)

2) Surface-mount terminal

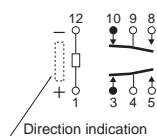


CAD Data

Type	External dimensions (General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$)	Suggested mounting pad (Top view) (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$)
	Single side stable and 1 coil latching	Single side stable and 1 coil latching
SA type	<p>Technical drawing of the SA type component. The side view shows a total width of 15.00 (tolerance .591) and a height of 7.40 (tolerance .291). The end view shows a total width of 9.40 (tolerance ± 0.5, .372) and a height of 9.65 (tolerance .380). Other dimensions include 0.25 (.010), 0.50 (.020), 1.15 (.045), 5.08 (.200), 2.54 (.100), 0.65 (.026), and 9.45 (.372).</p>	<p>Technical drawing of the SA type mounting pad. The top view shows a total width of 9.40 (tolerance ± 0.5, .372) and a height of 9.65 (tolerance .380). Other dimensions include 3.16 (.124), 5.08 (.200), 2.54 (.100), 7.24 (.285), and 1.15 (.045).</p>
SS type	<p>Technical drawing of the SS type component. The side view shows a total width of 15.00 (tolerance .591) and a height of 7.40 (tolerance .291). The end view shows a total width of 7.40 (tolerance ± 0.5, .291) and a height of 11.25 (tolerance .443). Other dimensions include 0.25 (.010), 0.50 (.020), 1.15 (.045), 5.08 (.200), 2.54 (.100), 0.65 (.026), and 9.45 (.372).</p>	<p>Technical drawing of the SS type mounting pad. The top view shows a total width of 9.40 (tolerance ± 0.5, .372) and a height of 9.65 (tolerance .380). Other dimensions include 2.16 (.085), 5.08 (.200), 2.54 (.100), 6.24 (.246), and 1.15 (.045).</p>

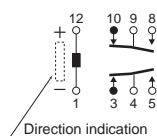
Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

1 coil latching



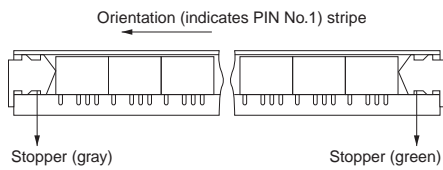
(Reset condition)

NOTES

1. Packing style

1) Tube packing

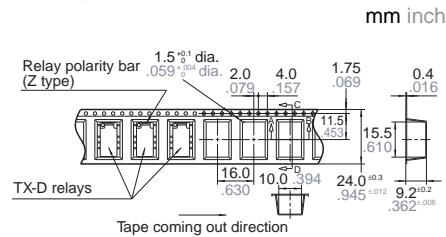
The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.



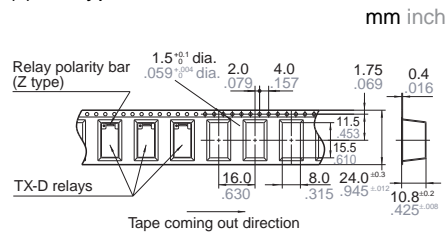
2) Tape and reel packing (surface-mount terminal type)

(1) Tape dimensions

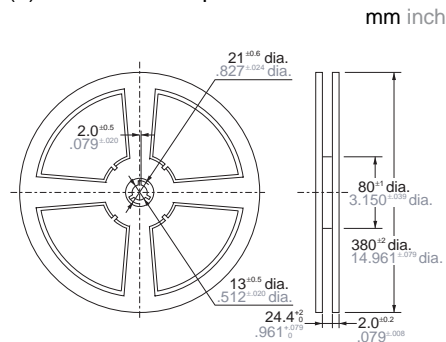
(i) SA type



(ii) SS type



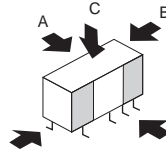
(2) Dimensions of plastic reel



3) Ambient temperature when transporting and during storage with the product in its original packaging:
-40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F

2. Automatic insertion

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.



Chucking pressure in the direction A:


4.9 N {500gf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Please chuck the  portion.

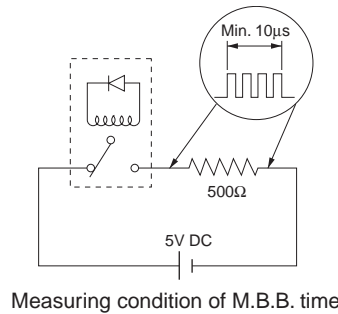
Avoid chucking the center of the relay.

In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be avoided.

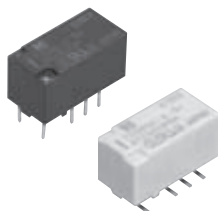
3. M.B.B. type

A small OFF time may be generated by the contact bounce during contact switching. Check the actual circuit carefully.

If the relay is dropped accidentally, check the appearance and characteristics including M.B.B. time before use.



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. Nominal operating power:

High sensitivity of 50 mW

By using the highly efficient polar magnetic circuit "seesaw balance mechanism", a nominal operating power of 50 mW (minimum operating power of 32 mW) has been achieved.

2. Compact size

15.0(L) × 7.4(W) × 8.2(H)
.591(L) × .291(W) × .323(H)

3. High contact reliability

High contact reliability is achieved by the use of gold-clad twin crossbar contacts, low-gas formation materials, mold sealing the coil section, and by controlling organic gas in the coil.

***We also offer a range of products with AgPd contacts suitable for use in low level load analog circuits (max. 10V DC 10 mA).**

4. Outstanding surge resistance

Surge breakdown voltage between open contacts:

1,500 V 10×160 μsec. (FCC part 68)

Surge breakdown voltage between contact and coil:

2,500 V 2×10 μsec. (Telcordia)

5. Low thermal electromotive force

(approx. 0.3 μV)

The structure of the mold-sealed body block of the coil section achieves nominal operating power of 50 mW and high sensitivity, along with low thermal electromotive force, reduced to approximately 0.3 μV.

6. A range of surface-mount types is also available.

SA: Low-profile surface-mount terminal type

SS: Space saving surface-mount terminal type

7. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Communications

(XDSL, Transmission)

2. Measurement

3. Security

4. Home appliances, and audio/visual equipment

5. Automotive equipment

6. Medical equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

Contact arrangement

2: 2 Form C

Surface-mount availability

Nil: Standard PC board terminal type

SA: SA type

SS: SS type

Operating function

Nil: Single side stable

L: 1 coil latching

L2: 2 coil latching

LT: 2 coil latching

Terminal shape

Nil: Standard PC board terminal or surface-mount terminal

Nominal coil voltage (DC)

1.5, 3, 4.5, 6, 9, 12, 24V

Contact material

Nil: Standard contact (Ag+Au clad)

1: AgPd contact (low level load); AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable)

Packing style

Nil: Tube packing

X: Tape and reel (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side)

Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side)

TXS 2 - - - - - -

TYPES

1. Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXS2-1.5V	TXS2-L-1.5V	TXS2-L2-1.5V	TXS2-LT-1.5V
	3V DC	TXS2-3V	TXS2-L-3V	TXS2-L2-3V	TXS2-LT-3V
	4.5V DC	TXS2-4.5V	TXS2-L-4.5V	TXS2-L2-4.5V	TXS2-LT-4.5V
	6V DC	TXS2-6V	TXS2-L-6V	TXS2-L2-6V	TXS2-LT-6V
	9V DC	TXS2-9V	TXS2-L-9V	TXS2-L2-9V	TXS2-LT-9V
	12V DC	TXS2-12V	TXS2-L-12V	TXS2-L2-12V	TXS2-LT-12V
	24V DC	TXS2-24V	TXS2-L-24V	TXS2-L2-24V	TXS2-LT-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2. Surface-mount terminal

1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXS2S□-1.5V	TXS2S□-L-1.5V	TXS2S□-L2-1.5V	TXS2S□-LT-1.5V
	3V DC	TXS2S□-3V	TXS2S□-L-3V	TXS2S□-L2-3V	TXS2S□-LT-3V
	4.5V DC	TXS2S□-4.5V	TXS2S□-L-4.5V	TXS2S□-L2-4.5V	TXS2S□-LT-4.5V
	6V DC	TXS2S□-6V	TXS2S□-L-6V	TXS2S□-L2-6V	TXS2S□-LT-6V
	9V DC	TXS2S□-9V	TXS2S□-L-9V	TXS2S□-L2-9V	TXS2S□-LT-9V
	12V DC	TXS2S□-12V	TXS2S□-L-12V	TXS2S□-L2-12V	TXS2S□-LT-12V
	24V DC	TXS2S□-24V	TXS2S□-L-24V	TXS2S□-L2-24V	TXS2S□-LT-24V

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TXS2S□-1.5V-Z	TXS2S□-L-1.5V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-1.5V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-1.5V-Z
	3V DC	TXS2S□-3V-Z	TXS2S□-L-3V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-3V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-3V-Z
	4.5V DC	TXS2S□-4.5V-Z	TXS2S□-L-4.5V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-4.5V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-4.5V-Z
	6V DC	TXS2S□-6V-Z	TXS2S□-L-6V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-6V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-6V-Z
	9V DC	TXS2S□-9V-Z	TXS2S□-L-9V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-9V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-9V-Z
	12V DC	TXS2S□-12V-Z	TXS2S□-L-12V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-12V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-12V-Z
	24V DC	TXS2S□-24V-Z	TXS2S□-L-24V-Z	TXS2S□-L2-24V-Z	TXS2S□-LT-24V-Z

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Notes: 1. Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available.

2. Please add "-1" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load). (Ex. TXS2SA-1.5V-1-Z)

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	33.3mA	45Ω	50mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			16.7mA	180Ω		
4.5V DC			11.1mA	405Ω		
6V DC			8.3mA	720Ω		
9V DC			5.6mA	1,620Ω		
12V DC			4.2mA	2,880Ω		
24V DC			2.9mA	8,229Ω	70mW	

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	23.3mA	64.3Ω	35mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			11.7mA	257Ω		
4.5V DC			7.8mA	579Ω		
6V DC			5.8mA	1,029Ω		
9V DC			3.9mA	2,314Ω		
12V DC			2.9mA	4,114Ω		
24V DC			2.1mA	11,520Ω	50mW	

3) 2 coil latching (L2, LT)

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
1.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	46.7mA	46.7mA	32.1Ω	32.1Ω	70mW	70mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			23.3mA	23.3mA	129Ω	129Ω			
4.5V DC			15.6mA	15.6mA	289Ω	289Ω			
6V DC			11.7mA	11.7mA	514Ω	514Ω			
9V DC			7.8mA	7.8mA	1,157Ω	1,157Ω			
12V DC			5.8mA	5.8mA	2,057Ω	2,057Ω			
24V DC			6.3mA	6.3mA	3,840Ω	3,840Ω	150mW	150mW	

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1986)

2. Specifications

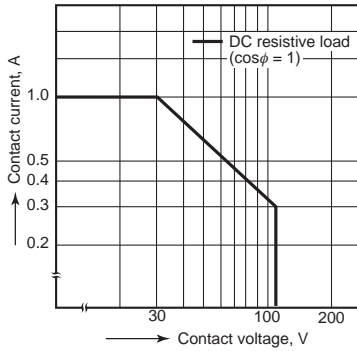
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Standard contact: Ag+Au clad, AgPd contact (low level load): AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		1 A 30 V DC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		30 W (DC) (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		110V DC
	Max. switching current		1 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		10μA 10mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	50 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 70 mW (24 V DC)
		1 coil latching	35 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 50 mW (24 V DC)
2 coil latching		70 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 150 mW (24 V DC)	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Initial breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,800 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)
		Between contacts and coil	2,500 V (2×10μs) (Telcordia)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 1A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms [Max. 5 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms [Max. 5 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 2×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +70°C −40°F to +158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 2 g .071 oz

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. (AgPd contact type is available for low level load switching [10V DC, 10mA max. level].)

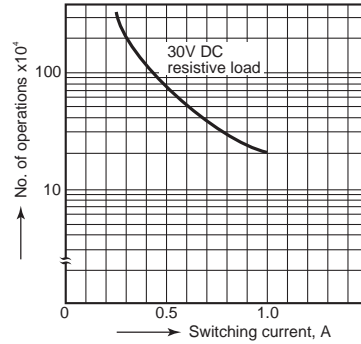
*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching capacity

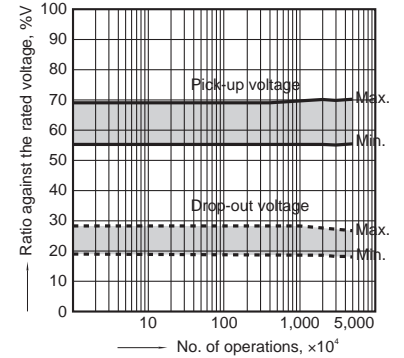


2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life

Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 10 pcs.
Operating speed: 180 times/min.

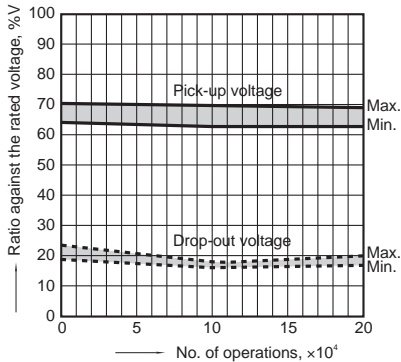


4. Electrical life (1 A 30 V DC resistive load)

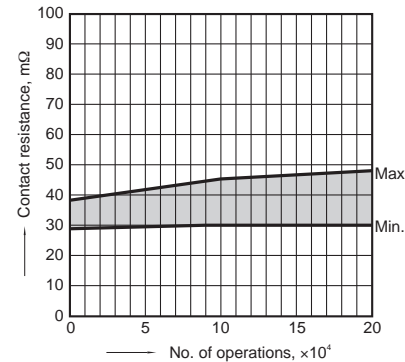
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.

Operating speed: 20 times/min.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

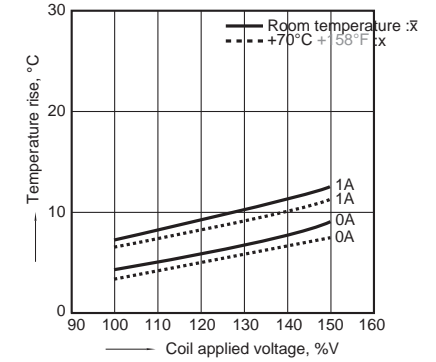


5-(1). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.

Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 70°C 158°F

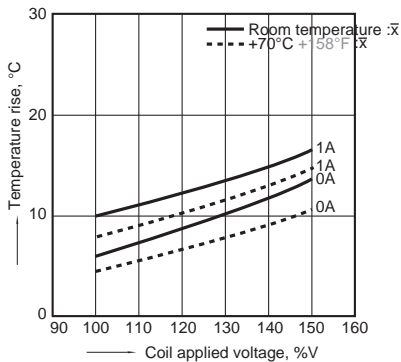


5-(2). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TXS2-24V, 6 pcs.

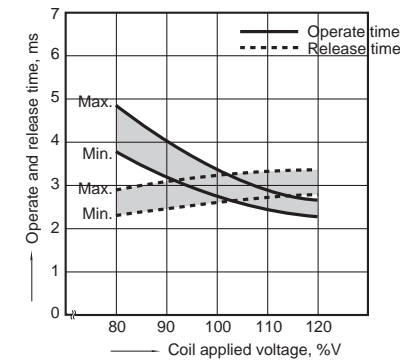
Point measured: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 70°C 158°F



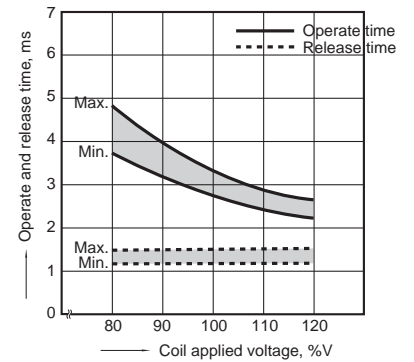
6-(1). Operate and release time (with diode)

Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 10 pcs.



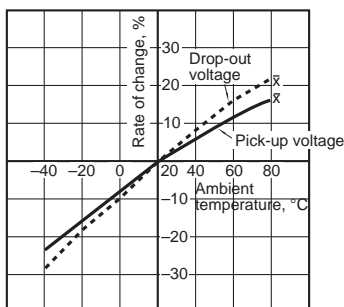
6-(2). Operate and release time (without diode)

Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 10 pcs.



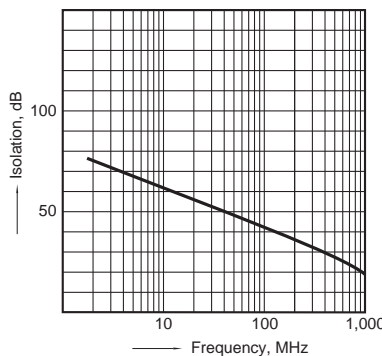
7. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 5 pcs.



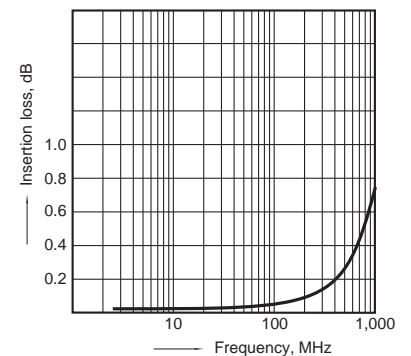
8-(1). High frequency characteristics (Isolation)

Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 2 pcs.

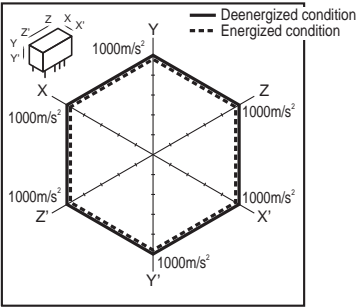


8-(2). High frequency characteristics (Insertion loss)

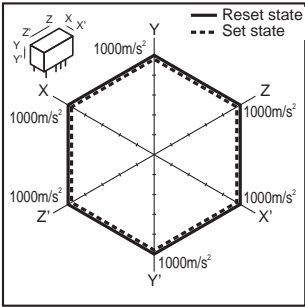
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 2 pcs.



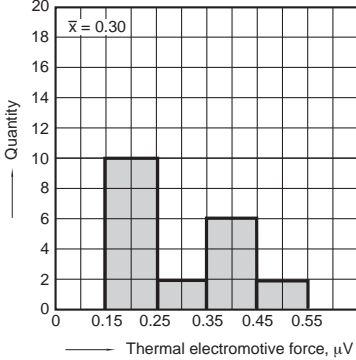
9-(1). Malfunctional shock (single side stable)
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



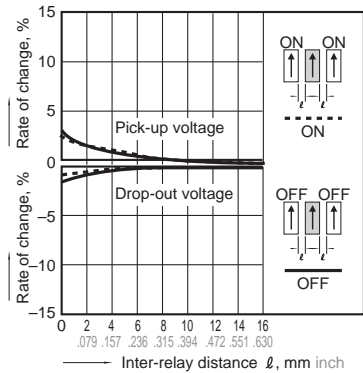
9-(2). Malfunctional shock (latching)
Tested sample: TXS2-L2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



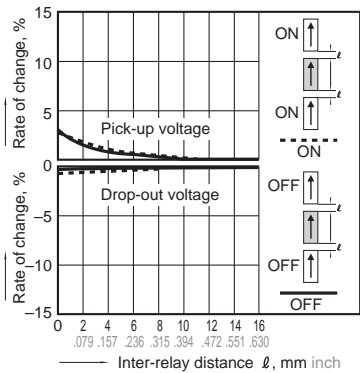
10. Thermal electromotive force
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



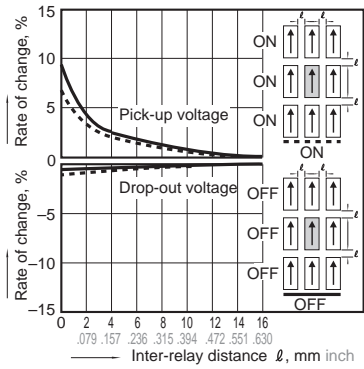
11-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



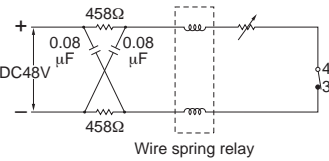
11-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



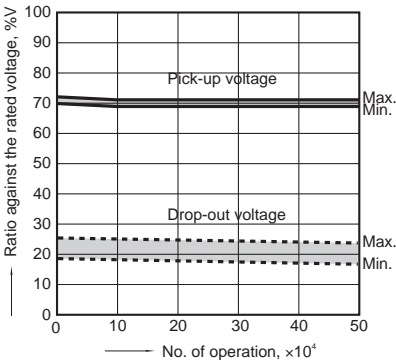
11-(3). Influence of adjacent mounting
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



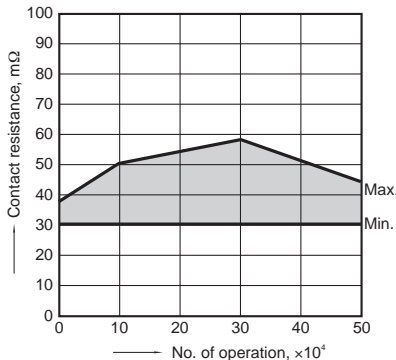
12. Pulse dialing test
(35 mA 48V DC wire spring relay load)
Tested sample: TXS2-4.5V, 6 pcs.



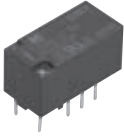
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



Note: Data of surface-mount type are the same as those of PC board terminal type.

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.**1. Standard PC board terminal****CAD Data**

Type	External dimensions (General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$)		PC board pattern (Bottom view) (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$)	
	Single side stable and 1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type (L2, LT)	Single side stable and 1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type (L2, LT)
Standard PC board terminal				

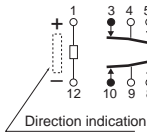
Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable

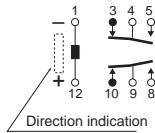
1 coil latching

2 coil latching (L2)

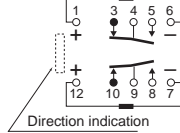
2 coil latching (LT)



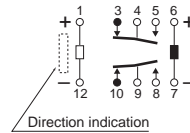
(Deenergized condition)



(Reset condition)



(Reset condition)



(Reset condition)

2. Surface-mount terminal**CAD Data**

Type	External dimensions (General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$)		Suggested mounting pad (Top view) (Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$)	
	Single side stable and 1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type (L2, LT)	Single side stable and 1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type (L2, LT)
SA type				
SS type				

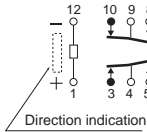
Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable

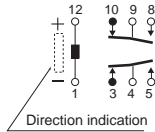
1 coil latching

2 coil latching (L2)

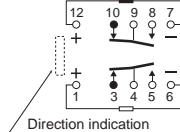
2 coil latching (LT)



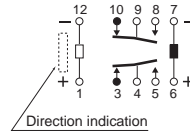
(Deenergized condition)



(Reset condition)



(Reset condition)

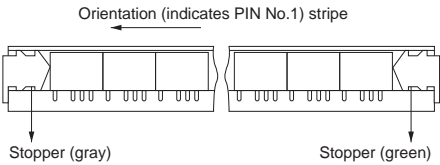


(Reset condition)

NOTES

1. Packing style

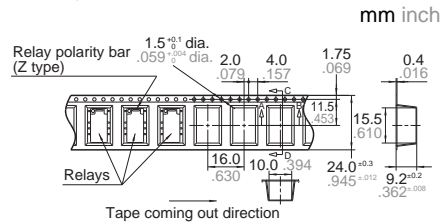
1) The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.



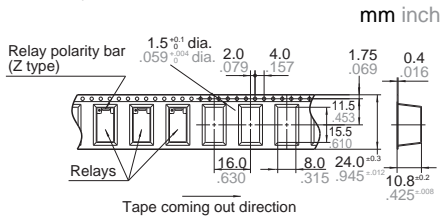
2) Tape and reel packing (surface-mount terminal type)

(1) Tape dimensions

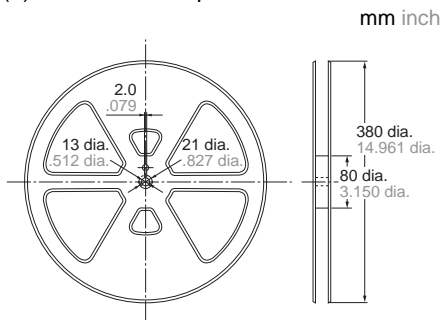
(i) SA type



(ii) SS type



(2) Dimensions of plastic reel



2. Automatic insertion

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

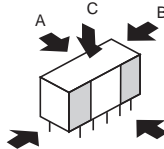
4.9 N {500gf} or less


Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kgf} or less

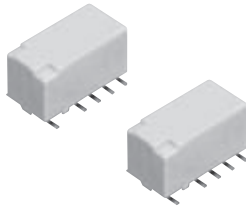


Please chuck the  portion.
Avoid chucking the center of the relay.
In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be avoided.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Small size, controlled 7.5 A inrush current possible

TX RELAYS TH types



FEATURES

- 1. Small size, controlled 7.5 A inrush current possible**
- 2. 2,000 V breakdown voltage between contact and coil**
The body block construction of the coil that is sealed at formation offers a high breakdown voltage of 2,000 V between contact and coil, and 1,000 V between open contacts.

- 3. Outstanding surge resistance**
Surge breakdown voltage between open contacts:
1,500 V 10×160 μsec. (FCC part 68)
Surge breakdown voltage between contact and coil:
2,500 V 2×10 μsec. (Bellcore)
- 4. Nominal operating power: High sensitivity of 140 mW**
By using the highly efficient polar magnetic circuit "seesaw balance mechanism", a nominal operating power of 140 mW (minimum operating power of 79 mW) has been achieved.
- 5. High contact capacity: 2 A 30 V DC**
- 6. Compact size**
15.0(L) × 7.4(W) × 8.2(H)
.591(L) × .291(W) × .323(H)
- 7. Outstanding vibration and shock resistance**
Functional shock resistance: 750 m/s²
Destructive shock resistance:
1,000 m/s²
Functional vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 3.3 mm .130 inch)
Destructive vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 5 mm .197 inch)

- 8. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.**
- 9. A range of surface-mount types is also available**
SA: Low-profile surface-mount terminal type
SS: Space saving surface-mount terminal type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Air-conditioning control (solenoid load)**
- 2. Others, High-capacity control etc.**

ORDERING INFORMATION

Contact arrangement
2: 2 Form C

Surface-mount availability
Nil: Standard PC board terminal type
SA: SA type
SS: SS type

Operating function
Nil: Single side stable
L: 1 coil latching
L2: 2 coil latching
LT: 2 coil latching

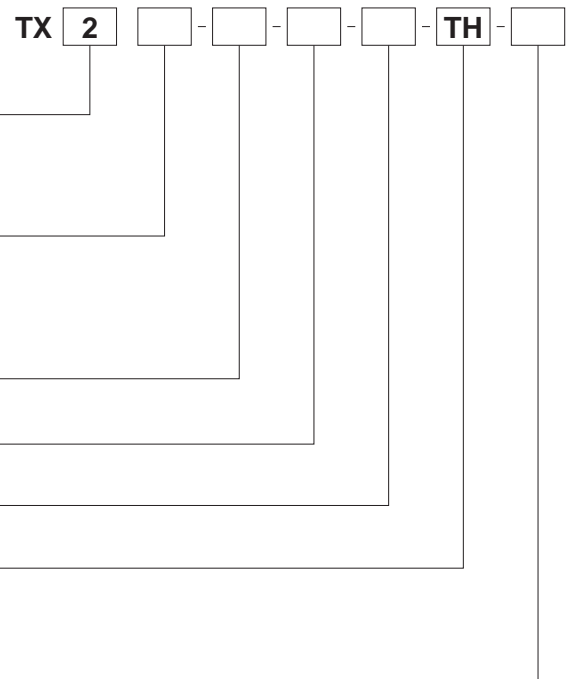
Terminal shape
Nil: Standard PC board terminal or surface-mount terminal

Nominal coil voltage (DC)*
1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V

Contact material
TH: Power type (Ag+Au clad/stationary, movable)

Packing style
Nil: Tube packing
X: Tape and reel (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side)
Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side)

Notes: 1. *48 V coil type: Single side stable only
2. In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.



TYPES

1. Standard PC board terminal

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TX2-1.5V-TH	TX2-L-1.5V-TH	TX2-L2-1.5V-TH	TX2-LT-1.5V-TH
	3V DC	TX2-3V-TH	TX2-L-3V-TH	TX2-L2-3V-TH	TX2-LT-3V-TH
	4.5V DC	TX2-4.5V-TH	TX2-L-4.5V-TH	TX2-L2-4.5V-TH	TX2-LT-4.5V-TH
	5V DC	TX2-5V-TH	TX2-L-5V-TH	TX2-L2-5V-TH	TX2-LT-5V-TH
	6V DC	TX2-6V-TH	TX2-L-6V-TH	TX2-L2-6V-TH	TX2-LT-6V-TH
	9V DC	TX2-9V-TH	TX2-L-9V-TH	TX2-L2-9V-TH	TX2-LT-9V-TH
	12V DC	TX2-12V-TH	TX2-L-12V-TH	TX2-L2-12V-TH	TX2-LT-12V-TH
	24V DC	TX2-24V-TH	TX2-L-24V-TH	TX2-L2-24V-TH	TX2-LT-24V-TH
	48V DC	TX2-48V-TH	—	—	—

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2. Surface-mount terminal

1) Tube packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2c	1.5V DC	TX2S□-1.5V-TH	TX2S□-L-1.5V-TH	TX2S□-L2-1.5V-TH	TX2S□-LT-1.5V-TH
	3V DC	TX2S□-3V-TH	TX2S□-L-3V-TH	TX2S□-L2-3V-TH	TX2S□-LT-3V-TH
	4.5V DC	TX2S□-4.5V-TH	TX2S□-L-4.5V-TH	TX2S□-L2-4.5V-TH	TX2S□-LT-4.5V-TH
	5V DC	TX2S□-5V-TH	TX2S□-L-5V-TH	TX2S□-L2-5V-TH	TX2S□-LT-5V-TH
	6V DC	TX2S□-6V-TH	TX2S□-L-6V-TH	TX2S□-L2-6V-TH	TX2S□-LT-6V-TH
	9V DC	TX2S□-9V-TH	TX2S□-L-9V-TH	TX2S□-L2-9V-TH	TX2S□-LT-9V-TH
	12V DC	TX2S□-12V-TH	TX2S□-L-12V-TH	TX2S□-L2-12V-TH	TX2S□-LT-12V-TH
	24V DC	TX2S□-24V-TH	TX2S□-L-24V-TH	TX2S□-L2-24V-TH	TX2S□-LT-24V-TH
	48V DC	TX2S□-48V-TH	—	—	—

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2) Tape and reel packing

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching (L2)	2 coil latching (LT)
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	1.5V DC	TX2S□-1.5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-1.5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-1.5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-1.5V-TH-Z
	3V DC	TX2S□-3V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-3V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-3V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-3V-TH-Z
	4.5V DC	TX2S□-4.5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-4.5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-4.5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-4.5V-TH-Z
	5V DC	TX2S□-5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-5V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-5V-TH-Z
	6V DC	TX2S□-6V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-6V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-6V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-6V-TH-Z
	9V DC	TX2S□-9V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-9V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-9V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-9V-TH-Z
	12V DC	TX2S□-12V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-12V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-12V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-12V-TH-Z
	24V DC	TX2S□-24V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L-24V-TH-Z	TX2S□-L2-24V-TH-Z	TX2S□-LT-24V-TH-Z
	48V DC	TX2S□-48V-TH-Z	—	—	—

□: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. SA type: A, SS type: S

Standard packing: Tape and reel: 500 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

Note: Tape and reel packing symbol “-Z” is not marked on the relay. “X” type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	16Ω	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	64.3Ω		
4.5V DC			31mA	145Ω		
5V DC			28.1mA	178Ω		
6V DC			23.3mA	257Ω		
9V DC			15.5mA	579Ω		
12V DC			11.7mA	1,028Ω		
24V DC			5.8mA	4,114Ω		
48V DC			5.6mA	8,533Ω	270mW	120%V of nominal voltage

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	66.7mA	22.5Ω	100mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.2mA	202.5Ω		
5V DC			20mA	250Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			4.2mA	5,760Ω		

3) 2 coil latching (L2, LT)

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
1.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	93.8mA	93.8mA	16Ω	16Ω	140mW	140mW	150%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			46.7mA	46.7mA	64.3Ω	64.3Ω			
4.5V DC			31mA	31mA	145Ω	145Ω			
5V DC			28.1mA	28.1mA	178Ω	178Ω			
6V DC			23.3mA	23.3mA	257Ω	257Ω			
9V DC			15.5mA	15.5mA	579Ω	579Ω			
12V DC			11.7mA	11.7mA	1,028Ω	1,028Ω			
24V DC			5.8mA	5.8mA	4,114Ω	4,114Ω			

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1986)

2. Specifications

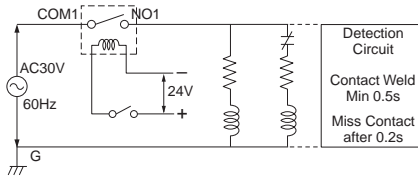
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag+Au plating
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		2 A 30 V DC, 0.5 A 125 V AC (resistive load)
	Max. switching power		60 W, 60 VA (resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		220V DC, 250V AC
	Max. switching current		7.5 A (When used at 7.5 A. Regarding connection method, you must follow the precaution, below*.)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value) ^{*1}		10μA 10mV DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	140 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC), 270 mW (48 V DC)
		1 coil latching	100 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC)
		2 coil latching	140 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC)
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 2A.)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160μs) (FCC Part 68)
		Between contacts and coil	2,500 V (2×10μs) (Telcordia)
Mechanical characteristics	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 750 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁸ (at 180 times/min.)
Expected life	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (2 A 30 V DC resistive), 5×10 ⁵ (1 A 30 V DC resistive), Min. 10 ⁵ (0.5 A 125 V AC resistive) (at 20 times/min.) Min. 2×10 ⁵ (7.5 A inrush (250 ms)/1.5 A normal 30 V AC (cosφ = 0.4)) (ON/OFF = 1s/9s)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{*2}		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C (up to 24 V coil) -40°F to +185°F [-40°C to +70°C (48 V coil) -40°F to +158°F]; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 2 g .071 oz

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

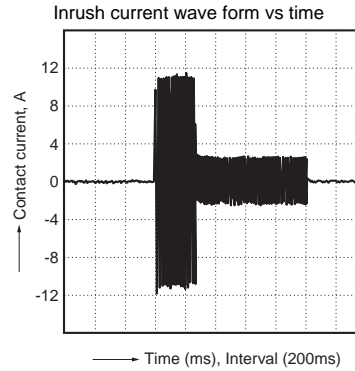
*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Electrical life (2×10^5 operation is possible)
 Tested sample: TX2SA-24V-TH, 6 pcs.
 Switching frequency: ON:OFF = 1s:9s
 Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F
 Circuit



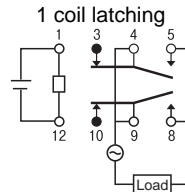
Condition: 30 V AC
 Inrush current 7.5 A (execution value),
 inrush time 250 ms
 Normal current 1.5 A (execution value),
 (inductive load $\cos\phi = 0.4$)



*Precaution

When using at 7.5 A, connection of NO (pin #5 and #8) and COM (pin #4 and #9) in the circuit is required.

Pin layout and schematic (BOTTOM VIEW)



For general REFERENCE DATA, DIMENSIONS and NOTES, please refer to the TX Relay (page 89).

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Polarized Power Relays



**Compliant with
European standards
1a1b 16A/10A/8A polarized
power relays**

DE RELAYS

FEATURES

- 1. Conforms to European safety standards (VDE0700 and VDE0631)**
Insulating distance between coil and contacts:
Clearance Min. 8mm .315 inch
Creepage distance Min. 8mm .315 inch
- 2. Extensive product line-up**
- 3. Surge voltage between contact and coil 12 kV**
- Low operating power**
Nominal operating power at 200 mW
(Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
- 4. Compact body saves space**
Size: 12.5(W) × 25.0(L) × 12.5(H) mm
.492(W) × .984(L) × .492(H) inch
- 5. UL/CSA, VDE approved**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Temperature controller
- Automatic meter reading
- OA equipment
- FA equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

DE - -

Contact arrangement

1a: 1 Form A

2a: 2 Form A

1a1b: 1 Form A 1 Form B

Operating function

Nil: Single side stable

L: 1 coil latching

L2: 2 coil latching

Coil voltage (V DC)

1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48* (*single side stable only)

Note: UL/CSA, VDE approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	1.5V DC	DE1A1,5	DE1A-L-1,5V	DE1AL21,5
	3V DC	DE1A3	DE1AL3	DE1AL23
	4.5V DC	DE1A4,5	DE1AL4,5	DE1AL24,5
	5V DC	DE1A5	DE1AL5	DE1AL25
	6V DC	DE1A6	DE1AL6	DE1AL26
	9V DC	DE1A9	DE1AL9	DE1AL29
	12V DC	DE1A12	DE1AL12	DE1AL212
	24V DC	DE1A24	DE1AL24	DE1AL224
1 Form A 1 Form B	48V DC	DE1A48	DE1AL48	—
	1.5V DC	DE1A1B1,5	DE1A1BL1,5	DE1A1B-L2-1,5V
	3V DC	DE1A1B3	DE1A1BL3	DE1A1BL23
	4.5V DC	DE1A1B4,5	DE1A1BL4,5	DE1A1BL24,5
	5V DC	DE1A1B5	DE1A1BL5	DE1A1BL25
	6V DC	DE1A1B6	DE1A1BL6	DE1A1BL26
	9V DC	DE1A1B9	DE1A1BL9	DE1A1BL29
	12V DC	DE1A1B12	DE1A1BL12	DE1A1BL212
2 Form A	24V DC	DE1A1B24	DE1A1BL24	DE1A1BL224
	48V DC	DE1A1B48	DE1A1BL48	DE1A1BL218
	1.5V DC	DE2A-L-1,5V	DE2A-L-1,5V	DE2A-L2-1,5V
	3V DC	DE2A3	DE2AL3	DE2AL23
	4.5V DC	DE2A4,5	DE2AL4,5	DE2A-L2-4,5V
	5V DC	DE2A5	DE2AL5	DE2AL25
	6V DC	DE2A6	DE2A-L-6V	DE2AL26
	9V DC	DE2A	DE2AL9	DE2AL29
	12V DC	DE2A12	DE2AL12	DE2AL212
	18V DC	DE2A18	DE2AL18	DE2AL218
	24V DC	DE2A24	DE2AL24	DE2AL224
	48V DC	DE2A48	DE2AL48	DE2AL248

Standard packing: Tube package: 20 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	132.7mA	11.3Ω	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			66.6mA	45Ω		
4.5V DC			44.5mA	101Ω		
5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.6mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		
48V DC			4.2mA	11,520Ω		

2) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.6mA	22.5Ω	100mW	130%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			33.3mA	90Ω		
4.5V DC			22.3mA	202Ω		
5V DC			20mA	250Ω		
6V DC			16.7mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	812Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			4.2mA	5,760Ω		

DE (ADE)

3) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
1.5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.6mA	66.6mA	11.3Ω	11.3Ω	200mW	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
3V DC			66.6mA	66.6mA	45Ω	45Ω			
4.5V DC			44.5mA	44.5mA	101Ω	101Ω			
5V DC			40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω			
6V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω			
9V DC			22.2mA	22.2mA	405Ω	405Ω			
12V DC			16.6mA	16.6mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω			

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B	2 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10A 250V AC, 10A 30V DC	8A 250V AC, 8A 30V DC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,500VA*4, 300W	2,000VA*4, 240W	
	Max. switching voltage		440V AC, 230V DC	440V AC, 230V DC	
	Max. switching current		10A (16A)*4	8A (16A)*4	
	Nominal operating power		Single side stable, 2 coil latching: 200mW; 1 coil latching: 100mW		
	Min. switching capacity*1		100mA 5V DC		
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.		
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
		Between contact sets	—	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		12,000 V		
	Temperature rise (coil) (at 70°C 158°F)		Max. 50°C 122°F (By resistive method)		
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (typ. 5ms) Max. 10 ms (typ. 4ms) (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)		
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms (typ. 2ms) Max. 10 ms (typ. 4ms) (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm		
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 300 times/min.)		
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (resistive load, at 20 times/min., at nominal switching capacity)		Min. 10 ⁵ (resistive load, at 20 times/min., at AC nominal switching capacity) Min. 5×10 ⁴ (resistive load, at 20 times/min., at DC nominal switching capacity)
	Electrical (16A/230V AC resistive)*4		25000	2000	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)		
Unit weight			Approx. 7 g .25 oz		

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

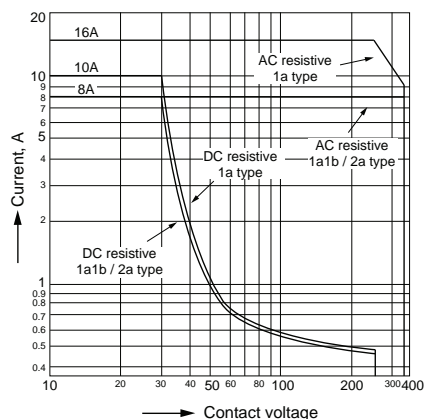
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

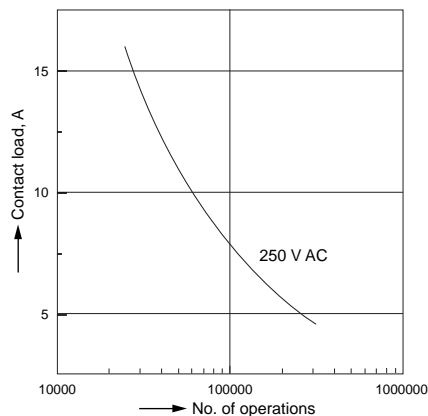
*4. 16A possible for one contact set only with max. 4000VA switching power.

REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching power



2. Life curve

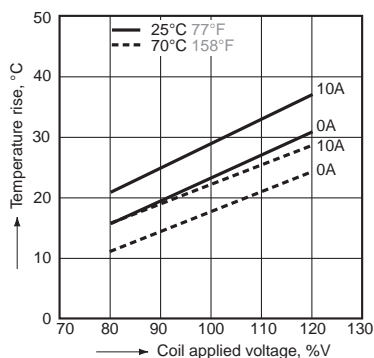


3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADE109

Quantity: n=6

Ambient temperature: 25°C to 70°C 77°F to 158°F

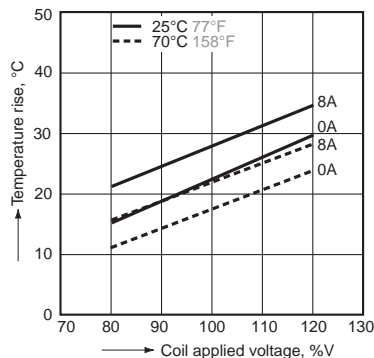


3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADE309

Quantity: n=6

Ambient temperature: 25°C to 70°C 77°F to 158°F

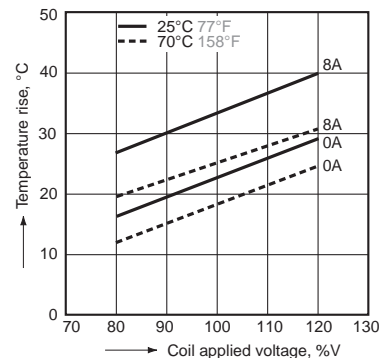


3.-(3) Coil temperature rise (2 Form A)

Tested sample: ADE209

Quantity: n=6

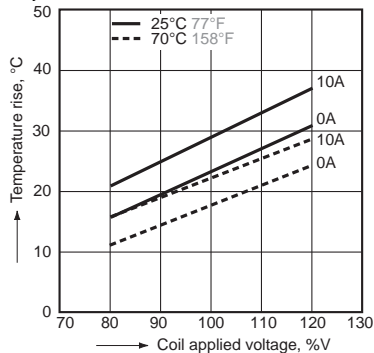
Ambient temperature: 25°C to 70°C 77°F to 158°F



4-1. Operate/release time (1 Form A)

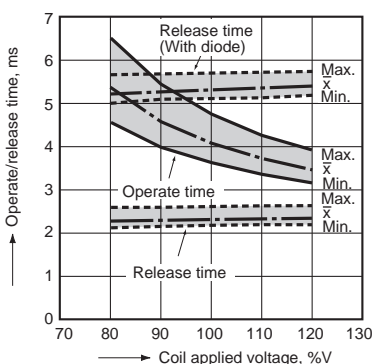
Tested sample: DE1a-5V

Quantity: n=5



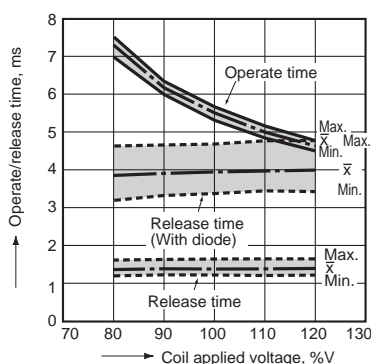
4-2. Operate/release time (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DE1a1b-5V, Quantity: n=5



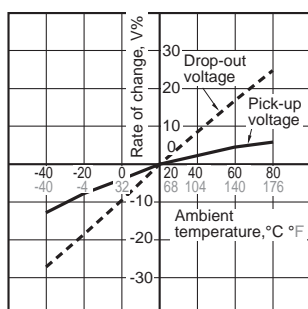
4-3. Operate/release time (2 Form A)

Tested sample: DE2a-5V, Quantity: n=5



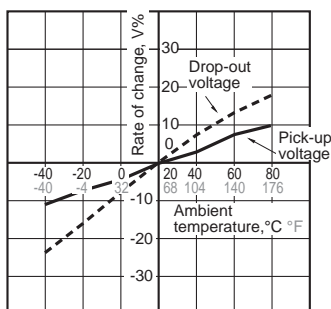
5-1. Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A)

Tested sample: DE1a-5V, Ambient temperature: -40°C to 80°C -40°F to 176°F, Quantity: n=6



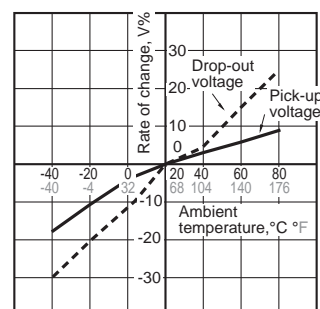
5-2. Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DE1a1b-5V, Ambient temperature: -40°C to 80°C -40°F to 176°F, Quantity: n=6

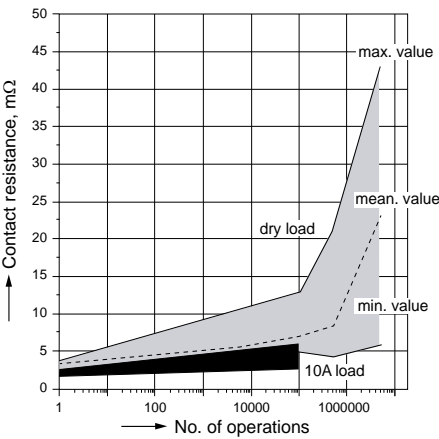


5-3. Ambient temperature characteristics (2 Form A)

Tested sample: DE2a-5V, Ambient temperature: -40°C to 80°C -40°F to 176°F, Quantity: n=6



6. Change of contact resistance



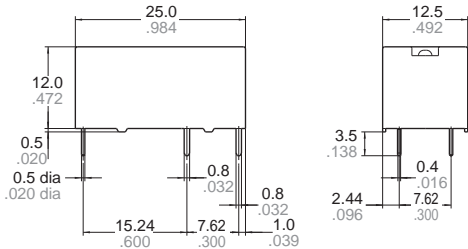
DIMENSIONS(mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

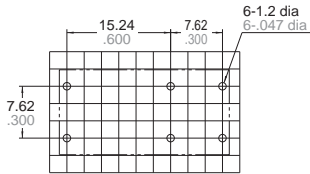
CAD Data



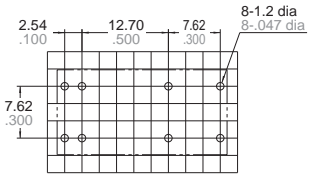
Single side stable
1 coil latching type



Single side stable
1 coil latching type



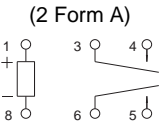
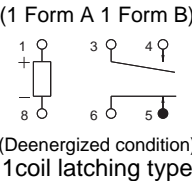
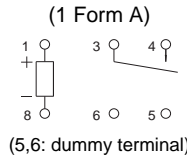
2 coil latching type



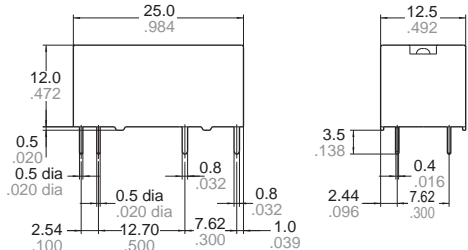
Tolerance : $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable
(1 Form A 1 Form B)



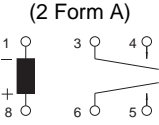
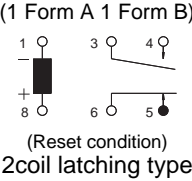
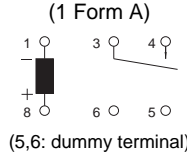
2 coil latching type



Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

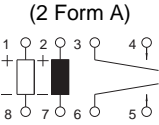
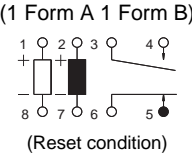
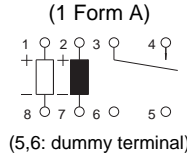
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Single side stable
(1 Form A 1 Form B)



2coil latching type

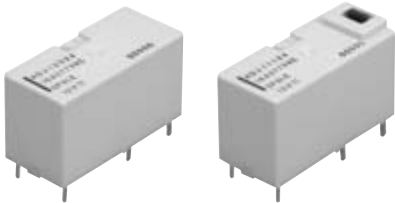
(1 Form A 1 Form B)



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	E120782	PILOT DUTY B300 R300	LR85932	PILOT DUTY B300 R300	115944	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
1 Form A 1 Form B	E120782	PILOT DUTY B300 R300	LR85932	PILOT DUTY B300 R300	115944	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
2 Form A	E120782	PILOT DUTY B300 R300	LR85932	PILOT DUTY B300 R300	115944	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



Without test button With test button

FEATURES

1. Variety of contact arrangements

Wide lineup of 1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B, 2 Form C, 2 Form A, 2 Form B, 1 Form A 1 Form B.

2. Latching operation

Latching via a polarized magnetic circuit structure allows remote operation and lower energy consumption

3. Compact with high capacity

16A (1-pole type) contact rating in a compact 29×13×16.5 mm (L×W×H) size.

4. Low power consumption

1 coil latching: 150mW
2 coil latching, single side stable: 250mW

5. High insulation

Both clearance and creepage distance between coil and contact are at 8 mm min.

6. With operation verification function

A test button (manual lever) type to facilitate circuit checks is also available (1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B types only).

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. FA equipment (brake circuits of industrial machine and robots, etc.)
2. Electric power devices (remote surveillance devices, etc.)
3. Household appliance networks (Motor control and lighting control, etc.)
4. Time switches

Polarized Power

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ADJ	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<p>Contact arrangement</p> <p>1: 1 Form C</p> <p>2: 1 Form A</p> <p>3: 1 Form B</p> <p>4: 1 Form A 1 Form B</p> <p>5: 2 Form C</p> <p>6: 2 Form A</p> <p>7: 2 Form B</p>						
<p>Operating function and protective construction</p> <p>1: 1 coil latching, Flux-resistant type</p> <p>2: 1 coil latching, Sealed type</p> <p>3: 2 coil latching, Flux-resistant type</p> <p>4: 2 coil latching, Sealed type</p> <p>5: Single side stable, Flux-resistant type</p> <p>6: Single side stable, Sealed type</p>						
<p>Auxiliary function</p> <p>0: Without a test button</p> <p>1: With a test button</p>						
<p>Coil voltage (DC)</p> <p>05: 5 V, 06: 6 V, 12: 12 V, 24: 24 V, 48: 48 V</p>						

DJ (ADJ)

TYPES

1. Without a test button

1) Flux-resistant type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
1 Form C	5V DC	ADJ15005	ADJ11005	ADJ13005
	6V DC	ADJ15006	ADJ11006	ADJ13006
	12V DC	ADJ15012	ADJ11012	ADJ13012
	24V DC	ADJ15024	ADJ11024	ADJ13024
	48V DC	ADJ15048	ADJ11048	ADJ13048
1 Form A	5V DC	ADJ25005	ADJ21005	ADJ23005
	6V DC	ADJ25006	ADJ21006	ADJ23006
	12V DC	ADJ25012	ADJ21012	ADJ23012
	24V DC	ADJ25024	ADJ21024	ADJ23024
	48V DC	ADJ25048	ADJ21048	ADJ23048
1 Form B	5V DC	ADJ35005	Please use 1 Form A.	Please use 1 Form A.
	6V DC	ADJ35006		
	12V DC	ADJ35012		
	24V DC	ADJ35024		
	48V DC	ADJ35048		
1 Form A 1 Form B	5V DC	ADJ45005	ADJ41005	ADJ43005
	6V DC	ADJ45006	ADJ41006	ADJ43006
	12V DC	ADJ45012	ADJ41012	ADJ43012
	24V DC	ADJ45024	ADJ41024	ADJ43024
	48V DC	ADJ45048	ADJ41048	ADJ43048
2 Form C	5V DC	ADJ55005	ADJ51005	ADJ53005
	6V DC	ADJ55006	ADJ51006	ADJ53006
	12V DC	ADJ55012	ADJ51012	ADJ53012
	24V DC	ADJ55024	ADJ51024	ADJ53024
	48V DC	ADJ55048	ADJ51048	ADJ53048
2 Form A	5V DC	ADJ65005	ADJ61005	ADJ63005
	6V DC	ADJ65006	ADJ61006	ADJ63006
	12V DC	ADJ65012	ADJ61012	ADJ63012
	24V DC	ADJ65024	ADJ61024	ADJ63024
	48V DC	ADJ65048	ADJ61048	ADJ63048
2 Form B	5V DC	ADJ75005	Please use 2 Form A.	Please use 2 Form A.
	6V DC	ADJ75006		
	12V DC	ADJ75012		
	24V DC	ADJ75024		
	48V DC	ADJ75048		

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

2) Sealed type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
1 Form C	5V DC	ADJ16005	ADJ12005	ADJ14005
	6V DC	ADJ16006	ADJ12006	ADJ14006
	12V DC	ADJ16012	ADJ12012	ADJ14012
	24V DC	ADJ16024	ADJ12024	ADJ14024
	48V DC	ADJ16048	ADJ12048	ADJ14048
1 Form A	5V DC	ADJ26005	ADJ22005	ADJ24005
	6V DC	ADJ26006	ADJ22006	ADJ24006
	12V DC	ADJ26012	ADJ22012	ADJ24012
	24V DC	ADJ26024	ADJ22024	ADJ24024
	48V DC	ADJ26048	ADJ22048	ADJ24048
1 Form B	5V DC	ADJ36005	Please use 1 Form A.	Please use 1 Form A.
	6V DC	ADJ36006		
	12V DC	ADJ36012		
	24V DC	ADJ36024		
	48V DC	ADJ36048		
1 Form A 1 Form B	5V DC	ADJ46005	ADJ42005	ADJ44005
	6V DC	ADJ46006	ADJ42006	ADJ44006
	12V DC	ADJ46012	ADJ42012	ADJ44012
	24V DC	ADJ46024	ADJ42024	ADJ44024
	48V DC	ADJ46048	ADJ42048	ADJ44048
2 Form C	5V DC	ADJ56005	ADJ52005	ADJ54005
	6V DC	ADJ56006	ADJ52006	ADJ54006
	12V DC	ADJ56012	ADJ52012	ADJ54012
	24V DC	ADJ56024	ADJ52024	ADJ54024
	48V DC	ADJ56048	ADJ52048	ADJ54048
2 Form A	5V DC	ADJ66005	ADJ62005	ADJ64005
	6V DC	ADJ66006	ADJ62006	ADJ64006
	12V DC	ADJ66012	ADJ62012	ADJ64012
	24V DC	ADJ66024	ADJ62024	ADJ64024
	48V DC	ADJ66048	ADJ62048	ADJ64048
2 Form B	5V DC	ADJ76005	Please use 2 Form A.	Please use 2 Form A.
	6V DC	ADJ76006		
	12V DC	ADJ76012		
	24V DC	ADJ76024		
	48V DC	ADJ76048		

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

2. With a test button

Flux-resistant type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
1 Form C	5V DC	ADJ15105	ADJ11105	ADJ13105
	6V DC	ADJ15106	ADJ11106	ADJ13106
	12V DC	ADJ15112	ADJ11112	ADJ13112
	24V DC	ADJ15124	ADJ11124	ADJ13124
	48V DC	ADJ15148	ADJ11148	ADJ13148
1 Form A	5V DC	ADJ25105	ADJ21105	ADJ23105
	6V DC	ADJ25106	ADJ21106	ADJ23106
	12V DC	ADJ25112	ADJ21112	ADJ23112
	24V DC	ADJ25124	ADJ21124	ADJ23124
	48V DC	ADJ25148	ADJ21148	ADJ23148
1 Form B	5V DC	ADJ35105	Please use 1 Form A.	Please use 1 Form A.
	6V DC	ADJ35106		
	12V DC	ADJ35112		
	24V DC	ADJ35124		
	48V DC	ADJ35148		

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	100Ω	250mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			144Ω		
12V DC			576Ω		
24V DC			2,304Ω		
48V DC			9,216Ω		

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	167Ω	150mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			240Ω		
12V DC			960Ω		
24V DC			3,840Ω		
48V DC			15,360Ω		

3) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	100Ω	250mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			144Ω		
12V DC			576Ω		
24V DC			2,304Ω		
48V DC			9,216Ω		

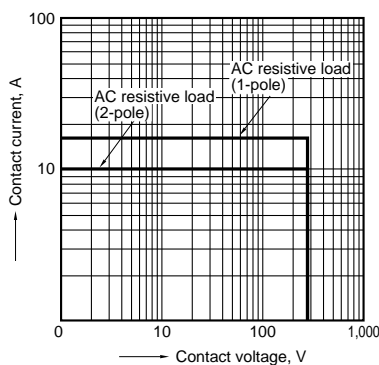
2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B, 1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form C, 2 Form A, 2 Form B
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type (1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B), Au-flashed AgSnO ₂ type (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form C, 2 Form A, 2 Form B)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		16 A 250V AC (1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B), 10 A 250V AC (2 Form C, 2 Form A, 2 Form B, 1 Form A 1 Form B)
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		4,000 V A
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC
	Max. switching current		16 A (1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B), 10 A (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form C, 2 Form A, 2 Form B)
	Nominal operating power		150mW (1 coil latching), 250mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5 V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Initial)	Between contact and coil	Min. 10,000 V
	Temperature rise (coil) (at 70°C 158°F)		Max. 55°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil, max. switching current.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms [20 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms [20 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical (Resistive load)*3 (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (at 16A 250V AC): 1 Form C, 1 Form A, 1 Form B Min. 10 ⁵ (at 10A 250V AC): 2 Form C, 2 Form A, 2 Form B, 1 Form A 1 Form B
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*4		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Unit weight			Approx. 14 g .49 oz

Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981
*3. In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib. For more details, please look at caution for NOTES on page 135.
*4. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

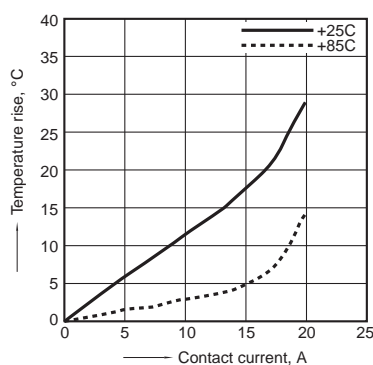
REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching capacity



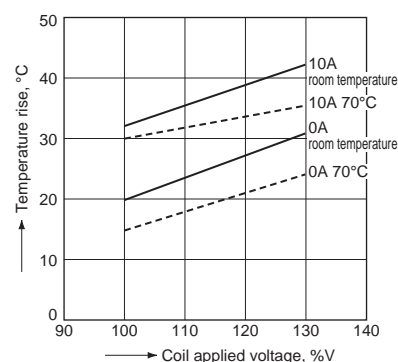
2. Temperature rise

Tested sample: ADJ12024, 6 pcs.
Coil applied voltage: 0%V, Contact current: 16 A, 20 A
Measured portion: Contact, Ambient temperature:
25°C 77°F, 85°C 185°F



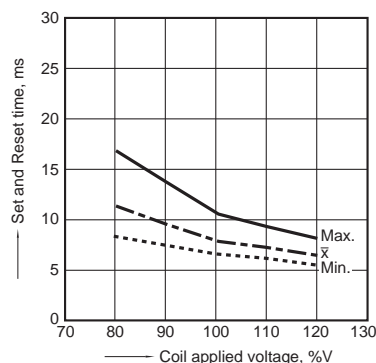
3. Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: ADJ56024, 6 pcs.
Coil applied voltage: 100%V, 130%V of rating
Contact current: 0 A, 10 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil, Ambient temperature: Room temperature, 70°C 158°F



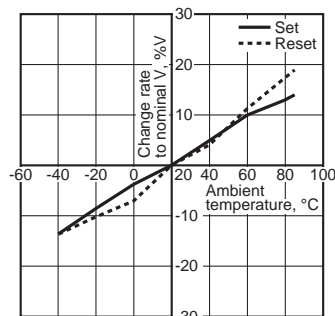
4. Set and Reset time

Tested sample: ADJ12024, 10 pcs
Coil applied voltage: 80%V, 100%V, 120%V of rating



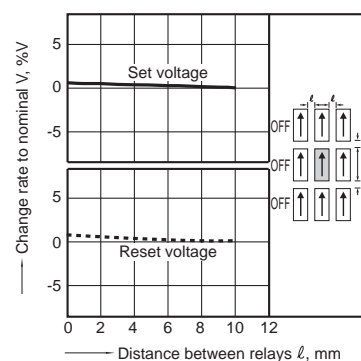
5. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: ADJ12024, 6 pcs
Ambient temperature: -40°C to 85°C -40°F to 185°F



6. Influence of adjacent mounting

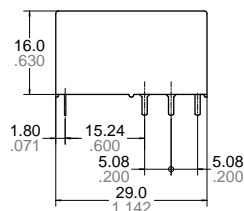
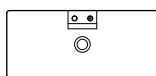
Tested sample: ADJ12024, 6 pcs
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



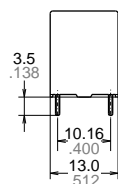
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. 1 Form C, without a test button

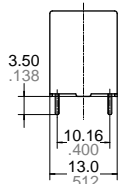
CAD Data External dimensions



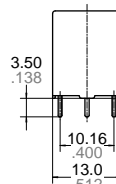
Single side stable type



1 coil latching type



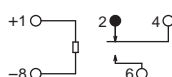
2 coil latching type



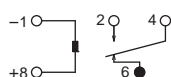
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

Schematic (Bottom view)

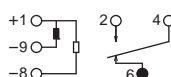
Single side stable type



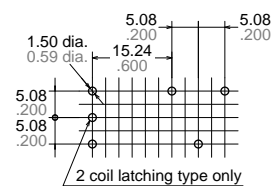
1 coil latching type



2 coil latching type



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

2. 1 Form C, with a test button

Technical drawing of a 1/2-13 UNF-2B hex nut. The drawing includes four views: a front view (left), a top view (top), and two side views (right and bottom-right). Dimensions are provided in inches (fractional) and millimeters (decimal).

Front View (Left):

- Overall height: 16.0 (.630)
- Top flange thickness: 6.3 (.248)
- Bottom flange thickness: 1.80 (.071)
- Distance from bottom flange to first thread: 15.24 (.600)
- Thread length: 5.08 (.200)
- Distance from thread to top of nut: 5.08 (.200)
- Overall width: 29.0 (1.142)

Top View (Top):

- Overall width: 9.0 (.354)
- Distance from center to edge: 3.5 (.138)
- Thread diameter: 10.16 (.400)
- Thread length: 13.0 (.512)

Side View (Right):

- Overall height: 18.2 (.717)
- Top flange thickness: 9.0 (.354)
- Bottom flange thickness: 3.5 (.138)
- Thread diameter: 10.16 (.400)
- Thread length: 13.0 (.512)

Side View (Bottom-Right):

- Overall height: 18.2 (.717)
- Top flange thickness: 9.0 (.354)
- Bottom flange thickness: 3.5 (.138)
- Thread diameter: 10.16 (.400)
- Thread length: 13.0 (.512)

Schematic (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

CAD Data External dimensions

A schematic diagram of a door lock assembly. It shows a rectangular door frame with a handle and a lock cylinder mounted on it. A latch bolt is shown extending from the handle into the door frame.

1 coil latching type
2 coil latching type

16.0
.630

1.80
.071

15.24
.600

5.08
.200

5.08
.200

29.0
1.142

10.16
.400

13.0
.512

3.5
.138

3.50
.138

3.50
.138

10.16
.400

10.16
.400

13.0
.512

13.0
.512

Single side stable type only

Schematic (Bottom view)

The diagram shows a circuit with three voltage sources on the left: +1V, -9V, and -8V. These are connected in series with a resistor on the right. A separate branch with a 2V source is shown to the right, connected to the top and bottom wires of the main circuit.

Single side stable type

1.50 dia.
0.59 dia.

20.32
.800

5.08
.200

10.16
.400

1.50 dia.
0.59 dia.

.200
.600

15.24
5.08
.200

2 coil latching type only

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

CAD Data External dimensions

1 coil latching type
2 coil latching type

6.3
.248

16.0
.630

18.2
.717

1.80
.071

15.24
.600

5.08
.200

5.08
.200

29.0
1.142

9.0
.354

3.5
.138

10.16
.400

13.0
.512

9.0
.354

3.5
.138

10.16
.400

13.0
.512

9.0
.354

3.5
.138

10.16
.400

13.0
.512

Single side stable type only

Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable type

Technical drawing showing dimensions for a 2 coil latching type lock assembly. The drawing includes two views of the lock assembly with dimensions in inches.

Left View Dimensions:

- Top left: 1.50 dia. (overall diameter), 0.59 dia. (inner diameter)
- Top center: 20.32 (overall length), .800 (spacing between coils)
- Top right: 5.08 (coil diameter), .200 (coil thickness)
- Bottom left: 10.16 (overall height), .400 (height of base)

Right View Dimensions:

- Top left: 1.50 dia. (overall diameter), 0.59 dia. (inner diameter)
- Top center: 15.24 (overall length), .600 (spacing between coils)
- Top right: 5.08 (coil diameter), .200 (coil thickness)
- Bottom left: 5.08 (coil diameter), .200 (coil thickness)

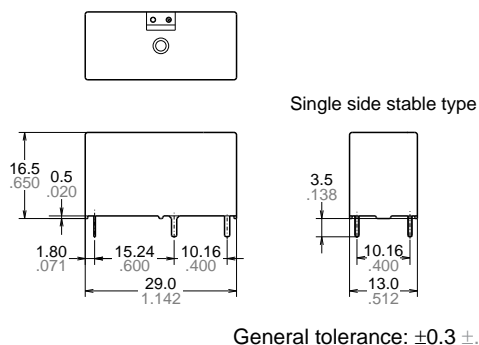
Notes:

- 2 coil latching type only

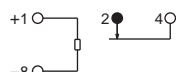
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

5. 1 Form B, without a test button

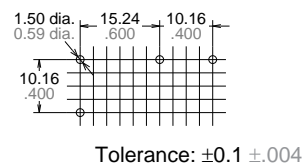
CAD Data External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)

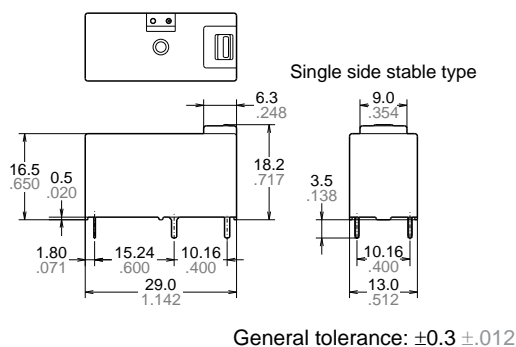


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

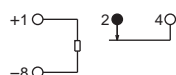


6. 1 Form B, with a test button

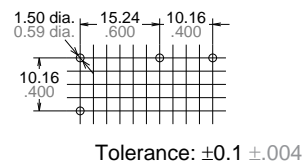
CAD Data External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)

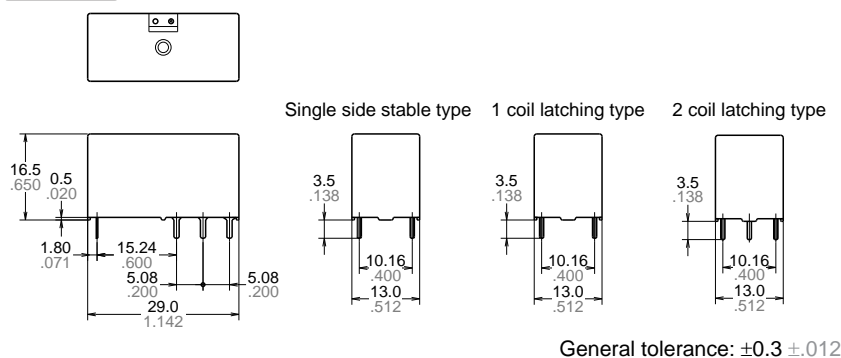


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

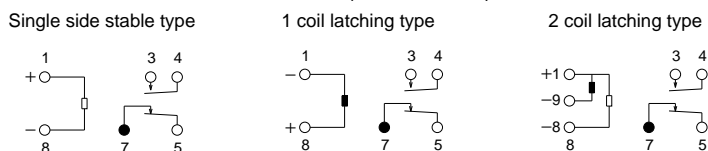


7. 1 Form A 1 Form B, without a test button

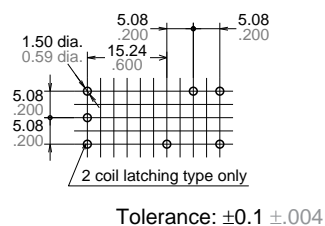
CAD Data External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)



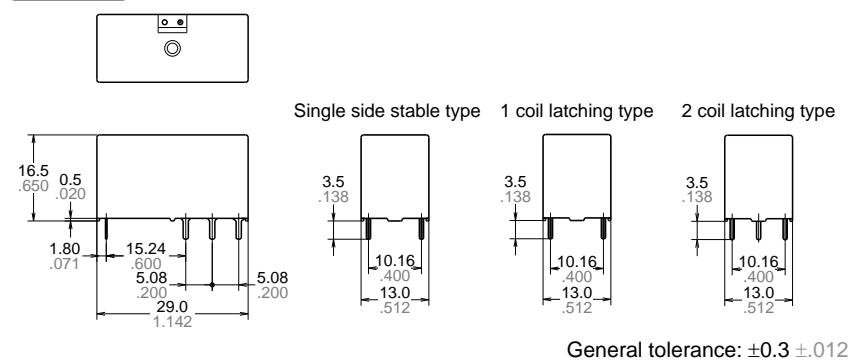
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



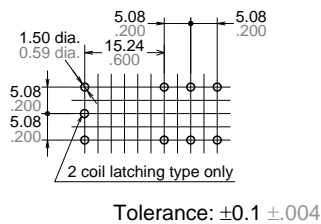
DJ (ADJ)

8. 2 Form C, without a test button

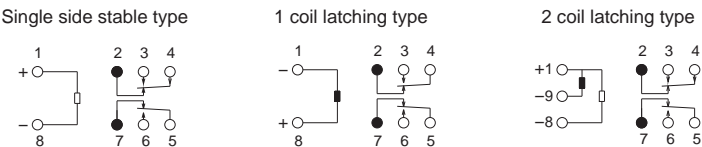
CAD Data External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

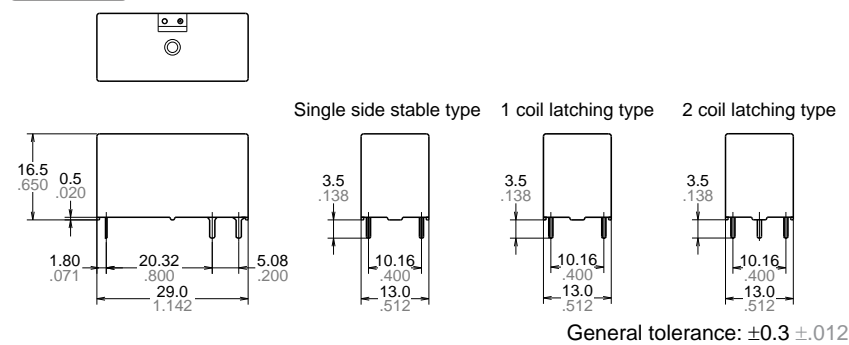


Schematic (Bottom view)

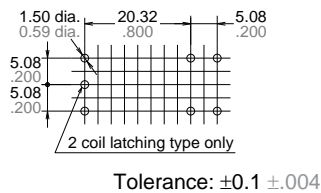


9. 2 Form A, without a test button

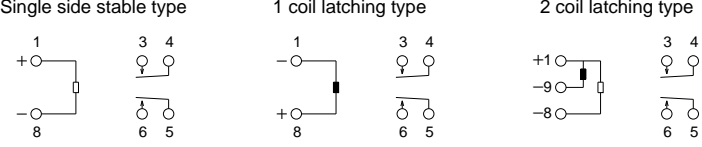
CAD Data External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

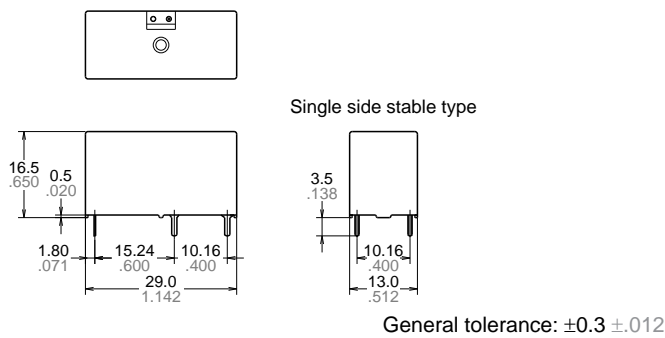


Schematic (Bottom view)

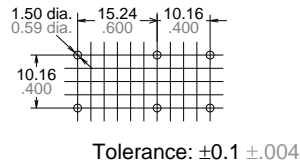


10. 2 Form B, without a test button

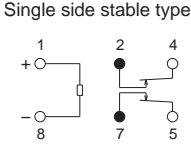
CAD Data External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

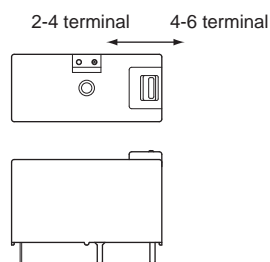
UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43149	16A 277V AC (1 pole), 10A 277V AC (2 poles)	40009736	AC 250V 16A (cosφ=1) (1 pole), AC 250V 10A (cosφ=1) (2 poles)

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

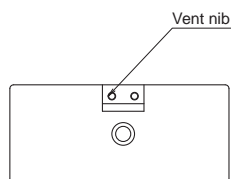
1. Test button (manual lever) operation

The relay contacts switch over as follows:



2. Electrical life (Sealed type)

In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib after the soldering/ washing process.



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

1a 10 A, 1a1b/2a 8 A small polarized power relays

DK RELAYS



FEATURES

- 1. Compact with high capacity**
High capacity switching in a small package: 1 Form A, 10 A 250 V AC; 1 Form A 1 Form B and 2 Form A, 8 A 250 V AC.
- 2. High sensitivity: 200 mW nominal operating power**
- 3. High breakdown voltage**
Independent coil and the contact structure improves breakdown voltage.

Between contact and coil	Between open contacts
4,000 Vrms for 1 min. 10,000 V surge breakdown voltage	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. 1,500 V surge breakdown voltage

Conforms with FCC Part 68

- 4. Latching types available**
- 5. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.**
- 6. High insulation resistance**
Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 8 mm
DK2a-L2: 6.8 mm
DK1a1b-L2: 6.8 mm
- 7. Sockets are available**
- 8. Complies with safety standards**
Complies with Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law requirements for operating 200 V power supply circuits, and complies with UL, CSA, and TÜV safety standards.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Switching power supply**
- 2. Power switching for various OA equipment**
- 3. Control or driving relays for industrial machines (robotics, numerical control machines, etc.)**
- 4. Output relays for programmable logic controllers, temperature controllers, timers and so on.**
- 5. Home appliances**

About Cd-free contacts

We have introduced Cadmium free type products to reduce Environmental Hazardous Substances.

(The suffix "F" should be added to the part number)

(Note: The Suffix "F" is required only for 1 Form A contact type. The 2 Form A and 1 Form A 1 Form B contact type is originally Cadmium free, the suffix "F" is not required.)

Please replace parts containing Cadmium with Cadmium-free products and evaluate them with your actual application before use because the life of a relay depends on the contact material and load.

ORDERING INFORMATION

DK - - -

Contact arrangement

- 1a: 1 Form A
2a: 2 Form A
1a1b: 1 Form A 1 Form B

Operating function

- Nil: Single side stable
L: 1 coil latching
L2: 2 coil latching

Coil voltage (DC)

- 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24V

Contact material

- F: 1 Form A (AgSnO₂ type)
Nil: 2 Form A, 1 Form A 1 Form B (Au-flashed AgNi type)

- Notes: 1. UL/CSA, TÜV approved type is standard.
2. VDE approved type is available.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	3V DC	DK1a-3V-F	DK1a-L-3V-F	DK1a-L2-3V-F
	5V DC	DK1a-5V-F	DK1a-L-5V-F	DK1a-L2-5V-F
	6V DC	DK1a-6V-F	DK1a-L-6V-F	DK1a-L2-6V-F
	9V DC	DK1a-9V-F	DK1a-L-9V-F	DK1a-L2-9V-F
	12V DC	DK1a-12V-F	DK1a-L-12V-F	DK1a-L2-12V-F
	24V DC	DK1a-24V-F	DK1a-L-24V-F	DK1a-L2-24V-F
1 Form A 1 Form B	3V DC	DK1a1b-3V	DK1a1b-L-3V	DK1a1b-L2-3V
	5V DC	DK1a1b-5V	DK1a1b-L-5V	DK1a1b-L2-5V
	6V DC	DK1a1b-6V	DK1a1b-L-6V	DK1a1b-L2-6V
	9V DC	DK1a1b-9V	DK1a1b-L-9V	DK1a1b-L2-9V
	12V DC	DK1a1b-12V	DK1a1b-L-12V	DK1a1b-L2-12V
	24V DC	DK1a1b-24V	DK1a1b-L-24V	DK1a1b-L2-24V
2 Form A	3V DC	DK2a-3V	DK2a-L-3V	DK2a-L2-3V
	5V DC	DK2a-5V	DK2a-L-5V	DK2a-L2-5V
	6V DC	DK2a-6V	DK2a-L-6V	DK2a-L2-6V
	9V DC	DK2a-9V	DK2a-L-9V	DK2a-L2-9V
	12V DC	DK2a-12V	DK2a-L-12V	DK2a-L2-12V
	24V DC	DK2a-24V	DK2a-L-24V	DK2a-L2-24V

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

* For sockets, see page 142.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.6mA	45Ω	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.6mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	33.3mA	90Ω	100mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			20mA	250Ω		
6V DC			16.6mA	360Ω		
9V DC			11.1mA	810Ω		
12V DC			8.3mA	1,440Ω		
24V DC			4.1mA	5,760Ω		

3) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.6mA	66.6mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω			
6V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω			
9V DC			22.2mA	22.2mA	405Ω	405Ω			
12V DC			16.6mA	16.6mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω			

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B	2 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Contact material		Au-flashed AgSnO ₂ type	Au-flashed AgNi type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10 A 250 V AC, 10 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC,8 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC,8 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,500VA, 300 W	2,000 VA, 240 W	2,000 VA, 240 W
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC, 125 V DC	250 V AC, 125 V DC	250 V AC, 125 V DC
	Max. switching current		10 A	8 A	8 A
	Nominal operating power		200 mW		
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)* ¹		10m A 5 V DC		
	Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
Breakdown voltage (Initial)		Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)		
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)		
Surge breakdown voltage* ² (Initial)		between contacts and coil	10,000 V		
Temperature rise (coil) (at 65°C 149°F)		Max. 40°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; max. switching current)			
Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (Approx. 5 ms) [10 ms (Approx. 5 ms)] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)			
Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 8 ms (Approx. 3 ms) [10 ms (Approx. 3 ms)] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)			
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm		
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 300 times/min.)		
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (resistive load, at 20 times/min., at rated capacity)		
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage* ³		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +65°C -40°F to +149°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.		
Unit weight			Approx. 5 g .18 oz	Approx. 6 g .21 oz	Approx. 6 g .21 oz

Notes:

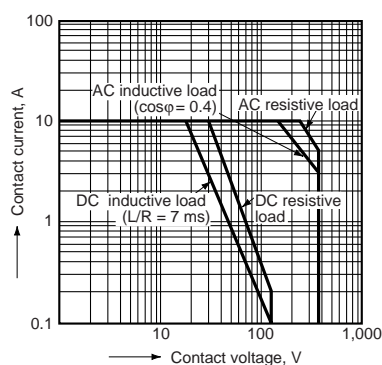
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

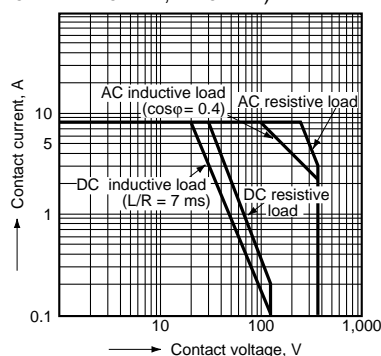
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

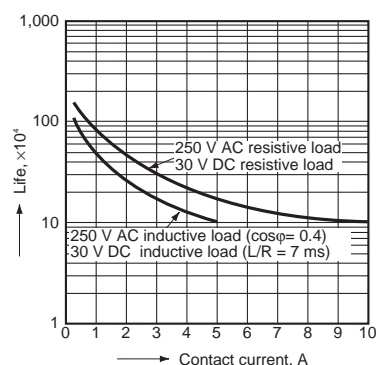
1-(1). Maximum operating power (1 Form A)



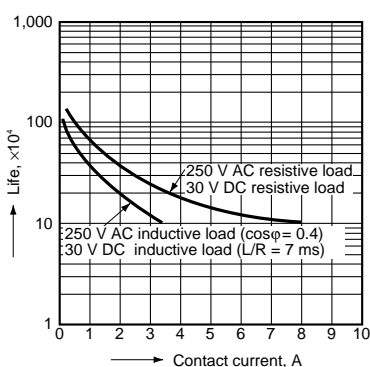
1-(2). Maximum operating power (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)



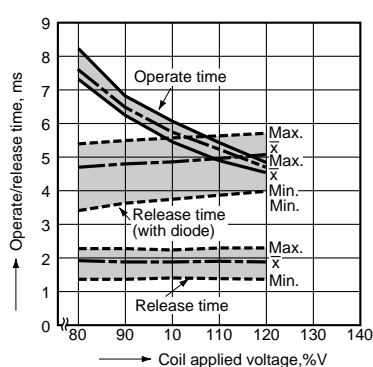
2-(1). Life curve (1 Form A)



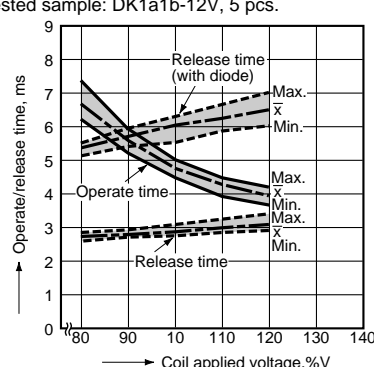
2-(2). Life curve (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)



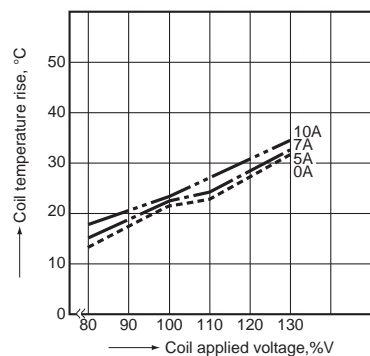
3-(1). Operate/Release time (1 Form A)
Tested sample: DK1a-24V, 5 pcs.



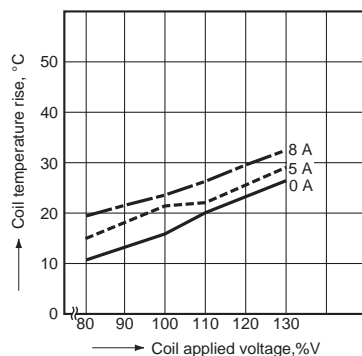
3-(2). Operate/Release time (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)
Tested sample: DK1a1b-12V, 5 pcs.



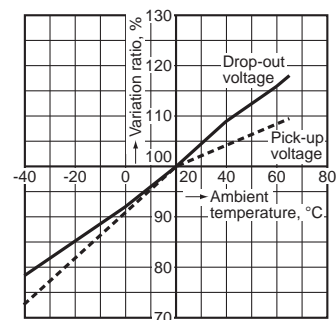
4-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A)
Tested sample: DK1a-12V, 5 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F



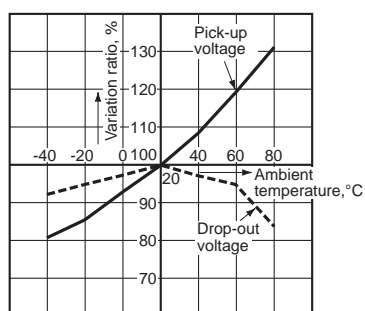
4-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)
Tested sample: DK1a1b-12V, 5 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



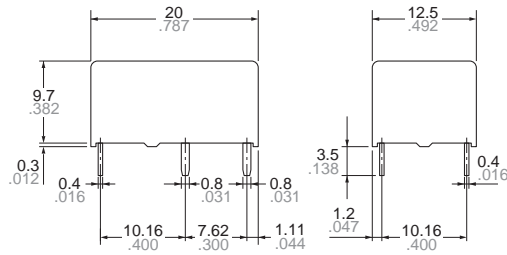
5-(1). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A)
Tested sample: DK1a-24V, 6 pcs
Ambient temperature: -40°C to +80°C
-40°F to +176°F



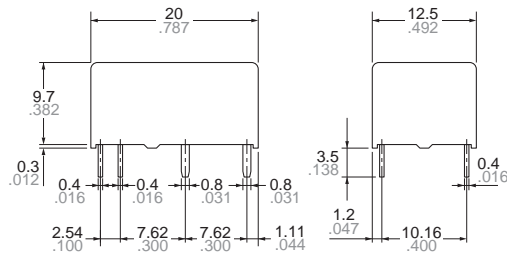
5-(2). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)



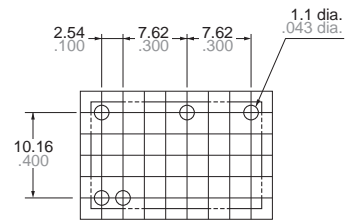
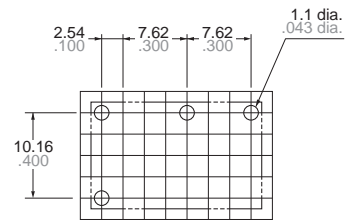
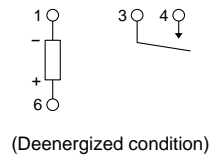
1. 1 Form A type

CAD DataExternal dimensions
Single side stable type

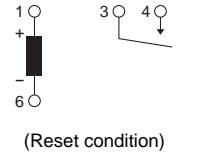
2 coil latching type

General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

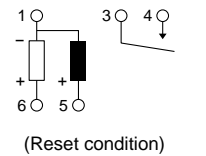
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ Schematic
(Bottom view)
Single side stable

1 coil latching

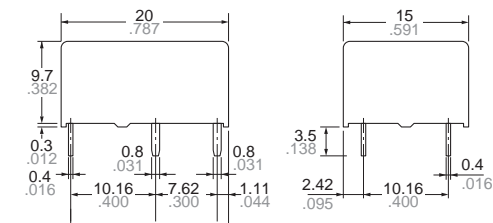


2 coil latching

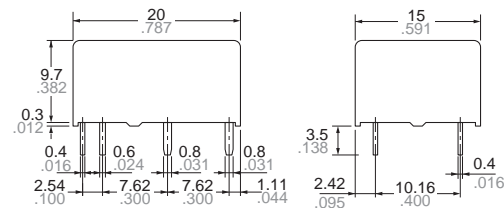


Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

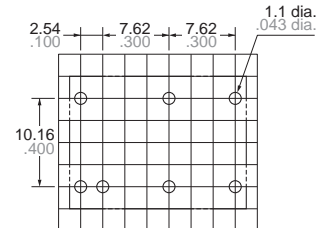
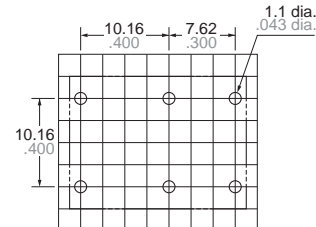
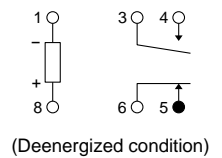
2. 1 Form A 1 Form B type, 2 Form A type

CAD DataExternal dimensions
Single side stable type

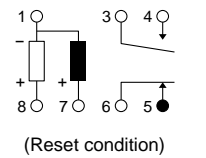
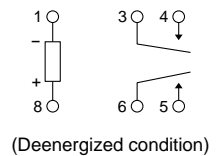
2 coil latching type

General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

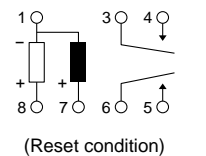
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ Schematic
(Bottom view)
<1 Form A 1 Form B type>
Single side stable

2 coil latching

<2 Form A>
Single side stable

2 coil latching



Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form A	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	006099UG	AC 250V 10A (cos $\varphi=1.0$) AC 250V 5A (cos $\varphi=0.4$) DC 30V 10A (0ms)	8705 1645 520	10A 250V AC (cos $\varphi=1.0$) 5A 250V AC (cos $\varphi=0.4$) 10A 30V DC
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	E43028	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	006099UG	1 Form A 1 Form B: AC 250V 8A (cos $\varphi=1.0$) 2 Form A: AC 250V 8A (cos $\varphi=1.0$) AC 250V 4A (cos $\varphi=0.4$)	8705 1645 520 (1 Form A 1 Form B) 9407 13461 097 (2 Form A)	8A 250V AC (cos $\varphi=1.0$) 4A 250V AC (cos $\varphi=0.4$) 8A 30V DC

NOTES

1. Soldering should be done under the following conditions:

250°C 482°F within 10s

300°C 572°F within 5s

350°C 662°F within 3s

Soldering depth: 2/3 terminal pitch

2. External magnetic field

Since DK relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

3. When using, please be aware that the a contact and b contact sides of 1 Form A and 1 Form B types may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

DK relay sockets that can be used also for DY relay.

TYPES

Type	Part No.
1 Form A	Single side stable
	DK1a-PS
1 Form A	2 coil latching
	DK1a-PSL2
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A*	Single side stable
	DK2a-PS
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A*	2 coil latching
	DK2a-PSL2

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs
Note: * 2 Form A type is DK relays only.

RELAY COMPATIBILITY

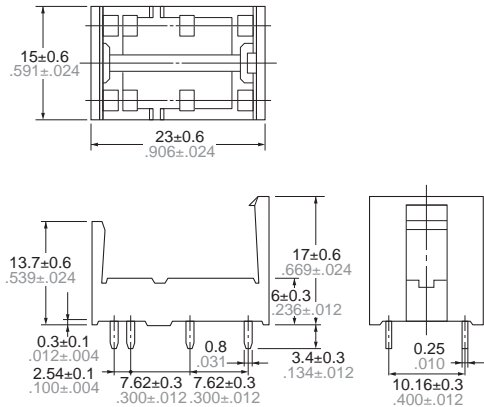
Relay		Socket		1 Form A		1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	
				Single side stable type	2 coil latching type	Single side stable type	2 coil latching type
1 Form A	Single side stable type			●	●	—	—
	2 coil latching type			—	●	—	—
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	Single side stable type			—	—	●	●
	2 coil latching type			—	—	—	●

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage	4,000 Vrms (Detection current: 10 mA) (Except the portion between coil terminals)
Insulation resistance	Min. 1,000 mΩ (at 500 V DC)
Heat resistance	150°C (for 1 hour)
Max. continuous current	10 A (DK1a-PS, DK1a-PSL2), 8 A (DK2a-PS, DK2a-PSL2)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

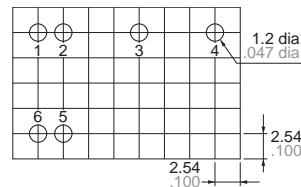
External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

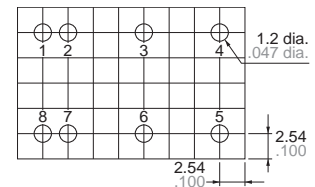
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A



The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 5 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

1 Form A 1 Form B

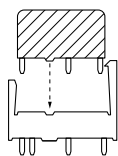


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

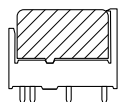
The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 7 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

FIXING AND REMOVAL METHOD

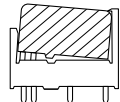
1. Match the direction of relay and socket.



2. Both ends of the relay are to be secured firmly so that the socket hooks on the top surface of the relay.

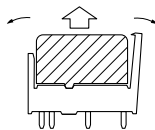


GOOD

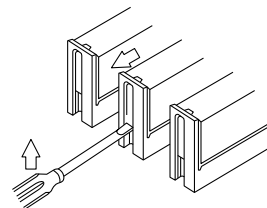


NO GOOD

3. Remove the relay, applying force in the direction shown below.



4. In case there is not enough space to grasp the relay with fingers, use screwdrivers in the way shown in the illustration.



Notes: 1. Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur.
2. It is hazardous to use IC chip sockets.

**1a 30A polarized
power relays**

DQ RELAYS



FEATURES

1. **30A capacity in small size**
2. **Contributes to device energy savings with latching type.**
3. **High insulation**
4,000V AC (between contacts and coil)
Surge 10,000V (between contacts and coil)
Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: 8 mm
4. **Sealed construction**
5. **UL/C-UL approved**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Time switches
2. Electric water heaters
3. Remote control of electric power meters

ORDERING INFORMATION

ADQ 3 Q 0

Operating function

- 1: 1 coil latching (1 Form A)
2: 2 coil latching (1 Form A)

Contact capacity

3: 30 A

Terminal shape

Q: 250 Faston terminal

Contact characteristics

0: Standard contact

Coil voltage (DC)

4H: 4.5 V, 06: 6 V, 09: 9 V, 12: 12 V, 24: 24 V

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		1 coil latching	2 coil latching
1 Form A	4.5V DC	ADQ13Q04H	ADQ23Q04H
	6V DC	ADQ13Q006	ADQ23Q006
	9V DC	ADQ13Q009	ADQ23Q009
	12V DC	ADQ13Q012	ADQ23Q012
	24V DC	ADQ13Q024	ADQ23Q024

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4.5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	111.1mA	40.5Ω	500mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			83.3mA	72Ω		
9V DC			55.6mA	162Ω		
12V DC			41.7mA	288Ω		
24V DC			20.8mA	1,152Ω		

* Pulse, direction of measurement: Terminal is downward.

2) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
4.5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	221.7mA	221.7mA	20.3Ω	20.3Ω	1,000mW	1,000mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			166.7mA	166.7mA	36Ω	36Ω			
9V DC			111.1mA	111.1mA	81Ω	81Ω			
12V DC			83.3mA	83.3mA	144Ω	144Ω			
24V DC			41.7mA	41.7mA	576Ω	576Ω			

* Pulse, direction of measurement: Terminal is downward.

2. Specifications

Specifications			
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		30 A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		7,500 V A
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC
	Max. switching current		30 A
	Nominal operating power		500mW (1 coil latching), 1,000mW (2 coil latching)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5 V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Initial)	Between contact and coil	Min. 10,000 V
	Temperature rise (at 65°C 149°F) (coil)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, max. switching current) (Coil; de-energized)
	Set time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Reset time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
Destructive		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁴ (At nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 3s ON, 3s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +65°C -40°F to +149°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		10 times/min. (at rated load)
Unit weight			Approx. 35 g 1.23 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

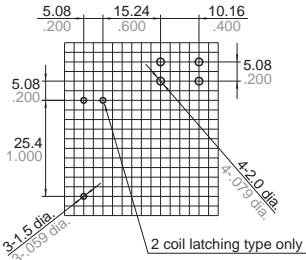
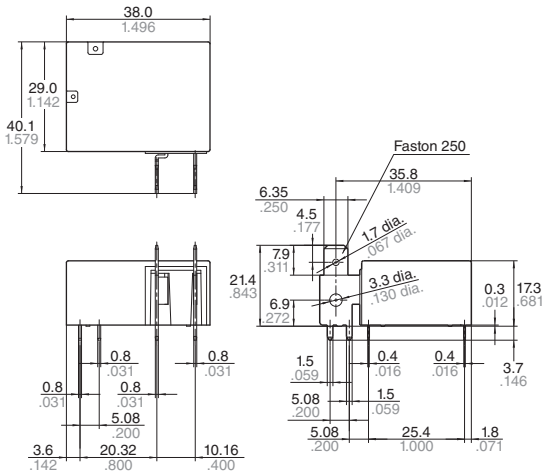
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

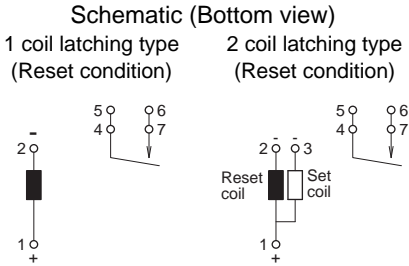
CAD Data

External dimensions

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$



SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)	
File No.	Contact rating
E43149	30A 277V AC

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

1. Coil connection
When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

2. Others
If more than 20 A is delivered via the plug-in terminal connection, to prevent loosening of contacts loss long periods of operation, ensure that the plug-in terminal is soldered to the receptacle terminal.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. Miniature and high capacity

Miniature relay capable of high 60 A capacity control.

Size: 29.0(L)×38.0(W)×17.3(H) mm
1.142(L)×1.496(W)×.681(H) inch

Nominal switching capacity:

60A 250V AC

2. Latching type

Latching type contributes to device energy efficiency.

Nominal operating power

- 500mW (1 coil latching)
- 1W (2 coil latching)

3. High insulation

Between contact and coil

Breakdown voltage: 4,000 V AC

Surge breakdown voltage: 10,000 V

Creepage and clearance distance
min. 8 mm

4. Flux-Resistant type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Remote control of electric power meters
2. Time switches

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ADQM		6		0		
DQ-M relays							
Operating function							
1: 1 coil latching (1 Form A)							
2: 2 coil latching (1 Form A)							
Contact capacity							
6: 60 A							
Terminal shape							
Nil: M4 securing screw							
Contact characteristics							
0: Standard contact							
Coil voltage (DC)							
4H: 4.5 V, 06: 6 V, 09: 9 V, 12: 12 V, 24: 24 V							

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		1 coil latching	2 coil latching
1 Form A	4.5V DC	ADQM1604H	ADQM2604H
	6V DC	ADQM16006	ADQM26006
	9V DC	ADQM16009	ADQM26009
	12V DC	ADQM16012	ADQM26012
	24V DC	ADQM16024	ADQM26024

Standard packing: Tube: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

DQM (ADQM)

RATING

1. Coil data

1) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	111.1mA	40.5Ω	500mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			83.3mA	72Ω		
9V DC			55.6mA	162Ω		
12V DC			41.7mA	288Ω		
24V DC			20.8mA	1,152Ω		

2) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4.5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	221.7mA	20.3Ω	1,000mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			166.7mA	36Ω		
9V DC			111.1mA	81Ω		
12V DC			83.3mA	144Ω		
24V DC			41.7mA	576Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		60 A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		15,000 V A
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC
	Max. switching current		60 A
	Nominal operating power		500mW (1 coil latching), 1,000mW (2 coil latching)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5 V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2	Between contact and coil	Min. 10,000 V (initial)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, max. switching current) (Coil; de-energized)
	Set time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Reset time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		60A 250V AC Min. 10 ³ (resistive load, operating frequency: 15s ON, 45s OFF) 50A 250V AC Min. 10 ⁴ (resistive load, operating frequency: 15s ON, 45s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 75% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		1 times/min. (at rated load)
Unit weight			Approx. 35 g 1.23 oz

Notes:

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981
*3 The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

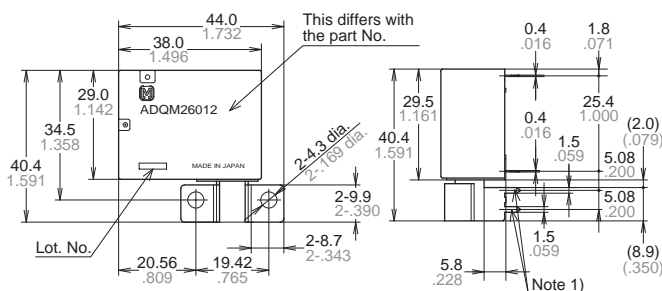
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

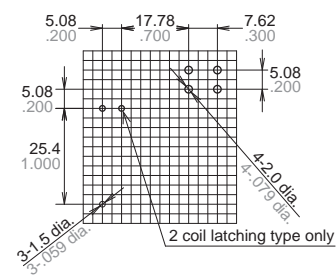
CAD Data



External dimensions

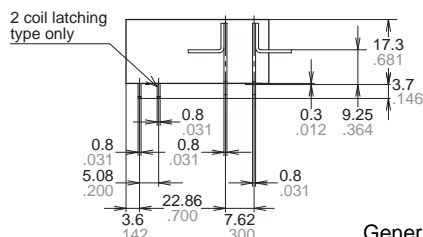


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

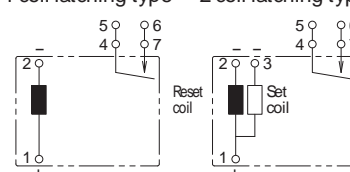
Note 1)
These are dummy terminals for the strength reinforcement for the M4 screw terminal connection. Fix or solder these to the PC board in case setting M4 screw. However, do not use the dummy terminals as wiring to the PC board. In case wiring of the dummy terminals, the conductor destruction may occur due to the high current.

Note 2)
No 3rd terminal on 1 coil latching type.

General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

1 coil latching type 2 coil latching type



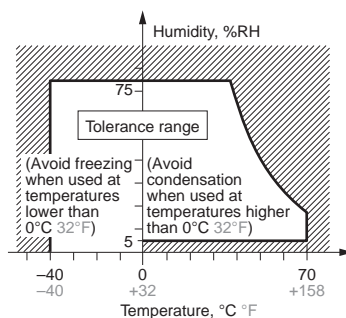
NOTES

1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. Also, the power waveform should be square and we recommend it be at least 0.1 seconds. Please keep continuous power to the coil to within 10 seconds.

2. Usage, transport and storage conditions

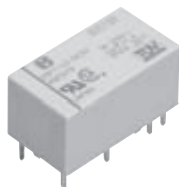
- 1) Temperature: -40 to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+158^{\circ}\text{F}$
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 75% RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



3. Installation of M4 securing screw

Do not apply excessive pressure on the terminals. This could adversely affect relay performance. Secure to the PC board a dummy terminal designed for reinforcement of the terminal and use a washer in order to prevent deformation. Keep the installation torque to within 1.2 and 1.4 N·m (12 to 14 kgf·cm). Also, use a spring washer to prevent it from loosening. Do not use the dummy terminals as wiring to the PC board. In case wiring of the dummy terminals, the conductor destruction may occur due to the high current.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- 1. Compact with high contact rating**
Even with small 10 mm .394 inch (H) x 11 mm .433 inch (W) x 20 mm .787 inch (L) (dimensions, high capacity switching is provided: 1a, 8 A 250 V AC; 2a and 1a1b, 5 A 250 V AC).
- 2. High switching capability**
High contact pressure, low contact bounce, and wiping operation improve resistance to weld bonding. Resistant against lamp load and dielectric loading: 1a achieves maximum switching capacity of 2,000 VA (8A 250 V AC).
- 3. High sensitivity**
Using the same type of high-performance polar magnetic circuits as DS relays, by matching the spring load to the magnetic force of attraction, greater sensitivity has been achieved. The resultant pick up sensitivity of about 190 mW makes possible direct driving of transistors and chips.

4. High breakdown voltage

Breakdown voltage has been raised by keeping the coil and contacts separate.

Between contact and coil	Between contacts
3,000 Vrms for 1 min. 5,000 V surge breakdown voltage	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. 1,500 V surge breakdown voltage

Conforms with FCC Part 68

5. Latching types available

6. Wide variation

Three types of contact arrangement are offered: 1a, 2a, and 1a1b. In addition, each is available in standard and reversed polarity types.

7. Sealed construction allows automatic washing

8. Complies with safety standards

- Complies with Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law requirements for operating 200 V power supply circuits
- Complies with UL, CSA and TÜV safety standards
- Complies with EN 60335 / GWT (test report available)

9. Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: 3.5 mm

10. Sockets are available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Office and industrial electronic devices
2. Terminal devices of information processing equipment, such as printer, data recorder.
3. Office equipment (copier, facsimile)
4. Measuring instruments
5. NC machines, temperature controllers and programmable logic controllers.

ORDERING INFORMATION

DSP - - - -

Contact arrangement

1a: 1 Form A

1: 1 Form A 1 Form B

2a: 2 Form A

Operating function

Nil: Single side stable

L: 1 coil latching

L2: 2 coil latching

Coil voltage

DC 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24 V

Polarity

Nil: Standard polarity

R: Reverse polarity

Contact material

● AgSnO₂ type

F: 1 Form A 1 Form B

Nil: 1 Form A, 2 Form A

Notes: 1. Reverse polarity types available (add suffix-R)

2. UL/CSA, TÜV approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	3V DC	DSP1a-DC3V	DSP1a-L-DC3V	DSP1a-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	DSP1a-DC5V	DSP1a-L-DC5V	DSP1a-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	DSP1a-DC6V	DSP1a-L-DC6V	DSP1a-L2-DC6V
	9V DC	DSP1a-DC9V	DSP1a-L-DC9V	DSP1a-L2-DC9V
	12V DC	DSP1a-DC12V	DSP1a-L-DC12V	DSP1a-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	DSP1a-DC24V	DSP1a-L-DC24V	DSP1a-L2-DC24V
1 Form A 1 Form B	3V DC	DSP1-DC3V-F	DSP1-L-DC3V-F	DSP1-L2-DC3V-F
	5V DC	DSP1-DC5V-F	DSP1-L-DC5V-F	DSP1-L2-DC5V-F
	6V DC	DSP1-DC6V-F	DSP1-L-DC6V-F	DSP1-L2-DC6V-F
	9V DC	DSP1-DC9V-F	DSP1-L-DC9V-F	DSP1-L2-DC9V-F
	12V DC	DSP1-DC12V-F	DSP1-L-DC12V-F	DSP1-L2-DC12V-F
	24V DC	DSP1-DC24V-F	DSP1-L-DC24V-F	DSP1-L2-DC24V-F
2 Form A	3V DC	DSP2a-DC3V	DSP2a-L-DC3V	DSP2a-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	DSP2a-DC5V	DSP2a-L-DC5V	DSP2a-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	DSP2a-DC6V	DSP2a-L-DC6V	DSP2a-L2-DC6V
	9V DC	DSP2a-DC9V	DSP2a-L-DC9V	DSP2a-L2-DC9V
	12V DC	DSP2a-DC12V	DSP2a-L-DC12V	DSP2a-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	DSP2a-DC24V	DSP2a-L-DC24V	DSP2a-L2-DC24V

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

Note: Reverse polarity type are manufactured by lot upon receipt of order. Self-clinching types are also available, please consult us.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	100mA		30Ω	300mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			60mA		83Ω		
6V DC			50mA		120Ω		
9V DC			33.3mA		270Ω		
12V DC			25mA		480Ω		
24V DC			12.5mA		1,920Ω		

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	50mA	50mA	60Ω	60Ω	150mW	150mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			30mA	30mA	167Ω	167Ω			
6V DC			25mA	25mA	240Ω	240Ω			
9V DC			16.7mA	16.7mA	540Ω	540Ω			
12V DC			12.5mA	12.5mA	960Ω	960Ω			
24V DC			6.3mA	6.3mA	3,840Ω	3,840Ω			

3) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	100mA	100mA	30Ω	30Ω	300mW	300mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			60mA	60mA	83Ω	83Ω			
6V DC			50mA	50mA	120Ω	120Ω			
9V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	270Ω	270Ω			
12V DC			25mA	25mA	480Ω	480Ω			
24V DC			12.5mA	12.5mA	1,920Ω	1,920Ω			

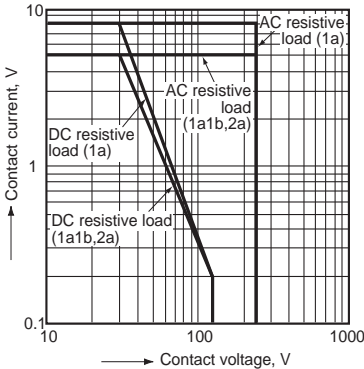
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B	2 Form A
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Contact material		Au-flashed AgSnO ₂ type		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		8 A 250 V AC, 5A 30V DC	5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,000 VA, 150 W	1,250 VA, 150 W	
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC, 125 V DC		
	Max. switching current		8 A AC, 5 A DC	5 A AC, DC	
	Nominal operating power		Single side stable, 2 coil latching: 300 mW. 1 coil latching: 150mW		
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)* ¹		10m A 5 V DC		
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.		
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)		
		Between contact sets	2,000 Vrms (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A) (Detection current: 10mA.)		
		Between contact and coil	3,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)		
	Surge breakdown voltage* ²	between contacts and coil	5,000 V		
	Temperature rise (at 65°C 149°F)		Max. 55°C	Max. 40°C	Max. 55°C
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [10 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)		
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms [10 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.5 mm		
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)		
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (resistive load)		
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage* ³ (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +65°C -40°F to +149°F	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F
	Solder heating		250°C 482°F (10s), 300°C 572°F (5s), 350°C 662°F (3s) (Soldering depth: 2/3 terminal pitch)		
	Max. operating speed		3 cps		
Unit weight			Approx. 4.5 g .16 oz		

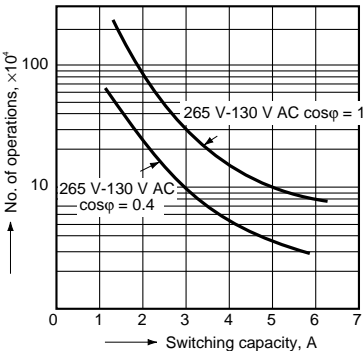
Notes:
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981
*3 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

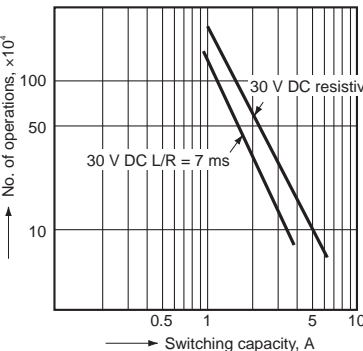
1. Max. switching capacity



2.-(1) Life curve (1 Form A 1 Form B)

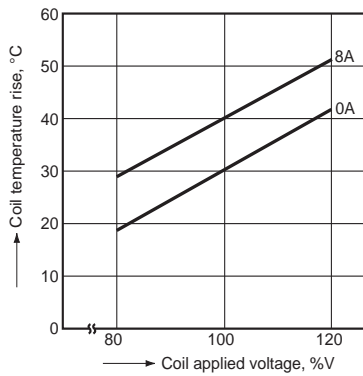


2.-(2) Life curve (1 Form A 1 Form B)



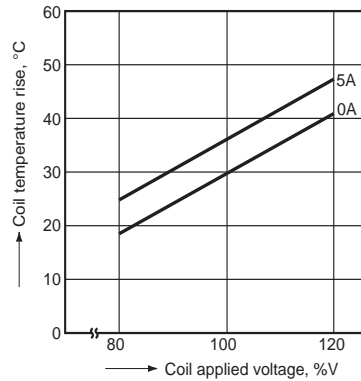
3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



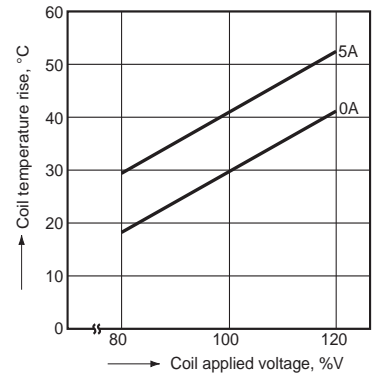
3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-DC12V, 5 pcs.



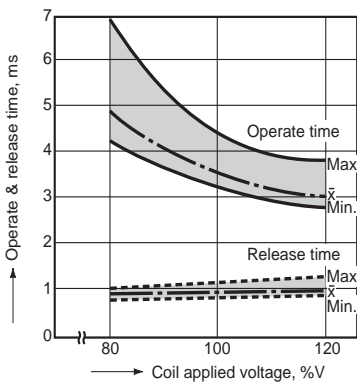
3.-(3) Coil temperature rise (2 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP2a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



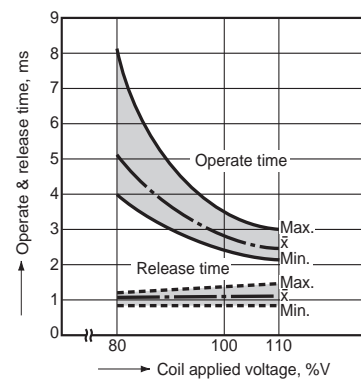
4.-(1) Operate & release time (without diode, 1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



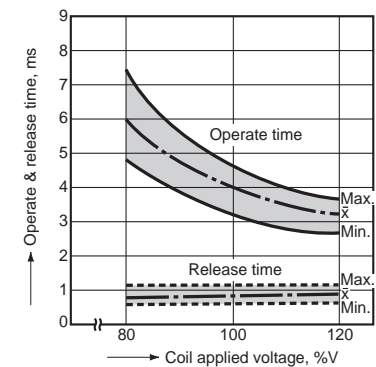
4.-(2) Operate & release time (without diode, 1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-DC12V, 5 pcs.



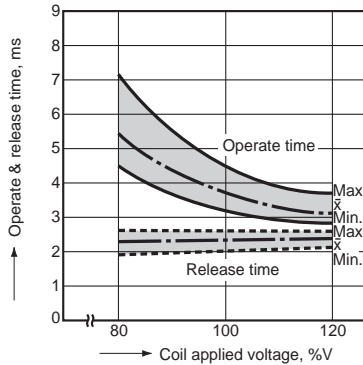
4.-(3) Operate & release time (without diode, 2 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP2a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



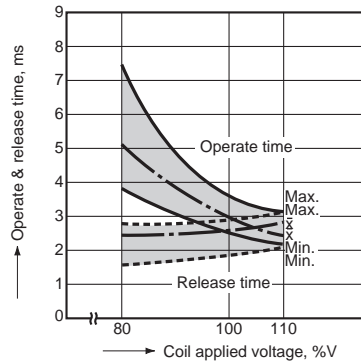
4.-(4) Operate & release time (with diode, 1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



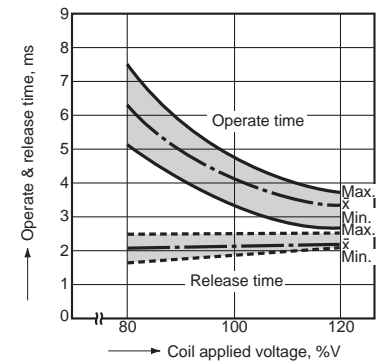
4.-(5) Operate & release time (with diode, 1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-DC12V, 5 pcs.



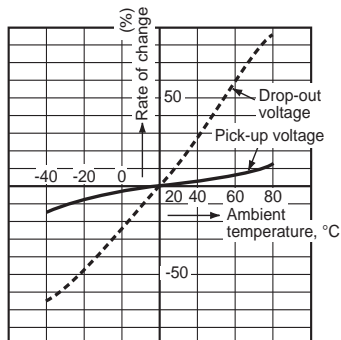
4.-(6) Operate & release time (with diode, 2 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP2a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



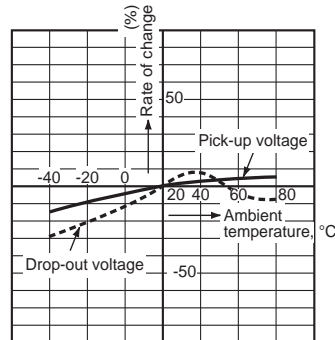
5.-(1) Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage (1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



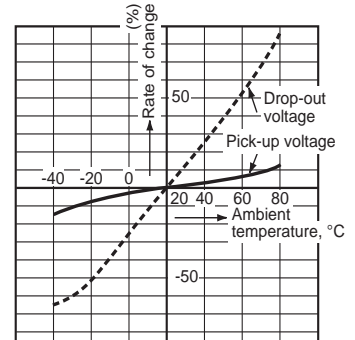
5.-(2) Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-DC12V, 5 pcs.

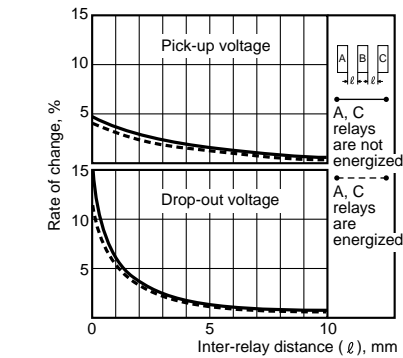


5.-(3) Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage (2 Form A)

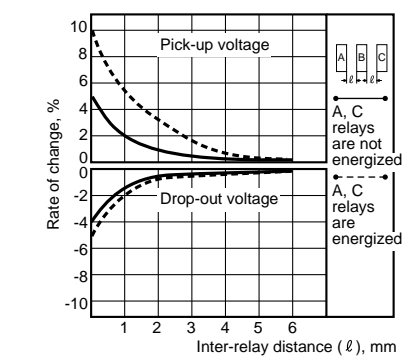
Tested sample: DSP2a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



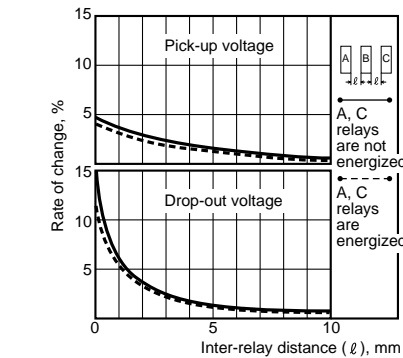
6.-(1) Influence of adjacent mounting
(1 Form A)
Tested sample: DSP1a-DC12V, 5 pcs.



6.-(2) Influence of adjacent mounting
(1 Form A 1 Form B)
Tested sample: DSP1-DC12V, 5 pcs.



6.-(3) Influence of adjacent mounting
(2 Form A)
Tested sample: DSP2a-DC12V, 5 pcs.

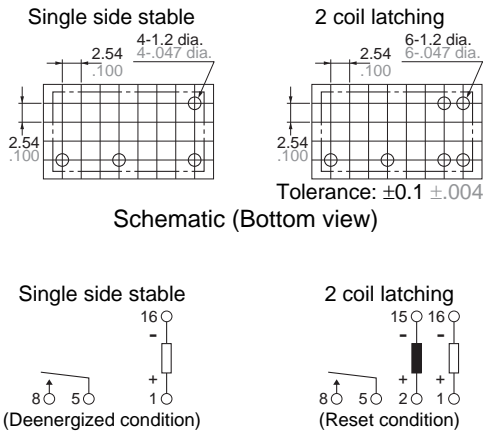
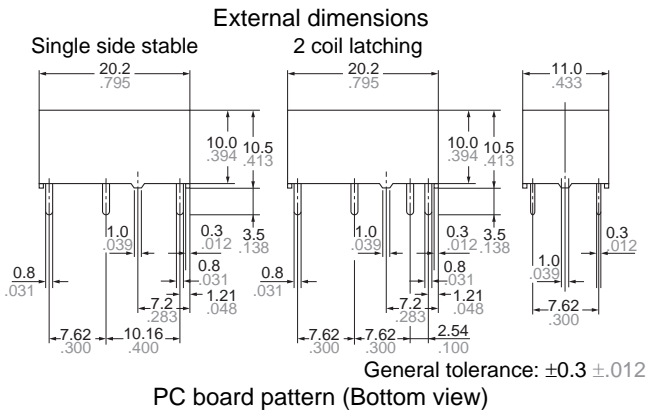


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

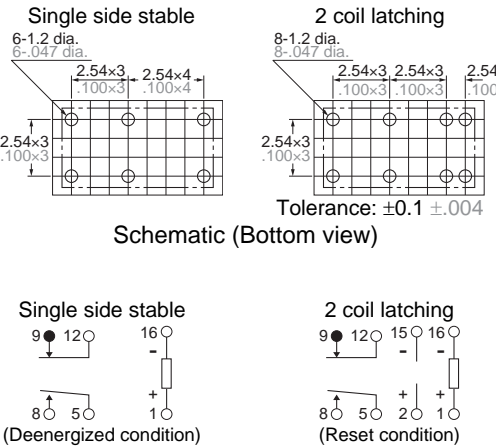
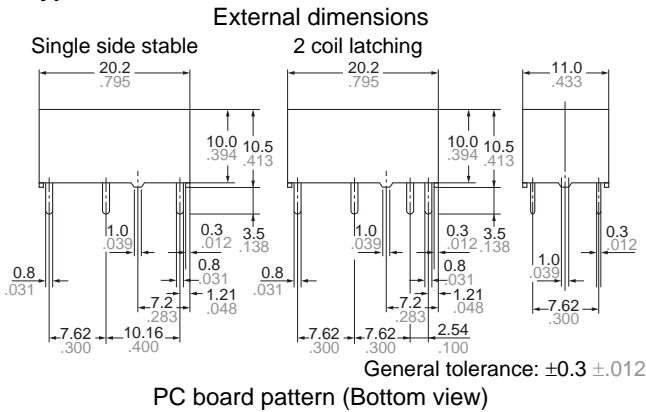
1. 1 Form A type

CAD Data



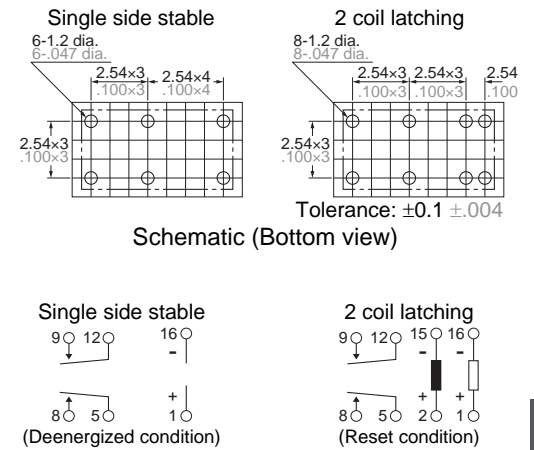
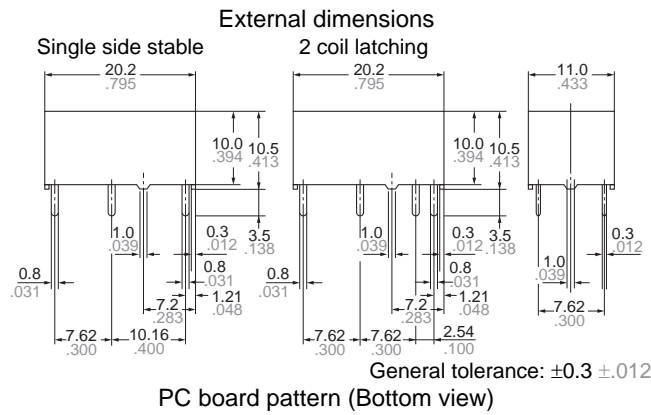
2. 1 Form A 1 Form B type

CAD Data



3. 2 Form A type

CAD Data



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form A	E43028	8A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	8A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	B 02 10 13461 238	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC
1 Form A 1 Form B	E43028	5A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	5A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	B 02 10 13461 238	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC
2 Form A	E43028	5A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	5A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	B 02 10 13461 238	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC

* Remarks: The standard certified for may differ depending on where the product was manufactured.

NOTES

1. Soldering should be done under the following conditions:

250°C 482°F within 10 s

300°C 572°F within 5 s

350°C 662°F within 3 s

2. Cleaning

For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick.

It is recommended that a fluorinated hydrocarbon or other alcoholic solvents be used.

3. External magnetic field

Since DY relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

4. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different.

5. When using, please be aware that the a contact and b contact sides of 1 Form A and 1 Form B types may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

ACCESSORIES

SOCKETS FOR DS-P RELAYS

TYPES AND APPLICABLE RELAYS

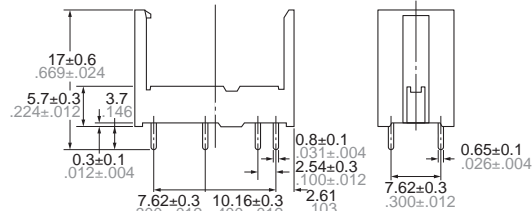
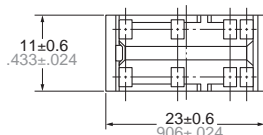
Applicable relays	Type No.	For DSP1a		For DSP1a, DSP1, DSP2a	
		DSP1a-PS	DSP1a-PSL2	DSP2a-PS	DSP2a-PSL2
DSP1a relays		OK	OK	OK	OK
DSP1a-L2 relays			OK		OK
DSP1 relays				OK	OK
DSP1-L2 relays					OK
DSP2a relays				OK	OK
DSP2a-L2 relays					OK

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage	3,000 Vrms between terminals (Except for the portion between coil terminals)
Insulation resistance	1,000 MΩ between terminals at 500 V
Heat resistance	150°C for 1 hour
Max. continuous current	8 A

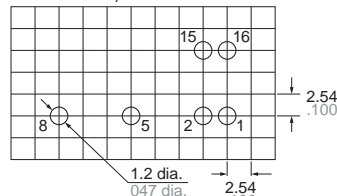
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm inch)

External dimensions



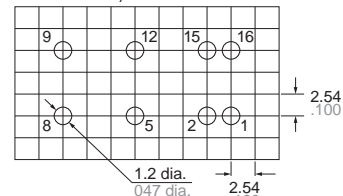
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

DSP1a-PS, DSP1a-PSL2



Terminal No.2 and 15 are for DSP1a-PSL2 only.

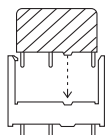
DSP2a-PS, DSP2a-PSL2



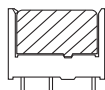
Terminal No.2 and 15 are for DSP2a-PSL2 only.

FIXING AND REMOVAL METHOD

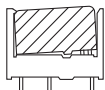
1. Match the direction of relay and socket.



2. Both ends of relays are fixed so tightly that the socket hooks on the top surface of relays.

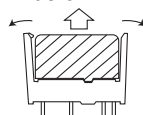


Good

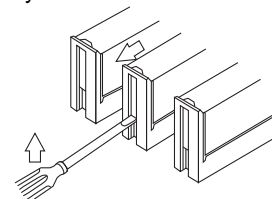


No good

3. Remove the relay, applying force in the direction shown below.



4. In case there is not enough space for finger to pick relay up, use screw drivers in the way shown below.



Notes: 1. Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur.
2. It is hazardous to use IC chip sockets.

Panasonic
ideas for life

**Electrical life of Min. 2×10^5
1a 10A, 1a1b 8A small
polarized power relays**

DY RELAYS



FEATURES

- Compact size:**
1 Form A (10A 250V AC),
1 Form A 1 Form B (8A 250V AC)
- Latching types available**
- Compliant with IEC EN61010-1.**
Reinforced insulation with 6 mm distance between input and output.
- Electrical life of Min. 2×10^5 times (1 Form A type) realized with inductive load ($\cos\phi=0.4$, $L/R=7ms$, 5A 250V AC)**
- Socket also available.**

	Product name	Part No.
1 Form A	Single side stable type	DK1a-PS
	2 coil latching type	DK1a-PSL2
1 Form A 1 Form B	Single side stable type	DK2a-PS
	2 coil latching type	DK2a-PSL2

Please see "DK relay socket" for details.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Control for industrial machines (machine tools, robotics)**
- Output relays for temperature controllers, PLCs, timers, sensors.**
- Measuring equipment**
- Security equipment**

Polarized Power

ORDERING INFORMATION

ADY

Contact arrangement

1: 1 Form A

3: 1 Form A 1 Form B

Operating function

0: Single side stable

2: 2 coil latching type

Auxiliary function

0: Plastic sealed/standard contact

Coil voltage (DC)

03: 3, 05: 5, 06: 6, 09: 9, 12: 12, 24: 24

Note: UL/CSA, TÜV approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	3V DC	ADY10003	ADY12003
	5V DC	ADY10005	ADY12005
	6V DC	ADY10006	ADY12006
	12V DC	ADY10012	ADY12012
	24V DC	ADY10024	ADY12024
1 Form A 1 Form B	3V DC	ADY30003	ADY32003
	5V DC	ADY30005	ADY32005
	6V DC	ADY30006	ADY32006
	12V DC	ADY30012	ADY32012
	24V DC	ADY30024	ADY32024

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.6mA	45Ω	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
12V DC			16.6mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

2) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.6mA	66.6mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω			
6V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω			
12V DC			16.6mA	16.6mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω			

2. Specifications

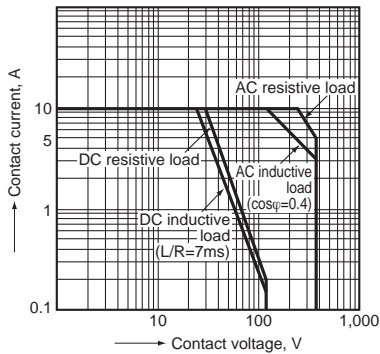
Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		Au-flashed AgSnO ₂ type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity	Resistive load	10A 250V AC, 10A 30V DC	8A 250V AC, 8A 30V DC
		Inductive load (cosφ = 0.4, L/R = 7ms)	5A 250V AC	3.5A 250V AC
	Max. switching capacity (Reference value)	Resistive load	2,500V A, 300W	2,000V A, 240W
		Inductive load (cosφ = 0.4, L/R = 7ms)	1,250V A	875V A
	Max. switching voltage		380V AC, 125V DC	
	Max. switching current		10 A	8 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)* ¹		5V 10mA	
	Nominal operating power		200 mW	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Surge breakdown voltage ²	Between contact and coil	10,000 V (initial)	
	Temperature rise (at70°C 158°F)		Max. 40°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; max. switching current)	
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [10 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 8 ms [10 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 300 times/min.)	
	Electrical		Min. 2×10 ⁵ : 1 Form A inductive load (at 20 times/min.) (at rated load); Min. 10 ⁵ : 1 Form A resistive load, 1 Form A 1 Form B resistive load, 1 Form A 1 Form B inductive load (at 20 times/min.) (at rated load)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ³		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 (times/min.)	
Unit weight			Approx. 6g .21oz	

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981.
*3 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

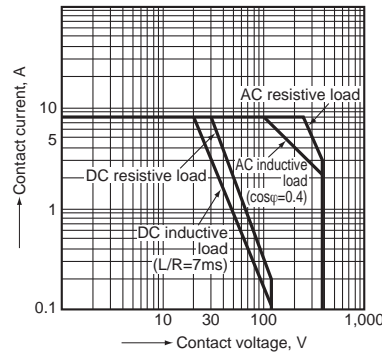
1-(1). Maximum switching capacity (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADY10024



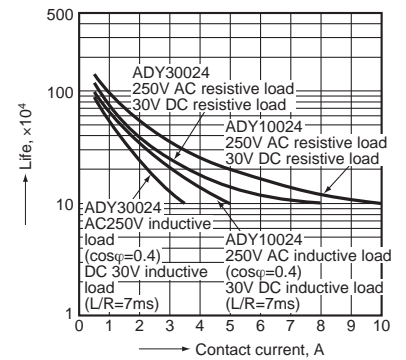
1-(2). Maximum switching capacity (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADY30024



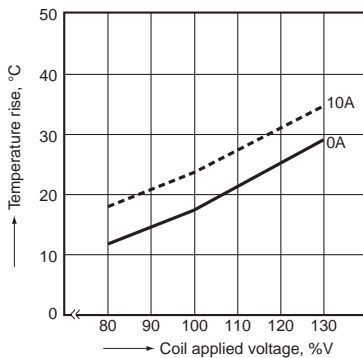
2. Life curve (1 Form A, 1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADY10024 (1 Form A),
ADY30024 (1 Form A 1 Form B)



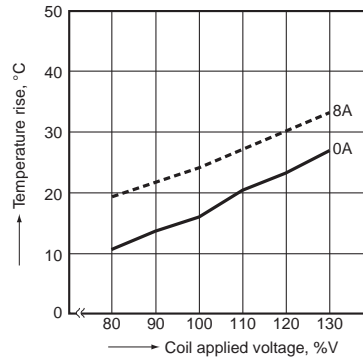
3-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADY10024, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C, 68°F



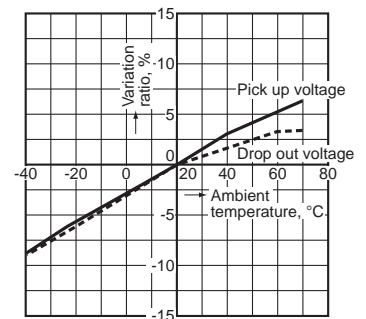
3-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADY30024, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C, 68°F



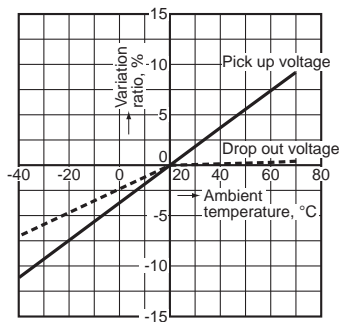
4-(1). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A)

Tested sample: ADY10024, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: -40°C to 70°C -40°F to 158°F



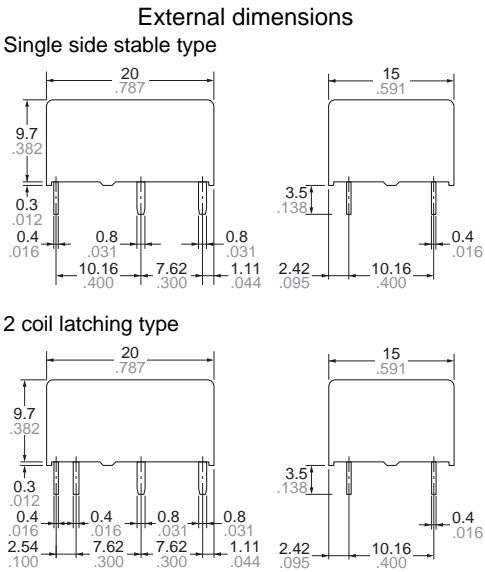
4-(2). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: ADY30024, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: -40°C to 70°C -40°F to 158°F

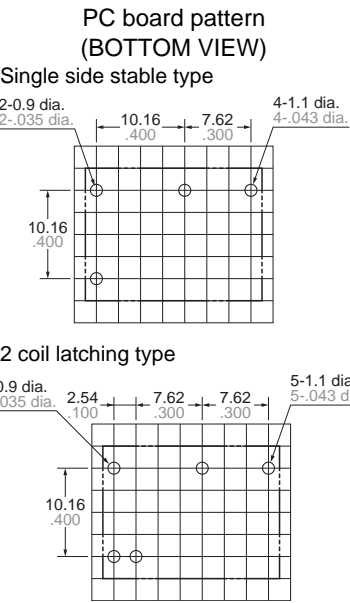


1. 1 Form A type

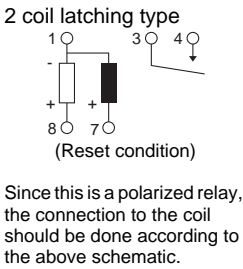
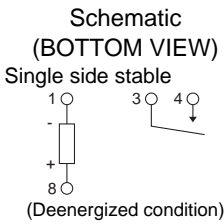
CAD Data



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

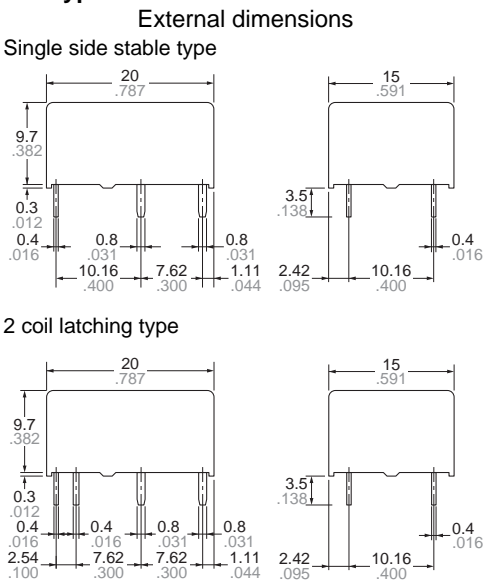


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

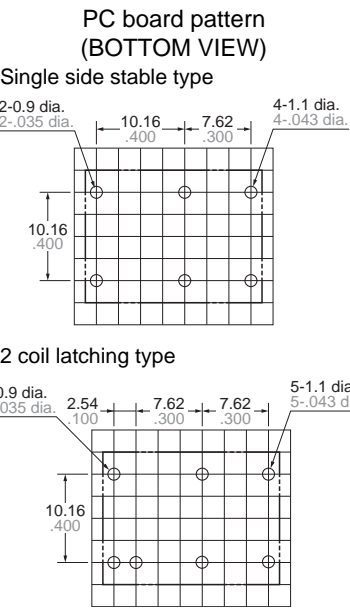


2. 1 Form A 1 Form B type

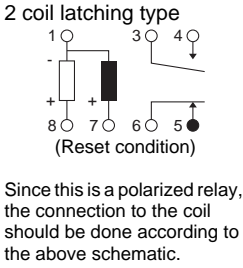
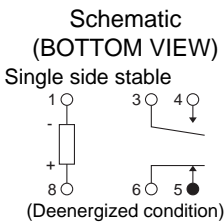
CAD Data



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form A	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	B 04 06 13461 038	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 10A 30V DC (0ms)
1 Form A 1 Form B	E43028	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	B 04 06 13461 038	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 8A 30V DC (0ms)

NOTES

1. Soldering should be done under the following conditions:

250°C 482°F within 10s

300°C 572°F within 5s

350°C 662°F within 3s

Soldering depth: 2/3 terminal pitch

2. External magnetic field

Since DY relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

3. When using, please be aware that the A contact and B contact sides of 1 Form A and 1 Form B types may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

IEC60335-1 compliant (VDE approved) models have been added to the 1 Form A 8A, Small Polarized Power Relays (latching type).

DW RELAYS



Reflow compatible type



IEC60335-1 compliant type

* Protective construction: Flux-resistant type

FEATURES

1. Latching type that contributes to device energy savings
2. IEC60335-1 compliant, PTI 325V (VDE approved) type available
3. Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil): 12,000 V
4. Breakdown voltage (between contact and coil): 5,000 V
5. Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: 6 mm
6. Pin-in-paste construction makes reflow possible

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Smart meters
2. Industrial equipment
3. Security equipment
4. Home appliances
5. Various power supplies

ORDERING INFORMATION

ADW 1 W

Contact arrangement
1: 1 Form A

Operating function
1: 1 coil latching type
2: 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage (DC)
03: 3V, 05: 5V, 06: 6V, 09: 9V, 12: 12V, 24: 24V

Type classification
Nil: Reflow compatible type (PiP)
T: IEC60335-1 compliant type (GWT)

Notes: 1. T type is non-compliant reflow soldering.
2. The suffix "W" on the part number is only displayed on the inner and outer packaging. It is not displayed on the relay.

TYPES

1. Reflow compatible type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
1 Form A	3V DC	ADW1103W	ADW1203W
	5V DC	ADW1105W	ADW1205W
	6V DC	ADW1106W	ADW1206W
	9V DC	ADW1109W	ADW1209W
	12V DC	ADW1112W	ADW1212W
	24V DC	ADW1124W	ADW1224W

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

Note: Carton packing is standard. Tube packing type is also available. Please consult us for details.

2. IEC60335-1 compliant type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
1 Form A	3V DC	ADW1103TW	ADW1203TW
	5V DC	ADW1105TW	ADW1205TW
	6V DC	ADW1106TW	ADW1206TW
	9V DC	ADW1109TW	ADW1209TW
	12V DC	ADW1112TW	ADW1212TW
	24V DC	ADW1124TW	ADW1224TW

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

Note: Carton packing is standard. Tube packing type is also available. Please consult us for details.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	110%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			40.0mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

2) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	133.3mA	133.3mA	22.5Ω	22.5Ω	400mW	400mW	110%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			80.0mA	80.0mA	62.5Ω	62.5Ω			
6V DC			66.7mA	66.7mA	90 Ω	90 Ω			
9V DC			44.4mA	44.4mA	202.5Ω	202.5Ω			
12V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	360 Ω	360 Ω			
24V DC			16.7mA	16.7mA	1,440 Ω	1,440 Ω			

*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		8 A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,000 V A
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC
	Max. switching current		8A AC
	Nominal operating power		200mW (1 coil latching type), 400mW (2 coil latching type)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5 V DC
	Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)	
Breakdown voltage (Initial)		Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
Temperature rise (coil) (at 85°C 185°F)		Max. 35°C 95°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 8A, Coil: de-energized)	
Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil)		12,000 V (Initial)	
Set time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)	
Reset time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	100 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
Expected life	Mechanical	Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical	All type: Min. 5 × 10 ⁴ (at 8 A 250V AC, resistive load) (at 20 times/min.) IEC60335-1 compliant type: Min. 10 ⁵ (at 5 A 250V AC, resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3 *4		Temperature: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at nominal switching capacity)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 8 g .28 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

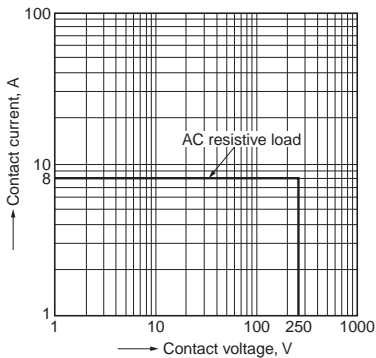
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES on page 165.

*4. Allowable range when in original packaging is -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F.

DW (ADW)

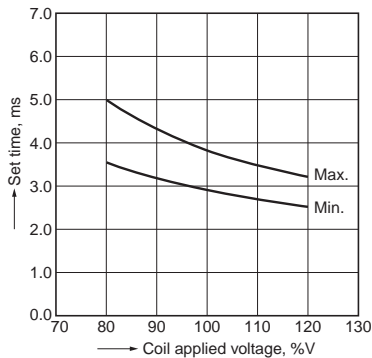
REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching capacity (AC resistive load)



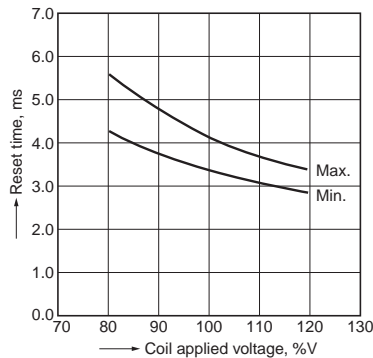
2. Set time

Tested sample: ADW1106, 15 pcs
Ambient temperature: 28°C 82.4°F
Contact load: 5V DC, 10mA



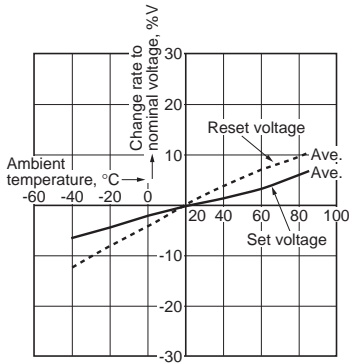
3. Reset time

Tested sample: ADW1106, 15 pcs
Ambient temperature: 28°C 82.4°F
Contact load: 5V DC, 10mA



4. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: ADW1106, 6pcs
Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F

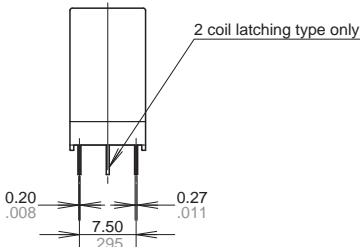
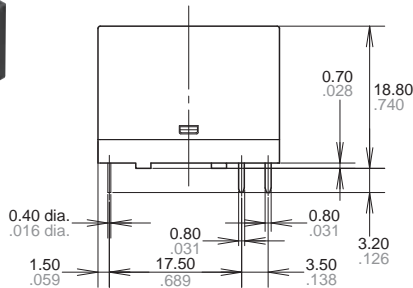
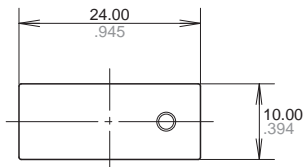


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

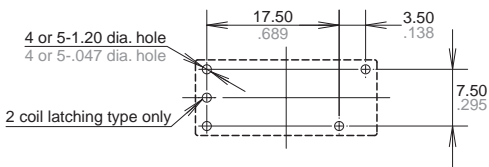
CAD Data

External dimensions



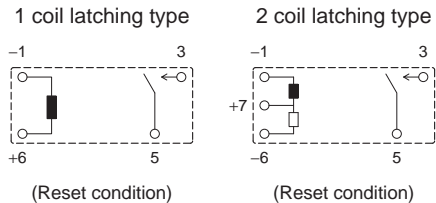
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

Product name	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	E43149	8A 250V AC R 85°C 185°F 5A 30V DC R 85°C 185°F	40032254	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 85°C 185°F 5A 30V DC (0ms) 85°C 185°F

Note: CSA standard; Certified by C-UL

NOTES

■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature:

−40 to +85°C −40 to +185°F (Allowable range when in original packaging is −40 to +70°C −40 to +158°F.)

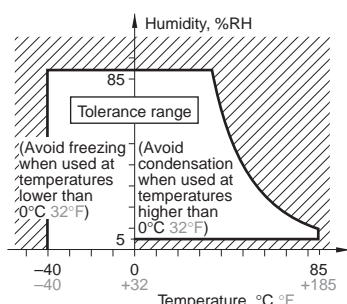
2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

■ Solder and cleaning conditions

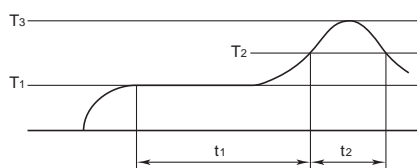
1) Flow solder mounting conditions
Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.

(1) Preheating: within 120°C 248°F (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 seconds

(2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F (solder temperature) and within 6 seconds (soldering time)

* Furthermore, because the type of PC board used and other factors may influence the relays, test that the relays function properly on the actual PC board on which they are mounted.

2) Reflow solder mounting (Pin-in-Paste mounting) conditions



T₁ = 150 to 180°C 302 to 356°F
T₂ = 230°C 446°F or more
T₃ = 250°C 482°F or less
t₁ = 60 to 120 seconds
t₂ = within 30 seconds

• Cautions to observe when mounting temperature increases in the relay are greatly dependent on the way different parts are located a PC board and the heating method of the reflow device. Therefore, please conduct testing on the actual device beforehand after making sure the parts soldered on the relay terminals and the top of the relay case are within the temperature conditions given above.

3) Since this is not a sealed type relay, do not clean it as is. Also, be careful not to allow flux to overflow above the PC board or enter the inside of the relay.

■ Cautions for use

1) Since this relay is polarized, please observe the coil polarity (+ and −). Be sure to connect as shown in the attached product specifications diagram.

2) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to ±5% (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage.

Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.

3) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.

4) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors. Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

(1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase are synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

(2) Highly frequent load-operating
When highly frequent opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO₃ is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- Lower the operating frequency
- Lower the ambient humidity

5) Minimum switching capacity provides a guideline for low level load switching. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

6) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.

7) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

8) Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

9) This relay can be oriented in any way when installing. However, the set/reset voltage and set/reset time, etc., may be affected slightly by the orientation due to the influence of gravitation. Therefore, when evaluating the relay, please do so with the relay placed in your intended orientation.

10) In order to maintain consistent set/reset pulse time of the latching type relay so that positive movement is ensured under ambient temperature fluctuations and other usage conditions, we recommend that you keep the coil applied set/reset pulse width to 30 ms or higher using the nominal coil voltage.

11) Relays are shipped in a 'reset' state. During shipping and handling, however, shocks may change the state to 'set.' Consequently, at time of use (at power on) it is recommended to ensure that circuits are returned to the desired state ('set' or 'reset').

12) Do not use parts that generate organic silicon. When present in the vicinity, conduction failure may occur.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**2a2b/3a1b/4a 4 A
polarized power relay**

S RELAYS



FEATURES

1. Compact with high sensitivity

The high-efficiency polarized electromagnetic circuits of the 4-gap balanced armature and our exclusive spring alignment method achieves, with high-sensitivity in a small package, a relay that can be directly controlled by a driver chip.

2. Strong resistance to vibration and shock

Use of 4G-BA technology realizes strong resistance to vibration and shock.

3. High reliability and long life

Our application of 4G-BA technology, along with almost perfectly complete twin contact, ensures minimal contact bounce and high reliability.

4. Ability to provide wide-ranging control

Use of 4G-BA technology with gold-clad silver alloy contacts in a twin contact structure enables control across a broad range from microcurrents of 100 μ A 100 mV DC to 4 A 250 V AC.

5. Latching types available

With 4G-BA technology, as well as single side stable types, convenient 2 coil latching types for circuit memory applications are also available.

6. Wide variety of contact formations available

The compact size of the 4G-BA mechanism enables the provision of many kinds of package, including 2a2b, 3a1b, and 4a. These meet your needs across a broad range of applications.

7. Low thermal electromotive force relay

High sensitivity (low power consumption) is realized by 4G-BA technology. Separation of the coil and spring sections has resulted in a relay with extremely low levels of thermal electromotive force (approx. 0.3 μ V).

8. DIL terminal array

Deployed to fit a 2.54 mm .100 inch grid, the terminals are presented in DIL arrays which match the printed circuit board terminal patterns commonly in international use.

9. Relays that push the boundaries of relay efficiency

High-density S relays take you close to the limits of relay efficiency.

10. Sockets are available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Telecommunications equipment, data processing equipment, facsimiles, alarm equipment, measuring equipment.

4-GAP BALANCED ARMATURE MECHANISM

1. Armature mechanism has excellent resistance to vibration and shock

The armature structure enables free rotation around the armature center of gravity. Because the mass is maintained in balance at the fulcrum of the axis of rotation, large rotational forces do not occur even if acceleration is applied along any vector. The mechanism has proven to have excellent resistance to vibration and shock. All our S relays are based on this balanced armature mechanism, which is able to further provide many other characteristics.

2. High sensitivity and reliability provided by 4-gap balanced armature mechanism

As a (polarized) balanced armature, the S relay armature itself has two permanent magnets. Presenting four interfaces, the armature has a 4-gap structure. As a result, the rotational axis at either end of the armature is symmetrical and, in an energized into a polarized state, the twin magnetic armature interfaces are subject to repulsion on one side and attraction on the other. This mechanism, exclusive to

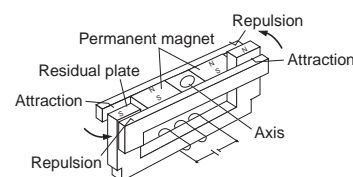
Panasonic, provides a highly efficient polarized magnetic circuit structure that is both highly sensitive and has a small form factor. Moreover, suitability for provision with many types of contact array and other advantages promise to make it possible to provide many of the various characteristics that are coming to be demanded of relays.

HOW IT WORKS (single side stable type)

1) When current is passed through the coil, the yoke becomes magnetic and polarized.

2) At either pole of the armature, repulsion on one side and attraction on the other side is caused by the interaction of the poles and the permanent magnets of the armature.

3) At this time, opening and closing operates owing to the action of the simultaneously moulded balanced armature mechanism, so that when the force of the contact breaker spring closes the contact on one side, on the other side, the balanced armature opens the contact (2a2b).



ORDERING INFORMATION

S - - DC

Contact arrangement
2: 2 Form A 2 Form B
3: 3 Form A 1 Form B
4: 4 Form A

Operating function
Nil: Single side stable
L: 1 coil latching
L2: 2 coil latching

Coil voltage (DC)
3, 5, 6, 12, 24, 48 V

Note: UL/CSA approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
2 Form A 2 Form B	3V DC	S2-DC3V	S2-L-DC3V	S2-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	S2-DC5V	S2-L-DC5V	S2-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	S2-DC6V	S2-L-DC6V	S2-L2-DC6V
	12V DC	S2-DC12V	S2-L-DC12V	S2-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	S2-DC24V	S2-L-DC24V	S2-L2-DC24V
	48V DC	S2-DC48V	S2-L-DC48V	S2-L2-DC48V
3 Form A 1 Form B	3V DC	S3-DC3V	S3-L-DC3V	S3-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	S3-DC5V	S3-L-DC5V	S3-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	S3-DC6V	S3-L-DC6V	S3-L2-DC6V
	12V DC	S3-DC12V	S3-L-DC12V	S3-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	S3-DC24V	S3-L-DC24V	S3-L2-DC24V
	48V DC	S3-DC48V	S3-L-DC48V	S3-L2-DC48V
4 Form A	3V DC	S4-DC3V	S4-L-DC3V	S4-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	S4-DC5V	S4-L-DC5V	S4-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	S4-DC6V	S4-L-DC6V	S4-L2-DC6V
	12V DC	S4-DC12V	S4-L-DC12V	S4-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	S4-DC24V	S4-L-DC24V	S4-L2-DC24V
	48V DC	S4-DC48V	S4-L-DC48V	S4-L2-DC48V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Coil inductance	Max. allowable voltage (at 40°C 104°F)
Standard	3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	Approx. 23mH	5.5V DC
	5V DC			38.5mA	130Ω	192mW	Approx. 65mH	9.0V DC
	6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω	200mW	Approx. 93mH	11.0V DC
	12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω	200mW	Approx. 370mH	22.0V DC
	24V DC			8.4mA	2,850Ω	202mW	Approx. 1,427mH	44.0V DC
	48V DC			5.6mA	8,500Ω	271mW	Approx. 3,410mH	75.0V DC

2) 1 coil latching

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Coil inductance	Max. allowable voltage (at 40°C 104°F)
Standard	3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	33mA	90Ω	99mW	Approx. 0.04mH	8.4V DC
	5V DC			16mA	300Ω	80mW	Approx. 0.14mH	15.3V DC
	6V DC			16mA	360Ω	96mW	Approx. 0.14mH	16.8V DC
	12V DC			8mA	1450Ω	96mW	Approx. 0.6mH	33.7V DC
	24V DC			4mA	5,700Ω	96mW	Approx. 2.05mH	66.7V DC
	48V DC			3mA	16,000Ω	144mW	Approx. 8.9mH	111V DC

3) 2 coil latching

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil inductance		Max. allowable voltage (at 40°C 104°F)
				Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
Standard	3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7mA	66.7mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 10mH	Approx. 10mH	5.5V DC
	5V DC			38.5mA	38.5mA	130Ω	130Ω	192mW	192mW	Approx. 31mH	Approx. 31mH	9.0V DC
	6V DC			33.7mA	33.7mA	180Ω	180Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 40mH	Approx. 40mH	11.0V DC
	12V DC			16.7mA	16.7mA	720Ω	720Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 170mH	Approx. 170mH	22.0V DC
	24V DC			8.4mA	8.4mA	2,850Ω	2,850Ω	202mW	202mW	Approx. 680mH	Approx. 680mH	44.0V DC
	48V DC			7.4mA	7.4mA	6,500Ω	6,500Ω	355mW	355mW	Approx. 1,250mH	Approx. 1,250mH	65.0V DC

2. Specifications

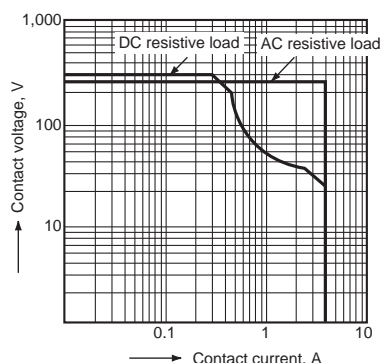
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B, 4 Form A
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Electrostatic capacitance (initial)		Approx. 3pF
	Contact material		Au clad Ag alloy (Cd free)
	Thermal electromotive force (at nominal coil voltage) (initial)		Approx. 3μV
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		4 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,000 VA, 90 W
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC, 48 V DC (30 to 48 V DC at less than 0.5 A)
	Max. switching current		4 A (AC), 3 A (DC)
	Minimum operating power		100 mW (Single side stable, latching)
	Nominal operating power		200 mW (Single side stable, latching)
Electrical characteristics	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100μA 100 m V DC
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 10,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Initial breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 35°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 4A.)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms [15 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [15 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 490 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 4 mm
Expected life	Mechanical	Min. 10 ⁸ (at 50 cps)	
	Electrical	Min. 10 ⁵ (4 A 250 V AC), Min. 2×10 ⁵ (3 A 30 V DC) (at 20 times/min.)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +65°C -67°F to +149°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. for maximum load, 50 cps for low-level load (1 mA 1 V DC)
Unit weight			Approx. 8 g .28 oz

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

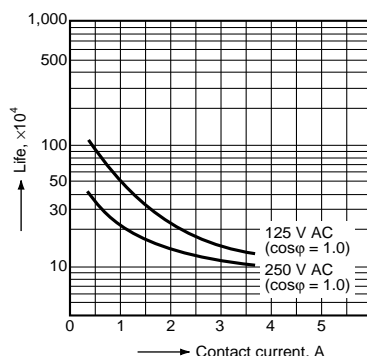
*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching power



2. Life curve

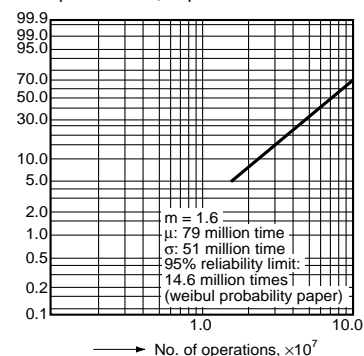


3. Contact reliability

Condition: 1V DC, 1mA

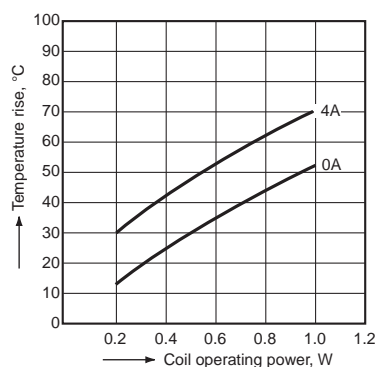
Detection level 10 Ω

Tested Sample: S4-24V, 10pcs



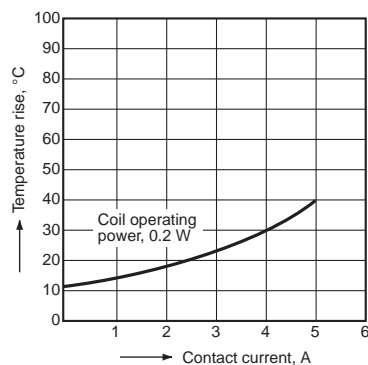
4.-(1) Coil temperature rise

Tested Sample: S4-24V, 4 Form A



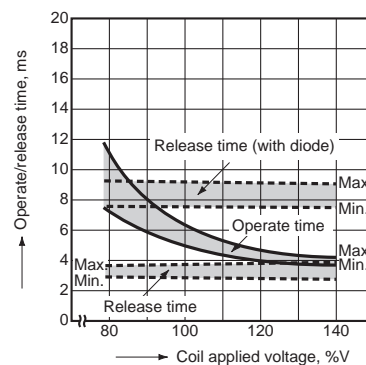
4.-(2) Coil temperature rise

Tested Sample: S4-24V, 4 Form A

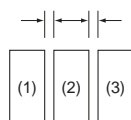


5. Operate and release time (Single side stable type)

Tested Sample: S4-24V, 10pcs

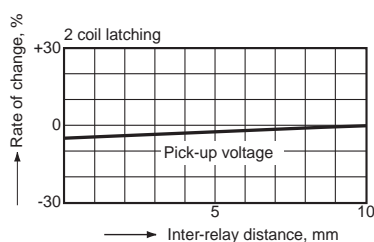
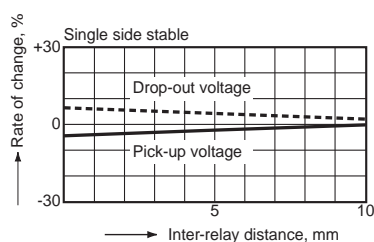


6. Influence of adjacent mounting

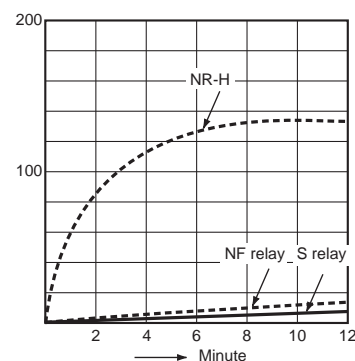


(1) & (3) relays are energized

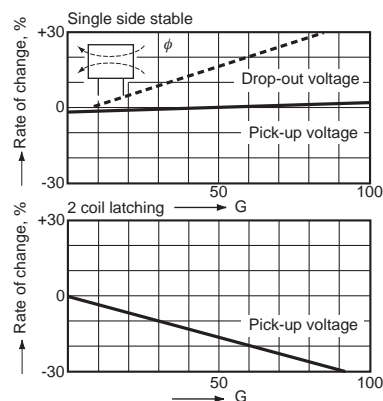
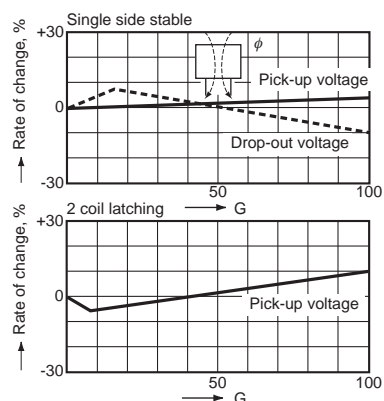
Note: When installing an S-relay near another, and there is no effect from an external magnetic field, be sure to leave at least 10 mm .394 inch between relays in order to achieve the performance listed in the catalog.



7. Thermal electromotive force



8. Effect from an external magnetic field

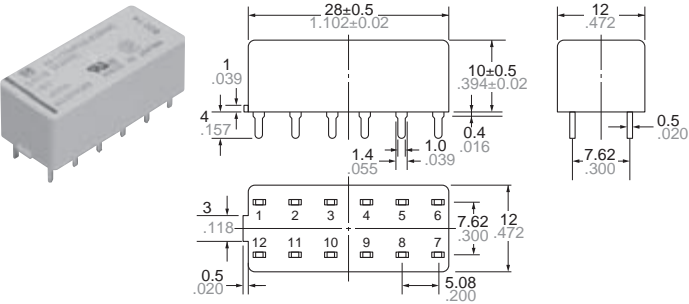


DIMENSIONS(mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

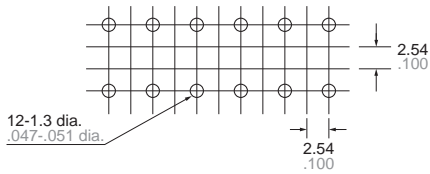
CAD Data

External dimensions



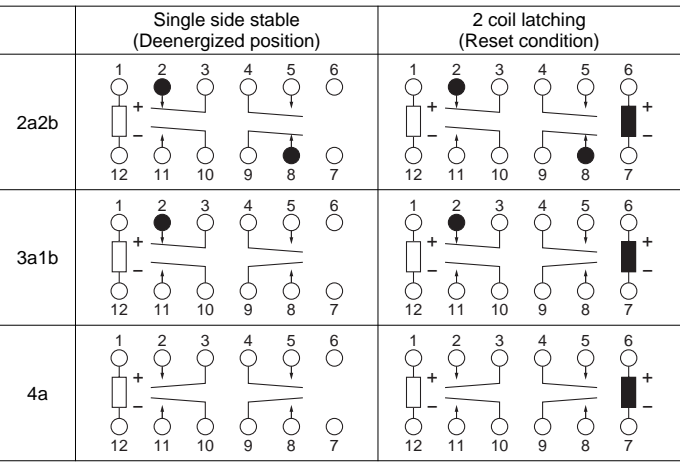
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

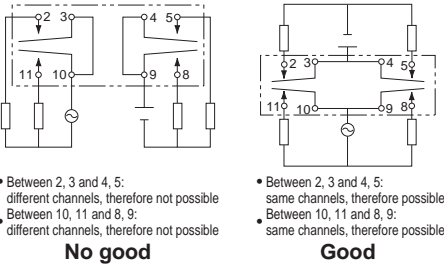


SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43028	4A 250V AC, 1/20HP 125V AC (FLA1.5A) 1/20HP 250V AC (FLA0.75A), 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	4A 250V AC, 1/20HP 125V AC, 1/20HP 250V AC 3A 30V DC

NOTES

1. Based on regulations regarding insulation distance, there is a restriction on same-channel load connections between terminals No. 2, 3 and 4, 5, as well as between No. 8, 9 and 10, 11. See the figure below for an example.
2. Please note that when this relay (1 Form A 1 Form B types) operates and releases, contacts a and b may go ON at the same time.

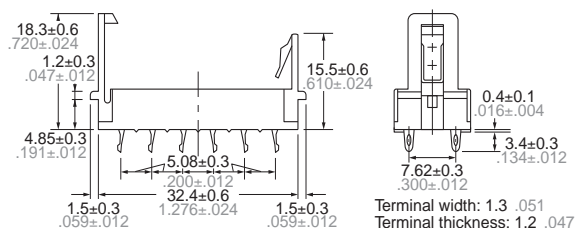
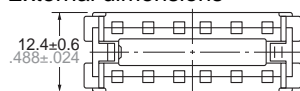


For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

S RELAYS SOCKET



External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Technical drawing of a plate with dimensions and hole specifications. The drawing shows a rectangular plate with a grid of holes. The dimensions are as follows:

- Overall width: 200
- Overall height: 12.6
- Distance between hole centers (pitch): 5.085
- Distance from the left edge to the first hole center: 200.200
- Distance from the right edge to the last hole center: 200.200
- Distance from the top edge to the first hole center: 7.6
- Distance from the bottom edge to the last hole center: 12.299
- Hole diameter: 12-1.6 dia. hole
- Plate thickness: 12-.063 dia. hole

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

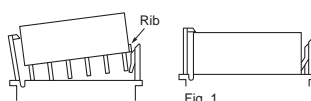
Polarized Power

Product name	Part No.
S Relays Socket	S-PS

Maximum continuous current	4 A Note: Don't insert or remove relays while in the energized condition.
Breakdown voltage	1,500 Vrms between terminals
Insulation resistance	More than 100 MΩ between terminals at 500 V DC Mega
Heat resistance	150 ±3°C (302 ±5.4°F) for 1 hour.

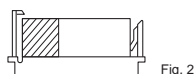
Inserting and removing method

Inserting method: Insert the relay as shown in Fig. 1 unit the rib of the relay snaps into the clip of the socket.

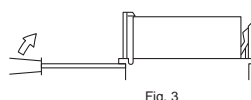


Removing method:

(1) Remove the relay straight from the socket holding the shaded portion of the relay as shown in Fig. 2.



(2) When sockets are mounted in close proximity, use a slotted screw driver as shown in Fig. 3.



**2c 15 A, 4c 10 A polarized
power relays**

SP RELAYS



Taking advantage of the 4-gap balanced armature mechanism, S relays have met a number of relay needs and earned a reputation for the characteristics that they provide. Building on the same structure, the SP relay was introduced as a high-sensitivity power relay to provide nominal operating power of 300 mW and minimum operating power of 150 mW (single side stable and 2 coil latching types). Even so, with the nominal switching capacity for the 2 Form C at 15 A, and for the 4 Form C at 10 A, high-capacity switching is possible with small input. Moreover, taking full advantage of the excellence of the 4-gap balanced armature mechanism, we have realized a small, slim form factor that also has superior resistance to vibration and shock. This power relay is often chosen for NC machines and electrical power remote monitoring control panels, and for power supplies used in computers and other equipment. The SP also often provides power control for high-end business and industrial equipment.

FEATURES

1. Small, slim form factor

Facilitating the form factor reduction of devices, the overall height of the relay package is less than half that of our HP relay.

2. High sensitivity

The high-efficiency polarized electromagnetic mechanism in conjunction with our exclusive spring alignment method achieves levels of sensitivity higher than relays that have been available up to now. For both the 2 Form C and 4 Form C single side stable and 2 coil latching types, the 150 mW minimum operating power level allows direct driving by transistor or chip controllers.

3. High reliability and long life

With a structure that ensures almost perfectly complete twin contact and minimal contact bounce, you get greater reliability than has so far been provided by power relays.

4. 2 coil latching types also available

In cases where it was formerly unavoidable to use plural relays for large power memory, you can now use a single SP relay.

5. Strong resistance to vibration and shock

Our balanced armature technology well withstands vibration and shocks. It provides strong resistance to vibration and shock.

ORDERING INFORMATION

SP - -

Contact arrangement

2: 2 Form C

4: 4 Form C

Terminal shape

Nil: Plug-in type

P: PC board type

Standard - 1.4 mm x 0.5 mm (without UL/CSA marking)

Optional - 2.0 mm x 0.5 mm (with UL/CSA marking)

Operating function

Nil: Single side stable

L2: 2 coil latching

Coil voltage

DC 3, 5, 6, 12, 24, 48 V

Notes: 1. PC board type is manufactured by lot upon receipt of order.

2. UL/CSA and TÜV approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.
2 Form C	3V DC	SP2-DC3V	SP2-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	SP2-DC5V	SP2-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	SP2-DC6V	SP2-L2-DC6V
	12V DC	SP2-DC12V	SP2-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	SP2-DC24V	SP2-L2-DC24V
	48V DC	SP2-DC48V	SP2-L2-DC48V
4 Form C	3V DC	SP4-DC3V	SP4-L2-DC3V
	5V DC	SP4-DC5V	SP4-L2-DC5V
	6V DC	SP4-DC6V	SP4-L2-DC6V
	12V DC	SP4-DC12V	SP4-L2-DC12V
	24V DC	SP4-DC24V	SP4-L2-DC24V
	48V DC	SP4-DC48V	SP4-L2-DC48V

Standard packing (2 Form C): Tube: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

Standard packing (4 Form C): Tube: 10 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

Note: PC board type is manufactured by lot upon receipt of order.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	100mA	30Ω	300mW	150%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			60.2mA	83Ω		
6V DC			50mA	120Ω		
12V DC			25mA	480Ω		
24V DC			12.5mA	1,920Ω		
48V DC			6.2mA	7,700Ω		

2) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. allowable voltage
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	100mA	100mA	30Ω	30Ω	300mW	300mW	150%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			60.2mA	60.2mA	83Ω	83Ω			
6V DC			50mA	50mA	120Ω	120Ω			
12V DC			25mA	25mA	480Ω	480Ω			
24V DC			12.5mA	12.5mA	1,920Ω	1,920Ω			
48V DC			6.2mA	6.2mA	7,680Ω	7,680Ω			

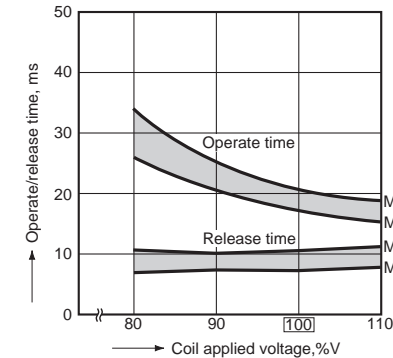
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Initial contact pressure		2 Form C: Approx. 0.392 N (40 g 1.41 oz), 4 Form C: Approx. 0.196 N (20 g 0.71 oz)
	Arrangement		2 Form C, 4 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Stationary contact: Au flashed AgSnO ₂ type, Movable contact: AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		2 Form C: 15 A 250 V AC, 4 Form C: 10 A 250 V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2 Form C: 3,750 VA, 300 W, 4 Form C: 2,500 VA, 300 W
	Max. switching voltage		2 Form C, 4 Form C: 250 V AC, 30 V DC (48V DC: Max. 2A)
	Max. switching current		2 Form C: 15 A (AC) 10 A (DC), 4 Form C: 10 A
	Minimum operating power		150mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
	Nominal operating power		300mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100 mA 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial) (25°C, 50% relative humidity)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	3,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact sets	3,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 30 ms [Max. 30 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms [Max. 30 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 40°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; nominal switching capacity.)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 392 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical (resistive load)		2 Form C: Min. 10 ⁵ (15 A 250 V AC [at 20 times/min.]), Min. 10 ⁵ (10 A 30 V DC [at 20 times/min.]) 4 Form C: Min. 10 ⁵ (15 A 250 V AC [at 20 times/min.]), Min. 10 ⁵ (10 A 30 V DC [at 20 times/min.])
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -50°C to +60°C -58°F to +140°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at rated load)
Unit weight			2 Form C: 50 g 1.76 oz; 4 Form C: 65 g 2.29 oz

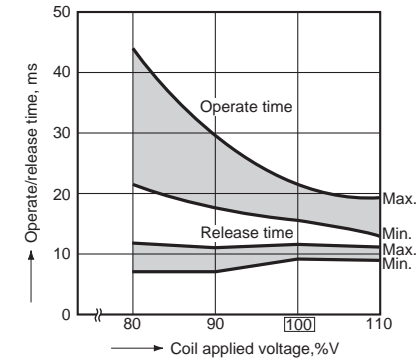
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

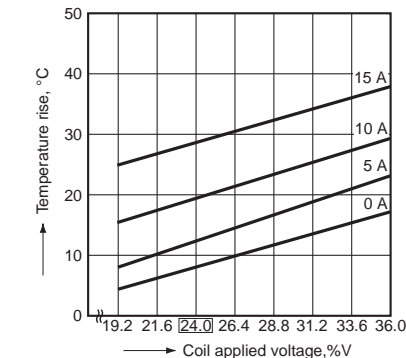
Operate and release time (Single side stable)
SP2



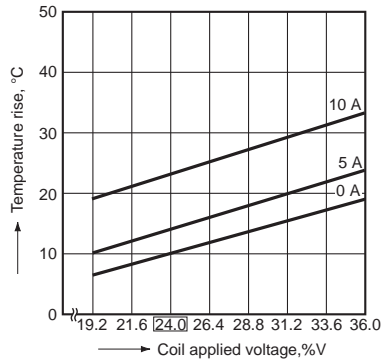
SP4



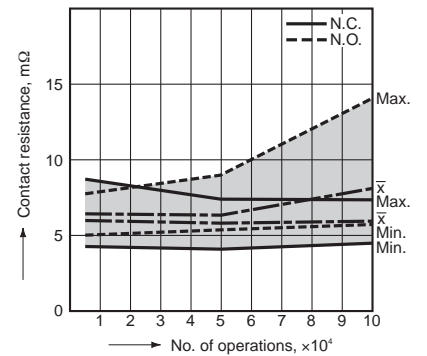
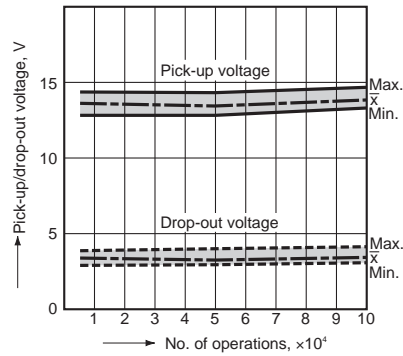
Coil temperature rise
Tested sample: SP2-DC24V
Ambient temperature: 20 to 22°C 68 to 72°F



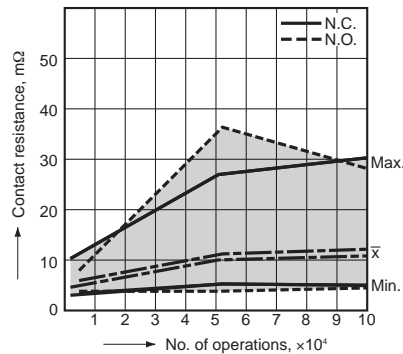
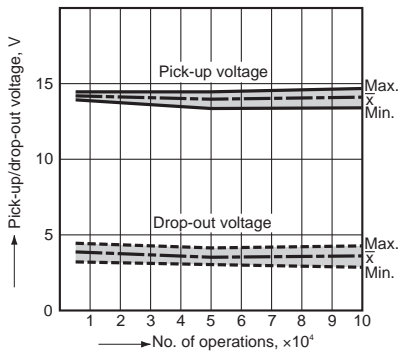
Tested sample: SP4-DC24V
Ambient temperature: 27 to 29°C 81 to 84°F



Electrical life
(SP2, 15 A 250 V AC resistive load)



Electrical life
(SP4, 10 A 250 V AC resistive load)



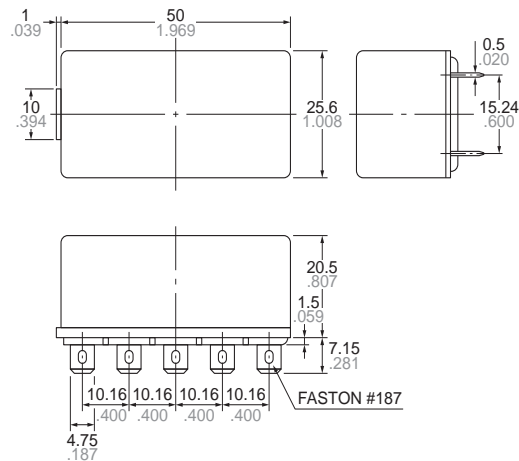
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download [CAD Data](#) from our Web site.

2 Form C

Plug-in terminal

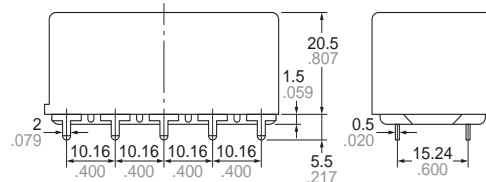
[CAD Data](#) External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

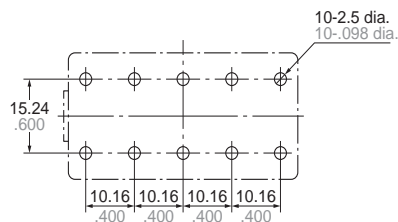
PC board type

[CAD Data](#) External dimensions



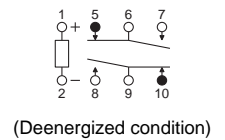
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



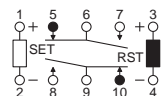
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)
Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

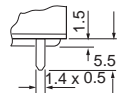
2 coil latching



(Reset condition)

Diagram shows the "reset" position when terminals 3 and 4 are energized. Energize terminals 1 and 2 to transfer contacts.

PC board terminal

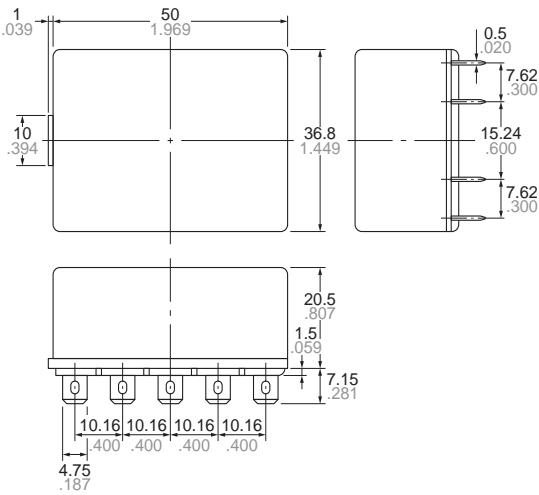


With UL/CSA approval:
pin 2 mm x 0.5 mm
standard type:
pin 1.4 mm x 0.5 mm

4 Form C

Plug-in terminal

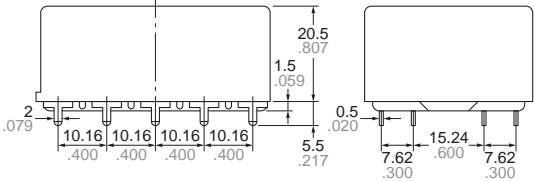
CAD Data External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

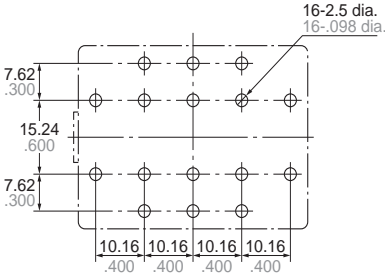
PC board type

CAD Data External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

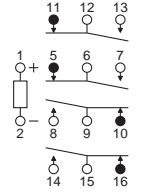
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

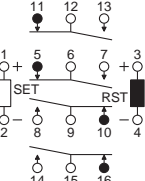
Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

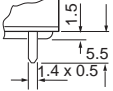
2 coil latching



(Reset condition)

Diagram shows the "reset" position when terminals 3 and 4 are energized. Energize terminals 1 and 2 to transfer contacts.

PC board terminal



With UL/CSA approval:
pin 2 mm x 0.5 mm
standard type:
pin 1.4 mm x 0.5 mm

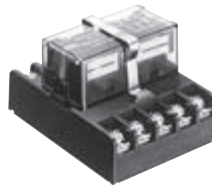
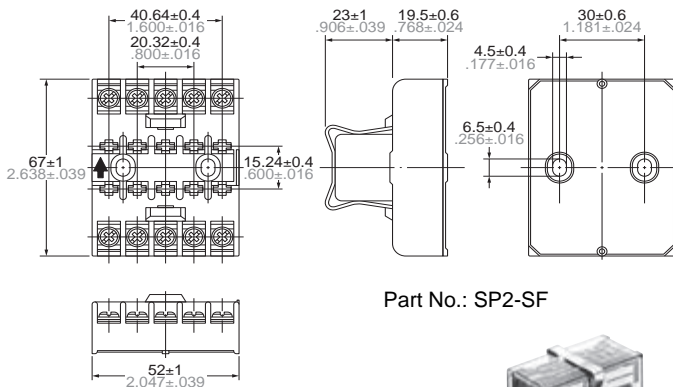
SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
2 Form C	E43028	15A 250V AC 1/2HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	15A 250V AC 1/2HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	B 0303 13461 010	15A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 10A 30V DC
4 Form C	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	B 0303 13461 010	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 10A 30V DC

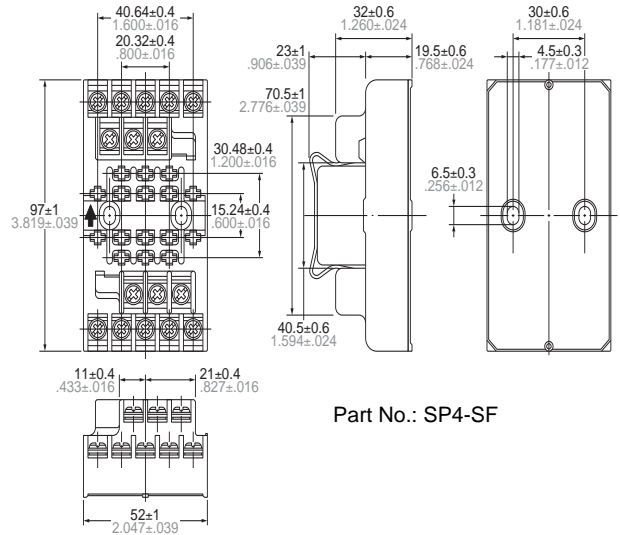
For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm inch)

SP2-Terminal socket



SP4-Terminal socket



Polarized Power

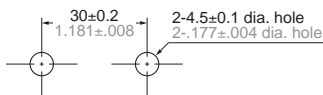
Note: Terminal number marking is on the socket body. Please refer together with the SP relay schematic.

General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

TYPES

Product name	Part No.
SP2 Terminal socket	SP2-SF
SP4 Terminal socket	SP4-SF

Mounting hole diagram



Notes:

- (1) Mounting screws and the fastening bracket are included in the package.
- (2) Mount the relay with the proper mounting direction — i.e. with the direction of the mark on top of the relay case matching the direction of the mark on the terminal block. (The direction of the terminal block is the upward direction of the relay.)

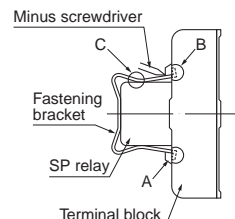
Fastening bracket mounting and removal

1. Mounting

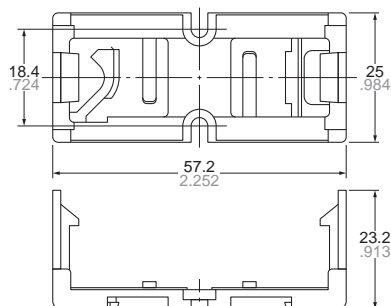
Insert the A part of the fastening bracket into the mounting groove of the terminal block, and then fit the B part into groove, while pressing with the tip of a minus screwdriver.

2. Removal

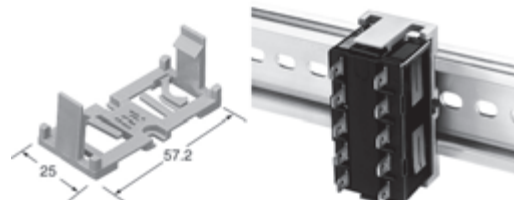
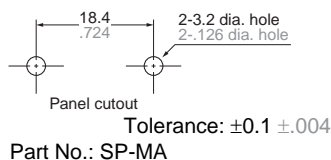
Slide the B part of the fastening bracket from the groove in the terminal block, while pressing with the tip of a minus screwdriver. While the bracket is in this position, keep pressing the C part of the bracket to the relay side with your finger, and lift up to the left side and remove from the groove, as in the diagram at right.



DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm inch)



Mounting hole diagram



Direct chassis mounting possible, and applicable to DIN rail.

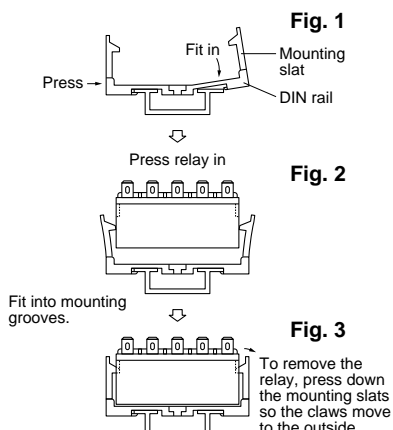
TYPES

Product name	Part No.
Mounting board	SP-MA

Use method

- Both the SP relay 2 Form C and 4 Form C can be mounted to the mounting slats.
- Use the mounting slats either by attaching them directly to the chassis, or by mounting with a DIN rail.
 - When attaching directly to chassis Use two M3 screws. For the mounting pitch, refer to the specification diagram.
 - When mounting on a DIN rail Use a 35mm 1.378inch wide DIN rail (DIN46277). The mounting method should be as indicated in the diagram at right.

Method for mounting on DIN rail



- First fit the arc shaped claw of the mounting slat into the DIN rail.
- Press on the side as shown in the diagram below.
- Fit in the claw part on the opposite side.

Precautions for use

When mounting to a DIN rail, use a commercially available fastening bracket if there is a need to stop sliding of the mounting slat in the rail direction.



FEATURES

1. Even with small form factor, sensitive enough for direct IC-driving

The dimensions of this high-density 4-gap balanced armature are 31 mm × 14 mm × 11 mm 1.220 inch × .551 inch × .433 inch. Despite this small size, high sensitivity is achieved by a mechanism that incorporates high-efficiency polarized magnetic circuits along with our exclusive spring alignment method. With an minimum operating power of about 150 mW, nominal operating power of 240 mW, this relay can be directly driven by transistor or chip controllers.

2. High switching capability

Strong against lamp inductive loads, maximum switching capacity has reached 3,040 VA (8A 380V AC).

3. High breakdown voltage – Optimal for control in 250 V power circuits

High breakdown voltage has been achieved. Between contacts and coil of 3,750 Vrms; Surge breakdown voltage between coil and contact of 6,000 V, and between open contacts of 1,200 Vrms mean that these relays are suitable even for 250 V power circuit control.

4. Improved stability

Conforms to all types of safety standards.

Insulating distance of more than 3 mm secured, approx. 4 mm. Complies with Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law requirements for operating 200 V power supply circuits, and conforms with UL, CSA and VDE standards.

5. Latching types available

In addition to single side stable types, convenient 2 coil latching types with memory functions are also available. Moreover, we offer 2 Form A specifications which, with double pole switching for applications such as 250 V power circuit switching, can enable safer designs.

6. Automatic cleaning possible

The sealed design means that these relays can undergo immersion in automatic washing systems and are suitable for automatic soldering. Even in difficult environments, the contacts remain reliable.

7. Easy to design PC board patterns

Features 4/10 dual-in-line terminals. Because the lead spacing has a pitch greater than 7.54 mm .297 inch, designers can make easy adjustments with the width of the land size. This, along with the large insulation distance, simplifies the drawing of PC board patterns.

8. To improve soldering efficiency, preapplication of solder to the terminals is recommended.

9. Sockets are available.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ST - - - F

Contact arrangement

1: 1 Form A 1 Form B

2: 2 Form A

Operating function

Nil: Single side stable

L: 1 coil latching

L2: 2 coil latching

Coil voltage

DC 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48 V

Contact material

F: AgSnO₂ type contact

Note: UL/CSA, VDE type is standard.

ST

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A 1 Form B	3V DC	ST1-DC3V-F	ST1-L-DC3V-F	ST1-L2-DC3V-F
	5V DC	ST1-DC5V-F	ST1-L-DC5V-F	ST1-L2-DC5V-F
	6V DC	ST1-DC6V-F	ST1-L-DC6V-F	ST1-L2-DC6V-F
	9V DC	ST1-DC9V-F	ST1-L-DC9V-F	ST1-L2-DC9V-F
	12V DC	ST1-DC12V-F	ST1-L-DC12V-F	ST1-L2-DC12V-F
	24V DC	ST1-DC24V-F	ST1-L-DC24V-F	ST1-L2-DC24V-F
	48V DC	ST1-DC48V-F	ST1-L-DC48V-F	ST1-L2-DC48V-F
2 Form A	3V DC	ST2-DC3V-F	ST2-L-DC3V-F	ST2-L2-DC3V-F
	5V DC	ST2-DC5V-F	ST2-L-DC5V-F	ST2-L2-DC5V-F
	6V DC	ST2-DC6V-F	ST2-L-DC6V-F	ST2-L2-DC6V-F
	9V DC	ST2-DC9V-F	ST2-L-DC9V-F	ST2-L2-DC9V-F
	12V DC	ST2-DC12V-F	ST2-L-DC12V-F	ST2-L2-DC12V-F
	24V DC	ST2-DC24V-F	ST2-L-DC24V-F	ST2-L2-DC24V-F
	48V DC	ST2-DC48V-F	ST2-L-DC48V-F	ST2-L2-DC48V-F

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	78mA	38Ω	240mW	150%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			47mA	105Ω		
6V DC			40mA	150Ω		
9V DC			25mA	360Ω		
12V DC			20mA	600Ω		
24V DC			10mA	2,400Ω		
48V DC			5mA	9,000Ω		

2) 1 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	37mA	80Ω	130mW	150%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			21mA	230Ω		
6V DC			18mA	330Ω		
9V DC			12mA	730Ω		
12V DC			9mA	1,300Ω		
24V DC			5mA	5,000Ω		
48V DC			2.7mA	18,000Ω		

3) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	75mA	75mA	40Ω	40Ω	240mW	240mW	150%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			45mA	45mA	110Ω	110Ω			
6V DC			37mA	37mA	155Ω	155Ω			
9V DC			25mA	25mA	360Ω	360Ω			
12V DC			18mA	18mA	640Ω	640Ω			
24V DC			10mA	10mA	2,400Ω	2,400Ω			
48V DC			4.7mA	4.7mA	10,200Ω	10,200Ω			

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A
	Contact material		Au-flashed AgSnO ₂ type
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
Rating	Max. switching power (resistive load)		3,040 VA, 150 W
	Max. switching voltage		380 V AC, 250 V DC
	Max. switching current		8 A
	Minimum operating power		150mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
	Nominal operating power		240mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100 mA 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial) (at 25°C, 50% relative humidity)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,200 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact sets	2,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	3,750 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)*2		6,000 V (Between contact and coil)
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms [Max. 15 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [Max. 15 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Temperature rise (at 60°C 140°F)		Max. 55°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 8A.)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (8 A 250 V AC resistive) (ON : OFF = 1 s : 5 s)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min.*4
Unit weight			Approx. 10g .353 oz

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

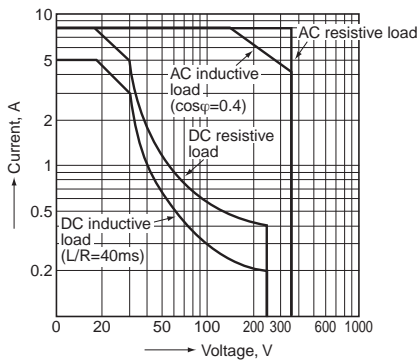
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50\mu\text{s}$ according to JEC-212-1981.

*3 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

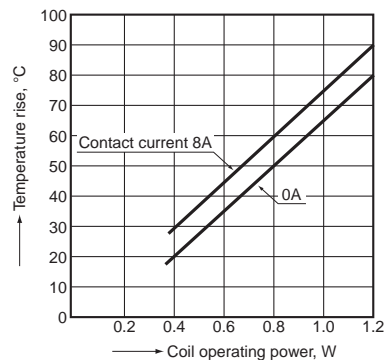
*4 The max. operating speed amounts to 30cps without load.

REFERENCE DATA

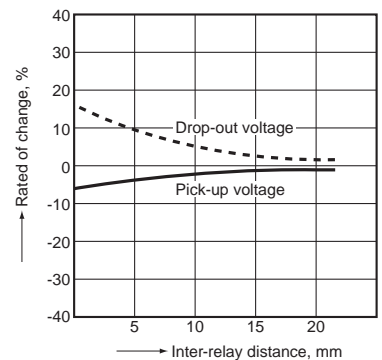
1. Max. switching power



2. Coil temperature rise



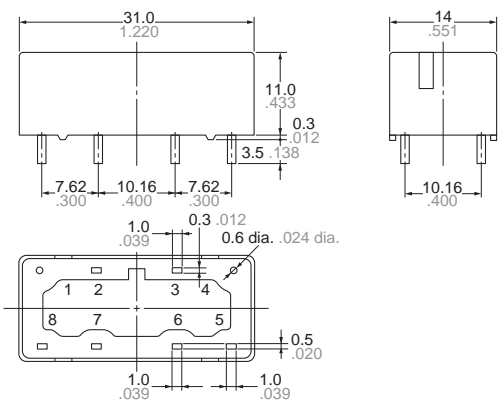
3. Influence of adjacent mounting



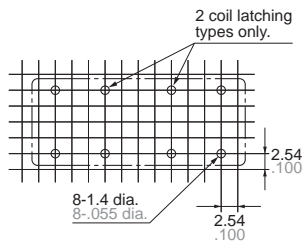
CAD Data



External dimensions



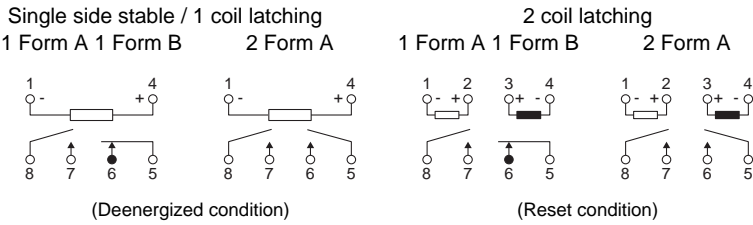
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm 0.020$

Schematic (Bottom view)



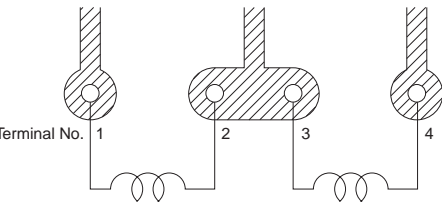
SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
E43028	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	8A 250V AC 1/4HP 125, 250V AC 5A 30V DC	1017	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 4A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC	UL: E43028 CSA: LR26550	—

NOTES

1. PC board patterns for 2 coil latching types

When applying relays in power supply operation circuits for finished products regulated by the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law, use the pattern shown below.



2. Soldering should be done under the following conditions:

- 1) 250°C 482°F within 10s
300°C 572°F within 5s
350°C 662°F within 3s
- 2) For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick. It is recommended that a fluorinated hydrocarbon or other alcoholic solvents be used.

3. When using, please be aware that

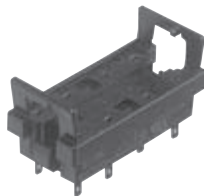
the a contact and b contact sides of 1 Form A and 1 Form B types may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

ST relay socket



ST-PS
PC board terminal socket



ST-SS
Solder terminal socket

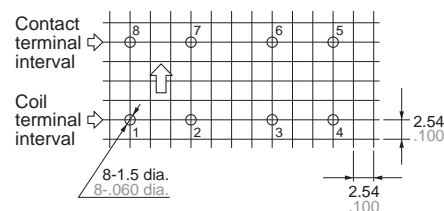
FEATURES

1. Possible to fit or remove the chassis with one touch ($t = 0.6 \text{ mm}$ to 2.2 mm .024 inch to .087 inch)
2. Easy design of PC board pattern (2.54 mm x 4 pitch DIL terminal array)
3. Complies with Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law. (UL and VDE certification)
4. High breakdown voltage.

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE (SOCKET)

1. PC board mounting method

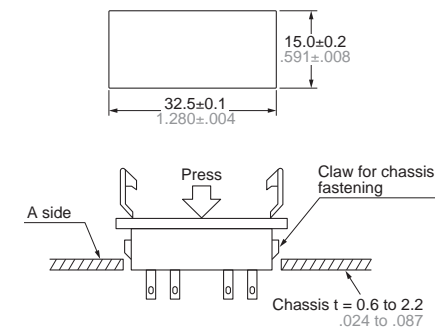
PC board pattern



The terminal configuration is symmetrical on the left and right, so an arrow mark \uparrow is stamped on the socket to prevent mis-insertion. We recommend printing the same arrow mark \uparrow on the component mounting side (side opposite from pattern) of the PC board. In this case, the terminal configuration becomes the terminal nos. noted near the drilling holes.

2. Chassis cutout

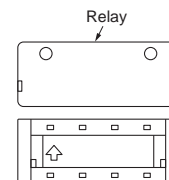
Chassis cutting dimensions



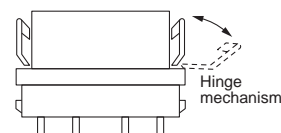
If the chassis hole is punched with a press, set so the release R on the front side (A side). The range for chassis thickness is 0.6 to 2.2 mm .024 to .087 inch.

3. Relay mounting and removal

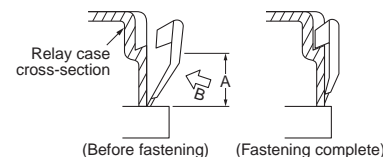
(1) Align the directions of the relay and socket.



(2) Insert the relay all the way in, so it is securely in place.



(3) Press the part indicated by A in the B direction, and fasten by placing the hook on the relay.



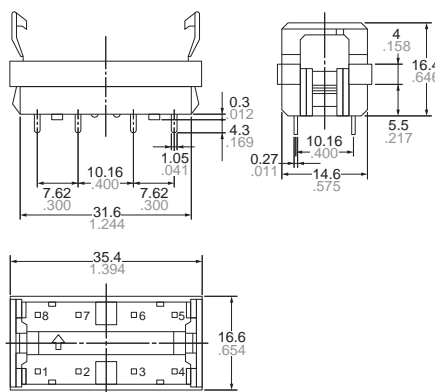
(4) When removing the relay, completely release the hooks on both sides and pull the relay out.

SPECIFICATIONS

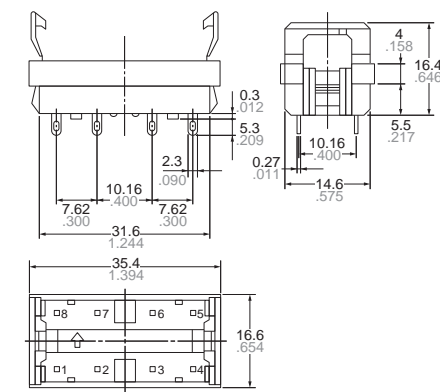
Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between contact and coil: 4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA) Between contact and terminal: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min.
Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 1,000 MΩ between terminals (500V DC)
Heat resistance	150°C 302°F for 1 hr
Max. continuous current	10 A
Relay insertion life	15 times

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm inch)

ST-PS



ST-SS



Non-Polarized PCB Power Relays

Relay for control panel of 1A to 10A (1c/2c/3c/4c)

HC RELAYS



Standard type



Amber sealed type



With diode type

FEATURES

1. Standard type and Amber sealed type
2. Rich lineup includes relays with operating indication, with diode
3. Full range of types
Plug-in type, PC board type and TM type
4. Sockets and terminal sockets are available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Factory automation equipment and automotive devices
2. Control panels, power supply equipment, molding equipment, machine tools, welding equipment, agricultural equipment, etc.
3. Office equipment, automatic vending machines, telecommunications equipment, disaster prevention equipment, copiers, measuring devices, medical equipment, amusement devices, etc.
4. All types of household appliance

ORDERING INFORMATION

Standard type

HC - - -

Contact arrangement

- 1: 1 Form C
2: 2 Form C
3: 3 Form C
4: 4 Form C
4D: Bifurcated contact (twin)

Terminal arrangement

- H: Plug-in type
HL: Plug-in with LED indication
HP: PC board type
HPL: PC board with LED indication
HTM: TM type

Nominal coil voltage

AC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110), 120 (110/120),
200 (200/220), 240 (220/240) V
DC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110) V

Contact material

Contact arrangement \ Contact material	AgSnO ₂ type	AgNi type
1 Form C	F	
2 Form C	F	
3 Form C	F	
4 Form C		Nil
4-pole bifurcated (twin)		Nil

Amber sealed type

HC - - -

Contact arrangement

- 1: 1 Form C
2: 2 Form C
4: 4 Form C
Nil: Standard type
E: Amber sealed type
ED: Amber sealed type bifurcated contact (twin) (Only 4 Form C)

Terminal arrangement

- H: Plug-in type
L: Plug-in with LED indication
HP: PC board type
PL: PC board with LED indication
HTM: TM type

Nominal coil voltage

AC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110), 120 (110/120),
200 (200/220), 240 (220/240) V
DC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110) V

Contact material

Contact arrangement \ Contact material	AgSnO ₂ type	AgNi type
1 Form C	F	
2 Form C	F	
4 Form C		Nil
4-pole bifurcated (twin)		Nil

With diode type (For DC)

HC 

Contact arrangement

- 1: 1 Form C
 2: 2 Form C
 3: 3 Form C
 4: 4 Form C
 4D: Bifurcated contact (twin)

Terminal arrangement

- Nil: Plug-in type
 L: Plug-in with LED indication

Nominal coil voltage

DC: 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110) V




Surge suppression

D: With diode

Contact material

Contact arrangement	Contact material	AgSnO ₂ type	AgNi type
1 Form C		F	
2 Form C		F	
3 Form C		F	
4 Form C			Nil
4-pole bifurcated (twin)			Nil

LINEUP

Type	Contact arrangement						 Top mounting type (TM type)	Remarks
			Plug-in terminal type		PC board terminal type			
	Without LED	With LED	Without LED	With LED				
HC relay Standard type	Single side stable	1 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
		2 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
		3 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
		4 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
	Bifurcated (Twin)	4 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
HC relay Amber sealed type	Single side stable	1 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
		2 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
		4 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
	Bifurcated (Twin)	4 Form C	A	A	A	A	A	
DC type with surge absorbing diode	Single side stable	1 Form C	A	A	—	—	—	Amber sealed type also available
		2 Form C	A	A	—	—	—	
		3 Form C	A	A	—	—	—	
		4 Form C	A	A	—	—	—	
	Bifurcated (Twin)	4 Form C	A	A	—	—	—	

A: Available

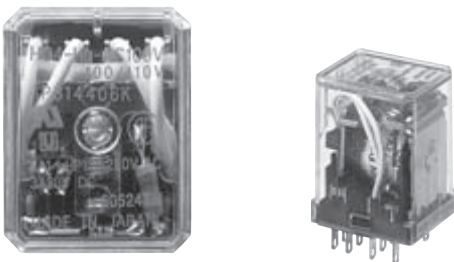
Notes: 1. HC relays with ground terminals also available.

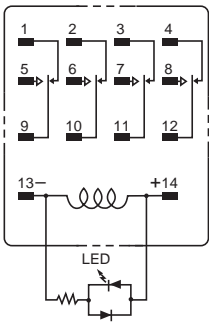
2. HC relays with 0.9 mm wide PC board terminals also available.

HC RELAY CONTACT ARRANGEMENT

Type	Single side stable contact	4-pole bifurcated (twin) contact
Part number	HC□	HC4D
Features	Suitable for high-capacity load switching Standard type HC relays have high single-contact capacity; 1 Form C: 10 A 2 Form C and 3 Form C: 7 A 4 Form C: 5 A	Bifurcated (twin) contact ensures high contact reliability Suitable for low level loads Minimum switching capability: 100 μA 100m V DC (reference value)

LED INDICATION TYPE

Type	With LED indication type	<div></div> <div>• LED colors indicate the type of relay: red for AC type and green for DC type.</div>
Part number	HCM-HL	
Features	LED lights up when relay is operating Inspection and detection of trouble is easy. LEDs are green for DC types and red for AC types. All types are available with LED indication.	



Protection diode
(Bottom view)

HC RELAY SERIES PRODUCT TYPES

Type	Amber sealed type HC relay	HC relay with diode type (for DC)
Part number	HCME	HCM-M-MV-D
Features	Relay is completely sealed with resin. Provides high reliability in adverse surroundings. Suitable for use in dusty conditions or where organic gases are present	Has built-in diode to absorb surge when the coil goes to the off state (for DC type). Suitable for protecting relay driver circuits and for noise suppression Diode characteristics: Reverse breakdown voltage 1,000 V Forward current 1 A

4-pole bifurcated (twin) type and Relay with LED indication are available.

TYPES

1. Standard type

1) Plug-in type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1-H-AC6V-F	HC2-H-AC6V-F	HC3-H-AC6V-F	HC4-H-AC6V	HC4D-H-AC6V
12V AC	HC1-H-AC12V-F	HC2-H-AC12V-F	HC3-H-AC12V-F	HC4-H-AC12V	HC4D-H-AC12V
24V AC	HC1-H-AC24V-F	HC2-H-AC24V-F	HC3-H-AC24V-F	HC4-H-AC24V	HC4D-H-AC24V
48V AC	HC1-H-AC48V-F	HC2-H-AC48V-F	HC3-H-AC48V-F	HC4-H-AC48V	HC4D-H-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1-H-AC100V-F	HC2-H-AC100V-F	HC3-H-AC100V-F	HC4-H-AC100V	HC4D-H-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1-H-AC120V-F	HC2-H-AC120V-F	HC3-H-AC120V-F	HC4-H-AC120V	HC4D-H-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1-H-AC200V-F	HC2-H-AC200V-F	HC3-H-AC200V-F	HC4-H-AC200V	HC4D-H-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1-H-AC240V-F	HC2-H-AC240V-F	HC3-H-AC240V-F	HC4-H-AC240V	HC4D-H-AC240V
6V DC	HC1-H-DC6V-F	HC2-H-DC6V-F	HC3-H-DC6V-F	HC4-H-DC6V	HC4D-H-DC6V
12V DC	HC1-H-DC12V-F	HC2-H-DC12V-F	HC3-H-DC12V-F	HC4-H-DC12V	HC4D-H-DC12V
24V DC	HC1-H-DC24V-F	HC2-H-DC24V-F	HC3-H-DC24V-F	HC4-H-DC24V	HC4D-H-DC24V
48V DC	HC1-H-DC48V-F	HC2-H-DC48V-F	HC3-H-DC48V-F	HC4-H-DC48V	HC4D-H-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1-H-DC100V-F	HC2-H-DC100V-F	HC3-H-DC100V-F	HC4-H-DC100V	HC4D-H-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

2) Plug-in type (with LED indication)

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1-HL-AC6V-F	HC2-HL-AC6V-F	HC3-HL-AC6V-F	HC4-HL-AC6V	HC4D-HL-AC6V
12V AC	HC1-HL-AC12V-F	HC2-HL-AC12V-F	HC3-HL-AC12V-F	HC4-HL-AC12V	HC4D-HL-AC12V
24V AC	HC1-HL-AC24V-F	HC2-HL-AC24V-F	HC3-HL-AC24V-F	HC4-HL-AC24V	HC4D-HL-AC24V
100/110V AC	HC1-HL-AC100V-F	HC2-HL-AC100V-F	HC3-HL-AC100V-F	HC4-HL-AC100V	HC4D-HL-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1-HL-AC120V-F	HC2-HL-AC120V-F	HC3-HL-AC120V-F	HC4-HL-AC120V	HC4D-HL-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1-HL-AC200V-F	HC2-HL-AC200V-F	HC3-HL-AC200V-F	HC4-HL-AC200V	HC4D-HL-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1-HL-AC240V-F	HC2-HL-AC240V-F	HC3-HL-AC240V-F	HC4-HL-AC240V	HC4D-HL-AC240V
6V DC	HC1-HL-DC6V-F	HC2-HL-DC6V-F	HC3-HL-DC6V-F	HC4-HL-DC6V	HC4D-HL-DC6V
12V DC	HC1-HL-DC12V-F	HC2-HL-DC12V-F	HC3-HL-DC12V-F	HC4-HL-DC12V	HC4D-HL-DC12V
24V DC	HC1-HL-DC24V-F	HC2-HL-DC24V-F	HC3-HL-DC24V-F	HC4-HL-DC24V	HC4D-HL-DC24V
48V DC	HC1-HL-DC48V-F	HC2-HL-DC48V-F	HC3-HL-DC48V-F	HC4-HL-DC48V	HC4D-HL-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1-HL-DC100V-F	HC2-HL-DC100V-F	HC3-HL-DC100V-F	HC4-HL-DC100V	HC4D-HL-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

3) PC board type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1-HP-AC6V-F	HC2-HP-AC6V-F	HC3-HP-AC6V-F	HC4-HP-AC6V	HC4D-HP-AC6V
12V AC	HC1-HP-AC12V-F	HC2-HP-AC12V-F	HC3-HP-AC12V-F	HC4-HP-AC12V	HC4D-HP-AC12V
24V AC	HC1-HP-AC24V-F	HC2-HP-AC24V-F	HC3-HP-AC24V-F	HC4-HP-AC24V	HC4D-HP-AC24V
48V AC	HC1-HP-AC48V-F	HC2-HP-AC48V-F	HC3-HP-AC48V-F	HC4-HP-AC48V	HC4D-HP-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1-HP-AC100V-F	HC2-HP-AC100V-F	HC3-HP-AC100V-F	HC4-HP-AC100V	HC4D-HP-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1-HP-AC120V-F	HC2-HP-AC120V-F	HC3-HP-AC120V-F	HC4-HP-AC120V	HC4D-HP-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1-HP-AC200V-F	HC2-HP-AC200V-F	HC3-HP-AC200V-F	HC4-HP-AC200V	HC4D-HP-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1-HP-AC240V-F	HC2-HP-AC240V-F	HC3-HP-AC240V-F	HC4-HP-AC240V	HC4D-HP-AC240V
6V DC	HC1-HP-DC6V-F	HC2-HP-DC6V-F	HC3-HP-DC6V-F	HC4-HP-DC6V	HC4D-HP-DC6V
12V DC	HC1-HP-DC12V-F	HC2-HP-DC12V-F	HC3-HP-DC12V-F	HC4-HP-DC12V	HC4D-HP-DC12V
24V DC	HC1-HP-DC24V-F	HC2-HP-DC24V-F	HC3-HP-DC24V-F	HC4-HP-DC24V	HC4D-HP-DC24V
48V DC	HC1-HP-DC48V-F	HC2-HP-DC48V-F	HC3-HP-DC48V-F	HC4-HP-DC48V	HC4D-HP-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1-HP-DC100V-F	HC2-HP-DC100V-F	HC3-HP-DC100V-F	HC4-HP-DC100V	HC4D-HP-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

Note: Please add "-31" before "-F" in the part number when ordering the PC board type 0.9 mm width terminal (ex) HC1-HP-AC6V-31-F.

4) PC board type (with LED indication)

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1-HPL-AC6V-F	HC2-HPL-AC6V-F	HC3-HPL-AC6V-F	HC4-HPL-AC6V	HC4D-HPL-AC6V
12V AC	HC1-HPL-AC12V-F	HC2-HPL-AC12V-F	HC3-HPL-AC12V-F	HC4-HPL-AC12V	HC4D-HPL-AC12V
24V AC	HC1-HPL-AC24V-F	HC2-HPL-AC24V-F	HC3-HPL-AC24V-F	HC4-HPL-AC24V	HC4D-HPL-AC24V
100/110V AC	HC1-HPL-AC100V-F	HC2-HPL-AC100V-F	HC3-HPL-AC100V-F	HC4-HPL-AC100V	HC4D-HPL-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1-HPL-AC120V-F	HC2-HPL-AC120V-F	HC3-HPL-AC120V-F	HC4-HPL-AC120V	HC4D-HPL-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1-HPL-AC200V-F	HC2-HPL-AC200V-F	HC3-HPL-AC200V-F	HC4-HPL-AC200V	HC4D-HPL-AC200V
6V DC	HC1-HPL-DC6V-F	HC2-HPL-DC6V-F	HC3-HPL-DC6V-F	HC4-HPL-DC6V	HC4D-HPL-DC6V
12V DC	HC1-HPL-DC12V-F	HC2-HPL-DC12V-F	HC3-HPL-DC12V-F	HC4-HPL-DC12V	HC4D-HPL-DC12V
24V DC	HC1-HPL-DC24V-F	HC2-HPL-DC24V-F	HC3-HPL-DC24V-F	HC4-HPL-DC24V	HC4D-HPL-DC24V
48V DC	HC1-HPL-DC48V-F	HC2-HPL-DC48V-F	HC3-HPL-DC48V-F	HC4-HPL-DC48V	HC4D-HPL-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1-HPL-DC100V-F	HC2-HPL-DC100V-F	HC3-HPL-DC100V-F	HC4-HPL-DC100V	HC4D-HPL-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

Note: Please add "-31" before "-F" in the part number when ordering the PC board type 0.9 mm width terminal (ex) HC1-HPL-AC6V-31-F.

5) TM type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1-HTM-AC6V-F	HC2-HTM-AC6V-F	HC3-HTM-AC6V-F	HC4-HTM-AC6V	HC4D-HTM-AC6V
12V AC	HC1-HTM-AC12V-F	HC2-HTM-AC12V-F	HC3-HTM-AC12V-F	HC4-HTM-AC12V	HC4D-HTM-AC12V
24V AC	HC1-HTM-AC24V-F	HC2-HTM-AC24V-F	HC3-HTM-AC24V-F	HC4-HTM-AC24V	HC4D-HTM-AC24V
48V AC	HC1-HTM-AC48V-F	HC2-HTM-AC48V-F	HC3-HTM-AC48V-F	HC4-HTM-AC48V	HC4D-HTM-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1-HTM-AC100V-F	HC2-HTM-AC100V-F	HC3-HTM-AC100V-F	HC4-HTM-AC100V	HC4D-HTM-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1-HTM-AC120V-F	HC2-HTM-AC120V-F	HC3-HTM-AC120V-F	HC4-HTM-AC120V	HC4D-HTM-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1-HTM-AC200V-F	HC2-HTM-AC200V-F	HC3-HTM-AC200V-F	HC4-HTM-AC200V	HC4D-HTM-AC200V
6V DC	HC1-HTM-DC6V-F	HC2-HTM-DC6V-F	HC3-HTM-DC6V-F	HC4-HTM-DC6V	HC4D-HTM-DC6V
12V DC	HC1-HTM-DC12V-F	HC2-HTM-DC12V-F	HC3-HTM-DC12V-F	HC4-HTM-DC12V	HC4D-HTM-DC12V
24V DC	HC1-HTM-DC24V-F	HC2-HTM-DC24V-F	HC3-HTM-DC24V-F	HC4-HTM-DC24V	HC4D-HTM-DC24V
48V DC	HC1-HTM-DC48V-F	HC2-HTM-DC48V-F	HC3-HTM-DC48V-F	HC4-HTM-DC48V	HC4D-HTM-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1-HTM-DC100V-F	HC2-HTM-DC100V-F	HC3-HTM-DC100V-F	HC4-HTM-DC100V	HC4D-HTM-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

2. Amber sealed type

1) Plug-in type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1E-H-AC6V-F	HC2E-H-AC6V-F	HC4E-H-AC6V	HC4ED-H-AC6V
12V AC	HC1E-H-AC12V-F	HC2E-H-AC12V-F	HC4E-H-AC12V	HC4ED-H-AC12V
24V AC	HC1E-H-AC24V-F	HC2E-H-AC24V-F	HC4E-H-AC24V	HC4ED-H-AC24V
48V AC	HC1E-H-AC48V-F	HC2E-H-AC48V-F	HC4E-H-AC48V	HC4ED-H-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1E-H-AC100V-F	HC2E-H-AC100V-F	HC4E-H-AC100V	HC4ED-H-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1E-H-AC120V-F	HC2E-H-AC120V-F	HC4E-H-AC120V	HC4ED-H-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1E-H-AC200V-F	HC2E-H-AC200V-F	HC4E-H-AC200V	HC4ED-H-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1E-H-AC240V-F	HC2E-H-AC240V-F	HC4E-H-AC240V	HC4ED-H-AC240V
6V DC	HC1E-H-DC6V-F	HC2E-H-DC6V-F	HC4E-H-DC6V	HC4ED-H-DC6V
12V DC	HC1E-H-DC12V-F	HC2E-H-DC12V-F	HC4E-H-DC12V	HC4ED-H-DC12V
24V DC	HC1E-H-DC24V-F	HC2E-H-DC24V-F	HC4E-H-DC24V	HC4ED-H-DC24V
48V DC	HC1E-H-DC48V-F	HC2E-H-DC48V-F	HC4E-H-DC48V	HC4ED-H-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1E-H-DC100V-F	HC2E-H-DC100V-F	HC4E-H-DC100V	HC4ED-H-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

2) Plug-in type (With LED indication)

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1E-L-AC6V-F	HC2E-L-AC6V-F	HC4E-L-AC6V	HC4ED-L-AC6V
12V AC	HC1E-L-AC12V-F	HC2E-L-AC12V-F	HC4E-L-AC12V	HC4ED-L-AC12V
24V AC	HC1E-L-AC24V-F	HC2E-L-AC24V-F	HC4E-L-AC24V	HC4ED-L-AC24V
48V AC	HC1E-L-AC48V-F	HC2E-L-AC48V-F	HC4E-L-AC48V	HC4ED-L-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1E-L-AC100V-F	HC2E-L-AC100V-F	HC4E-L-AC100V	HC4ED-L-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1E-L-AC120V-F	HC2E-L-AC120V-F	HC4E-L-AC120V	HC4ED-L-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1E-L-AC200V-F	HC2E-L-AC200V-F	HC4E-L-AC200V	HC4ED-L-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1E-L-AC240V-F	HC2E-L-AC240V-F	HC4E-L-AC240V	HC4ED-L-AC240V
6V DC	HC1E-L-DC6V-F	HC2E-L-DC6V-F	HC4E-L-DC6V	HC4ED-L-DC6V
12V DC	HC1E-L-DC12V-F	HC2E-L-DC12V-F	HC4E-L-DC12V	HC4ED-L-DC12V
24V DC	HC1E-L-DC24V-F	HC2E-L-DC24V-F	HC4E-L-DC24V	HC4ED-L-DC24V
48V DC	HC1E-L-DC48V-F	HC2E-L-DC48V-F	HC4E-L-DC48V	HC4ED-L-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1E-L-DC100V-F	HC2E-L-DC100V-F	HC4E-L-DC100V	HC4ED-L-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

3) PC board type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1E-HP-AC6V-F	HC2E-HP-AC6V-F	HC4E-HP-AC6V	HC4ED-HP-AC6V
12V AC	HC1E-HP-AC12V-F	HC2E-HP-AC12V-F	HC4E-HP-AC12V	HC4ED-HP-AC12V
24V AC	HC1E-HP-AC24V-F	HC2E-HP-AC24V-F	HC4E-HP-AC24V	HC4ED-HP-AC24V
48V AC	HC1E-HP-AC48V-F	HC2E-HP-AC48V-F	HC4E-HP-AC48V	HC4ED-HP-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1E-HP-AC100V-F	HC2E-HP-AC100V-F	HC4E-HP-AC100V	HC4ED-HP-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1E-HP-AC120V-F	HC2E-HP-AC120V-F	HC4E-HP-AC120V	HC4ED-HP-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1E-HP-AC200V-F	HC2E-HP-AC200V-F	HC4E-HP-AC200V	HC4ED-HP-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1E-HP-AC240V-F	HC2E-HP-AC240V-F	HC4E-HP-AC240V	HC4ED-HP-AC240V
6V DC	HC1E-HP-DC6V-F	HC2E-HP-DC6V-F	HC4E-HP-DC6V	HC4ED-HP-DC6V
12V DC	HC1E-HP-DC12V-F	HC2E-HP-DC12V-F	HC4E-HP-DC12V	HC4ED-HP-DC12V
24V DC	HC1E-HP-DC24V-F	HC2E-HP-DC24V-F	HC4E-HP-DC24V	HC4ED-HP-DC24V
48V DC	HC1E-HP-DC48V-F	HC2E-HP-DC48V-F	HC4E-HP-DC48V	HC4ED-HP-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1E-HP-DC100V-F	HC2E-HP-DC100V-F	HC4E-HP-DC100V	HC4ED-HP-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

Note: Please add "-31" in the suffix of part number when ordering the PC board type 0.9 mm width terminal. (4 Form C, 4 Form C (twin) only)

4) PC board type (With LED indication)

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1E-PL-AC6V-F	HC2E-PL-AC6V-F	HC4E-PL-AC6V	HC4ED-PL-AC6V
12V AC	HC1E-PL-AC12V-F	HC2E-PL-AC12V-F	HC4E-PL-AC12V	HC4ED-PL-AC12V
24V AC	HC1E-PL-AC24V-F	HC2E-PL-AC24V-F	HC4E-PL-AC24V	HC4ED-PL-AC24V
48V AC	HC1E-PL-AC48V-F	HC2E-PL-AC48V-F	HC4E-PL-AC48V	HC4ED-PL-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1E-PL-AC100V-F	HC2E-PL-AC100V-F	HC4E-PL-AC100V	HC4ED-PL-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1E-PL-AC120V-F	HC2E-PL-AC120V-F	HC4E-PL-AC120V	HC4ED-PL-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1E-PL-AC200V-F	HC2E-PL-AC200V-F	HC4E-PL-AC200V	HC4ED-PL-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1E-PL-AC240V-F	HC2E-PL-AC240V-F	HC4E-PL-AC240V	HC4ED-PL-AC240V
6V DC	HC1E-PL-DC6V-F	HC2E-PL-DC6V-F	HC4E-PL-DC6V	HC4ED-PL-DC6V
12V DC	HC1E-PL-DC12V-F	HC2E-PL-DC12V-F	HC4E-PL-DC12V	HC4ED-PL-DC12V
24V DC	HC1E-PL-DC24V-F	HC2E-PL-DC24V-F	HC4E-PL-DC24V	HC4ED-PL-DC24V
48V DC	HC1E-PL-DC48V-F	HC2E-PL-DC48V-F	HC4E-PL-DC48V	HC4ED-PL-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1E-PL-DC100V-F	HC2E-PL-DC100V-F	HC4E-PL-DC100V	HC4ED-PL-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

Note: Please add "-31" in the suffix of part number when ordering the PC board type 0.9 mm width terminal. (4 Form C, 4 Form C (twin) only)

5) TM type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC6V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC6V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC6V	HC4ED-HTM-AC6V
12V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC12V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC12V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC12V	HC4ED-HTM-AC12V
24V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC24V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC24V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC24V	HC4ED-HTM-AC24V
48V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC48V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC48V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC48V	HC4ED-HTM-AC48V
100/110V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC100V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC100V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC100V	HC4ED-HTM-AC100V
110/120V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC120V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC120V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC120V	HC4ED-HTM-AC120V
200/220V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC200V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC200V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC200V	HC4ED-HTM-AC200V
220/240V AC	HC1E-HTM-AC240V-F	HC2E-HTM-AC240V-F	HC4E-HTM-AC240V	HC4ED-HTM-AC240V
6V DC	HC1E-HTM-DC6V-F	HC2E-HTM-DC6V-F	HC4E-HTM-DC6V	HC4ED-HTM-DC6V
12V DC	HC1E-HTM-DC12V-F	HC2E-HTM-DC12V-F	HC4E-HTM-DC12V	HC4ED-HTM-DC12V
24V DC	HC1E-HTM-DC24V-F	HC2E-HTM-DC24V-F	HC4E-HTM-DC24V	HC4ED-HTM-DC24V
48V DC	HC1E-HTM-DC48V-F	HC2E-HTM-DC48V-F	HC4E-HTM-DC48V	HC4ED-HTM-DC48V
100/110V DC	HC1E-HTM-DC100V-F	HC2E-HTM-DC100V-F	HC4E-HTM-DC100V	HC4ED-HTM-DC100V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

4. With diode type (For DC)

1) Plug-in type

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V DC	HC1-DC6V-D-F	HC2-DC6V-D-F	HC3-DC6V-D-F	HC4-DC6V-D	HC4D-DC6V-D
12V DC	HC1-DC12V-D-F	HC2-DC12V-D-F	HC3-DC12V-D-F	HC4-DC12V-D	HC4D-DC12V-D
24V DC	HC1-DC24V-D-F	HC2-DC24V-D-F	HC3-DC24V-D-F	HC4-DC24V-D	HC4D-DC24V-D
48V DC	HC1-DC48V-D-F	HC2-DC48V-D-F	HC3-DC48V-D-F	HC4-DC48V-D	HC4D-DC48V-D
100/110V DC	HC1-DC100V-D-F	HC2-DC100V-D-F	HC3-DC100V-D-F	HC4-DC100V-D	HC4D-DC100V-D

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

2) Plug-in type (with LED indication)

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
6V DC	HC1-L-DC6V-D-F	HC2-L-DC6V-D-F	HC3-L-DC6V-D-F	HC4-L-DC6V-D	HC4D-L-DC6V-D
12V DC	HC1-L-DC12V-D-F	HC2-L-DC12V-D-F	HC3-L-DC12V-D-F	HC4-L-DC12V-D	HC4D-L-DC12V-D
24V DC	HC1-L-DC24V-D-F	HC2-L-DC24V-D-F	HC3-L-DC24V-D-F	HC4-L-DC24V-D	HC4D-L-DC24V-D
48V DC	HC1-L-DC48V-D-F	HC2-L-DC48V-D-F	HC3-L-DC48V-D-F	HC4-L-DC48V-D	HC4D-L-DC48V-D
100/110V DC	HC1-L-DC100V-D-F	HC2-L-DC100V-D-F	HC3-L-DC100V-D-F	HC4-L-DC100V-D	HC4D-L-DC100V-D

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

RATING

1. Standard type

1) Coil data

(1) AC coils (50/60Hz)

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current [±20%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil inductance		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
				50Hz	60Hz	N.C. condition	N.O. condition	50Hz	60Hz	
Standard	6V AC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	30%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	224mA	200mA	0.078H	0.074H	1.3VA	1.2VA	110%V of nominal voltage
	12V AC			111mA	100mA	0.312H	0.295H			
	24V AC			56mA	50mA	1.243H	1.181H			
	48V AC			28mA	25mA	4.974H	4.145H			
	100/110V AC			13.4/14.7mA	12/13.2mA	23.75H	20.63H			
	110/120V AC			12.2/13.5mA	10.9/11.9mA	27.19H	25.57H			
	200/220V AC			6.7/7.4mA	6/6.6mA	85.98H	81.76H			

Notes: 1. The relay operates in a range of 80% to 110% V of the voltage rating, but ideally, in consideration of temporary voltage fluctuations, it should be operated at the rated voltage. In particular, for AC operation, if the applied voltage drops to 80% V or more below the rated voltage, humming will occur and a large current will flow leading possibly to coil burnout.

2. The maximum applied voltage is the maximum voltage fluctuation value for the coil power supply. This value is not a permissible value for continuous operation. (This value differs depending on the ambient temperature. Please contact us for details.)

(2) DC coils

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
Standard	6V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	150mA	40Ω	0.9W	110%V of nominal voltage
	12V DC			75mA	160Ω		
	24V DC			37mA	650Ω		
	48V DC			18.5mA	2,600Ω		
	100/110V DC			10/11mA	10,000Ω	1.0W	

Notes: 1. The coil resistance for DC operation is the value measured when the coil temperature is 20°C 68°F. Compensate ±0.4% for every ±1°C change in temperature.

2. The relay operates in a range of 80% to 110% V of the voltage rating, but ideally, in consideration of temporary voltage fluctuations, it should be operated at the rated voltage.

3. For use with 200 V DC, connect a 10 KΩ (5W) resistor, in series, to the 100 V DC relay.

4. The maximum applied voltage is the maximum voltage fluctuation value for the coil power supply. This value is not a permissible value for continuous operation. (This value differs depending on the ambient temperature. Please contact us for details.)

2) Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications				
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)				
	Contact material		Ag alloy (cd free) + Au flash			AgNi type + Au clad	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10A 250V AC	7A 250V AC	7A 250V AC	5A 250V AC	3A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,500VA	1,750VA	1,750VA	1,250VA	750VA
	Max. switching voltage		250VAC				
	Max. switching current*4		10A	7A	7A	5A	3A
	Nominal operating power		AC (50Hz): 1.3VA, AC (60Hz): 1.2VA, DC: 0.9 to 1.1W				
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		1mA 1V DC				
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.				
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	700 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
		Between contact sets	700 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
		Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
	Temperature rise (coil) (at 70°C 158°F)		Max. 80°C 176°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage)				
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)*2		Max. 20ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)				
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)*2		Max. 20ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)				
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)				
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)				
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)				
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm				
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁷ : AC coil type (at 180 times/min.); Min. 10 ⁸ : DC coil type (at 180 times/min.)				
	Electrical		Min. 2×10 ⁵ resistive load (at 20 times/min.)	Min. 2×10 ⁵ resistive load (at 20 times/min.)	Min. 10 ⁵ resistive load (at 20 times/min.)	Min. 2×10 ⁵ resistive load (at 20 times/min.)	Min. 2×10 ⁵ resistive load (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: −50°C to +70°C −58°F to +158°F (without LED); −50°C to +60°C −58°F to +140°F (with LED) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)				
	Max. Operating speed		20 times/min. (at max. rating)				
Unit weight			Approx. 30g 1.06 oz				

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. For the AC coil types, the operate/release time will differ depending on the phase.

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES on page 200.

*4. When using the socket and terminal socket, be sure to verify the max. continuous current.

3) Switching capacity and expected life

(1) Electrical (at 20 times/min.)

Load	AC				DC		Expected life
	Resistive (cos φ = 1)		Inductive (cos φ ≅ 0.4)		Resistive	Inductive	
Voltage	125V AC	250V AC	125V AC	250V AC	30V DC	30V DC	
1 Form C	10A	10A	5A	3A	—	—	Min. 2×10 ⁵
	7A	7A	3A	2.5A	3A	1A	Min. 5×10 ⁵
	5A	5A	2A	1.5A	—	—	Min. 10 ⁶
2 Form C	7A	7A	3.5A	2A	—	—	Min. 2×10 ⁵
	5A	5A	2.5A	1.5A	3A	0.6A	Min. 5×10 ⁵
	3A	3A	1.5A	1A	—	—	Min. 10 ⁶
3 Form C	7A	7A	—	—	—	—	Min. 10 ⁵
	—	—	3.5A	2A	—	—	Min. 2×10 ⁵
	5A	5A	—	—	3A	0.4A	Min. 5×10 ⁵
4 Form C	5A	5A	2A	1A	—	—	Min. 2×10 ⁵
	3A	3A	1A	0.8A	3A	0.4A	Min. 5×10 ⁵
	2A	2A	0.5A	0.4A	—	—	Min. 10 ⁶
4 Form C (twin)	3A	3A	1A	0.8A	3A	—	Min. 2×10 ⁵

(2) Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)

AC coil type: Min. 5×10⁷; DC coil type: Min. 10⁸

2. Amber sealed type

1) Coil data

Same coil data as HC relay standard type. Please refer to standard type information.

2) Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications			
		1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
Contact	Arrangement	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	5A 250V AC	3A 250V AC	2A 250V AC	1A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	1,250VA	700VA	500VA	250VA
	Max. switching voltage	250VAC	250VAC	250VAC	250VAC
	Max. switching current	5A	3A	2A	1A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1	1mA 100mV DC			100μA 100mV DC
Electrical characteristics	Temperature rise (coil) (at 60°C 140°F)	Max. 90°C 194°F (By resistive method, nominal voltage)			
Expected life	Electrical	Min. 2×10 ⁵ resistive load (at 20 times/min.)			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
	Ambient air pressure	760mmHg±20% (1,013mb±20%)			

Notes:

Other specifications are same as standard types.

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES on page 200.

3) Switching capacity and expected life

(1) Electrical (at 20 times/min.)

Load	AC				DC		Expected life
	Resistive (cos φ = 1)		Inductive (cos φ ≒ 0.4)		Resistive	Inductive	
Voltage	125V AC	250V AC	125V AC	250V AC	30V DC	30V DC	
HC1E	5A	5A	—	—	3A	1A	Min. 2×10 ⁵
HC2E	3A	3A	—	—	2A	0.7A	Min. 2×10 ⁵
HC4E	2A	2A	—	—	2A	0.6A	Min. 2×10 ⁵
HC4ED (4 Form C twin)	1A	1A	—	—	—	—	Min. 2×10 ⁵

(2) Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)

AC coil type: Min. 5×10⁷; DC coil type: Min. 10⁸

3. With diode type (For DC)

1) Coil data

Same coil data as HC relay standard type for DC. Please refer to standard type information.

Please connect DC coil type built-in diode correctly by verifying the coil polarity.

2) Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*	Ambient temperature: -50°C to +60°C -58°F to +140°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)

Notes:

Other specifications are same as standard type HC relay. Please see the standard type HC relay.

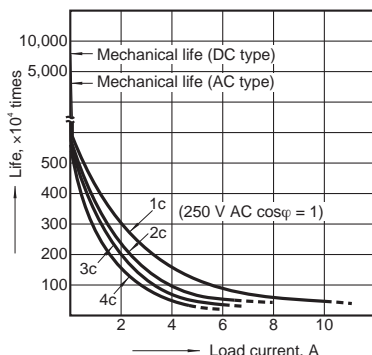
* The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES on page 200.

REFERENCE DATA

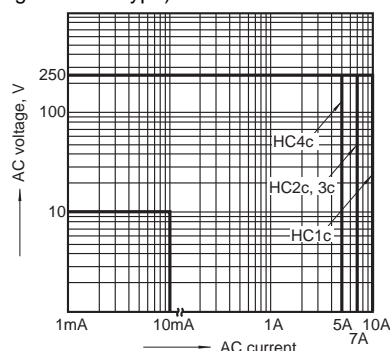
Standard type

1. Life curve

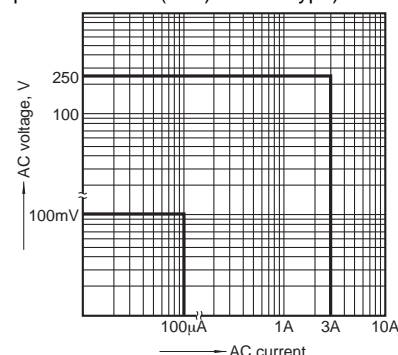
Load: 250 V AC resistive load



2.-(1) Switching capacity range (single contact type)



2.-(2) Switching capacity range (4-pole bifurcated (twin) contact type)

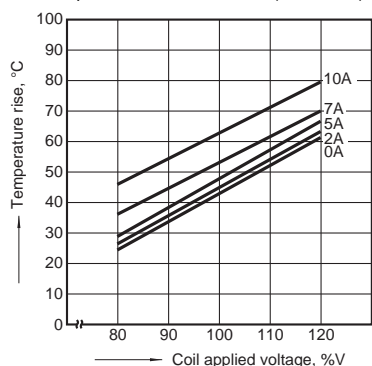


3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C, AC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

(See note.)

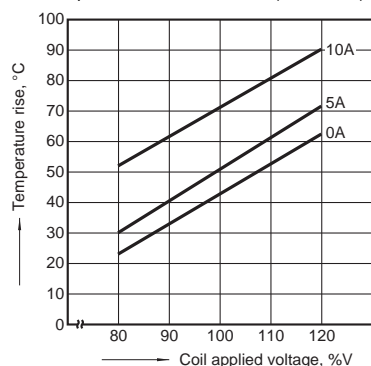


3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (2 Form C, AC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F

(See note.)

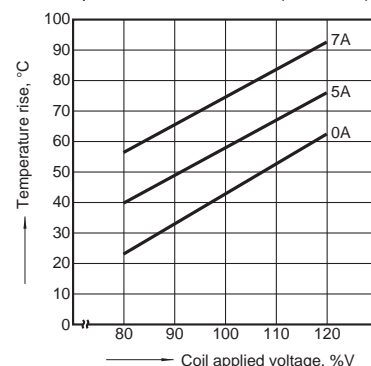


3.-(3) Coil temperature rise (3 Form C, AC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 18°C 64°F

(See note.)

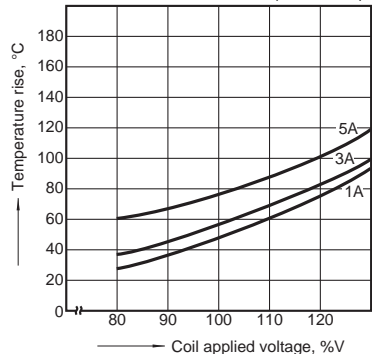


3.-(4) Coil temperature rise (4 Form C, AC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 15 to 21°C 59 to 70°F

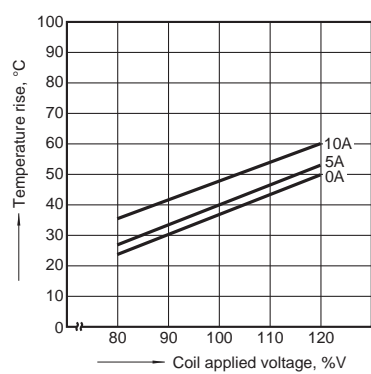
(See note.)



3.-(5) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C, DC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

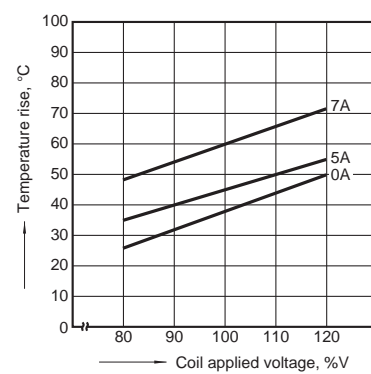
Ambient temperature: 29°C 84°F



3.-(6) Coil temperature rise (2 Form C, DC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

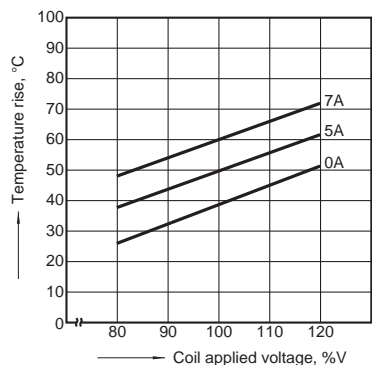
Ambient temperature: 29°C 84°F



3.-(7) Coil temperature rise (3 Form C, DC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

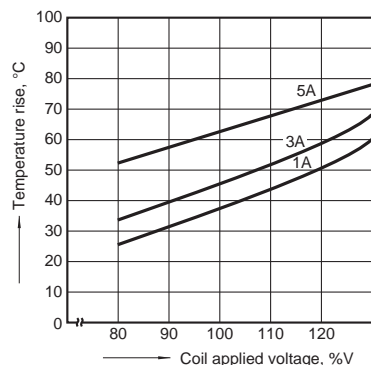
Ambient temperature: 29°C 84°F



3.-(8) Coil temperature rise (4 Form C, DC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 17 to 18°C 62 to 64°F

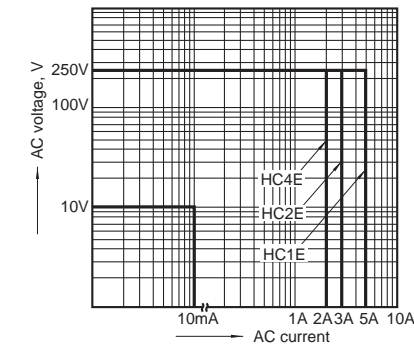


Note: Coil temperature rise

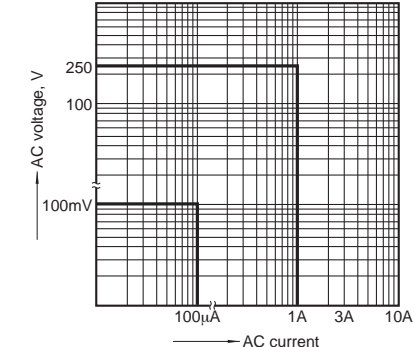
When the nominal voltage is applied to AC 120 or 240 V coil types respectively, the figures of coil temperature rise increase by approx. 10 degrees to the ones shown on each graph.

Amber sealed type

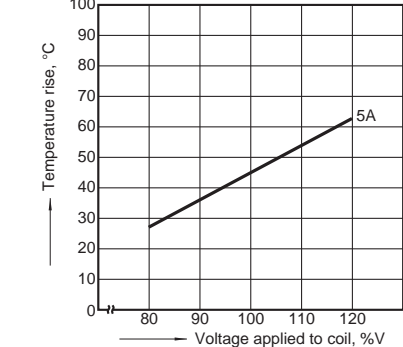
1.-(1) Switching capacity range
(single contact type)



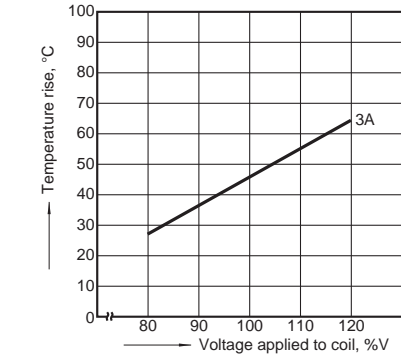
1.-(2) Switching capacity range
(4-pole bifurcated (twin) contact type)



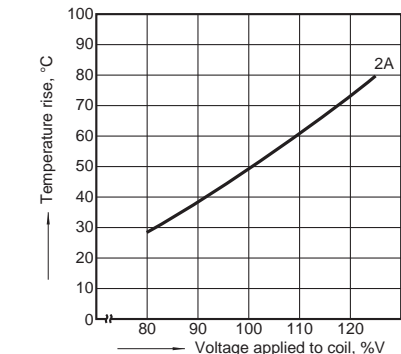
2.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C AC type)
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F



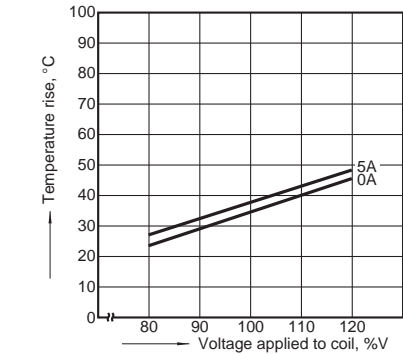
2.-(2) Coil temperature rise (2 Form C AC type)
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F (See note.)



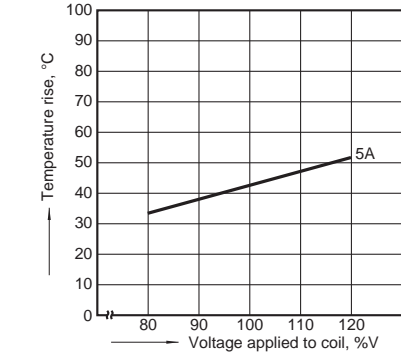
2.-(3) Coil temperature rise (4 Form C AC type)
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F (See note.)



2.-(4) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C DC type)
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F



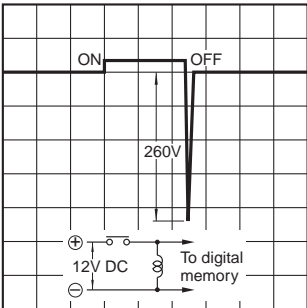
2.-(5) Coil temperature rise (2 Form C DC type)
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F



Note: Coil temperature rise
When the nominal voltage is applied to AC 120 or 240 V coil types respectively, the figures of coil temperature rise increase by approx. 10 degrees to the ones shown on each graph.

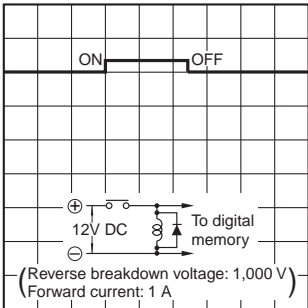
With diode type (For DC)

1.-(1) DC coil surge voltage waveform
(without diode)



1.-(2) DC coil surge voltage waveform
(with diode)

Diode characteristics;
Reverse breakdown voltage: 1,000V,
Forward current: 1A



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Standard and Amber sealed types

1) Plug-in type

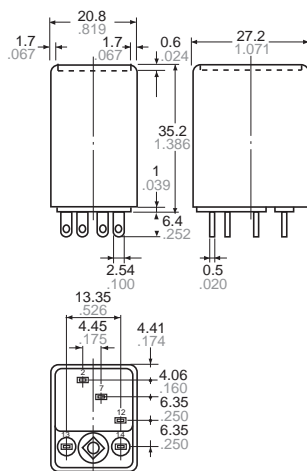
1 Form C

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data



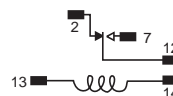
External dimensions



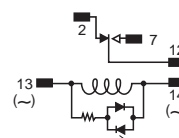
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

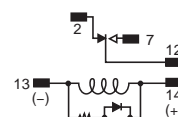
Standard type



LED AC type



LED DC type

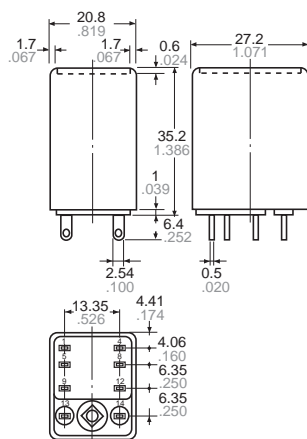


2 Form C

CAD Data



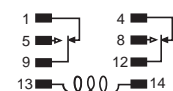
External dimensions



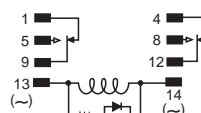
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

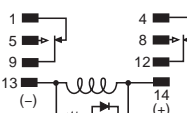
Standard type



LED AC type



LED DC type

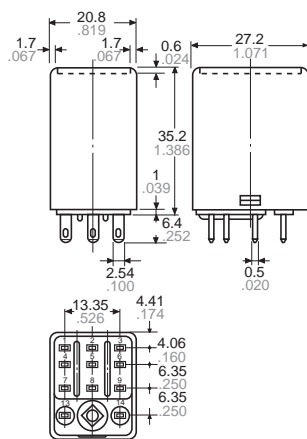


3 Form C

CAD Data



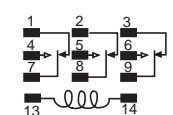
External dimensions



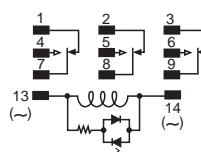
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

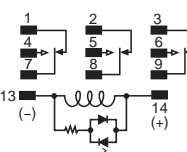
Standard type



LED AC type



LED DC type



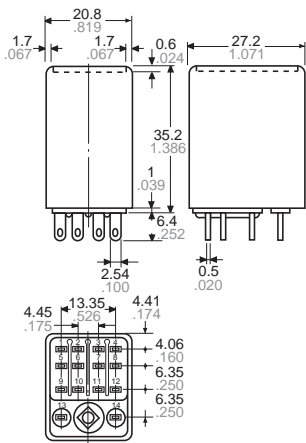
HC

4 Form C and 4-pole bifurcated (twin)

CAD Data

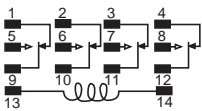


External dimensions

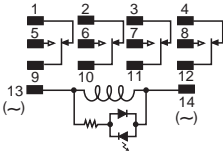


Schematic (Bottom view)

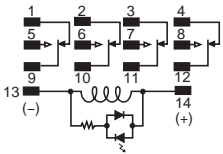
Standard type



LED AC type



LED DC type



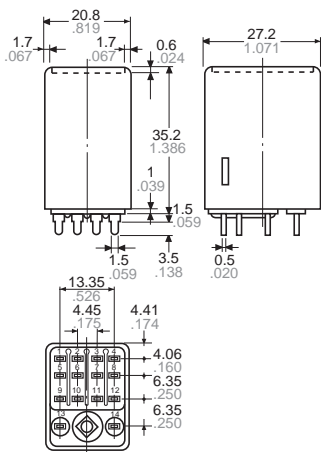
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

2) PC board type
4 Form C

CAD Data



External dimensions

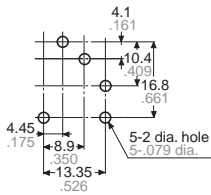


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

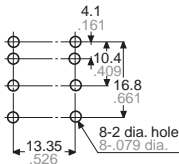
The diagrams show the external dimensions of the 4 Form C and 4-pole bifurcated (twin) types. For 1 Form C, 2 Form C, and 3 Form C, see diagrams at plug-in types (only the terminals are different). Types with 0.9 mm terminal width are also available.

PC board pattern

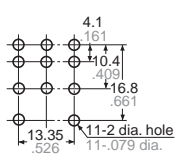
1 Form C



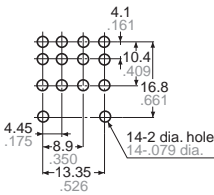
2 Form C



3 Form C



4 Form C



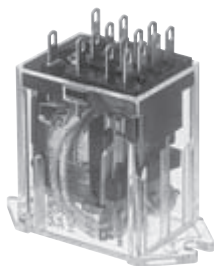
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic

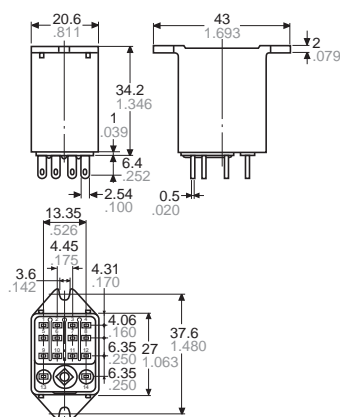
Same schematic as plug-in type HC relay

3) TM type
4 Form C

CAD Data



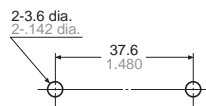
External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

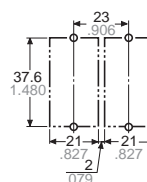
The diagrams show the external dimensions of the 4 Form C and 4-pole bifurcated (twin) types. For 1 Form C, 2 Form C, and 3 Form C, see diagrams at plug-in types (only the terminals are different).

Chassis (Panel) cutout



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Chassis (Panel) cutout in tandem mounting



Schematic

Same schematic as plug-in type HC relay
Be aware that there is no LED indicator with built-in diode types.

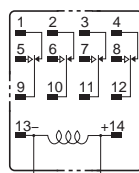
- Notes: 1. In mounting, use M3 screws and M3 washers.
2. When mounting TM types, use washers to prevent damage or distortion to the polycarbonate cover.
3. When tightening fixing screws, the optimum torque range should be 0.294 to 0.49 N-m, (3 to 5 kgf-cm).
Moreover, use washers to prevent loosening.

With diode type (For DC)

Same dimensions as HC relay standard/plug-in type

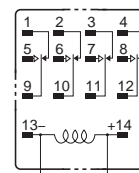
Schematic

Without LED indicator



Protection (surge-absorbing) diode

With LED indicator



Protection (surge-absorbing) diode



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item		UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		Remarks
		File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	
HC Standard	1 Form C	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	40017406	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 3A 30V DC (0ms)	UL E43149 CSA LR26550	TV-3	
	2 Form C	E43028	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	40017406	7A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 2A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 3A 30V DC (0ms)	UL E43149 CSA LR26550	TV-3	
	3 Form C	E43028	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	4 Form C	E43028	5A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	5A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	40017406	5A 65V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 65V AC (cosφ=0.4) 3A 30V DC (0ms)	—	—	
	4 Form C twin	E43149	3A 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	3A 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
HC Amber	1 Form C	E43028	6A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	6A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	2 Form C	E43028	4A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	4A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	4 Form C	E43028	2A 250V AC 1/20HP 125, 250V AC 2A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	2A 250V AC 1/20HP 125, 250V AC 2A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	4 Form C twin	E43149	1A 250V AC 1A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	1A 250V AC 1A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
HC with diode type (For DC)	1 Form C	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	2 Form C	E43028	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	3 Form C	E43028	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	7A 250V AC 1/6HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	4 Form C	E43028	5A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	5A 250V AC 1/10HP 125, 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	
	4 Form C twin	E43149	3A 250V AC 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	3A 250V AC 3A 30V DC	—	—	—	—	

NOTES

1. Amber sealed type

When mounting TM types, use washers to prevent damage or distortion to the polycarbonate cover. When tightening fixing screws, the optimum torque range should be 0.294 to 0.49 N·m, (3 to 5 kgf·cm). If screws are over tightened, the cover may distort, resulting in poor sealing. Moreover, to prevent loosening, use washers.

2. Diode characteristics

- 1) Reverse breakdown voltage: 1,000 V
- 2) Forward current: 1 A

3. Please connect DC coil types with LED and built-in diode correctly by verifying the coil polarity (“+” and “-”). Connecting with reverse polarity will cause the LED not to light and damage the built-in diode due to its specification.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

FEATURES

1. HC relay sockets

In the table below, the socket suitable for each type of HC relay is indicated by a black dot.

- 1) Plug-in type sockets, PC board type sockets, and wrapping type sockets are available for HC relays.
- 2) Certified by UL and CSA
- 3) A hold-down clip is included in the package.



The fixing method is the same as for HC sockets, ordinary HC terminal sockets and HL sockets.

HC/HL-LEAF-SPRING-MK

2. HC relay terminal sockets

In the table below, the terminal socket suitable for each type of HC relay is indicated by a black dot.

- 1) Ordinary terminal sockets and terminal sockets for DIN rail assembly are available.
- 2) Certified by UL/C-UL
- 3) A hold-down clip is included in the package.



The fixing method is the same as for sockets.

Ordinary terminal socket
HC/HL-LEAF-SPRING-MK



The fixing method is the same as for the HC DIN rail terminal sockets

DIN rail Terminal sockets
HC-LEAF-SPRING-K

SELECTOR CHART

1. Sockets

Type	No. of pole	Product name	Part No.	Applicable HC relay (Plug-in type)									
				Standard type/With diode type (for DC)					Amber type				
				1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)	
Plug-in	1-pole	HC1-socket	HC1-SS-K	●						●			
	2-pole	HC2-socket	HC2-SS-K		●						●		
	3-pole	HC3-socket	HC3-SS-K		●	●					●		
	1/2/4-pole (common)	HC4-socket	HC4-SS-K	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●
PC board	1-pole	HC1-socket for PC board	HC1-PS-K	●						●			
	2-pole	HC2-socket for PC board	HC2-PS-K		●						●		
	3-pole	HC3-socket for PC board	HC3-PS-K		●	●					●		
	1/2/4-pole (common)	HC4-socket for PC board	HC4-PS-K	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Wrapping	1/2/4-pole (common)	HC4-wrapping socket	HC4-WS-K	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		HC4-wrapping socket (spring)	HC4-WS	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

Notes: 1. Use the hold-down clip that is shipped with the socket.
2. Certified by UL and CSA (except for wrapping socket).

2. Terminal sockets (HC relay terminal sockets)

Type	No. of pole	Item	Part No.	Standard packing		Applicable HC relay (Plug-in type)								
						Standard type/With diode type (for DC)					Amber type			
				Carton	Case	1 Form C	2 Form C	3 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
For DIN rail	2-pole	HC2-slim type DIN terminal socket	HC2-SFD-S	20 pcs.	100 pcs.		●					●		
	2/3-pole	HC3-DIN	HC3-SFD-K	5 pcs.	50 pcs.		●	●				●		
	1/2/4-pole (common)	HC vertical terminal socket	HC4-TSF-K	20 pcs.	200 pcs.	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●
For general	2-pole	HC2-terminal socket	HC2-SF-K	10 pcs.	100 pcs.		●					●		
	2/3-pole	HC3-high terminal socket	HC3-HSF-K	5 pcs.	50 pcs.		●	●				●		
	1/2/4-pole (common)	HC-high terminal socket	HC4-HSF-K	5 pcs.	50 pcs.	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●

Notes: 1. Use the hold-down clip that is shipped with the socket.

2. Certified by UL/C-UL (except for HC4-TSF-K).

3. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.49 to 0.69 N·m {5 to 7kgf·cm}.

3. Terminal sockets (HJ relay terminal sockets)

Type	No. of pole	Item	Part No.	Standard packing		Applicable HC relay (Plug-in type)							
						Standard type/With diode type (for DC)				Amber type			
				Carton	Case	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)	1 Form C	2 Form C	4 Form C	4 Form C (twin)
For DIN rail	2-pole	HJ2-terminal socket	HJ2-SFD	10 pcs.	100 pcs.		●				●		
		HJ2-terminal socket (Finger protect type)	HJ2-SFD-S				●				●		
	1/2/4-pole (common)	HJ4-terminal socket	HJ4-SFD			●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
		HJ4-terminal socket (Finger protect type)	HJ4-SFD-S			●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Note: When using HJ4-SFD/HJ4-SFD-S with HC relay 1 Form C/2 Form C as a set, please keep the terminal socket max. continuous current no higher than 5 A.

RATING

Specifications (Sockets)

Item		Performance							
Type		HC1 Plug in terminal socket	HC1 PC board socket	HC2 Plug in terminal socket	HC2 PC board socket	HC3 Plug in terminal socket	HC3 PC board socket	HC4 Plug in terminal socket	HC4 PC board socket
Contact arrangement		1 Form C (1-pole)		2 Form C (2-pole)		3 Form C (2/3-pole common)		4 Form C (1/2/4-pole common)	
Max. continuous current (Ambient temperature: -50 to +70°C -58 to +158°F)		10A	10A	7A	7A	7A	7A	5A	5A
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)							
	Between contact sets								
	Between contact and coil								
Initial insulation resistance		100 MΩ between each terminal (500V DC)							

Note: When using 1/2 pole HC relay (10A, 7A rating) on a 4 Form C socket that is 1/2/4-pole common, please use within a range that does not exceed the max. continuous current (5A).

Specifications (Terminal sockets)

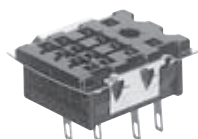
Item		Performance							
Type		HC2-slim For DIN rail terminal sockets	HC2 For DIN rail terminal sockets	HC2 For general terminal sockets	HC3 For DIN rail terminal sockets	HC3-high For general terminal sockets	HC4-high For DIN rail terminal sockets	HC4-high vertical type terminal sockets	HC4 For general terminal sockets
Contact arrangement		2 Form C (2-pole)			3 Form C (2/3-pole common)		4 Form C (1/2/4-pole common)		
Max. continuous current (Ambient temperature: -50 to +70°C -58 to +158°F)		7A	7A	7A	7A	7A	7A	7A	7A
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)							
	Between contact sets								
	Between contact and coil								
Initial insulation resistance		100 MΩ between each terminal (500V DC)							

Note: When using a 1-pole HC relay (10A) on 4 Form C terminal socket that is 1/2/4-pole common, please use within a range that does not exceed the max. continuous current (7A).

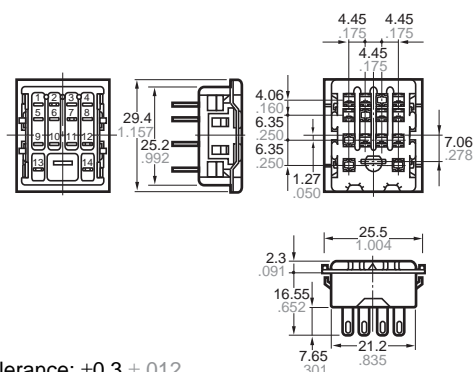
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. Plug-in type sockets

HC1-Socket (HC1-SS-K)

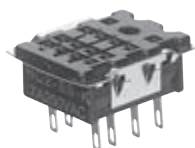


External dimensions

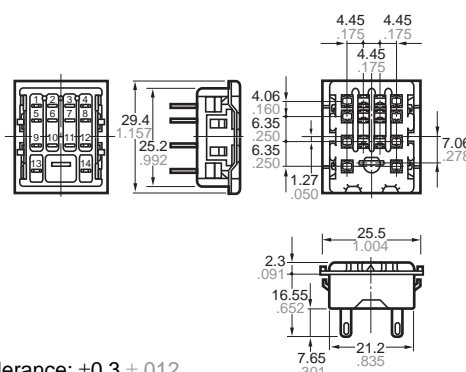


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

HC2-Socket (HC2-SS-K)

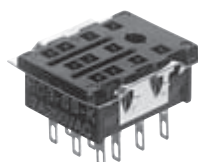


External dimensions

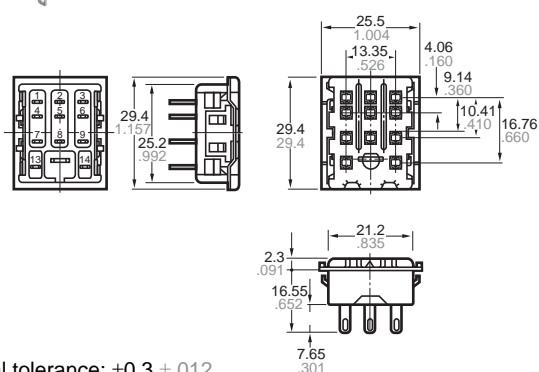


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

HC3-Socket (HC3-SS-K)

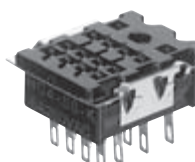


External dimensions

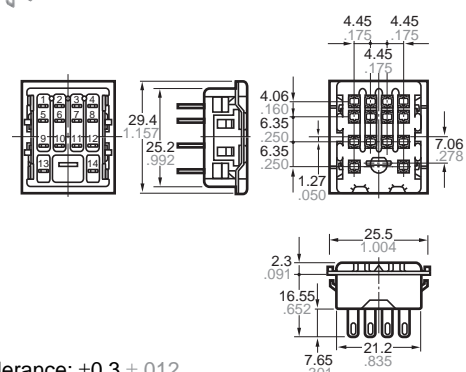


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

HC4-Socket (HC4-SS-K)

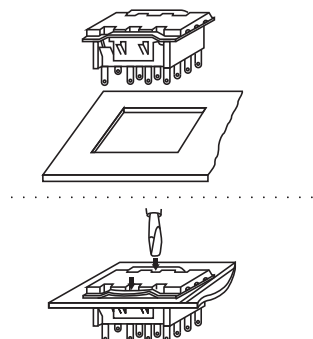


External dimensions

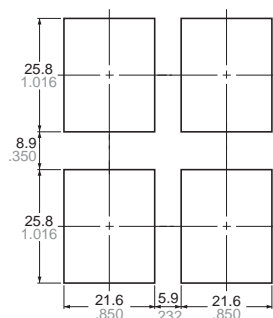


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Mounting hole diagram



Side-by-side installation



General tolerance: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

- Notes:
1. Applicable chassis board thickness is 1.0 to 2.0 mm.
 2. Installation is easy by inserting the socket from the top into the holes and by depressing the two down arrows on the retention fitting from the front.

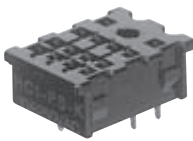
With a relay mounted (HC2-SS-K)



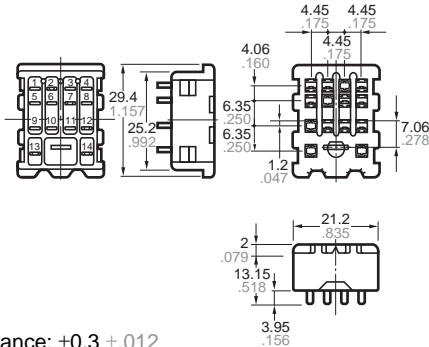
Hold-down clip is packaged with the socket.

2. PC board type sockets

HC1- PC board type socket (HC1-PS-K)



External dimensions

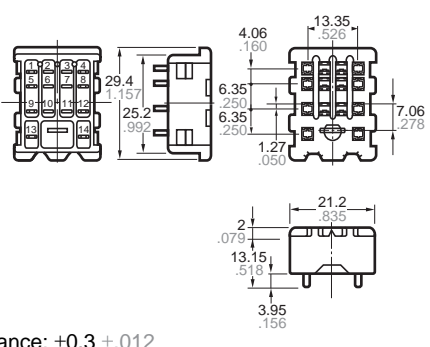


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

HC2- PC board type socket (HC2-PS-K)



External dimensions

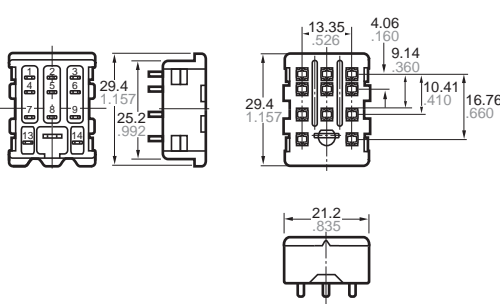


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

HC3- PC board type socket (HC3-PS-K)



External dimensions

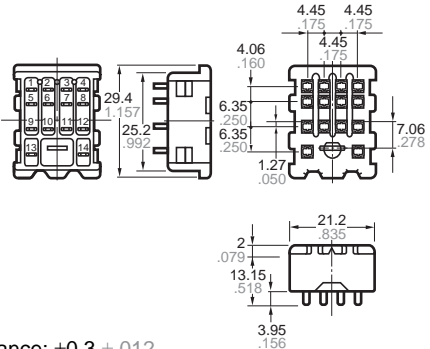


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

HC4- PC board type socket (HC4-PS-K)

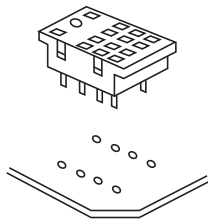


External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

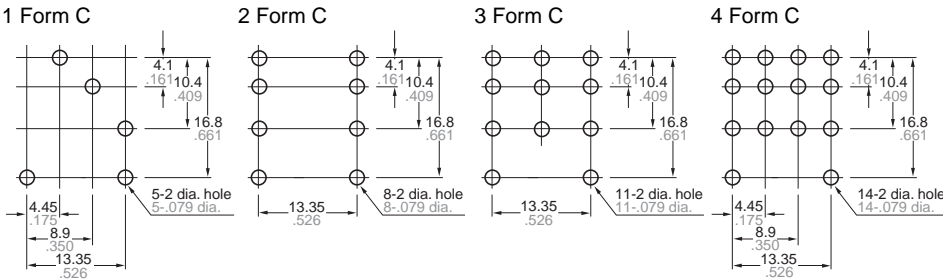
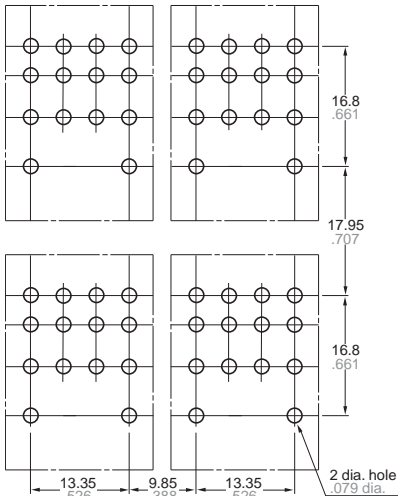
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



With a relay mounted



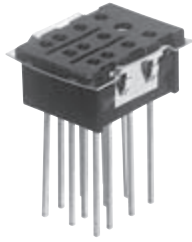
Side-by-side installation



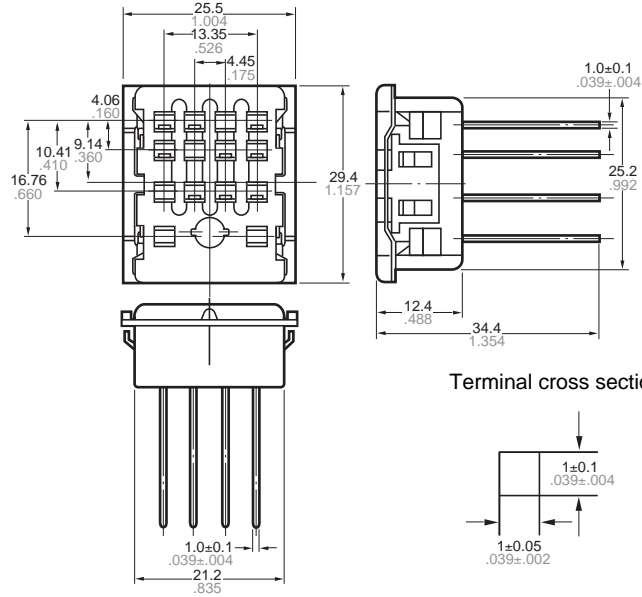
General tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

3. Wrapping type sockets

Standard wrapping type sockets
(HC4-WS-K)



External dimensions

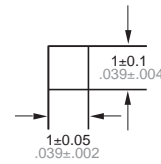


Hold-down clip

(Hold-down clip is packaged with the socket)



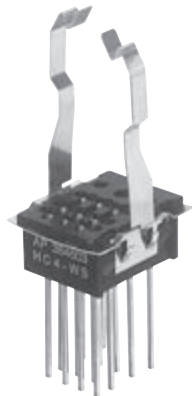
Terminal cross section



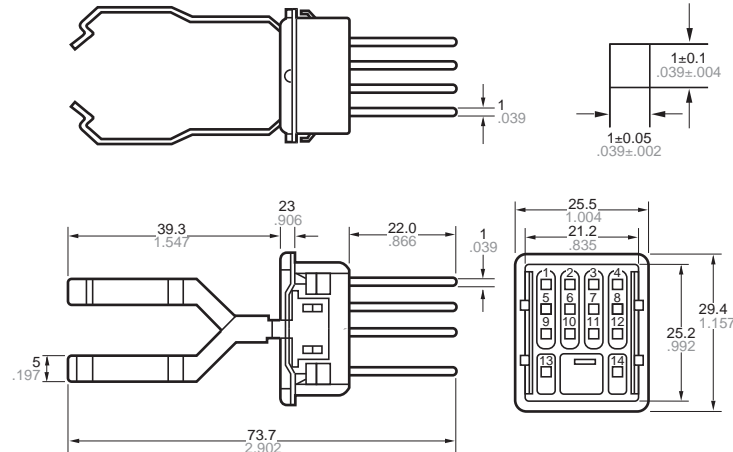
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Note: The external and mounting dimensions are the same for 1-pole (HC1-WS-K), 2-pole (HC2-WS-K), and 3-pole (HC3-WS-K) types.
Only the number of terminals varies.

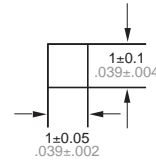
Wrapping type sockets with hold-down clip
(HC4-WS)



External dimensions

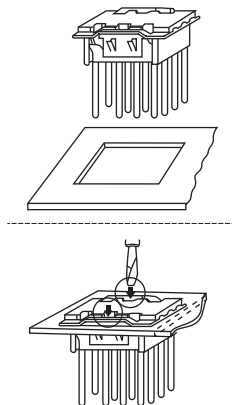


Terminal cross section

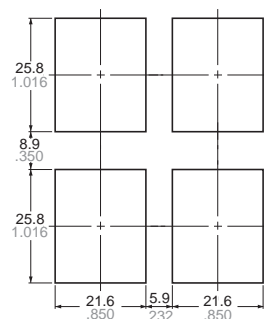


General tolerance: $\pm 0.7 \pm .028$

Mounting hole diagram



Side-by-side installation

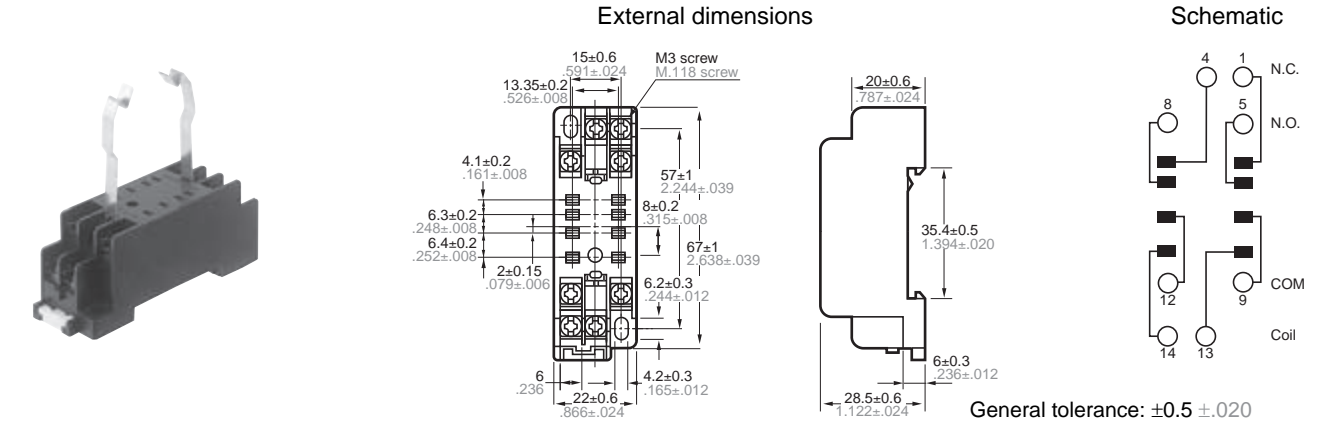


General tolerance: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

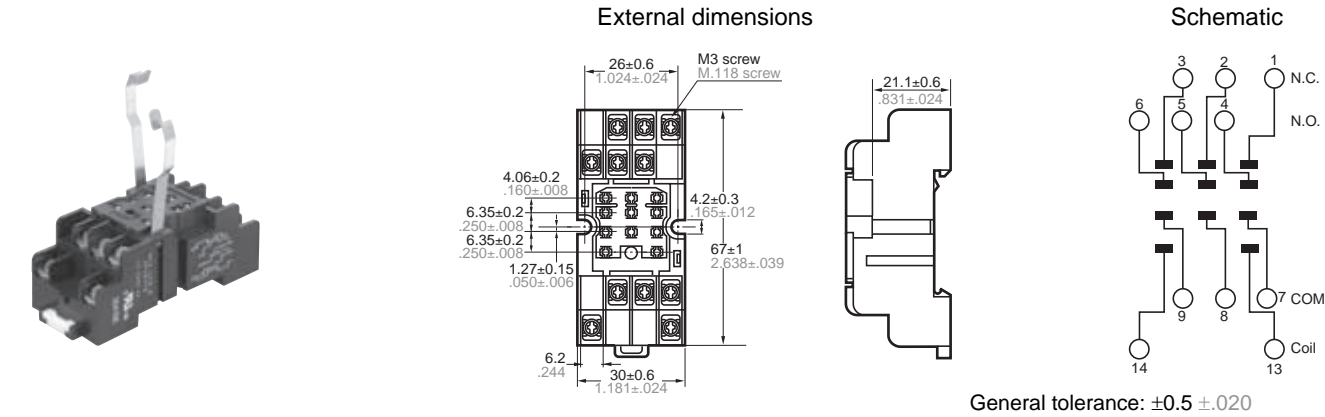
- Notes: 1. Applicable chassis board thickness is 1.0 to 2.0 mm.
2. Installation is easy by inserting the socket from the top into the holes and by depressing the two down arrows on the retention fitting from the front.

4. DIN rail terminal sockets

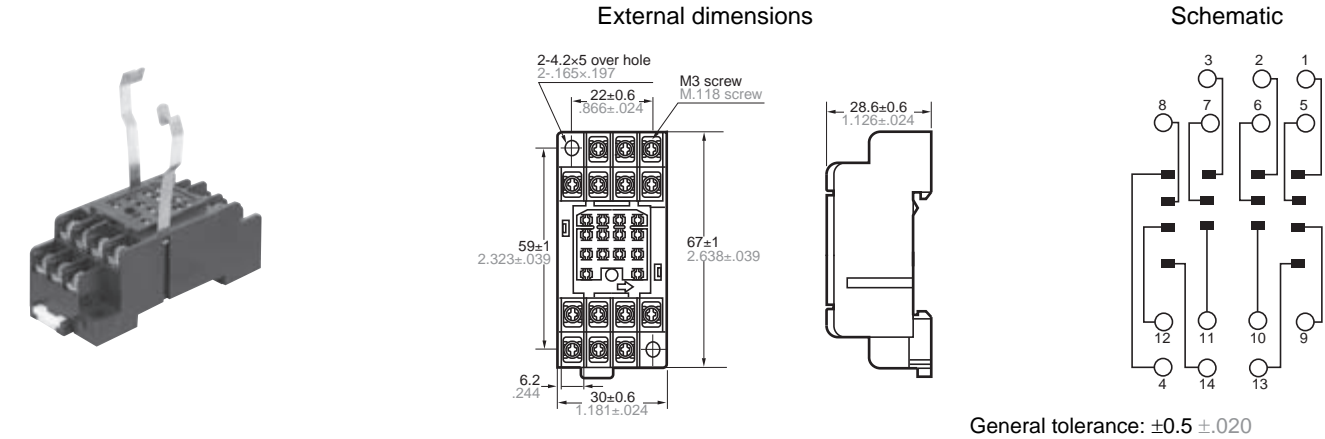
HC2-Slim type DIN rail terminal sockets (HC2-SFD-S)



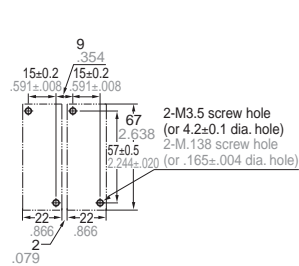
HC3-high DIN rail terminal socket (HC3-SFD-K)



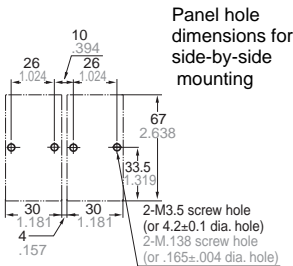
HC vertical type terminal socket (HC4-TSF-K)



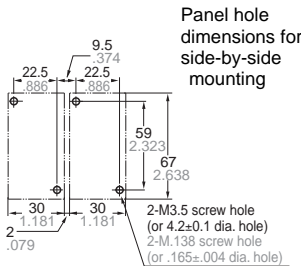
Mounting hole diagram
HC2-Slim type



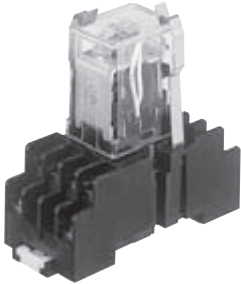
HC2, HC3 and HC4



HC vertical type



With a relay mounted (HC4-SFD-K)



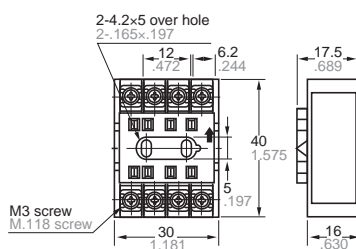
Hold-down clip is packaged with the terminal socket.
General tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

5. Ordinary terminal sockets

HC2-terminal socket (HC2-SF-K for HC2)



External dimensions

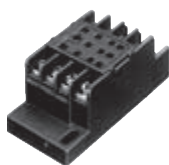


Schematic

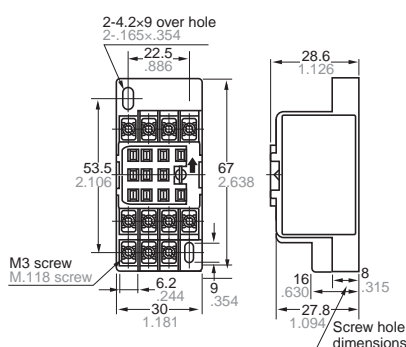


General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

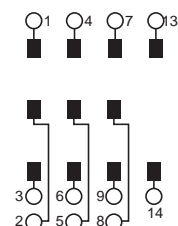
HC3-high terminal socket (HC3-HSF-K) suitable for both HC2 and HC3



External dimensions



Schematic

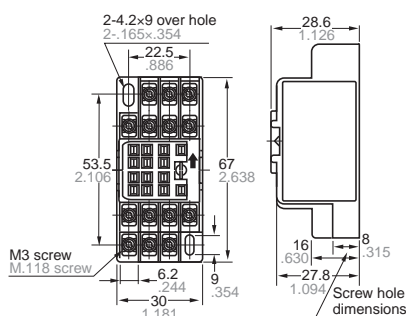


General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

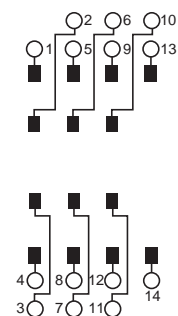
HC4-high terminal socket (HC4-HSF-K) suitable for HC 1, 2 and 4



External dimensions

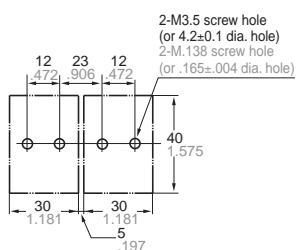


Schematic



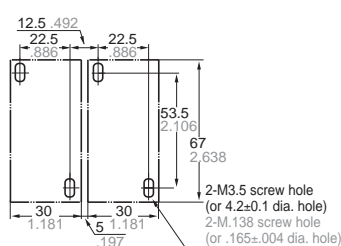
General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

Mounting hole diagram
HC2-SF-K



Panel hole dimensions for
side-by-side mounting

HC3-HSF-K and HC4-HSF-K



Panel hole dimensions for
side-by-side mounting

With a relay mounted (HC2-SF-K)



Hold-down clip is packaged with the terminal socket.

General tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

TV-10/TV-15 rated
1a 30A 2a 20A
power relays

HE RELAYS



1 Form A Plug-in type



Form A type also available with
 48A contact capacity
 Refer to data sheet starting on page 216.

FEATURES

1. Excellent resistance to contact welding

Owing to the pre-tension and kick-off mechanism, the 1 Form A passes TV-15 and the 2 Form A passes TV-10.

2. High-capacity and long life

Contact arrangement	1 Form A type	2 Form A type
Contact capacity	30A	20A
Electrical life (at 20 times/min.)	2×10 ⁵	
Mechanical life (at 180 times/min.)	DC type: 10 ⁷ , AC type: 5×10 ⁶	

3. Excellent surge resistance

Between contacts and coil, the surge voltage is more than 10,000 V (when surge waveform accords with JEC-212-1981).

4. Compatible with all major safety standards

UL, CSA, VDE and TÜV certified

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Office equipment

Copiers, package air conditioners, automatic vending machines.

2. Industrial equipment

Machine tools, molding equipment, wrapping machines, food processing equipment, etc.

3. Home appliances

Air conditioners, microwave ovens, televisions, stereo systems, water heaters and air heating equipment.

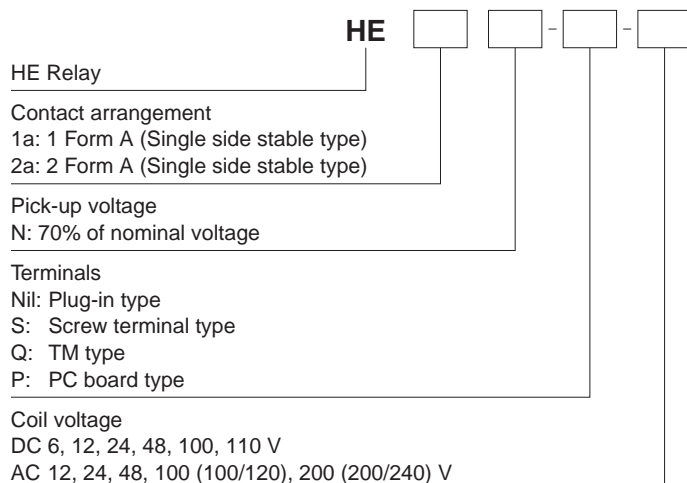
Type		Single side stable type	
		HE 1 Form A, 2 Form A	
Insulation gap		Min. 8 mm	
Distance between contacts*		1 Form A and 2 Form A: Min. 3 mm	PC board type: Min. 2.5 mm
Breakdown voltage	Between open contacts	2, 000 Vrms for 1 min.	
	Between contact and coil	5, 000 Vrms for 1 min.	

*Reference value

CLASSIFICATION

Type	PC board	Plug-in		TM		Screw terminal	
Operating function	Single side stable						
Contact arrangement	1 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

1. PC board type (1 Form A, DC coil) (Single side stable)

Coil voltage	1 Form A	Packing quantity	
	Part No.	Carton	Case
6V DC	HE1aN-P-DC6V	25 pcs.	100 pcs.
12V DC	HE1aN-P-DC12V		
24V DC	HE1aN-P-DC24V		
48V DC	HE1aN-P-DC48V		
100V DC	HE1aN-P-DC100V		
110V DC	HE1aN-P-DC110V		

2. Plug-in type (Single side stable)

Type	Coil voltage	1 Form A	2 Form A	Packing quantity	
		Part No.	Part No.	Carton	Case
DC type	6V DC	HE1aN-DC6V	HE2aN-DC6V	20 pcs.	100 pcs.
	12V DC	HE1aN-DC12V	HE2aN-DC12V		
	24V DC	HE1aN-DC24V	HE2aN-DC24V		
	48V DC	HE1aN-DC48V	HE2aN-DC48V		
	100V DC	HE1aN-DC100V	HE2aN-DC100V		
	110V DC	HE1aN-DC110V	HE2aN-DC110V		
AC type	12V AC	HE1aN-AC12V	HE2aN-AC12V	20 pcs.	100 pcs.
	24V AC	HE1aN-AC24V	HE2aN-AC24V		
	48V AC	HE1aN-AC48V	HE2aN-AC48V		
	100/120V AC	HE1aN-AC100V	HE2aN-AC100V		
	200/240V AC	HE1aN-AC200V	HE2aN-AC200V		

3. TM type (Single side stable)

Type	Coil voltage	1 Form A	2 Form A	Packing quantity	
		Part No.	Part No.	Carton	Case
DC type	6V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC6V	HE2aN-Q-DC6V	20 pcs.	100 pcs.
	12V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC12V	HE2aN-Q-DC12V		
	24V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC24V	HE2aN-Q-DC24V		
	48V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC48V	HE2aN-Q-DC48V		
	100V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC100V	HE2aN-Q-DC100V		
	110V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC110V	HE2aN-Q-DC110V		
AC type	12V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC12V	HE2aN-Q-AC12V	20 pcs.	100 pcs.
	24V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC24V	HE2aN-Q-AC24V		
	48V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC48V	HE2aN-Q-AC48V		
	100/120V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC100V	HE2aN-Q-AC100V		
	200/240V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC200V	HE2aN-Q-AC200V		

4. Screw terminal type (Single side stable)

Type	Coil voltage	1 Form A	2 Form A	Packing quantity	
		Part No.	Part No.	Carton	Case
DC type	6V DC	HE1aN-S-DC6V	HE2aN-S-DC6V	10 pcs.	50 pcs.
	12V DC	HE1aN-S-DC12V	HE2aN-S-DC12V		
	24V DC	HE1aN-S-DC24V	HE2aN-S-DC24V		
	48V DC	HE1aN-S-DC48V	HE2aN-S-DC48V		
	100V DC	HE1aN-S-DC100V	HE2aN-S-DC100V		
	110V DC	HE1aN-S-DC110V	HE2aN-S-DC110V		
AC type	12V AC	HE1aN-S-AC12V	HE2aN-S-AC12V	10 pcs.	50 pcs.
	24V AC	HE1aN-S-AC24V	HE2aN-S-AC24V		
	48V AC	HE1aN-S-AC48V	HE2aN-S-AC48V		
	100/120V AC	HE1aN-S-AC100V	HE2aN-S-AC100V		
	200/240V AC	HE1aN-S-AC200V	HE2aN-S-AC200V		

Note: The TM type of the screw terminals are also available.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) AC coils

Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
12V AC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	15%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	138mA	1.7VA	110%V of nominal voltage
24V AC			74mA	1.8VA	
48V AC			39mA	1.9VA	
100/120V AC			18.7 to 2.1mA	1.9 to 2.7VA	
200/240V AC			9.1 to 10.8mA	1.8 to 2.6VA	

2) DC coils

Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 55°C 131°F)
6V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	320mA	18.8Ω	1.92W	110%V of nominal voltage
12V DC			160mA	75Ω	1.92W	
24V DC			80mA	300Ω	1.92W	
48V DC			40mA	1,200Ω	1.92W	
100V DC			19mA	5,200Ω	1.92W	
110V DC			18mA	6,300Ω	1.92W	

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	2 Form A
	Initial contact resistance, max		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		30A 277V AC	25A 277V AC
	Max. switching power		8,310VA	6,925VA
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC, 30V DC	
	Max. switching current		30A	25A
	Nominal operating power		DC: 1.92W, AC: 1.7 to 2.7VA	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1min (Detection current: 10mA.)	
		Between contact sets	—	
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1min (Detection current: 10mA.)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (between contact and coil)		Min. 10,000V (initial)	
	Temperature rise		DC: Max. 60°C (at 55°C) (By resistive method), AC: Max. 65°C (at 55°C) (By resistive method)	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 30ms (excluding contact bounce time)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		DC: Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time, without diode), AC: Max. 30ms (excluding contact bounce time)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		DC: Min. 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.), AC: Min. 5×10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical (resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (30A 277V AC) Min. 2×10 ⁵ (30A 250V AC)	Min. 10 ⁵ (25A 277V AC) Min. 2×10 ⁵ (20A 250V AC)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -50°C to +55°C -58°F to +131°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa	
	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		20 times/min. (at max. rating)	
Unit weight			PC board type: approx. 80g 2.82oz, Plug-in type/TM type: approx. 90g 3.17oz, Screw terminal type: approx. 120g 4.23oz	

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

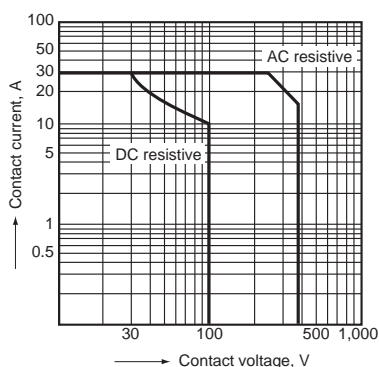
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50\mu\text{s}$ according to JEC-212-1981

*3 The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

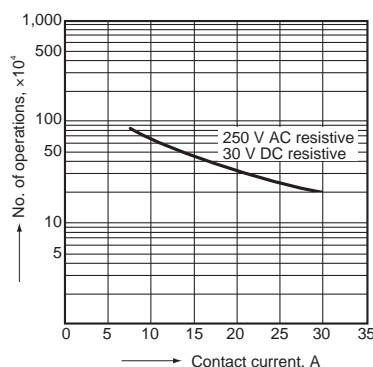
REFERENCE DATA

1 Form A Type

1. Maximum switching power

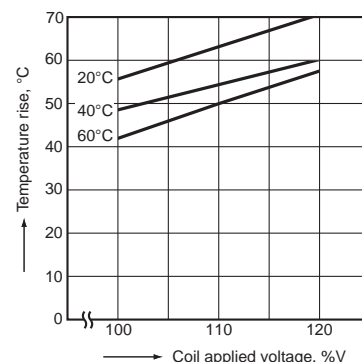


2. Life curve

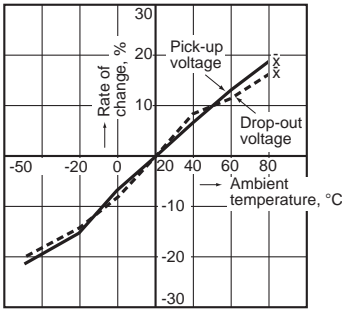


3. Coil temperature rise (DC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact current: 30 A

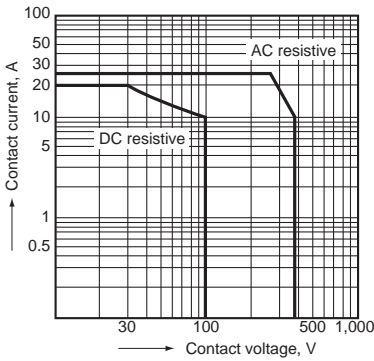


4. Ambient temperature characteristics
Tested sample: HE1aN-AC120V, 6 pcs.

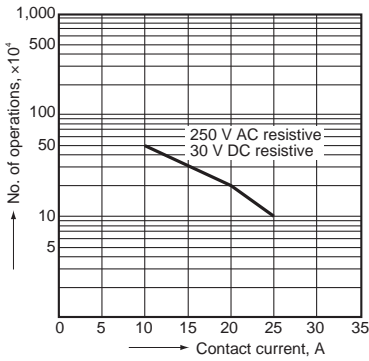


2 Form A Type

1. Maximum switching power

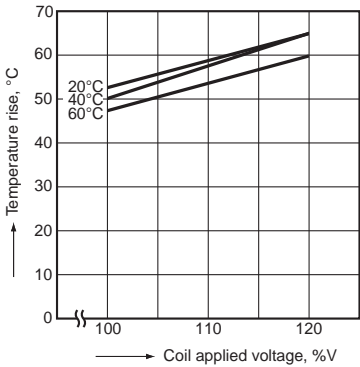


2. Life curve

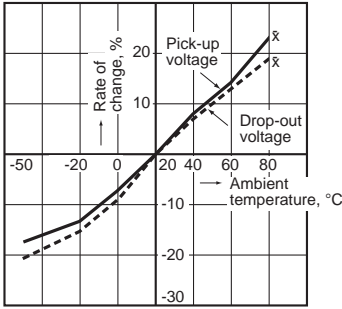


3. Coil temperature rise (DC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact current: 30 A



4. Ambient temperature characteristics
Tested sample: HE2aN-AC120V, 6 pcs.



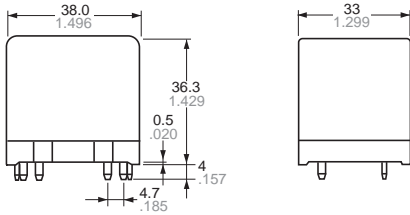
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

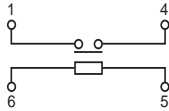
1. PC board type

1 Form A **CAD Data**

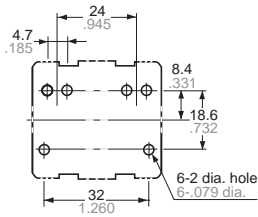
External dimensions
Single side stable type



Schematic (Bottom view)
Single side stable type



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

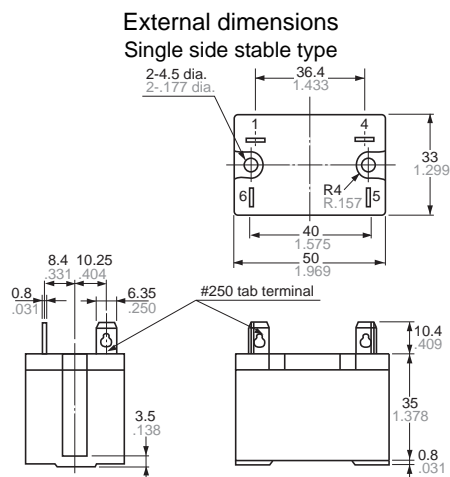


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

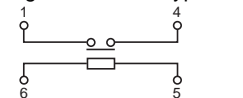
2. Plug-in type

1 Form A **CAD Data**

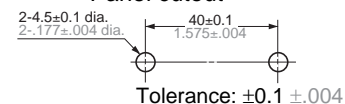


Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable type

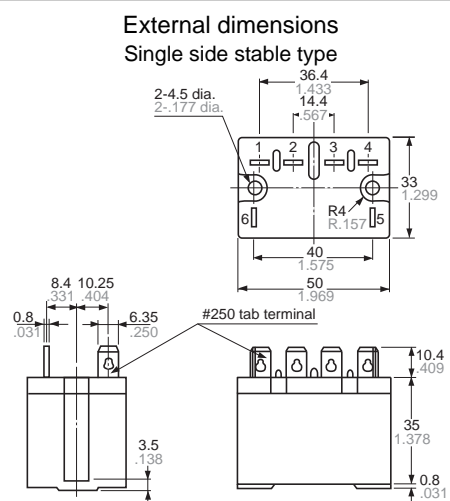


Panel cutout



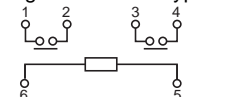
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

2 Form A **CAD Data**

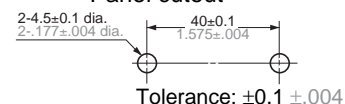


Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable type



Panel cutout



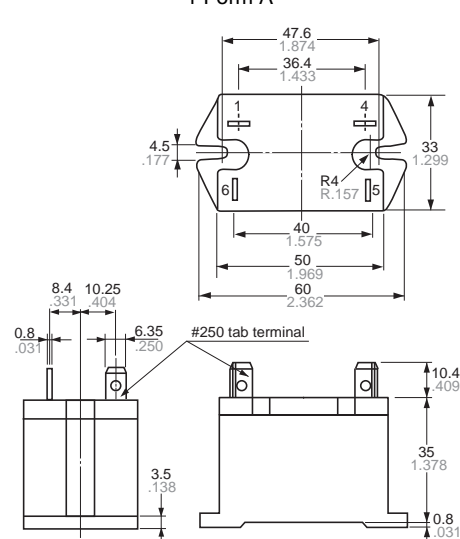
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

3. TM type

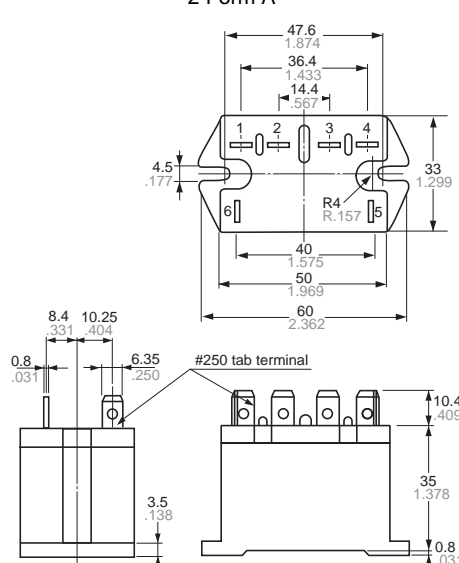
CAD Data

External dimensions Single side stable type

1 Form A

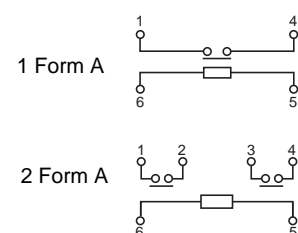


2 Form A

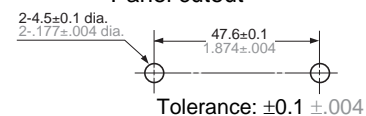


Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable type



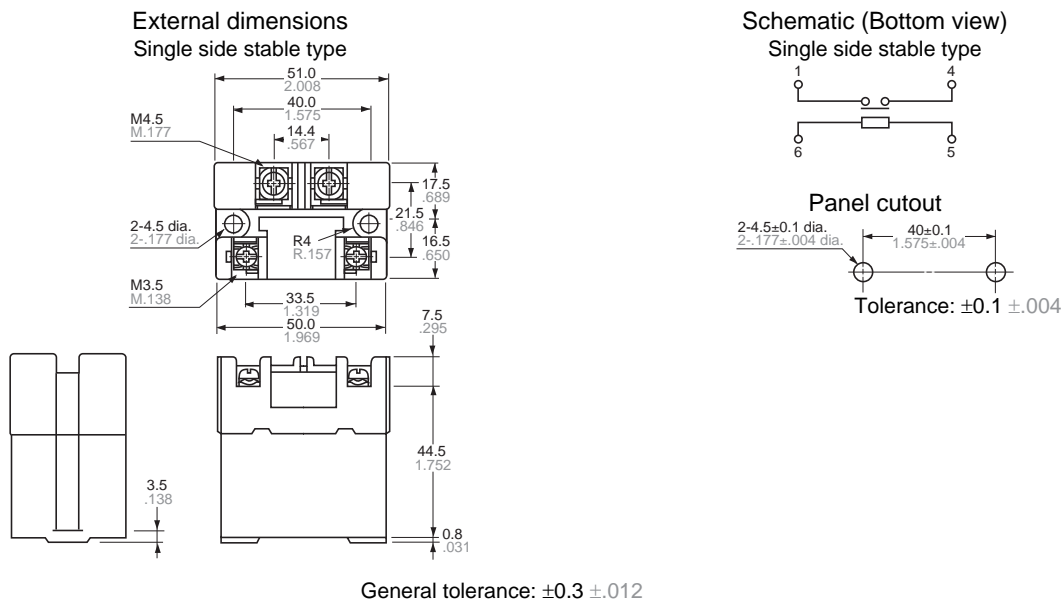
Panel cutout



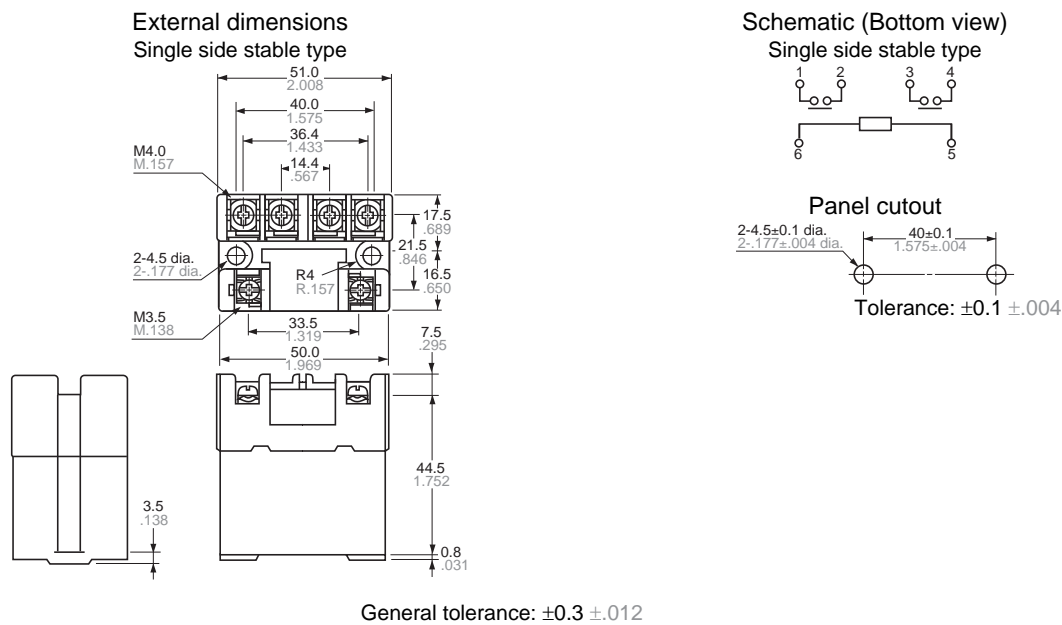
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

4. Screw terminal type

1 Form A CAD Data

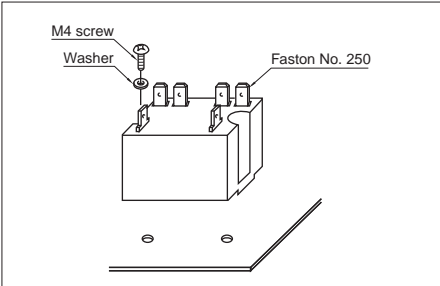


2 Form A CAD Data

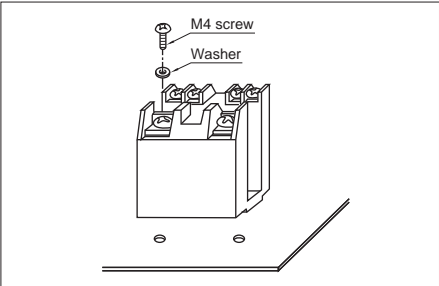


MOUNTING METHOD

1. Plug-in type



2. Screw terminal type



3. Allowable installation wiring size for screw terminal types and terminal sockets

Due to the UP terminals, it is possible to either directly connect the wires or use crimped terminal.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		TÜV (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form A	E43028	30A 277V AC 30A 30V DC 1.5HP 125V AC 3HP 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	30A 277V AC 30A 30V DC 1.5HP 125V AC 3HP 250V AC	4000668 1	30A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 30A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 110V DC (0ms)	UL E43028	TV-15	B 09 04 13461 261	30A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 30A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 8A 110V DC (0ms)
2 Form A	E43028	25A 277V AC 25A 30V DC 1HP 125V AC 2HP 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	25A 277V AC 25A 30V DC 1HP 125V AC 2HP 250V AC	4000668 1	25A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 25A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 110V DC (0ms)	UL E43028	TV-10	B 09 04 13461 261	25A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 25A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 8A 110V DC (0ms)

NOTES

1. The dust cover should not be removed since doing so may alter the characteristics.
 2. Avoid use under severe environmental conditions, such as high humidity, organic gas or in dust, oily locations and locations subjected to extremely frequent shock or vibrations.
 3. When mounting, use spring washers. Optimum fastening torque ranges from 49 to 68.6 N·m (5 to 7 kgf·cm).

4. Firmly insert the receptacles so that there is no slack or looseness. To remove a receptacle, 19.6 to 39.2 N (2 to 4 kg) of pulling strength is required. Do not remove more than one receptacle at one time. Always remove one receptacle at a time and pull it straight outwards.
 5. When using the AC type, the operate time due to the in-rush phase is 20 ms or more. Therefore, it is necessary for you to verify the characteristics for your actual circuit.

6. When using the push-on blocks for the screw terminal type, use crimped terminals and tighten the screw-down terminals to the torque below.

M4.5 screw:

147 to 166.6 N·cm (15 to 17 kgf·cm)

M4 screw:

117.6 to 137 N·cm (12 to 14 kgf·cm)

M3.5 screw:

78.4 to 98 N·cm (8 to 10 kgf·cm)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**Ideal for solar inverter
compact size,
1a 35A/48A power relays**

HE RELAYS PV Type



FEATURES

- **35A/48A current at 250 V AC achieved in compact size (L: 33 × W: 38 × H: 36.3 mm L: 1.299 × W: 1.496 × H: 1.429 inch)**

Due to improved conduction efficiency, wide terminal blades are used. (for high capacity type)

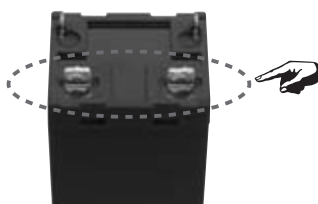
- **High insulation and 10,000 V surge breakdown voltage (between contacts and coil) achieved.**

- **Conforms to various safety standards**

UL/C-UL and VDE

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- **Photovoltaic power generation systems (Solar inverter)**



- **Contact gap: 2.5 mm (VDE0126 compliant)**

Compliant with European photovoltaic standard VDE0126

Compliant with EN61810-1 2.5 kV surge breakdown voltage (between contacts)

- **Contributes to energy saving in devices thanks to reduced coil hold voltage**

Coil hold voltage can be reduced down to 40% of the nominal coil voltage (ambient temperature 20°C 68°F). This equals to operating power of approximately 310 mW.

*Coil hold voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms following application of the nominal coil voltage.

ORDERING INFORMATION

HE 1a N - P - DC - -

Contact arrangement

1a: 1 Form A (Single side stable type)

Pick-up voltage

N: 70% of nominal voltage

Terminals

P: PC board terminal type

Coil voltage (DC)

6, 9, 12, 24V

Type, contact material and switching capacity

Y5: PV type, AgNi type (1 Form A 48A high capacity)

H18: PV type, AgSnO₂ type (1 Form A 35A standard)

Note: Certified by UL/C-UL and VDE

TYPES

Nominal coil voltage	Standard type	High capacity type
	Part No.	Part No.
6V DC	—	HE1aN-P-DC6V-Y5
9V DC	HE1aN-P-DC9V-H18	HE1aN-P-DC9V-Y5
12V DC	—	HE1aN-P-DC12V-Y5
24V DC	—	HE1aN-P-DC24V-Y5

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
6V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage	10%V or more of nominal voltage	320mA	18.8Ω	1,920mW	110%V of nominal voltage
9V DC			213mA	42.2Ω		
12V DC			160mA	75.0Ω		
24V DC			80mA	300.0Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
			Standard type	High capacity type
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	AgNi type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		35 A 250 V AC (Resistive load)	48 A 250 V AC (Resistive load)
	Contact carrying power		8,750 VA (Resistive load)	12,000 VA (Resistive load)
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC	
	Max. switching current		35 A (AC)	48 A (AC)
	Nominal operating power		1,920 mW	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100 mA 5 V DC	
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V	
	Temperature rise		Max. 60°C 140°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 35A, 100%V of nominal coil voltage at 55°C 131°F.)	Max. 60°C 140°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 48A, 100%V of nominal coil voltage at 55°C 131°F.)
			Max. 30°C 86°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 35A, 60%V of nominal coil voltage at 85°C 185°F.)	Max. 30°C 86°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 48A, 60%V of nominal coil voltage at 85°C 185°F.)
	Coil hold voltage*3		40 to 100%V (Contact carrying current: 35A, at 20°C 68°F), 50 to 100%V (Contact carrying current: 35A, at 55°C 131°F), 50 to 60%V (Contact carrying current: 35A, at 85°C 185°F)	40 to 100%V (Contact carrying current: 48A, at 20°C 68°F), 50 to 100%V (Contact carrying current: 48A, at 55°C 131°F), 50 to 60%V (Contact carrying current: 48A, at 85°C 185°F)
			Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)	
			Max. 30 ms (nominal coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time)	
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)*5		Max. 10 ms (nominal coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10 μs.)	
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.0 mm (Detection time: 10 μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical	Resistive load	Min. 3×10 ⁴ (35 A 250 V AC) (ON : OFF = 1s : 9s)	Min. 3×10 ⁴ (48 A 250 V AC) (ON : OFF = 1s : 9s)
		Inductive load	—	Endurance: 48 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8), Min. 3×10 ⁴ (ON : OFF = 0.1s : 10s) Overload: 72 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8), Min. 50 (ON : OFF = 0.1s : 10s)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*4		Ambient temperature: –50 to +55°C –58 to +131°F (When nominal coil voltage applied) –50 to +85°C –58 to +185°F (When applied coil hold voltage is 50% to 60% of nominal coil voltage) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature); Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa	
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity ON : OFF = 1s : 9s)	
Unit weight			Approx. 80 g 2.82 oz	

Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

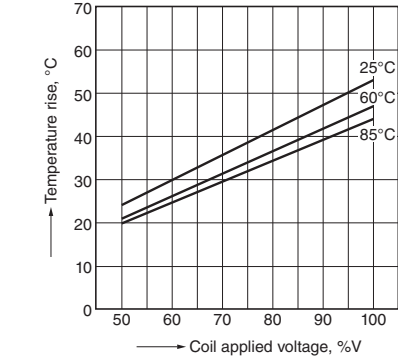
*3. Coil hold voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms following application of the nominal coil voltage.

*4. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES (see page 219).

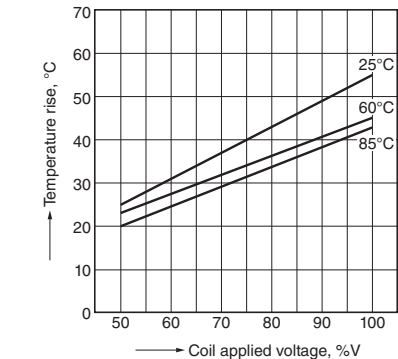
*5. Release time will lengthen if a diode, etc., is connected in parallel to the coil. Be sure to verify operation under actual conditions.

REFERENCE DATA

1.-(1) Coil temperature rise
(Standard type)
Sample: HE1aN-P-DC9V-H18, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 60°C 140°F, 85°C 185°F
Contact carrying current: 35A

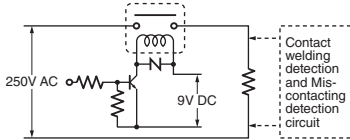


1.-(2) Coil temperature rise
(High capacity type)
Sample: HE1aN-P-DC9V-Y5, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 60°C 140°F, 85°C 185°F
Contact carrying current: 48A

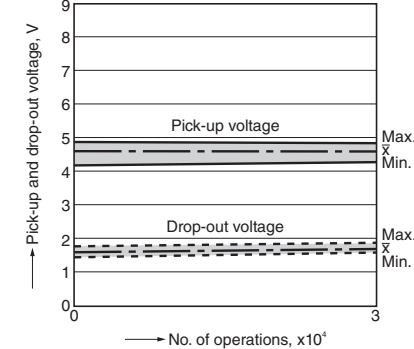


2.-(1) Electrical life test (Standard type, Resistive load 250V AC, 35A at 85°C 185°F)
Sample: HE1aN-P-DC9V-H18, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: 6 times/min.
(ON/OFF = 1.0s : 9.0s)

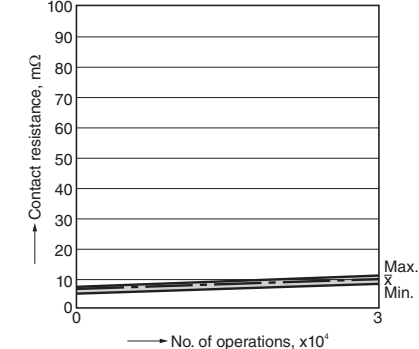
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

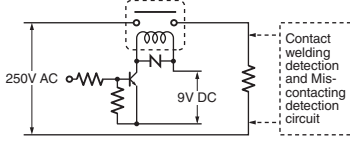


Change of contact resistance

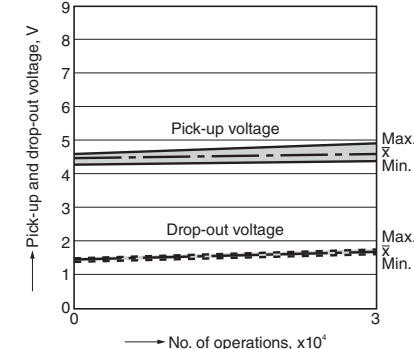


2.-(2) Electrical life test (High capacity type, Resistive load 250V AC, 48A at 85°C 185°F)
Sample: HE1aN-P-DC9V-Y5, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: 6 times/min.
(ON/OFF = 1.0s : 9.0s)

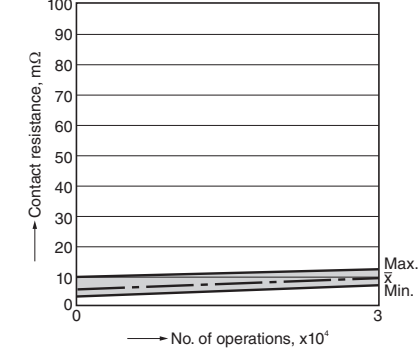
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

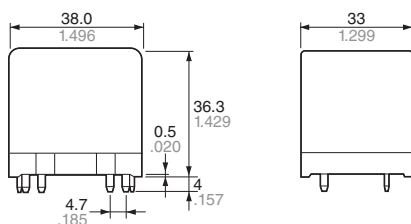
 Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

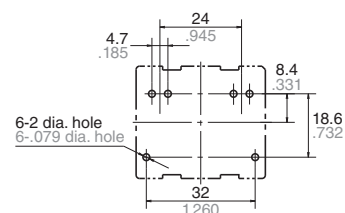
Standard type



External dimensions

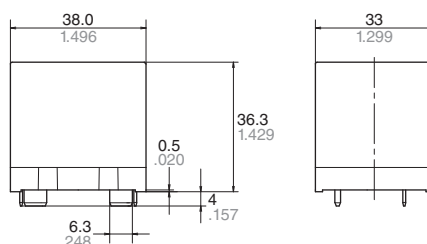

 General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

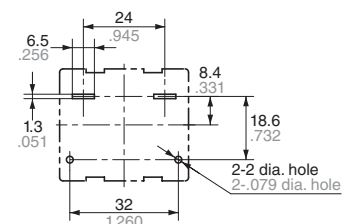

 Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

High capacity type

External dimensions


 General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)


 Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

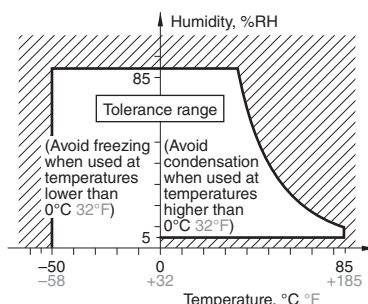
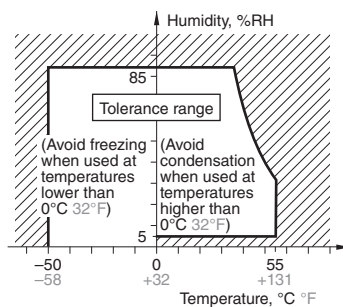
SAFETY STANDARDS

Certification authority		
High capacity type	C-UL	48 A 277 V AC (at 85°C 185°F)
	VDE (VDE0435)	48 A 250 V AC $\cos\phi = 0.8$ (at 85°C 185°F)
Standard type	UL, CSA	35 A 277 V AC (at 25°C 77°F)
	VDE (VDE0435)	35 A 250 V AC $\cos\phi = 1$ (at 80°C 176°F)

NOTES

■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Temperature:
 -50 to +55°C -58 to +131°F
 -50 to +85°C -58 to +185°F (When applied coil hold voltage is 50% to 60% of nominal coil voltage)
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH
 (Avoid freezing and condensation.)
 The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
 Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



* -50 to +85°C -58 to +185°F (When applied coil hold voltage is 50% to 60% of nominal coil voltage)

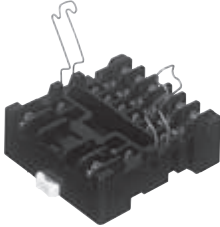
■ Certification

This relay is UL/C-UL certified.
 48 A 277 V AC (High capacity type)
 35 A 277 V AC (Standard type)
 This relay is certified by VDE
 48 A 250 V AC $\cos\phi = 0.8$ (High capacity type)
 35 A 250 V AC $\cos\phi = 1$ (Standard type)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

ACCESSORIES (Terminal sockets)

THE RELAY TERMINAL SOCKET



FEATURES

1. Snap-in mounting to DIN rails is possible.

Can be inserted into 35 mm wide DIN rails. Removal is easy, too.

2. Sure and easy wiring

The use of UP terminals makes wiring exceptionally easy and sure.

3. Hold-down clips can be stored in main unit

Because the hold-down clips can be stored in the main unit, there is no need to remove them when, for example, wiring is changed.

TYPES

No. of poles	Types	Part No.
For 1 Form A	Single side stable type	JH1-SF
For 2 Form A	Single side stable type	JH2-SF

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 50 pcs.

SPECIFICATIONS

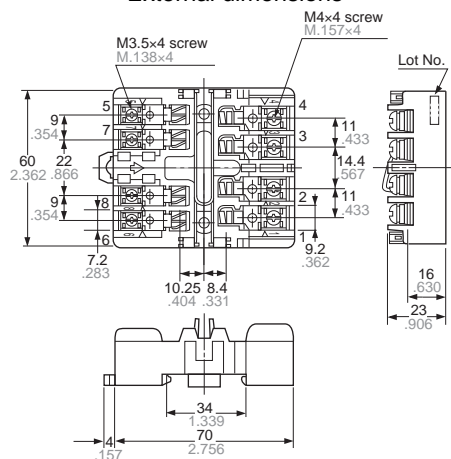
Item	Specifications	
Arrangement	1 Form A	2 Form A
Max. continuous current	30A 250V AC	20A 250V AC
Breakdown voltage (initial)	2,000 Vrms for 1min (between terminals) (Detection current: 10mA.)	
Insulation resistance	Min. 100M Ω (between poles)	
Heat resistance	150°C \pm 3°C for 1 hour	

Note: Do not insert or remove while powered on.

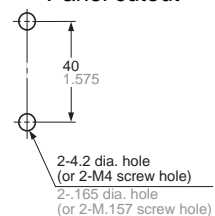
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm inch)

1 Form A and 2 Form A types

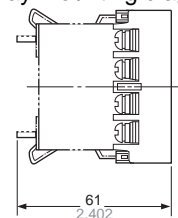
External dimensions



Panel cutout



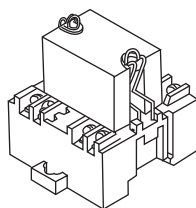
Relay mounting diagram



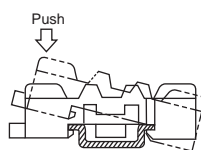
Note: The JH1-SF (1 Form A single side stable type) does not have receptacles (tooth rests) for numbers 2, 3, 7, and 8.
The JH2-SF (2 Form A single side stable type) does not have receptacles (tooth rests) for numbers 7 and 8.

MOUNTING METHOD

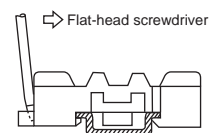
1. Relay mounting



2. Installing to a DIN rail



3. Removing from a DIN rail



NOTES

1. Be careful not to drop the relay. It is made of heat-hardened resin and may break.

2. Be sure to tighten the screw-down terminals firmly. Loose terminals may lead to the generation of heat.

3. When the 1 Form A is used in situations covered by the Japanese Electrical Appliance and Material Control Law, the use of 5.5 mm² cabling and 30 A current is not allowed. Consequently, the circuit should be less than 20 A.

4. When fixing the terminal socket with screws, to avoid torque damage and distortion, apply torque within the ranges shown below.

M3.5 screws:

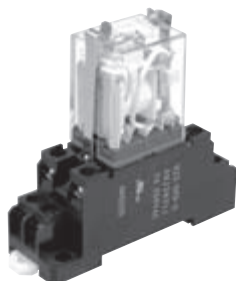
0.784 to 0.98 N·m (8 to 10 kgf·cm)

M4 screws:

1.176 to 1.37 N·m (12 to 14 kgf·cm)

Relay for control panel of 2c 7A and 4c 5A

HJ RELAYS



FEATURES

1. Economical prices achieved

2. Useful for wide range of applications

Gold-plated contact types are capable of switching under low level (1mA: reference value) to powerful high level (7A: 2-pole) loads.

3. Wide range of types available

The lineup includes 2-pole and 4-pole products, relays with operating indicator lights, and push-button types. You will also find relays that absorb surge when the coil goes to the off state with diodes (for DC type) or CR circuits (for AC type). Moreover, the availability of a broad range of coil voltages meets a wide range of needs.

4. Coil cutoff detection

The LED that is fitted to AC coils goes off when the coil is inoperative and so provides a cutoff detection function.

5. Finger protection

Terminal sockets with finger protection, designed to prevent fingers from touching the terminals, are also available.

6. Sockets and terminal sockets are available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Control panels
- Power supply units
- Molding machines
- Machine tools
- Welding equipment
- Agricultural equipment
- Office equipment
- Vending machines
- Communications equipment
- Amusement machines

ORDERING INFORMATION

HJ - - - - -

Contact arrangement

2: 2 Form C

4: 4 Form C

Operation indication

Nil: Without LED indication

L: With LED indication

Test button

Nil: Without a test button

T: With a test button

Coil voltage

AC 12, 24, 48, 100, 120, 200, 220/240 V

DC 12, 24, 48, 110 V

Surge suppression

Nil: Without

D: With diode

R: With CR circuit

Contact surface

Nil: Without Au plating

6: With Au plating

Note: Certified by UL/C-UL and TÜV.

TYPES

[Au plating type]

1. Plug-in type

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-DC 12V-6	HJ4-DC 12V-6
24V DC	HJ2-DC 24V-6	HJ4-DC 24V-6
48V DC	HJ2-DC 48V-6	HJ4-DC 48V-6
100/110V DC	HJ2-DC110V-6	HJ4-DC110V-6
12V AC	HJ2-AC 12V-6	HJ4-AC 12V-6
24V AC	HJ2-AC 24V-6	HJ4-AC 24V-6
48V AC	HJ2-AC 48V-6	HJ4-AC 48V-6
100/110V AC	HJ2-AC100V-6	HJ4-AC100V-6
110/120V AC	HJ2-AC120V-6	HJ4-AC120V-6
200/220V AC	HJ2-AC200V-6	HJ4-AC200V-6
220/240V AC	HJ2-AC220/240V-6	HJ4-AC220/240V-6

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

2. Plug-in type (with LED indication)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-L-DC 12V-6	HJ4-L-DC 12V-6
24V DC	HJ2-L-DC 24V-6	HJ4-L-DC 24V-6
48V DC	HJ2-L-DC 48V-6	HJ4-L-DC 48V-6
100/110V DC	HJ2-L-DC110V-6	HJ4-L-DC110V-6
12V AC	HJ2-L-AC 12V-6	HJ4-L-AC 12V-6
24V AC	HJ2-L-AC 24V-6	HJ4-L-AC 24V-6
48V AC	HJ2-L-AC 48V-6	HJ4-L-AC 48V-6
100/110V AC	HJ2-L-AC100V-6	HJ4-L-AC100V-6
110/120V AC	HJ2-L-AC120V-6	HJ4-L-AC120V-6
200/220V AC	HJ2-L-AC200V-6	HJ4-L-AC200V-6
220/240V AC	HJ2-L-AC220/240V-6	HJ4-L-AC220/240V-6

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

3. Plug-in type (with diode)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-DC 12V-D-6	HJ4-DC 12V-D-6
24V DC	HJ2-DC 24V-D-6	HJ4-DC 24V-D-6
48V DC	HJ2-DC 48V-D-6	HJ4-DC 48V-D-6
100/110V DC	HJ2-DC110V-D-6	HJ4-DC110V-D-6

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

4. Plug-in type (with diode and LED indication)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-L-DC 12V-D-6	HJ4-L-DC 12V-D-6
24V DC	HJ2-L-DC 24V-D-6	HJ4-L-DC 24V-D-6
48V DC	HJ2-L-DC 48V-D-6	HJ4-L-DC 48V-D-6
100/110V DC	HJ2-L-DC110V-D-6	HJ4-L-DC110V-D-6

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

5. Plug-in type (with CR)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
100/110V AC	HJ2-AC100V-R-6	HJ4-AC100V-R-6
110/120V AC	HJ2-AC120V-R-6	HJ4-AC120V-R-6
200/220V AC	HJ2-AC200V-R-6	HJ4-AC200V-R-6
220/240V AC	HJ2-AC220/240V-R-6	HJ4-AC220/240V-R-6

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

6. Plug-in type (with CR and LED indication)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
100/110V AC	HJ2-L-AC100V-R-6	HJ4-L-AC100V-R-6
110/120V AC	HJ2-L-AC120V-R-6	HJ4-L-AC120V-R-6
200/220V AC	HJ2-L-AC200V-R-6	HJ4-L-AC200V-R-6
220/240V AC	HJ2-L-AC220/240V-R-6	HJ4-L-AC220/240V-R-6

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

[Without Au plating type]

1. Plug-in type

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-DC 12V	HJ4-DC 12V
24V DC	HJ2-DC 24V	HJ4-DC 24V
48V DC	HJ2-DC 48V	HJ4-DC 48V
100/110V DC	HJ2-DC110V	HJ4-DC110V
12V AC	HJ2-AC 12V	HJ4-AC 12V
24V AC	HJ2-AC 24V	HJ4-AC 24V
48V AC	HJ2-AC 48V	HJ4-AC 48V
100/110V AC	HJ2-AC100V	HJ4-AC100V
110/120V AC	HJ2-AC120V	HJ4-AC120V
200/220V AC	HJ2-AC200V	HJ4-AC200V
220/240V AC	HJ2-AC220/240V	HJ4-AC220/240V

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

2. Plug-in type (with LED indication)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-L-DC 12V	HJ4-L-DC 12V
24V DC	HJ2-L-DC 24V	HJ4-L-DC 24V
48V DC	HJ2-L-DC 48V	HJ4-L-DC 48V
100/110V DC	HJ2-L-DC110V	HJ4-L-DC110V
12V AC	HJ2-L-AC 12V	HJ4-L-AC 12V
24V AC	HJ2-L-AC 24V	HJ4-L-AC 24V
48V AC	HJ2-L-AC 48V	HJ4-L-AC 48V
100/110V AC	HJ2-L-AC100V	HJ4-L-AC100V
110/120V AC	HJ2-L-AC120V	HJ4-L-AC120V
200/220V AC	HJ2-L-AC200V	HJ4-L-AC200V
220/240V AC	HJ2-L-AC220/240V	HJ4-L-AC220/240V

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

3. Plug-in type (with a test button)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-T-DC 12V	HJ4-T-DC 12V
24V DC	HJ2-T-DC 24V	HJ4-T-DC 24V
100/110V AC	HJ2-T-AC100V	HJ4-T-AC100V
200/220V AC	HJ2-T-AC200V	HJ4-T-AC200V

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

4. Plug-in type (with LED indication and a test button)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-L-T-DC 12V	HJ4-L-T-DC 12V
24V DC	HJ2-L-T-DC 24V	HJ4-L-T-DC 24V
100/110V AC	HJ2-L-T-AC100V	HJ4-L-T-AC100V
200/220V AC	HJ2-L-T-AC200V	HJ4-L-T-AC200V

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

5. Plug-in type (with diode)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-DC 12V-D	HJ4-DC 12V-D
24V DC	HJ2-DC 24V-D	HJ4-DC 24V-D
48V DC	HJ2-DC 48V-D	HJ4-DC 48V-D
100/110V DC	HJ2-DC110V-D	HJ4-DC110V-D

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

6. Plug-in type (with diode and LED indication)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
12V DC	HJ2-L-DC 12V-D	HJ4-L-DC 12V-D
24V DC	HJ2-L-DC 24V-D	HJ4-L-DC 24V-D
48V DC	HJ2-L-DC 48V-D	HJ4-L-DC 48V-D
100/110V DC	HJ2-L-DC110V-D	HJ4-L-DC110V-D

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

7. Plug-in type (with CR)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
100/110V AC	HJ2-AC100V-R	HJ4-AC100V-R
110/120V AC	HJ2-AC120V-R	HJ4-AC120V-R
200/220V AC	HJ2-AC200V-R	HJ4-AC200V-R
220/240V AC	HJ2-AC220/240V-R	HJ4-AC220/240V-R

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

8. Plug-in type (with CR and LED indication)

Coil voltage	2 Form C	4 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
100/110V AC	HJ2-L-AC100V-R	HJ4-L-AC100V-R
110/120V AC	HJ2-L-AC120V-R	HJ4-L-AC120V-R
200/220V AC	HJ2-L-AC200V-R	HJ4-L-AC200V-R
220/240V AC	HJ2-L-AC220/240V-R	HJ4-L-AC220/240V-R

Note: Packing quantity: 20pcs. (Carton), 200pcs. (Case)

* For sockets and terminal sockets, see page 229.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) AC coils (50/60Hz)

Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current [±20%]		Nominal operating power		Max. allowable voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
			50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz	
12V AC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	30%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	102.9mA	85.4mA	Approx. 1.2 to 1.5 V A	Approx. 1.0 to 1.3 V A	110%V of nominal voltage
24V AC			54.5mA	45.6mA			
48V AC			30.7mA	25.9mA			
100/110V AC			11.8mA/13.9mA	10.0mA/11.6mA			
110/120V AC			10.9mA/12.5mA	9.1mA/10.3mA			
200/220V AC			6.8mA/8.1mA	5.7mA/6.7mA			
220/240V AC			6.8mA/7.8mA	5.6mA/6.4mA			

2) DC coils

Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current	Coil resistance (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
12V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	75mA [±10%]	160Ω	0.9W	110%V of nominal voltage
24V DC			37mA [±10%]	650Ω	0.9W	
48V DC			18mA [±15%]	2,600Ω	0.9W	
100/110V DC			9.1mA/10mA [±15%]	11,000Ω	1.1W	

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form C	4 Form C
	Initial contact resistance, max		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		Au plating type: Au plating Ag Without Au plating type: Ag	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		7 A 250V AC	5 A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,750 VA	1,250 VA
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC, 125V DC	
	Max. switching current		7 A	5 A
	Nominal operating power		0.9W 1.2 VA	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1	Au plating type	1mA 1V DC	
		Without Au plating type	1mA 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)	
		Between contact sets	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)	
		Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)	
	Temperature rise (at 70°C 158°F)		Max. 60°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage)	
	Operate time*2		Max. 20ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)	
Mechanical characteristics	Release time*2		Max. 20ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.0 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.0 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 2×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical (resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁶ (7A 250V AC) Min. 5×10 ⁵ (5A 250V AC)	Min. 10 ⁶ (5A 250V AC) Min. 2×10 ⁵ (3A 250V AC)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. Operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight			Approx. 34g 1.20 oz	

Notes:

In accordance with the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law, you cannot exceed a voltage of 150V AC when using the 4 Form C type.

For more information, please inquire.

When using low level loads, contact instability may result depending on conditions of use (switching frequency and ambient conditions, etc.); therefore, please use the Au plating type.

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

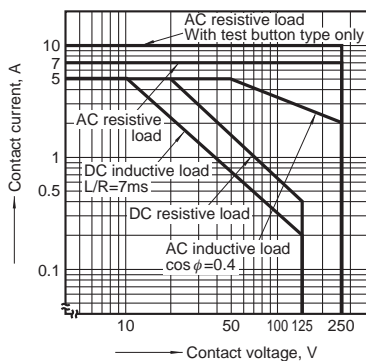
*2 For the AC coil types, the operate/release time will differ depending on the phase.

*3 The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES on page 229.

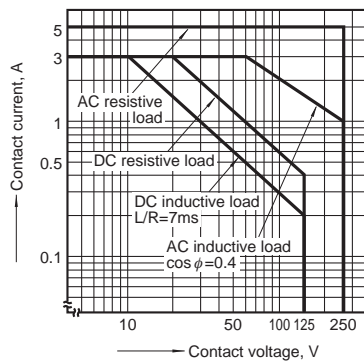
*4 When using the socket and terminal socket, be sure to verify the max. continuous current.

REFERENCE DATA

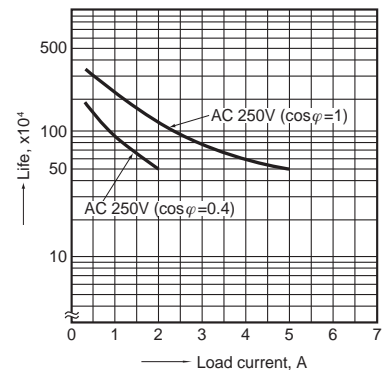
1-(1). Max. switching capacity (2 Form C type)



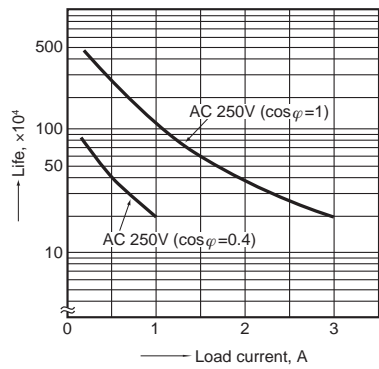
1-(2). Max. switching capacity (4 Form C type)



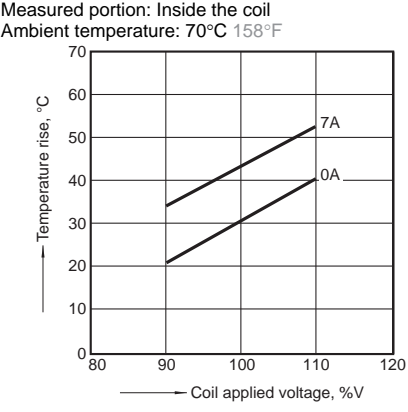
2-(1). Life curve (2 Form C)



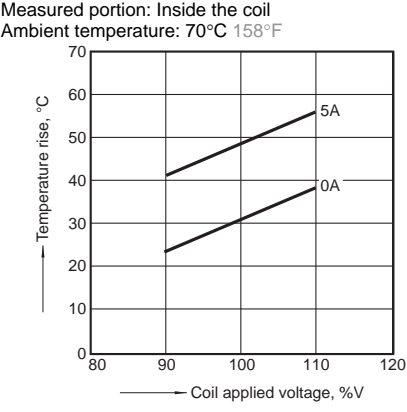
2-(2). Life curve (4 Form C)



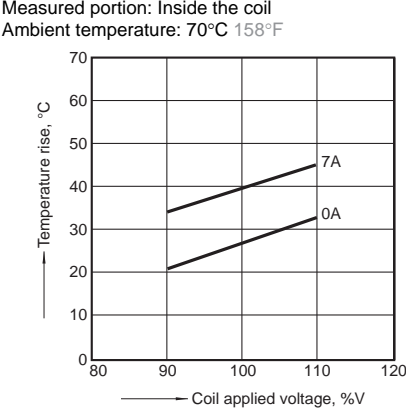
3-(1). Coil temperature rise (2 Form C/AC type)



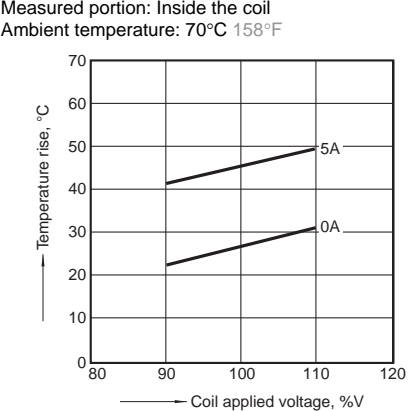
3-(2). Coil temperature rise (2 Form C/DC type)



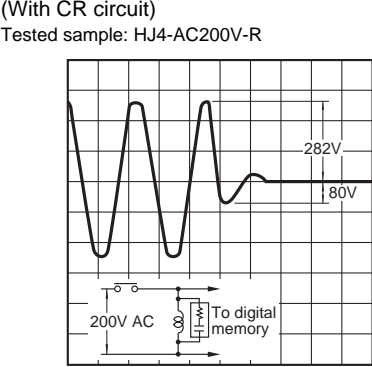
3-(3). Coil temperature rise (4 Form C/AC type)



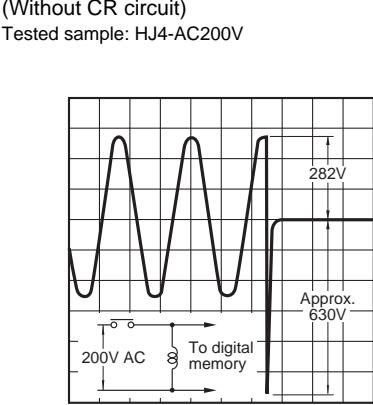
3-(4). Coil temperature rise (4 Form C/DC type)



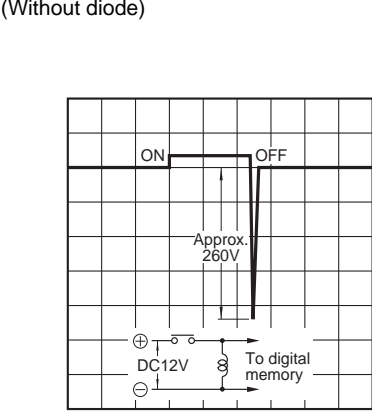
4-(1). AC coil surge voltage waveform (With CR circuit)



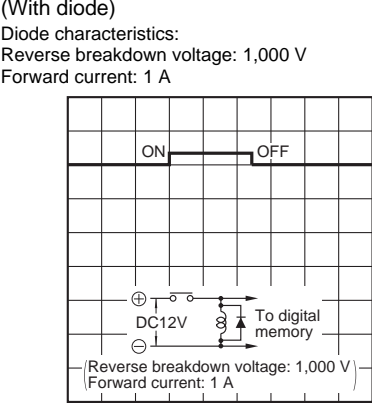
4-(2). AC coil surge voltage waveform (Without CR circuit)



5-(1). DC coil surge voltage waveform (Without diode)



5-(2). DC coil surge voltage waveform (With diode)

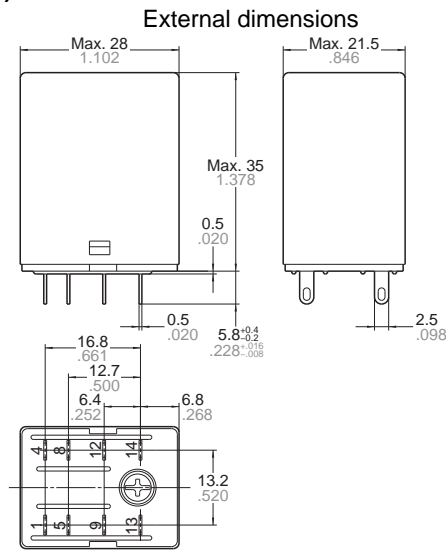


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Plug-in type (2 Form C) (including diode/CR)

CAD Data



Dimension:

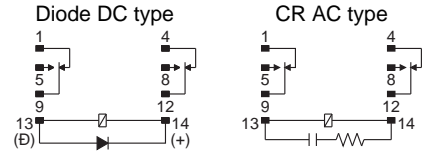
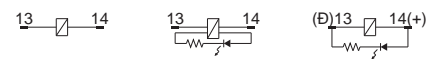
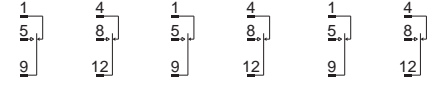
Less than 1mm .039 inch:

Min. 1mm .039 less than 3mm .118 inch:

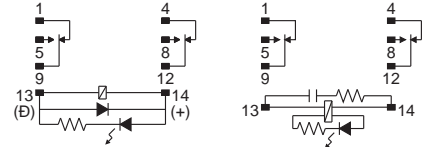
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Schematic (Bottom view)

Standard type LED AC type LED DC type



Diode DC type CR AC type



Tolerance

±0.1 ±.004

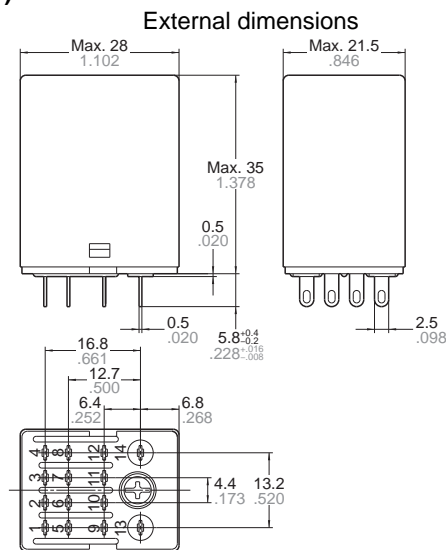
±0.2 ±.008

±0.3 ±.012

Power

2. Plug-in type (4 Form C) (including diode/CR)

CAD Data



Dimension:

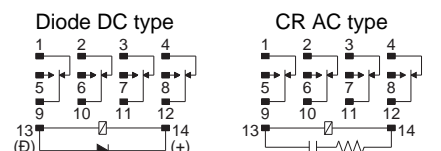
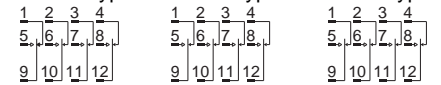
Less than 1mm .039 inch:

Min. 1mm .039 less than 3mm .118 inch:

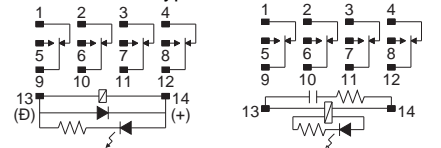
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Schematic (Bottom view)

Standard type LED AC type LED DC type



Diode DC type CR AC type



Tolerance

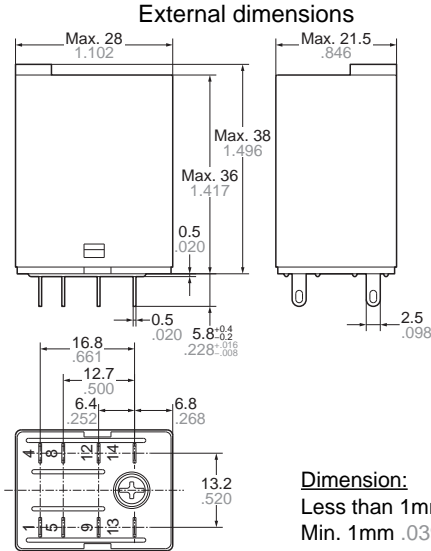
±0.1 ±.004

±0.2 ±.008

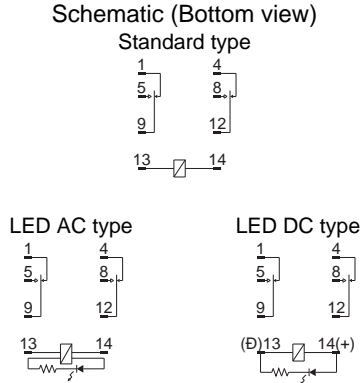
±0.3 ±.012

3. Plug-in type with a test button (2 Form C)

CAD Data



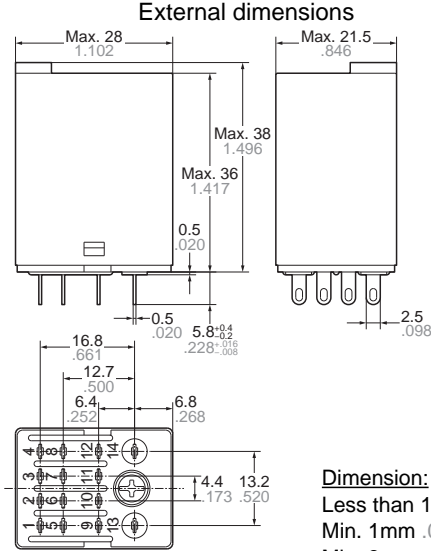
Dimension:
Less than 1mm .039 inch:
Min. 1mm .039 less than 3mm .118 inch:
Min. 3mm .118 inch:



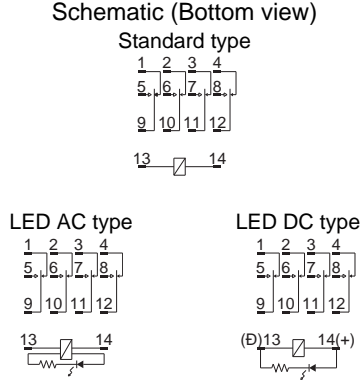
Tolerance
±0.1 ±.004
±0.2 ±.008
±0.3 ±.012

4. Plug-in type with a test button (4 Form C)

CAD Data



Dimension:
Less than 1mm .039 inch:
Min. 1mm .039 less than 3mm .118 inch:
Min. 3mm .118 inch:



Tolerance
±0.1 ±.004
±0.2 ±.008
±0.3 ±.012

SAFETY STANDARDS

	File No.	Certification authority: UL/C-UL	File No.	Certification authority: TÜV
2 Form C	E43149*	7A 250V AC, 7A 30V DC	R2024382 (Standard) R2-50006950, R50049126 (Except standard)	7A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0), 7A 30V DC (0ms) Test button type: 10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0), 10A 30V DC (0ms)
4 Form C	E43149*	5A 250V AC, 5A 30V DC	R2024382 (Standard) R50049126 (Except standard)	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0), 5A 30V DC (0ms)

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

1. Coil applied voltage

Please refer to "RATING" about coil input power supply.

2. LED display

Operation is displayed by the light emitted from the LED. The LED may remain briefly lit if voltage remains after the relay opens.

3. Switching lifetime

The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS* C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous.

Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

2) High-frequency load-operating

When high-frequency opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO_3 is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

(1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.

(2) Lower the operating frequency

(3) Lower the ambient humidity

4. Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature, humidity and pressure during usage, storage and transport

(1) Temperature:

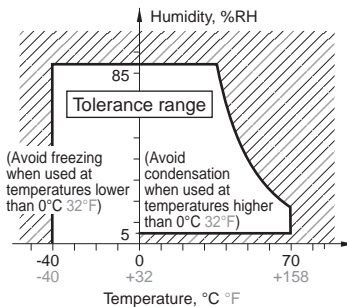
–40 to +70°C –40 to +158°F

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F.

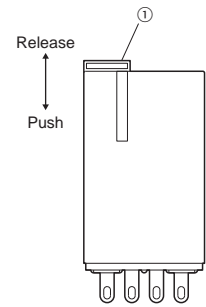
This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

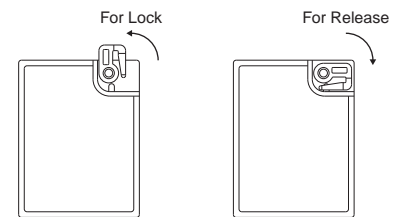
The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

5. Operation method for test button

1) Push and release 1 gently to confirm relay switching.



2) To lock to one side turn 90° counter-clockwise while pushing lock and turn 90° clockwise to release.



3) Do not use the test button for anything other than testing, such as when checking the circuit.

6. Diode characteristics

1) Reverse breakdown voltage: 1,000 V

2) Forward current: 1 A

7. Diode and CR built-in type

Since the diode and CR inside the relay coil are designed to absorb the counter emf, the element may be damaged if a large surge, etc., is applied to the diode and CR. If there is the possibility of a large surge voltage from the outside, please implement measures to absorb it.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

TYPES

Type	No. of poles	Product name	Part No.
Plug-in socket	2-pole	HC2-socket (for HJ relay)	HC2-SS-K-H105
	2/4-pole (common)	HC4-socket (for HJ relay)	HC4-SS-K-H105
PC board socket	2-pole	HC2-PC board socket (for HJ relay)	HC2-PS-K-H105
	2/4-pole (common)	HC4-PC board socket (for HJ relay)	HC4-PS-K-H105
DIN rail terminal socket	2-pole	HJ2 terminal socket	HJ2-SFD
		HJ2 terminal socket (Finger protect type)	HJ2-SFD-S
	2/4-pole (common)	HJ4 terminal socket	HJ4-SFD
		HJ4 terminal socket (Finger protect type)	HJ4-SFD-S

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

- Notes: 1. Use the hold-down clip that is shipped with the terminal socket or socket.
 2. DIN rail terminal sockets conform to UL/C-UL and TÜV, as standard. Sockets conform to UL and CSA, as standard.
 3. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.49 to 0.69 N·m (5 to 7 kgf·cm).
 4. When attaching directly to a chassis, please use an M4 × 10 metric coarse screw thread, a spring washer, and a hexagonal nut.
 5. For S1DX/S1DXM timer, use the leaf holding clip (Part No. ADX18012).

RATING

Specifications (Sockets and terminal sockets)

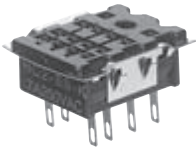
Item		Performance						
Type		For HC2/HJ Plug in terminal socket	For HC2/HJ PC board socket	HJ2 terminal socket	HJ2 terminal socket (Finger protect type)	For HC4/HJ Plug in terminal socket	For HC4/HJ PC board socket	HJ4 terminal socket
Contact arrangement		2 Form C (2-pole)				4 Form C (2/4-pole common)		
Max. continuous current (Ambient temperature: -40/-50 to +70°C -40/-58 to +158°F)		7A	7A	7A	7A	5A	5A	5A
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2, 000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)						
	Between contact sets							
	Between contact and coil							
Initial insulation resistance		100 MΩ between each terminal (500V DC)						

Note: When using 2-pole of HJ relay (7A rating) on a 4 Form C socket and terminal socket that is 2/4-pole common, please use within a range that does not exceed the max. continuous current (5A).

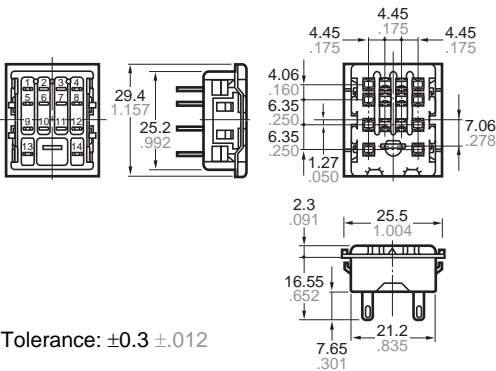
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. Plug-in socket

HC2 - Socket for HJ relay (HC2-SS-K-H105)

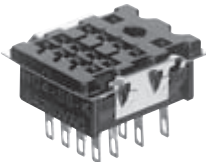


External dimensions

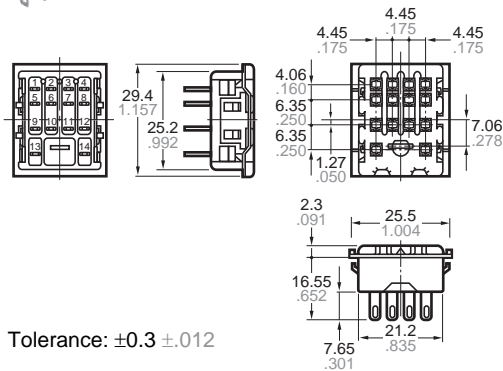


Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

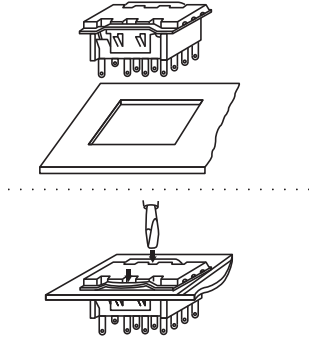
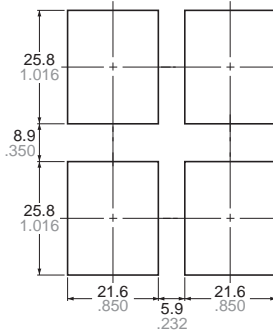
HC4 - Socket for HJ relay (HC4-SS-K-H105)



External dimensions



Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

Mounting hole diagram**Chassis cutout (Side-by-side installation)**Tolerance: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

- Notes: 1. Applicable chassis board thickness is 1.0 to 2.0 mm.
2. Installation is easy by inserting the socket from the top into the holes and by depressing the two down arrows on the retention fitting from the front.

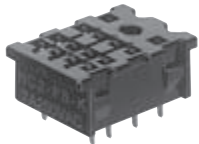
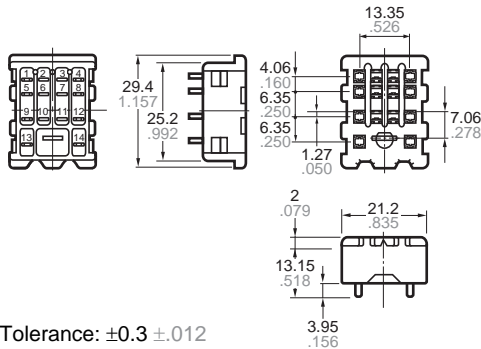
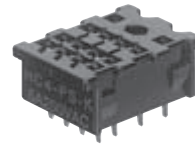
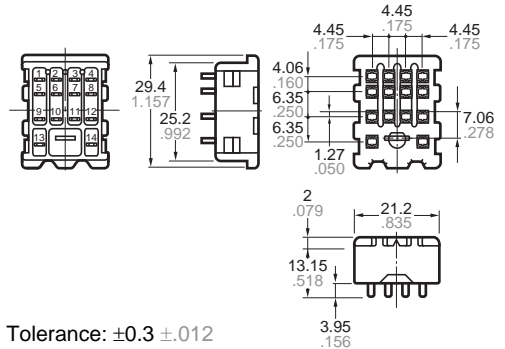
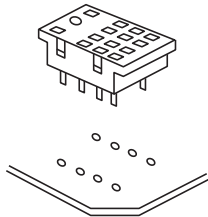
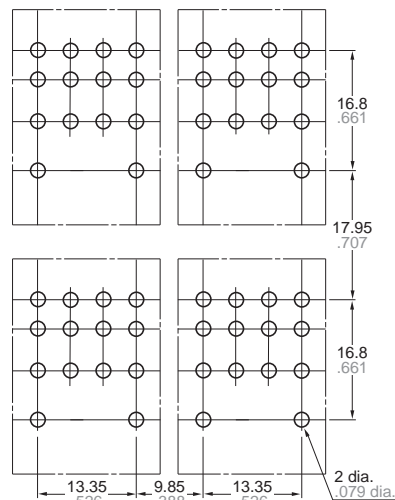
With a relay mounted (HC2-SS-K-H105)

Hold-down clip is packaged with the socket. (Same product as plug-in socket (Part No.: HC2-SS-K) for HC relay except that hold-down clip shape is different.)

2. PC board socket

HC2 - PC board socket for HJ relay (HC2-PS-K-H105)

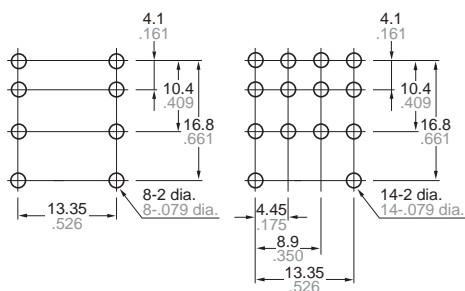
HC4 - PC board socket for HJ relay (HC4-PS-K-H105)

**External dimensions**Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ **External dimensions**Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ **PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)****Chassis cutout (Side-by-side installation)**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **With a relay mounted (HC2-PS-K-H105)**

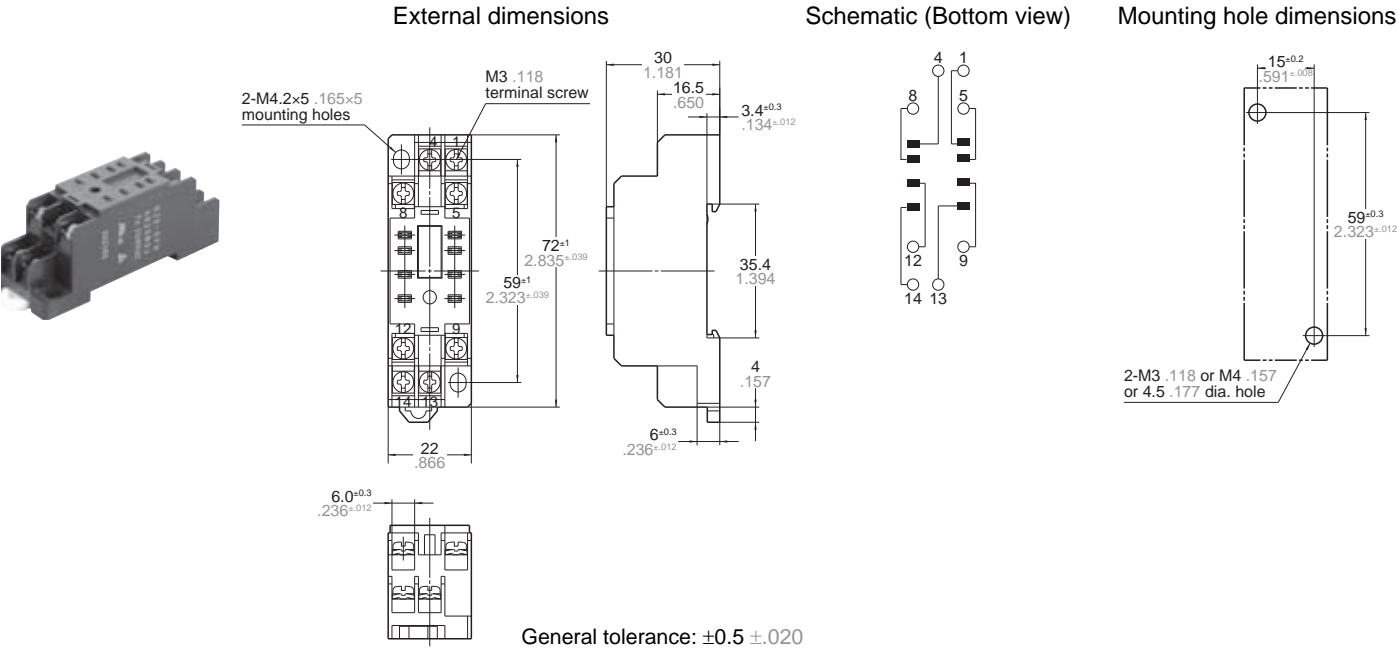
Hold-down clip is packaged with the socket. (Same product as PC board socket (Part No.: HC2-PS-K) for HC relay except that hold-down clip shape is different.)

2 Form C

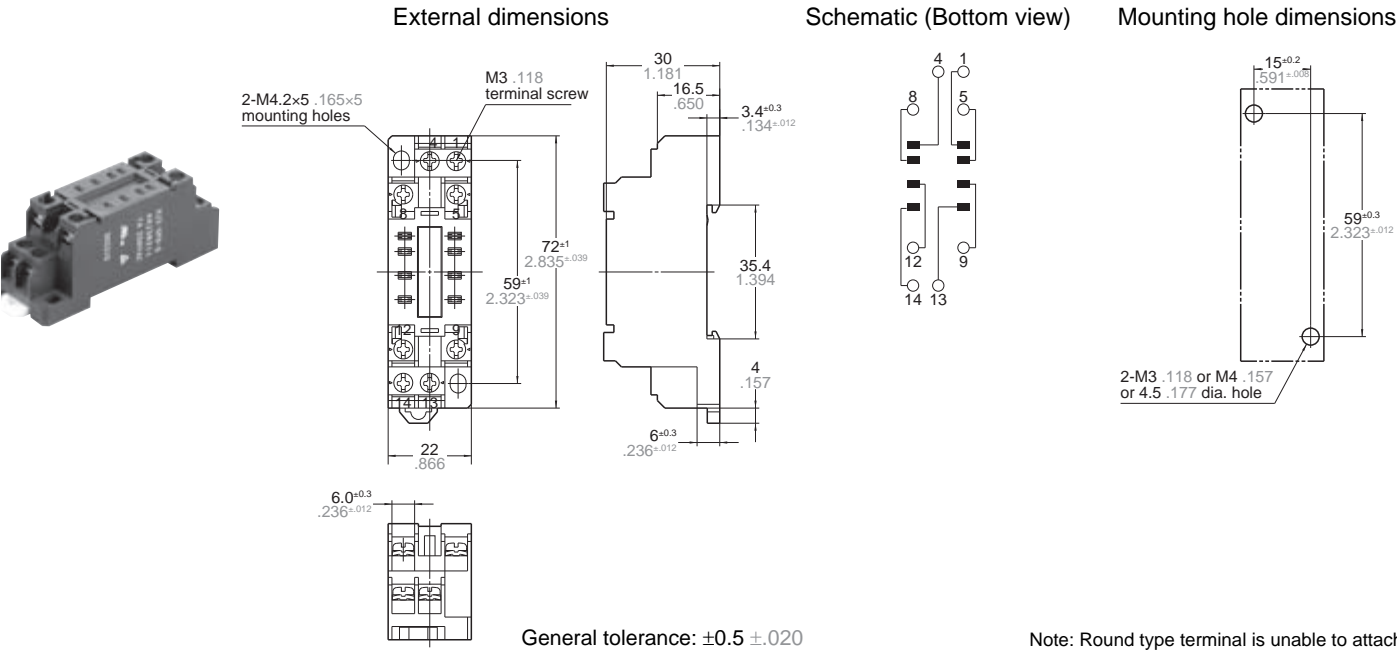
4 Form C



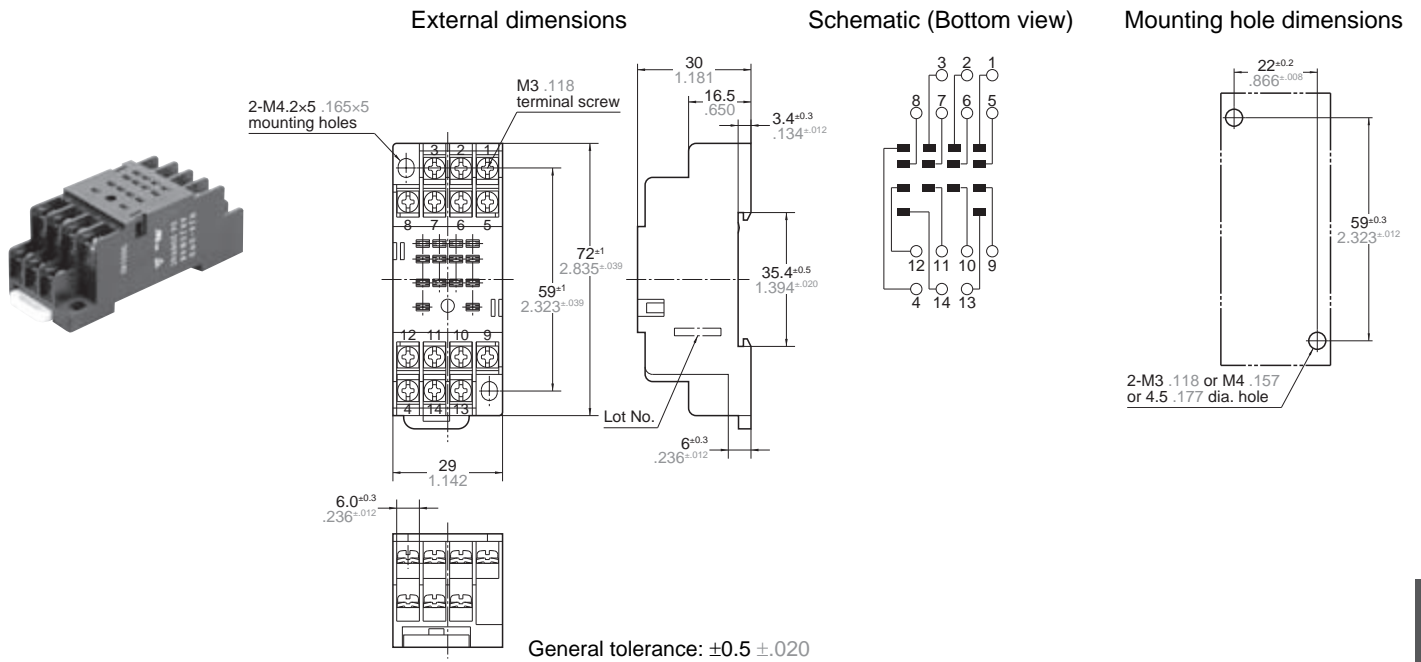
3. Terminal socket
HJ2 terminal socket (HJ2-SFD)



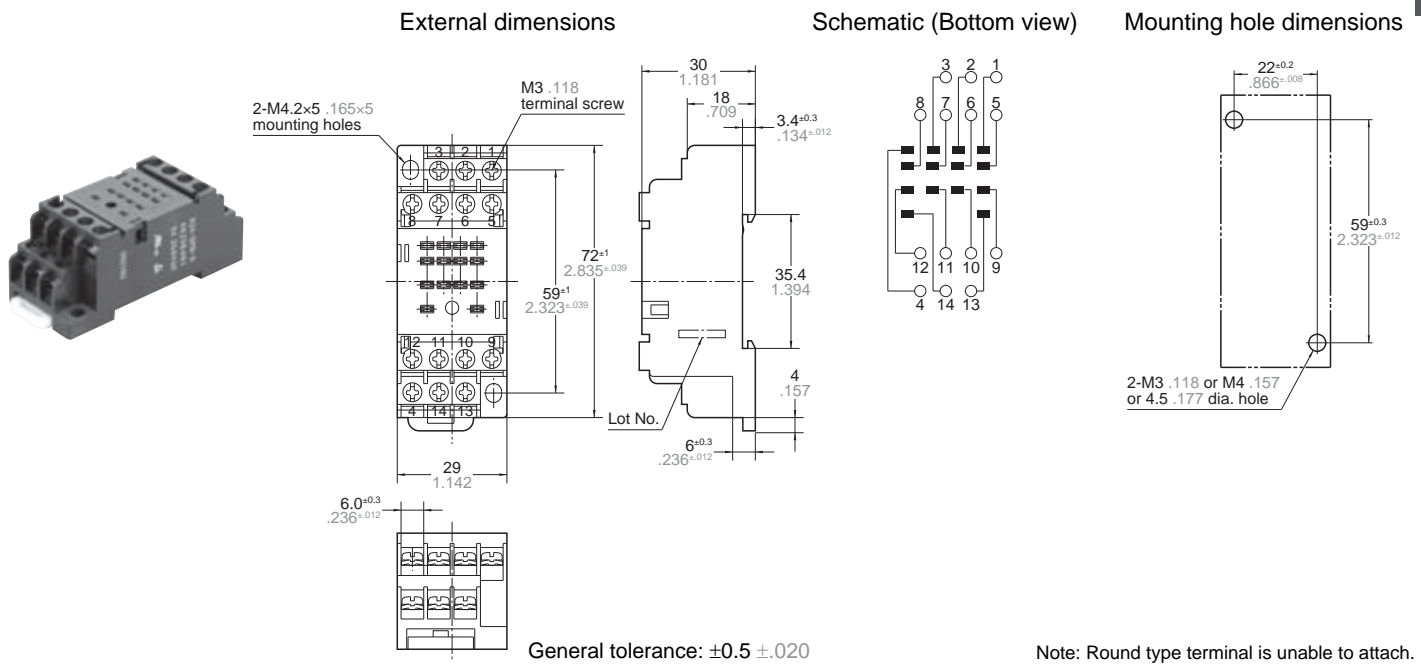
HJ2 terminal socket (Finger protect type) (HJ2-SFD-S)



HJ4 terminal socket (HJ4-SFD)



HJ4 terminal socket (Finger protect type) (HJ4-SFD-S)



Relay for control panel of
1c 15 A and 2c 10 A

HL RELAYS



FEATURES

- 1. Compact high-capacity control relay**
In the same external dimensions as an HC relay, this compact power relay enables high-capacity control:
15 A for 1 Form C, 10 A for 2 Form C.
- 2. Designed for high reliability**
High operational reliability is achieved by solder-less construction, in which all connections between lead wires and the contact springs and terminal plate are welded.
- 3. Various types provided in rich lineup. LED indicator type also available.**
- 4. The terminals are compatible with #187 series tab terminals.**
- 5. Sockets and terminal sockets are available.**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Factory automation equipment and automotive devices**
- 2. Control panels, power supply equipment, molding equipment, machine tools, welding equipment, agricultural equipment, etc.**
- 3. Office equipment, automatic vending machines, telecommunications equipment, disaster prevention equipment, copiers, measuring devices, medical equipment, amusement devices, etc.**
- 4. All types of household appliance**

ORDERING INFORMATION

HL - - - F

Contact arrangement

- 1: 1 Form C
2: 2 Form C

Terminal arrangement

- H: Plug-in type
L: Plug-in with LED indication
HP: PC board type
PL: PC board with LED indication
HTM: TM type

Nominal coil voltage

- AC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110), 120 (110/120),
200 (200/220), 240 (220/240) V
DC 6, 12, 24, 48, 100 (100/110) V

Contact material

- F: AgSnO₂ type

Notes: Certified by UL and CSA.

Please inquire about TV approved products.
Regarding with diode type please contact us.

TYPES

1. Plug-in type

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HL1-H-AC6V-F	HL2-H-AC6V-F
12V AC	HL1-H-AC12V-F	HL2-H-AC12V-F
24V AC	HL1-H-AC24V-F	HL2-H-AC24V-F
48V AC	HL1-H-AC48V-F	HL2-H-AC48V-F
100/110V AC	HL1-H-AC100V-F	HL2-H-AC100V-F
110/120V AC	HL1-H-AC120V-F	HL2-H-AC120V-F
200/220V AC	HL1-H-AC200V-F	HL2-H-AC200V-F
220/240V AC	HL1-H-AC240V-F	HL2-H-AC240V-F
6V DC	HL1-H-DC6V-F	HL2-H-DC6V-F
12V DC	HL1-H-DC12V-F	HL2-H-DC12V-F
24V DC	HL1-H-DC24V-F	HL2-H-DC24V-F
48V DC	HL1-H-DC48V-F	HL2-H-DC48V-F
100/110V DC	HL1-H-DC100V-F	HL2-H-DC100V-F

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

2. Plug-in type (with LED indication)

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HL1-L-AC6V-F	HL2-L-AC6V-F
12V AC	HL1-L-AC12V-F	HL2-L-AC12V-F
24V AC	HL1-L-AC24V-F	HL2-L-AC24V-F
48V AC	HL1-L-AC48V-F	HL2-L-AC48V-F
100/110V AC	HL1-L-AC100V-F	HL2-L-AC100V-F
110/120V AC	HL1-L-AC120V-F	HL2-L-AC120V-F
200/220V AC	HL1-L-AC200V-F	HL2-L-AC200V-F
220/240V AC	HL1-L-AC240V-F	HL2-L-AC240V-F
6V DC	HL1-L-DC6V-F	HL2-L-DC6V-F
12V DC	HL1-L-DC12V-F	HL2-L-DC12V-F
24V DC	HL1-L-DC24V-F	HL2-L-DC24V-F
48V DC	HL1-L-DC48V-F	HL2-L-DC48V-F
100/110V DC	HL1-L-DC100V-F	HL2-L-DC100V-F

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

3. PC board type

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HL1-HP-AC6V-F	HL2-HP-AC6V-F
12V AC	HL1-HP-AC12V-F	HL2-HP-AC12V-F
24V AC	HL1-HP-AC24V-F	HL2-HP-AC24V-F
48V AC	HL1-HP-AC48V-F	HL2-HP-AC48V-F
100/110V AC	HL1-HP-AC100V-F	HL2-HP-AC100V-F
110/120V AC	HL1-HP-AC120V-F	HL2-HP-AC120V-F
200/220V AC	HL1-HP-AC200V-F	HL2-HP-AC200V-F
220/240V AC	HL1-HP-AC240V-F	HL2-HP-AC240V-F
6V DC	HL1-HP-DC6V-F	HL2-HP-DC6V-F
12V DC	HL1-HP-DC12V-F	HL2-HP-DC12V-F
24V DC	HL1-HP-DC24V-F	HL2-HP-DC24V-F
48V DC	HL1-HP-DC48V-F	HL2-HP-DC48V-F
100/110V DC	HL1-HP-DC100V-F	HL2-HP-DC100V-F

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

4. PC board type (with LED indication)

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HL1-PL-AC6V-F	HL2-PL-AC6V-F
12V AC	HL1-PL-AC12V-F	HL2-PL-AC12V-F
24V AC	HL1-PL-AC24V-F	HL2-PL-AC24V-F
48V AC	HL1-PL-AC48V-F	HL2-PL-AC48V-F
100/110V AC	HL1-PL-AC100V-F	HL2-PL-AC100V-F
110/120V AC	HL1-PL-AC120V-F	HL2-PL-AC120V-F
200/220V AC	HL1-PL-AC200V-F	HL2-PL-AC200V-F
220/240V AC	HL1-PL-AC240V-F	HL2-PL-AC240V-F
6V DC	HL1-PL-DC6V-F	HL2-PL-DC6V-F
12V DC	HL1-PL-DC12V-F	HL2-PL-DC12V-F
24V DC	HL1-PL-DC24V-F	HL2-PL-DC24V-F
48V DC	HL1-PL-DC48V-F	HL2-PL-DC48V-F
100/110V DC	HL1-PL-DC100V-F	HL2-PL-DC100V-F

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

5. TM type

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
6V AC	HL1-HTM-AC6V-F	HL2-HTM-AC6V-F
12V AC	HL1-HTM-AC12V-F	HL2-HTM-AC12V-F
24V AC	HL1-HTM-AC24V-F	HL2-HTM-AC24V-F
48V AC	HL1-HTM-AC48V-F	HL2-HTM-AC48V-F
100/110V AC	HL1-HTM-AC100V-F	HL2-HTM-AC100V-F
110/120V AC	HL1-HTM-AC120V-F	HL2-HTM-AC120V-F
200/220V AC	HL1-HTM-AC200V-F	HL2-HTM-AC200V-F
220/240V AC	HL1-HTM-AC240V-F	HL2-HTM-AC240V-F
6V DC	HL1-HTM-DC6V-F	HL2-HTM-DC6V-F
12V DC	HL1-HTM-DC12V-F	HL2-HTM-DC12V-F
24V DC	HL1-HTM-DC24V-F	HL2-HTM-DC24V-F
48V DC	HL1-HTM-DC48V-F	HL2-HTM-DC48V-F
100/110V DC	HL1-HTM-DC100V-F	HL2-HTM-DC100V-F

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

For sockets and terminal sockets, see page 240.

HL

RATING

1. Coil data

1) AC coils

Nominal coil voltage	Nominal coil current (mA)		Nominal operating power (VA)		Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Inductance (H)		Max. applied voltage
	50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz			When drop-out	When operating	
6V AC	224	200	1.3	1.2	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	30%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.078	0.074	110%V of nominal voltage
12V AC	111	100					0.312	0.295	
24V AC	56	50					1.243	1.181	
48V AC	28	25					4.974	4.145	
100/110V AC	13.4/14.7	12/13.2					23.75	20.63	
110/120V AC	12.2/13.5	10.9/11.9					27.19	25.57	
200/220V AC	6.7/7.4	6/6.6					85.98	81.76	

Notes: 1. The relay operates in a range of 80% to 110% V of the voltage rating, but ideally, in consideration of temporary voltage fluctuations, it should be operated at the rated voltage.
In particular, for AC operation, if the applied voltage drops to 80% V or more below the rated voltage, humming will occur and a large current will flow leading possibly to coil burnout.

2. The maximum allowable voltage is the maximum voltage fluctuation value for the coil power supply. This value is not a permissible value for continuous operation. (This value differs depending on the ambient temperature. Please contact us for details.)

2) DC coils (at 20°C 68°F)

Nominal coil voltage	Nominal coil current (mA)	Nominal operating power (W)	Coil resistance (Ω)	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
6V DC	150	0.9	40	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	110%V of nominal voltage
12V DC	75	0.9	160			
24V DC	37	0.9	650			
48V DC	18.5	0.9	2,600			
100/110V DC	10	1.0	10,000			

Notes: 1. The rated excitation current is ±10% (20°C 68°F).

2. The coil resistance for DC operation is the value measured when the coil temperature is 20°C 68°F. Compensate ±0.4% for every ±1°C change in temperature.

3. The relay operates in a range of 80% to 110% V of the voltage rating, but ideally, in consideration of temporary voltage fluctuations, it should be operated at the rated voltage.

4. For use with 200 V DC, connect a 10 KΩ (5W) resistor, in series, to the 100 V DC relay.

5. The maximum allowable voltage is the maximum voltage fluctuation value for the coil power supply. This value is not a permissible value for continuous operation. (This value differs depending on the ambient temperature. Please contact us for details.)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Initial contact resistance, max		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		1 Form C: 15A 125V AC, 10A 250V AC (resistive load) 2 Form C: 10A 125V AC (resistive load)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact sets	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Temperature rise		Max. 80°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage)
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)*2		DC type/AC type: Max. 25ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
Mechanical characteristics	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)*2		DC type/AC type: Max. 25ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		AC type: 5×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.), DC type: 10 ⁸ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical	AC load	1 Form C: 15A 125V AC, 10A 250V AC resistive load (cosφ=1) Life switching cycle: Min. 5×10 ⁵ 2 Form C: 10A 250V AC resistive load (cosφ=1) Life switching cycle: Min. 3×10 ⁵
		DC load	1 Form C: 3A 30V DC resistive load (cosφ=1) Life switching cycle: Min. 5×10 ⁵ 2 Form C: 3A 30V DC resistive load (cosφ=1) Life switching cycle: Min. 5×10 ⁵
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -50°C to +70°C -58°F to +158°F (Without LED indication); -50°C to +60°C -58°F to +140°F (With LED indication) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. Operating speed		20 times/min. (at max. rating)
Unit weight			Approx. 35g 1.23 oz

Notes:

If integrating into electrical appliances that will be subject to compliance to the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law, please use in an ambient temperature between -50°C to +40°C -58°F to +104°F (AC type).

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

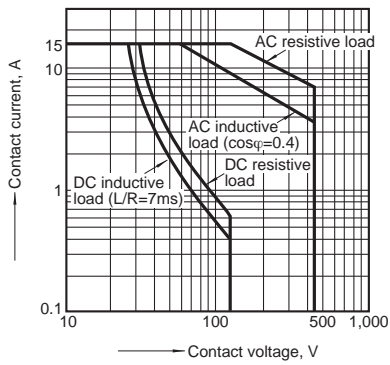
*2 For the AC coil types, the operate/release time will differ depending on the phase.

*3 The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

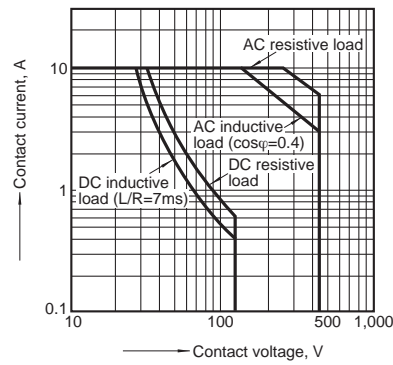
*4 When using the socket, be sure to verify the max. continuous current.

REFERENCE DATA

Switching capacity range (1 Form C)



Switching capacity range (2 Form C)



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

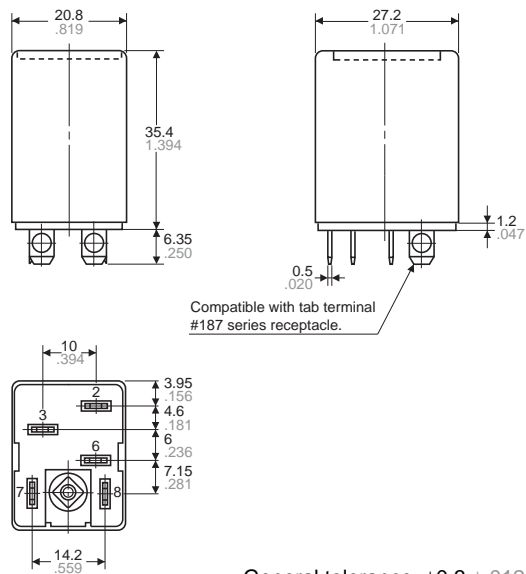
1. Plug-in type

1 Form C

CAD Data



External dimensions

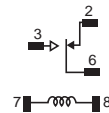


Compatible with tab terminal #187 series receptacle.

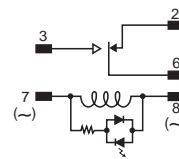
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

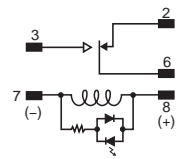
Standard type



LED AC type



LED DC type

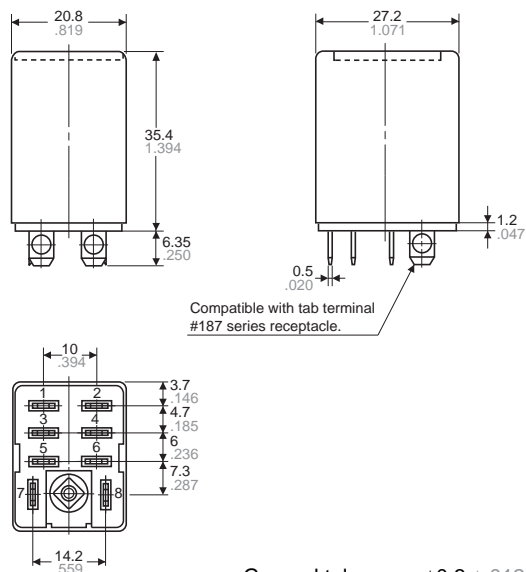


2 Form C

CAD Data



External dimensions

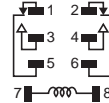


Compatible with tab terminal #187 series receptacle.

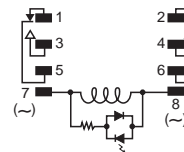
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

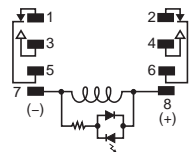
Standard type



LED AC type



LED DC type

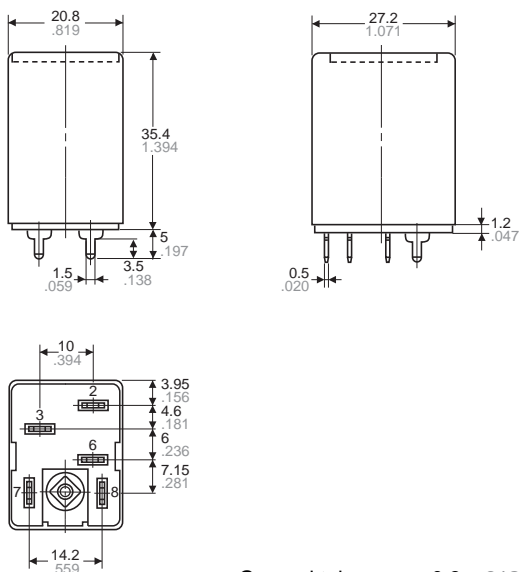


2. PC board type
1 Form C

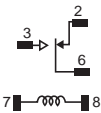
CAD Data



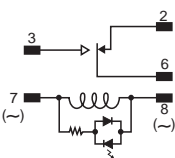
External dimensions



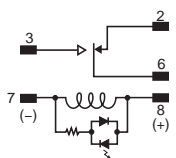
Schematic (Bottom view)
Standard type



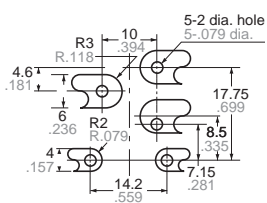
LED AC type



LED DC type



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

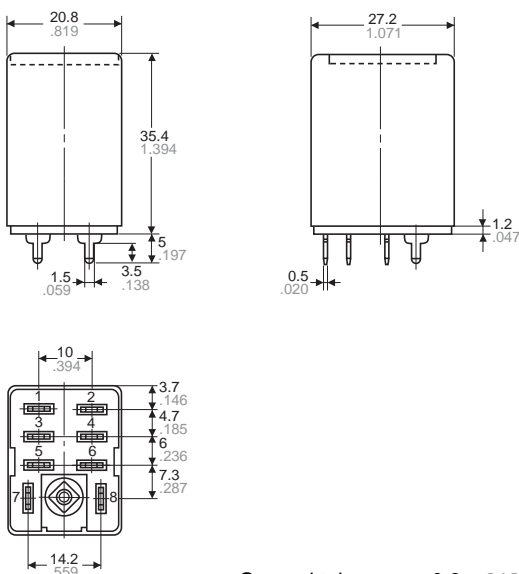


2 Form C

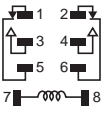
CAD Data



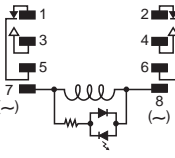
External dimensions



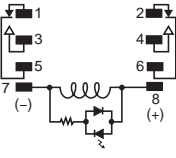
Schematic (Bottom view)
Standard type



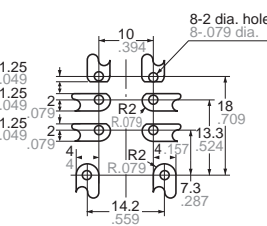
LED AC type

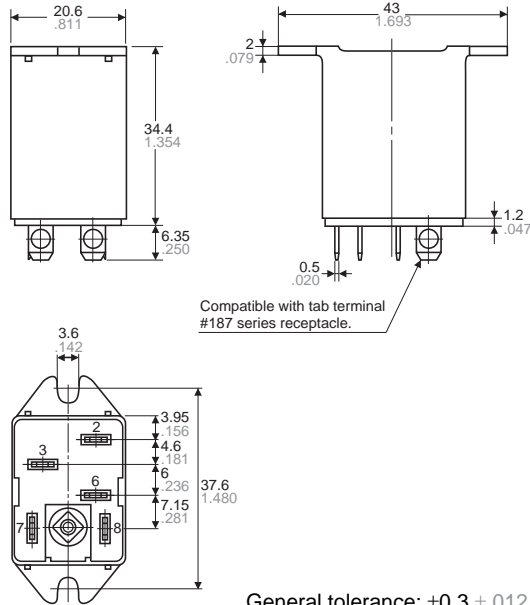
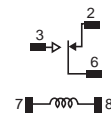
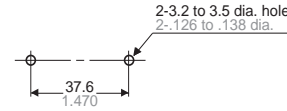
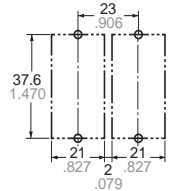


LED DC type

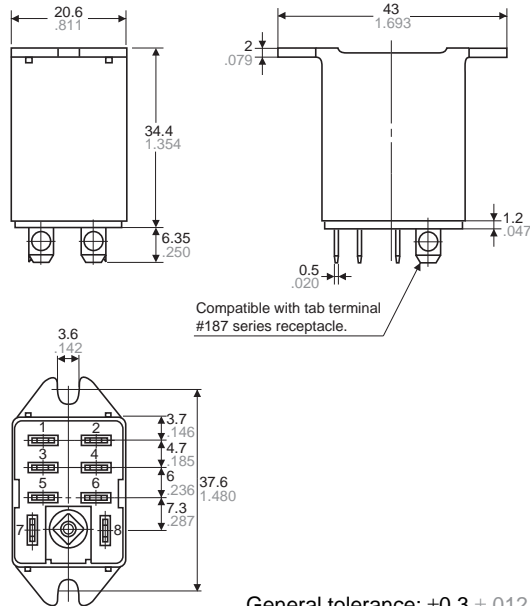
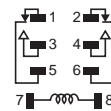
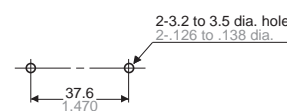
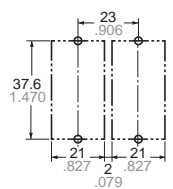


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



3. TM type**1 Form C****CAD Data****External dimensions****Schematic (Bottom view)****Standard type****Chassis (Panel) cutout****Chassis (Panel) cutout in tandem mounting**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

- Notes: 1. If connecting to #187 series tab terminals, use AMP Faston #187 series or #187 tab terminals conforming to UL or CSA inch-standard dimensions.
 2. In mounting, use M3 screws and M3 washers.
 3. When mounting TM types, use washers to prevent damage or distortion to the polycarbonate cover.
 4. When tightening fixing screws, the optimum torque range should be 0.294 to 0.49 N-m, (3 to 5 kgf-cm). Moreover, use washers to prevent loosening.

2 Form C**CAD Data****External dimensions****Schematic (Bottom view)****Standard type****Chassis (Panel) cutout****Chassis (Panel) cutout in tandem mounting**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

- Notes: 1. If connecting to #187 series tab terminals, use AMP Faston #187 series or #187 tab terminals conforming to UL or CSA inch-standard dimensions.
 2. In mounting, use M3 screws and M3 washers.
 3. When mounting TM types, use washers to prevent damage or distortion to the polycarbonate cover.
 4. When tightening fixing screws, the optimum torque range should be 0.294 to 0.49 N-m, (3 to 5 kgf-cm). Moreover, use washers to prevent loosening.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Contact arrangement	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form C	E43028	15A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 125, 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	UL: E43149 CSA: LR26550 etc.	NO→TV-5 NC→TV-2
2 Form C	E43028	10A 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 125, 250V AC 1/3HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	UL: E43149 CSA: LR26550 etc.	NO→TV-4 NC→TV-2

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

✂ The HL2-DIN terminal socket will be discontinued December 31, 2013.
Please order the HK2-DIN terminal socket instead.



Panasonic
ideas for life

ACCESSORIES

HL RELAYS

(Sockets and DIN rail terminal socket)

FEATURES

1. HL relay connection accessories include plug-in sockets, PC board sockets, and terminal socket for DIN rails.

2. Certified by UL and CSA

3. A hold-down clip is included in the package.



The fixing method is the same as for HL sockets, HC sockets and ordinary HC terminal sockets.

HC/HL-LEAF-SPRING-MK

TYPES

1. Sockets

Type	No. of poles	Item	Part No.
Plug-in socket	1-pole	HL1 socket	HL1-SS-K
	2-pole	HL2 socket	HL2-SS-K
PC board socket	1-pole	HL1 PC board socket	HL1-PS-K
	2-pole	HL2 PC board socket	HL2-PS-K

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

2. Terminal sockets

Type	No. of poles	Item	Part No.
DIN rail terminal socket	1/2-pole (common)	HK2-DIN rail terminal socket	AHKA21
		HK2-DIN rail terminal socket (Finger protect type)	AHKA21P

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

RATING

Specifications (Sockets and DIN rail terminal sockets)

Item		Performance				
Type		HL1 Plug-in socket	HL1 PC board socket	HL2 Plug-in socket	HL2 PC board socket	HK2-DIN rail terminal socket (Finger protect type)
Contact arrangement		1 Form C (1-pole)		2 Form C (2-pole)		2 Form C (1/2-pole common)
Max. continuous current (Ambient temperature: -50 to +70°C -58 to +158°F)		10A	10A	10A	10A	15A
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2, 000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)				
	Between contact sets					
	Between contact and coil					
Initial insulation resistance		100 MΩ between each terminal (500V DC)				

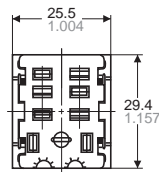
Note: When using a 1-pole HL relay on 1 Form C socket (HL1 Plug-in and HL1 PC board), please use within a range that does not exceed the max. continuous current (10A).

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm inch)

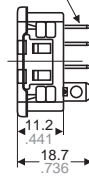
1. Plug-in type sockets



HL1 socket/External dimensions



Compatible with tab terminal #187 series receptacle.



Note: The external and mounting dimensions of HL2 socket are the same for HL1 socket types. Only the number of terminals varies.



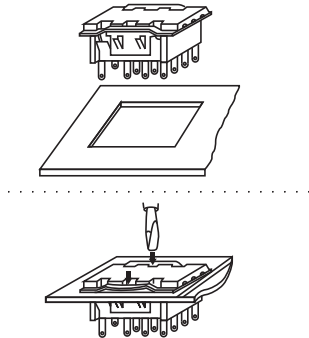
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Hold-down clip

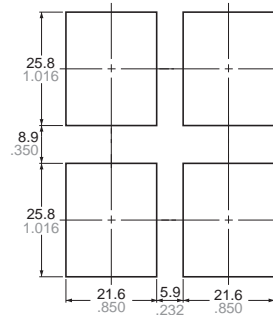


Hold-down clip is packaged with the socket.
(Applied to HC sockets and ordinary HC terminal sockets)

Mounting hole diagram



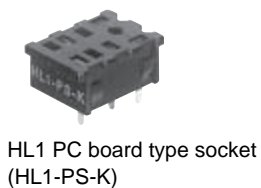
Side-by-side installation



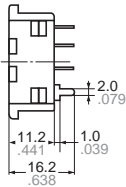
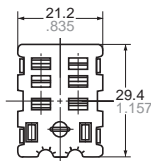
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

- Notes: 1. Applicable chassis board thickness is 1.0 to 2.0 mm.
2. Installation is easy by inserting the socket from the top into the holes and by depressing the two down arrows on the retention fitting from the front.

2. PC board type sockets



HL2 PC board type socket External dimensions



Note: The external and mounting dimensions of HL2 PC board type socket are the same for HL1 PC board type socket. Only the number of terminals varies.



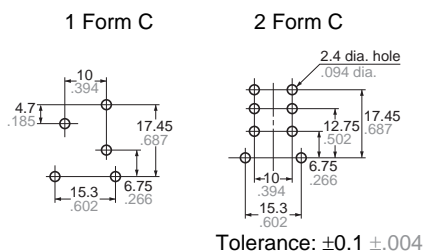
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Hold-down clip

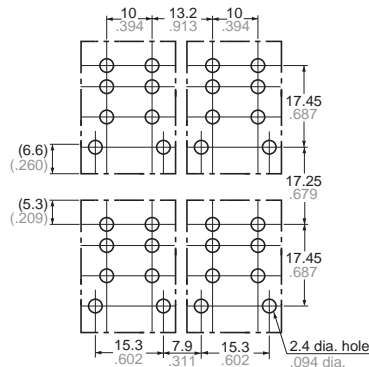


Hold-down clip is packaged with the socket.
(Applied to HC sockets and ordinary HC terminal sockets)

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

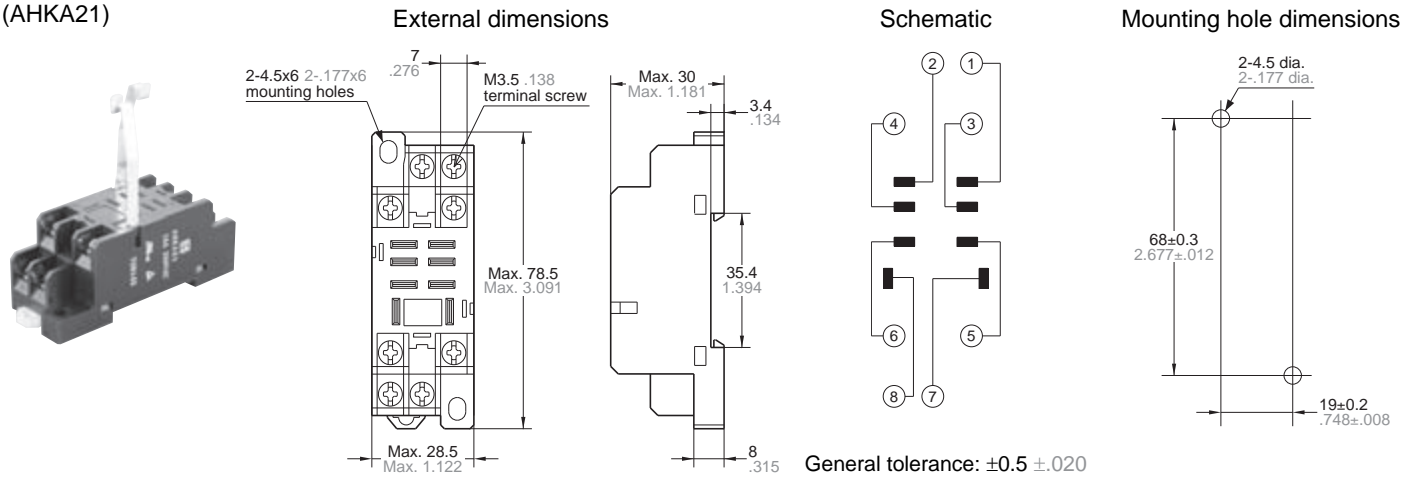


Side-by-side installation (For 2 Form C)

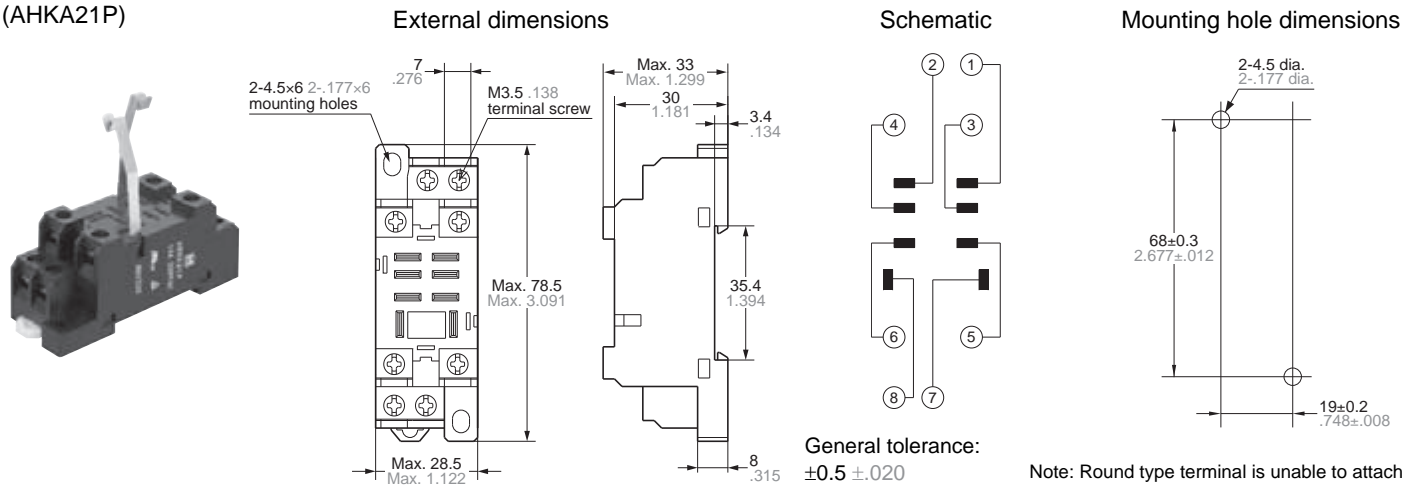


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

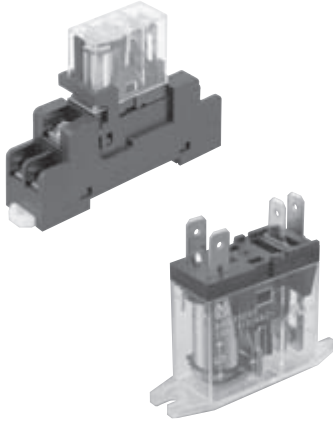
3. HK2-DIN rail terminal socket
(AHKA21)



4. HK2-DIN rail terminal socket (Finger protect type)
(AHKA21P)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- 1. Slim and compact size**
20% smaller (width and height) than existing model* (with the condition of screw terminal socket for DIN rail)
*Compared with our HC/HJ relay.
- 2. High-capacity and high reliability**
Max. switching current:
16 A (for 1 Form C type at AC load)
- 3. Environmentally friendly**
Cadmium-free contacts and lead-free solder are used.
- 4. Slim screw terminal socket and PC board terminal socket**
Utilizes relay-securing hook for easy relay removal.
One-touch relay removal possible.
Terminal sockets with finger protect function available.
- 5. Full lineup**

We added a TM type that can be built into devices.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Control panels
Power supply units
Molding machines
Machine tools
Welding equipment
Agricultural equipment
Office equipment
Vending machines
Communications equipment
Amusement machines, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

<p>HN relays</p> <p>Contact arrangement 1: 1 Form C 2: 2 Form C 3: 1 Form A (TM type only)</p> <p>Terminal arrangement 1: AC plug-in type 2: DC plug-in type 5: AC TM type 6: DC TM type</p> <p>Type classification 0: Standard 1: With LED indication 2: With diode 3: With diode and LED indication</p> <p>Nominal coil voltage 05: 5 V, 06: 6 V, 12: 12 V, 24: 24 V, 48: 48 V X0: 100/110 V AC, 100 V DC X1: 110/120 V AC, 110 V DC Y0: 200/220 V AC Y2: 220/240 V AC</p> <p>Contact material N : AgNi type (2 Form C type) Nil: AgSnO₂ type (1 Form C, 1 Form A TM type)</p>	<p>AHN</p> <p>[] [] [] [] [] []</p>
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------

Note: Certified by UL/C-UL and VDE.
(Please consult us for the VDE approved TM type.)

TYPES

1. Plug-in type

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
5V DC	AHN12005	AHN22005N
6V DC	AHN12006	AHN22006N
12V DC	AHN12012	AHN22012N
24V DC	AHN12024	AHN22024N
48V DC	AHN12048	AHN22048N
100V DC	AHN120X0	AHN220X0N
110V DC	AHN120X1	AHN220X1N
12V AC	AHN11012	AHN21012N
24V AC	AHN11024	AHN21024N
100/110V AC	AHN110X0	AHN210X0N
110/120V AC	AHN110X1	AHN210X1N
200/220V AC	AHN110Y0	AHN210Y0N
220/240V AC	AHN110Y2	AHN210Y2N

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

2. Plug-in type (with LED indication)

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
5V DC	AHN12105	AHN22105N
6V DC	AHN12106	AHN22106N
12V DC	AHN12112	AHN22112N
24V DC	AHN12124	AHN22124N
48V DC	AHN12148	AHN22148N
100V DC	AHN121X0	AHN221X0N
110V DC	AHN121X1	AHN221X1N
12V AC	AHN11112	AHN21112N
24V AC	AHN11124	AHN21124N
100/110V AC	AHN111X0	AHN211X0N
110/120V AC	AHN111X1	AHN211X1N
200/220V AC	AHN111Y0	AHN211Y0N
220/240V AC	AHN111Y2	AHN211Y2N

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

3. Plug-in type (with diode)

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
5V DC	AHN12205	AHN22205N
6V DC	AHN12206	AHN22206N
12V DC	AHN12212	AHN22212N
24V DC	AHN12224	AHN22224N
48V DC	AHN12248	AHN22248N
100V DC	AHN122X0	AHN222X0N
110V DC	AHN122X1	AHN222X1N

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

4. Plug-in type (with diode and LED indication)

Coil voltage	1 Form C	2 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
5V DC	AHN12305	AHN22305N
6V DC	AHN12306	AHN22306N
12V DC	AHN12312	AHN22312N
24V DC	AHN12324	AHN22324N
48V DC	AHN12348	AHN22348N
100V DC	AHN123X0	AHN223X0N
110V DC	AHN123X1	AHN223X1N

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.

5. TM type

Coil voltage	1 Form A
	Part No.
5V DC	AHN36005
6V DC	AHN36006
12V DC	AHN36012
24V DC	AHN36024
48V DC	AHN36048
100V DC	AHN360X0
110V DC	AHN360X1
12V AC	AHN35012
24V AC	AHN35024
100/110V AC	AHN350X0
110/120V AC	AHN350X1
200/220V AC	AHN350Y0
220/240V AC	AHN350Y2

Note: Packing quantity; Carton: 50 pcs, Case: 500 pcs.
* For sockets and terminal sockets, see page page 249.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) DC coils

Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current [±20%]	Coil resistance (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	15%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	106.4mA	47Ω [±10%]	0.53W	170%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			88.2mA	68Ω [±10%]		
12V DC			44.4mA	270Ω [±10%]		
24V DC			22.0mA	1,090Ω [±10%]		
48V DC			11.0mA	4,350Ω [±10%]		
100V DC			5.3mA	18,870Ω [±10%]		
110V DC			4.8mA	22,830Ω [±10%]		

2) AC coils (50/60Hz)

Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current [±20%]		Nominal operating power		Max. Allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz	
12V AC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	30%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	93mA	75mA	Approx. 1.1 to 1.4 V A	Approx. 0.9 to 1.2 V A	140%V of nominal voltage
24V AC			46.5mA	37.5mA			
100/110V AC			11.0/13.0mA	9.0/10.6mA			
110/120V AC			10.0/11.8mA	8.2/9.7mA			
200/220V AC			5.5/6.5mA	4.5/5.3mA			
220/240V AC			5.0/5.9mA	4.1/4.8mA			

2. Specifications (Plug-in Standard type and TM type)

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C	2 Form C	1 Form A (TM type)
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	AgNi type	AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10A 250V AC, 10A 30V DC	5A 250V AC, 5A 30V DC	16A 250V AC, 16A 30V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		4,000VA, 300W	1,250VA, 150W	4,000VA, 480W
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC, 30V DC		
	Max. switching current		16A (at AC load), 10A (at DC load)	5A	16A
	Nominal operating power		0.53W, 0.9VA		
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5V DC	1mA 1V DC	100mA 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.		
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)		
		Between contact sets	—	3,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)	—
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)		
	Temperature rise (coil) (at 70°C 158°F)		Max. 60°C 140°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage)		
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)*2		Max. 15ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)		
Mechanical characteristics	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)*2		Max. 5ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)/Max. 20ms (with diode)		
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm		
Expected life	Mechanical		AC: Min. 10 ⁷ ; DC: Min. 2×10 ⁷ (at 300 times/min.)		
	Electrical (at nominal switching capacity)		Min. 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (at 10 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. Operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)		10 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight			Approx. 19 g .67 oz	Approx. 17 g .60 oz	Approx. 19 g .67 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

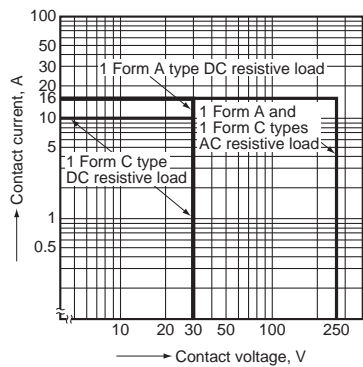
*2. For the AC coil types, the operate/release time will differ depending on the phase.

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

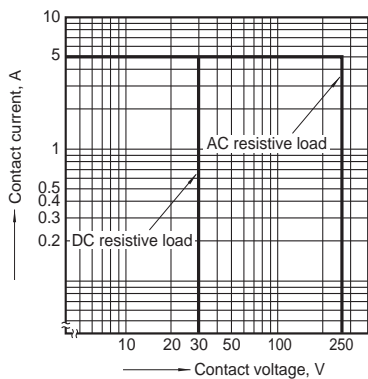
HN (AHN)

REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). Max. switching capacity
(1 Form C and 1 Form A)

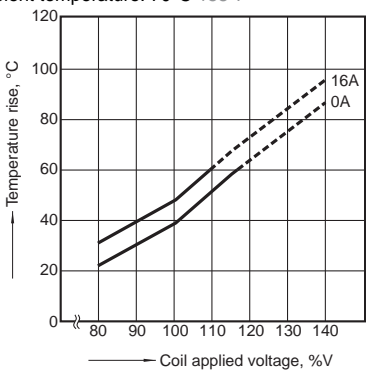


1-(2). Max. switching capacity (2 Form C)



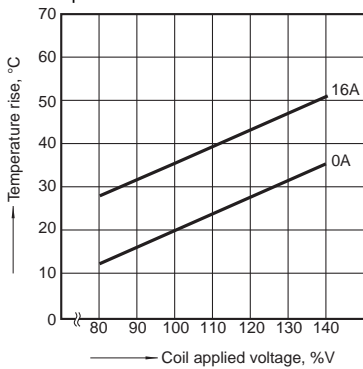
2-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form C/AC and 1 Form A/AC types)

Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 70°C 158°F



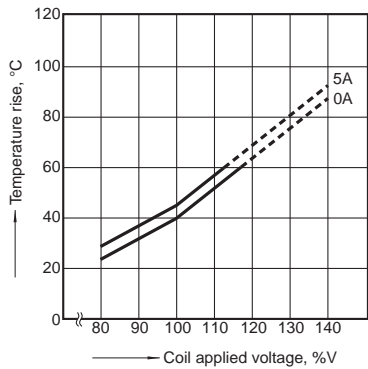
2-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form C/DC and 1 Form A/DC types)

Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 70°C 158°F



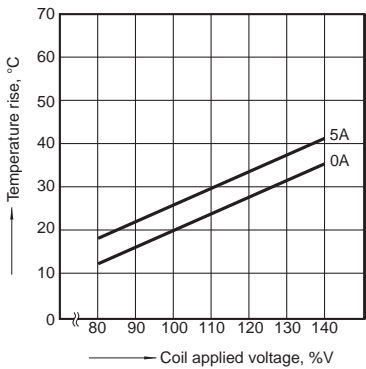
2-(3). Coil temperature rise (2 Form C/AC type)

Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 70°C 158°F



2-(4). Coil temperature rise (2 Form C/DC type)

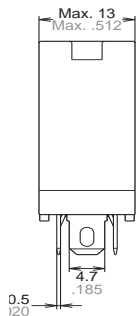
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 70°C 158°F



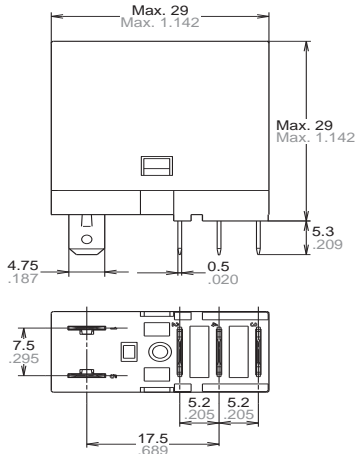
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. Plug-in type 1 Form C

[CAD Data](#)



External dimensions



Dimension :

Less than 1mm .039 inch:

Min. 1mm .039 inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance

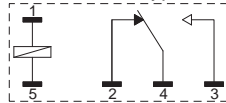
±0.1 ±.004

±0.2 ±.008

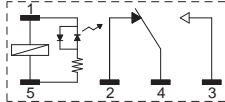
±0.3 ±.012

Schematic (Bottom view)

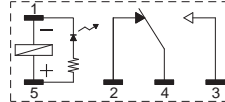
Standard type



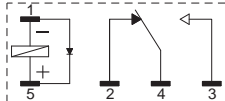
With LED AC type



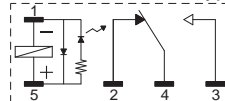
With LED DC type



With Diode type



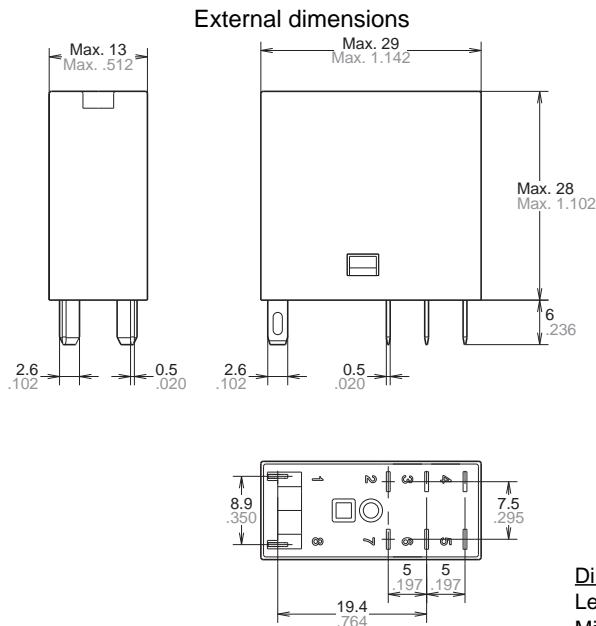
With Diode and LED type



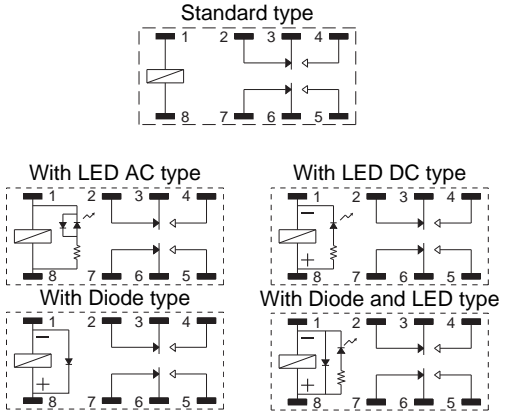
Download [CAD Data](#) from our Web site.

2. Plug-in type 2 Form C

CAD Data



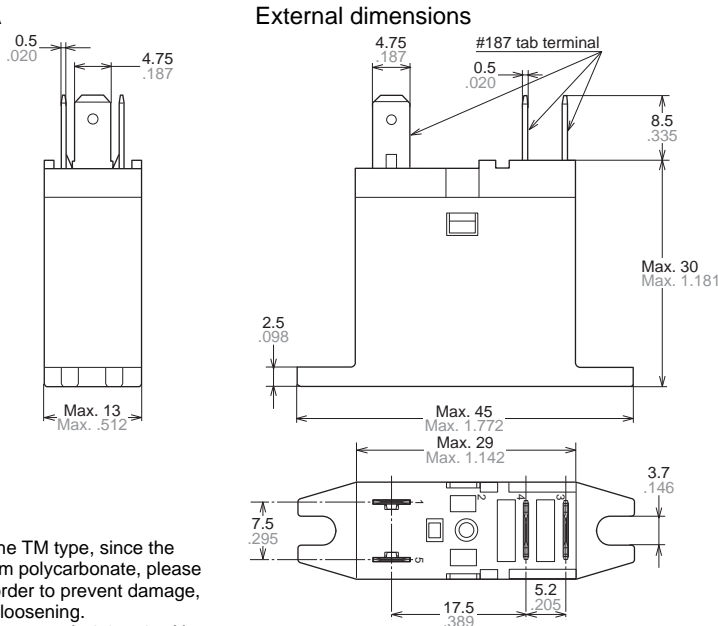
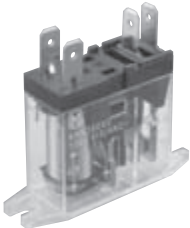
Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension :	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
Min. 1mm .039 inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

3. TM type 1 Form A

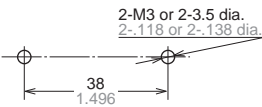
CAD Data



Schematic



Mounting hole dimensions



Notes: 1. When mounting the TM type, since the cover is made from polycarbonate, please use a washer in order to prevent damage, deformation, and loosening.
2. Suitable tightening torque is 0.3 to 0.5 N-m.

Dimension :	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
Min. 1mm .039 inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

SAFETY STANDARDS

	File No.	Certification authority: UL/C-UL	File No.	Certification authority: VDE
1 Form C	E43149*	10A 277V AC, 10A 30V DC	40012003	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0), 10A 30V DC (0ms)
2 Form C	E43149*	5A 277V AC, 5A 30V DC	40012003	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0), 5A 30V DC (0ms)
1 Form A (TM type)	E43149*	16A 277V AC, 16A 30V DC, TV-5	—	**

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

** Please consult us.

NOTES

1. Coil applied voltage

To ensure proper operation, the voltage applied to both terminals of the coil should be $\pm 5\%$ (at 20°C 68°F) the rated operating voltage of the coil.

Also, be aware that the pick-up and drop-out voltages will fluctuate depending on the ambient temperature and operating conditions.

2. LED indications

The light of the light emitting diode is what displays operation. If voltage remains after relay dropout, the LED might illuminate briefly.

3. Switching lifetime

The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442(*2) standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75% R.H.). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

2) High-frequency load-operating
When high-frequency opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO_3 is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- (1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- (2) Lower the operating frequency
- (3) Lower the ambient humidity

4. Direct mount type (TM type)

If the current to the connection terminal will exceed 10 A, we recommend connecting with solder. If you are going to use a tab terminal when the current will exceed 10 A, make sure to verify the temperature rise on the receptacle side under actual conditions before using. Please be careful, because excessive stress on the TM terminal can cause fluctuations in characteristics and damage.

5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

(1) Temperature:

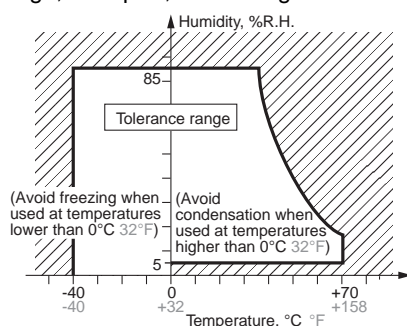
–40 to +70°C – 40 to +158°F

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

6. Diode characteristics

1) Reverse breakdown voltage:

Min. 1,000V (with diode type)

Min. 400V (with diode and LED indication type)

7. Diode type

Since the diode inside the relay coil are designed to absorb the counter emf, the element may be damaged if a large surge, etc., is applied to the diode.

If there is the possibility of a large surge voltage from the outside, please implement measures to absorb it.

8. Please connect DC coil types with LED and built-in diode correctly by verifying the coil polarity (“+” and “–”). Connecting with reverse polarity will cause the LED not to light and damage the built-in diode due to its specification.

9. Installation

If you will be installing adjacent to other relays, please keep a distance of at least 5 mm from the relay.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

TYPES

Type	No. of poles	Item	Part No.
PC board terminal socket	1-pole	HN1 PC board terminal socket	AHNA13
	2-pole	HN2 PC board terminal socket	AHNA23
DIN rail terminal socket	1-pole	HN1 screw terminal socket	AHNA11
		HN1 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)	AHNA11P
	2-pole	HN2 screw terminal socket	AHNA21
		HN2 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)	AHNA21P

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.
Note: Certified by UL/C-UL

RATING

Specifications (PC board terminal sockets and terminal sockets)

Item		Performance					
Type		HN1 screw terminal socket	HN1 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)	HN1 PC board terminal socket	HN2 screw terminal socket	HN2 screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)	HN2 PC board terminal socket
Contact arrangement		1 Form C			2 Form C		
Max. continuous current (Ambient temperature: -40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F)		16A*	10A	10A	5A	5A	5A
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
	Between contact sets	—			3,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
	Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
Initial insulation resistance		1,000 MΩ between each terminal (500V DC)					

* When using with current of 16 A (for HN1 screw terminal socket), the maximum ambient temperature is 50°C 122°F.

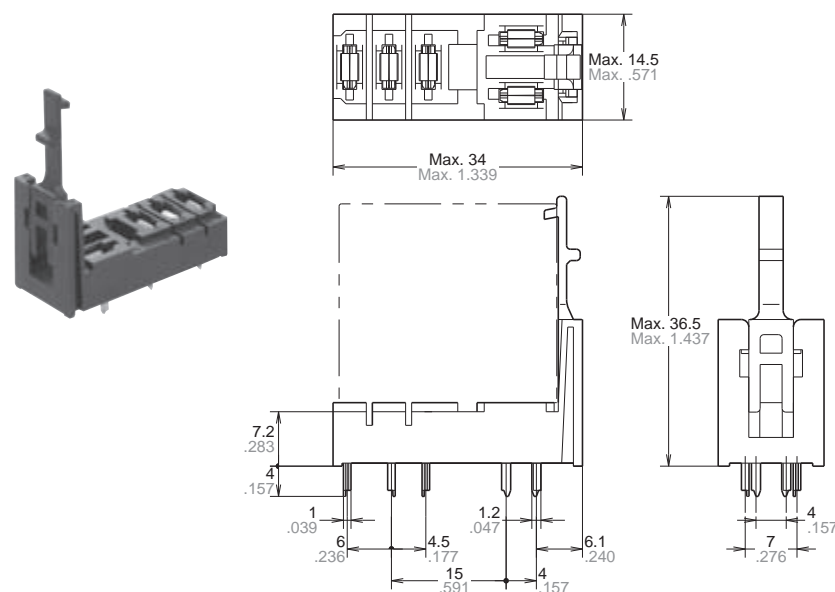
When using between 50°C and 70°C, please reduce by 0.1 A/°C.

Note: In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.5 to 0.8 N·m.

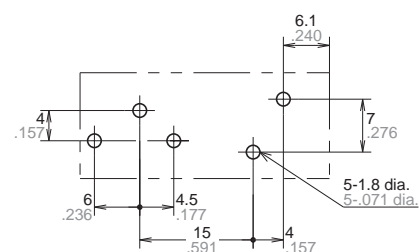
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. HN1 PC board terminal socket (AHNA13)

External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

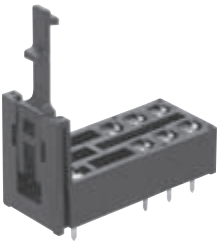
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance

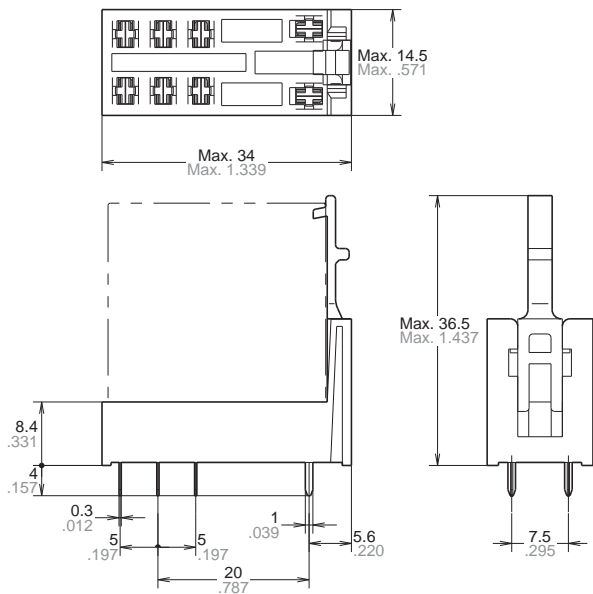
$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

HN (AHN)

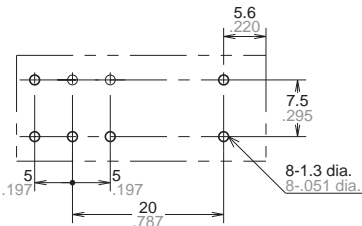
2. HN2 PC board terminal socket (AHNA23)



External dimensions



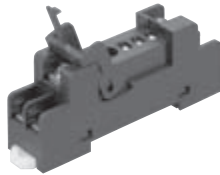
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



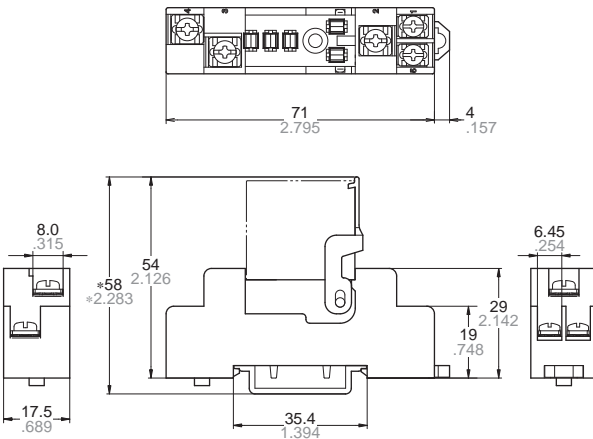
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

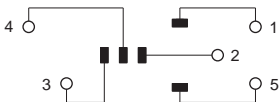
3. HN1 Screw terminal socket (AHNA11)



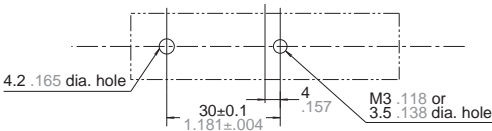
External dimensions



Schematic (Top view)



Mounting hole dimensions



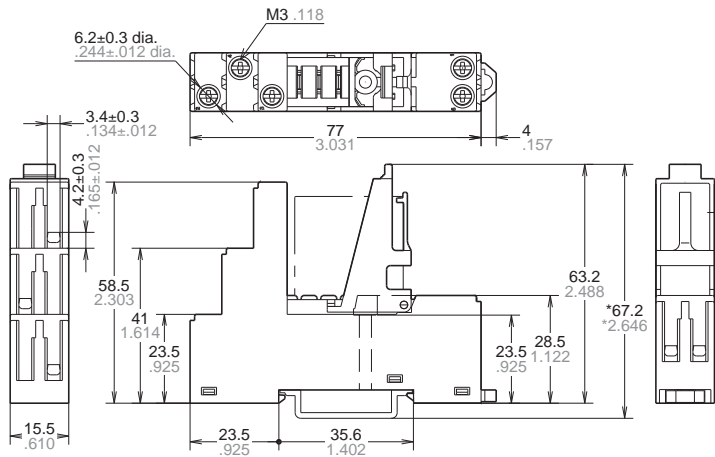
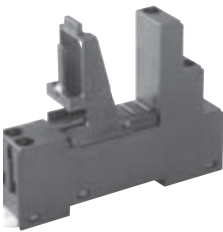
Tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

* Reference in case of using DIN rail (ATA48011)

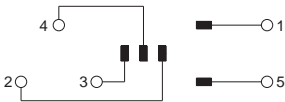
- Notes: 1. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.5 to 0.8 N·m.
2. When attaching the terminal socket directly to a chassis, please use the metric coarse thread screw M3 × 16.

4. HN1 Screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)
(AHNA11P)

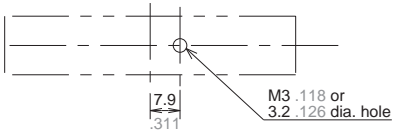
External dimensions



Schematic (Top view)



Mounting hole dimensions



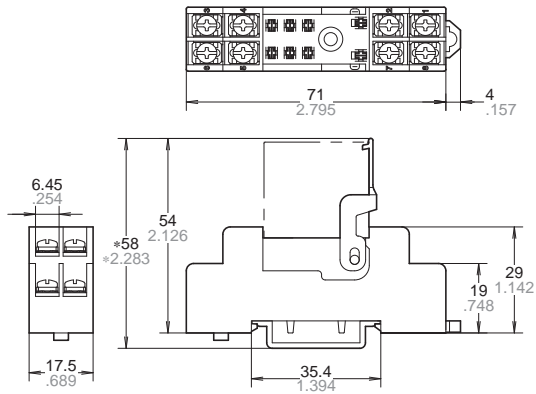
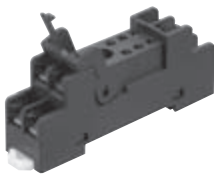
Tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

* Reference in case of using DIN rail (ATA48011)

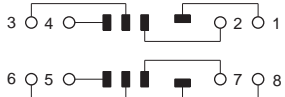
Notes: 1. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.5 to 0.8 N-m.
2. When attaching the terminal socket directly to a chassis, please use the metric coarse thread screw M3 \times 30.
3. Use rod or plate terminals, etc. (You cannot use Y-shape or round terminals.)

5. HN2 Screw terminal socket
(AHNA21)

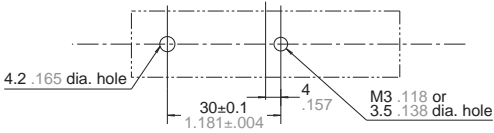
External dimensions



Schematic (Top view)



Mounting hole dimensions



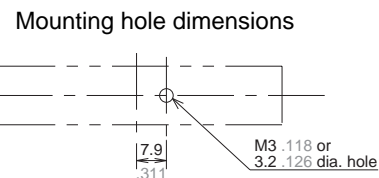
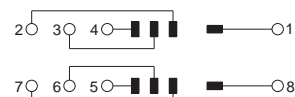
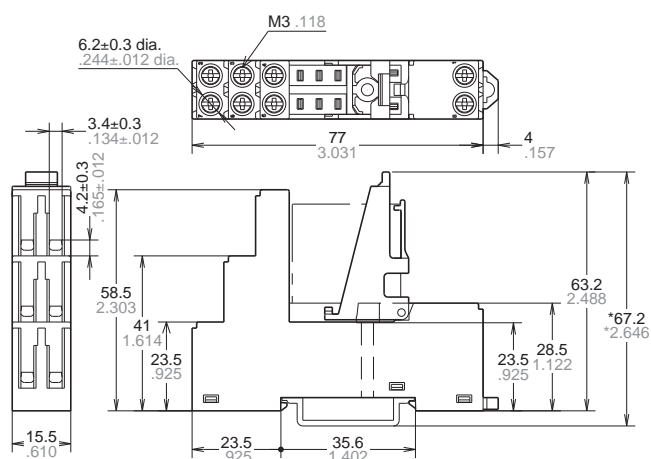
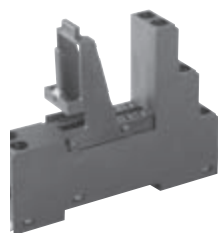
Tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

* Reference in case of using DIN rail (ATA48011)

Notes: 1. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.5 to 0.8 N-m.
2. When attaching the terminal socket directly to a chassis, please use the metric coarse thread screw M3 \times 16.

6. HN2 Screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)
(AHNA21P) External

Schematic (Top view)



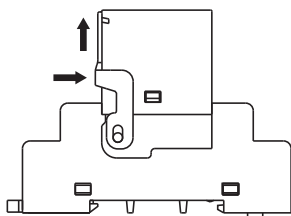
* Reference in case of using DIN rail (ATA48011)

Notes: 1. In order to prevent breakage and disfiguring, the screw tightening torque for the terminal socket should be within the range of 0.5 to 0.8 N·m.
2. When attaching the terminal socket directly to a chassis, please use the metric coarse thread screw M3 × 30.
3. Use rod or plate terminals, etc. (You cannot use Y-shape or round terminals.)

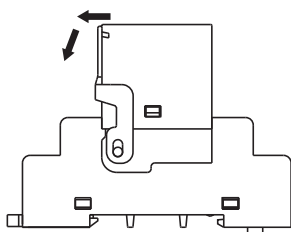
About the relay-securing hook

- Screw terminal socket

1) Installation of the securing hook is easily performed by pressing upward in the direction of the arrows.

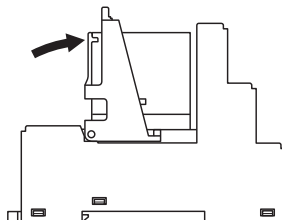


2) Removal of the securing hook is easily performed by releasing the hook and pressing down, as shown in the figure.

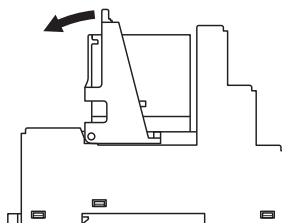


- Screw terminal socket (Finger protect type)

1) Install the securing hook by pressing the parts with arrows after inserting the relay.

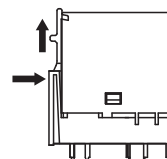


2) Removal of the relay is easily performed by pressing the parts with arrows.

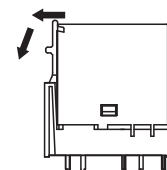


- PC board terminal socket

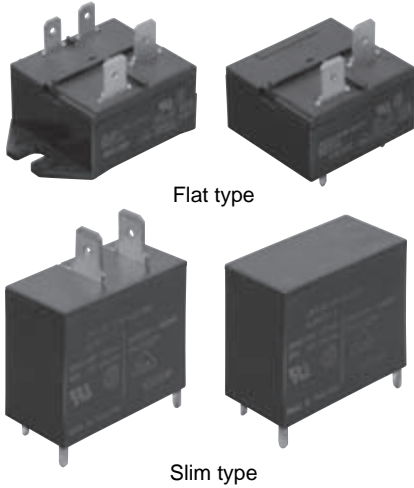
1) Installation of the securing hook is easily performed by pressing upward in the direction of the arrows.



2) Removal of the securing hook is easily performed by releasing the hook and pressing down, as shown in the figure.



* To prevent damage and deformity, please use the relay-securing hook at 10 N or less.



Flat type

Slim type

FEATURES

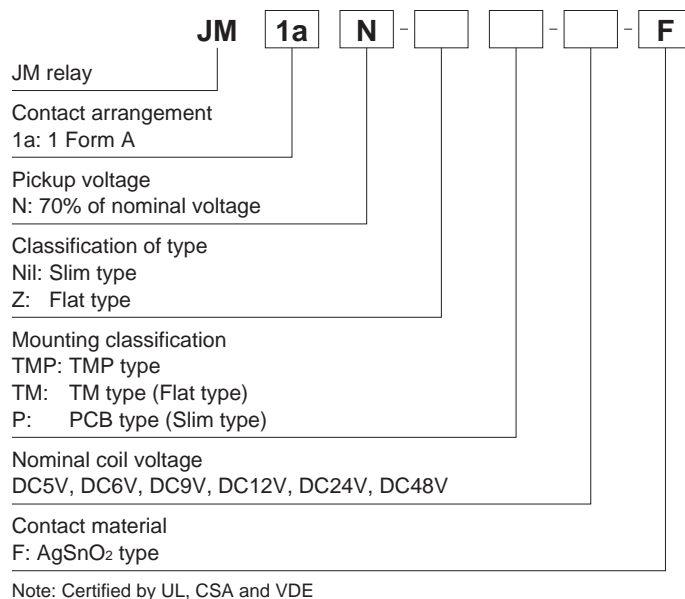
- **Compact, high-capacity, and resistant to inductive loads**
It can control an inductive load with inrush current of 80 A and steady state current of 20 A.
- **Excellent contact welding resistance**
High contact pressure, a forced opening mechanism, and a forced wiping mechanism realizes an excellent contact welding resistance.
- **High breakdown voltage and surge resistant relay**
More than 6.4 mm .252 inch maintained for the insulation distance between contacts and coil, and the breakdown voltage between contacts and coil is 5,000 V for 1 minute. In addition, the surge resistance between contacts and coil is greater than 10,000 V.
- **Resistant to external force**
An absorber mechanism is used on the load terminals, giving a large improvement in characteristics variations caused by the external force during FASTON placement/removal.
- **Flux resistance mechanism**
The terminal area is plugged with resin to prevent flux seepage during PCB mounting. (TMP type)

- **Conforms to the various safety standards**
UL, CSA, VDE available
- **The line up can support economical mounting methods.**
The relay are equipped with a drive terminal (coil terminal) on one side for PCBs, and a load terminal (tab terminal #250) on the reverse side. The line up includes the TM type which can be attached directly to the PCB composing a drive circuit, and the TMP type which supports economical wiring. The TMP type can also be directly attached, and a high capacity load can be wired to the tab terminal.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- **Compressor and heater control in air conditioners**
- **Power control in hot air type heaters**
- **Magnetron control in microwave ovens**
- **Lamp and motor control in OA equipment such as copiers and facsimiles.**

ORDERING INFORMATION



JM

TYPES

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.			
	TMP type (Flat)	TM type (Flat)	TMP type (Slim)	PCB type (Slim)
5V DC	JM1aN-ZTMP-DC5V-F	JM1aN-ZTM-DC5V-F	JM1aN-TMP-DC5V-F	JM1aN-P-DC5V-F
6V DC	JM1aN-ZTMP-DC6V-F	JM1aN-ZTM-DC6V-F	JM1aN-TMP-DC6V-F	JM1aN-P-DC6V-F
9V DC	JM1aN-ZTMP-DC9V-F	JM1aN-ZTM-DC9V-F	JM1aN-TMP-DC9V-F	JM1aN-P-DC9V-F
12V DC	JM1aN-ZTMP-DC12V-F	JM1aN-ZTM-DC12V-F	JM1aN-TMP-DC12V-F	JM1aN-P-DC12V-F
24V DC	JM1aN-ZTMP-DC24V-F	JM1aN-ZTM-DC24V-F	JM1aN-TMP-DC24V-F	JM1aN-P-DC24V-F
48V DC	JM1aN-ZTMP-DC48V-F	JM1aN-ZTM-DC48V-F	JM1aN-TMP-DC48V-F	JM1aN-P-DC48V-F

Standard packing: Carton 50 pcs., Case 200 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 60°C 140°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	180 mA	27.8Ω	900mW	110%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			150 mA	40 Ω		
9V DC			100 mA	90 Ω		
12V DC			75 mA	160 Ω		
24V DC			37.5 mA	640 Ω		
48V DC			18.75mA	2,560 Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		20A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		5,000VA
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC
	Max. switching current		20A
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 55°C 131°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to coil: 100%V, contact carrying current: 20A, at 60°C 140°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁶
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight	Slim TMP and Slim PCB: Approx. 28 g .99 oz Flat TMP: Approx. 30 g 1.06 oz Flat TM: Approx. 30 g 1.06 oz		

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

3. Switching capacity

Electrical Life	Resistive load	20 A, 250 V AC (cosφ = 1)	10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)
	Inductive load (cosφ = 0.7)	Inrush 70 A, Steady 20 A (250 V AC cosφ = 0.7)	10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)
		Inrush 80 A, Cut-off 80 A (When the motor is locked) (250 V AC cosφ = 0.7)	1.5×10 ³ (at 20 times/min.)

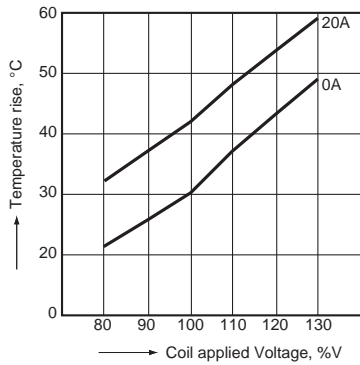
Note: Standard UL and CSA 1HP, 20A 250VAC 1½HP, 20A 125VAC

REFERENCE DATA

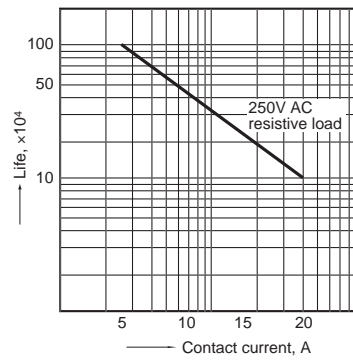
1. Coil temperature rise

Place to be measured: Inside of coil

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

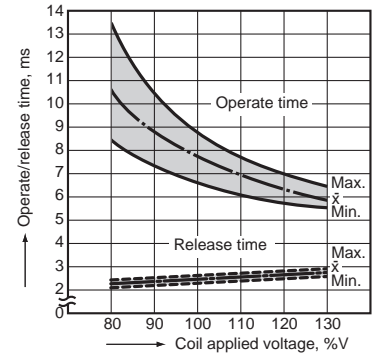


2. Life curve



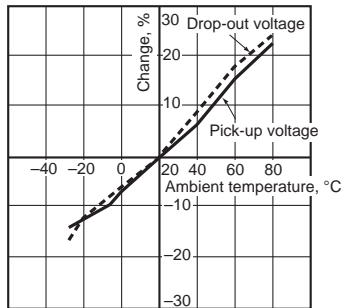
3. Operate/release time

Sample: JM1aN-TMP-DC24V-F, 5 pcs.



4. Ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: JM1aN-TMP-DC24V-F, 5 pcs.



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

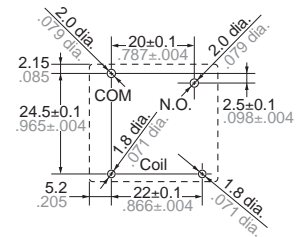
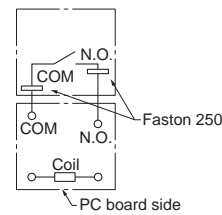
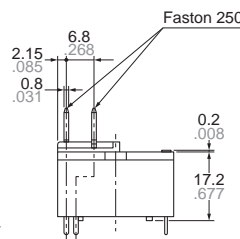
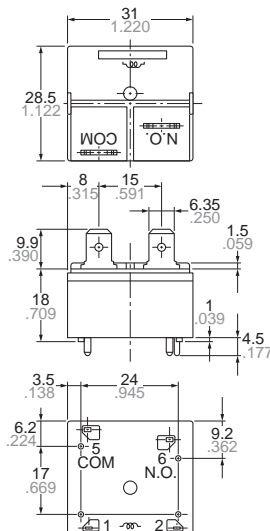
Flat TMP type

CAD Data

External dimensions

Schematic

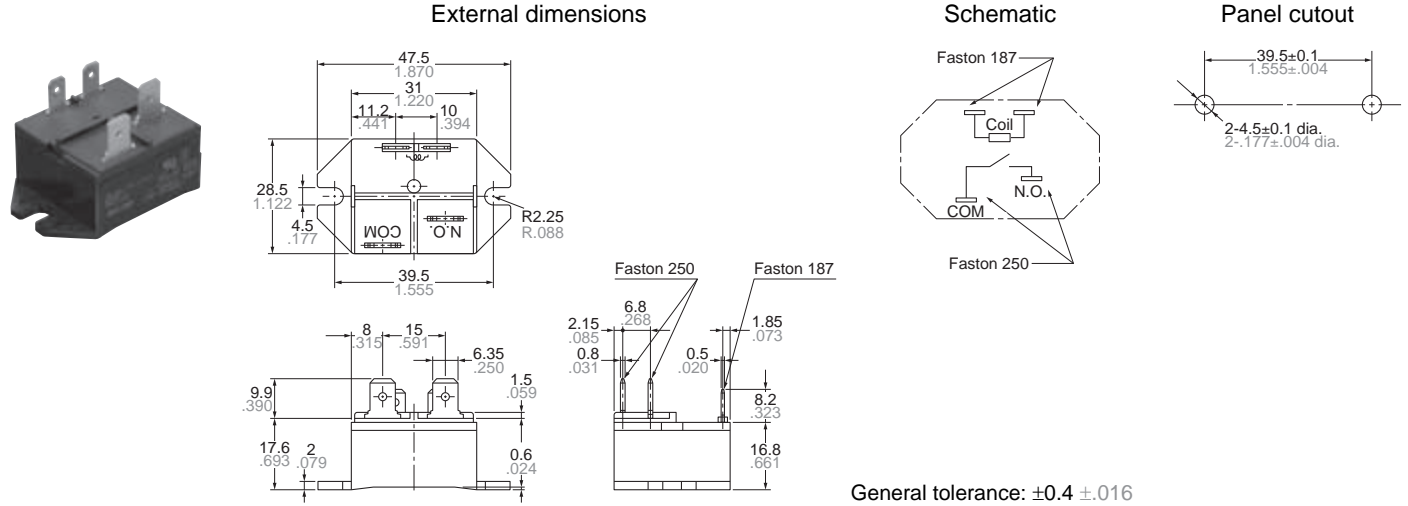
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



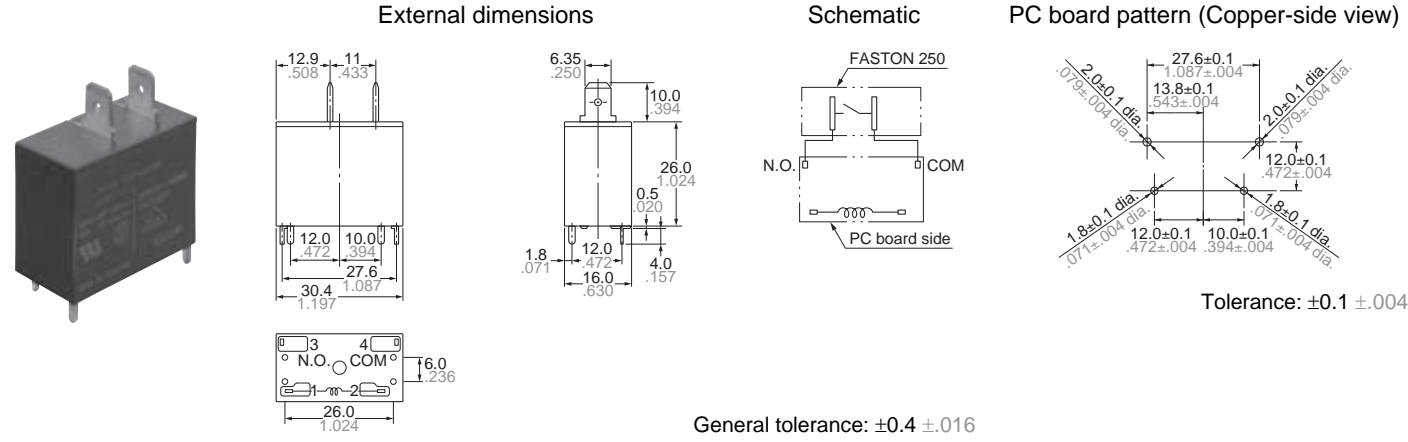
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

General tolerance: $\pm 0.4 \pm 0.016$

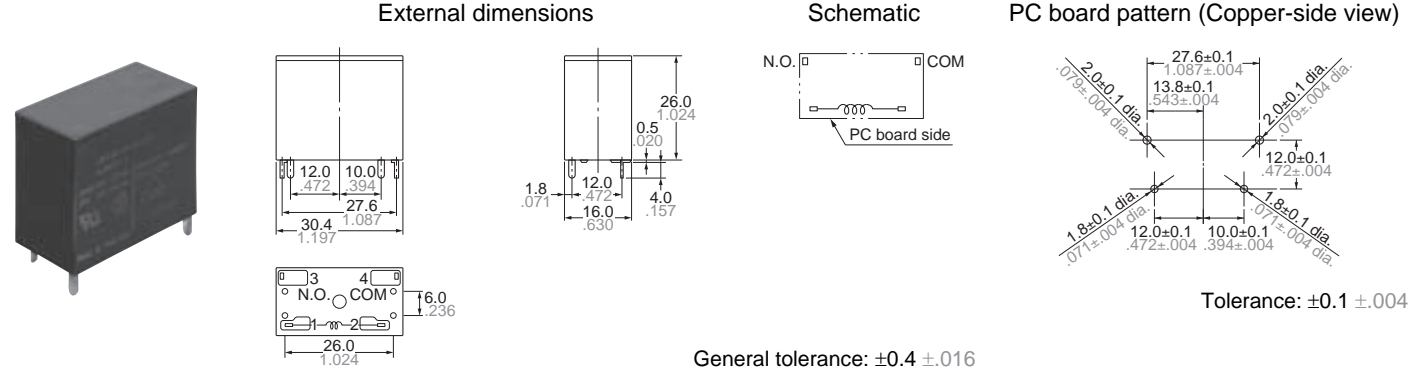
Flat TM type



Slim TMP type



Slim PCB type



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
Slim type	E43028	20A 125V AC 20A 250V AC 1½HP 125V AC 1HP 250V AC	LR26550	20A 125V AC 20A 250V AC 1½HP 125V AC 1HP 250V AC	40014275	20A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 12A 220V AC (cosφ=0.4)
Flat type	E43028	20A 125V AC 20A 250V AC 1½HP 125V AC 1HP 250V AC	LR26550	20A 125V AC 20A 250V AC 1½HP 125V AC 1HP 250V AC	40014275	20A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 12A 230V AC (cosφ=0.4)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



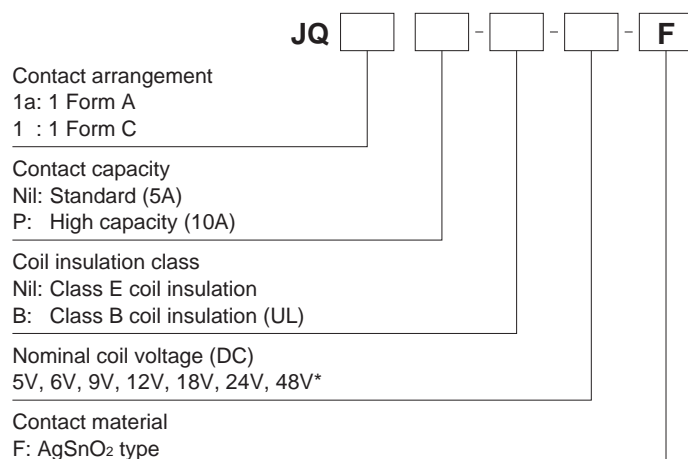
FEATURES

- High electrical noise immunity
- High switching capacity in a compact package
- High sensitivity: 200 mW (1a), 400 mW (1c)
- High surge voltage: 8,000 V between contacts and coil
- UL, CSA, VDE, SEMKO approved and TÜV available
- Class B coil insulation type also available.
- High insulation resistance:
Creepage distance and clearance between contact and coil:
Min. 4 mm .157 inch

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Air conditioners
- Refrigerators
- Microwave ovens
- Heaters

ORDERING INFORMATION



Certified by UL, CSA, VDE and SEMKO
Note: *Available only for 1 Form C type

TYPES

1) Standard type

Nominal coil voltage	Standard type		High capacity type	
	1 Form A	1 Form C	1 Form A	1 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
5V DC	JQ1a-5V-F	JQ1-5V-F	JQ1aP-5V-F	JQ1P-5V-F
6V DC	JQ1a-6V-F	JQ1-6V-F	JQ1aP-6V-F	JQ1P-6V-F
9V DC	JQ1a-9V-F	JQ1-9V-F	JQ1aP-9V-F	JQ1P-9V-F
12V DC	JQ1a-12V-F	JQ1-12V-F	JQ1aP-12V-F	JQ1P-12V-F
18V DC	JQ1a-18V-F	JQ1-18V-F	JQ1aP-18V-F	JQ1P-18V-F
24V DC	JQ1a-24V-F	JQ1-24V-F	JQ1aP-24V-F	JQ1P-24V-F
48V DC	—	JQ1-48V-F	—	JQ1P-48V-F

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs., Case 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage	
1 Form A	5V DC	Standard type: 75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	40.0mA	125 Ω	200mW	180% of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	
	6V DC			33.3mA	180 Ω			
	9V DC			22.2mA	405 Ω		130% of nominal voltage (at 70°C 158°F) [When using relays at 85°C 185°F, see Notes*4]	
	12V DC	High capacity type: 80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)		16.7mA	720 Ω			
	18V DC			11.1mA	1,620 Ω			
	24V DC			8.3mA	2,880 Ω			
1 Form C	5V DC	Standard type: 75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	80 mA	62.5Ω	400mW	150% of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	
	6V DC			66.7mA	90 Ω			
	9V DC			44.4mA	202.5Ω		110% of nominal voltage (at 70°C 158°F) [When using relays at 85°C 185°F, see Notes*4]	
	12V DC	High capacity type: 80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)		33.3mA	360 Ω			
	18V DC			22.2mA	810 Ω			
	24V DC			16.7mA	1,440 Ω			
	48V DC			8.3mA	5,760 Ω			

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications			
			Standard type		High capacity type	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C	1 Form A	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)			
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type			
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5 A 125 V AC, 2 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC	N.O. side: 5 A 125 V AC, 2 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V AC N.C. side: 2 A 125 V AC, 1 A 250 V AC, 1 A 30 V DC	10 A 125 V AC, 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC	N.O. side: 10 A 125 V AC, 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V AC N.C. side: 3 A 125 V AC, 2 A 250 V AC, 1 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		625 VA, 150 W	N.O. side: 625 VA, 90 W N.C. side: 250 VA, 30 W	1,250 V AC, 150 W	N.O. side: 1,250 VA, 150 W N.C. side: 500 V AC, 30 W
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC, 110 V DC (0.3A)			
	Max. switching current		N.O.: 5 A, N.C.: 2 A		N.O.: 10 A, N.C.: 3 A	
	Nominal operating power		200 mW	400 mW	200 mW	400 mW
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100 mA, 5 V DC			
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.			
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.	750 Vrms for 1 min.	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.	750 Vrms for 1 min.
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)			
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 5A, at 70°C 158°F)		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 10A, at 70°C 158°F)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		8,000 V			
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)			
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)			
	Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	294 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)		
Destructive			980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)			
Vibration resistance		Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)			
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm			
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁷			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +70°C −40°F to +158°F (class E insulation), −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F*4 (class B insulation) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)			
Unit weight			Approx. 7 g .25 oz			

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

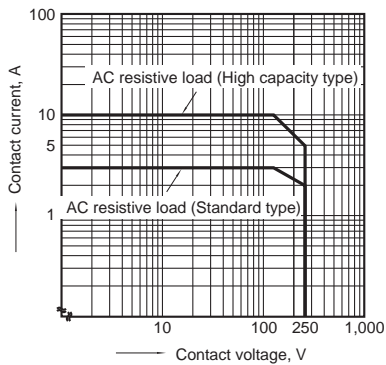
*4. When using relays in a high ambient temperature, consider the pick-up voltage rise due to the high temperature (a rise of approx. 0.4% V for each 1°C 33.8°F with 20°C 68°F as a reference) and use a coil impressed voltage that is within the maximum applied voltage range.

3. Expected electrical life

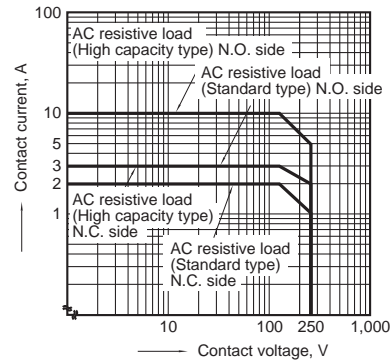
Type			Switching capacity	No. of operations
Standard type	1 Form A		5 A 125 V AC	5×10^4
			3 A 125 V AC	2×10^5
	1 Form C		2 A 250 V AC	2×10^5
			5 A 30 V DC	10^5
High capacity type	1 Form C	N.O.	5 A 125 V AC	5×10^4
		N.O.	3 A 125 V AC	2×10^5
	1 Form C	N.C.	2 A 250 V AC	2×10^5
		N.C.	3 A 30 V DC	10^5
	1 Form A		2 A 125 V AC	2×10^5
			1 A 250 V AC	2×10^5
	1 Form C		1 A 30 V DC	10^5
			3 A 125 V AC	2×10^5
	1 Form C		2 A 250 V AC	2×10^5
			1 A 30 V DC	10^5

REFERENCE DATA

1.-(1) Max. switching capacity (1 Form A type)



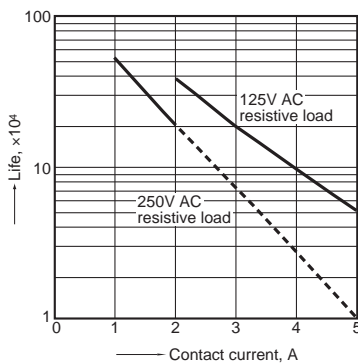
1.-(2) Max. switching capacity (1 Form C type)



Standard type

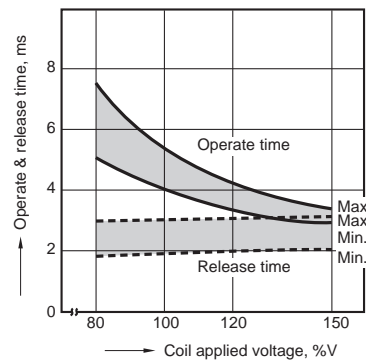
2. Life curve

Ambient temperature: room temperature



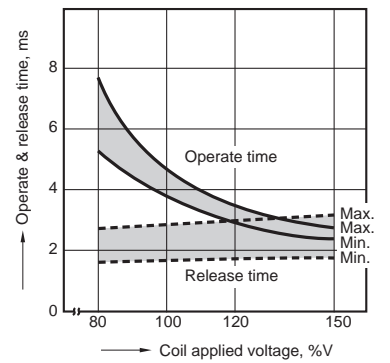
3.-(1) Operate & release time (1 Form A type)

Tested sample: JQ1a-12V-F, 25 pcs.



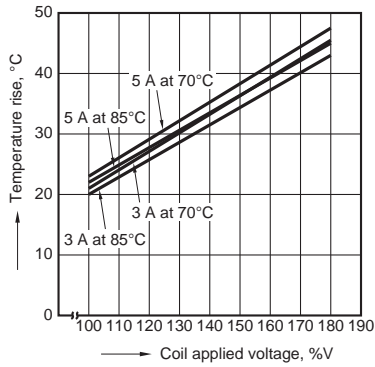
3.-(2) Operate & release time (1 Form C type)

Tested sample: JQ1-24V-F, 25 pcs.



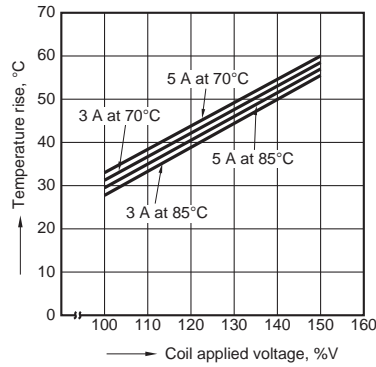
4.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A type)

Contact carrying current: 3 A, 5 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil



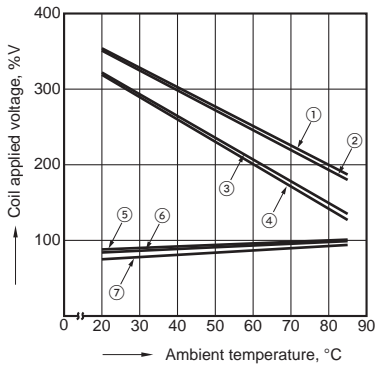
4.-(2) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C type)

Contact carrying current: 3 A, 5 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil



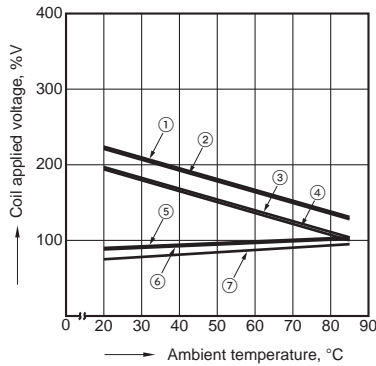
5.-(1) Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A type)

Tested sample: JQ1a-24V-F
Contact carrying current: 3 A, 5 A



5.-(2) Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form C type)

Tested sample: JQ1-24V-F
Contact carrying current: 3 A, 5 A

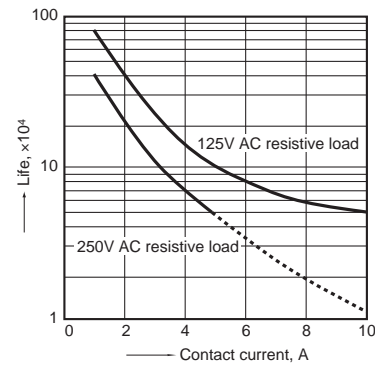


- ① Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 3 A)
- ② Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ③ Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 3 A)
- ④ Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ⑤ Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ⑥ Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 3 A)
- ⑦ Pick-up voltage

High capacity type

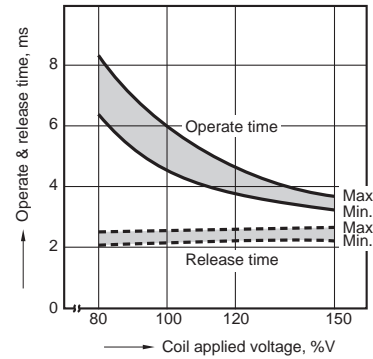
1. Life curve

Ambient temperature: room temperature



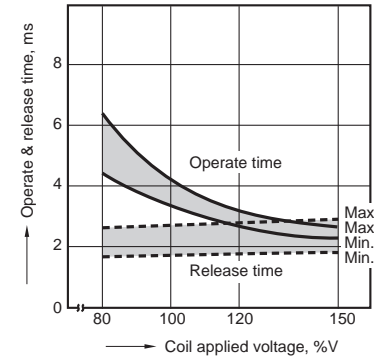
2.-(1) Operate & release time (1 Form A type)

Tested sample: JQ1aP-12V-F, 25 pcs.



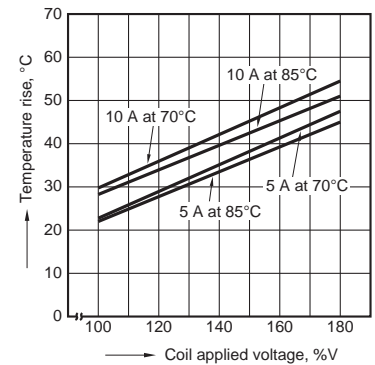
2.-(2) Operate & release time (1 Form C type)

Tested sample: JQ1P-12V-F, 25 pcs.



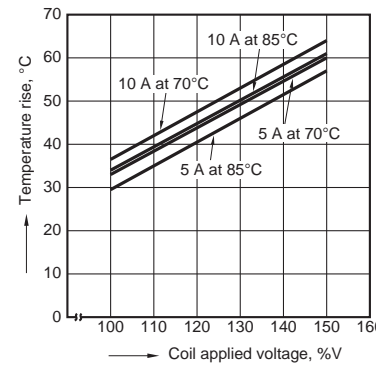
3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A type)

Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil



3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C type)

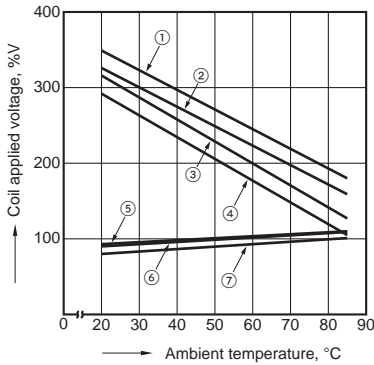
Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil



4.-(1) Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A type)

Tested sample: JQ1aP-24V-F

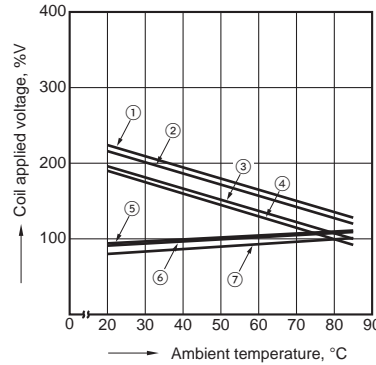
Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A



4.-(2) Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form C type)

Tested sample: JQ1P-24V-F

Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A



- ① Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ② Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 10 A)
- ③ Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ④ Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 10 A)
- ⑤ Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 10 A)
- ⑥ Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ⑦ Pick-up voltage

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

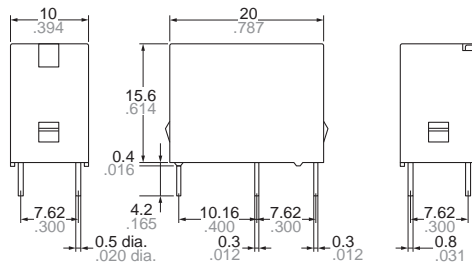
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

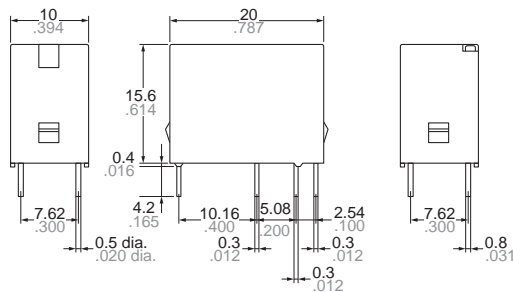


External dimensions

1 Form A

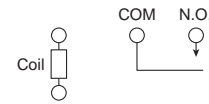


1 Form C

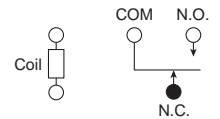


Schematic (Bottom view)

1 Form A

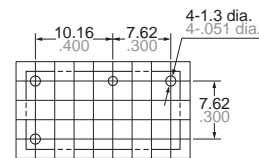


1 Form C

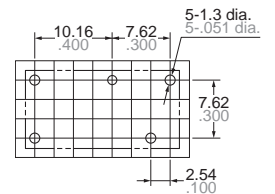


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A



1FormC



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 5mm .197 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Min. 5mm .197 inch:

General tolerance

$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

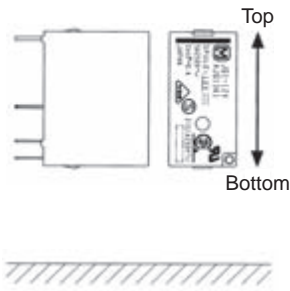
$\pm 0.4 \pm .016$

SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
Standard type (5A) 1 Form A	E43028	5A 125V AC 5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/10HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	LR26550	5A 125V AC 5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/10HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	40011435	5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4)	B 08 09 13461 252	5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817138	3(2)A 125V AC 2(1)A 250V AC 5A 30V DC
Standard type (5A) 1 Form C	E43028	5A 125V AC 5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/10HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	LR26550	5A 125V AC 5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/10HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	40011435	5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) (N.O.) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) (N.C.)	B 08 09 13461 252	5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817138	3(2)A 125V AC 2(1)A 250V AC 5A 30V DC
High capacity type (10A) 1 Form A	E43028	10A 125V AC 8A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/6HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	LR26550	10A 125V AC 8A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/6HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	40011435	10A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4)	B 08 09 13461 252	10A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817138	5(3)A 250V AC 5A 30V DC
High capacity type (10A) 1 Form C	E43028	10A 125V AC 8A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/6HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	LR26550	10A 125V AC 8A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC 1/6HP 125V AC 1/6HP 277V AC	40011435	(N.O.) 10A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) (N.C.) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4)	B 08 09 13461 252	10A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817138	5(3)A 250V AC 5A 30V DC

NOTES

Note about relay installation orientation



When installing with the relay terminals parallel to the ground, the contact terminals at the bottom and the coil terminals at the top, component friction will occur after numerous switching actions or due to vibration in the non-excitation state. Since this may cause the relay to stop functioning when the pick-up voltage increases even if the nominal voltage is applied, please do not install using this orientation.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Miniature size with universal terminal footprint
- High contact capacity: 10 A
- TV-5 type available (Standard type)
1 Form A type → TV-5
1 Form C type → TV-5 (N.O. side only)
- VDE, TÜV also approved
- Sealed construction for automatic cleaning (Standard type)
- Class B and F coil insulation type also available.
- EN60335-1 GWT compliant (Tested by VDE) type available
- Surge voltage 6 kV type also available

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Home appliances
Air conditioner, heater, etc.
2. Office machines
PPC, facsimile, etc.
3. Vending machines

ORDERING INFORMATION

JS - - - F -

Contact arrangement

- 1: 1 Form C (Standard)
1a: 1 Form A (Standard)
1aP: 1 Form A (Long endurance type)

Protective construction

- Nil: Sealed type
F: Flux-resistant type

Coil insulation class

- Nil: Class E insulation
B: Class B insulation
F: Class F insulation

Nominal coil voltage (DC)

5V, 6V, 9V, 12V, 18V, 24V, 48V

Contact material

F: AgSnO₂ type

Flame resistance and tracking resistance

- Nil: —
TT: EN60335-1 (Conform)

Surge voltage

6K: 6kV type

Standard: UL, CSA, VDE, TÜV (Standard type)

UL, CSA, VDE (Long endurance type and EN60335-1 GWT compliant type)

UL, CSA (Surge voltage 6kV type)

Notes: 1. When ordering TV rated (TV-5) types, add suffix -TV.

2. Contact arrangement 1aP type is Flux-resistant type only (Class B insulation only).

JS

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type	Flux-resistant type
		Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A (Standard)	5V DC	JS1a-5V-F	JS1aF-5V-F
	6V DC	JS1a-6V-F	JS1aF-6V-F
	9V DC	JS1a-9V-F	JS1aF-9V-F
	12V DC	JS1a-12V-F	JS1aF-12V-F
	18V DC	JS1a-18V-F	JS1aF-18V-F
	24V DC	JS1a-24V-F	JS1aF-24V-F
	48V DC	JS1a-48V-F	JS1aF-48V-F
1 Form A Long endurance type	5V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-5V-F
	6V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-6V-F
	9V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-9V-F
	12V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-12V-F
	18V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-18V-F
	24V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-24V-F
	48V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-48V-F
1 Form C (Standard)	5V DC	JS1-5V-F	JS1F-5V-F
	6V DC	JS1-6V-F	JS1F-6V-F
	9V DC	JS1-9V-F	JS1F-9V-F
	12V DC	JS1-12V-F	JS1F-12V-F
	18V DC	JS1-18V-F	JS1F-18V-F
	24V DC	JS1-24V-F	JS1F-24V-F
	48V DC	JS1-48V-F	JS1F-48V-F

Standard packing Carton: 100 pcs. Case: 500 pcs.
Notes: 1. Class B and F coil insulation types available.
Ex) JS1aF-B-12V-F, JS1aF-F-12V-F
2. EN60335-1 GWT compliant types available. When ordering, please add suffix "TT".
Ex) JS1aF-B-12V-FTT

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type	Flux-resistant type
		Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A (Standard)	5V DC	JS1a-5V-FTT	JS1aF-5V-FTT
	6V DC	JS1a-6V-FTT	JS1aF-6V-FTT
	9V DC	JS1a-9V-FTT	JS1aF-9V-FTT
	12V DC	JS1a-12V-FTT	JS1aF-12V-FTT
	18V DC	JS1a-18V-FTT	JS1aF-18V-FTT
	24V DC	JS1a-24V-FTT	JS1aF-24V-FTT
	48V DC	JS1a-48V-FTT	JS1aF-48V-FTT
1 Form A Long endurance type	5V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-5V-FTT
	6V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-6V-FTT
	9V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-9V-FTT
	12V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-12V-FTT
	18V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-18V-FTT
	24V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-24V-FTT
	48V DC	–	JS1aPF-B-48V-FTT
1 Form C (Standard)	5V DC	JS1-5V-FTT	JS1F-5V-FTT
	6V DC	JS1-6V-FTT	JS1F-6V-FTT
	9V DC	JS1-9V-FTT	JS1F-9V-FTT
	12V DC	JS1-12V-FTT	JS1F-12V-FTT
	18V DC	JS1-18V-FTT	JS1F-18V-FTT
	24V DC	JS1-24V-FTT	JS1F-24V-FTT
	48V DC	JS1-48V-FTT	JS1F-48V-FTT

3. Surge voltage 6kV types available. When ordering, please add suffix "6K" (except for Long endurance type and EN60335-1 GWT compliant type).
Ex) JS1aF-B-12V-F-6K

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	72 mA	69.4Ω	360mW	130%V of nominal voltage [When using relays at 85°C 185°F, see Note*]
6V DC			60 mA	100 Ω		
9V DC			40 mA	225 Ω		
12V DC			30 mA	400 Ω		
18V DC			20 mA	900 Ω		
24V DC			15 mA	1,600 Ω		
48V DC			7.5mA	6,400 Ω		

Note: * When using relays in a high ambient temperature, consider the pick-up voltage rise due to the high temperature (a rise of approx. 0.4% V for each 1°C 33.8°F with 20°C 68°F as a reference) and use a coil impressed voltage that is within the maximum applied voltage range.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C	1 Form A Long endurance type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10 A 250 V AC (NO), 10 A 125 V AC, 6 A 277 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC	10 A 250 V AC, 10 A 277 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,500VA 150W (NO), 1,662VA 150W (NC)	2,770VA 150W
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC, 100V DC (0.5A)	
	Max. switching current		10A (AC), 5A (DC)	
	Nominal operating power		360mW	
	Min. switching capacity*1		100mA, 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 35°C 95°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 10A, at 70°C 158°F)	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁷	
	Electrical (resistive load)		1×10 ⁵ [10A 125V AC, 6A 277V AC, 5A 30V DC] 5×10 ⁴ (NO contact only) [10A 250V AC]	2×10 ⁵ [10A 277V AC] 1.5×10 ⁵ [10A 250V AC (at 20 times/min., 105°C 221°F)] 1×10 ⁵ [5A 30V DC]
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		–40°C to +70°C –40°F to +158°F (Class E insulation) –40°C to +85°C –40°F to +185°F (Class B insulation)*3 –40°C to +105°C –40°F to +221°F (Class F insulation)*3 Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	–40°C to +105°C –40°F to +221°F*3; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .423 oz	

Notes:

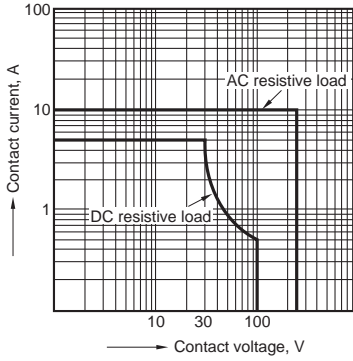
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

*3. When using relays in a high ambient temperature, consider the pick-up voltage rise due to the high temperature (a rise of approx. 0.4% V for each 1°C 33.8°F with 20°C 68°F as a reference) and use a coil impressed voltage that is within the maximum applied voltage range.

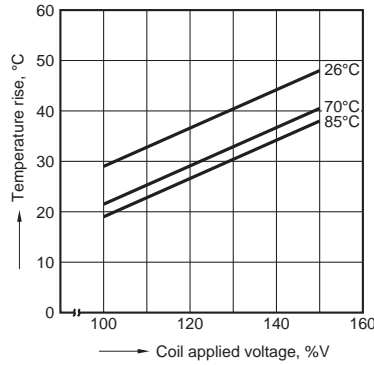
REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum value for switching capacity



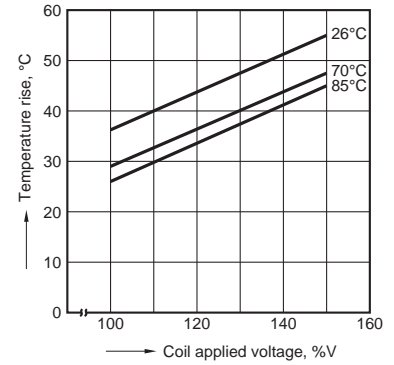
2.-(1) Coil temperature rise

Sample: 5 pcs., JS1a-24V-F
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact current: 5 A



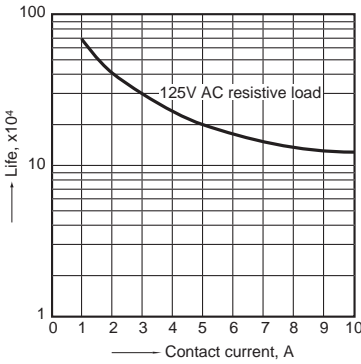
2.-(2) Coil temperature rise

Sample: 5 pcs., JS1a-24V-F
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact current: 10 A



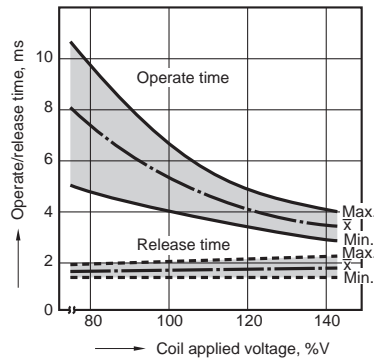
3. Life curve

Ambient temperature: Room temperature



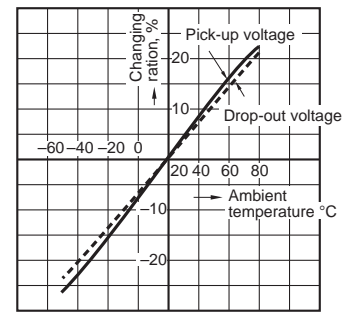
4. Operate/release time

Sample: 25 pcs., JS1-12V-F



5. Ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: 6 pcs., JS1-12V-F



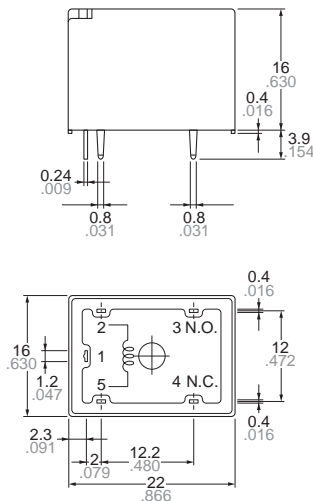
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data



External dimensions



Note: Terminal No. 4 is only for Standard
1 Form C type

Dimension:

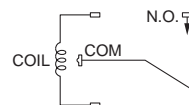
Less than 1mm .039inch:
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

General tolerance

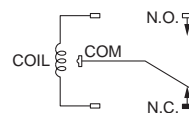
±0.1 ±0.004
±0.2 ±0.008
±0.3 ±0.012

Schematic (Bottom view)

1 Form A



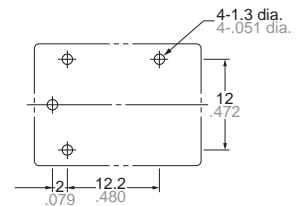
1 Form C



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

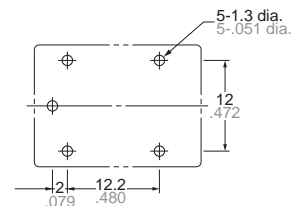
1 Form A

(Standard, High Power)



1 Form C

(Standard)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±0.004

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		TÜV (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating
E43028	10A 125V AC, 6A 277V AC 5A 30V DC, 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 277V AC 12A 125V AC (N.O., N.C.) 12A 277V AC (N.O., N.C.) 10A 125V AC (N.O., N.C.) 85°C 5A 125V AC (N.O., N.C.) 105°C, Class B insulation 4FLA/4LRA125V AC 105°C 2FLA/4LRA125V AC 105°C 1/3HP 125V AC 75°C N.O. 1/3HP 277V AC 75°C N.O. 6FLA/6LRA125V AC 85°C (N.O.)	LR26550	10A 125V AC 12A 125V AC 6A 277V AC 12A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 277V AC	40011475	10A 125V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms) 6A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	UL E43028 CSA LR26550	1a→TV-5 1c→TV-5 (N.O.)	B 10 02 13461 271	10A 125V AC (cosφ=1.0) 6A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**Surge withstand voltage:
6kV
1a/1c 30A power relays**

JT-V RELAYS



PCB type



TMP type

FEATURES

- Surge withstand voltage: 6,000 V
- High switching capacity — 30 A for 1 Form A
- 2 contact arrangements — 1 Form A or 1 Form C
- “TMP” types available
- UL/C-UL recognized
- Class F types standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Oven
- Heating & ventilation
- Home appliance

ORDERING INFORMATION

JTV - - -

Contact arrangement

1a: 1 Form A

1: 1 Form C

Protective construction

S: Sealed type

G: Dust cover type

Mounting classification

TMP: TMP type

PA: PCB type

Nominal coil voltage, DC

12V, 18V, 24V, 48V

Notes: 1. Certified by UL/C-UL

2. 5 V, 6 V, 9 V DC types are also available. Please contact us for details.

TYPES

1. 1 Form A Dust cover type

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
	PCB type	TMP type
12V DC	JTV1aG-PA-12V	JTV1aG-TMP-12V
18V DC	JTV1aG-PA-18V	JTV1aG-TMP-18V
24V DC	JTV1aG-PA-24V	JTV1aG-TMP-24V
48V DC	JTV1aG-PA-48V	JTV1aG-TMP-48V

Standard packing: PCB type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

TMP type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 300 pcs.

2. 1 Form C Dust cover type

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
	PCB type	TMP type
12V DC	JTV1G-PA-12V	JTV1G-TMP-12V
18V DC	JTV1G-PA-18V	JTV1G-TMP-18V
24V DC	JTV1G-PA-24V	JTV1G-TMP-24V
48V DC	JTV1G-PA-48V	JTV1G-TMP-48V

Standard packing: PCB type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

TMP type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 300 pcs.

3. 1 Form A Sealed type

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
	PCB type	TMP type
12V DC	JTV1aS-PA-12V	JTV1aS-TMP-12V
18V DC	JTV1aS-PA-18V	JTV1aS-TMP-18V
24V DC	JTV1aS-PA-24V	JTV1aS-TMP-24V
48V DC	JTV1aS-PA-48V	JTV1aS-TMP-48V

Standard packing: PCB type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.
 TMP type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 300 pcs.

4. 1 Form C Sealed type

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
	PCB type	TMP type
12V DC	JTV1S-PA-12V	JTV1S-TMP-12V
18V DC	JTV1S-PA-18V	JTV1S-TMP-18V
24V DC	JTV1S-PA-24V	JTV1S-TMP-24V
48V DC	JTV1S-PA-48V	JTV1S-TMP-48V

Standard packing: PCB type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.
 TMP type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 300 pcs.

RATING**1. Coil data**

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
12V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	83.3mA	144Ω	1,000mW	120%V of nominal voltage
18V DC			55.6mA	324Ω		
24V DC			41.7mA	576Ω		
48V DC			20.8mA	2,304Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	
	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		20A 277V AC	N.C.: 10A 277V AC, N.O.: 20A 277V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		8,310VA (30A 277V AC)	N.C.: 2,770VA, N.O.: 5,540VA
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC	
	Max. switching current		30A	N.C.: 10A, N.O.: 20A
	Nominal operating power		Approx. 1,000mW	
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,200 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	3,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		6,000 V	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 1×10 ⁷	
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)*3		Min. 1×10 ⁵ (20A 277V AC at resistive load)	N.O.: Min. 1×10 ⁵ (20A 277V AC at resistive load) N.C.: Min. 1×10 ⁵ (10A 277V AC at resistive load)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*4		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +85°C -67°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight			PCB type: Approx. 25 g .88 oz TMP type: Approx. 30 g 1.06 oz	

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

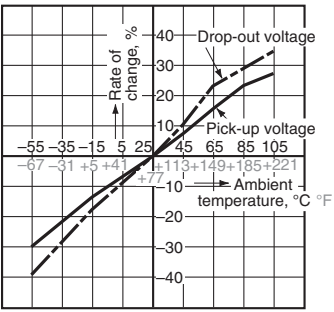
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3. In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib. More detail, please look at caution for NOTES.

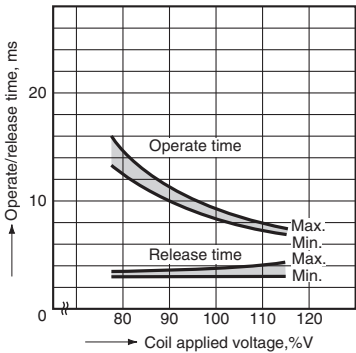
*4. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

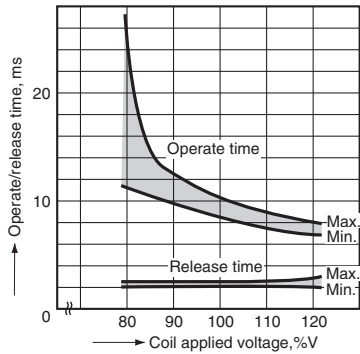
1. Change of rate of pick-up and drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
Sample: JTV1S-TMP-24V (6 pcs.)



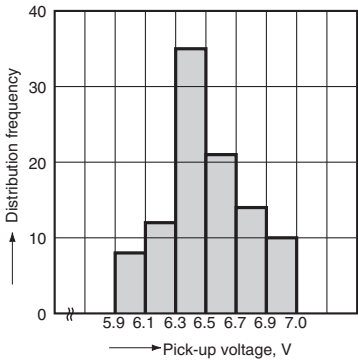
2. Operate/release time
Sample: JTV1S-TMP-24V



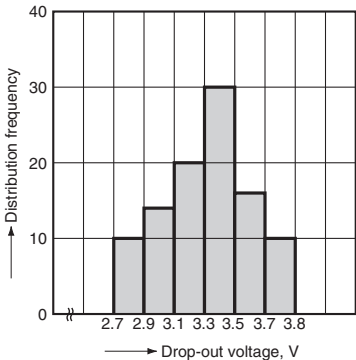
3. Operate/release time
Sample: JTV1aS-PA-24V



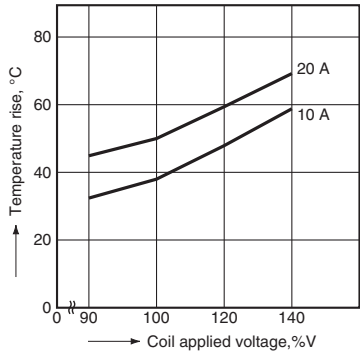
4. Distribution frequency of pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
Sample: JTV1S-TMP-12V (100 pcs.)



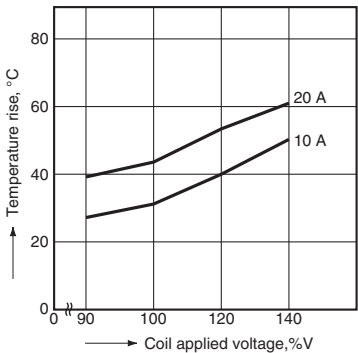
5. Distribution frequency of drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
Sample: JTV1S-TMP-12V (100 pcs.)



6.-(1) Coil temperature rise (TMP type)*
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F
Sample: JTV1aS-TMP-12V (6 pcs.)



6.-(2) Coil temperature rise (TMP type)*
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F
Sample: JTV1aS-TMP-12V (6 pcs.)

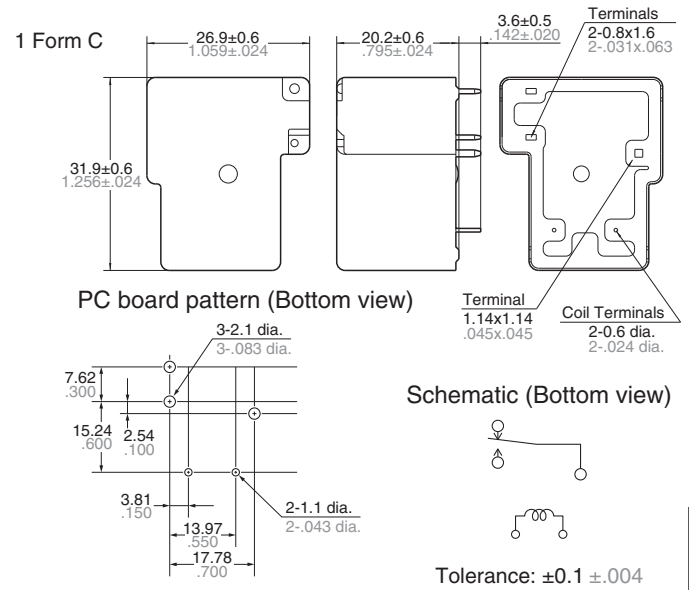
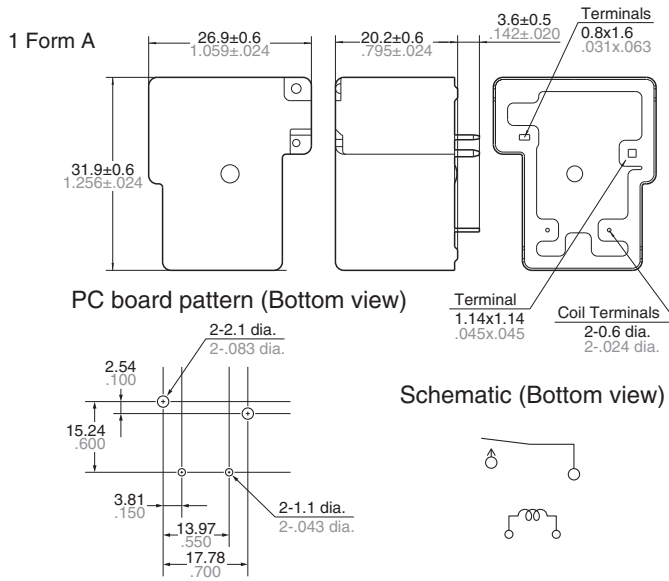


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

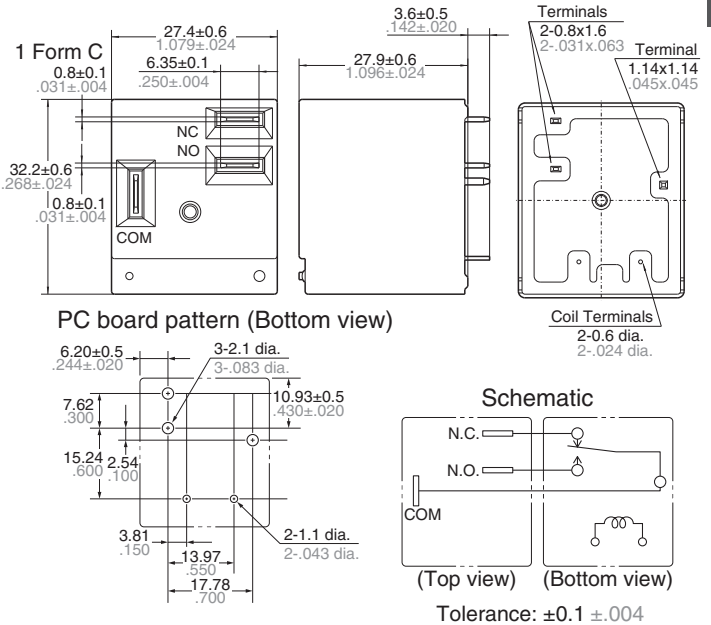
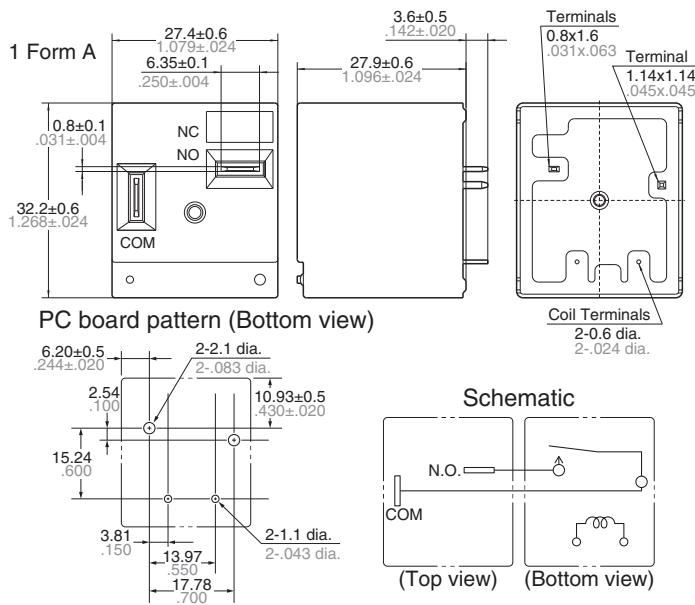
1. PCB type

CAD Data



2. TMP type

CAD Data



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)	
	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	E43028	30A 277V AC, 30A 28V DC, 2HP 250V AC
1 Form C	N.O. E43028	20A 277V AC, 20A 28V DC, 2HP 250V AC
	N.C. E43028	10A 277V AC, 10A 28V DC, 1/2HP 250V AC

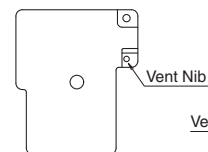
* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

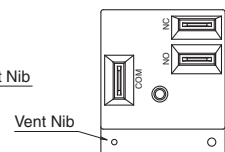
1. Electrical life

In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib after the soldering/washing process.

• PCB type



• TMP type



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Ideal for heater control
1a 16A, 10.9 mm height flat
power relays

JV-N RELAYS



FEATURES

- **High 16 A capacity**
The contacts are high capacity 16A, 125 V AC.
- **Compact, flat type with low 10.9 mm .429 inch height**
Compact flat type with low surface area of 16 × 22 mm .630 × .866 inch and height of 10.9 mm .429 inch.
- **High sensitivity at 200 mW**
High sensitivity at 200 mW coil power consumption.
- **Represses contact terminal heat**
The contact terminals are large and thick. This limits the rise in temperature of the terminals when there is a large current flowing to approx. 28°C 62°F (normal current of 16 A).
- **Conforms to the various safety standards**
UL, CSA, TÜV approved.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- AV equipment: TV's, VTR's, etc.
- OA equipment
- HA equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

JVN 1a - - F

Contact arrangement
1a: 1 Form A

Protective construction
Nil: Sealed type
F: Flux-resistant type

Nominal coil voltage (DC)
4.5V, 6V, 9V, 12V, 18V, 24V, 48V, 100V

Contact material
F: AgSnO₂ type

Note: Certified by UL, CSA and TÜV

TYPES

Nominal coil voltage	Flux-resistant type	Sealed type
	Part No.	Part No.
4.5V DC	JVN1aF-4.5V-F	JVN1a-4.5V-F
6V DC	JVN1aF-6V-F	JVN1a-6V-F
9V DC	JVN1aF-9V-F	JVN1a-9V-F
12V DC	JVN1aF-12V-F	JVN1a-12V-F
18V DC	JVN1aF-18V-F	JVN1a-18V-F
24V DC	JVN1aF-24V-F	JVN1a-24V-F
48V DC	JVN1aF-48V-F	JVN1a-48V-F
100V DC	JVN1aF-100V-F	JVN1a-100V-F

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 100 pcs., Case: 500 pcs.
5V type is also available. Please consult us.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4.5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage	5%V or more of nominal voltage	44.4mA	101Ω	200mW	150%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
18V DC			11.1mA	1,620Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		
48V DC			4.2mA	11,520Ω		
100V DC	Min. 60 VDC	Min. 4 VDC	6 mA	16,600Ω	600mW	110%V

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		16A 125V AC, 10A 277V AC, 10A 30V DC, 10A 125V AC (Only for Flux-resistance type)
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,770VA, 300W
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC, 30V DC
	Max. switching current		16A (125V AC), 10A (DC)
	Nominal operating power		200mW (4.5 to 48V DC), 600mW (100V DC)
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	2,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 45°C 113°F (4.5 to 48V DC), Max. 55°C 131°F (100V DC) [By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 16A, at 70°C 158°F (4.5 to 48V DC), at 60°C 140°F (100V DC)]
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		4,500 V
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 12 ms (4.5 to 48V DC), Max. 8 ms (100V DC) (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁷
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 3×10 ⁴ (sealed type, 16A 125V AC), Min. 5×10 ⁴ (sealed type, 10A 277V AC), Min. 10 ⁵ (sealed type, 10A 30V DC), Min. 10 ⁵ (Flux-resistant type, 10A 125V AC)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F (4.5 to 48V DC), -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F (100V DC), Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight			Approx. 8 g .28 oz

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

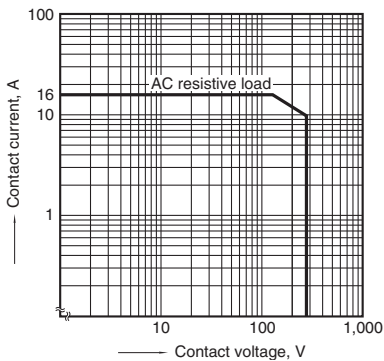
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

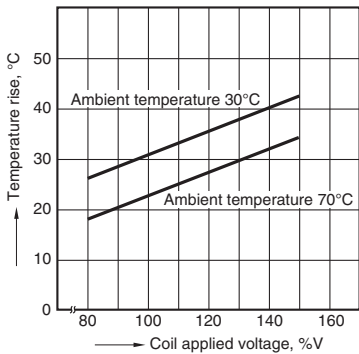
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

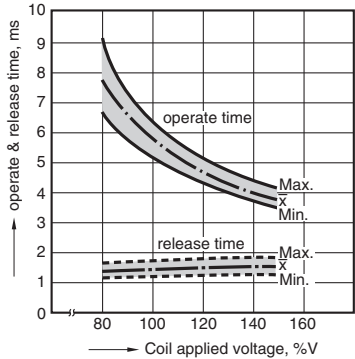
1. Max. switching power



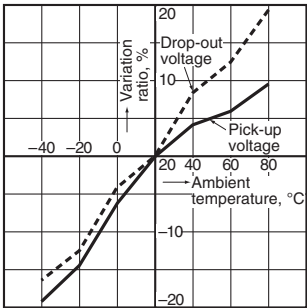
2. Coil temperature rise
Sample: JVN1aF-12 V-F, 6 pcs.
point measured: coil inside
Contact current: 16 A



3. Operate/release time
Sample: JVN1aF-12 V-F, 6 pcs.



4. Ambient temperature characteristics
Sample: JVN1aF-12 V-F, 6 pcs.

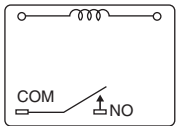
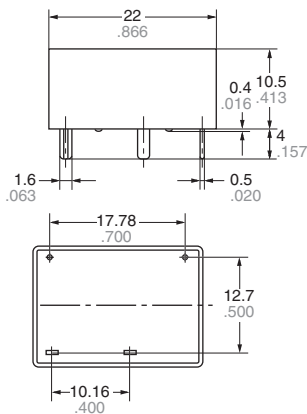


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

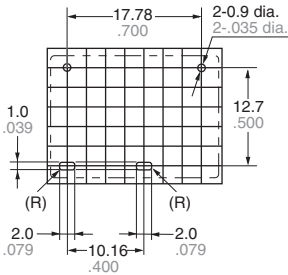
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

External dimensions



PC board pattern



Dimension:
Less than 1mm .039inch:
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 5mm .197 inch:
Min. 5mm .197 inch:

General tolerance
±0.2 ±.008
±0.3 ±.012
±0.4 ±.016

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
E43028	16A 125V AC, 16A 277V AC, 10A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC, 1/10HP 125V AC, 1/10HP 277V AC	LR26550	16A 125V AC, 16A 277V AC, 10A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC, 1/10HP 125V AC, 1/10HP 277V AC	B 11 05 13461 304	16A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 10A 30V DC (0ms)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Ideal for power supply
1a/1c/2a/2c/5A/10A
power relays

JW RELAYS



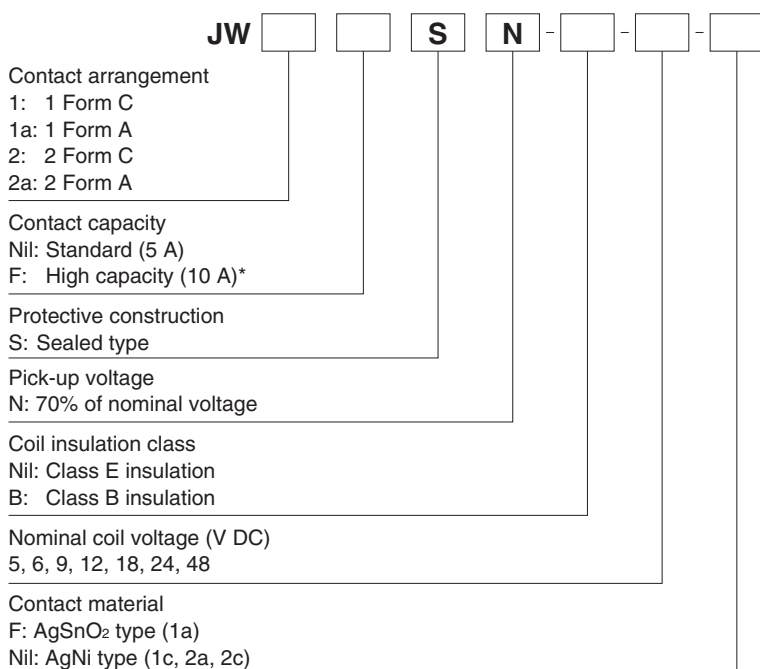
FEATURES

- Miniature package with universal terminal footprint
- High dielectric withstanding for transient protection:
10,000 V surge in μs between coil and contact
- Sealed construction
- Class B coil insulation types available
- TV rated (TV-5) types available (only for 1 Form A type)
- VDE, TÜV, SEMKO, SEV, FIMKO, TV-5 also approved
- Sockets are available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Home appliances**
TV sets, VCR, Microwave ovens
- 2. Office machines**
Photocopiers, Vending machines
- 3. Industrial equipment**
NC machines, Robots, Temperature controllers

ORDERING INFORMATION



*Only for 1 Form A and 1 Form C type
 Certified by UL, CSA, VDE, SEMKO, FIMKO and SEV
 Note: When ordering TV rated (TV-5) types, add suffix-TV (available only for 1 Form A type).

TYPES

1) 1 Form A Standard (5A) type

Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type
	Part No.
5V DC	JW1ASN-5-F
6V DC	JW1ASN-6-F
9V DC	JW1ASN-9-F
12V DC	JW1ASN-12-F
18V DC	JW1ASN-18-F
24V DC	JW1ASN-24-F
48V DC	JW1ASN-48-F

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

3) 1 Form C Standard (5A) type

Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type
	Part No.
5V DC	JW1SN-5
6V DC	JW1SN-6
9V DC	JW1SN-9
12V DC	JW1SN-12
18V DC	JW1SN-18
24V DC	JW1SN-24
48V DC	JW1SN-48

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

5) 2 Form A Standard (5A) type

Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type
	Part No.
5V DC	JW2ASN-5
6V DC	JW2ASN-6
9V DC	JW2ASN-9
12V DC	JW2ASN-12
18V DC	JW2ASN-18
24V DC	JW2ASN-24
48V DC	JW2ASN-48

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

* For sockets, see page 280.

2) 1 Form A High capacity (10 A) type

Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type
	Part No.
5V DC	JW1AFSN-5-F
6V DC	JW1AFSN-6-F
9V DC	JW1AFSN-9-F
12V DC	JW1AFSN-12-F
18V DC	JW1AFSN-18-F
24V DC	JW1AFSN-24-F
48V DC	JW1AFSN-48-F

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

4) 1 Form C High capacity (10 A) type

Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type
	Part No.
5V DC	JW1FSN-5
6V DC	JW1FSN-6
9V DC	JW1FSN-9
12V DC	JW1FSN-12
18V DC	JW1FSN-18
24V DC	JW1FSN-24
48V DC	JW1FSN-48

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

6) 2 Form C Standard (5A) type

Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type
	Part No.
5V DC	JW2SN-5
6V DC	JW2SN-6
9V DC	JW2SN-9
12V DC	JW2SN-12
18V DC	JW2SN-18
24V DC	JW2SN-24
48V DC	JW2SN-48

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.
Note: Class B coil insulation type is available.
Ex) JW1ASN-B-12-F

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	106mA	47Ω	530mW	130%V of nominal voltage (at 60°C 140°F) 120%V of nominal voltage (at 85°C 185°F)*4
6V DC			88mA	68Ω		
9V DC			58mA	155Ω		
12V DC			44mA	270Ω		
18V DC			29 mA	611Ω		
24V DC			22mA	1,100Ω		
48V DC			11mA	4,400Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
		Standard type	High capacity type
Contact	Contact material	1 Form A: AgSnO ₂ type 1 Form C, 2 Form A and 2 Form C: AgNi type	
	Arrangement	1 Form A, 1 Form C, 2 Form A and 2 Form C	1 Form A and 1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	5A 250V AC, 5A 30V DC	10A 250V AC, 10A 30V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	1,250VA, 150W	2,500VA, 300W
	Max. switching voltage	250V AC, 30V DC	
	Max. switching current	5A	10A
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1	100mA, 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact sets	3,000 Vrms for 1 min. (2 Form A, 2 Form C) (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)	1 Form A: Max. 45°C 113°F, 1 Form C, 2 Form A and 2 Form C: Max. 55°C 131°F (resistive method, with nominal coil voltage and at nominal switching capacity, at 20°C 68°F)	1 Form A: Max. 45°C 113°F, 1 Form C: Max. 55°C 131°F (resistive method, with nominal coil voltage and at nominal switching capacity, at 20°C 68°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)	10,000 V	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Max. 5 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)
		Destructive	98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.) 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)	Min. 5×10 ⁶	
	Electrical (at 6 times/min.)	Min. 10 ⁵ (at resistive load)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature*4: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to 140°F (Class E), (Class B: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to 185°F) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed (at nominal switching capacity)	Flux-resistant type: 20 times/min., Sealed type: 6 times/min.	
Unit weight		Approx. 13 g .46 oz	

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50\mu\text{s}$ according to JEC-212-1981

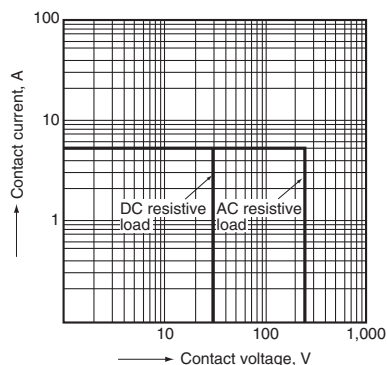
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

*4. The pick-up and drop out voltages rise approximately 0.4% for every 1°C 33.8°F given a standard ambient temperature of 20°C 68°F. Therefore, when using relays where the ambient temperature is high, please take into consideration the rise in pick-up and drop out voltages and keep the coil applied voltage within the maximum applied voltage.

REFERENCE DATA

JW 1 Form A Standard (5A) type

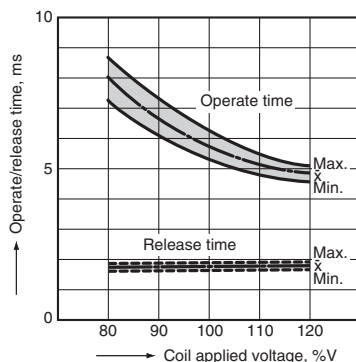
1. Maximum operating power



2. Operate/release time

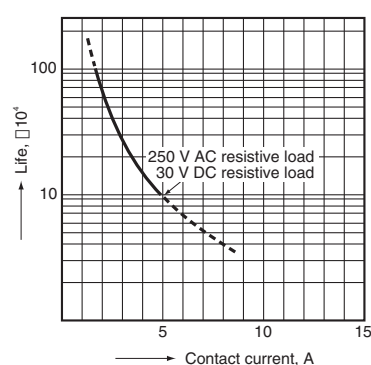
Sample: JW1aSN-DC12V-F, 10 pcs.

Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



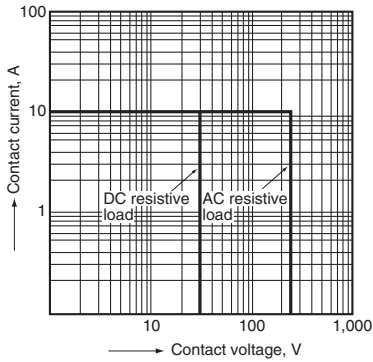
3. Life curve

1 Form A Standard (5 A) type



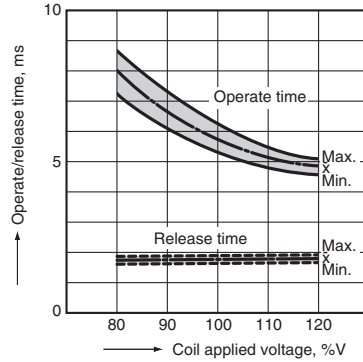
JW 1 Form A High Capacity (10 A) type

1. Maximum operating power

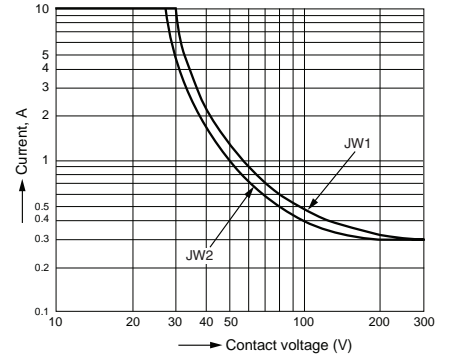


2. Operate/release time

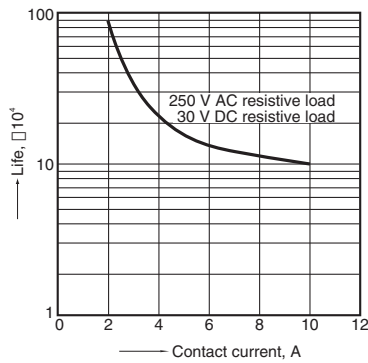
Sample: JW1aFSN-DC12V, 10 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



3. Max. switching power



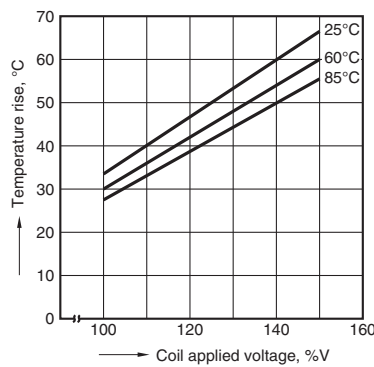
4. Life curve



5-(1). Coil temperature rise

(Contact carrying current: 5A)

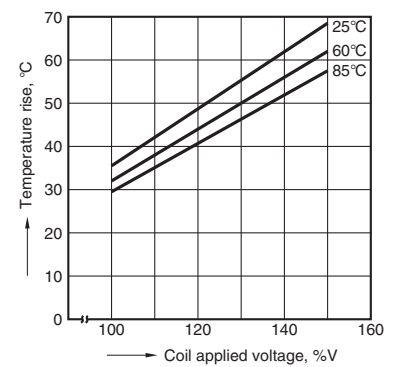
Sample JW1aFSN-DC12V-F, 6 pcs.
Point measured: Inside the coil



5-(2). Coil temperature rise

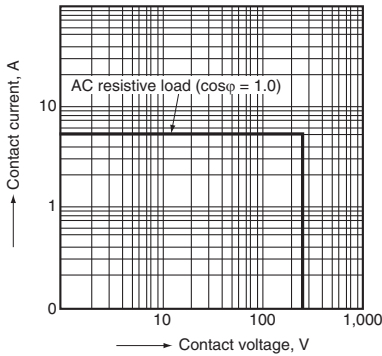
(Contact carrying current: 10 A)

Sample: JW1aFSN-DC12V-F, 6 pcs.
Point measured: Inside the coil



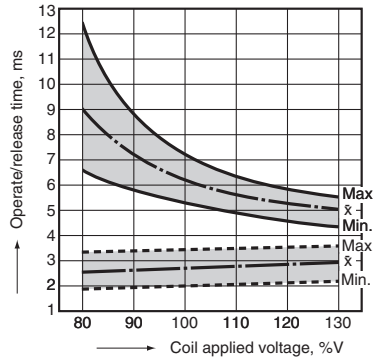
JW 1 Form C Standard (5 A) type

1-(3). Maximum operating power



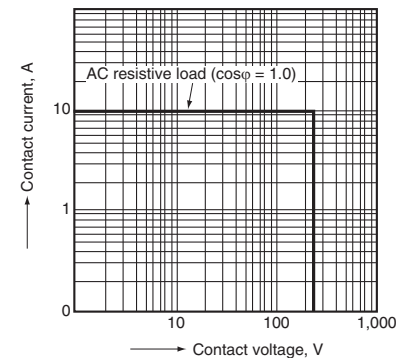
2. Operate/release time

Sample: JW1SN-DC12V-F, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



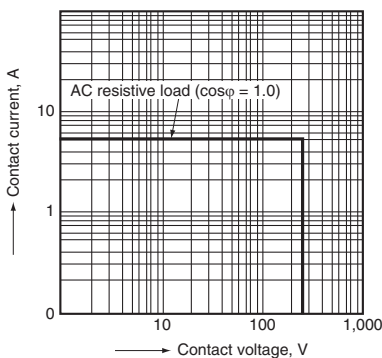
JW 1 Form C High Capacity (10 A) type

1. Maximum operating power



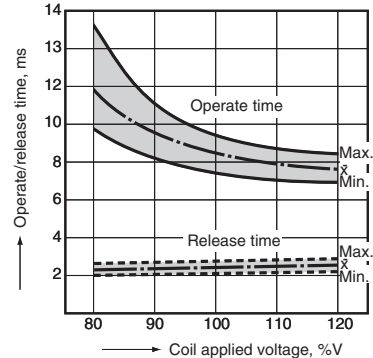
JW 2 Form A Standard (5 A) type

1. Maximum operating power



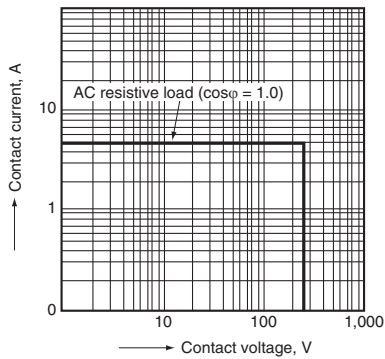
2. Operate/release time

Sample: JW2aSN-DC24V-F, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



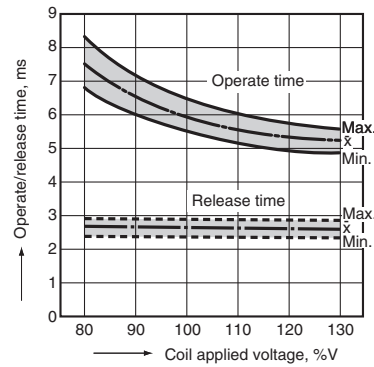
JW 2 Form C Standard (5 A) type

1. Maximum operating power



2. Operate/release time

Sample: JW2SN-DC12V-F, 6 pcs.
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

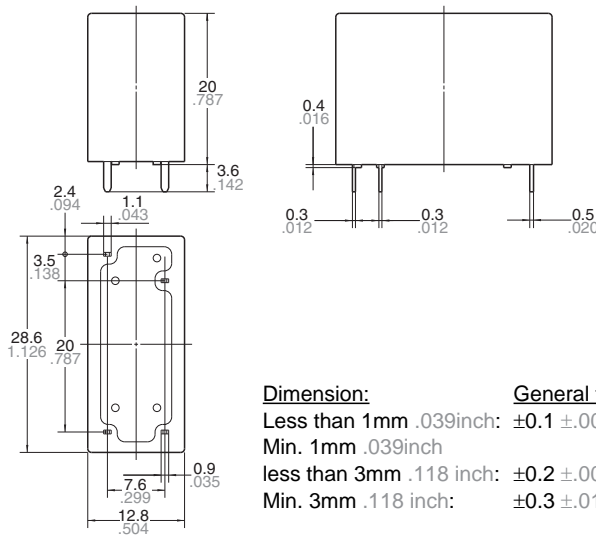
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

JW 1 Form A

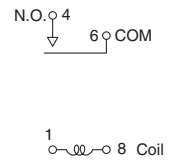
CAD Data



External dimensions

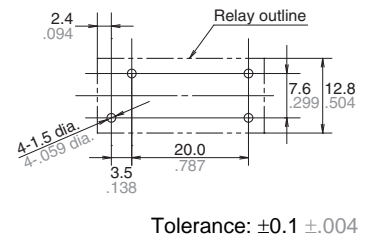


Wiring diagram (Bottom view)



Note: Terminal numbers are not indicated on the relay.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

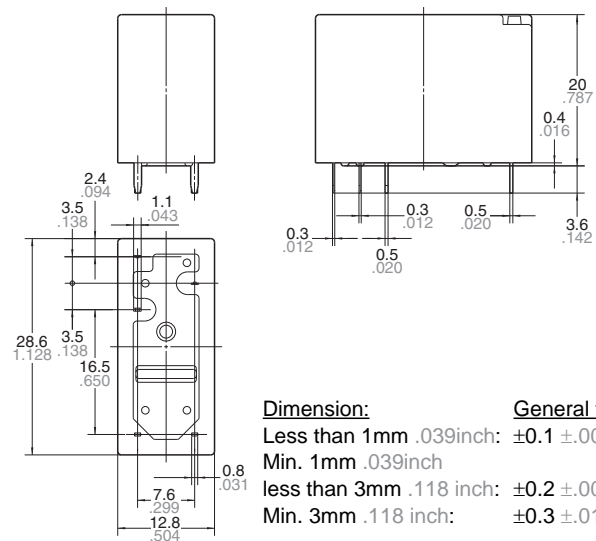


JW 1 Form C

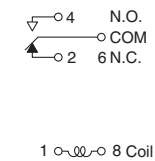
CAD Data



External dimensions

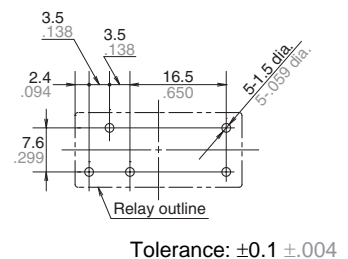


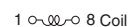
Wiring diagram (Bottom view)



Note: Terminal numbers are not indicated on the relay.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

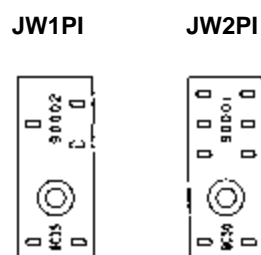




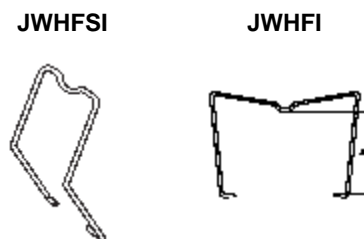
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Note: JW 2 Form A is as shown in the diagram above except the N.C. terminals are not present.

DIN terminal sockets



Retaining springs


$$h \text{ (relay height)} = 20.4 \text{ mm}$$

SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/ CSA)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)		FIMKO		SEV	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
Standard type 1 Form A	E43028	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	40013854	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) Standard type 5A 30V DC (0ms)	UL E43028 CSA LR26550 etc.	1a->TV-5	B 11 05 13461 305	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817817	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	24965	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	11. 0262	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
Standard type 1 Form C	E43028	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	40013854	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) Standard type 5A 30V DC (0ms)	—	—	B 11 05 13461 305	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817817	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	24965	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	11. 0262	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
Standard type 2 Form A	E43028	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	LR26550 etc.	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	40013854	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) Standard type 5A 30V DC (0ms)	—	—	B 11 05 13461 305	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817817	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	24965	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	11. 0262	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
Standard type 2 Form C	E43028	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	LR26550 etc.	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	40013854	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) Standard type 5A 30V DC (0ms)	—	—	B 11 05 13461 305	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817817	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	24965	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	11. 0262	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
High capacity type 1 Form A	E43028	10A 277V AC 10A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	10A 277V AC 10A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	40013854	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 7A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) High capacity type 10A 30V DC (0ms)	UL E43028 CSA LR26550	1a->TV-5	B 11 05 13461 305	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 7A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 10A 30V DC (0ms)	817817	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 10A 30V DC (0ms)	24965	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	11. 0262	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)
High capacity type 1 Form C	E43028	10A 277V AC 10A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	10A 277V AC 10A 30V DC 1/8HP 125V AC 1/8HP 250V AC B300	40013854	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 7A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) High capacity type 10A 30V DC (0ms)	—	—	B 11 05 13461 305	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 7A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 10A 30V DC (0ms)	817817	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 10A 30V DC (0ms)	24965	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	11. 0262	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)

Power

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**TV-4 rated.
2a 3A/5A power relays**

LA RELAYS



FEATURES

1. 2 Form A slim type

24(L) × 12(W) × 25(H) mm
.945(L) × .472(W) × .984(H) inch

2. 3A type and 5A TV type

3A type: Contact reliability and break performance best suited for protecting and switching speakers.

5A TV type: Tough against inrush current and optimal for turning on and off the power supply. Rated TV-4 (UL, CSA).

3. High insulation resistance

• Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 6 mm .236 inch (In compliance with IEC65)

• Surge withstand voltage between contact and coil: 10,000 V

4. High noise immunity realized by the card separation structure between contact and coil

5. Conforms to the various safety standards

• UL, CSA, VDE, TÜV, SEMKO approved

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Audio devices
- Monitor
- Automatic vending machine

ORDERING INFORMATION

LA relay	ALA	2		F		
Contact arrangement 2: 2 Form A						
Contact capacity Nil: 3A P: 5A TV-4						
Protective construction F: Flux-resistant type						
Nominal coil voltage (DC) 12: 12V, 24: 24V						

Note: Certified by UL, CSA, VDE, TÜV, SEMKO and TV-4

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.	
		3A type	5A TV type (TV-4)
2 Form A	12V DC	ALA2F12	ALA2PF12
	24V DC	ALA2F24	ALA2PF24

Standard packing Carton: 100 pcs. Case: 500 pcs.

Note: 4.5V, 5V, 9V and 18V DC types are also available. Please consult us for details.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
12V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	44.2mA	272Ω	530mW	15.6V DC
24V DC			22.1mA	1,087Ω		31.2V DC

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
		3A type	5A TV type (TV-4)
Contact	Arrangement	2 Form A	
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)	Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material	Gold-clad, AgNi type	AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	3A 125V AC	5A 277V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	625VA	1,385VA
	Max. switching voltage	125V AC	277V AC
	Max. switching current	5A (AC)	
	Min. switching capacity*1	100mA 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)	Max. 45°C 113°F (with nominal coil voltage and at 3 A contact carrying current, at 70°C 158°F)	Max. 45°C 113°F (with nominal coil voltage and at 5 A contact carrying current, at 70°C 158°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)	10,000 V	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (With diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical	Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)	Min. 5×10 ⁴ (ON: OFF=1.5s: 1.5s) (at nominal switching capacity)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa	
	Max. operating speed	20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight		Approx. 13 g .46 oz	

Notes:

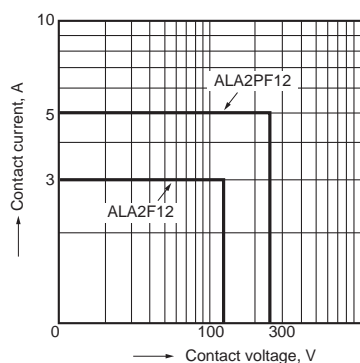
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50\mu\text{s}$ according to JEC-212-1981

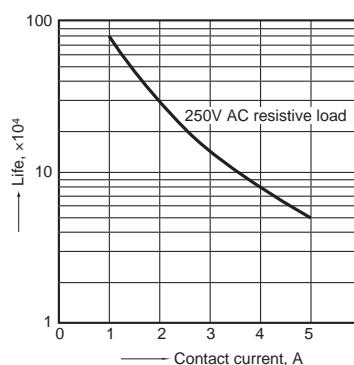
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

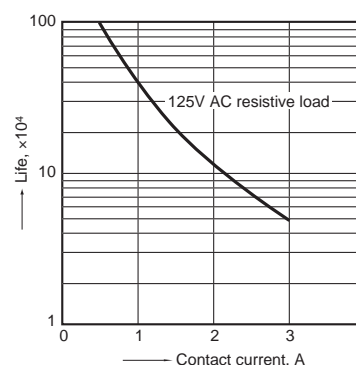
1. Max. switching power (AC resistive load)



2-(1). Life curve (250 V AC resistive load) for 5A type

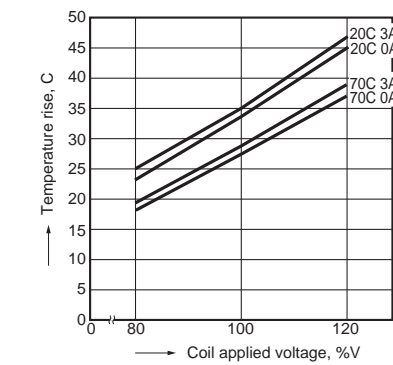


2-(2). Life curve (125 V AC resistive load) for 3A type

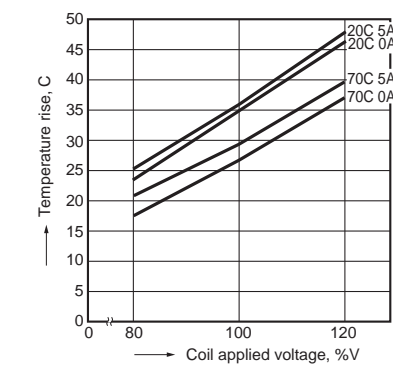


LA (ALA)

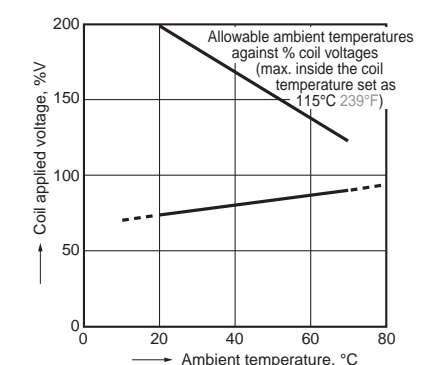
3-(1). Coil temperature rise
Sample: ALA2F12, 6 pcs.
Measured portion: coil inside
Contact current: 0 A, 3A



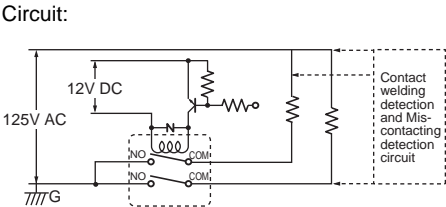
3-(2). Coil temperature rise
Sample: ALA2PF12, 6 pcs.
Measured portion: coil inside
Contact current: 0 A, 5A



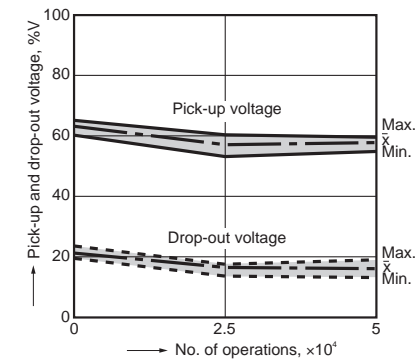
4. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage
Contact current: ALA2F=3A
ALA2PF=5A



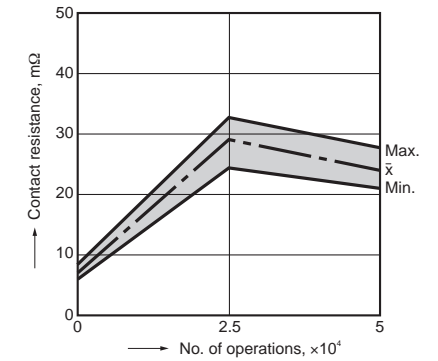
5-(1). Electrical life test
(3 A 125 V AC, resistive load)
Sample: ALA2F12, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: 20 times/min.
(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



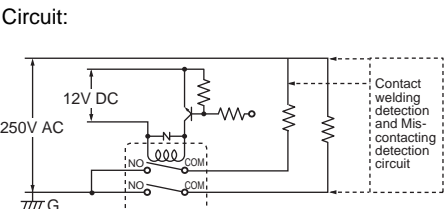
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



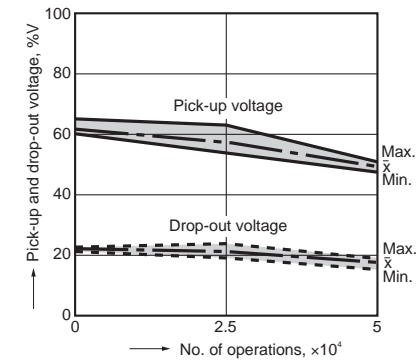
Change of contact resistance



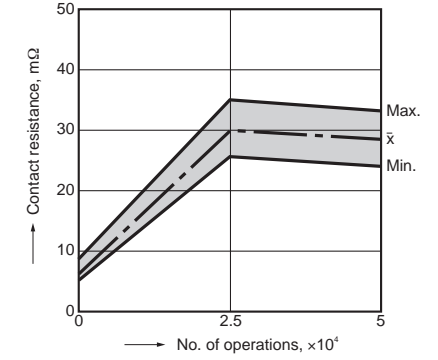
5-(2). Electrical life test
(5 A 250 V AC, resistive load)
Sample: ALA2PF12, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: 20 times/min.
(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

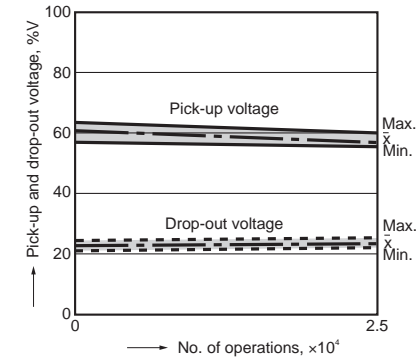


Change of contact resistance

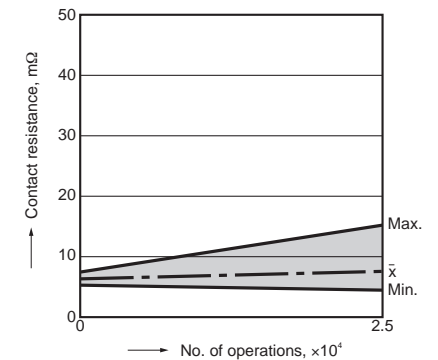


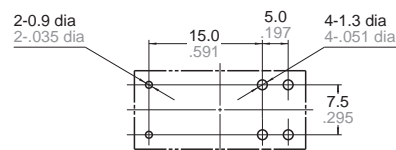
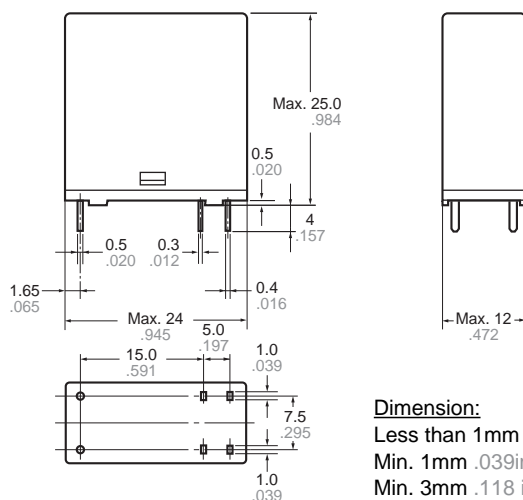
5-(3). Electrical life test
(UL lamp load test TV-4)
Tested sample: ALA2PF12, 6 pcs.
• Overload test
Load: 6.0 A 120 V AC (60 Hz),
Inrush: 91 A
Operation frequency: 10 times/min
(ON: OFF = 1 s: 5 s)
No. of operations: 50 ope.
• Endurance test
Load: 4A 120 V AC (60 Hz),
Inrush: 65 A
Operation frequency: 10 times/min
(ON: OFF = 1 s: 5 s)
No. of operations: 25,000 ope.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.**CAD Data****External dimensions****PC board pattern (Bottom view)**Tolerance : $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Schematic (Bottom view)****Dimension:**

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

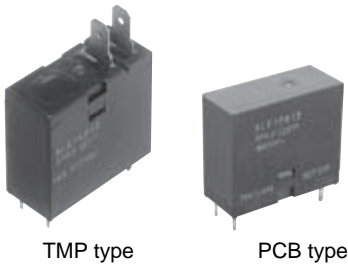
General tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ **SAFETY STANDARDS**

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
Standard	E43149	3A 125V AC 3A 30V DC 5A 50V DC	LR26550 etc.	3A 125V AC 3A 30V DC 5A 50V DC	40012000	3A 125V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 3A 30V DC (0ms)	—	—	B 11 05 13461 298	3A 125V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 3A 30V DC (0ms)	817139	3A 125V AC 3A 30V DC
High capacity	E43149	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC	40012000	5A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	UL E43149 CSA LR26550	TV-4	B 11 05 13461 298	5A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817139	4/65A 250V AC

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

1a 16A power relay for
micro wave oven

LE RELAYS



FEATURES

- 1. Supports magnetron and heater loads.**
Capable for switching magnetron and heater loads found in microwave ovens.

2. Excellent heat resistance
Ambient temperature: up to 85°C 185°F
Certified UL coil insulation class B and class F

3. High insulation resistance
Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil:
Min. 8 mm .315 inch
Surge withstand voltage: 10,000V

4. Low operating power
Nominal operating power: 400mW/
200mW (High sensitive type)

5. A wide variety of types
Product line consists of 4 types with different shapes and pins
- 6. Conforms to the various safety standards:**
UL, CSA, TÜV and VDE approved
UL, CSA and VDE approved (PCB type)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Microwave ovens
- Refrigerators
- OA equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ALE				
LE relay					
Contact arrangement					
1: 1 Form A (400 mW)					
7: 1 Form A (200 mW)					
Terminal shape					
2: TMP type/PCB side three terminals (includes one dummy terminal)					
3: TMP type/PCB side three terminals					
4: TMP type/PCB side four terminals					
P: PCB type (No tab terminals)					
Coil insulation class					
B: Class B insulation					
F: Class F insulation					
Nominal coil voltage, V DC					
05: 5, 06: 6, 09: 9, 12: 12, 18: 18, 24: 24, 48: 48					

Notes: • Certified by UL, CSA, TÜV and VDE (TMP type).
• Certified by UL, CSA and VDE (PCB type).

TYPES

1. Standard type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	TMP type			PCB type (No tab terminals)
		PCB side three terminals (includes one dummy terminal)	PCB side three terminals	PCB side four terminals	
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	
1 Form A	5V DC	ALE12○05	ALE13○05	ALE14○05	ALE1P○05
	6V DC	ALE12○06	ALE13○06	ALE14○06	ALE1P○06
	9V DC	ALE12○09	ALE13○09	ALE14○09	ALE1P○09
	12V DC	ALE12○12	ALE13○12	ALE14○12	ALE1P○12
	18V DC	ALE12○18	ALE13○18	ALE14○18	ALE1P○18
	24V DC	ALE12○24	ALE13○24	ALE14○24	ALE1P○24
	48V DC	ALE12○48	ALE13○48	ALE14○48	ALE1P○48

○: Input the following letter. Class B: B, Class F: F

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

2. High sensitive type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	TMP type			PCB type (No tab terminals)
		PCB side three terminals (includes one dummy terminal)	PCB side three terminals	PCB side four terminals	
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	
1 Form A (High sensitivity: 200mW)	5V DC	ALE72○05	ALE73○05	ALE74○05	ALE7P○05
	6V DC	ALE72○06	ALE73○06	ALE74○06	ALE7P○06
	9V DC	ALE72○09	ALE73○09	ALE74○09	ALE7P○09
	12V DC	ALE72○12	ALE73○12	ALE74○12	ALE7P○12
	18V DC	ALE72○18	ALE73○18	ALE74○18	ALE7P○18
	24V DC	ALE72○24	ALE73○24	ALE74○24	ALE7P○24
	48V DC	ALE72○48	ALE73○48	ALE74○48	ALE7P○48

○: Input the following letter. Class B: B, Class F: F

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 100 pcs. Case 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Standard type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	80 mA	63Ω	400mW	7.25V DC
6V DC			66.7mA	90Ω		8.7 V DC
9V DC			44.4mA	203Ω		13.05V DC
12V DC			33.3mA	360Ω		17.4 V DC
18V DC			22.2mA	810Ω		26.1 V DC
24V DC			16.7mA	1,440Ω		34.8 V DC
48V DC			8.3mA	5,760Ω		69.6 V DC

2) High sensitive type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	40 mA	125Ω	200mW	7.25V DC
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		8.7 V DC
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		13.05V DC
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		17.4 V DC
18V DC			11.1mA	1,620Ω		26.1 V DC
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		34.8 V DC
48V DC			4.2mA	11,520Ω		69.6 V DC

LE (ALE)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		16A 277V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		4,432VA
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC
	Max. switching current		16A
	Nominal operating power		400mW (Standard type), 200mW (High sensitive type)
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 55°C 131°F, Max. 45°C 113°F (200mW type) (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 16A, at 20°C 68°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms, Max. 25 ms (200mW type) (excluding contact bounce time) (With diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁶
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (at resistive load)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight	Approx. 17 g .60 oz, Approx. 15 g .53 oz (PCB type)		

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

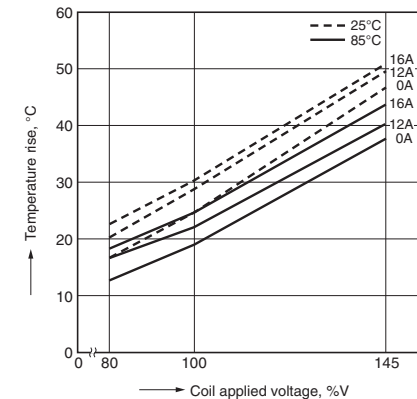
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

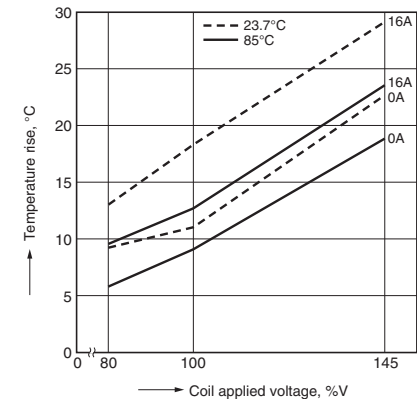
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

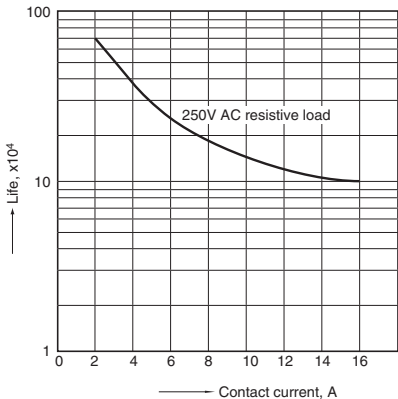
1-1. Coil temperature rise (400mW type)
Sample: ALE14B12, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 85°C 185°F



1-2. Coil temperature rise (200mW type)
Sample: ALE74B12, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Ambient temperature: 23.7°C 74.66°F, 85°C 185°F



2. Life curve



3. Electrical life test (16 A 277 V AC, resistive load)

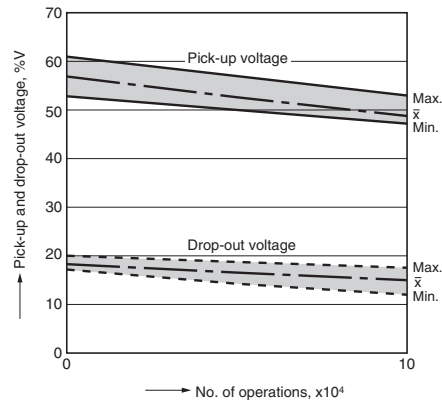
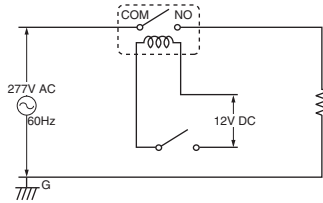
Sample: ALE14B12, 6 pcs.

Operation frequency: 20 times/min.

(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

Circuit:



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. TMP type

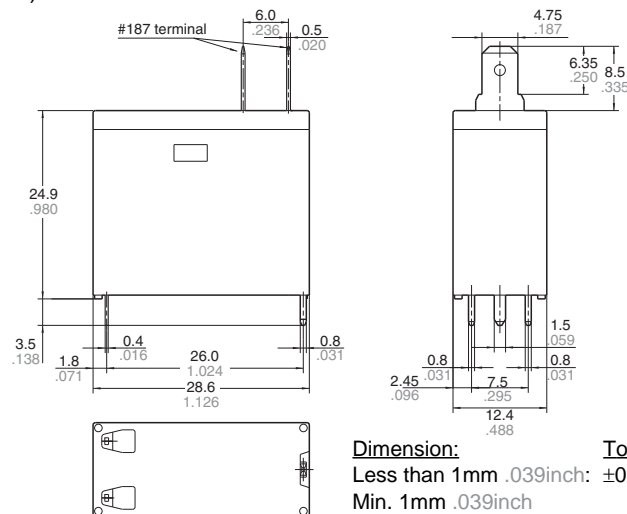
PCB side three terminals

(includes one dummy terminal)

CAD Data

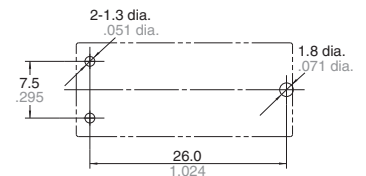


External dimensions



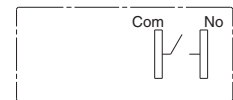
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch	
less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

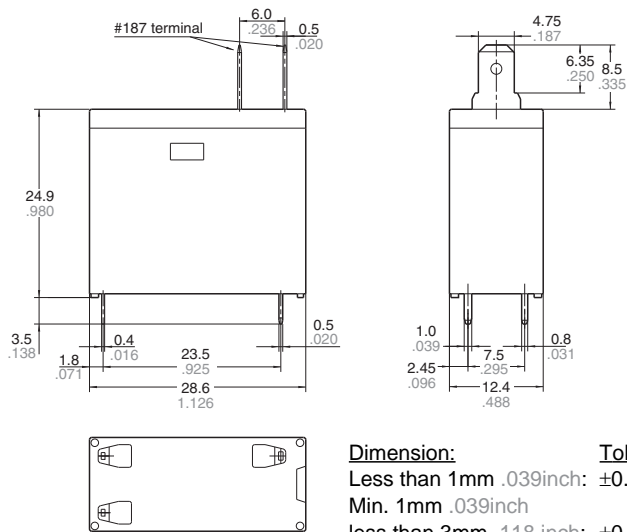


LE (ALE)

PCB side three terminals

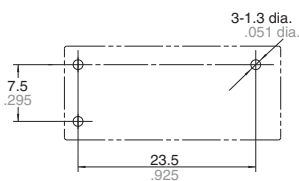
CAD Data

External dimensions



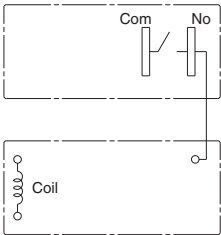
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch	
less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

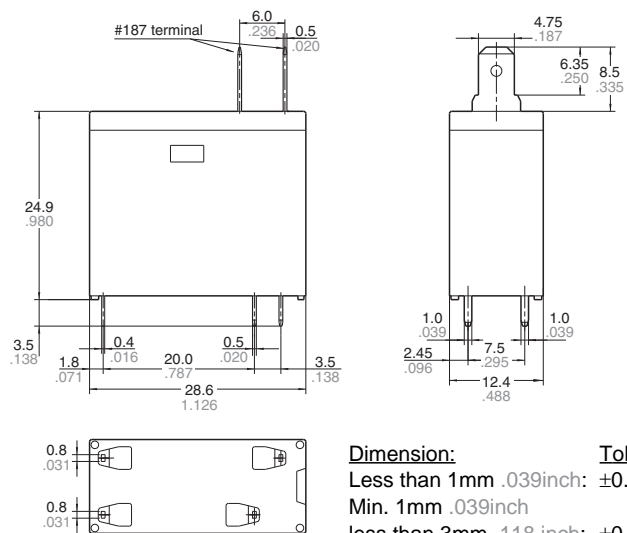
Schematic (Bottom view)



PCB side four terminals

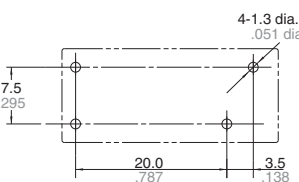
CAD Data

External dimensions



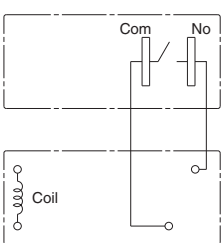
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch	
less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

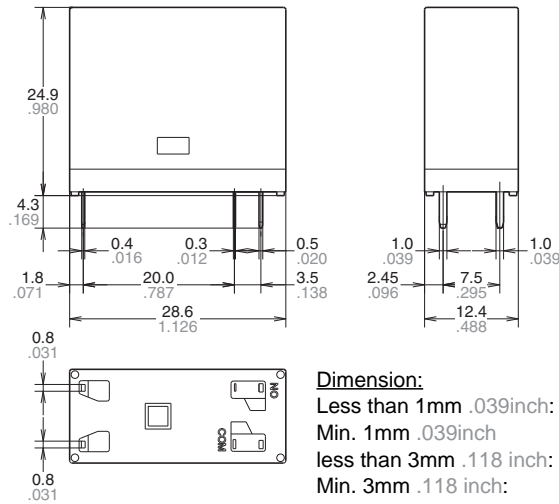


2. PCB type (No tab terminals)

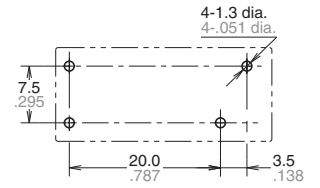
CAD Data



External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		TÜV (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating
E43149	16A 277V AC 16A 30V DC 18A 125V AC	LR26550	16A 277V AC 16A 30V DC 18A 125V AC	40009159	16A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 16A 30V DC (0ms)	UL E43149 CSA LR26550	TV-5	B 11 05 13461 297	16A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 16A 30V DC (0ms)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**Ideal for solar inverter
compact size,
1 Form A 22 A/31 A
power relay**

LF-G RELAYS



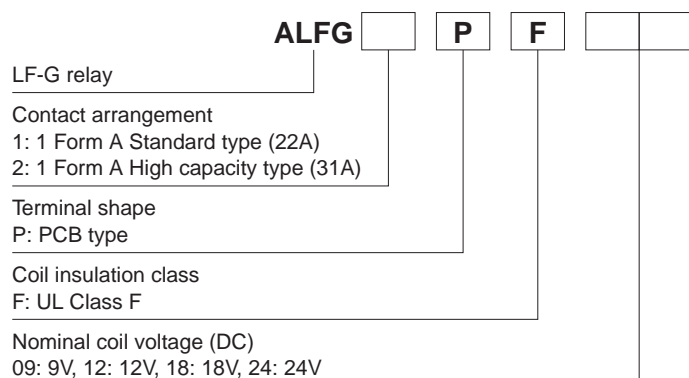
FEATURES

- **High capacity**
High capacity control possible at 22A/31A (High capacity type) 250V AC rating in compact size:
L: 15.7 × W: 30.1 × H: 23.3 mm
L: .618 × W: 1.185 × H: .917 inch
- **Contact gap: 1.5 mm .059 inch**
Compliant with European photovoltaic standard (VDE0126).
EN61810-1 certified: 2.5 kV surge breakdown voltage (between contacts)
- **Coil holding voltage contributes to saving energy of equipment**
The coil holding voltage can be reduced up to 35%V of the nominal coil voltage (Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F).
Power consumption at the lowest coil holding voltage: 170 mW equivalent
*Coil holding voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms from the applied nominal coil voltage.
*When the ambient temperature during use is 85°C 185°F, make the coil holding voltage between 45% and 80%V of the nominal coil voltage.
- **High insulation resistance**
Creepage distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 9.5 mm .354 inch
Clearance distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 6.5 mm .256 inch
Surge breakdown voltage: 6 kV
- **Conforms to various safety standards**
UL, C-UL and VDE approved

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Photovoltaic power generation systems (Solar inverter)
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Home appliances
- Office equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: UL, C-UL and VDE approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		Standard type	High capacity type
1 Form A	9V DC	ALFG1PF09	ALFG2PF09
	12V DC	ALFG1PF12	ALFG2PF12
	18V DC	ALFG1PF18	ALFG2PF18
	24V DC	ALFG1PF24	ALFG2PF24

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

RATING

■ Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
9V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage	10%V or more of nominal voltage	115mA	58Ω	1,400mW	120%V of nominal voltage
12V DC			117mA	103Ω		
18V DC			78mA	230Ω		
24V DC			59mA	410Ω		

■ Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
			Standard type	High capacity type
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		22A 250V AC	31A 250V AC
	Max. switching power		5,500VA	7,750VA
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC	
	Max. switching current		22A (AC)	31A (AC)
	Nominal operating power		1,400mW	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100mA 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil)		6,000 V (initial)	
	Temperature rise*3		Max. 95°C 203°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 22A, at 60°C 140°F) Max. 70°C 158°F (By resistive method, 80%V of nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 22A, at 85°C 185°F)	Max. 95°C 203°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 31A, at 60°C 140°F) Max. 70°C 158°F (By resistive method, 80%V of nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 31A, at 85°C 185°F)
	Coil holding voltage*4		35 to 120%V (contact carrying current: 22A, at 20°C 68°F) 45 to 80%V (contact carrying current: 22A, at 85°C 185°F)	35 to 120%V (contact carrying current: 31A, at 20°C 68°F) 45 to 80%V (contact carrying current: 31A, at 85°C 185°F)
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (at nominal coil voltage excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (at nominal coil voltage excluding contact bounce time, without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical	Resistive load	22A 250V AC, Min. 3×10 ⁴ (at 20 times/min.)	
		Inductive load	22A 250V AC (cosφ = 0.8), Min. 3×10 ⁴ (on:off = 0.1s:10s) Over load: 35A 250V AC (cosφ = 0.8), Min. 50 (on:off = 0.1s:10s)	31A 250V AC (cosφ = 0.8), Min. 3×10 ⁴ (on:off = 0.1s:10s) Over load: 47A 250V AC (cosφ = 0.8), Min. 50 (on:off = 0.1s:10s)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*5		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C -40°F to +140°F (When nominal coil voltage applied) -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F (Coil holding voltage is when 45 to 80%V of nominal coil voltage is applied.) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) Air pressure: 86 to 106 kPa	
Unit weight			Approx. 23 g .81 oz	

Notes: *1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3 In accordance with UL class-F

*4 Coil holding voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms from the applied nominal coil voltage.

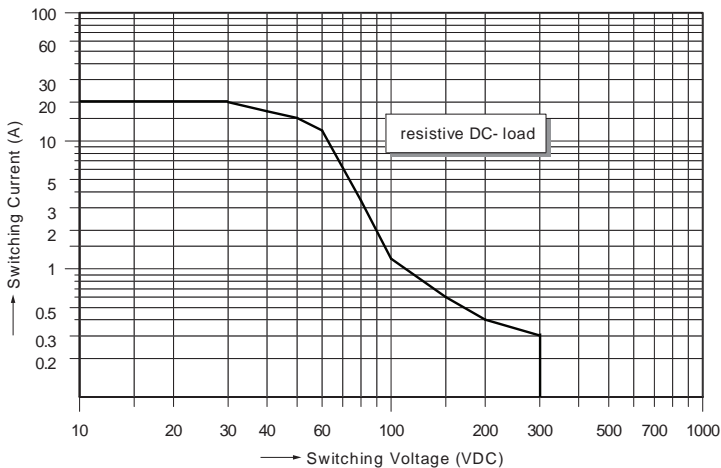
*5 The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to 1. Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

LF-G (ALFG)

REFERENCE DATA

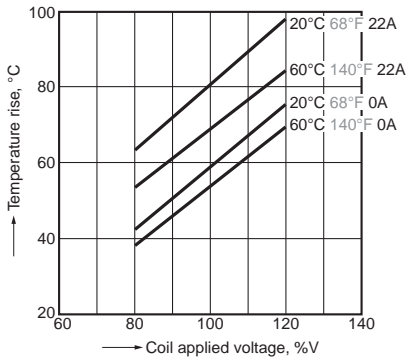
■ Standard type

1-1. DC load limit curve

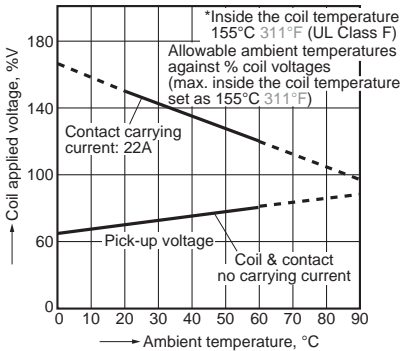


1-2. Coil temperature rise

Sample: ALFG1PF09, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F, 60°C 140°F
Contact carrying current: 22A



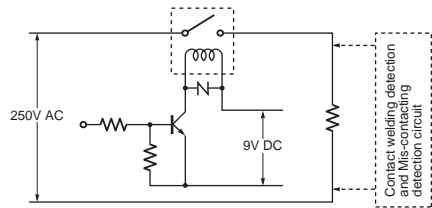
2. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage



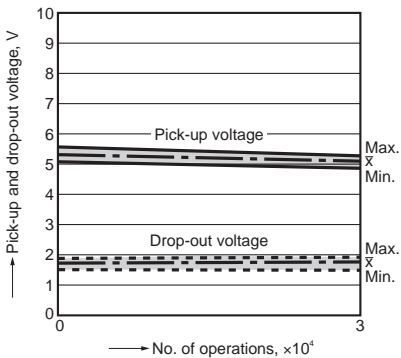
3. Electrical life test

(22A 250V AC Resistive load)
Sample: ALFG1PF09, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: ON:OFF = 1.5s:1.5s
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

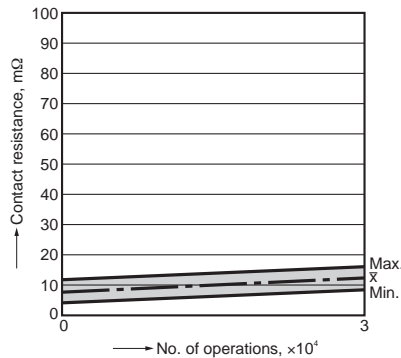
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



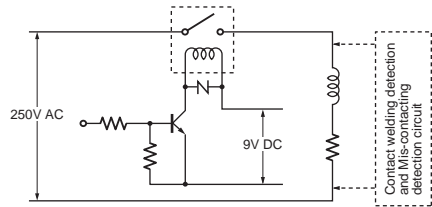
Change of contact resistance



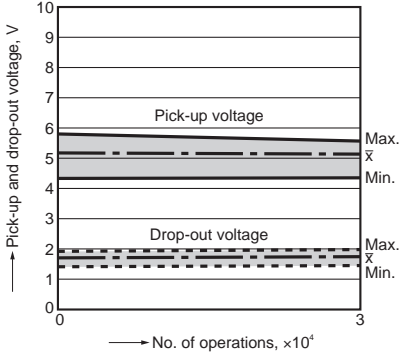
4. Electrical life test

(22A 250V AC cosφ = 0.8 Inductive load)
Sample: ALFG1PF09, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: ON:OFF = 0.1s:10s
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

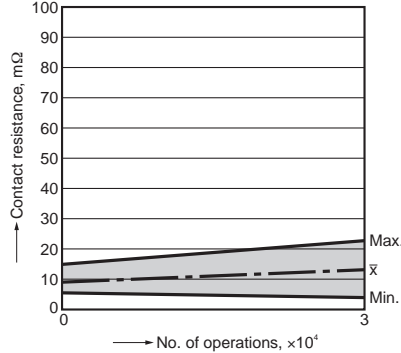
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



■ High capacity type

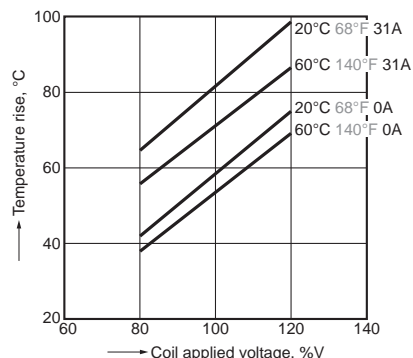
1. Coil temperature rise

Sample: ALFG2PF09, 6 pcs.

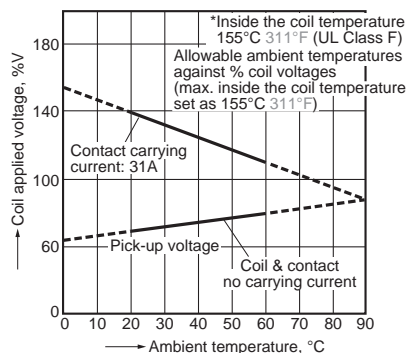
Point measured: coil inside

Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F, 60°C 140°F

Contact carrying current: 31A



2. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage



3. Electrical life test

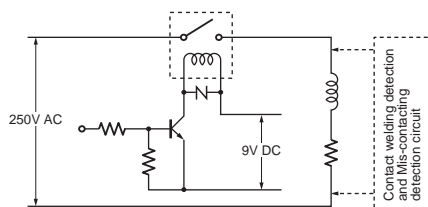
(31A 250V AC $\cos\phi = 0.8$ Inductive load)

Sample: ALFG2PF09, 6 pcs.

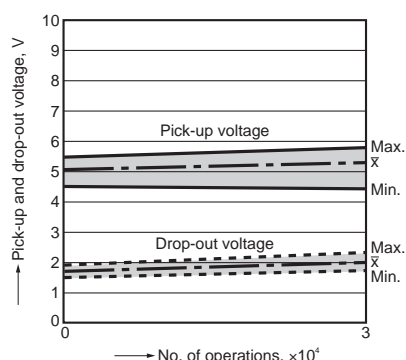
Operation frequency: ON:OFF = 0.1s:10s

Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

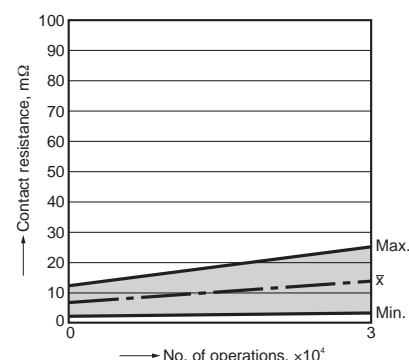
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

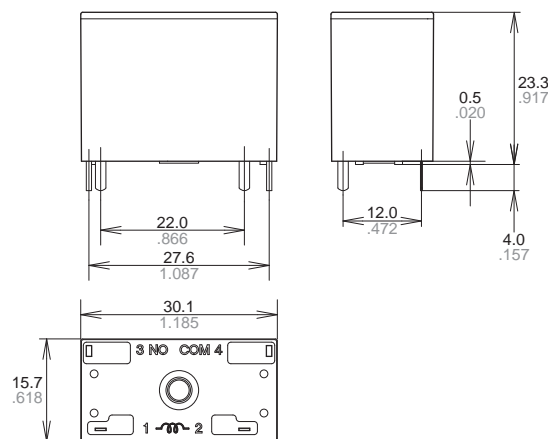


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

CAD Data



External dimensions



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.08$

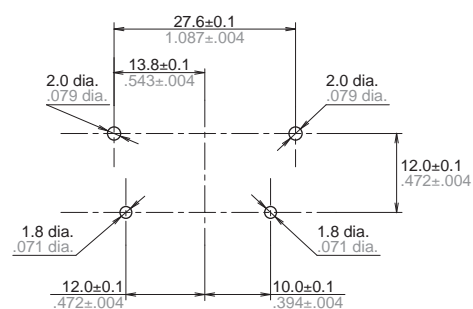
Min. 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

General tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

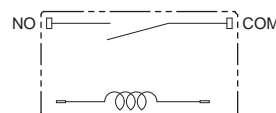
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

Certification authority	Standard type	High capacity type
UL, C-UL	22A 277V AC General Use (at 85°C 185°F)	31A 277V AC General Use (at 85°C 185°F)
VDE (VDE0435)	22A 250V AC $\cos\phi = 0.8$ (at 85°C 185°F)	31A 250V AC $\cos\phi = 0.8$ (at 85°C 185°F)

NOTES

■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature:

–40 to +60°C –40 to +140°F (When nominal coil voltage applied)

–40 to +85°C –40 to +185°F (When coil holding voltage is 45% to 80% of the nominal coil voltage)

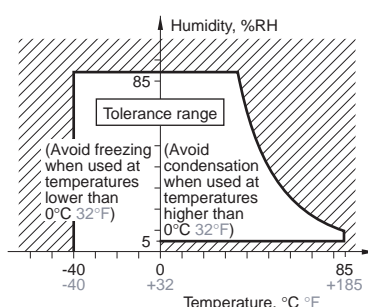
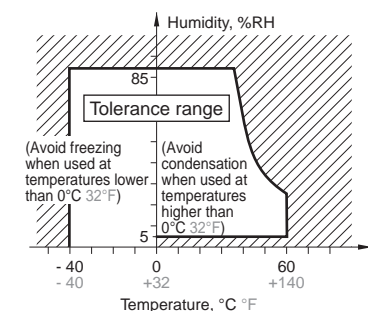
2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



* –40 to +85°C –40 to +185°F (When 45% to 80%V of coil holding voltage)

4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

■ Solder and cleaning conditions

1) Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.

(1) Preheating: Within 120°C 248°F (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 seconds

(2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C

500°F±41°F (solder temperature) and within 6 seconds (soldering time)

2) Since this is not a sealed type relay, do not clean it as is. Also, be careful not to allow flux to overflow above the PC board or enter the inside of the relay.

■ Certification

1) This relay is UL, C-UL certified.

UL, C-UL;

Standard type:

22A 277V AC General Use

High capacity type:

31A 277V AC General Use

2) This relay is certified by VDE (VDE0435).

VDE;

Standard type:

22A 250V AC cosφ = 0.8

High capacity type:

31A 250V AC cosφ = 0.8

■ Cautions for use

1) For precautions regarding use and explanations of technical terminology, please refer to our web site. (panasonic-electric-works.net/ac)

2) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to ±5% (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage. Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.

3) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.

4) Please test with actual device when using the coil holding voltage with PWM control.

5) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

(1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

(2) Highly frequent load-operating

When highly frequent opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO₃ is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.

- Lower the operating frequency

- Lower the ambient humidity

6) This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

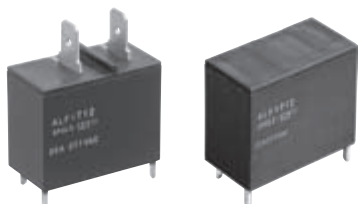
7) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.

8) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

9) Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

10) If complying with the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law (300V AC), please use with a nominal current no higher than 10A.

11) In order to reduce the occurrence of solder cracking due to thermal stress on the PC board, please use a double-face through hole PC board.



TMP type

PCB type

FEATURES

1. Ideal for compressor and inverter loads

- 1) Compressor load: 20A 250V AC
- 2) Inverter load: 20A 100V AC,
10A 200V AC

2. High insulation resistance

- Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil;
Creepage Min. 9.5mm .374inch/
Clearance Min. 8mm .315inch
- Surge withstand voltage: 10,000V

3. "PCB" and "TMP" types available

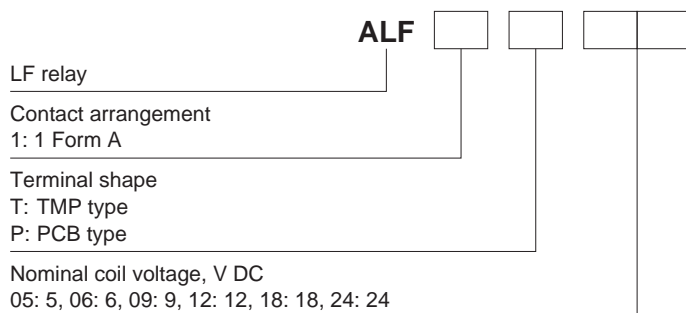
4. Conforms to the various safety standards:

UL/C-UL, TÜV and VDE approved

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Air conditioner
- Refrigerators
- OA equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: Certified by UL/C-UL, VDE and TÜV

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		TMP type	PCB type
1 Form A	5V DC	ALF1T05	ALF1P05
	6V DC	ALF1T06	ALF1P06
	9V DC	ALF1T09	ALF1P09
	12V DC	ALF1T12	ALF1P12
	18V DC	ALF1T18	ALF1P18
	24V DC	ALF1T24	ALF1P24

Standard packing: Carton 50 pcs., Case 200 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	180 mA	27.8Ω	900mW	110%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			150 mA	40 Ω		
9V DC			100 mA	90 Ω		
12V DC			75 mA	160 Ω		
18V DC			50 mA	360 Ω		
24V DC			37.5mA	640 Ω		

LF (ALF)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		20A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		6,250VA
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC
	Max. switching current		25A
	Nominal operating power		900mW
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 20A, at 60°C 140°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (With diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	100 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁶
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (resistive load)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +60°C −40°F to +140°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight			Approx. 23 g .81 oz

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

3. Switching capacity

Electrical Life	Resistive load	20 A, 250 V AC (cosφ = 1)	Min. 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)
		25 A, 250 V AC (cosφ = 1)	Min. 10 ⁴ (at 20 times/min.)
	Compressor load	Inrush 70 A (cosφ = 0.7), Steady 20 A (cosφ = 0.9) 250 V AC	Min. 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)
	Inverter load	Inrush 200 A, Steady 20 A 100 V AC	Min. 3×10 ⁴ (at 10 times/min.)
		Inrush 100 A, Steady 10 A 200 V AC	Min. 3×10 ⁴ (at 10 times/min.)

REFERENCE DATA

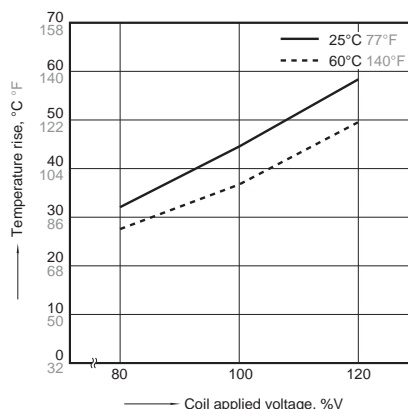
1. Coil temperature rise

Sample: ALF1T12, 6 pcs.

Point measured: coil inside

Contact current: 20A

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 60°C 140°F



2-(1). 200V AC electrical life test

(200V AC, inverter load)

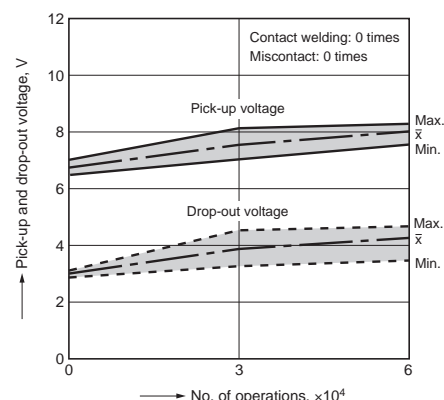
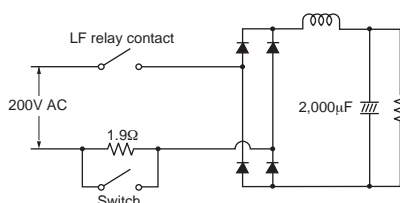
Sample: ALF1T12, 6 pcs.

Load: Inrush 102A (wave peak value),
Steady 14.4A (wave peak value)

Inverter dummy 200V AC

Switching frequency: ON 1s, OFF 5s

Circuit:



2-(2). 100V AC electrical life test

(100V AC, inverter load)

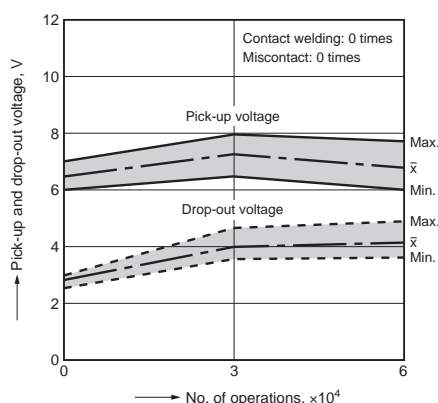
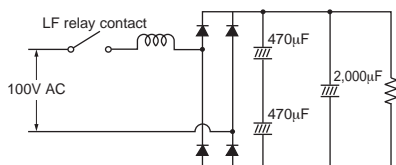
Sample: ALF1T12, 6 pcs.

Load: Inrush 224A (wave peak value),
Steady 30.5A (wave peak value)

Inverter dummy 100V AC

Switching frequency: ON 1s, OFF 5s

Circuit:



2-(3). Inrush 70.7A, Steady 20A, 250V AC electrical life test (Compressor dummy load)

Sample: ALF1T12, 3 pcs.

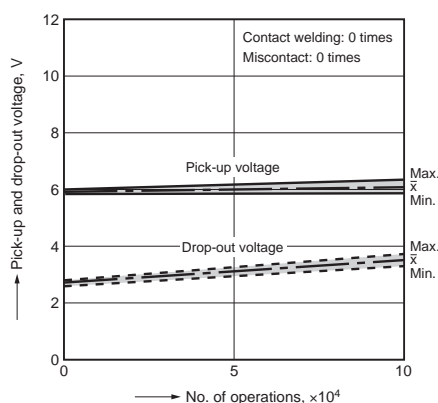
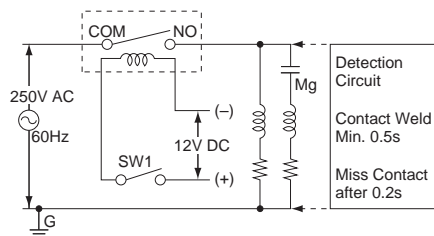
Load: Inrush 70.7A, $\cos\phi = 0.7$

Steady 20A, $\cos\phi = 0.9$

250V AC compressor dummy

Switching frequency: ON 1.5s, OFF 1.5s

Circuit:

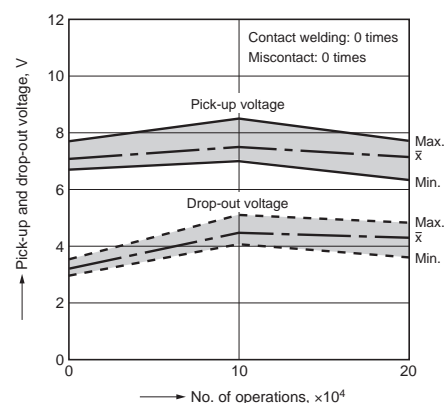


2-(4). Electrical life test

(20A 250V AC, resistive load)

Sample: ALF1T12, 6 pcs.

Switching frequency: ON 1.5s, OFF 1.5s



LF (ALF)

DIMENSIONS(mm inch)

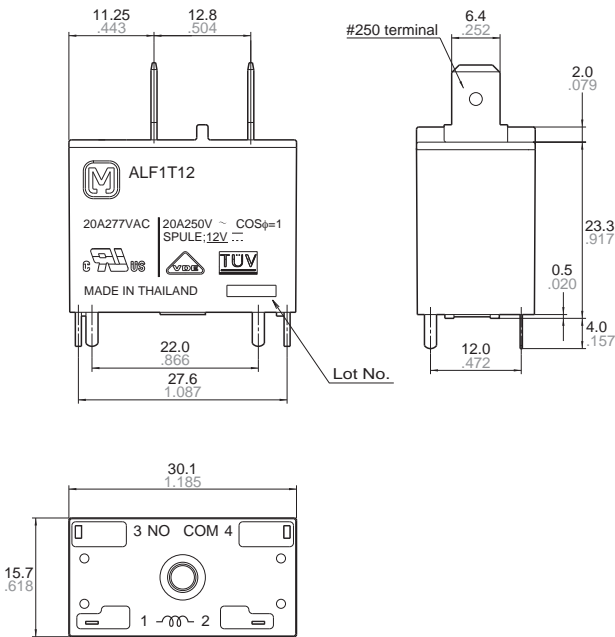
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. TMP type

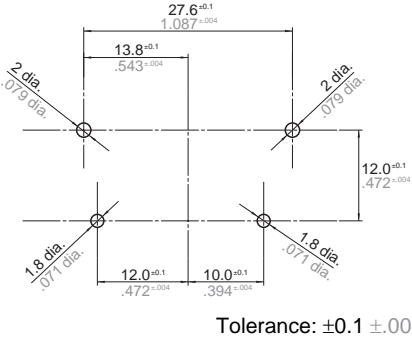
CAD Data



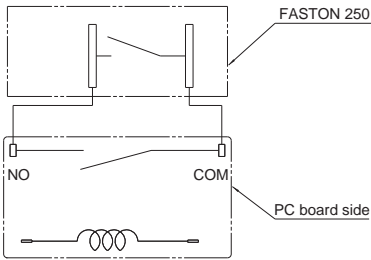
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



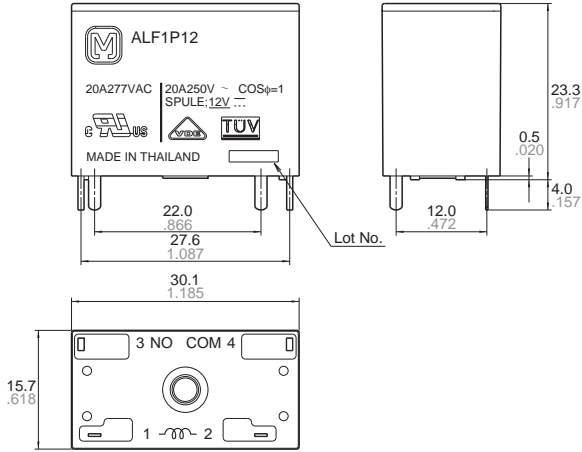
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

2. PCB type

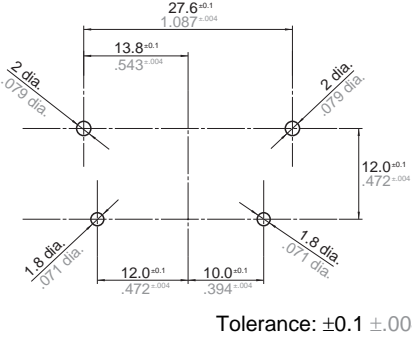
CAD Data



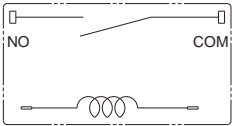
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		TÜV (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating
E43028	25A 277V AC 20A 277V AC	40009169	20A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	UL E43028	TV-8	B 08 06 13461 246	20A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



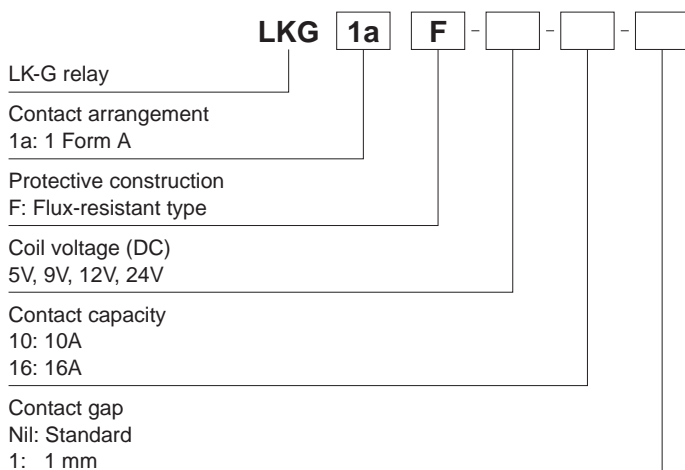
FEATURES

1. **Contact gap: 1 mm .039 inch**
2. **Wide lineup of 3 types available**
 - 1) 10A, 1 mm contact gap type
 - 2) 16A, 1 mm contact gap type
 - 3) 16 A standard type
3. **High inrush current capability (TV-5 approved)**
4. **High insulation resistance**
 - 1) Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 6 mm .236 inch (In compliance with IEC65)
 - 2) Surge withstand voltage between contact and coil: 10,000 V or more

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Audio visual equipment
2. HA equipment
3. Home appliances
4. Office equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		10A, 1 mm contact gap type	16A, 1 mm contact gap type	16 A standard type
1 Form A	5V DC	LKG1aF-5V-10-1	LKG1aF-5V-16-1	LKG1aF-5V-16
	9V DC	LKG1aF-9V-10-1	LKG1aF-9V-16-1	LKG1aF-9V-16
	12V DC	LKG1aF-12V-10-1	LKG1aF-12V-16-1	LKG1aF-12V-16
	24V DC	LKG1aF-24V-10-1	LKG1aF-24V-16-1	LKG1aF-24V-16

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	106.4mA	47Ω	530mW	130%V of nominal voltage
9V DC			58.8mA	153Ω		
12V DC			44.2mA	272Ω		
24V DC			22.1mA	1,087Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
			10A, 1 mm contact gap type	16A, 1 mm contact gap type	16 A standard type
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A		
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10A 277V AC	16A 277V AC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,770VA	4,432VA	
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC	277V AC	
	Max. switching current		10A (AC)	16A (AC)	
	Min. switching capacity ¹		100mA 5V DC		
Electrical characteristics	Contact gap		Min. 1 mm .039 inch		
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC)		
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
	Temperature rise		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 10A, at 70°C 158°F)	Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 16A, at 70°C 158°F)	
	Surge breakdown voltage ² (Between contact and coil)		10,000 V (initial)		
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)		
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.) (with diode)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)		
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm		
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 2×10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)		
	Electrical		Min. 10×10 ⁴ (at 6 times/min.) (with diode)	Min. 5×10 ⁴ (at 6 times/min.) (with diode)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ³		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature); Air pressure: 86 to 106 kPa		
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at rated load)		
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .42 oz		

Notes:

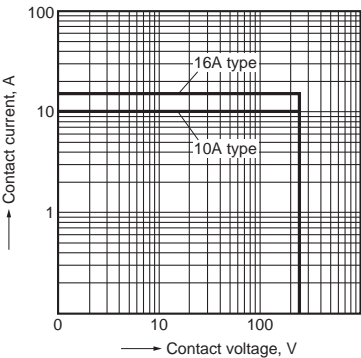
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

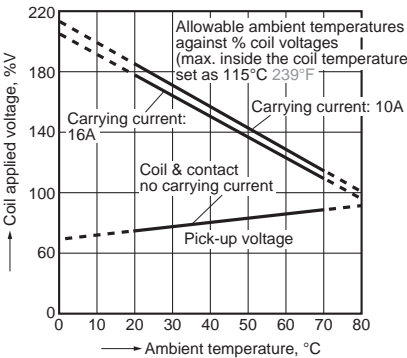
*3 The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to “6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions” in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching power (AC resistive load)



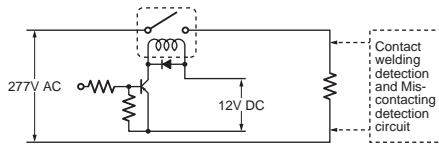
2. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage



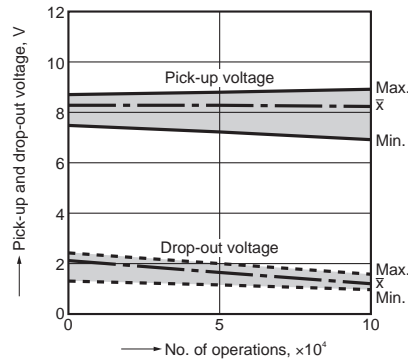
3-(1). Electrical life test (10A type)

Sample: LKG1aF-12V-10-1, 6 pcs.
 Operation frequency: 6 times/min.
 (ON/OFF = 1s: 9s)
 Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

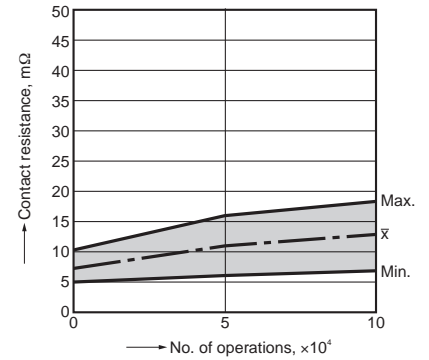
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



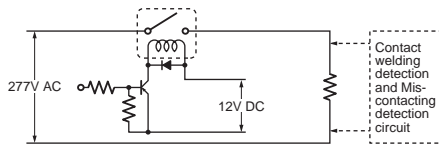
Change of contact resistance



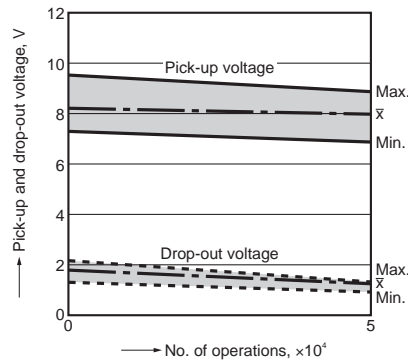
3-(2). Electrical life test (16A type)

Sample: LKG1aF-12V-16-1, 6 pcs.
 Operation frequency: 6 times/min.
 (ON/OFF = 1s: 9s)
 Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

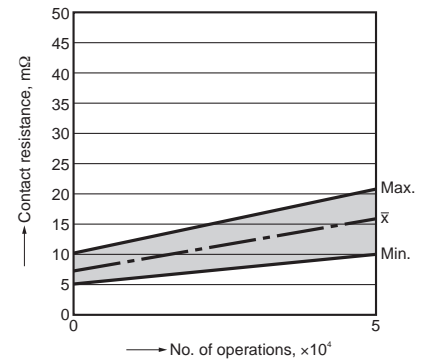
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

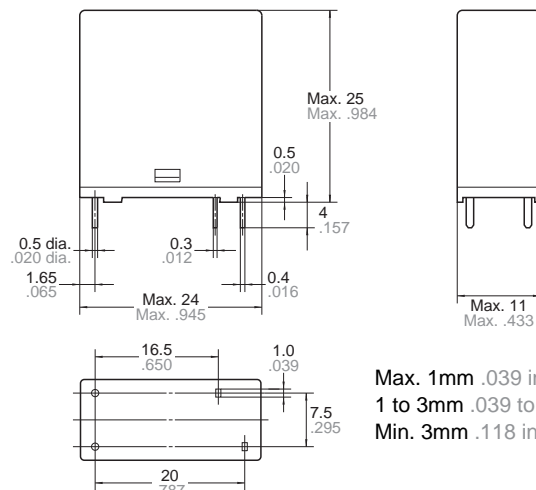


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

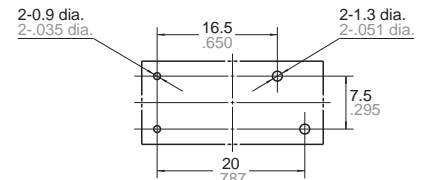
CAD Data

External dimensions



Max. 1mm .039 inch: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
 1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
 Min. 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		TÜV (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
10A type	E43149	TV-5, 10A 277V AC	B 09 05 13461 262	10A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$), 10A 30V DC (0ms)
16A type	E43149	TV-5, 16A 125V AC	B 09 05 13461 262	16A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$), 16A 30V DC (0ms)

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**1a 10A TV-5 rated
power relays**

LK-P RELAYS



FEATURES

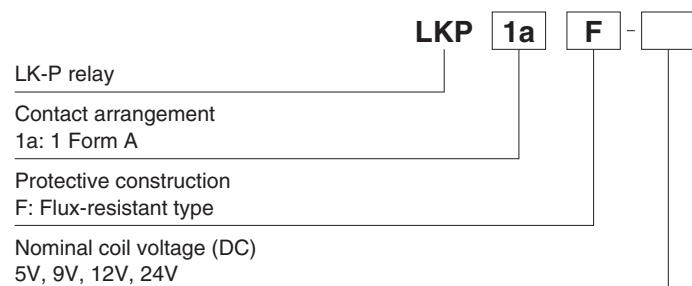
- 1. High switching capacity: 10 A 277V AC**
- 2. High insulation resistance between contact and coil**
 - 1) Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 6 mm .236 inch (In compliance with IEC60065)
 - 2) Surge withstand voltage between contact and coil: 10,000 V
- 3. Popular terminal pitch in AV equipment field**
- 4. Space-saving slim type**
Base area: Width 11 × Length 24 mm
Width .433 × Length .945 inch

- 5. Conforms to the various safety standards**
UL, CSA, VDE, TÜV and SEMKO approved

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- **Audio visual equipment**
TVs, VTRs
- **Office equipment**
LBP, CRT
- **Home appliances**
Refrigerator, Air conditioner

ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes: Certified by UL, CSA, TÜV and SEMKO
VDE approved type is available. Please consult us for details.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A	5V DC	LKP1aF-5V
	9V DC	LKP1aF-9V
	12V DC	LKP1aF-12V
	24V DC	LKP1aF-24V

Note: Standard packing Carton: 100 pcs. Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	106.4mA	47Ω	530mW	6.5V DC
9V DC			58.8mA	153Ω		11.7V DC
12V DC			44.2mA	272Ω		15.6V DC
24V DC			22.1mA	1,087Ω		31.2V DC

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10A 277V AC, 5A 30V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		2,770VA, 150W
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC, 30V DC
	Max. switching current		10A (AC), 5A (DC)
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 10A, at 70°C 158°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 5 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁶
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (ON/OFF = 1.5s : 1.5s at rated load)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +70°C −40°F to +158°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .42 oz

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

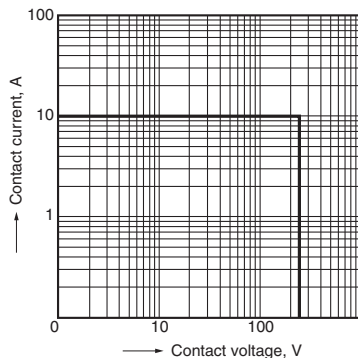
Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50\mu\text{s}$ according to JEC-212-1981

*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching power

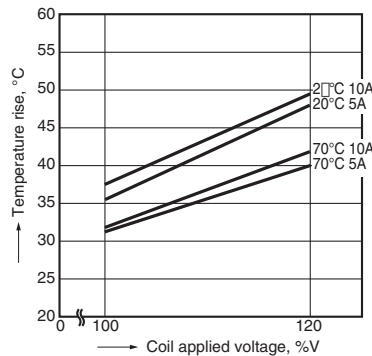


2. Coil temperature rise

Sample: LKP1aF-12V, 6 pcs.

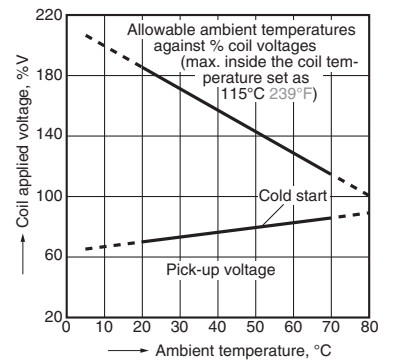
Point measured: coil inside

Contact current: 5 A, 10 A



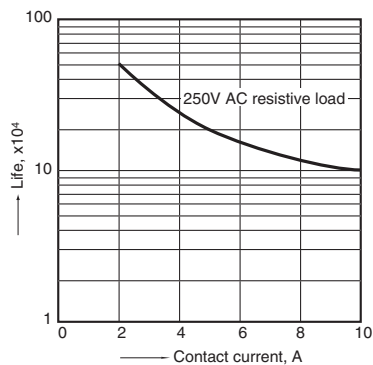
3. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage

Contact current: 10 A



4. Life curve

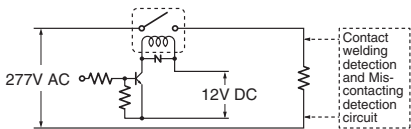
Operation frequency: 20 times/min.
(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)
Ambient temperature: room temperature



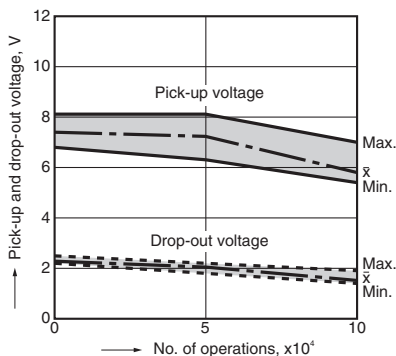
5. Electrical life test

(10 A 277 V AC, resistive load)
Sample: LKP1aF-12V, 6 pcs.
Operation frequency: 20 times/min.
(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

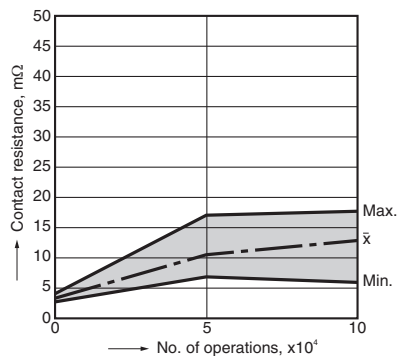
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

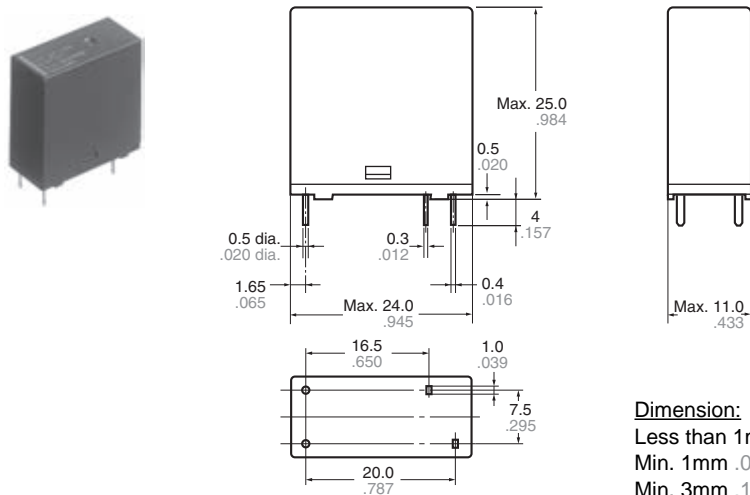


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

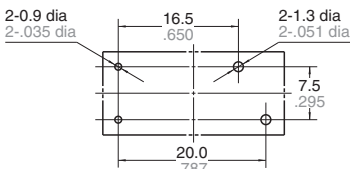
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

External dimensions

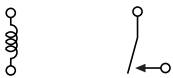


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

General tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43149	10A 277V AC 5A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 277V AC 5A 30V DC	40014390	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	UL E43149 CSA LR26550	TV-5	B 11 05 13461 299	10A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	807779	3/100A 250V AC 5/40A 250V AC 10A 250V DC

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. High sensitivity

A nominal operating power of 250mW and high sensitivity make it ideal for energy saving (LK relay is 530mW).

2. Silent

Approx. 10 dB less sound pressure than previous LK series relay

3. High inrush current capability

Switching capability;

- TV-5 type: inrush 100A, steady: 5A
- TV-8 type: inrush 118A, steady: 8A

4. High insulation resistance

- 1) Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 6 mm .236 inch (In compliance with IEC60065)
- 2) Surge withstand voltage between contact and coil: 10,000 V

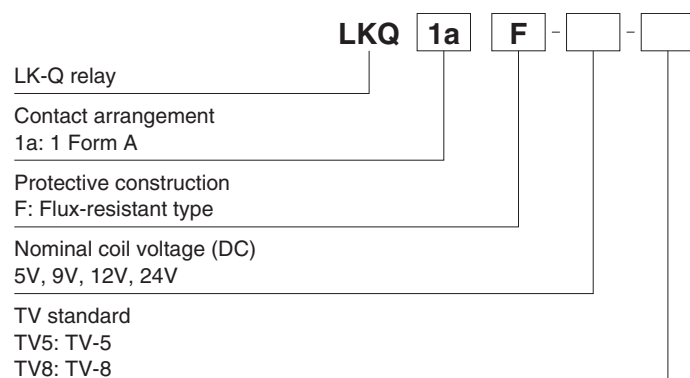
5. Conforms to the various safety standards

UL/C-UL, TÜV, and SEMKO approved

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Flat-panel TVs
- Audio visual equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: Certified by UL/C-UL, TÜV and SEMKO

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		TV-5 type	TV-8 type
1 Form A	5V DC	LKQ1aF-5V-TV5	LKQ1aF-5V-TV8
	9V DC	LKQ1aF-9V-TV5	LKQ1aF-9V-TV8
	12V DC	LKQ1aF-12V-TV5	LKQ1aF-12V-TV8
	24V DC	LKQ1aF-24V-TV5	LKQ1aF-24V-TV8

Standard packing Carton: 100 pcs. Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	50mA	100Ω	250mW	6.5V DC
9V DC			27.8mA	324Ω		11.7V DC
12V DC			20.8mA	576Ω		15.6V DC
24V DC			10.4mA	2,304Ω		31.2V DC

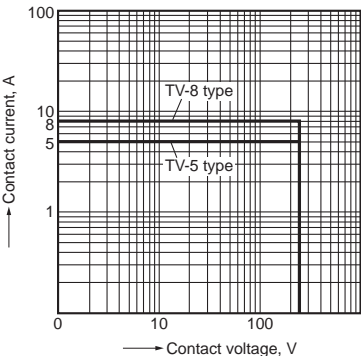
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
			TV-5 type	TV-8 type
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5A 277V AC	8A 277V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,385VA	2,216VA
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC	
	Max. switching current		5A (AC)	8A (AC)
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 35°C 95°F (with nominal coil voltage and at 5A contact carrying current, at 70°C 158°F)	Max. 35°C 95°F (with nominal coil voltage and at 8A contact carrying current, at 70°C 158°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 5 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁶	
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (ON: 1.5s, OFF: 1.5s, at nominal switching capacity)	Min. 5×10 ⁴ (ON: 1.5s, OFF: 1.5s, at nominal switching capacity)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +70°C −40°F to +158°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa	
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .42 oz	

Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

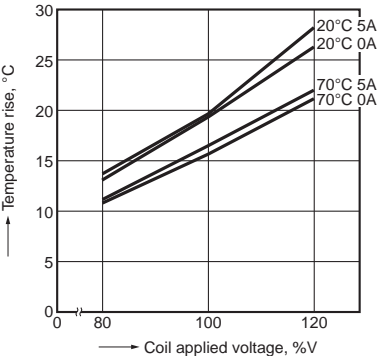
REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching power (AC resistive load)



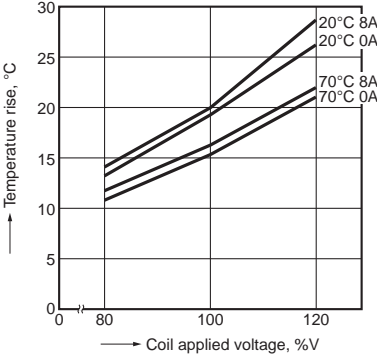
2-(1). Coil temperature rise (TV-5 type)

Sample: LKQ1aF-12V-TV5, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Contact current: 0A, 5A

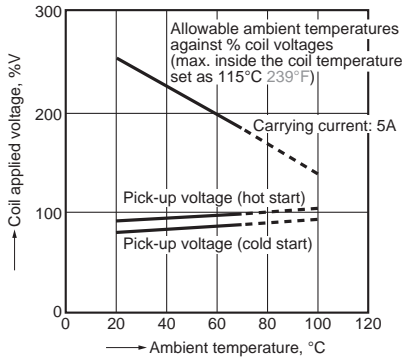


2-(2). Coil temperature rise (TV-8 type)

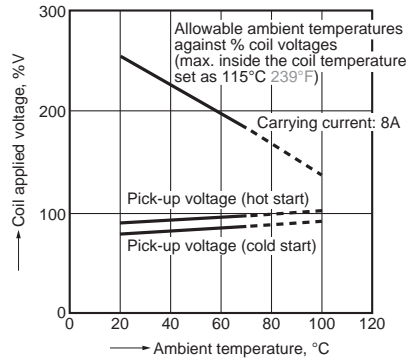
Sample: LKQ1aF-12V-TV8, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Contact current: 0A, 8A



3-(1). Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage (TV-5 type)



3-(2). Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage (TV-8 type)



4-(1). Electrical life test (TV-5 type)

(5A 277V AC, resistive load)

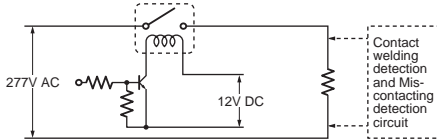
Sample: LKQ1aF-12V-TV5, 6 pcs.

Operation frequency: 20 times/min.

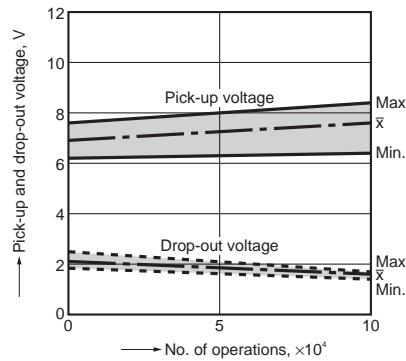
(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)

Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

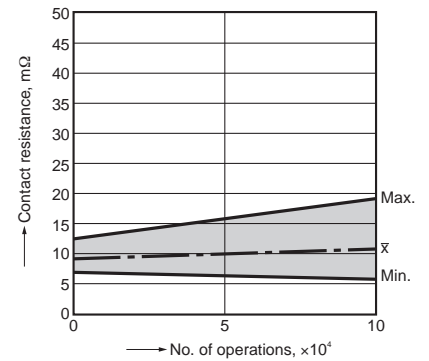
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



4-(2). Electrical life test (TV-8 type)

(8A 277V AC, resistive load)

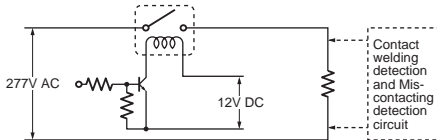
Sample: LKQ1aF-12V-TV8, 6 pcs.

Operation frequency: 20 times/min.

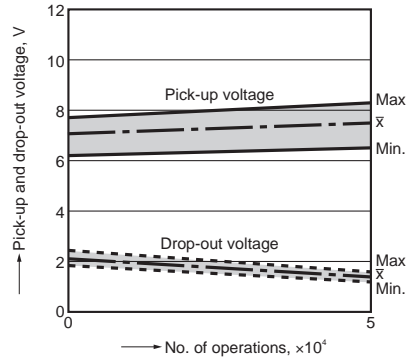
(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)

Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

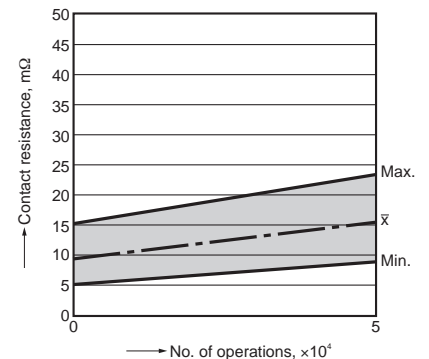
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



5-(1). Operation noise distribution

Measuring conditions

Sample: LKQ1aF-12V-TV5, 50pcs

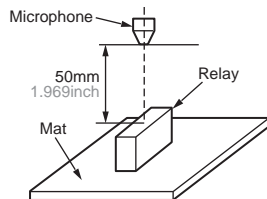
Background noise: approx. 20dB

Coil voltage: 12V DC

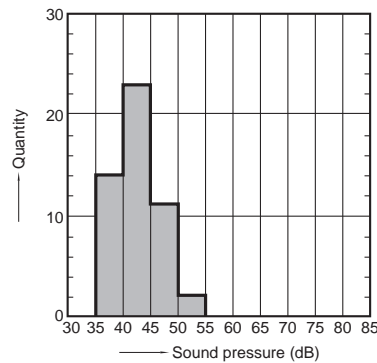
Equipment setting: "A" weighted

Single part (refer to figure below)

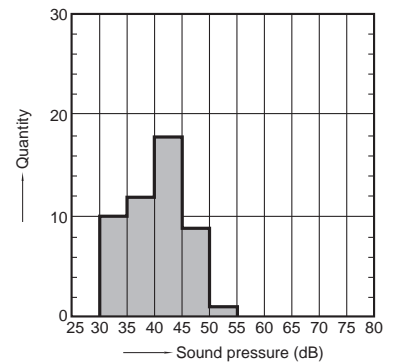
With diode



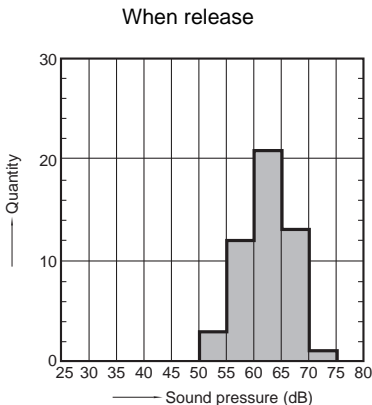
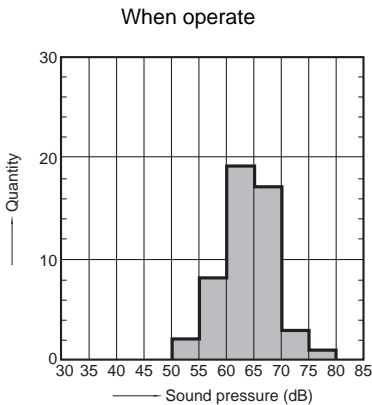
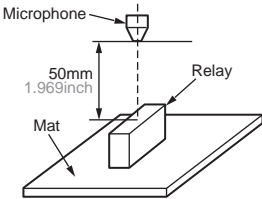
When operate (At contact making)



When release (At contact breaking)



5-(2). Operation noise distribution
(refer to comparison)
Measuring conditions
Sample: LKS1aF-12V, 50pcs
Background noise: approx. 20dB
Coil voltage: 12V DC
Equipment setting: "A" weighted
Single part (refer to figure below)
With diode



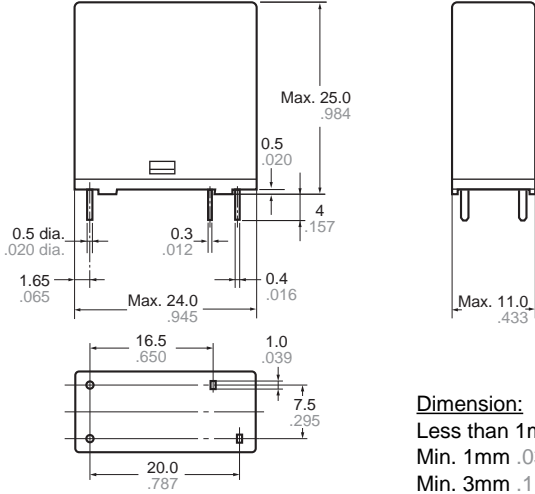
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

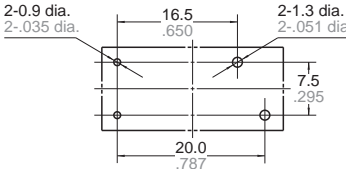
CAD Data



External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:
Less than 1mm .039inch:
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

General tolerance
 $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
 $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
 $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		TV rating (UL/C-UL)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43149	5A 277V AC, 5A 30V DC 10A 277V AC	UL/C-UL E43149	TV-5	B 11 03 13461 284	5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	807779	5A 250V AC
E43149	5A 277V AC, 5A 30V DC 8A 277V AC, 10A 277V AC	UL/C-UL E43149	TV-8		8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)		3/100A 250V AC

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. High inrush current capability

- 1) Operating load capability:
inrush 118 A, steady 8 A
- 2) UL/C-UL TV-8 approved

2. High insulation resistance

- 1) Creepage distance and clearances
between contact and coil: Min. 6 mm .236
inch (In compliance with IEC60065)
- 2) Surge withstand voltage between
contact and coil: 10,000 V or more

3. Conforms to the various safety standards

UL/C-UL, TÜV, and SEMKO approved

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Audio visual equipment
- Flat TVs and audio equipment, etc.
- Office equipment
- Home appliances

ORDERING INFORMATION

LKT 1a F -

LK-T relay

Contact arrangement

1a: 1 Form A

Protective construction

F: Flux-resistant type

Nominal coil voltage (DC)

5V, 9V, 12V, 24V

Notes: Certified by UL/C-UL, TÜV and SEMKO

VDE approved type is available. Please consult us for details.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A	5V DC	LKT1aF-5V
	9V DC	LKT1aF-9V
	12V DC	LKT1aF-12V
	24V DC	LKT1aF-24V

Standard packing Carton: 100 pcs. Case: 500 pcs.

Note: 3V, 6V and 18V DC types are also available. Please consult us for details.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	50mA	100Ω	250mW	6.5V DC
9V DC			27.8mA	324Ω		11.7V DC
12V DC			20.8mA	576Ω		15.6V DC
24V DC			10.4mA	2,304Ω		31.2V DC

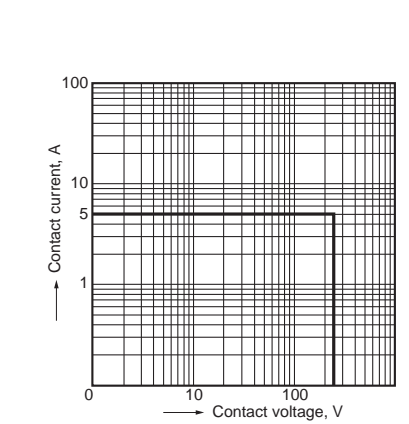
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5A 277V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,385VA
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC
	Max. switching current		8A (AC)
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Temperature rise (coil)		Max. 35°C 95°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 5A, at 70°C 158°F)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 5 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁶
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁵ (ON: 1.5s, OFF: 1.5s, at nominal switching capacity)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +70°C −40°F to +158°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .42 oz

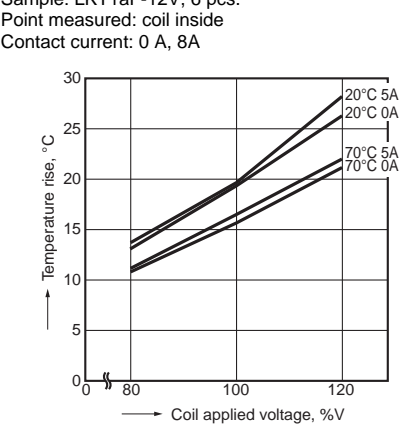
Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981
*3. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

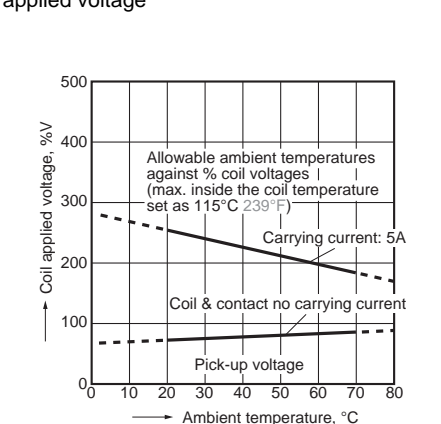
1. Max. switching power (AC resistive load)



2. Coil temperature rise
Sample: LKT1aF-12V, 6 pcs.
Point measured: coil inside
Contact current: 0 A, 8A

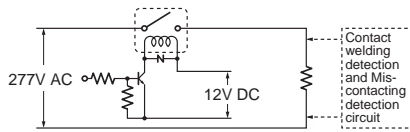


3. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage

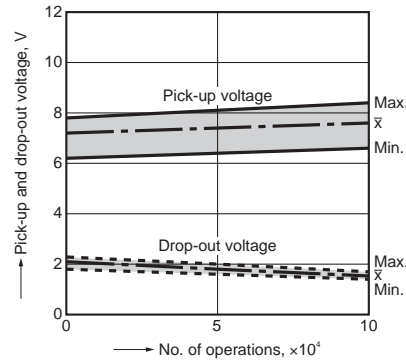


4-(1). Electrical life test
 (5 A 277 V AC, resistive load)
 Sample: LKT1aF-12V, 6 pcs.
 Operation frequency: 20 times/min.
 (ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)
 Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

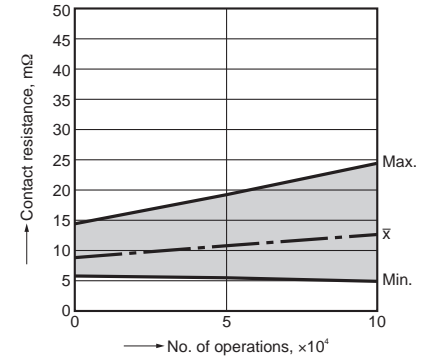
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



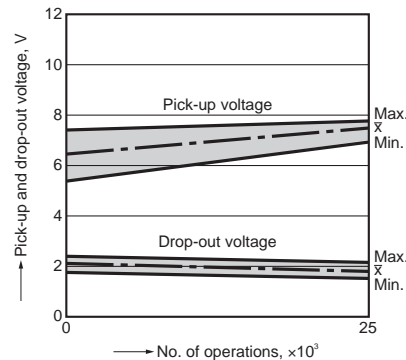
Change of contact resistance



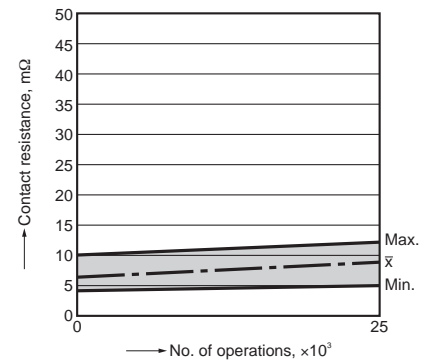
4-(2). Electrical life test
 (UL508 TV-8 rating test)
 Sample: LKT1aF-12V, 6 pcs.

- Overload test
 Load: 12 A 120 V AC (60 Hz),
 Inductive load ($\cos\phi = 0.75$)
 Operation frequency: 6 times/min
 (ON : OFF = 1 s : 9 s)
 No. of operations: 50 ope.
- Endurance test
 Load: 8A 120 V AC (960 W lamp load),
 (Inrush: 118 A)
 Operation frequency: 1 times/min
 (ON : OFF = 1 s : 59 s)
 No. of operations: 25,000 ope.

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



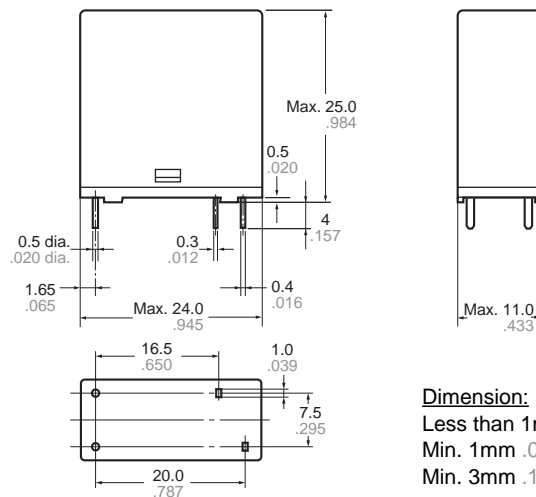
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

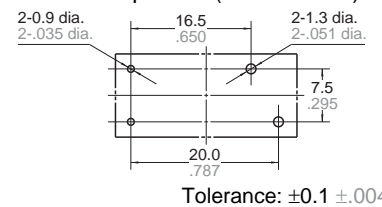
CAD Data



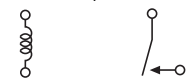
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:
 Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:
 Min. 3mm .118 inch:

General tolerance

±0.1 ±.004
 ±0.2 ±.008
 ±0.3 ±.012

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/C-UL)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43149 (C-UL)	5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 8A 277V AC 10A 277V AC	40014390	8A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$)	UL E43149	TV-8	B 11 03 13461 284	8A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$)	807779	3/100A 250V AC 5/40A 250V AC

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



* Protective construction: Sealed type — RT III

1 Form A/1 Form C 10A Small power relays

LQ RELAYS

FEATURES

- 1. Miniature size and small:**
10(W) × 20(L) × 16(H) mm .394(W) × .787(L) × .630(H) inch
- 2. Compact with high capacity:**
1 Form A and 1 Form C, 10 A
- 3. Ambient temperature:**
−40°C to +85°C −40°F to 185°F
- 4. High surge voltage: 8,000 V**
between contacts and coil
- 5. High breakdown voltage: 4,000 V**
between contacts and coil
- 6. High insulation resistance:**
1 Form A: Creepage distance and clearance between contact and coil:
Min. 4.55 mm .179 inch
1 Form C: Creepage distance and clearance between contact and coil:
Min. 3.53 mm .139 inch

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Household appliances

- Air conditioners
- Refrigerators
- Fan heaters
- Microwave ovens
- Inverter
- Hot water units

ORDERING INFORMATION

ALQ 

Contact arrangement

1: 1 Form C

3: 1 Form A

Coil insulation class

Nil: Class B insulation

F: Class F insulation

Nominal coil voltage (DC)

05: 5V, 06: 6V, 09: 9V, 12: 12V, 18: 18V, 24: 24V

TYPES

Nominal coil voltage	1 Form A	1 Form C
	Part No.	Part No.
5V DC	ALQ305	ALQ105
6V DC	ALQ306	ALQ106
9V DC	ALQ309	ALQ109
12V DC	ALQ312	ALQ112
18V DC	ALQ318	ALQ118
24V DC	ALQ324	ALQ124

Standard packing: Carton 100 pcs., Case 500 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage
1 Form A	5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	40.0mA	125 Ω	200mW	180% of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F) 130% of nominal voltage (at 85°C 185°F)*4
	6V DC			33.3mA	180 Ω		
	9V DC			22.2mA	405 Ω		
	12V DC			16.7mA	720 Ω		
	18V DC			11.1mA	1,620 Ω		
	24V DC			8.3mA	2,880 Ω		
1 Form C	5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	80.0mA	62.5Ω	400mW	150% of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F) 110% of nominal voltage (at 85°C 185°F)*4
	6V DC			66.7mA	90 Ω		
	9V DC			44.4mA	202.5Ω		
	12V DC			33.3mA	360 Ω		
	18V DC			22.2mA	810 Ω		
	24V DC			16.7mA	1,440 Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)	
	Contact material		AgNi type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5 A 30 V DC, 10 A 125 V AC, 5 A 250 V AC	N.O. side: 10 A 125 V AC, 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC N.C. side: 3 A 125 V AC, 2 A 250 V AC, 1 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		150 W, 1,250 VA	N.O. side: 150 W, 1,250 VA N.C. side: 30 W, 500 VA
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC	
	Max. switching current		N.O.: 10 A (125V AC), N.C.: 3 A (125V AC)	
	Nominal operating power		200 mW	400 mW
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100 mA, 5 V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	750 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Temperature rise (coil)*4		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 10A, at 85°C 185°F)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil)		8,000 V (Initial)	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.) (Initial)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time, with diode) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	1 Form A: 294 m/s ² , 1 Form C: 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.6 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight			Approx. 7 g .25 oz	

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2.Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3.The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

*4.When using relays in a high ambient temperature, consider the pick-up voltage rise due to the high temperature (a rise of approx. 0.4% V for each 1°C 33.8°F with 20°C 68°F as a reference) and use a coil impressed voltage that is within the maximum applied voltage range.

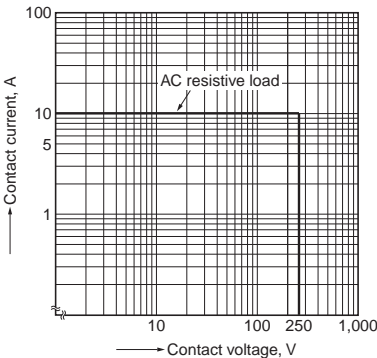
3. Expected electrical life

Condition: Resistive load, at 20°C 68°F, at 20 times/min., with diode

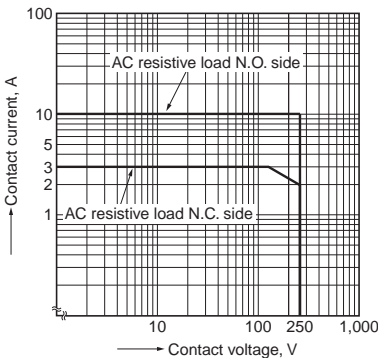
Type		Switching capacity	No. of operations
1 Form A (at 20 times/min.)		10 A 125 V AC 5 A 250 V AC 5 A 30 V DC	5×10 ⁴ 5×10 ⁴ 10 ⁵
1 Form C (at 20 times/min.)	N.O.	10 A 125 V AC 5 A 250 V AC 5 A 30 V DC	5×10 ⁴ 5×10 ⁴ 10 ⁵
	N.C.	3 A 125 V AC 2 A 250 V AC 1 A 30 V DC	2×10 ⁵ 2×10 ⁵ 10 ⁵

REFERENCE DATA

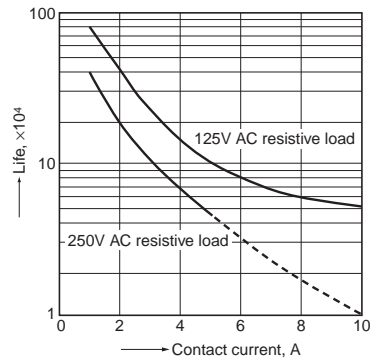
1.-(1) Max. switching capacity (1 Form A type)



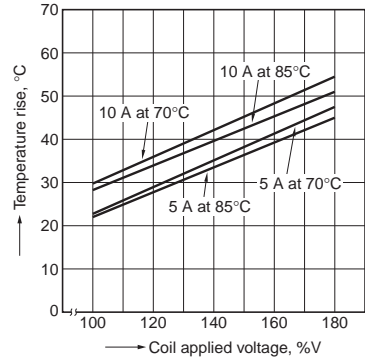
1.-(2) Max. switching capacity (1 Form C type)



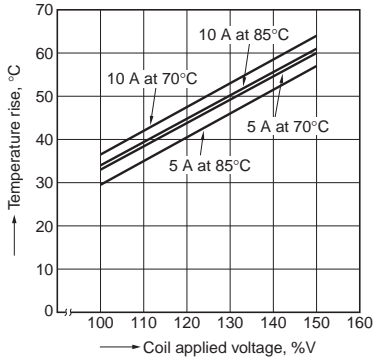
2. Life curve
Ambient temperature: room temperature



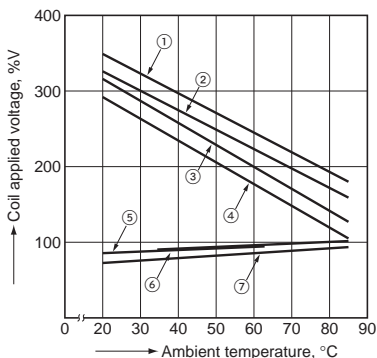
3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (1 Form A type)
Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil



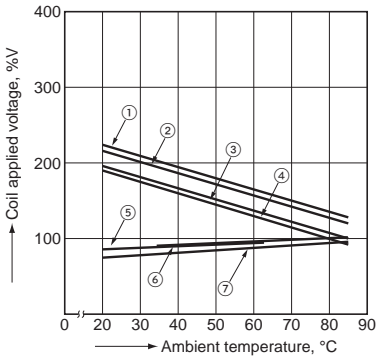
3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (1 Form C type)
Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A
Measured portion: Inside the coil



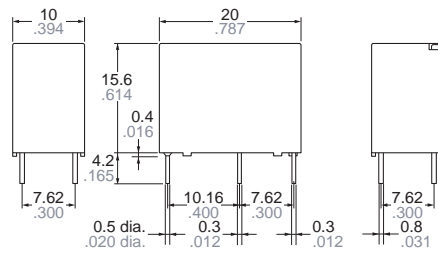
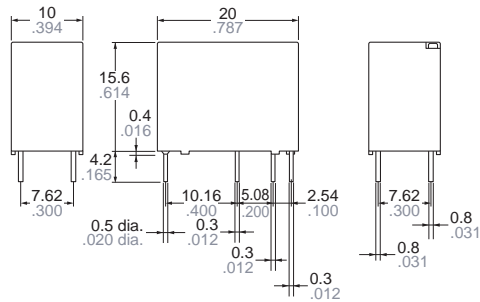
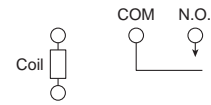
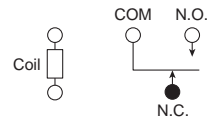
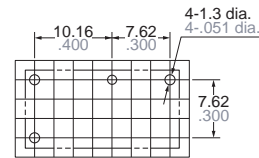
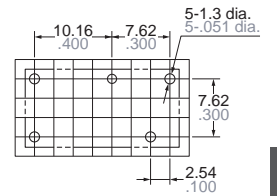
4.-(1) Ambient temperature characteristics
(1 Form A type)
Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A



4.-(2) Ambient temperature characteristics
(1 Form C type)
Contact carrying current: 5 A, 10 A



- ① Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ② Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 130°C 266°F) (Carrying current: 10 A)
- ③ Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ④ Allowable ambient temperature against % coil voltage (max. inside the coil temperature set as 115°C 239°F) (Carrying current: 10 A)
- ⑤ Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 10 A)
- ⑥ Pick-up voltage with a hot-start condition of 100%V on the coil (Carrying current: 5 A)
- ⑦ Pick-up voltage

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.**CAD Data****External dimensions****1 Form A****1 Form C****Schematic (Bottom view)****1 Form A****1 Form C****PC board pattern (Bottom view)****1 Form A****1FormC**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Dimension:**

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 5mm .197 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Min. 5mm .197 inch:

General tolerance $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ $\pm 0.4 \pm .016$ **SAFETY STANDARDS**

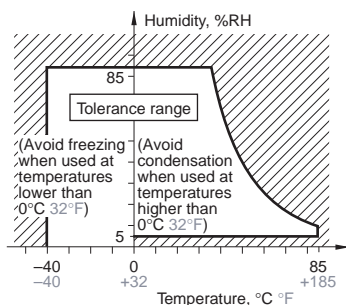
Item	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	E43028	10A 125V AC 5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 4FLA/4LRA 277V AC 1/6 HP 125V AC 1/6 HP 277V AC	40032836	5A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 10A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 10A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=0.4$) 5A 30V DC (0ms)
1 Form C	E43028	<N.O.> 10A 125V AC 5A 277V AC 5A 30V DC 4FLA/4LRA 277V AC 1/6 HP 125V AC 1/6 HP 277V AC <N.C.> 3A 125V AC 2A 277V AC 1A 30V DC	40032836	<N.O.> 5A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 10A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=1.0$) 10A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=0.4$) 5A 30V DC (0ms) <N.C.> 3A 250V AC ($\cos\phi=0.4$)

Note) CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Temperature: -40 to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



- 4) Condensation
Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.
- 5) Freezing
Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C (32°F). This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.
- 6) Low temperature, low humidity environments
The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

■ Solder and cleaning conditions

- 1) Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.
 - (1) Preheating: Within 120°C (248°F) (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 seconds
 - (2) Soldering iron: $260^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($500^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 41^{\circ}\text{F}$) (solder temperature) and within 6 seconds (soldering time)
- 2) Do not use ultrasonic cleaning. This will adversely affect relay characteristics. When cleaning the relay, please use alcoholic solvents.

■ Cautions for use

- 1) For precautions regarding use and explanations of technical terminology, please refer to our web site. (panasonic-electric-works.net/ac)
- 2) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to $\pm 5\%$ (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage. Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.
- 3) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.
- 4) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F , humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.
Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.
 - (1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.
 - (2) Highly frequent load-operating

When highly frequent opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO_3 is formed. This can corrode metal materials. Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
 - Lower the operating frequency
 - Lower the ambient humidity
- 5) This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
 - 6) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.
 - 7) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.
 - 8) Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- 1. Low profile type with height of 15.7 mm**
Slim, low profile type with dimensions of 28.8 (L) × 12.5 (W) × 15.7 (H) mm
1.134 (L) × .492 (W) × .618 (H) inch.
- 2. High insulation resistance**
Superior insulation characteristics have been achieved by maintaining an insulation distance between coil and contacts of at least 10 mm for both creepage distance and clearances. Furthermore, anti-surge voltage is 10 kV and higher. (Supports European reinforced insulation requirement.)
- 3. Superior heat resistance**
Can be used in ambient temperatures up to 85°C 185°F for the class B and 105°C 221°F for the class F.
- 4. Low operating power**
Power saved with a nominal operating power of only 400 mW.

- 5. Conforms to the various safety standards:**
UL, C-UL, VDE approved.
- 6. Superior heat resistance and tracking resistance**
EN60335-1 GWT compliant (Tested by VDE) type available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1) Household electrical appliances**
TV, CATV, Audio equipment, Microwave ovens, and Heaters, etc.
- 2) Office equipment**
Copy machines, Packaged air conditioners, and Vending machines
- 3) Industrial equipment**
Machine tools, Robots, and Temperature controllers

Power

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ALZ						
LZ relays							
Contact arrangement							
1: 1 Form C							
5: 1 Form A							
Protective construction							
1: Flux-resistant type							
2: Sealed type							
Coil insulation class							
B: Class B insulation							
F: Class F insulation							
Coil voltage (DC)							
05: 5 V 18: 18 V							
09: 9 V 24: 24 V							
12: 12 V 48: 48 V							
Flame resistance and tracking resistance							
Nil: —							
T: EN60335-1 (Conform)							
Packing style							
Nil: Tube packing							
W: Carton packing							
Note: UL, C-UL, VDE approved type is standard.							

LZ (ALZ)

TYPES

1. Flux-resistant type

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Flux-resistant type		Packing style			
		Class B insulation	Class F insulation	Tube packing		Carton packing	
		Part No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Case	Inner carton	Case
1 Form C	5 V DC	ALZ11B05W	ALZ11F05W	20 pcs.	800 pcs.	100 pcs.	500 pcs.
	9 V DC	ALZ11B09W	ALZ11F09W				
	12 V DC	ALZ11B12W	ALZ11F12W				
	18 V DC	ALZ11B18W	ALZ11F18W				
	24 V DC	ALZ11B24W	ALZ11F24W				
	48 V DC	ALZ11B48W	ALZ11F48W				
1 Form A (New PC board terminal)	5 V DC	ALZ51B05W	ALZ51F05W				
	9 V DC	ALZ51B09W	ALZ51F09W				
	12 V DC	ALZ51B12W	ALZ51F12W				
	18 V DC	ALZ51B18W	ALZ51F18W				
	24 V DC	ALZ51B24W	ALZ51F24W				
	48 V DC	ALZ51B48W	ALZ51F48W				

2. Sealed type

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Sealed type		Packing style			
		Class B insulation	Class F insulation	Tube packing		Carton packing	
		Part No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Case	Inner carton	Case
1 Form C	5 V DC	ALZ12B05W	ALZ12F05W	20 pcs.	800 pcs.	100 pcs.	500 pcs.
	9 V DC	ALZ12B09W	ALZ12F09W				
	12 V DC	ALZ12B12W	ALZ12F12W				
	18 V DC	ALZ12B18W	ALZ12F18W				
	24 V DC	ALZ12B24W	ALZ12F24W				
	48 V DC	ALZ12B48W	ALZ12F48W				
1 Form A (New PC board terminal)	5 V DC	ALZ52B05W	ALZ52F05W				
	9 V DC	ALZ52B09W	ALZ52F09W				
	12 V DC	ALZ52B12W	ALZ52F12W				
	18 V DC	ALZ52B18W	ALZ52F18W				
	24 V DC	ALZ52B24W	ALZ52F24W				
	48 V DC	ALZ52B48W	ALZ52F48W				

Notes: 1. If you desire tube packaging, please order without adding the packaging symbol “W” to the end of the part number.
2. Carton packing symbol “W” is not marked on the relay.
3. EN60335-1 GWT compliant types available. When ordering, please add suffix “T”.
Ex. ALZ51B12I, ALZ51F12IW

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5 V DC	Max. 70%V nominal voltage (Initial)	Min. 10%V nominal voltage (Initial)	80 mA	63Ω	400 mW	130%V of nominal voltage
9 V DC			44.4 mA	203Ω		
12 V DC			33.3 mA	360Ω		
18 V DC			22.2 mA	810Ω		
24 V DC			16.7 mA	1,440Ω		
48 V DC			8.3 mA	5,760Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C, 1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgSnO ₂ type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		16A 250V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		4,000V A
	Max. switching voltage		440V AC
	Max. switching current		16A
	Nominal operating power		400mW
	Min. switching capacity ^{*1}		100mA 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 55°C 131°F [with nominal coil voltage and at 16A contact carrying current (resistance method) at 20°C 68°F]
	Surge breakdown voltage ^{*2} (Between contacts and coil)		10,000 V (Initial)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15ms (excluding contact bounce time)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5ms (excluding contact bounce time, without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5mm (Detection time: 10μs.) (Only the N.C. side of 1 Form C is 0.8mm)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁷
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.) ^{*3}		N.O.: Min. 10 ⁵ , N.C.: Min. 5×10 ⁴
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{*4, *5}		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F (Class B) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .42 oz

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of $\pm 1.2 \times 50\mu\text{s}$ according to JEC-212-1981

*3 In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib. For details, please refer to NOTES.

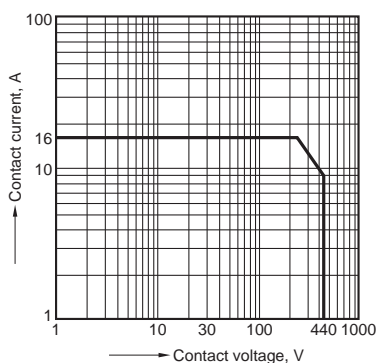
*4 Class F type is ambient temperature 105°C +221°F.

*5 The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

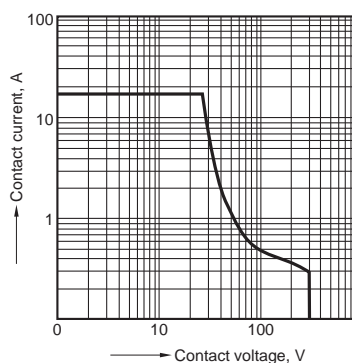
* Please note that some of the specifications listed above may not comply with overseas standards.

REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching power (AC resistive load)

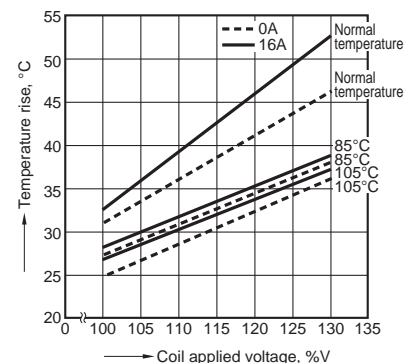


2. Max. switching power (DC resistive load)



3. Coil temperature rise

Sample: ALZ11F12, 5pcs.
Measured portion: coil inside
Contact current: 0 A, 16 A



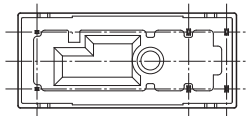
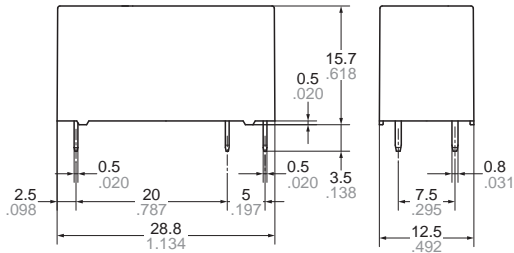
LZ (ALZ)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

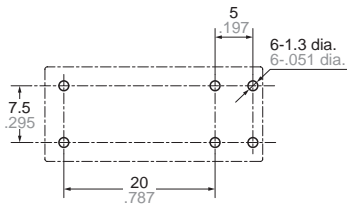
1. 1 Form A type

CAD Data



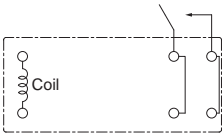
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1 mm.039inch:	±0.1±.004
Min. 1 mm.039inch less than 3 mm.118inch:	±0.2±.008
Min. 3 mm.118inch:	±0.3±.012

PC board pattern



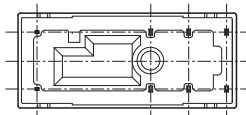
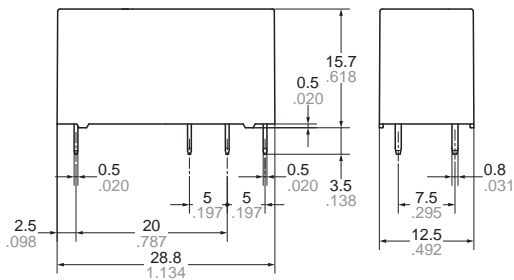
Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view)



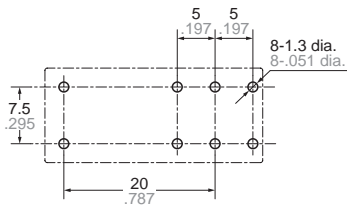
2. 1 Form C type

CAD Data



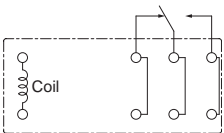
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1 mm.039inch:	±0.1±.004
Min. 1 mm.039inch less than 3 mm.118inch:	±0.2±.008
Min. 3 mm.118inch:	±0.3±.012

PC board pattern



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

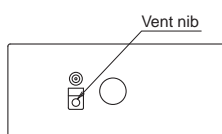
UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)		TV rating (UL/CSA)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating
E43149	16A 277V AC, 34.8LRA/7.2FLA/120V AC, 15LRA/3FLA/120V AC 10LRA/3FLA 240V AC, 20A 240V AC (N.O. only) 16A 30V DC, 25A 240V AC, 15A 240V AC Resistive load 105°C (N.O. only)	40000380	16A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0)	C-UL E43149	TV-5

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

Electrical life (Sealed type)

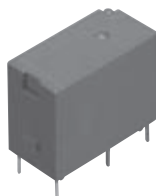
In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib after the soldering/washing process.



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**High electrical & mechanical
noise immunity relay**

PQ RELAYS



FEATURES

- 1. Compact and slim**
20 mm (L) × 10 mm (W) × 16 mm (H)
.787 inch (L) × .394 inch (W) × .630
inch (H) slim type
- 2. Twin contact structure**
Gold-clad twin contacts provide high
reliability.
- 3. High capacity and small size**
This small package can provide high
5 A capacity.
- 4. High sensitivity with 200 mW
nominal operating power**
- 5. 8,000 V surge breakdown voltage**
Despite the compact size, between
contact and coil surge resistance of
8,000 V has been achieved. The relay
has low susceptibility to noise.
- 6. Outstanding shock resistance.**
Functional shock resistance:
294 m/s² {Min. 30 G}
- 7. Most suitable for sequencer output
and internal device output relays.**
- 8. Sealed type**
- 9. Sockets are available.**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Programmable controllers**
- 2. Interface relays for Factory
Automation and Communication
equipment**
- 3. Output relays for measuring
equipment, timers, counters and
temperature controllers**

ORDERING INFORMATION

PQ 1a -

Contact arrangement
1a: 1 Form A (Bifurcated)

Coil voltage (DC)
3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24 V

Notes: 1. UL/CSA, VDE, SEMKO approved type is standard.
2. TÜV approved type is available.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A (Bifurcated)	3V DC	PQ1a-3V
	5V DC	PQ1a-5V
	6V DC	PQ1a-6V
	9V DC	PQ1a-9V
	12V DC	PQ1a-12V
	18V DC	PQ1a-18V
	24V DC	PQ1a-24V

Standard packing: Tube: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

* For sockets, see page 327.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage
3V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	180%V of nominal voltage (at 20°C 68°F) 130%V of nominal voltage (at 70°C 158°F)
5V DC			40mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
18V DC			11.1mA	1,620Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A (Bifurcated)
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Au-clad AgNi type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,250 VA, 150 W
	Max. switching voltage		250 V AC, 110 V DC (0.3 A)
	Max. switching current		5 A
	Nominal operating power		200 mW
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value) ^{*1}		100μA 100mV DC
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial) ^{*2}	Between contacts and coil	8,000 V
	Temperature rise		Max. 45°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil, contact carrying current: 5 A, at 70°C)
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 20 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 294 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.0 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 2×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁵ (5 A 125 V AC), Min. 10 ⁵ (5 A 250 V AC), Min. 10 ⁵ (5 A 30 V DC)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{*3}		Ambient temperature: -40°C to 70°C -40°F to 158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 7 g .25 oz

Notes:

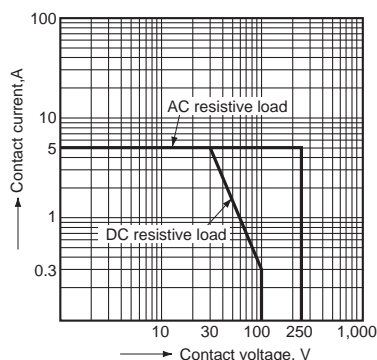
*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981.

*3 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

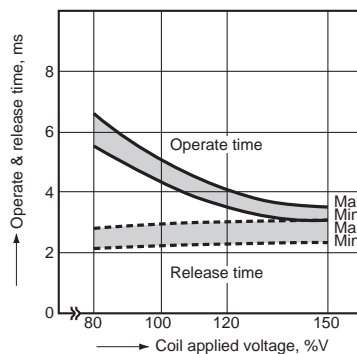
REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching capacity



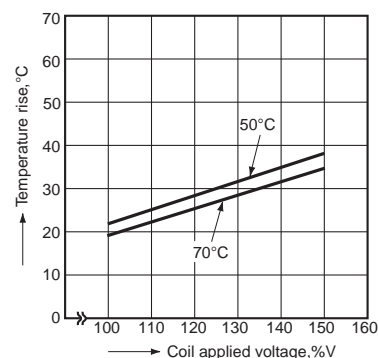
2. Operate & release time

Tested sample: PQ1a-24V, 25 pcs.

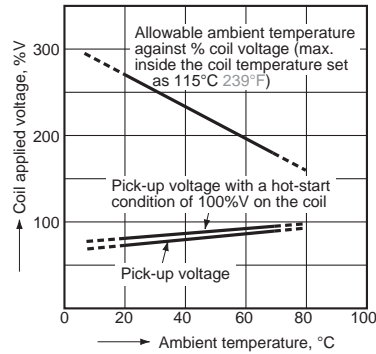


3. Coil temperature rise

Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 5 A



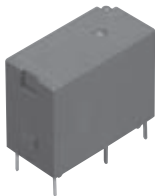
4. Ambient temperature characteristics
Tested sample: PQ1a-24V
Contact carrying current: 5 A



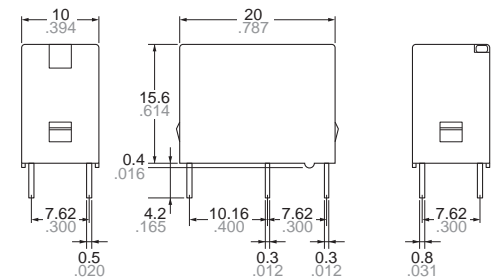
DIMENSIONS(mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

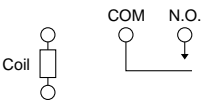


External dimensions

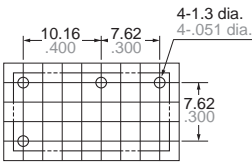


Dimension :		General tolerance	
Max. 1mm	.039 inch	±0.2	±.008
1 to 5mm	.039 to .118 inch	±0.3	±.012
Min. 5mm	.118 inch	±0.4	±.016

Schematic (Bottom view)



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)		SEMKO (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43028	5A 277V AC 1/6HP 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC	LR26550 etc.	5A 277V AC 1/6HP 277V AC 5A 30V DC 0.3A 110V DC	40013088	5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	B 08 09 13461 253	5A 250V AC (cosφ=0.4) 5A 30V DC (0ms)	817131	3(2)A 250V AC 5A 30V DC

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



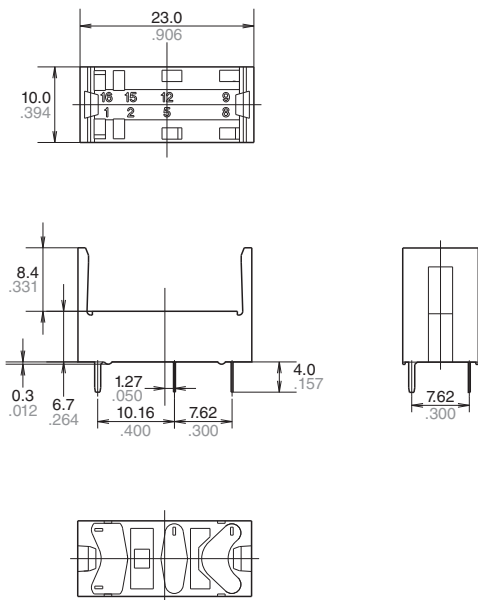
TYPE

Product name	Part No.
PC board socket	PC1a-PS

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data External dimensions



Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

RELATED INFORMATION

Interface terminal

An interface terminal (PC terminal) that can incorporate a PQ relay is also available.
For further information please visit our website.

Slim PCB Power Relays

1a 5 A slim power relay for interface

PA RELAYS



FEATURES

1. Slim size (width 5 mm .197 inch, height 12.5 mm .492 inch) permits higher density mounting

Despite the slim 5 mm width, the 20 mm length is still compact and the 12.5 mm profile is low. Even when a socket is used, the height is still only 18 mm. Suitable for high-density mounting, these relays enable device size smaller.

2. Nominal operating power: High sensitivity of 120mW

Enables smaller power supplies, facilitates energy saving applications, and contributes to device size smaller.

3. Control from low level loads to 5 A

Use of gold-clad twin contacts enables control of low level loads down to 100 mV 100 μ A and up to 5 A 250 V AC and 30 V DC.

4. Reinforced according to IEC1131-2 (TÜV)

PAD type 3.1 mm/
PA type 1.6 mm clearance
PAD type 3.6 mm/
PA type 3.2 mm creepage distance

5. High surge breakdown voltage (4000 V) and high breakdown voltage (2000 V)

Between contacts and coil of 2,000 V and surge resistance of 4,000 V work to prevent controller malfunctions caused by noise and surges.

6. Outstanding vibration and shock resistance.

Functional shock resistance: 147 m/s²
Functional vibration resistance:
10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 2.5 mm .098 inch)
Keeps equipment from misoperation due to vibration and shock.

Can be used as mounted on control panel doors.

7. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.

8. SIL (single in line) terminal layout

9. Complies with safety standards

Complies with Japanese Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law, and certified by UL, CSA, and TÜV.

10. Sockets are also available

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Industrial equipment, office equipment

2. Measuring devices and test equipment

3. Interface relays for programmable controllers

4. Output relays in small devices such as timers, counters, sensors, and temperature controllers.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PA(D) 1a -

Contact arrangement
1a: 1 Form A (Bifurcated)

Coil voltage (DC)
5, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24V

Notes: 1) The PAD type offers slightly higher clearance (3.1 mm) and creepage distance (3.6 mm).
2) UL/CSA, TÜV approved type is standard.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A	5V DC	PA(D)1a-5V
	6V DC	PA1a-6V
	9V DC	PA1a-9V
	12V DC	PA(D)1a-12V
	18V DC	PA(D)1a-18V
	24V DC	PA(D)1a-24V

Standard packing: Carton: 25 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

* For sockets, see page 334.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current (at 20°C 68°F) [±10%]	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage *1 (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage*1 (Initial)	24mA	208Ω	120mW	120%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			20mA	300Ω		
9V DC			13.3mA	675Ω		
12V DC			10mA	1,200Ω		
18V DC			6.7mA	2,700Ω		
24V DC			7.5mA	3,200Ω	180mW*2	

Notes: *1 Pulse drive (JIS C 5442)

*2 24V DC, 120mW type are also available, please consult us.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Au-clad AgNi type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,250 VA, 150 W
	Max. switching voltage		250 V (AC), 110 V (DC)
	Max. switching current		5 A
	Nominal operating power		120 mW (5 to 18 V DC), 180 mW (24 V DC)
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100μA 100mV DC
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
		Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)
	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between contacts and coil*2	4,000 V
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 45°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil, nominal switching capacity.)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 147 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 2×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁵ (3 A 250 V AC, 30 V DC, resistive load) Min. 5×10 ⁴ (5 A 250 V AC, 30 V DC, resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to 70°C -40°F to 158°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 3 g .15 oz

Notes:

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

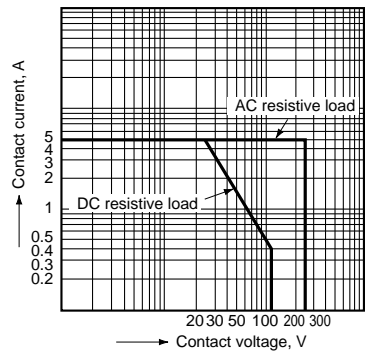
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981.

*3 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

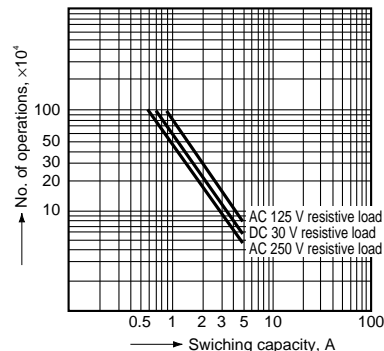
PA

REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching capacity

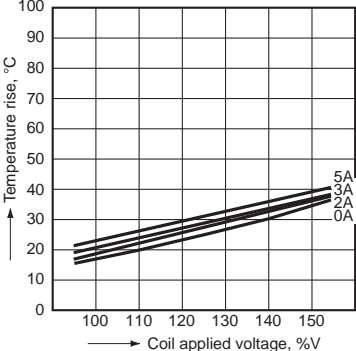


2. Life curve



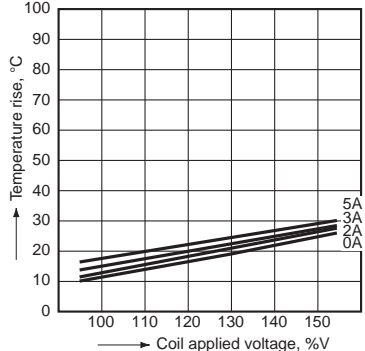
3.-(1) Coil temperature rise (120 mW)

Tested sample: PA1a-12V
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



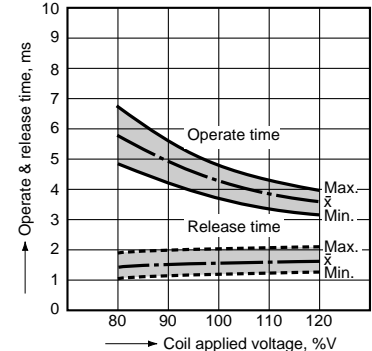
3.-(2) Coil temperature rise (180 mW)

Tested sample: PA1a-24V
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



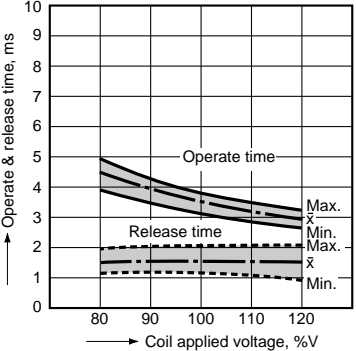
4.-(1) Operate & release time (120 mW)

Tested sample: PA1a-12V, 20 pcs.



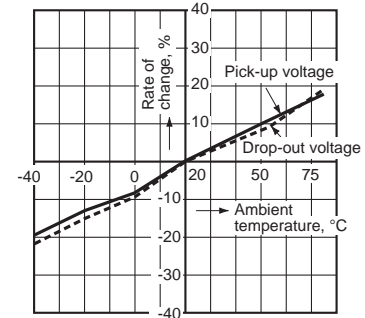
4.-(2) Operate & release time (180 mW)

Tested sample: PA1a-24V, 20 pcs.



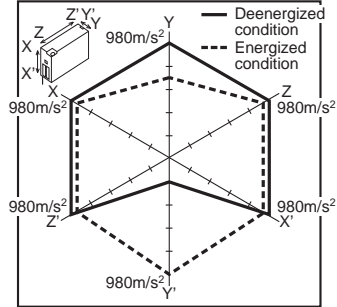
5. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: PA1a-12V, 6 pcs.



6. Malfunctional shock

Tested sample: PA1a-12V, 6 pcs.



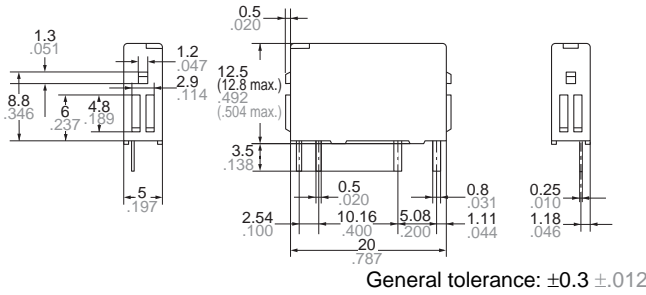
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

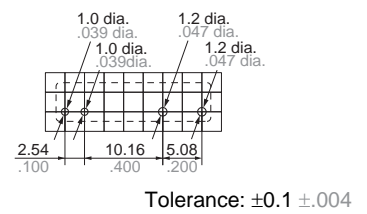
CAD Data



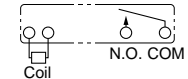
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)

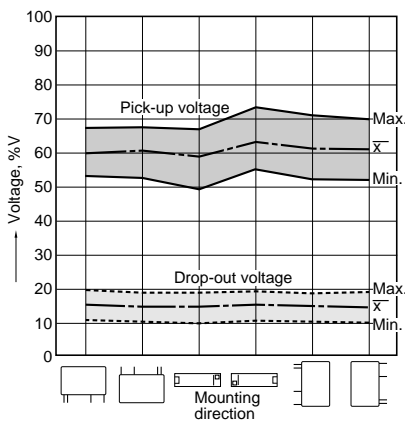


SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)		Remarks
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	
E43149	3A 250V AC (10 ⁵) 3A 30V DC (10 ⁵) 5A 250V AC (5×10 ⁴) 5A 250V AC (5×10 ⁴)	LR26550 etc.	5A 250V AC (5×10 ⁴) 5A 30V DC (5×10 ⁴) 3A 250V AC (10 ⁵) 3A 30V DC (10 ⁵)	B 01 08 13461 209	IEL1131-2 Reinforced	TÜV rating 5A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) (5×10 ⁴) 5A 30V AC (0ms) (5×10 ⁴) 3A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) (10 ⁵) 3A 30V AC (0ms) (10 ⁵)

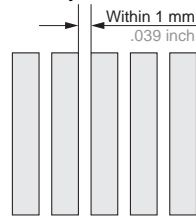
NOTES

- If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.
- Specification values for pick-up and drop-out voltages are for the relay mounting with its terminals below.

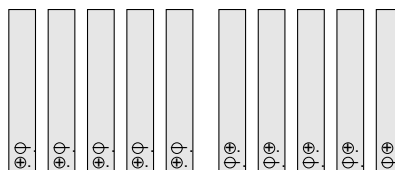


- When mounting the relays within 1 mm .039 inch, please notice the condition below.

1) Mount the relays in the same direction.

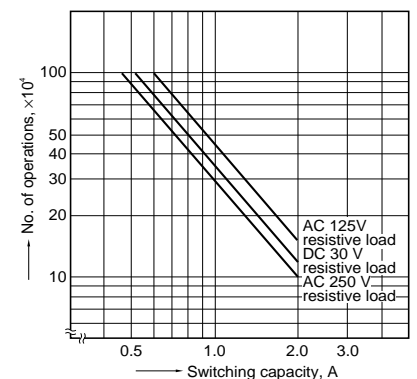
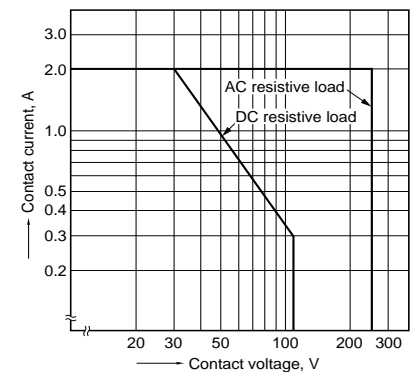


2) Coil terminals (Terminal No. 1 & 2) polarity should be arranged in the same direction.



3) Allowable contact current is 2 A.

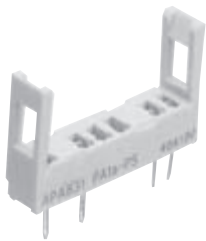
- About the electrical life for close mounting, please refer to data below.



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

TYPES

Product name	Part No.
Standard type terminal socket	PA1a-PS
Self clinching type terminal socket	PA1a-PS-H



Standard type
terminal socket



Self clinching type
terminal socket

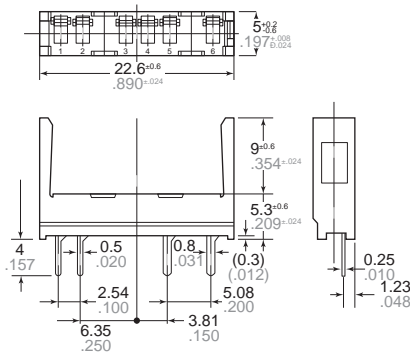
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download [CAD Data](#) from our Web site.

Standard type terminal socket

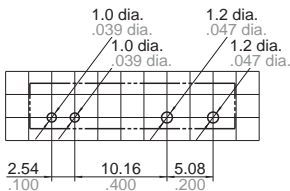
[CAD Data](#)

External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

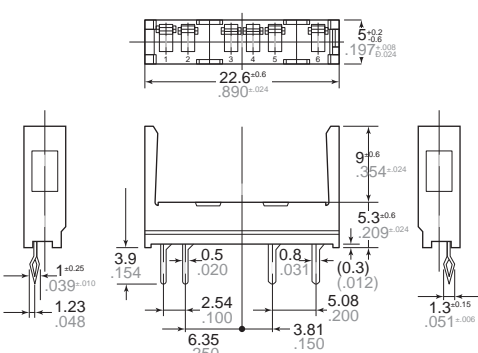


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

Self clinching type terminal socket

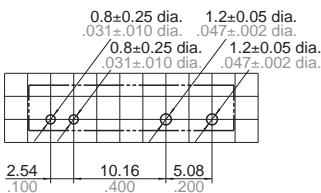
[CAD Data](#)

External dimensions



General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

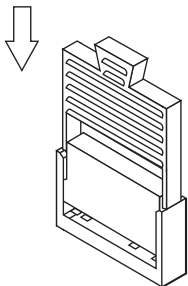


INSTALLING AND REMOVING

Installing and removing the relay

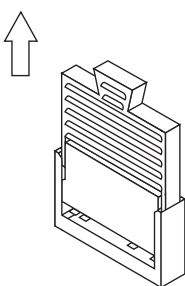
1) Firmly insert the relay into the socket with the terminals going in the direction of the blade receptacles.

(1) Insert the removal key into the socket slots.

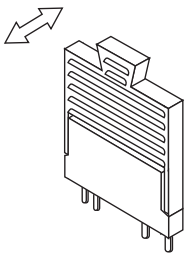


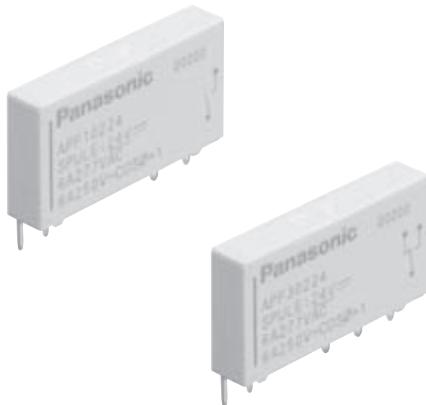
2) The relay can be easily removed using the removal key (APA801).

(2) Pull the removal key up to remove the relay.



(3) Slide the removal key off of the relay.





FEATURES

1. High density mounting with 5 mm .197 inch width

Space saved with 5 mm .197 inch slim type with 28 mm 1.102 inch length. Allows high density mounting and use in compact devices.

2. Satisfies reinforced insulation standard (EN/IEC 61810-1).

3. High switching capacity

Supports 6A 250 V AC nominal switching capacity (resistive load) and AC15 and DC13 (inductive load).

4. 1 Form A and 1 Form C contact arrangements with options for a variety of applications.

5. 4,000 V high breakdown voltage and 6,000 V high surge breakdown voltage.

Controller protection against surges and noise with a breakdown voltage of 4,000 Vrms for 1 min. between contacts and coil, and 6,000 V surge breakdown voltage between contacts and coil.

6. Resistance to heat and fire; EN60335-1, clause 30 (GWT) approved.

7. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.

8. Complies with all safety standards.

UL, C-UL, VDE certified

9. High insulation resistance

Creepage distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 8.0 mm

Clearance distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 5.5 mm

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Interface relays for programmable controllers

2. Output relays for measuring equipment, timers, counters and temperature controllers

3. Industrial equipment, office equipment

4. Household appliances for Europe

ORDERING INFORMATION

APF 0

Contact arrangement

1: 1 Form A

3: 1 Form C

Contact type

0: Single contact

Contact material

2: AgNi type

3: AgNi type/Au-plated

Coil voltage (DC)

4H: 4.5 V 05: 5 V 06: 6 V 09: 9 V 12: 12 V 18: 18 V

24: 24 V 48: 48 V 60: 60 V

Note: UL/C-UL/VDE approved type is standard.

PF (APF)

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A (AgNi type)	4.5V DC	APF1024H	1 Form C (AgNi type)	4.5V DC	APF3024H
	5V DC	APF10205		5V DC	APF30205
	6V DC	APF10206		6V DC	APF30206
	9V DC	APF10209		9V DC	APF30209
	12V DC	APF10212		12V DC	APF30212
	18V DC	APF10218		18V DC	APF30218
	24V DC	APF10224		24V DC	APF30224
	48V DC	APF10248		48V DC	APF30248
	60V DC	APF10260		60V DC	APF30260
1 Form A (AgNi type/Au-plated)	4.5V DC	APF1034H	1 Form C (AgNi type/Au-plated)	4.5V DC	APF3034H
	5V DC	APF10305		5V DC	APF30305
	6V DC	APF10306		6V DC	APF30306
	9V DC	APF10309		9V DC	APF30309
	12V DC	APF10312		12V DC	APF30312
	18V DC	APF10318		18V DC	APF30318
	24V DC	APF10324		24V DC	APF30324
	48V DC	APF10348		48V DC	APF30348
	60V DC	APF10360		60V DC	APF30360

Standard packing: Tube: 20 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4.5V DC	Max. 70%V nominal voltage (Initial)	Min. 5%V nominal voltage (Initial)	37.8mA	119Ω	170mW	120%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			34.0mA	147Ω		
6V DC			28.3mA	212Ω		
9V DC			18.9mA	476Ω		
12V DC			14.2mA	847Ω		
18V DC			9.4mA	1,906Ω		
24V DC			7.1mA	3,388Ω		
48V DC			4.5mA	10,618Ω	217mW	
60V DC			2.9mA	20,570Ω	175mW	

2. Specifications

Characteristic	Item		Specifications	
			1 Form A	1 Form C
Contact	Arrangement			
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		AgNi type, AgNi type/Au-plated	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		6 A 250 V AC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,500 VA	
	Max. switching voltage		250V AC	
	Max. switching current		6 A (AC)	
	Nominal operating power		170 mW (5 to 24 V DC), 217 mW (48 V DC), 175 mW (60 V DC)	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value) ^{*1}		100 mA 5 V DC (without Au-plated), 1 mA 1 V DC (with Au-plated)	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)	
	Surge breakdown voltage (Between contact and coil) ^{*2}		6,000 V (initial)	
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 6A.)	
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 8 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)	
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)	Min. 49 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms.)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)	
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical ^{*3}		N.O.: Min. 5×10 ⁴ (at resistive load, 6 times/min. and nominal switching capacity)	N.O.: Min. 5×10 ⁴ , N.C.: Min. 3×10 ⁴ (at resistive load, 6 times/min. and nominal switching capacity)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{*4}		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
Unit weight			Approx. 5 g .18 oz	

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3 For cycle lifetime, refer to "Cautions for Use 4)" in NOTES (page 338)

*4 The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

1. Electrical life

Tested sample: APF30224

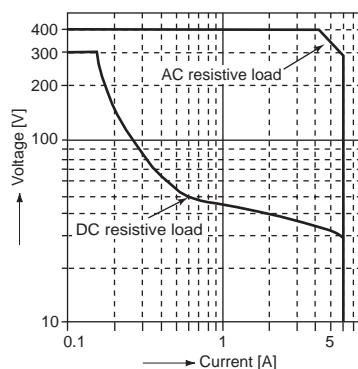
Load type		Voltage	Current	Ambient temperature	No. of ops.
Resistive load		250V AC	6 A	85°C 185°F	30,000
Inductive load	AC 15	250V AC	3 A	25°C 77°F	20,000
	DC 13	24V DC	2 A	25°C 77°F	6,000

Notes: 1. Switch contacts are all on N.O. side.

2. AC 15 and DC 13 comply with IEC-60947-5-1 testing conditions.

2. Max. switching capacity

Load Limit Curve

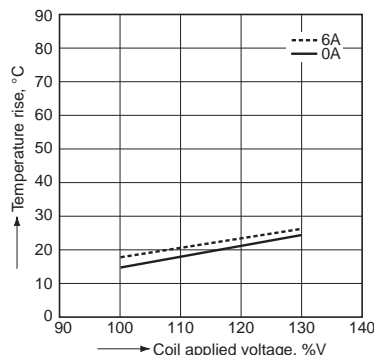


3. Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: APF30224

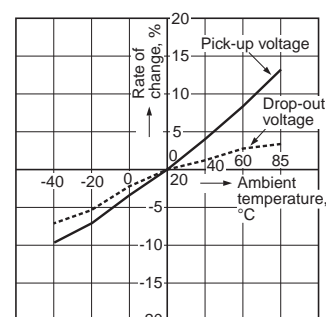
Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: 28°C 82°F



4. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: APF30224, 6 pcs.



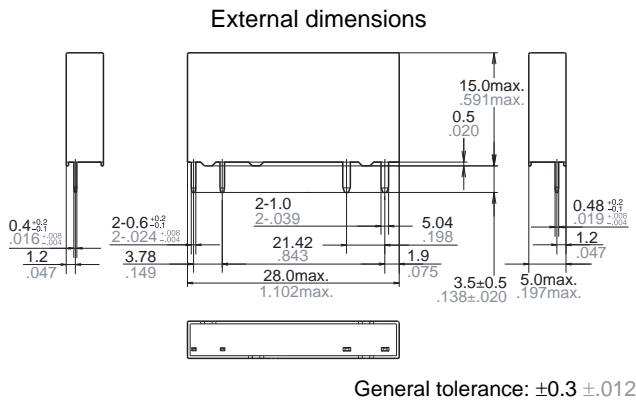
PF (APF)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

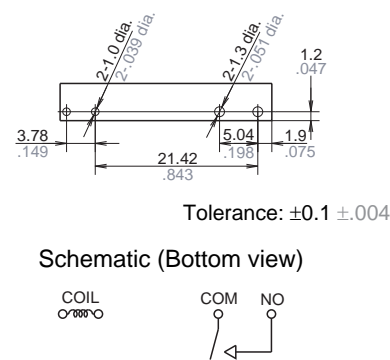
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. 1 Form A type

CAD Data

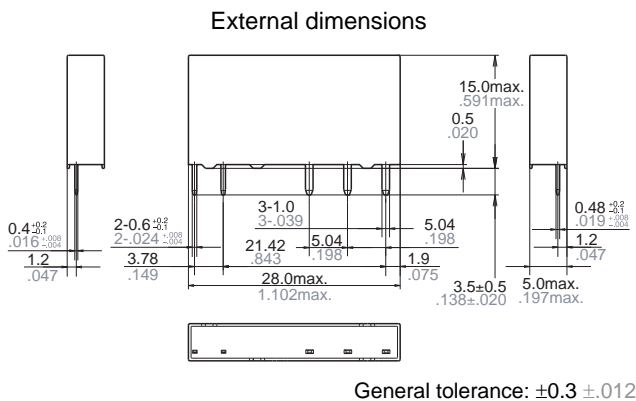


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

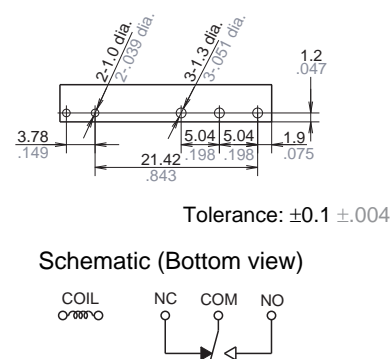


2. 1 Form C type

CAD Data



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



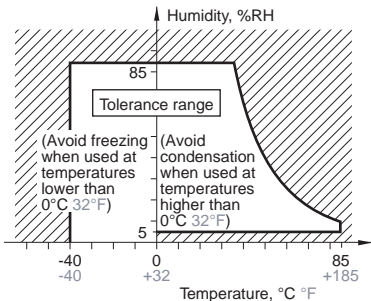
SAFETY STANDARDS

Certification authority	File No.	Applicable standard	Rating	Remarks
UL, C-UL	E120782	UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14 UL1604 (class I, Division 2, Group A, B, C, D)	277V AC 8A, General use, 24V DC 6A, General use, B300, R300 (Pilot Duty)	
VDE	40027672	EN/IEC 61810-1	250V AC 6A ($\cos\phi = 1.0$) 85°C 185°F N.O. side, N.C. side 250V AC 8A ($\cos\phi = 1.0$) 25°C 77°F N.O. side	Insulation: Reinforced insulation between contact and coil. Resistance to heat and fire; EN60335-1, clause 30 (GWT) approved.

NOTES

■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Temperature: -40 to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



- 4) Condensation
Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under

- high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.
- 5) Freezing
Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F . This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.
 - 6) Low temperature, low humidity environments
The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

We recommend this extra manufacturers socket.
It is only available in Europe.

ACCESSORIES

SOCKET FOR SLIM
POWER RELAYS

PF (APF) relay socket



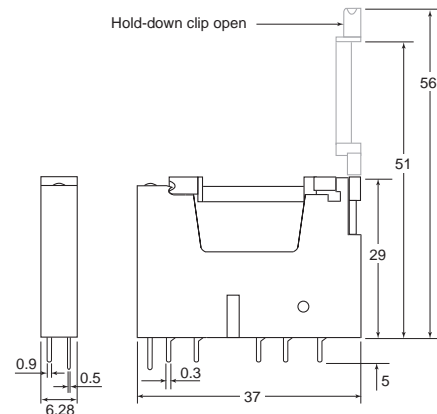
FEATURES

- 1. Socket incorporates LED-indication
- 2. It is equipped with a hold-down clip and an integrated casting mechanism
- 3. Suitable for PCB-mounting

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications		
	green	orange	green, bidirectional
Nominal voltage	24 V DC (other voltages on request)		
Nominal current	appr. 4.2 mA		
Diameter	3 mm		

DIMENSIONS

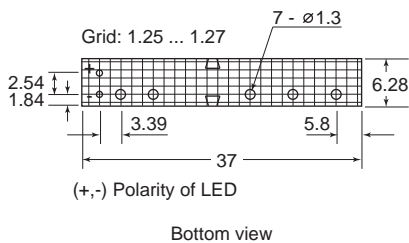


ORDERING INFORMATION

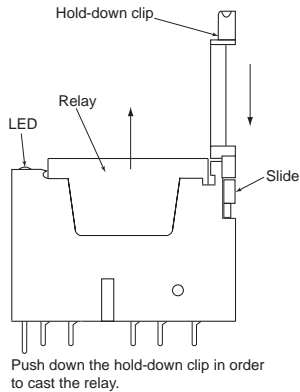
APF 1 - PS -

- Contact arrangement
1: For all contact arrangements
- Socket type
PS: Print socket
- LED indication
GD: green
OD: orange
GBD: green, bidirectional

PIN LAYOUT



HANDLING



NOTE: The PF relay approvals do not apply to the PF relay socket.



Protective construction: Sealed type

1a 5A slim power relay

LD-P RELAYS

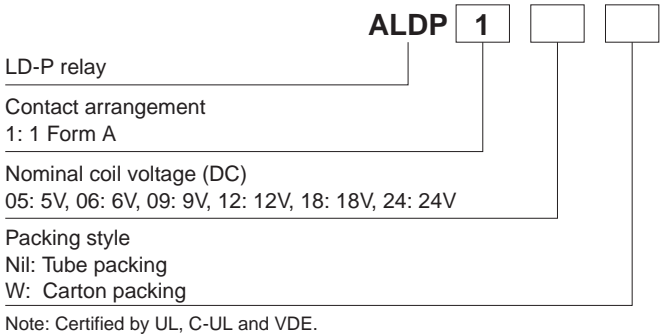
FEATURES

- 1. **Nominal switching capacity:**
5A 277V AC
- 2. **Ambient temperature:**
−40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F
- 3. **Excellent heat resistance and tracking performance:**
EN60695 (GWT2-11, GWFI2-12, GWIT2-13) data available
(Please consult us for details.)
- 4. **Slim type:**
20.3 (L) × 7.0 (W) × 15 (H) mm
.799 (L) × .276 (W) × .591 (H) inch
- 5. **High insulation resistance:**
 - Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 6 mm .236 inch (In compliance with IEC65)
 - Surge withstand voltage between contact and coil: 10,000 V or more.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Boilers
- Air conditioner
- Refrigerator
- Hot water units
- Microwave ovens
- Fan heaters

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A	5V DC	ALDP105W
	6V DC	ALDP106W
	9V DC	ALDP109W
	12V DC	ALDP112W
	18V DC	ALDP118W
	24V DC	ALDP124W

Notes:
*1 Tube packing: Tube 50 pieces, Case: 1,000 pieces
Carton packing: Carton 100 pieces, Case 500 pieces
*2 The "W" at the end of the part number only appears on the inner and outer packaging. It does not appear on the relay itself.
Please consult with our sales office on a tube packing type.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	5%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	40.0mA	125Ω	200mW	130%V of nominal voltage
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
18V DC			11.1mA	1,620Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)
	Contact material		AgNi type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		5A 277V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,385VA
	Max. switching voltage		277V AC
	Max. switching current		5A
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA 5V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil)		10,000 V (initial)
	Temperature rise		Max. 30°C 86°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 5A, at 85°C 185°F)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (With diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 300 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 5×10 ⁶
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁵ (5A 125V AC at rated load), Min. 10 ⁵ (5A 250V AC at rated load)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed (at nominal switching capacity)		20 times/min.
Unit weight			Approx. 4 g .14 oz

Notes:

*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

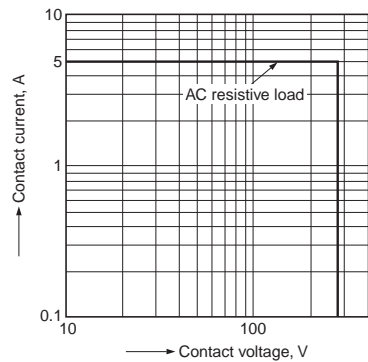
*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

*3 The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

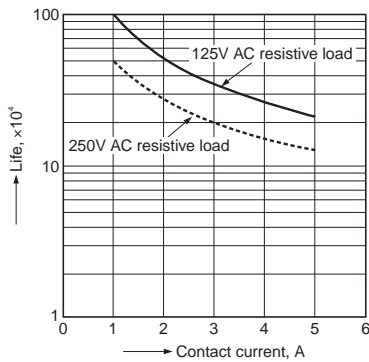
LD-P (ALDP)

REFERENCE DATA

1. Max. switching power

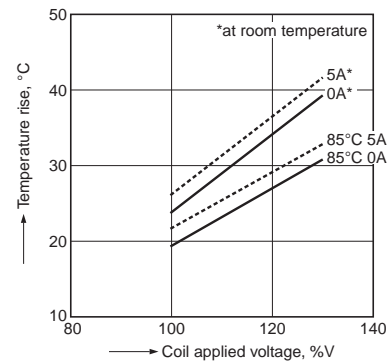


2. Life curve



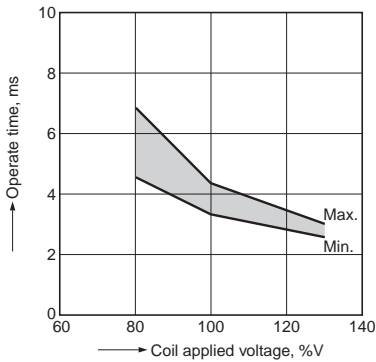
3. Coil temperature rise

Sample: ALDP112, 6 pcs.
Point measured: inside the coil
Contact current: 0 A, 5 A



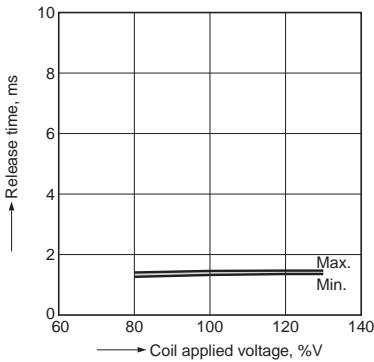
4-(1). Operate time

Sample: ALDP112, 30 pcs.



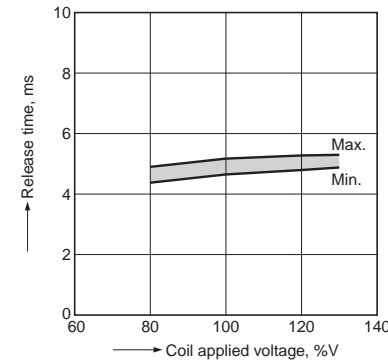
4-(2). Release time (without diode)

Sample: ALDP112, 30 pcs.



4-(3). Release time (with diode)

Sample: ALDP112, 30 pcs.



5. Electrical life test

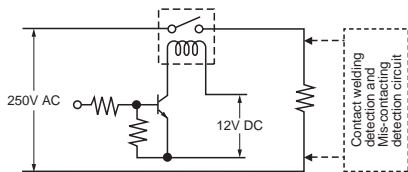
(5A 250V AC Resistive load)

Sample: ALDP112, 6 pcs.

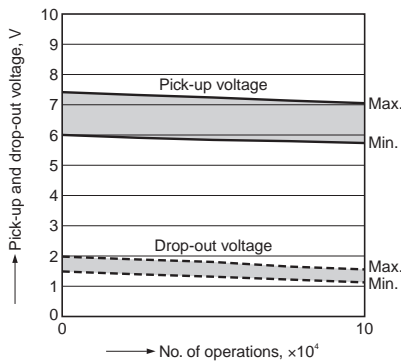
Operation frequency: 20 times/min.

(ON:OFF = 1.5s:1.5s)

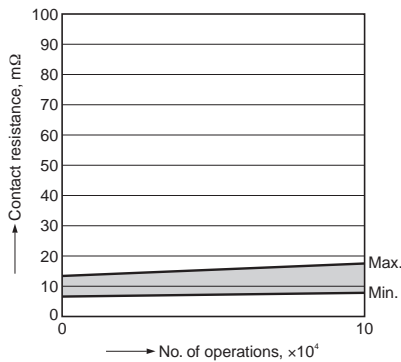
Circuit:

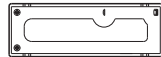
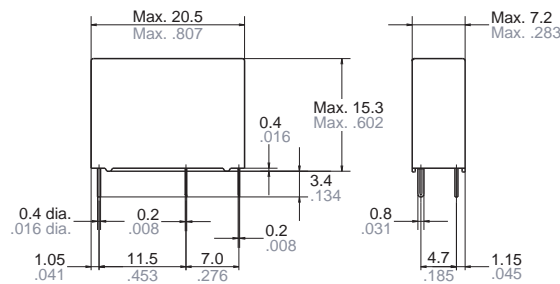


Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

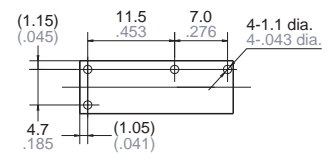
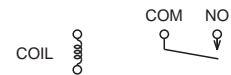


Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.**CAD Data**

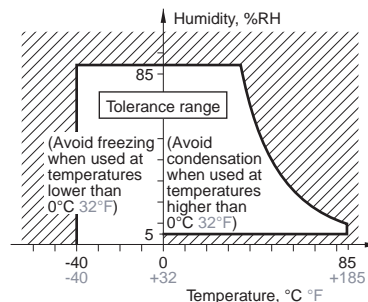
Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Schematic (Bottom view)****SAFETY STANDARDS**

Certification authority	
UL, C-UL	5A 277V AC 85°C 5A 30V DC
VDE	5A 250V AC $\cos\phi = 1.0$ 85°C 5A 30V DC 0ms

NOTES**■ Usage, transport and storage conditions**

- 1) Temperature:
-40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage

**■ Certification**

- 1) This relay is UL and C-UL certified.
UL and C-UL standards:
5 A 277 V AC 85°C +185°F
5 A 30 V DC
- 2) This relay is certified by VDE.

VDE standards:

5 A 250 V AC $\cos\phi = 1.0$ 85°C +185°F
5 A 30 V DC 0ms

- 3) UL, C-UL and VDE certified ratings are displayed on the packaging box.
(On the relay, only the certification marks are shown and not the certified ratings. Please refer to the product specification diagrams to see what is stamped.)

■ Part number display

The "W" at the end of the part number only appears on the inner and outer packaging. It does not appear on the relay itself.

■ Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 6mm .236 inch

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

LD-P (ALDP)

High Capacity DC & Solar Power Relays

200A type has been added.
High Capacity of Max.
1,000 V DC Cut-off Possible

EP RELAYS

FEATURES

1. High-voltage, high-current control capable

400V DC high-voltage switching and 1,000V DC cut-off has been achieved thanks to a sealed construction with mixed hydrogen gas and the magnetic arc motion through use of a permanent magnet.

2. Compact & low operating sound

By using a capsule contact mechanism that is enclosed with hydrogen gas, high-capacity cutoff is possible even with a tiny contact gap. There is little operating sound, which does not change even when large currents are cut off.

3. Arc space unnecessary

The enclosure box can be made smaller thanks to an arc-space-free construction from which the arc will not get out.

4. Safety

Since the contacts are enclosed in a sealed capsule structure, the arc will not get out, which ensures safety.

5. High contact reliability

The contact part is hermetically sealed with H₂ mixed gas, hence the contact resistance remains stable regardless of the ambient conditions.

6. Mounting direction is not specified

The weight of the movable parts is light, and also the restoring force is large, hence the relay is relatively unaffected by gravity.

7. Wide selection of models available

Types include PC board type (10A), TM type (10A and 20A), lead wire type (200A) and connector type (80A and 300A).

8. Standard compliance

The 10A, 20A, 80A type is UL/C-UL standard certified.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Photovoltaic power generation systems

2. Cogeneration systems

3. Construction machinery

4. Welding equipment

5. Battery charge and discharge control

6. AGV (Automatic guided vehicle) (Unmanned transport carts)

7. Inverter control

8. Elevator, etc.



10A PC board type



10A TM type



20A TM type



80A type



200A type



300A type

ORDERING INFORMATION

AEP			0		
EP Relay					
Contact arrangement					
1: 1 Form A					
3: 1 Form A PC board type* ¹					
5: 1 Form A TM type* ²					
Contact rating					
1: 10A					
2: 20A					
7: 200A					
8: 80A					
9: 300A					
Coil voltage					
12: 12V DC					
24: 24V DC					
48: 48V DC* ¹					
X0: 100V DC* ¹					

Notes: *1. 10A type only
*2. 10A and 20A types only
10A and 80A types are UL/C-UL recognized.
20A type is UL recognized.

TYPES

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Contact arrangement	Part No.
10A PC board type	12V DC	1 Form A	AEP31012
10A TM type			AEP51012
20A TM type			AEP52012
80A Connector type* ¹			AEP18012
200A Lead wire type* ²			AEP17012
300A Connector type* ¹			AEP19012
10A PC board type	24V DC		AEP31024
10A TM type			AEP51024
20A TM type			AEP52024
80A Connector type* ¹			AEP18024
200A Lead wire type* ²			AEP17024
300A Connector type* ¹			AEP19024
10A PC board type	48V DC		AEP31048
10A TM type			AEP51048
10A PC board type	100V DC		AEP310X0
10A TM type			AEP510X0

Standard packing: 10A: Carton: 25 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

20A: Carton: 25 pcs.; Case: 50 pcs.

80A: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 20 pcs.

200A: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 10 pcs.

300A: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 5 pcs.

Notes:*1.One female connector lead wire for connecting is packaged with the 80A and 300A connector types.

-Specifications: Housing: Yazaki 7283-1020 (light gray); Lead wire: 0.5 mm² dia. and 300±10 mm 11.811±.394 inch length

Lead wire coating color: Pin No. 1: white; Pin No. 2: green

*2.Two dedicated M6 bolts is packaged with the 200A type.

RATING

1. Coil data

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal coil current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage	
10A	12V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.103A	1.24W	133%V of nominal voltage	
20A			4.17%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.327A	3.9W		
80A			8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.353A	4.2W		
200A			8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.5A	6W		
300A			16.7%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	3.3A	When input: 40 W max. (0.1 sec. from time of input) When retained: 4 W max.		
10A	24V DC		8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.052A	1.24W		
20A			4.17%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.163A	3.9W		
80A			8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.176A	4.2W		
200A			8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.25A	6W		
300A			16.7%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	1.85A	When input: 45 W max. (0.1 sec. from time of input) When retained: 4 W max.		
10A	48V DC	8.3%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	0.026A	1.24W			
10A	100V DC		0.012A				

Notes: 1. When using a DC power supply, use one that provides a current capacity leeway of at least 150% of the nominal coil current.

2. The 300A type has a built-in coil current switching circuit. After the nominal coil voltage is applied, it automatically switches in approximately 0.1 seconds.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications				
			10A type	20A type	80A type	200A type	300A type
Rating	Contact arrangement		1 Form A				
	Nominal switching capacity (Resistive load)		10A 400V DC	20A 400V DC	80A 400V DC	200A 400V DC	300A 400V DC
	Max. contact allowance voltage		1,000V DC				
	Short term current		15A (3min) (harness wire: 2mm ²) 30A (30s) (harness wire: 2mm ²)	40A (10min) (harness wire: 3mm ²) 60A (1min) (harness wire: 3mm ²)	120A (15min) (harness wire: 15mm ²)	300A (15min) (harness wire: 60mm ²)	400A (10min) (harness wire: 100mm ²)
	Max. cut-off current		—	—	800A 300V DC (1 cycle)* ²	2,000A 350V DC (1 cycle)* ²	2,500A 300V DC (3 cycles)* ³
	Overload cut-off rating		30A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)* ²	60A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)* ²	120A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)* ²	—	600A 400V DC (Min. 300 cycles)
	Reverse cut-off rating		–20A 200V DC (Min. 10 cycles)* ²	–20A 200V DC (Min. 100 cycles)* ²	–80A 200V DC (Min. 1,000 cycles)* ²	–200A 200V DC (Min. 1,000 cycles)* ²	–300A 200V DC (Min. 100 cycles)
	Min. switching capacity		1A 6V DC	1A 12V DC	—	1A 12V DC	1A 24V DC
	Contact voltage drop (Initial)		Max. 0.5V (When carrying current is 10A)	Max. 0.2V (By voltage drop 6V DC 20A)	Max. 0.067V (By voltage drop 6V DC 20A)	Max. 0.1V (When carrying current is 200A)	Max. 0.06V (When carrying current is 300A)
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 1,000V DC) Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.				
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)				
		Between contact and coil	2,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)				
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)				
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 30ms (After the nominal operation voltage stops, without diode)				
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	10A, 20A (ON), 80A (ON), 200A (ON) and 300A (ON) types: Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs) 20A (OFF), 80A (OFF), 200A (OFF) and 300A (OFF) types: Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)				
		Destructive	Min. 490 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)				
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 200Hz, acceleration 43m/s ² constant (Detection time: 10μs)				
		Destructive	10 to 200Hz, acceleration 43m/s ² constant (3 directions, each 4 hours)				
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁵	Min. 2×10 ⁵			
	Electrical* ⁴ (Resistive load)		10A 400V DC Min. 7.5×10 ⁴ * ² (Switching frequency: 20 times/min)	20A 400V DC Min. 3×10 ³ * ² 10A 1,000V DC Min. 10 ³ * ² (Switching frequency: 6 times/min)	80A 400V DC Min. 10 ³ * ² (Switching frequency: 20 times/min)	200A 400V DC Min. 3×10 ³ * ² (Switching frequency: 20 times/min) 60A 1,000V DC Min. 10 ³ * ² (Switching frequency: 6 times/min)	300A 400V DC Min. 10 ³ (Switching frequency: 6 times/min)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage* ¹		Ambient temperature: –40°C to +80°C –40°F to +176°F (Storage: Max. +85°C +185°F), Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)				
Unit weight			Approx. 80 g 2.820oz	Approx. 180 g 6.349oz	Approx. 400 g 14.11oz	Approx. 600 g 21.16oz	Approx. 750 g 26.46oz

Notes:

*1. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value.

Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES on page 353.

*2. Conditions: Varistor used for coil surge absorption. Note: if a diode is used the life will be lower.

*3. Condition: Switches rated number of 10 cycles each time there is a 2,500A cut-off.

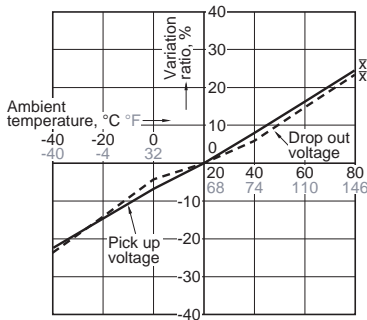
*4. Please refer to the reference data on the following page for switching and cut-off at 400 V DC and higher.

REFERENCE DATA

Note: The switching life curves are rough guides for when using over the nominal values. Be sure to conduct tests with the actual device to verify your specifications.

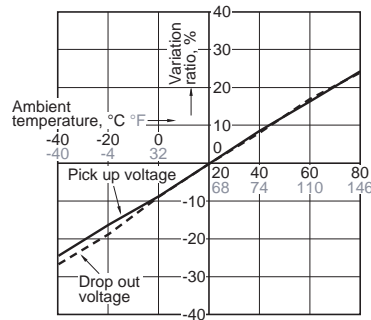
1.-(1) Ambient temperature characteristics (10A type)

Tested sample: AEP31012, 3pcs



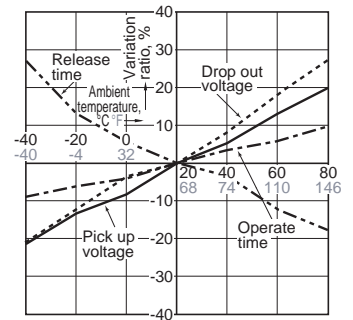
1.-(2) Ambient temperature characteristics (20A type)

Tested sample: AEP52012, 3pcs



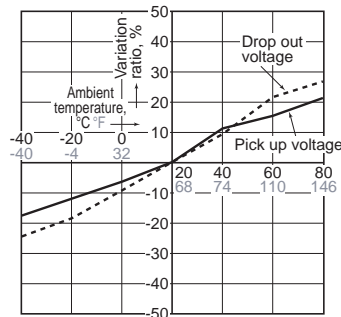
1.-(3) Ambient temperature characteristics (80A type)

Tested sample: AEP18012, 3pcs



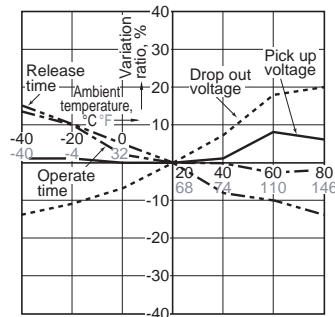
1.-(4) Ambient temperature characteristics (200A type)

Tested sample: AEP17012, 3pcs

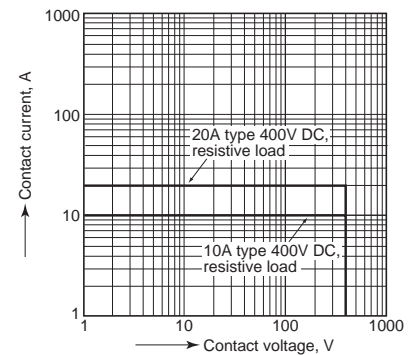


1.-(5) Ambient temperature characteristics (300A type)

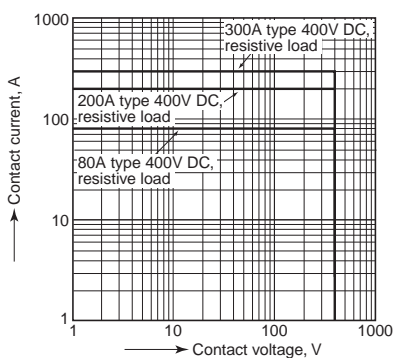
Tested sample: AEP19012, 3pcs



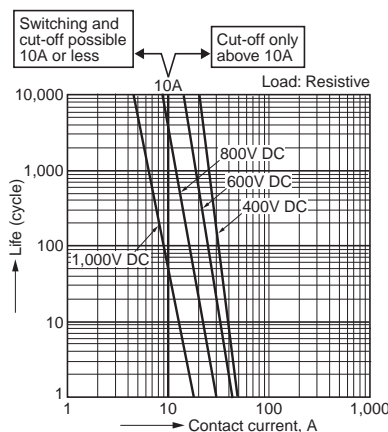
2.-(1) Max. value for switching capacity (10A and 20A types)



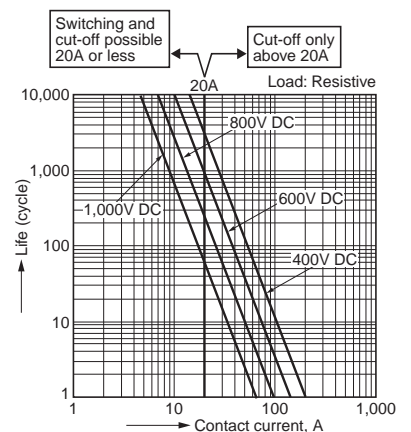
2.-(2) Max. value for switching capacity (80A, 200A and 300A types)



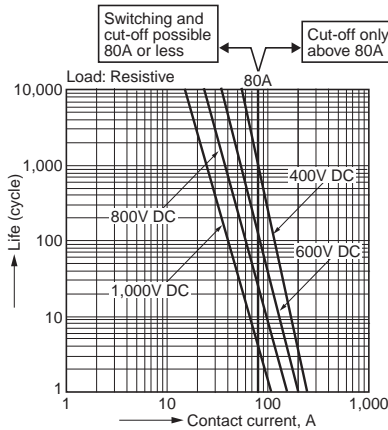
3.-(1) Switching life and cut-off curves (10A type)



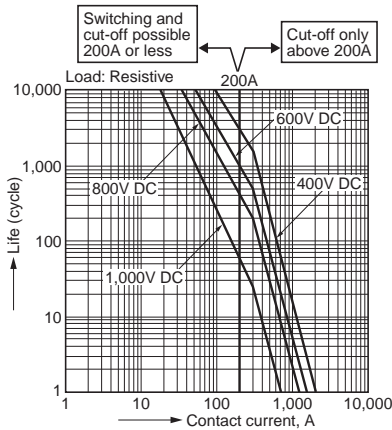
3.-(2) Switching life and cut-off curves (20A type)



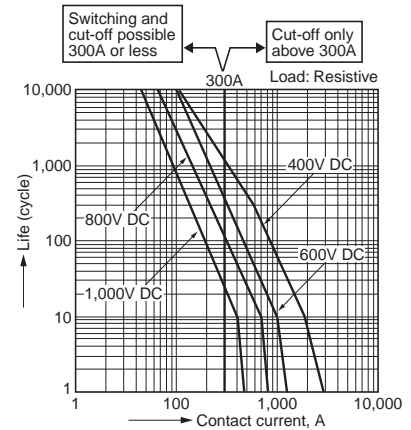
3.-(3) Switching life and cut-off curves
(80A type)



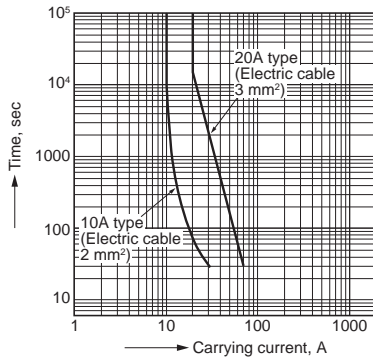
3.-(4) Switching life and cut-off curves
(200A type)



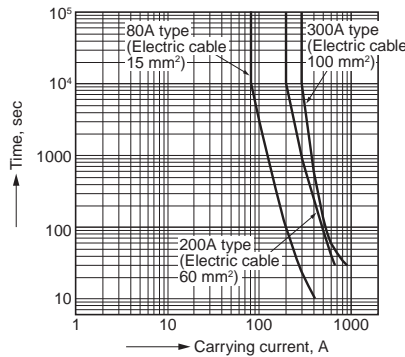
3.-(5) Switching life and cut-off curves
(300A type)



4.-(1) Carrying performance curve
(10A and 20A type)



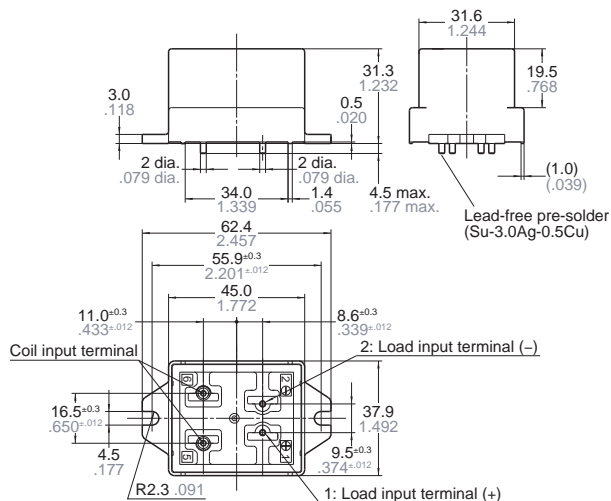
4.-(2) Carrying performance curve
(80A, 200A and 300A types)



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

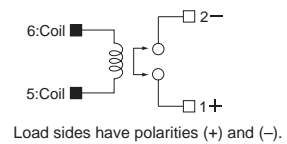
1. 10A PC board type

CAD Data External dimensions

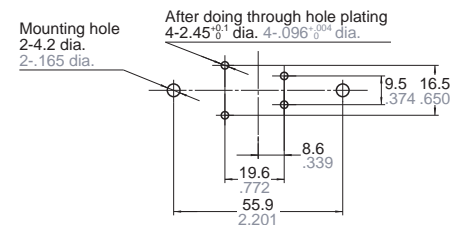


Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

Schematic (Bottom view)



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

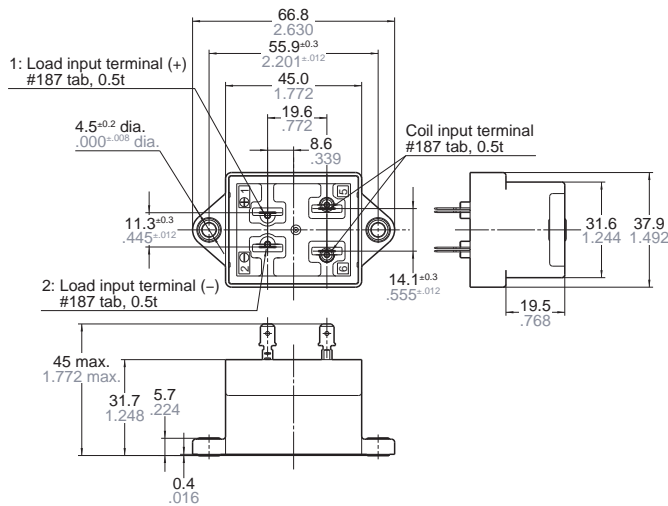


- Notes: 1. We recommend through hole plating with land on both sides.
2. Be careful of the insulation distance between land patterns with regards to the circuit voltage you will use.

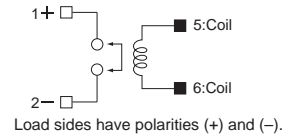
Dimension:	General tolerance
Less than 10mm .394inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$
10 to 50mm .394 to 1.969inch:	$\pm 0.6 \pm 0.24$
Min. 50mm 1.969 inch:	$\pm 1.0 \pm 0.39$

2. 10A TM type

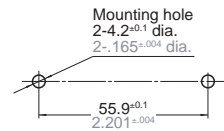
CAD Data External dimensions



Schematic (Top view)



Panel cut-off



Dimension: General tolerance

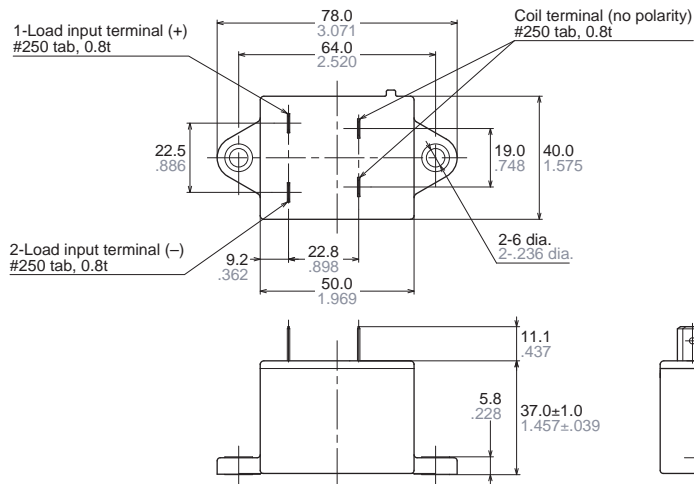
Less than 10mm .394inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

10 to 50mm .394 to 1.969inch: $\pm 0.6 \pm .024$

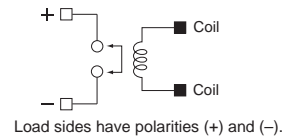
Min. 50mm 1.969 inch: $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$

3. 20A TM type

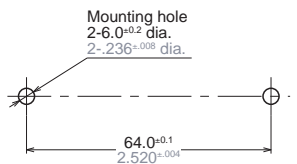
CAD Data External dimensions



Schematic (Top view)



Panel cut-off



Dimension: General tolerance

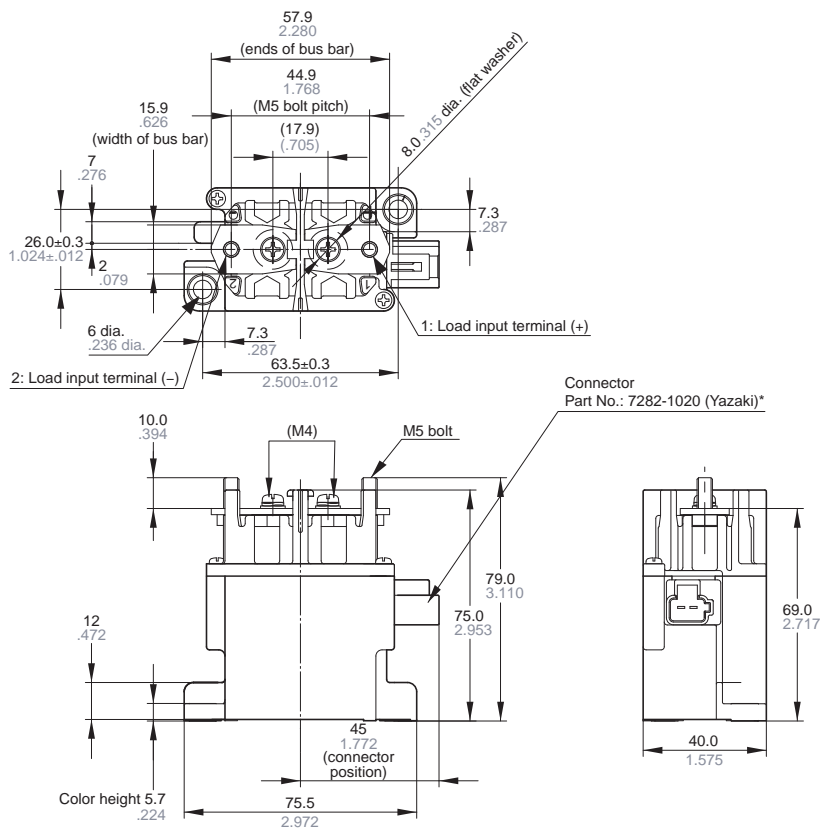
Less than 10mm .394inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

10 to 50mm .394 to 1.969inch: $\pm 0.6 \pm .024$

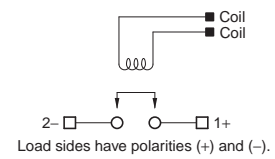
Min. 50mm 1.969 inch: $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$

4. 80A Connector type

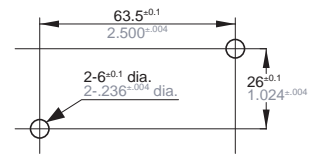
CAD Data External dimensions



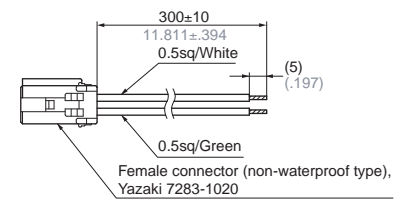
Schematic (Top view)



Panel cut-off



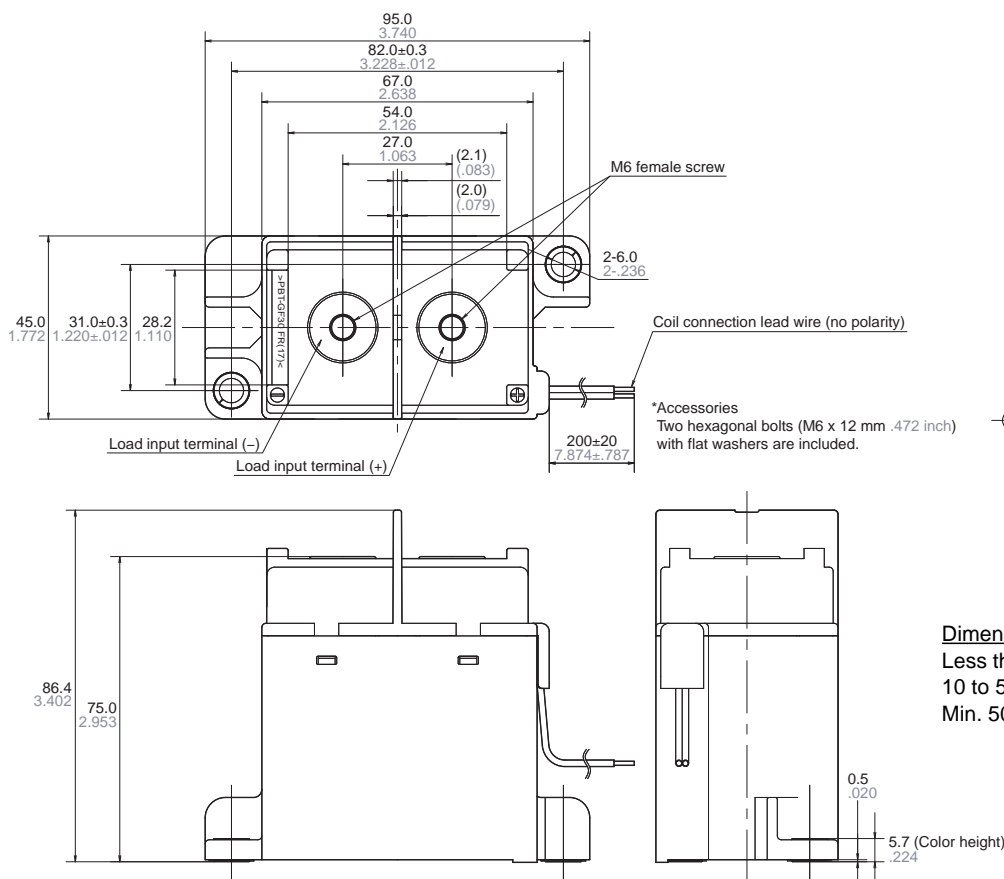
*Accessories (included)



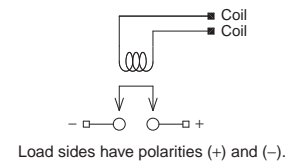
Dimension:	General tolerance
Less than 10mm .394inch:	±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50mm .394 to 1.969inch:	±0.6 ±.024
Min. 50mm 1.969 inch:	±1.0 ±.039

5. 200A Lead wire type

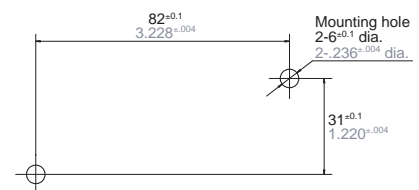
CAD Data External dimensions



Schematic (Top view)



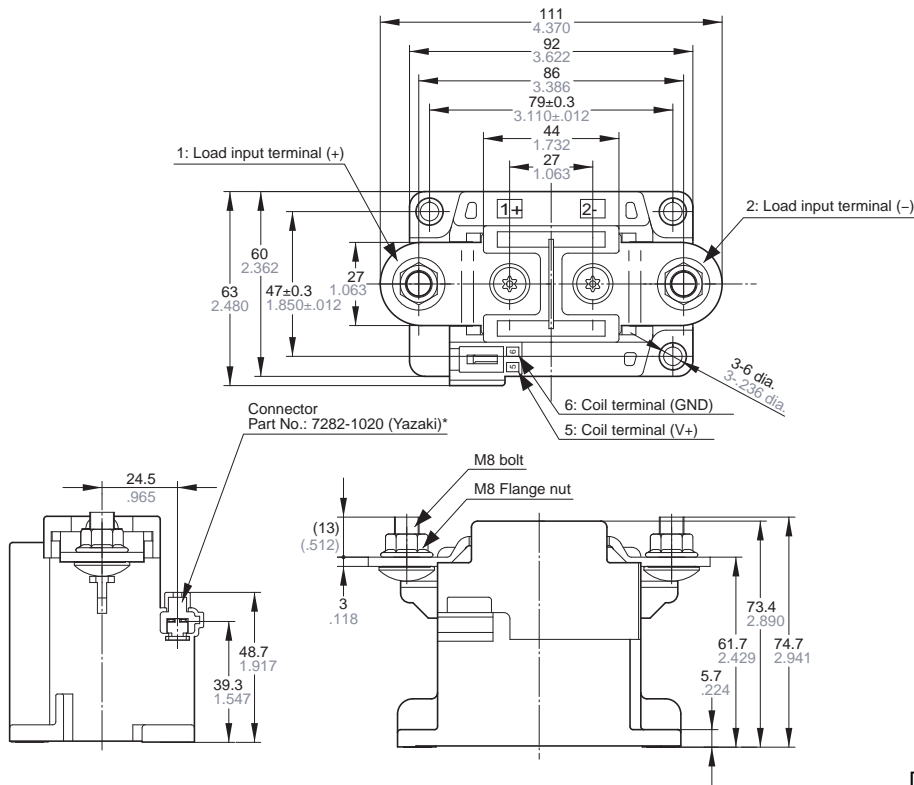
Panel cut-off



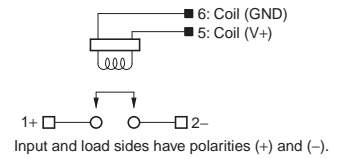
Dimension:	General tolerance
Less than 10mm .394inch:	±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50mm .394 to 1.969inch:	±0.6 ±.024
Min. 50mm 1.969 inch:	±1.0 ±.039

6. 300A Connector type

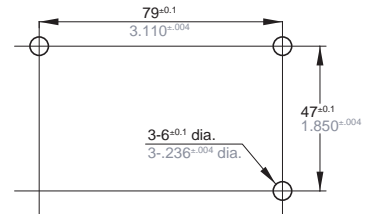
CAD Data External dimensions



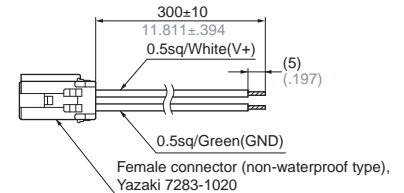
Schematic (Top view)



Panel cut-off



*Accessories (included)



Dimension:

Less than 10mm .394inch:	±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50mm .394 to 1.969inch:	±0.6 ±.024
50 to 100mm 1.969 to 3.937 inch:	±1.0 ±.039
Min. 100mm 3.937 inch:	±1.6 ±.063

General tolerance

SAFETY STANDARDS

Product name	UL/C-UL (Recognized)	
	File No.	Contact rating
10A	E43149	10A 400V DC, 10A 277V AC Resistive
20A*	(E43149)	(20A 400V DC, 20A 277V AC Resistive)
80A	E43149	80A 400V DC, 80A 277V AC Resistive

*20A type: only UL (Recognized)

NOTES

1. When installing the relay, always use washers to prevent the screws from loosening.

Tighten each screw within the rated range given below. Exceeding the maximum torque may result in breakage. Mounting is possible in either direction.

- M5 screw (20A, 80A, 200A and 300A main unit mounting section): 3 to 4N·m
- M4 screw (10A PC board type main unit mounting section): 0.98 to 1.2N·m (10A TM type main unit mounting section): 1.8 to 2.7N·m

Recommended securing torque on load side terminals

- 80A/M5 bolt: 3.5 to 6.5 N·m
- 200A/M6 bolt: 6 to 8 N·m
- 300A/M8 bolt: 10 to 12 N·m

2. The contacts of the relay are polarized. Please follow instructions in the connection schematic when connecting the contacts.

We recommend installing a surge protector varistor for the 10A, 20A, 80A and 200A types. Please note that when using a diode, the switching speed may decrease and cause a reduction in cut-off performance. For the 300A type, separate surge countermeasures are not required, because it contains a built-in surge absorbing element.

<Recommend varistor>

Amount of proof energy: Min. 1 J

Varistor voltage: 1.5 to 3.0 times of nominal voltage

3. Do not use a relay if it has been dropped.

4. Avoid mounting the relay in strong magnetic fields (near a transformer or magnet) or close to an object that radiates heat.

5. Electrical life

This relay is a DC high-voltage switch. In its final breakdown mode, it may lose the ability to provide the proper cut-off.

Therefore, do not exceed the indicated switching capacity and life. (Please treat the relay as a product with limited life and replace it when necessary.)

In the event that the relay loses cut-off ability, there is a possibility that burning may spread to surrounding parts, so configure the layout so that the power is turned off within one second and from the point of view of safety, consider installing a failsafe circuit in the device.

Also, in order to avoid increased contact resistance, do not operate when there is no switching load.

6. Permeation life of internal gas

This relay uses a hermetically encased contact (capsule contact) with gas inside. The gas has a permeation life that is affected by the temperature inside the capsule contact (ambient temperature + temperature rise due to flow of electrical current). Therefore, please do not exceed the operation ambient and storage ambient temperatures given in the specifications.

7. Do not disassemble the relay.

Please note that disassembling the relay will invalidate the warranty.

8. If the power is turned off and then immediately on after applying the rated voltage (current) continuously to the relay's coil and contact, the resistance of the coil will increase due to a rise in the coil temperature. This causes the pick-up voltage to rise, and possibly exceed the rated pick-up voltage. In these circumstances, take measures such as reducing the load current, limiting the duration of current flow, and applying a coil voltage higher than the rated operating voltage.

9. Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, check the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The power supply waveform supplied to the coil should be rectangular. Also, the 300A type has a built-in dedicated drive circuit. It may not operate normally unless the rise time is 10 ms or less.

10. Don't exceed maximum coil voltage. Exceeding maximum allowable coil voltage on continuous basis will damage the relay and could cause failure.

11. If you will be using with a load voltage that exceeds 400 V DC, please be sure to verify operation on the actual device, referring to the switching life curves (reference data). You must absolutely avoid continual use in which the load current exceeds the rated value. This will cause abnormal heating.

12. The rated control capacity and life are given as general guides.

It is important to conduct sufficient tests on the actual device, because contact properties and working life will differ considerably depending on the type of load and conditions.

13. Main contact ratings in the ratings apply to when there is a resistive load. If you are using an inductive load (L load) such that $L/R > 1$ ms, add surge protection in parallel with the inductive load. If this is not done, the electrical life will decrease and cut-off failure may occur.

In order to prevent contact welding when using a capacitive load (C load) such as a capacitor load, please make the inrush current setting more than two times that of the nominal current. Please contact us for more information.

14. Be careful that foreign matter and oils and fats kind don't stick to the main terminal parts because it is likely to cause terminal parts to give off unusual heat. Also, please use the following materials for connected harnesses and bus bars.

10A TM type:

#187, 0.5 mm board thickness

20A TM type:

#250, 0.8 mm board thickness

tab terminal (JIS C289-1999 compliant, flat type connection terminal)

Harness nominal cross-sectional area

Load input terminal side;

10A TM type: min. 2.0 mm²

20A TM type: min. 3.0 mm²

Coil input terminal side;

10A and 20A TM types: min. 0.3 mm²

80A type: min. 15 mm²

200A type: min. 60 mm²

300A type: min. 100 mm²

15. Use 40 to 70N or 50 to 80N of force as a guide to fasten the terminal connected to the 10A TM and 20A TM types. Please use caution when inserting or removing the terminal as the relay tab terminal may cause injury. Also, unstable conductivity and abnormal terminal heating may occur; therefore, please check that there is no deformation of or foreign objects on the faston terminals (blade receptacle) you will be connecting. Use JIS C2809 (or IEC60760) certified products.

16. Place the PC board mount type (10A PC board type) securely by hand soldering after attaching it using M4 screw. Don't submerge assembled board in cleaning solvent or water. Also, be careful not let flux overflow up from the PC board or adhere to the base of the relay.

Recommended hand soldering conditions

- Soldering iron: 30 to 60 W

- Tip temperature: 400°C 752°F

- Solder time: within approx. 5 seconds

17. Make sure the power is turned off when wiring.

18. Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected malfunction and failure.

19. Regarding AC cutoff, although there is no contact polarity, generally it is thought that the electrical life will shorten due to cutoff in the reverse direction, compared to DC cutoff.

Confirm electrical life using actual load. In the case of DC cut-off, please note the contact polarity.

20. Lead-free solder (tin, silver and copper) is used as pre-solder for the terminals of the PC board mount type (10A PC board type).

21. The warranted tensile strength of the female connector lead wire used for connection that comes with the 80A and 300A connector type when attaching it to the relay body is 98N. Avoid excessive tension as this is a cause of broken wires and damage. Also, insert the female connector deeply and make sure the connection is secure.

22. Condensation will occur during sudden temperature changes in hot and humid environments. Caution is required, because condensation will cause a decrease in the insulation resistance between the terminals.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

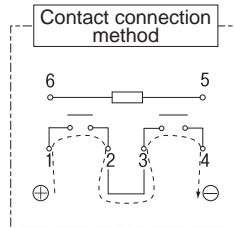
**Max. 1,000 V DC, 20 A
cut-off possible
High capacity
power relays**

HE-V RELAYS



FEATURES

- **Compact size**
(L: 41.0 × W: 50.0 × H: 39.4 mm
L: 1.614 × W: 1.969 × H: 1.551 inch)
Maximum 1,000 V DC, 20 A cut-off has been achieved (at each 1 Form A contact connected in series)



- **Contact arrangement: 2 Form A**
400 DC, 20 A per 1 Form A
- **Contributes to energy saving in devices thanks to reduced coil hold voltage**
Coil hold voltage can be reduced down to 33% of the nominal coil voltage. This equals to operating power of approximately 210 mW.
*Coil hold voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms following application of the nominal coil voltage.

- Protective construction: Flux-Resistant type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Photovoltaic power generation systems
- Battery charge and discharge systems
- Inverter control, DC load control, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

HEV 2a N - P - DC

Contact arrangement

2a: 2 Form A (Single side stable type)

Pick-up voltage

N: 70% of nominal voltage

Terminals

P: PC board terminal type

Coil voltage (DC)

6V, 9V, 12V, 15V, 24V

TYPES

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
6V DC	HEV2aN-P-DC6V
9V DC	HEV2aN-P-DC9V
12V DC	HEV2aN-P-DC12V
15V DC	HEV2aN-P-DC15V
24V DC	HEV2aN-P-DC24V

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 50 pcs.

HE-V

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 55°C 131°F)
6V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage	5%V or more of nominal voltage	320mA	18.8Ω	1,920mW	110%V of nominal voltage
9V DC			213mA	42.2Ω		
12V DC			160mA	75.0Ω		
15V DC			128mA	117.0Ω		
24V DC			80mA	300.0Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form A
	Contact material		AgNi type
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A), Max. 3 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 20 A, Reference value)
Rating	Contact rating (Resistive load)		20 A 800 VDC (at each 1 Form A contact connected in series), 20 A 400 VDC (at 1 Form A contact only)
	Max. switching voltage		1,000 V DC
	Max. switching current		20 A
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1		100 mA 5 V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 1,000V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.
	Short current (Initial)		Max. 300 A 1 ms (Reference value)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact sets	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		Min. 10,000 V
	Coil temperature rise value		Max. 75°C 135°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 20A, 100%V of nominal coil voltage at 55°C 131°F.) Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 20A, 60%V of nominal coil voltage at 85°C 185°F.)
	Coil holding voltage*3		33 to 110%V (Contact carrying current: 20A, at 55°C 131°F), 33 to 60%V (Contact carrying current: 20A, at 85°C 185°F)
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 30 ms (nominal coil voltage, without bounce)
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (nominal coil voltage) (without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10 μs)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.0 mm (Detection time: 10 μs)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm
Expected life	Mechanical life		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*4		Ambient temperature: -40 to +55°C -40 to +131°F (When coil holding voltage is 33% to 110% of nominal coil voltage) -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F (When applied coil hold voltage is 33% to 60% of nominal coil voltage) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing)
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity ON : OFF = 1s : 9s)
Unit weight			Approx. 120 g 4.23 oz

Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981
*3. Coil holding voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms following application of the nominal coil voltage.
*4. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to usage, transport and storage conditions in "NOTES" on page 359

3. Electric life

1. Each 1 Form A contact connected in series

Conditions: Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F (L/R ≤ 1 ms) (ON : OFF = 1 s : 9 s)

Resistive load	20A 800V DC	Min.1×10 ³ ope.
	20A 600V DC	Min.1×10 ⁴ ope.
Overload	20A 1,000V DC	Min.10 ope.
Reverse	-20A 400V DC	Min.1×10 ³ ope.
Inrush current	40A 800V DC	Min.1×10 ³ ope.

2. 1 Form A contact only

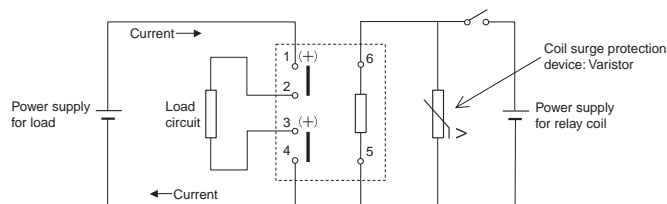
Conditions: Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F (L/R ≤ 1 ms) (ON : OFF = 1 s : 9 s)

Resistive load	20A 400V DC	Min.1×10 ³ ope.
	20A 300V DC	Min.1×10 ⁴ ope.
Overload	20A 500V DC	Min.10 ope.
Reverse	-20A 200V DC	Min.1×10 ³ ope.
Inrush current	40A 400V DC	Min.1×10 ³ ope.

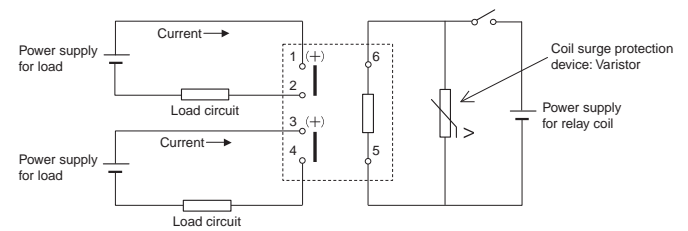
Recommended circuit

Positive polarity of load should be connected to pin 1 and pin 3, refer to the following circuit schematics.

1. Each 1 Form A contact connected in series (Bottom view)

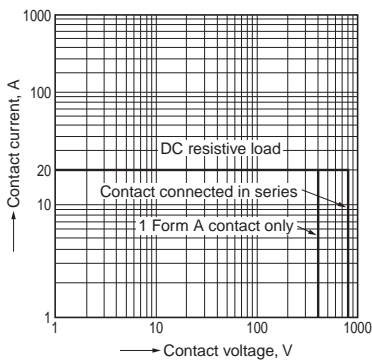


2. 1 Form A contact only (Bottom view)



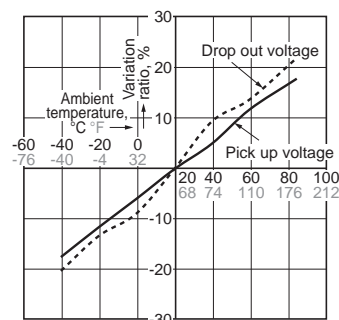
REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching power



2. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: HEV2aN-P-DC12V, 6pcs

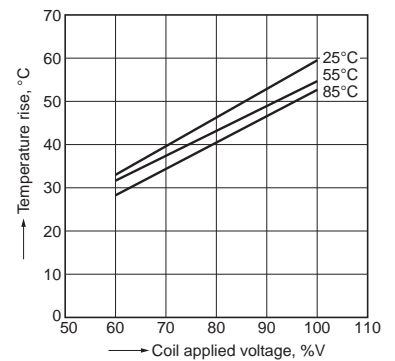


3. Coil temperature rise

Measured portion: Inside the coil

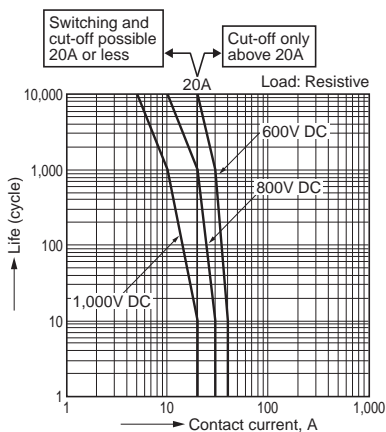
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 55°C 131°F, 85°C 185°F

Contact current: 20 A



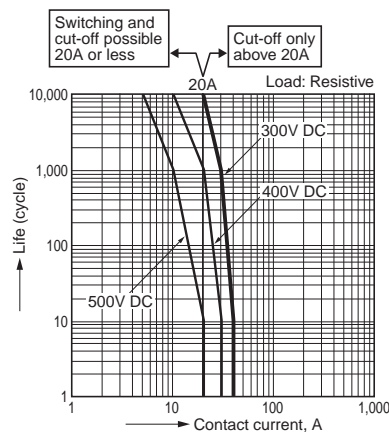
4.-(1) Cut-off life curve (forward direction)

Contact connected in series



4.-(2) Cut-off life curve (forward direction)

1 Form A contact only



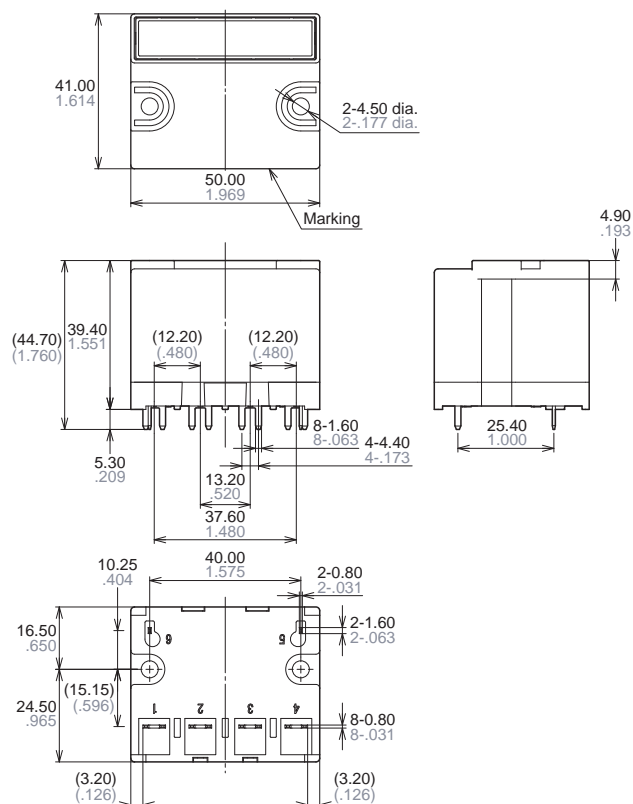
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

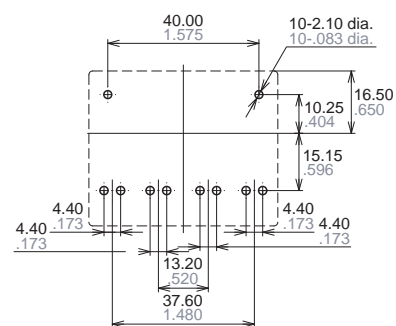


External dimensions



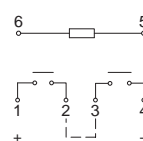
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43028	20A 600V DC 6,000 ope. (at 85°C 185°F, Same polarity only)	40006681	20A 600V DC 10,000 ope. (at 85°C 185°F) 20A 800V DC 1,000 ope. (at 85°C 185°F) 20A 1000V DC 10 ope. (at 85°C 185°F)

NOTES

■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature:

–40 to +55°C –40 to +131°F (When coil holding voltage is 33 to 110%V)

–40 to +85°C –40 to +185°F (When coil holding voltage is 33% to 60%V)

2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

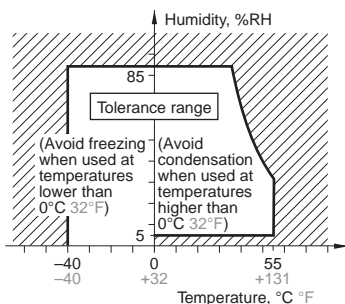
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

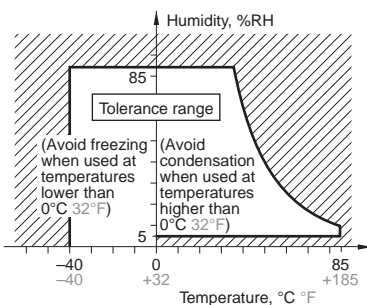
3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage

(Coil holding voltage: 33 to 110%V)



(Coil holding voltage: 33 to 60%V)



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

■ Solder and cleaning conditions

1) Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.

(1) Preheating: Max. 120°C 248°F (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 s

(2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F (solder temperature) and within 10 seconds (soldering time)

2) Please obey the following conditions when manual soldering.

Max. 260°C 500°F (solder temperature) and within 10 seconds (soldering time)

Max. 350°C 662°F (solder temperature) and within 3 seconds (soldering time)

*Effects of soldering heat on the relays vary depending on the PC board. So please confirm actual soldering condition with the PC board used for assembling.

3) Since this is not a sealed type relay, do not clean it as is. Also, be careful not to allow flux to overflow above the PC board or enter the inside of the relay.

■ Certification

1) This relay is UL/C-UL certified.

20A 600VDC 6×10³ ope.
(at 85°C 185°F, Same polarity only)

2) This relay is certified by VDE

20A 600VDC 1×10⁴ ope.
(at 85°C 185°F)
20A 800VDC 1×10³ ope.
(at 85°C 185°F)
20A 1000VDC 10 ope.
(at 85°C 185°F)

■ Cautions for use

1) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to ±5% (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage. Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.

2) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.

And do not have a parallel connection with diode for the purpose of coil surge absorber. Instead of diode, a Varistor is recommend for the absorber.

Recommended Varistor;

Maximum energy: more than 1J

Varistor voltage: 150 to 400% of nominal voltage

3) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, ambient conditions and other factors.

Especially, contact terminals have polarity. So if the contact terminals were connected with opposite pole, the electric life would be shorter.

4) This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level.

Therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

5) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.

6) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

7) Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

8) The relay should not be installed near strong magnetic field (transformers, magnets, etc.) and should not be installed near objects that radiate heat.

9) If the several relays are mounted closely or a heat-generation object is close to the relay, take care to check the abnormal temperature rise and the insulation distance between the terminals outside of the relay.

10) If you are using an inductive load (L load) such that L/R > 1ms, add surge protection in parallel with the inductive load. If this is not done, the electrical life will decrease and cut-off failure may occur.

11) In case using a capacitive load (C-load), please take a countermeasure as pre-charging to the capacitive load so that the inrush current will not surpass 40A. The relay might have a contact welding without such countermeasure.

12) This relay is a high-voltage direct-current switch. In its final breakdown mode, it may lose the ability to provide the proper cut-off. Therefore, do not exceed the indicated switching capacity and life. (Please treat the relay as a product with limited life and replace it when necessary.)

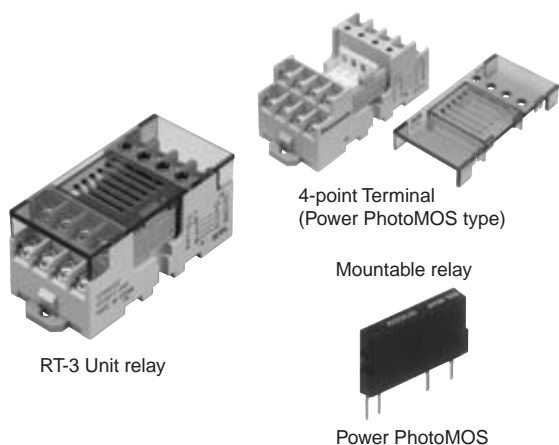
In the event that the relay loses cut-off ability, there is a possibility that burning may spread to surrounding parts, so configure the layout so that the power is turned off within one second and from the point of view of safety, consider installing a failsafe circuit in the device.

13) Please carry out the design which had a enough margin in conductor width and a space between conductors in the case of a design of a printed circuit board.

14) Contact terminals have polarity. So if the contact terminals were connected with opposite pole, the electric life would be shorter. There is no polarity if they are used for power distribution only.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Interface Terminal/DIN Rail Power Relays



FEATURES

- Space-saving type with four independent points on a base measuring 33 × 67 mm 1.299 × 2.638 inch. Contributes to a more compact control panel.**
- Power PhotoMOS, for high reliability and long life, are installed.**
This type is equipped with Power PhotoMOS which have a reputation for high reliability and long life. Helps make devices maintenance-free.
- Can be mounted on a DIN rail or mounted directly (by screws).**
- Equipped with an LED display to allow easy confirmation of operation.**
- Possible to select relay for use in the 4-point terminal in accordance with load.**

TYPES

1. RT-3 Unit relay

Contact arrangement	Type	Rated input voltage	Part No.
1 Form A × 4	DC only (Equipped with AQZ102)	12 V DC	RT3SP1-12V
		24 V DC	RT3SP1-24V
	AC/DC dual use (Equipped with AQZ204)	12 V DC	RT3SP2-12V
		24 V DC	RT3SP2-24V

Standard packing: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 20 pcs.

Notes: 1. Only for use with Power PhotoMOS standard type relays. Cannot be equipped with PA relays.

2. Please inquire other contact arrangement.

2. 4-point Terminal

Type	Rated input voltage	Part No.
Power PhotoMOS type	12 V DC	RT3BB12V
	24 V DC	RT3BB24V

Standard packing: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 20 pcs.

3. Mountable relays for 4-point Terminal (per relay, at 25°C 77°F, initial)

Possible relays		Output			
Type	Part No.	Maximum load voltage	Recommended load voltage	Continuous load current	Peak load current
Power PhotoMOS (DC only)	AQZ102	60V DC	0 to 30V DC	2.00A	9.0A
	AQZ105	100V DC	0 to 50V DC	1.50A	6.0A
	AQZ107	200V DC	0 to 100V DC	0.70A	3.0A
	AQZ104	400V DC	0 to 200V DC	0.40A	1.5A
Power PhotoMOS (AC/DC dual use)	AQZ202	60V (peak)	0 to 12V AC/0 to 30V DC	1.80A	9.0A
	AQZ205	100V (peak)	0 to 24V AC/0 to 50V DC	1.20A	6.0A
	AQZ207	200V (peak)	0 to 48V AC/0 to 100V DC	0.60A	3.0A
	AQZ204	400V (peak)	0 to 125V AC/0 to 200V DC	0.30A	1.5A
	AQZ404 (1 Form B type)	400V (peak)	0 to 125V AC/0 to 200V DC	0.50A	1.5A

Notes: 1. Peak load current is limited to "100 ms, 1 shot".

2. The ratings per point in the table above also apply during 4-point simultaneous operation.

3. Please use a load current that is within the range of the data given below in "REFERENCE DATA 2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics".

4. Be very careful regarding the polarity on the output side when equipped with AQZ10* (dedicated power PhotoMOS DC type).

5. Never equip a product with a relay other than those given above. Doing so can cause product malfunction, breakdown, and breakdown of connected devices.

RT-3 Unit Relay/4-point Terminal (Power PhotoMOS Type)

RATING

1. Input ratings (per relay)

Part No.	Rated input voltage	Operate voltage (at 25°C 77°F)	Release voltage (at 25°C 77°F)	Input current (during application of rated input voltage) (at 25°C 77°F)	Allowable variation of rated input voltage (at -20°C to +55°C -4°F to +131°F)	
RT3SP1-12V	12 V DC	Max. 9.5 V DC (5.1 V typ.)	Min. 3.0 V DC (5.0 V typ.)	6.2 mA typ.	90% to 110% of rated input voltage	
RT3SP2-12V						
RT3SP1-24V	24 V DC	Max. 15.0 V DC (6.8 V typ.)	Min. 3.5 V DC (6.5 V typ.)	6.7 mA typ.		
RT3SP2-24V						

Note: This product has a built-in input current limiting resistor; therefore, it is not necessary to externally connect a resistor to the input. The input voltage can be applied directly.

2. Output ratings (per relay, at 25°C 77°F)

Part No.	Equipped relay	Maximum load voltage	Recommended voltage	Continuous load current	Peak load current
RT3SP1-12V	AQZ102 (DC only)	60 V (DC)	0 to 30 V (DC)	2 A (DC)	9 A (100 ms 1 shot)
RT3SP1-24V					
RT3SP2-12V	AQZ204 (AC/DC dual use)	400 V (DC, AC peak value)	0 to 200 V (DC) 0 to 125 V (AC)	0.3 A (DC, AC peak value)	1.5 A (100 ms 1 shot)
RT3SP2-24V					

Notes: 1. During 4-point simultaneous operation, the rating per point is also as shown above.

2. The load current varies depending on ambient temperature. Refer to the "REFERENCE DATA 2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics".

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage	Between input and output
	2,000 Vrms for 1 min.
Insulation resistance	Between different terminals (between relays, both ways)
	1,500 Vrms for 1 min.
Insulation resistance	Min. 100 MΩ (Using 500 V DC megger, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude 1 mm .039 inch
Shock resistance	Min. 196 m/s ²
Ambient temperature	-20°C to +55°C -4°F to +131°F
Ambient humidity	35% to 85% R.H. (Not condensing)
Storage temperature	-30°C to +80°C -22°F to +176°F (Not freezing and condensing)
Terminal screw fasten torque	0.3 to 0.5 N·m {3 to 5 kgf·cm}
Cross connection protecting diode	1.5 A, inverse voltage 40 V
Unit weight	Approx. 100 g 3.53 oz

Notes: 1. The value of breakdown voltage and insulation resistance is the initial one.

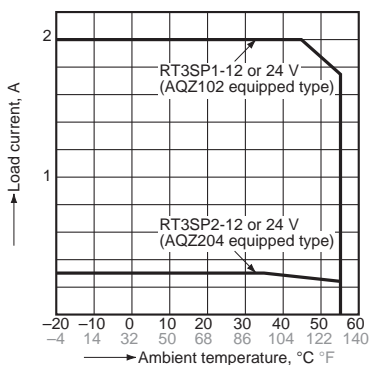
2. Condensing occurs when the unit relay is exposed to sudden temperature change in a high temperature and high humidity atmosphere. This may cause some troubles like insulation failure of the socket or the print circuit board. Take care under this condition.

3. Below 0°C 32°F, condensing water can freeze and cause socket contact failures and other problems. Take care under this condition.

REFERENCE DATA

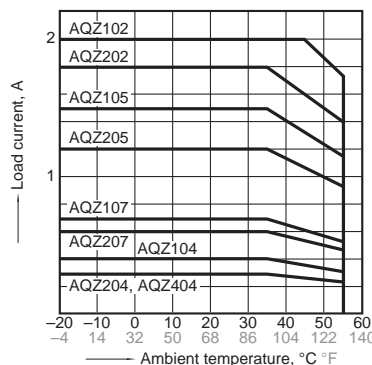
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics (1)

Allowable ambient temperature: -20°C to +55°C
-4°F to +131°F



2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics (2)

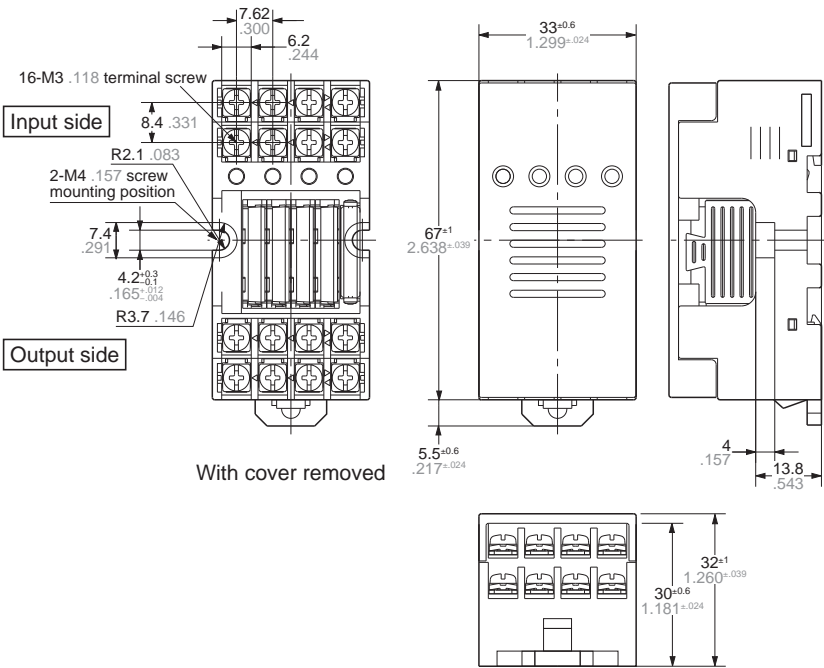
Allowable ambient temperature: -20°C to +55°C
-4°F to +131°F



RT-3 Unit Relay/4-point Terminal (Power PhotoMOS Type)

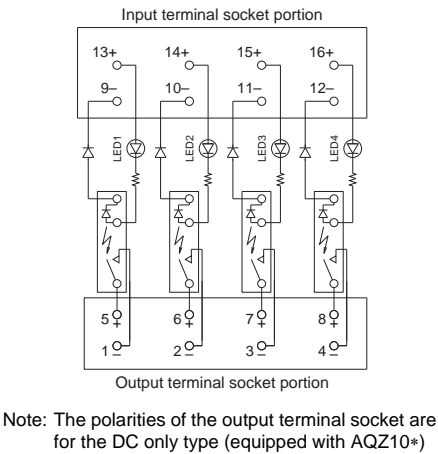
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. External dimensions

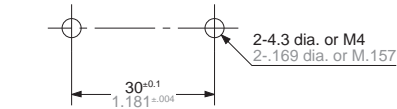


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

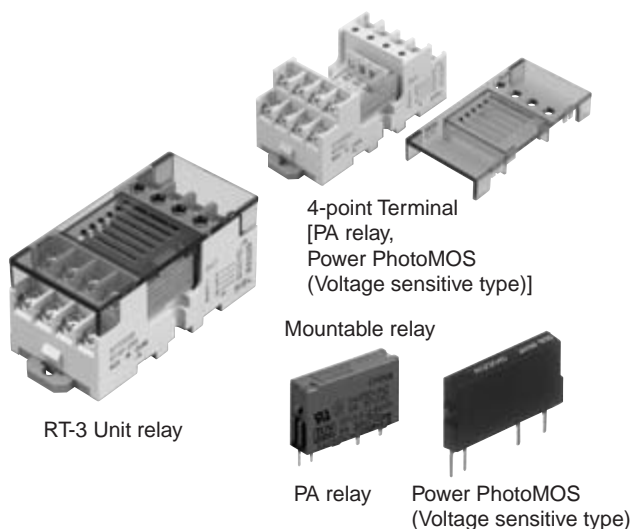
2. Schematic



3. Mounting hole pattern



See also “CAUTIONS FOR USE” on page 369 of the RT-3 Unit Relay/4-point Terminal (PA Relay Type) data sheet.



FEATURES

- 1. Slim, space-saving type (33 mm 1.299 inch wide) with four independent points on a base measuring 33 × 67 mm 1.299 × 2.638 inch. This contributes to a more compact control panel.**
- 2. PA relays, which have high sensitivity Au clad twin contacts, are installed.**
PA relays, 5 mm .197 inch wide, are installed. The PA relays feature high sensitivity (12 V type: 120 mW, 24 V type: 180 mW) and twin contacts with Au-cladding, which combine to ensure high reliability even with minute loads.
- 3. Can be mounted on a DIN rail or mounted directly (by screw).**
- 4. Equipped with an LED display to allow easy confirmation of operation.**
- 5. Possible to select relay for use in the 4-point terminal in accordance with load.**

TYPES

1. RT-3 Unit relay

Contact arrangement	Rated input voltage	Part No.
1 Form A × 4	12 V DC	RT3S-12V
	24 V DC	RT3S-24V

Standard packing: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 20 pcs.

Notes: 1. Cannot be equipped with Power PhotoMOS standard type relays. However, equipping with voltage-sensitive type of Power PhotoMOS is possible.

2. 5 V DC units are also available. Please inquire.

3. Please inquire about other contact arrangement.

2. 4-point Terminal

Type	Rated input voltage	Part No.
PA relay, Power PhotoMOS (Voltage sensitive type)	12, 24V DC	RT3BB

Standard packing: Carton: 1 pc.; Case: 20 pcs.

3. Mountable relays for 4-point Terminal (per relay, at 25°C 77°F, initial)

Product Name	Part No.
PA relay	PA1a-12V, PA1a-24V
Power PhotoMOS (Voltage sensitive type)	AQZ10*D (DC only)
	AQZ20*D (AC/DC dual use)

Note: Never install relays into this product other than those given above. Doing so will cause malfunction, breakdown, and breakdown of the connected product.

RATING

1. RT-3 Unit relay

1) Input ratings (per PA relay)

Part No.	Rated input voltage	Input current (at rated input voltage, 20°C 68°F)	Allowable variation of rated input voltage (-20 to +55°C -4 to +131°F)
RT3S-12V	12 V DC	Approx. 11.5 mA (Relay 10 mA + LED 1.5 mA)	12 V DC ± 10%
RT3S-24V	24 V DC	Approx. 10.5 mA (Relay 7.5 mA + LED 3 mA)	24 V DC ± 10%

RT-3 Unit Relay/4-point Terminal (PA Relay Type)

2) PA relay coil specifications (reference value)

Relay part No.	Pick-up voltage (Initial) (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (Initial) (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance (±10%) (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power
PA1a-12V	70%V or less of nominal voltage	5%V or more of nominal voltage	1,200 Ω	120 mW
PA1a-24V			3,200 Ω	180 mW

3) Output ratings (per PA relay)

Specification	Item	Specifications
Contact rating	Rated control capacity (resistive load)	3 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V DC
	Maximum allowable contact power (resistive load)	500 VA (AC), 60 W (DC)
	Maximum allowable contact voltage	250 V AC, 30 V DC
	Maximum allowable contact current	3 A
	Minimum load (reference value)	100 mV 100 μA
Expected life	Electrical (resistive load)	Min. 3 × 10 ⁴ : 3 A 250V AC Min. 3 × 10 ⁴ : 3 A 30V DC Min. 10 ⁵ : 2 A 250V AC Min. 10 ⁵ : 2 A 30V DC
	Mechanical	Min. 2 × 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)

Note: During 4-point simultaneous operation, the rating per point is also as shown above.

2. 4-point Terminal

1) Input ratings (per relay)

Rated input voltage	Allowable variation of rated input voltage	Allowable input voltage
12, 24V DC	12V DC±10%, 24V DC±10%	0.2A

Note: The input voltage value above is the allowable current when no relay is installed. Please note that input voltage is determined by the type of relay installed.

2) Input rating when PA relay installed (per relay, at 20°C 68°F)

Type	Rated voltage input	Operate voltage (Initial)	Release voltage (Initial)	Input current (during application of rated input voltage)
PA1a-12V	12V DC	Max. 9.5V DC (Relay max. 8.4V + include diode max. 1.1V)	Min. 1.0V DC (Relay min. 0.6V + include diode min. 0.4V)	Approx. 11.5mA (Relay 10mA + LED 1.5mA)
PA1a-24V	24V DC	Max. 17.9V DC (Relay max. 16.8V + include diode max. 1.1V)	Min. 1.6V DC (Relay min. 1.2V + include diode min. 0.4V)	Approx. 10.5mA (Relay 7.5mA + LED 3mA)

3) Input rating when Power PhotoMOS voltage sensitive type installed (per relay, at 25°C 77°F)

Type	Rated voltage input	Operate voltage (Initial)	Release voltage (Initial)	Input current (during application of rated input voltage)
AQZ*0*D	12, 24V DC	Max. 5.1V DC (Relay max. 4.0V + include diode max. 1.1V)	Min. 1.2V DC (Relay min. 0.8V + include diode min. 0.4V)	Approx. 10.0mA (Relay 7.0mA + LED 3mA)

4) Output rating (per relay)

Allowable load voltage	Allowable load current
600V (DC), 600V (AC peak value)	3A

Note: The value above is the allowable value when no relay is installed.
Please note that limitations apply to the load voltage and current depending on the type of relay installed.

5) Output rating when PA relay installed (per relay, at 20°C 68°F)

Specification	Item	Specifications
Contact rating	Rated control capacity (resistive load)	3 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V DC
	Maximum allowable contact power (resistive load)	750 VA (AC), 90 W (DC)
	Maximum allowable contact voltage	250 V AC, 30 V DC
	Maximum allowable contact current	3 A
	Minimum load (reference value)	100 mV 100 μA
Expected life	Electrical (resistive load)	Min. 3×10 ⁴ : 3 A 250V AC, 3 A 30V DC Min. 10 ⁵ : 2 A 250V AC, 2 A 30V DC
	Mechanical	Min. 2×10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)

Note: During 4-point simultaneous operation, the rating per point is also as shown above.

6) Output rating when Power PhotoMOS voltage sensitive type installed (per relay, at 25°C 77°F)

Possible relays		Maximum load voltage (DC, AC peak value)	Continuous load current (DC, AC peak value)	Possible relays		Maximum load voltage (DC, AC peak value)	Continuous load current (DC, AC peak value)
Type	Part No.			Type	Part No.		
DC only	AQZ102D	60V	1.80A	AC, DC dual use	AQZ202D	60V	1.350A
	AQZ105D	100V	1.15A		AQZ205D	100V	0.900A
	AQZ107D	200V	0.55A		AQZ207D	200V	0.450A
	AQZ104D	400V	0.30A		AQZ204D	400V	0.225A

Notes: 1. During 4-point simultaneous operation, the rating per point is also as shown above.
2. Please use a load current that is within the range of the data given below in "REFERENCE DATA Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics".

RT-3 Unit Relay/4-point Terminal (PA Relay Type)

SPECIFICATIONS

RT-3 Unit relay/4-point Terminal

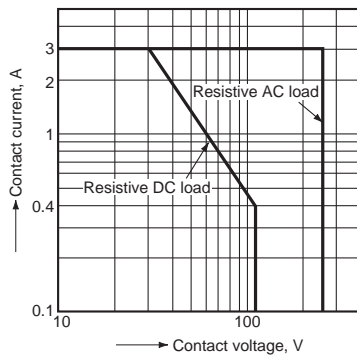
Item		Specifications
Breakdown voltage	Between input and output	2,000 Vrms for 1 min.
	Between different terminals (between relays, both ways)	1,500 Vrms for 1 min.
Insulation resistance		Min. 100 MΩ (Using 500 V DC megger)
Vibration resistance (destructive)		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude 1 mm .039 inch
Vibration resistance (functional)		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude 1 mm .039 inch
Shock resistance (destructive)		Min. 196 m/s ²
Shock resistance (functional)		Min. 98 m/s ²
Ambient temperature		-20°C to +55°C -4°F to +131°F
Ambient humidity		35% to 85% R.H. (Not condensing)
Storage temperature		-30°C to +80°C -22°F to +176°F (Not freezing and condensing)
Terminal screw fasten torque		0.3 to 0.5 N·m
Coil surge absorber		Diode (1A, 400V)
Cross connection protecting diode		1.5 A, inverse voltage 40 V
Unit weight		Approx. 100 g 3.53 oz

Notes: 1. The value of breakdown voltage and insulation resistance is the initial one.
 2. Condensing occurs when the unit relay is exposed to sudden temperature change in a high temperature and high humidity atmosphere. This may cause some troubles like insulation failure of the socket or the print circuit board. Take care under this condition.
 3. Below 0°C 32°F, condensing water can freeze and cause socket contact failures and other problems. Take care under this condition.

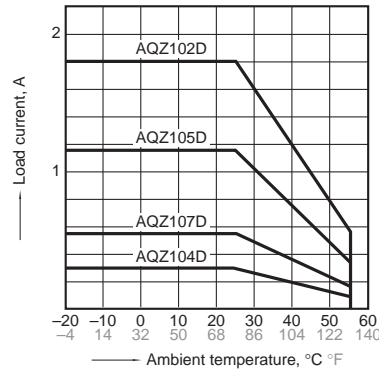
REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum value for switching capacity (output)

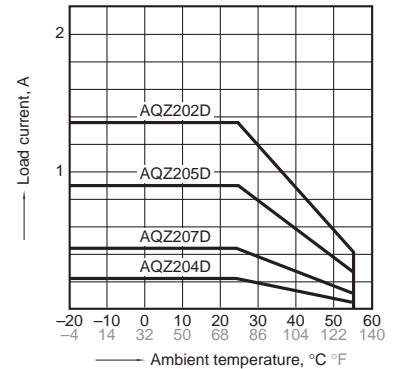
Per PA relay



2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics (DC only)



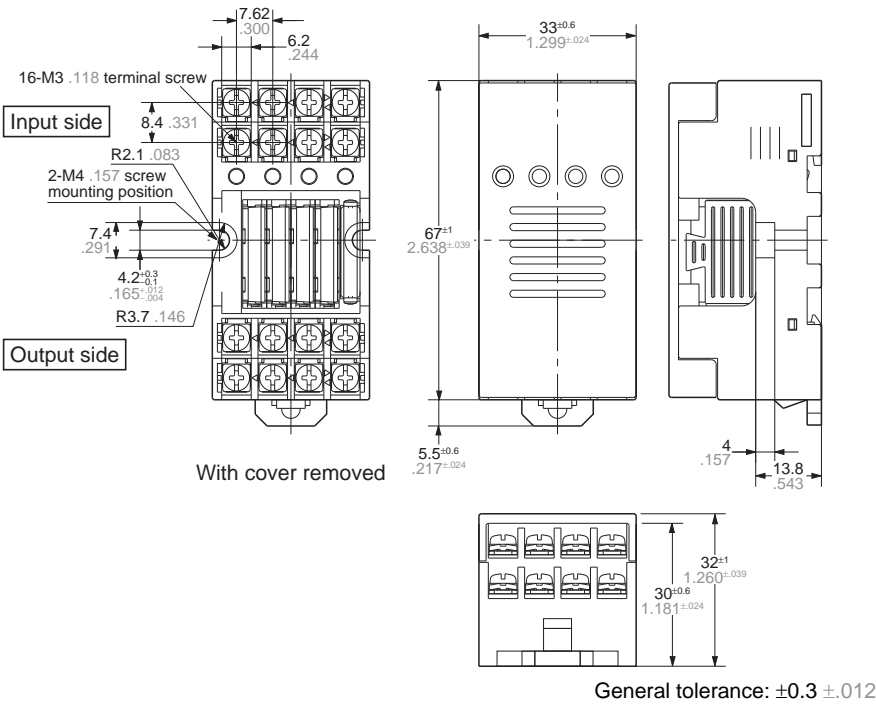
3. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics (AC/DC dual use)



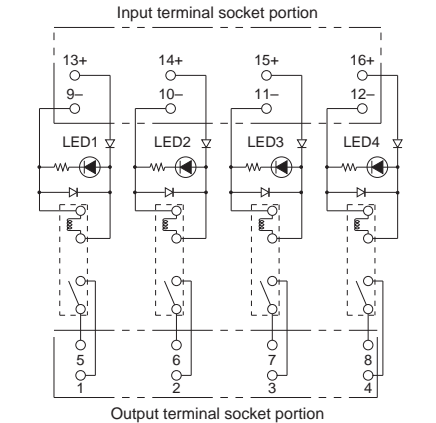
RT-3 Unit Relay/4-point Terminal (PA Relay Type)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. External dimensions

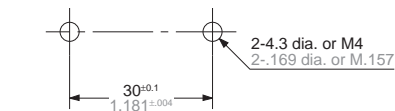


2. Schematic



Note: It is PA relay type.
Cannot be equipped with Power PhotoMOS standard type relays. However, equipping with voltage sensitive type of Power PhotoMOS is possible.
The polarities of the output terminal socket are for the DC only type (equipped with AQZ10*D)

3. Mounting hole pattern



See also “CAUTIONS FOR USE” on page 369.

1. Never install modules (relays) into this product other than those designated. Doing so will cause malfunction, breakdown, and breakdown of the connected product.

2. If a unit is dropped be sure to check its external appearance and characteristics before using it.

3. The operation and return voltage values when equipped with PA relays are based on the relay terminals being face down. (RT-3 Unit relay (PA type), 4-point Terminal)

4. Switching lifetime (PA relay)

This characteristic depends on the relay and is effected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous, rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

2) Frequent switching under load condition

When high frequently switched under load condition that can cause arc at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO_3 is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

(1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.

(2) Lower the operating frequency

(3) Lower the ambient humidity

5. Operating environment

1) Keep the product as far way as possible from power cables, high tension equipment, power equipment, equipment with transmitting devices such as amateur radios, or equipment which generates a large switching surge.

2) The main unit is made of resin; therefore, do not use it in areas where it may come in contact with (or be exposed to) organic solvents such as gasoline, thinner, and alcohol, or strong alkaline substances such as ammonia and caustic soda.

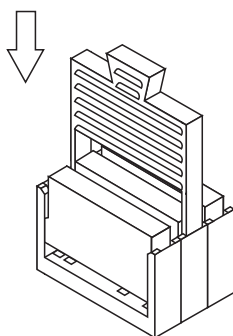
3) Do not use the product in areas where it may be exposed to flammable gases, corrosive gases, excessive dust, or moisture, or areas where it may be subjected to strong vibration or shock.

6. Installing and removing the module

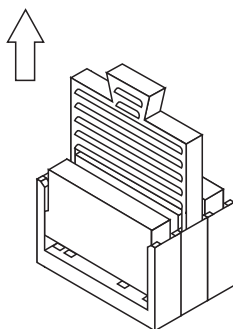
1) Firmly insert the module into the socket with the terminals going in the direction of the blade receptacles.

2) The module can be easily removed using the removal key.

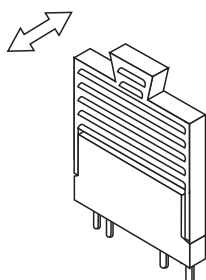
(1) Insert the removal key into the socket slots.



(2) Pull the removal key up to remove the module.



(3) Slide the removal key off of the module.



7. Wiring and circuit configuration

1) Perform wiring according to the internal schematic. Take care not to make any mistakes.

In particular, with the RT-3 Unit relay (PA relay type) and 4-point terminal, be careful of the polarity on the output side when equipped with AQZ10*D (DC type). Also, with the RT-3 Unit relay (Power PhotoMOS type), be careful of the polarity on the output side of the DC type (RT3SP1-**V for type equipped with

AQZ102).

2) We recommend the use of wire-pressed terminals for connection to the terminal portion.

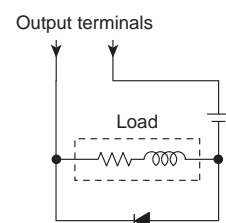
• Example of applicable wire-pressed terminal

Company Name	Part Name	Applicable wire-pressed terminal
J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.	1.25 to C3A	0.25 to 1.65mm ²

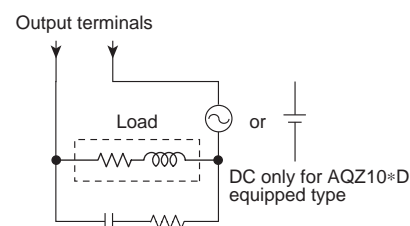
3) When the load is inductive, limit spike voltages generated from the load to less than the maximum load voltage.

Typical circuits are shown below.

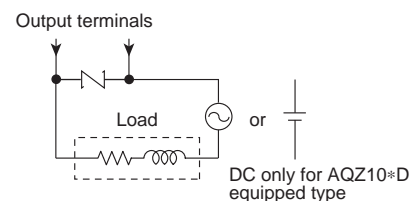
(1) Add a clamp diode to the load.



(2) Add an R-C snubber to the load.



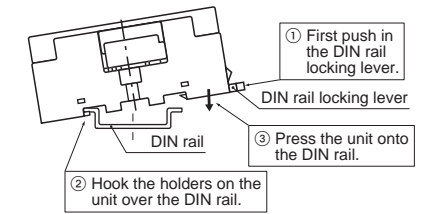
(3) Add a varistor between the output terminals.



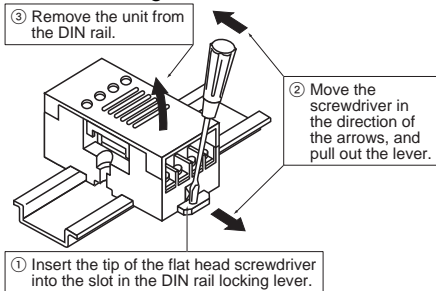
4) Even if spike voltages generated from the load are limited by a clamp diode or R-C snubber, inductances in long circuit wires will still create spike voltages. Keep wires as short as possible to minimize inductance.

8. Installation

- 1) Perform mounting hole cutout according to the panel cutout drawings.
- 2) When installing the unit on a DIN rail, use the DIN rail locking lever on the side of the unit. Installation is accomplished by simply fitting the unit onto the rail and pressing gently.



- 3) To remove the unit from the DIN rail, use a flat head screwdriver to pull out the DIN rail locking lever.



9. Transporting and storage

- 1) If the product is subjected to extreme vibration while being transported, the relays may become detached, the lead may become bent, and the unit may become damaged. Handle the carton and case with care.
- 2) If the product is stored in an extremely adverse environment, visible defects and deterioration of performance characteristics may result. We recommend the following storage conditions.
 - Temperature: 5 to 30°C 41 to 86°F
 - Humidity: Max. 60% R.H.
 - Environment: No hazardous substances such as sulfurous acid gases and little dust.

10. When equipped with Power PhotoMOS voltage drive type [RT-3 Unit relay (PA relay type), 4-point Terminal]

Since the Power PhotoMOS voltage sensitive type does not require the current-controlling resistance on the input side, it can be used together with PA relays on RT-3 unit relay (PA relay type) or RT-2 relay terminals. When connecting Power PhotoMOS voltage sensitive types, since it will be a close connection, it will be necessary to be careful of load currents. Be sure to refer to the information given regarding "Load currents vs ambient temperature characteristics" in the precautions given for use of 4-point terminals.

TERMINAL BLOCK

We recommend using wire-pressed terminals for connection to the terminal portion.

- Applicable electrical wire: 0.25 to 1.65 mm² .01 to .065 inch
- Applicable wire-pressed terminals (mm inch)

Company Name	Part Name	Part Name
J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.	1.25 to C3A	1.25 to 3
NICHIFU	1.25Y to 3N	1.25 to 3
Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd.	VD1.25 to 3L	R1.25 to 3

ACCESSORIES

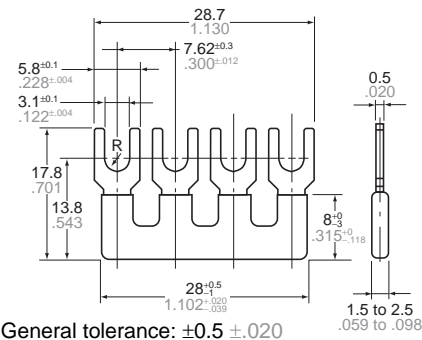
Short circuit plate for RT-3 Unit relay
Use when you want to bridge terminals.

< With insulator >



AY3802

External dimensions (mm inch)

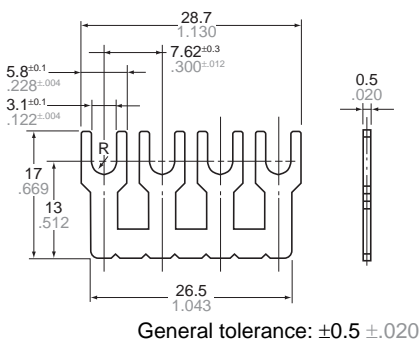


< Without insulator >

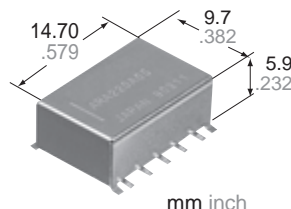


AY3803

External dimensions (mm inch)



Microwave Devices / High-Frequency Relays



FEATURES

1. High frequency characteristics

(Impedance 50Ω, ~1.0GHz)

- Insertion loss; Max. 0.3dB
- Isolation; Min. 20dB
(Between open contacts)
Min. 30dB
(Between contact sets)
- V.S.W.R.; Max. 1.2

2. Surface mount terminal

This relay is a surface-mounted model with excellent high-frequency properties. In addition, it can use a microstrip line in the base circuit design which spares the labor of machining the base.

3. Low profile small type

9.7(W)×14.7(L)×5.9(H) mm
.382(W)×.579(L)×.232(H) inch

4. High sensitivity: 140 mW nominal operating power

5. High contact reliability

Electrical life: Min. 10⁷ (10mA 10V DC)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

• Measurement instruments

Oscilloscope attenuator circuit

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Arrangement		2 Form C	
Contact material	Stationary	AgPd + Au clad	
	Movable	AgPd	
Initial contact resistance (By voltage 6V DC 1A)		Max. 75mΩ	
Rating	Contact rating (resistive)		10mA 10 V DC 1A 30 V DC
	Contact carrying power		Max. 3W (at 1.0GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. max.1.2)
	Max. switching voltage		30 V DC
	Max. switching current		1A
High frequency characteristics (~1GHz, Impedance 50Ω) (Initial)	Isolation	Between open contacts	Min. 20dB
		Between contact sets	Min. 30dB
	Insertion loss		Max. 0.3dB
	V.S.W.R.		Max. 1.2
	Input power		Max. 3W (at 1.0GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. max.1.2)
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable	
1 coil latching		70 mW (1.5 to 12V) 100mW (24V)	
2 coil latching		140mW (1.5 to 12V) 200mW (24V)	

Expected life (min. operation)	Mechanical (at 180 times/ min.)		10 ⁸
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)	10mA 10 V DC (resistive load)	10 ⁷
		1A 30 V DC (resistive load)	10 ⁵

Characteristics

Initial insulation resistance *1		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC)
Initial breakdown voltage *2	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1 min.
	Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.
	Between contact and coil	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.
	Between contact and earth terminal	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.
Operate time [Set time] *3 (at 20°C)		Max. 4ms (Approx. 2ms) [Max. 4ms (Approx. 2ms)]
Release time (without diode) [Reset time] *3 (at 20°C)		Max. 4ms (Approx. 1ms) [Max. 4ms (Approx. 2ms)]
Temperature rise (at 20°C) *4		Max. 60°C
Shock resistance	Functional *5	Min. 500 m/s ²
	Destructive *6	Min. 1,000 m/s ²
Vibration resistance	Functional *7	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3mm
	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5mm
Conditions for operation, transport and storage *8 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	Ambient temp	−40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F
	Humidity	5 to 85% R.H.
Unit weight		Approx. 2g .07oz

Remarks

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

*1 Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.

*2 Detection current: 10mA

ORDERING INFORMATION

Ex.	A	RA	2	0	0	A	03	
Product name	Contact arrangement	Operating function	Type of operation	Terminal shape	Coil voltage, V DC		Packing style	
RA	2: 2 Form C	0: Single side stable 1: 1 coil latching 2: 2 coil latching	0: Standard type (B.B.M)	A: Surface-mount terminal	1H: 1.5 03: 3 4H: 4.5 05: 5 06: 6	09: 9 12: 12 24: 24 48: 48	Nil: Tube packing X: Tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3 pin side) Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from 8/9/10 pin side)	

Note: Packing style; Nil: Tube packing 40 pcs. in an inner package, 1,000 pcs. in an outer package

Z: Tape and reel packing 500 pcs. in an inner package, 1,000 pcs. in an outer package

TYPES AND COIL DATA (at 20°C 68°F)

• Single side stable type

Part No.	Nominal voltage, V DC	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.)(initial)	Coil resistance, Ω ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating current, mA ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
ARA200A1H(Z)	1.5	1.125	0.15	16	93.8	140	2.25
ARA200A03(Z)	3	2.25	0.3	64.3	46.7	140	4.5
ARA200A4H(Z)	4.5	3.375	0.45	145	31	140	6.75
ARA200A05(Z)	5	3.75	0.5	178	28.1	140	7.5
ARA200A06(Z)	6	4.5	0.6	257	23.3	140	9
ARA200A09(Z)	9	6.75	0.9	579	15.5	140	13.5
ARA200A12(Z)	12	9	1.2	1,028	11.7	140	18
ARA200A24(Z)	24	18	2.4	2,880	8.3	200	36
ARA200A48(Z)	48	36	4.8	7,680	6.3	300	57.6

• 1 coil latching type

Part No.	Nominal voltage, V DC	Set voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Reset voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Coil resistance, Ω ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating current, mA ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
ARA210A1H(Z)	1.5	1.125	1.125	32	46.9	70	2.25
ARA210A03(Z)	3	2.25	2.25	128.6	23.3	70	4.5
ARA210A4H(Z)	4.5	3.375	3.375	289.3	15.6	70	6.75
ARA210A05(Z)	5	3.75	3.75	357	14	70	7.5
ARA210A06(Z)	6	4.5	4.5	514	11.7	70	9
ARA210A09(Z)	9	6.75	6.75	1,157	7.8	70	13.5
ARA210A12(Z)	12	9	9	2,057	5.8	70	18
ARA210A24(Z)	24	18	18	5,760	4.2	100	36

• 2 coil latching type

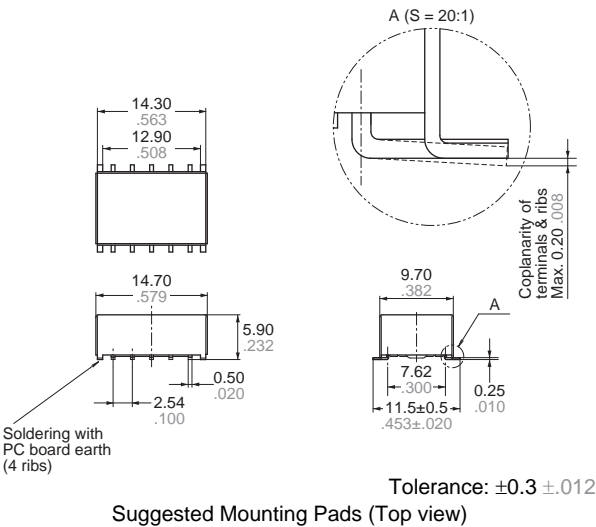
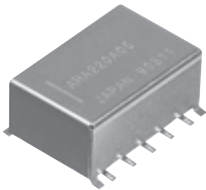
Part No.	Nominal voltage, V DC	Set voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Reset voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Coil resistance, Ω ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating current, mA ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
ARA220A1H(Z)	1.5	1.125	1.125	16	93.8	140	2.25
ARA220A03(Z)	3	2.25	2.25	64.3	46.7	140	4.5
ARA220A4H(Z)	4.5	3.375	3.375	145	31	140	6.75
ARA220A05(Z)	5	3.75	3.75	178	28.1	140	7.5
ARA220A06(Z)	6	4.5	4.5	257	23.3	140	9
ARA220A09(Z)	9	6.75	6.75	579	15.5	140	13.5
ARA220A12(Z)	12	9	9	1,028	11.7	140	18
ARA220A24(Z)	24	18	18	2,880	8.3	200	36

RA (ARA)

DIMENSIONS mm inch

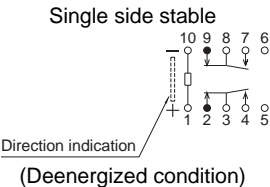
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

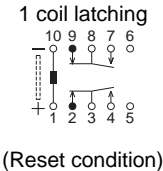


Suggested Mounting Pads (Top view)

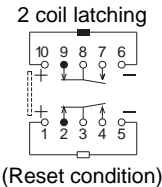
Schematic (Top view)



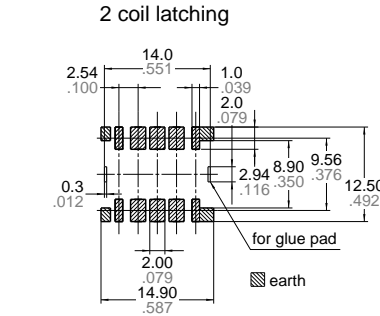
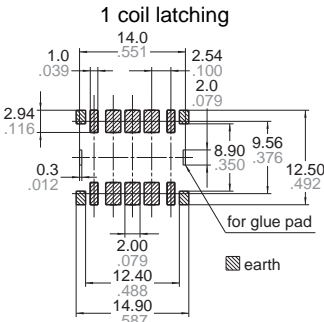
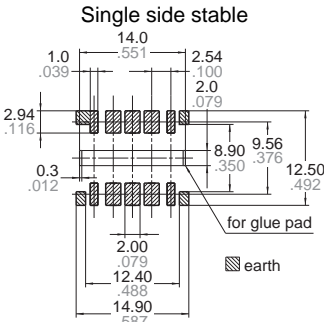
(Deenergized condition)



(Reset condition)



(Reset condition)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±0.004

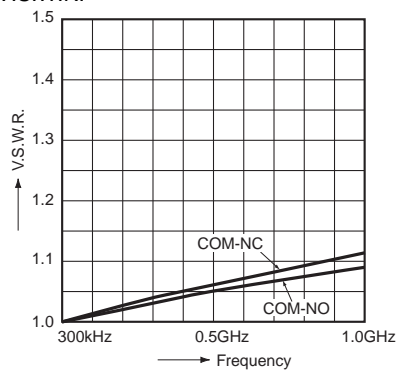
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω)

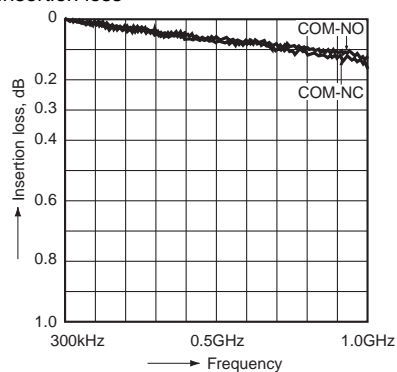
Sample: ARA200A12

Measuring method: Measured with HP network analyzer (HP8753C).

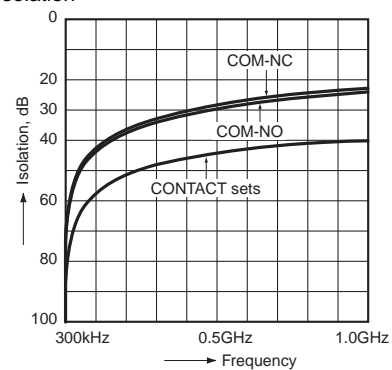
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation

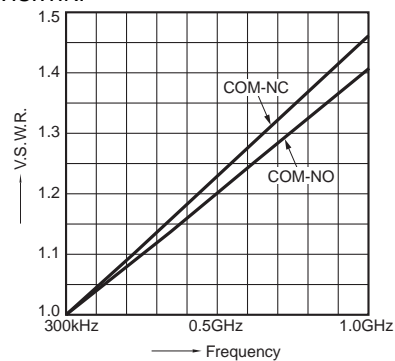


1-(2). High frequency characteristics (Impedance 75Ω)

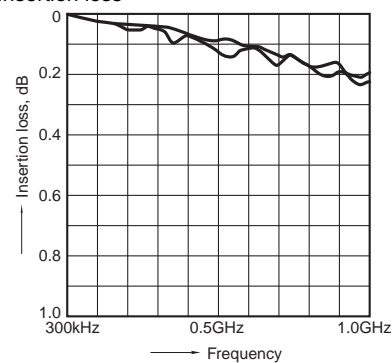
Sample: ARA200A12

Measuring method: Measured with HP network analyzer (HP8753C).

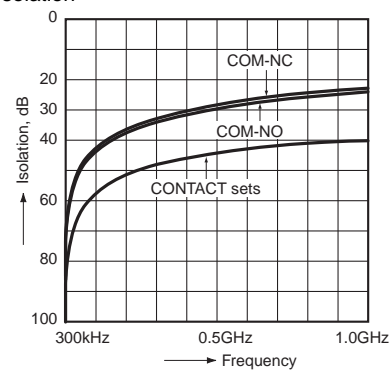
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation



NOTES

1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 10 ms to set/reset the latching type relay.

2. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

3. External magnetic field

Since RA relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

4. Cleaning

For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick. It is recommended that alcoholic solvents be used.

5. Soldering

Manual soldering shall be performed under following condition.

Tip temperature: 280°C to 300°C 536°F to 572°F.

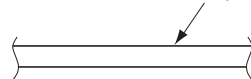
Wattage: 30 to 60W

Soldering time: within 5s

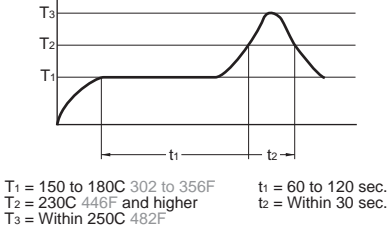
In case of automatic soldering, the following conditions should be observed

1) Position of measuring temperature

Surface of PC board where relay is mounted.



2) IR (infrared reflow) soldering method



Temperature rise of relay itself may vary according to the mounting level or the heating method of reflow equipment. Therefore, please set the temperature of soldering portion of relay terminal and the top surface of the relay case not to exceed the above mentioned soldering condition.

It is recommended to check the temperature rise of each portion under actual mounting condition before use. The soldering earth shall be performed by manual soldering.

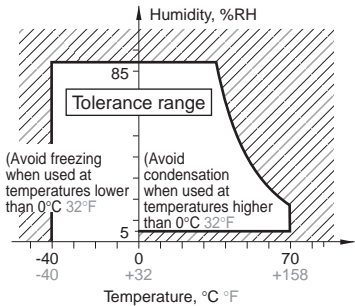
6. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

(1) Temperature:
-40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:



2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

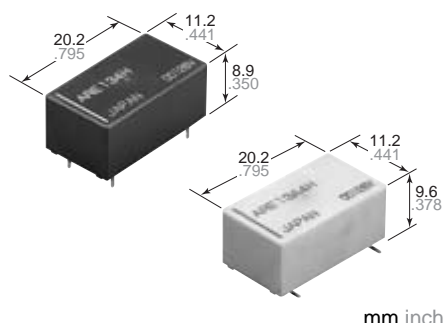
3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

• Excellent high frequency characteristics (to 2.6GHz)

Type	Frequency	900MHz	2.6GHz
Impedance 50Ω	V.S.W.R. (Max.)	1.3	1.7
	Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.2	0.7
	Isolation (dB, Min.)	60	30
Impedance 75Ω	V.S.W.R. (Max.)	1.2	1.5
	Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.2	0.5
	Isolation (dB, Min.)	60	30

• Surface-mount type also available

• Compact and slim size

Size: 20.2(L) × 11.2(W) × 8.9(H)* mm
.795(L) × .441(W) × .350(H) inch

*The height of Surface-mount type is 9.6 mm .378 inch size.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Broadcasting and video markets.

- Digital broadcasting market
- STB/tuner market, etc.

2. Communications market

- Antennae switching
- All types of wireless devices

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Arrangement	1 Form C
Contact material	Gold plating
Initial contact resistance (By voltage drop 10V DC 10mA)	Max. 100mΩ

Rating	Contact rating	1W (at 2.6 GHz [Impedance 75 Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.5] [Impedance 50 Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.7]) 10mA 24V DC (resistive load)
	Contact carrying power	10W (at 2.6GHz [Impedance 75 Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.5] [Impedance 50 Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.7])
	Max. switching voltage	30 V DC
	Max. switching current	0.5 A DC

High frequency characteristics (Impedance 75Ω) (Initial)	V.S.W.R.	Max. 1.2 (to 900MHz) Max. 1.5 (to 2.6GHz)
	Insertion loss	Max. 0.2dB (to 900MHz) Max. 0.5dB (to 2.6GHz)
	Isolation	Min. 60dB (to 900MHz) Min. 30dB (to 2.6GHz)

High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω) (Initial)	V.S.W.R.	Max. 1.3 (to 900MHz) Max. 1.7 (to 2.6GHz)
	Insertion loss	Max. 0.2dB (to 900MHz) Max. 0.7dB (to 2.6GHz)
	Isolation	Min. 60dB (to 900MHz) Min. 30dB (to 2.6GHz)

Expected life (min. operations)	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)	10 ⁶
	Electrical	3×10 ⁵
	10mA 24V DC (resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)	3×10 ⁵

Coil (at 20°C, 68°F)

Nominal operating power	200 mW
-------------------------	--------

Characteristics

Initial insulation resistance*1		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC)
Initial breakdown voltage*2	Between open contacts	500 Vrms
	Between contact and coil	1,000 Vrms
	Between contact and ground terminal	500 Vrms
Operate time*3 (at 20°C)		Max. 10ms
Release time (without diode)*3 (at 20°C)		Max. 5ms
Temperature rise (at 20°C)*4		Max. 60°C
Shock resistance	Functional*5	Min. 500 m/s ² {50 G}
	Destructive*6	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100 G}
Vibration resistance	Functional*7	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Conditions for operation, transport and storage*8 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	Ambient temp.	−40°C to 70°C −40°F to 158°F
	Humidity	5 to 85% R.H.
Unit weight		Approx. 5 g .18 oz

Remarks

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

*1 Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.

*2 Detection current: 10mA

*3 Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.

*4 By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil: Contact carrying power: 10W, at 2.6GHz, [Impedance 75Ω, V.S.W.R. & 1.5] [Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. & 1.7]

*5 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms, detection time: 10μs.

*6 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms

*7 Detection time: 10μs

*8 Refer to 5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions in NOTES (Page 380).

ORDERING INFORMATION

Ex. ARE

1

Contact arrangement	Operating function	Terminal shape	Coil voltage (DC)	Packing style
1: 1 Form C	0: Single side stable type (Impedance 50Ω) 3: Single side stable type (Impedance 75Ω)	Nil: Standard PC board terminal A: Surface-mount terminal	03: 3 V 4H: 4.5 V 06: 6 V 09: 9 V 12: 12 V 24: 24 V	Nil: Carton packing (Standard PC board terminal only) Tube packing (Surface-mount terminal only) Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from 12/13/14 pin side)

Note: Tape and reel packing symbol "Z" is not marked on the relay.
"X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 8/9/10/11/12/13/14-pin side) is also available.
Suffix "X" instead of "Z".

TYPES AND COIL DATA (at 20°C 68°F)

- Single side stable type (Impedance 50Ω)
- Packing of standard PC board terminal: 50 pcs. in an inner package (carton); 500 pcs. in an outer package.
- Packing of surface-mount terminal: 25 pcs. in an inner package (tube); 200 pcs. in an outer package.
- Packing of surface-mount terminal: 400 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 800 pcs. in an outer package.

Standard PC board terminal	Surface-mount terminal	Nominal coil voltage, V DC	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.)(initial)	Coil resistance, Ω (±10%)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC (at 60°C 140°F)
ARE1003	ARE10A03	3	2.25	0.3	45	66.7	200	3.3
ARE104H	ARE10A4H	4.5	3.375	0.45	101	44.4	200	4.95
ARE1006	ARE10A06	6	4.5	0.6	180	33.3	200	6.6
ARE1009	ARE10A09	9	6.75	0.9	405	22.2	200	9.9
ARE1012	ARE10A12	12	9	1.2	720	16.7	200	13.2
ARE1024	ARE10A24	24	18	2.4	2,880	8.3	200	26.4

- Single side stable type (Impedance 75Ω)
- Packing of standard PC board terminal: 50 pcs. in an inner package (carton); 500 pcs. in an outer package.
- Packing of surface-mount terminal: 25 pcs. in an inner package (tube); 200 pcs. in an outer package.
- Packing of surface-mount terminal: 400 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 800 pcs. in an outer package.

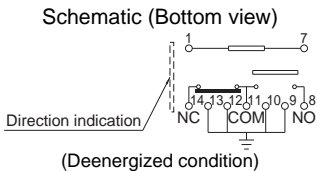
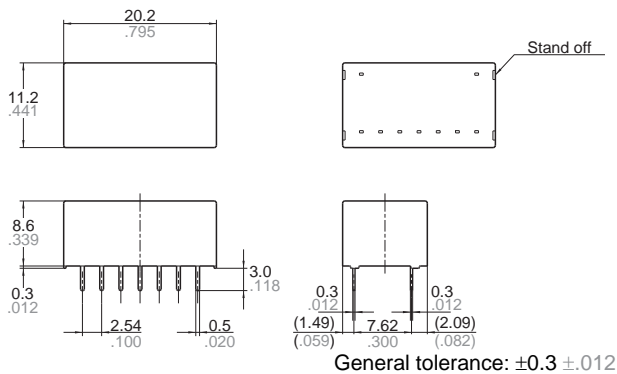
Standard PC board terminal	Surface-mount terminal	Nominal coil voltage, V DC	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.)(initial)	Coil resistance, Ω (±10%)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC (at 60°C 140°F)
ARE1303	ARE13A03	3	2.25	0.3	45	66.7	200	3.3
ARE134H	ARE13A4H	4.5	3.375	0.45	101	44.4	200	4.95
ARE1306	ARE13A06	6	4.5	0.6	180	33.3	200	6.6
ARE1309	ARE13A09	9	6.75	0.9	405	22.2	200	9.9
ARE1312	ARE13A12	12	9	1.2	720	16.7	200	13.2
ARE1324	ARE13A24	24	18	2.4	2,880	8.3	200	26.4

DIMENSIONS mm inch

Download CAD Data from our Web site.

1. Standard PC board terminal (50Ω , 75Ω type)

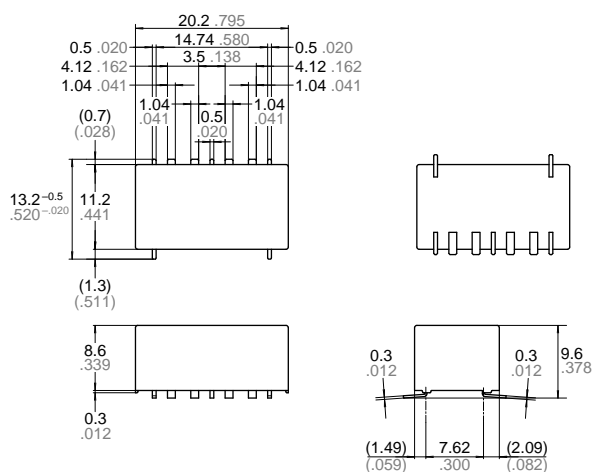
CAD Data



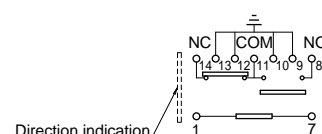
2. Surface mount terminal

CAD Data

• 50Ω type

General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

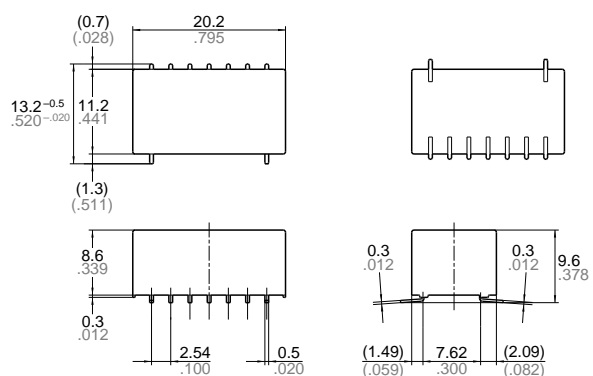
Schematic (Top view)



(Deenergized condition)

CAD Data

• 75Ω type

General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

Schematic (Top view)

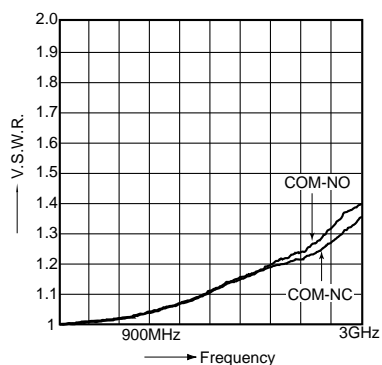


(Deenergized condition)

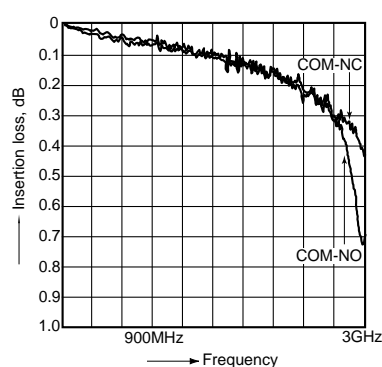
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). High frequency characteristics (Impedance 75Ω) (Standard PC board terminal)

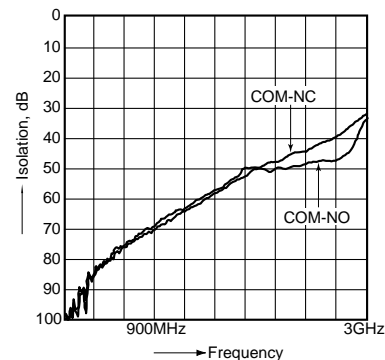
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics



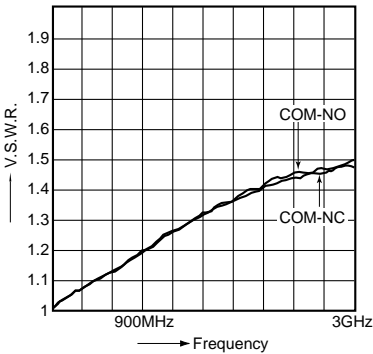
• Isolation characteristics



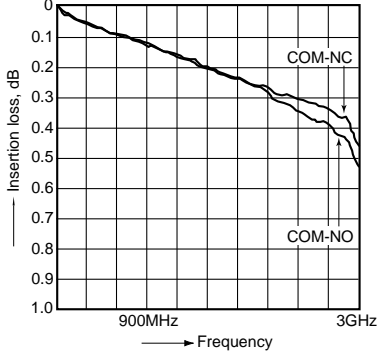
RE (ARE)

1-(2). High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω) (Standard PC board terminal)

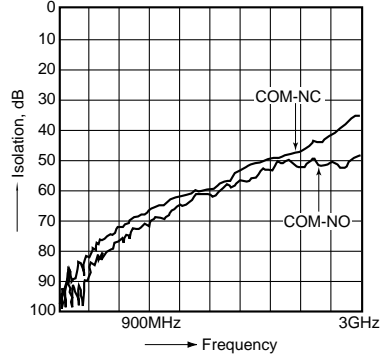
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics



• Isolation characteristics



NOTES

1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different.

2. Cleaning

For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick. It is recommended that alcoholic solvents be used.

3. Soldering

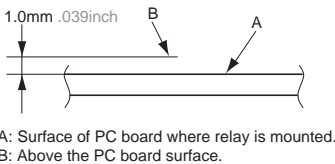
1) The manual soldering shall be performed under following condition.
Max. 260°C 500°F 10s
Max. 350°C 662°F 3s
The affect of the PCB on the relay will differ depending on the type of PCB used. Please verify the type of PCB to be used.
Preheat according to the following conditions.

Temperature	120°C 248°F or less
Time	Within 2 minute

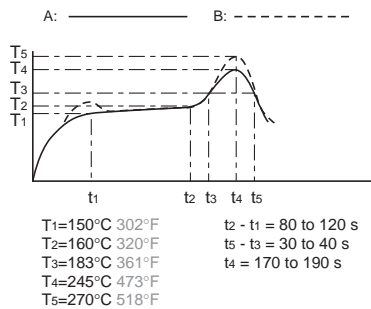
Soldering should be done at 260±5°C 500±9°F within 6 s.

2) In case of automatic soldering, the following conditions should be observed (Surface-mount terminal)

(1) Position of measuring temperature



(2) IR (infrared reflow) soldering method

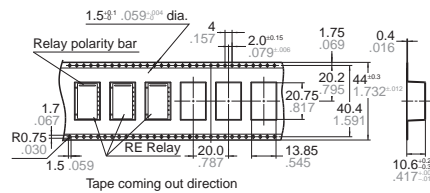


Temperature rise of relay itself may vary according to the mounting level or the heating method of reflow equipment. Therefore, please set the temperature of soldering portion of relay terminal and the top surface of the relay case not to exceed the above mentioned soldering condition.

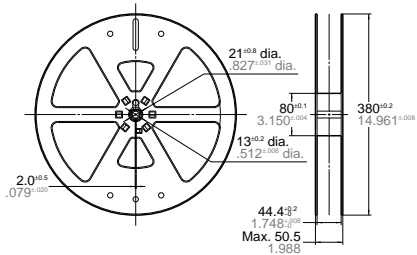
It is recommended to check the temperature rise of each portion under actual mounting condition before use.

4. Packing style

1) Tape dimensions

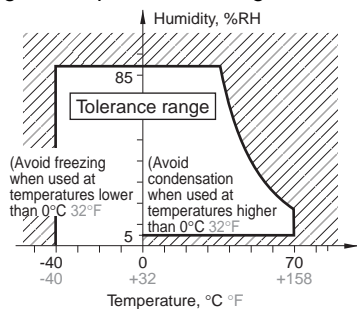


2) Dimensions of plastic reel



5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
(1) Temperature: -40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F
(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:



2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

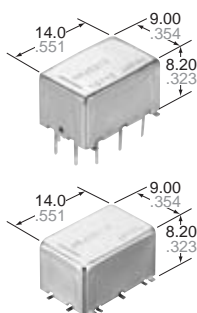
3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- **Excellent high frequency characteristics (50Ω, at 5GHz)**
V.S.W.R.: Max. 1.25
Insertion loss: Max. 0.5dB
Isolation: Min. 35dB
(Between open contacts)
Min. 30dB
(Between contact sets)
- **Surface mount terminal**
Surface mount terminals are now standard so there is much less work in designing PC boards.
- **Small size**
Size: 14.00 (L)×9.00 (W)×8.20 (H) mm
.551 (L)×.354 (W)×.323 (H) inch

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Measuring equipment market

Attenuator circuits, spectrum analyzer, oscilloscope

Mobile telecommunication market

IMT2000, microwave communication

Medical instrument market

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Arrangement			2 Form C
Contact material			Gold plating
Initial contact resistance (By voltage drop 10V DC 10mA)			Max. 150mΩ
Rating	Contact rating		1W (at 5 GHz, Impedance 50 Ω, V.S.W.R. &1.25) 10mA 10V DC (resistive load)
	Contact carrying power		1W (at 5 GHz, Impedance 50 Ω, V.S.W.R. &1.25)
	Max. switching voltage		30 V DC
	Max. switching current		0.3 A DC
High frequency characteristics (Initial) (~5GHz, Impedance 50Ω)	V.S.W.R.		Max. 1.25
	Insertion loss (without D.U.T. board's loss)		Max. 0.5dB
	Isolation	Between open contacts	Min. 35dB
		Between contact sets	Min. 30dB
	Input power		1W (at 5GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. &1.25, at 20°C)
Expected life (min. operations)	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		10 ⁷
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)	1W, at 5GHz, V.S.W.R. & 1.25	10 ⁶
		10mA 10V DC (resistive load)	10 ⁶

Coil (at 20°C, 68°F)

	Nominal operating power
Single side stable	200 mW
2 coil latching	150 mW

Characteristics

Initial insulation resistance*1		Min. 500 MΩ (at 500 V DC)
Initial breakdown voltage*2 for 1 min.	Between open contacts	500 Vrms
	Between contact sets	500 Vrms
	Between contact and coil	500 Vrms
	Between coil and earth terminal	500 Vrms
Operate time [Set time]*3 (at 20°C)		Max. 5ms [Max. 5 ms]
Release time (without diode)[Reset time]*3 (at 20°C)		Max. 5ms [Max. 5 ms]
Temperature rise (at 20°C)*4		Max. 50°C
Shock resistance	Functional*5	Min. 500 m/s ²
	Destructive*6	Min. 1,000 m/s ²
Vibration resistance	Functional*7	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Conditions for operation, transport and storage*8 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	Ambient temp.	-30°C to 70°C -22°F to 158°F
	Humidity	5 to 85% R.H.
Unit weight		Approx. 3 g .11 oz

Remarks

- * Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.
- *1 Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
- *2 Detection current: 10mA
- *3 Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.
- *4 By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil, 5GHz, V.S.W.R. & 1.25
- *5 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms, detection time: 10μs.
- *6 Pulse of sine wave: 11ms.
- *7 Detection time: 10μs
- *8 Refer to 6. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions in NOTES (Page 384).

ORDERING INFORMATION

Ex. ARJ

2

Contact arrangement	Operating function	Terminal shape	Coil voltage (DC)	Packing style
2: 2 Form C	0: Single side stable 2: 2 coil latching	Nil: Standard PC board terminal A: Surface-mount terminal	03 : 3V 4H: 4.5V 12 : 12V 24 : 24V	Nil: Carton packing X: Tape end reel packing (picked from 1/2/3-pin side) Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from 6/7/8-pin side)

Note: Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3-pin side) is also available. Suffix "X" instead of "Z".

TYPES AND COIL DATA (at 20°C 68°F)

1. Standard PC board terminal

- Packing of standard PC board terminal: 50 pcs. in an inner package (carton); 500 pcs. in an outer package

Operating function	Coil Rating, V DC	Part No.	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.) (initial)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ω (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC (at 70°C 158°F)
		Standard PC board terminal						
Single side stable	3	ARJ2003	2.25	0.3	66.6	45	200	3.3
	4.5	ARJ204H	3.375	0.45	44.4	101.2	200	4.95
	12	ARJ2012	9	1.2	16.6	720	200	13.2
	24	ARJ2024	18	2.4	8.3	2,880	200	26.4

Operating function	Coil Rating, V DC	Part No.	Set voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Reset voltage, V DC (min.) (initial)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ω (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC (at 70°C 158°F)
		Standard PC board terminal						
2 coil latching	3	ARJ2203	2.25	2.25	50	60	150	3.3
	4.5	ARJ224H	3.375	3.375	33.3	135	150	4.95
	12	ARJ2212	9	9	12.5	960	150	13.2
	24	ARJ2224	18	18	6.3	3,840	150	26.4

2. Surface-mount terminal

- Packing of surface-mount terminal: 50 pcs. in an inner package (carton); 500 pcs. in an outer package
- Packing of surface-mount terminal: 500 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 500 pcs. in an outer package

Operating function	Coil Rating, V DC	Part No.		Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.) (initial)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ω (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC (at 70°C 158°F)
		Carton packing	Tape and reel packing						
Single side stable	3	ARJ20A03	ARJ20A03Z	2.25	0.3	66.6	45	200	3.3
	4.5	ARJ20A4H	ARJ20A4HZ	3.375	0.45	44.4	101.2	200	4.95
	12	ARJ20A12	ARJ20A12Z	9	1.2	16.6	720	200	13.2
	24	ARJ20A24	ARJ20A24Z	18	2.4	8.3	2,880	200	26.4

Operating function	Coil Rating, V DC	Part No.		Set voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Reset voltage, V DC (min.) (initial)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ω (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC (at 70°C 158°F)
		Carton packing	Tape and reel packing						
2 coil latching	3	ARJ22A03	ARJ22A03Z	2.25	2.25	50	60	150	3.3
	4.5	ARJ22A4H	ARJ22A4HZ	3.375	3.375	33.3	135	150	4.95
	12	ARJ22A12	ARJ22A12Z	9	9	12.5	960	150	13.2
	24	ARJ22A24	ARJ22A24Z	18	18	6.3	3,840	150	26.4

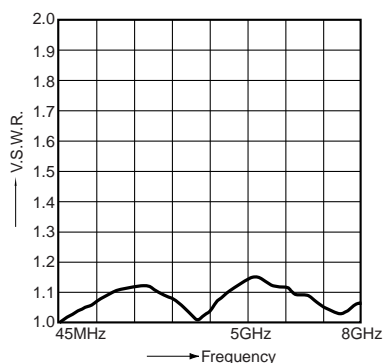
REFERENCE DATA

1. High frequency characteristics

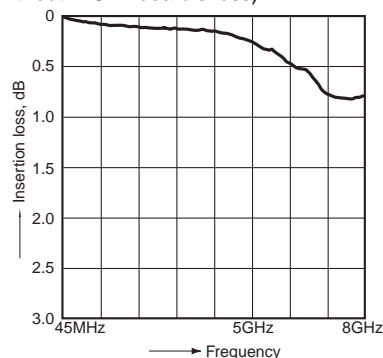
Sample: ARJ20A12

Measuring method: Measured with MEW PC board by HP network analyzer (HP8510C).

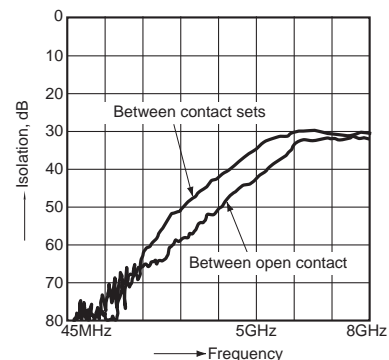
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics
(without D.U.T. board's loss)



• Isolation characteristics

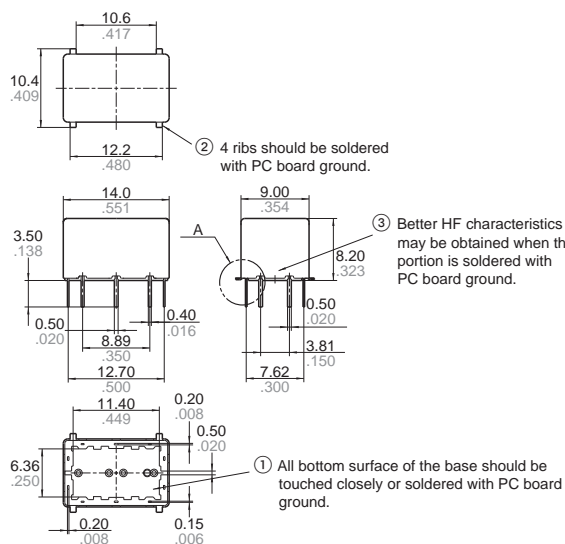


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

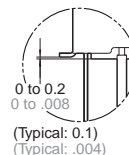
1. Standard PC board terminal

CAD Data



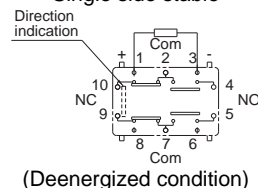
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Expansion of A



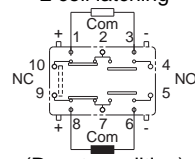
Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

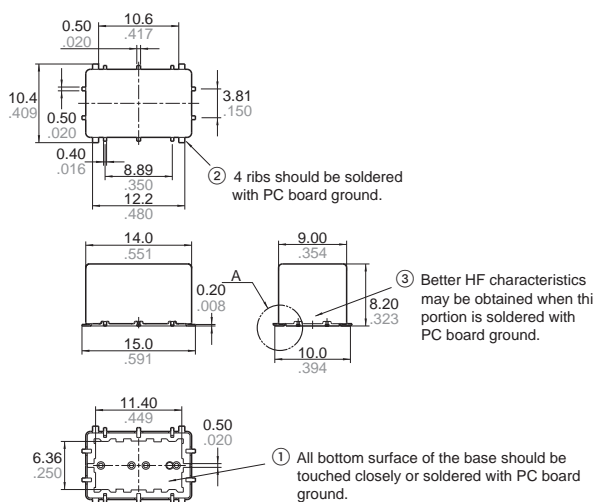
2 coil latching



(Reset condition)

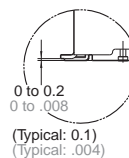
2. Surface mount terminal

CAD Data



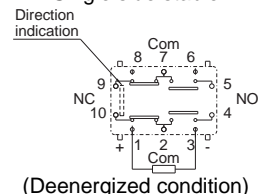
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Expansion of A: Coplanarity of terminals & ribs & base



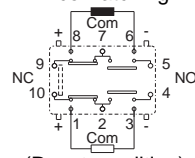
Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

2 coil latching



(Reset condition)

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

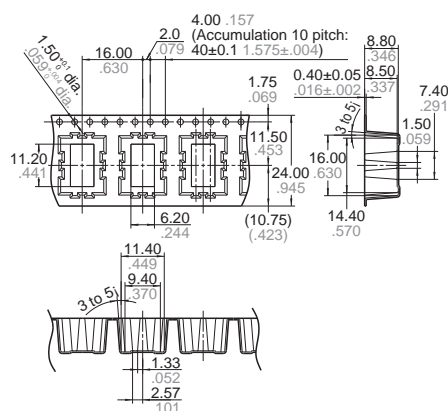
However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 20 ms to set/reset the latching type relay.

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

Since RJ relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick. It is recommended that alcoholic solvents be used.

1) Tape dimensions



1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

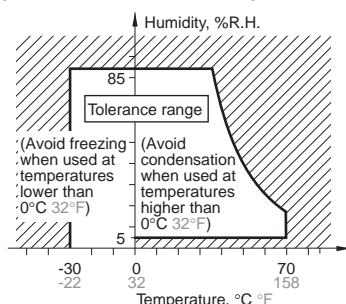
(1) Temperature:

–30 to +70°C –22 to +158°F
(However, tolerance range is –30 to +60°C –22 to +140°F if package is carried as is.)

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for
usage, transport, and storage:



Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

Since the relay is very sensitive to humidity, it is packed in humidity-free, hermetically sealed packaging. When storing the relay, be careful of the following points:

- (1) Be sure to use the relay immediately after removing it from its sealed package.
- (2) When storing the relay for long periods of time after removing it from its sealed package, we recommend using a humidity-free bag with silica gel to prevent subjecting the relay to humidity. Furthermore, if the relay is solder mounted when it has been subjected to excessive humidity, cracks and leaks can

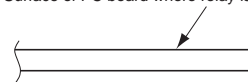
7. Soldering

1) Surface-mount terminal

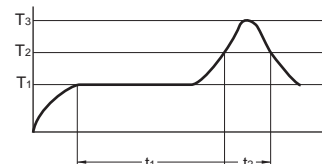
In case of automatic soldering, the following conditions should be observed

(1) Position of measuring temperature

Surface of PC board where relay is mounted.



(2) IR (infrared reflow) soldering method



T₁ = 150 to 180C 302 to 356F t₁ = 60 to 120 sec.
T₂ = 230C 446F and higher t₂ = Within 30 sec.
T₃ = Within 250C 482F

Temperature rise of relay itself may vary according to the mounting level or the heating method of reflow equipment. Therefore, please set the temperature of soldering portion of relay terminal and the top surface of the relay case not to exceed the above mentioned soldering condition.

It is recommended to check the temperature rise of each portion under actual mounting condition before use.

2) Standard PC board terminal

Please meet the following conditions if this relay is to be automatically soldered.

(1) Preheating: Max. 120°C 248°F

(terminal solder surface) for max. 120 seconds

(2) Soldering: Max. 260±5°C 500±9°F for max. 6 seconds

The effect on the relay depends on the actual substrate used. Please verify the substrate to be used.

Moisture-proof packaging enables RJ relay's standard PCB type capable for reflow soldering.

Please contact us in the case of reflow soldering considerations.

3) Hand soldering

Please meet the following conditions if this relay is to be soldered by hand.

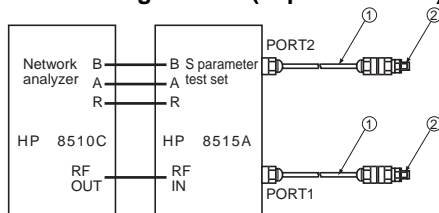
(1) Wattage: 30 to 60 W

(2) Tip temperature/time: 280 to 300°C
536 to 572°F for max. 5 seconds

The effect on the relay depends on the actual substrate used. Please verify the substrate to be used.

4) Avoid high frequency cleaning since this may adversely affect relay characteristics. Use alcohol-based cleaning solutions when cleaning relays.

8. Measuring method (Impedance 50Ω)



Connector

No.	Product name	Contents
1	HP 85131-60013	3.5 mm testport, Extension cable
2	HP 83059	3.5 mm coaxial adaptor

(Step 1) Calibrate the test system with HP calibration kit [HP85052B]

(Step 2) After calibration, connect the D.U.T. board and measure. Connect $50\ \Omega$ terminals on connectors other than those for measurement.

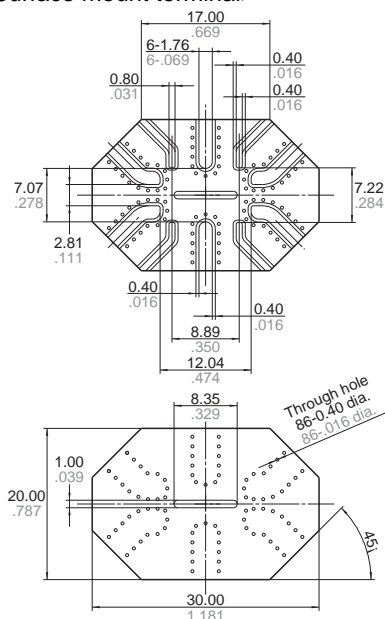
Notes)

1. All bottom surface of the base should be touched closely or soldered with PC board ground.
2. 4 ribs should be soldered with PC board ground.

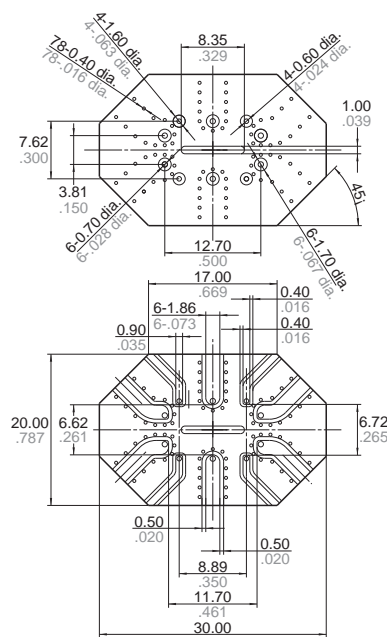
Measuring board

1) Dimensions

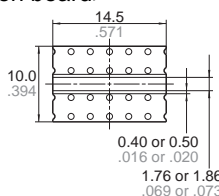
<Surface mount terminal>



<Standard PC board terminal>



<Calibration board>



- 2) Material: Glass PTFE double-sided through hole PC board R-4737 (Panasonic Corporation)
- 3) Board thickness: $t = 0.8$ mm
- 4) Copper plating: 18 μ m

- Connector (SMA type receptacle)

Product name: R125 510 (RADIAL)

Insertion loss compensation

The insertion loss of relay itself is given by subtracting the insertion loss of short-circuit the Com and the NC (or NO). (signal path and two connectors)

9. Others

1) The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS* C 5442-1996 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

- When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due

to contact shifting.

- High-frequency load-operating
- When high-frequency opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO_3 is formed. This can corrode metal materials.
- Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

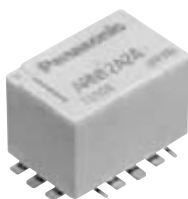
- (1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- (2) Lower the operating frequency
- (3) Lower the ambient humidity
- 2) Use the relay within specifications such as coil rating, contact rating and on/off service life. If used beyond limits, the relay may overheat, generate smoke or catch fire.
- 3) Be careful not to drop the relay. If accidentally dropped, carefully check its appearance and characteristics before use.
- 4) Be careful to wire the relay correctly. Otherwise, malfunction, overheat, fire or other trouble may occur.
- 5) If a relay stays on in a circuit for many months or years at a time without being activated, circuit design should be reviewed so that the relay can remain non-excited. A coil that receives current all the time heats, which degrades insulation earlier than expected. A latching type relay is recommended for such circuits.

- 6) The latching type relay is shipped in the reset position. But jolts during transport or impacts during installation can change the reset position. It is, therefore, advisable to build a circuit in which the relay can be initialized (set and reset) just after turning on the power.
- 7) If silicone materials (e.g., silicone rubbers, silicone oils, silicone coating agents, silicone sealers) are used in the vicinity of the relay, the gas emitted from the silicone may adhere to the contacts of the relay during opening and closing and lead to improper contact. If this is the case, use a material other than silicone.
- 8) We recommend latching type when using in applications which involve lengthy duty cycles.

* Japanese Industrial Standards

Microwave Devices

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



Protective construction: Flux-resistant type

8 GHz*, 150 W carrying
power (at 2 GHz)
microwave relays

RN RELAYS

*Rating is 6 GHz. Please refer to "REFERENCE DATA" regarding usage between 6 and 8 GHz.

FEATURES

- 1. **Miniature design and surface mount (SMD) type**
L: 9.6 × W: 14.6 × H:10.0 mm
L: .378 × W: .575 × H: .394 inch
- 2. **High capacity type**
150W at 2GHz
80W at 2GHz (hot switching)
- 3. **Excellent ambient temperature profile**
up to 85°C 185°F
- 4. **Excellent high frequency characteristics**
Impedance: 50Ω

Frequency	up to 1 GHz	1 to 2 GHz	2 to 3 GHz	3 to 6 GHz
V. S. W. R. (Max.)	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.30
Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.10	0.12	0.15	0.50
Isolation (dB, Min.)	60	55	45	30

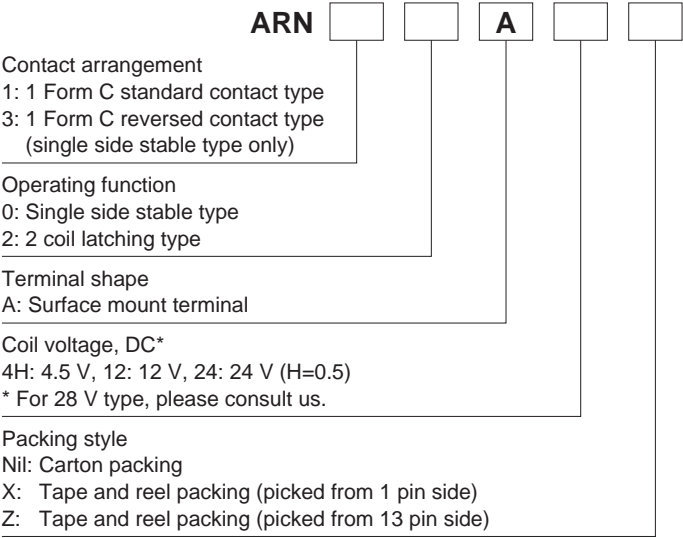
- 5. **Lineup includes reversed contact type**
Great design freedom is possible using reversed contact type in which the positions of the N.O. and N.C. contacts are switched.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. **Broadcasting and video equipment markets**
 - Digital broadcasting equipment
- 2. **Mobile phone base stations**
- 3. **Communications market**
 - Antenna switching
 - All types of wireless devices
- 4. **Measurement equipment market**
 - Spectrum analyzers
 - Oscilloscopes
 - High frequency amplifiers

If you wish to use in applications with low level loads or with high frequency switching, please consult us.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

1. Single side stable type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		Standard contact type	Reversed contact type
1 Form C	4.5 V DC	ARN10A4H	ARN30A4H
	12 V DC	ARN10A12	ARN30A12
	24 V DC	ARN10A24	ARN30A24

Standard packing: 50 pcs. in an inner package (carton); 500 pcs. in an outer package

2. 2 coil latching type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		Standard contact type	
1 Form C	4.5 V DC	ARN12A4H	
	12 V DC	ARN12A12	
	24 V DC	ARN12A24	

Standard packing: 50 pcs. in an inner package (carton); 500 pcs. in an outer package

3. Single side stable type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		Standard contact type	Reversed contact type
1 Form C	4.5 V DC	ARN10A4H□	ARN30A4H□
	12 V DC	ARN10A12□	ARN30A12□
	24 V DC	ARN10A24□	ARN30A24□

Standard packing: 400 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 800 pcs. in an outer package

* Please add an X (picked from 1 pin side) or Z (picked from 13 pin side) at the end of the part number when ordering.

* Packing style symbol "X", "Z" is not marked on the relay.

4. 2 coil latching type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		Standard contact type	
1 Form C	4.5 V DC	ARN12A4H□	
	12 V DC	ARN12A12□	
	24 V DC	ARN12A24□	

Standard packing: 400 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 800 pcs. in an outer package

* Please add an X (picked from 1 pin side) or Z (picked from 13 pin side) at the end of the part number when ordering.

* Packing style symbol "X", "Z" is not marked on the relay.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 85°C 185°F)
4.5 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	71.1 mA	63.3Ω	320 mW	110%V of nominal voltage
12 V DC			26.7 mA	450 Ω		
24 V DC			13.3 mA	1,800 Ω		

2) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 85°C 185°F)
4.5 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	88.9 mA	50.6Ω	400 mW	110%V of nominal voltage
12 V DC			33.3 mA	360 Ω		
24 V DC			16.7 mA	1,440 Ω		

RN (ARN)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications			
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C			
	Contact material		Gold plating			
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 10 V AC 10mA)			
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		80W (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.15)			
	Contact carrying power (CW)*1		Max.150W (at 20°C 68°F) (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.15, with heat sink) Max.100W (at 20°C 68°F) (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.15, without heat sink)			
	Nominal operating power		Single side stable type: 320 mW, 2 coil latching type: 400 mW			
High frequency characteristics (to 6 GHz)			to 1 GHz	1 to 2 GHz	2 to 3 GHz	3 to 6 GHz
	V.S.W.R. (Max.)		1.1	1.15	1.2	1.3
	Insertion loss (without D.U.T. board's loss, dB, Max.)		0.1	0.12	0.15	0.5
	Isolation (dB, Min.)		60	55	45	30
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)			
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 AC Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
		Between contact and earth terminal	500 AC Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
		Between contact and coil	500 AC Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 5 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)			
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Single side stable type: Max. 5 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)*2 2 coil latching type: Max. 5 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)			
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 490 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms, detection time: 10 μs)			
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)			
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm .118 inch (Detection time: 10 μs)			
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm .197 inch			
Expected life	Mechanical life		Min. 1×10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)			
	Electrical life (at 20 times/min.)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1×10⁶ ope. at 10mA 10 VDC resistive load, 1×10⁶ ope. at 1W High frequency load (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.15), 1×10³ ope. at 80 W High frequency load, operating frequency 5.0s ON, 5.0s OFF (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max.1.15, at 20°C 68°F, with heatsink) 			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
Unit weight			Approx. 2.5 g .088 oz			

Notes: *1. Since the design of the PC board and heat dispersion conditions affect contact carrying power, please verify under actual conditions.

*2. Release time will lengthen if a diode, etc., is connected in parallel to the coil. Be sure to verify operation under actual conditions. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

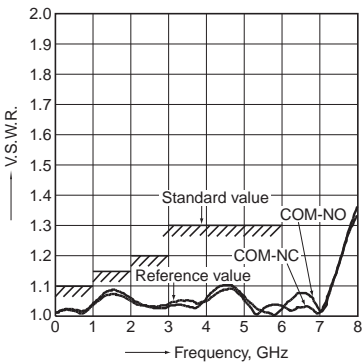
1. High frequency characteristics

Sample: ARN10A12

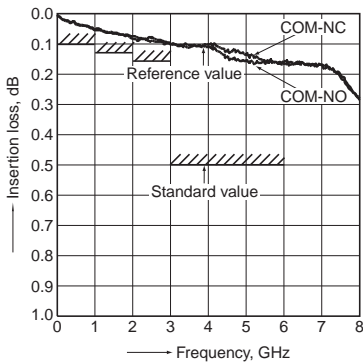
Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B).

* For details see "8. Measuring method of high frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω)" under "NOTES".

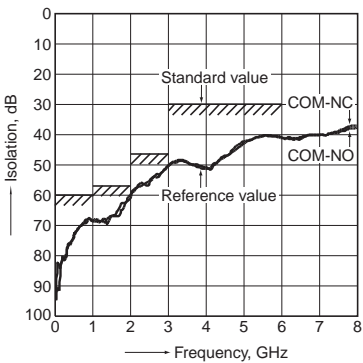
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics (without D.U.T. board's loss)



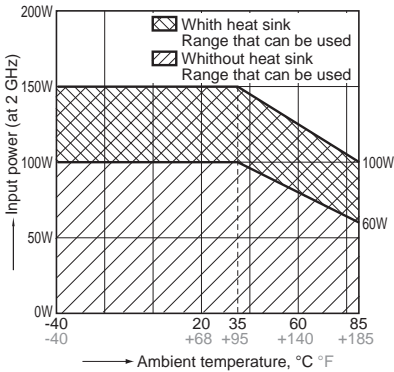
• Isolation characteristics



2. Contact carrying power (CW)

Max. 150 W (with heat sink) (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max. 1.15, at 20°C 68°F)

Max. 100 W (without heat sink) (at 2 GHz, Impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. Max. 1.15, at 20°C 68°F)



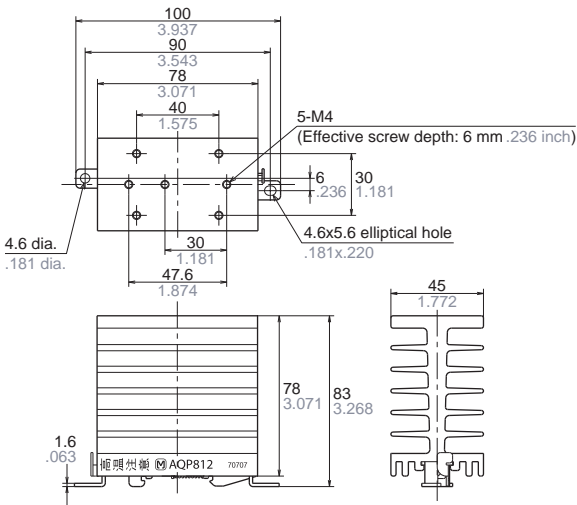
Measuring conditions:

Heat sink (AQP-HS-SJ20A) is used. (Reference: 2.9°C 37.22°F/W)

Heat sink (AQP-HS-SJ20A) (mm inch)



External dimensions



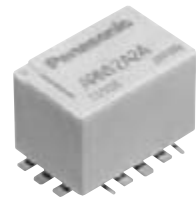
General tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

RN (ARN)

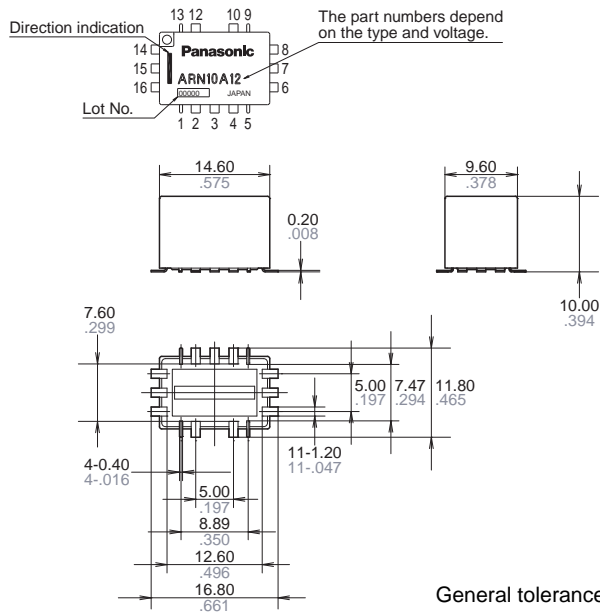
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

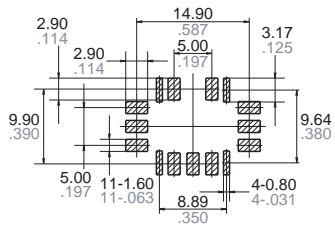
CAD Data



External dimensions

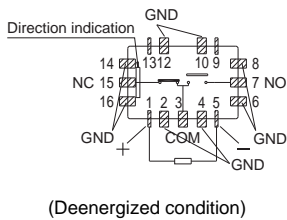


PC board pattern

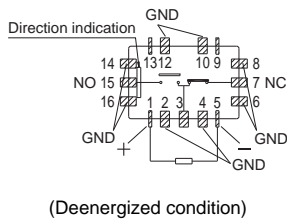


Schematic

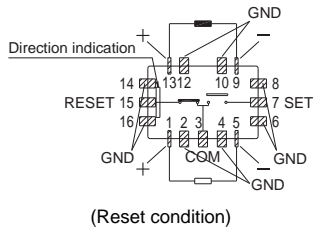
Single side stable type/Standard contact type



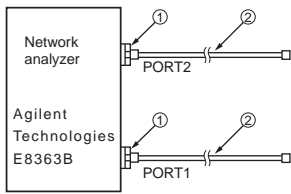
Single side stable type/Reversed contact type



2 coil latching type/Standard contact type



8. Measuring method of high frequency characteristics
(Impedance 50Ω)

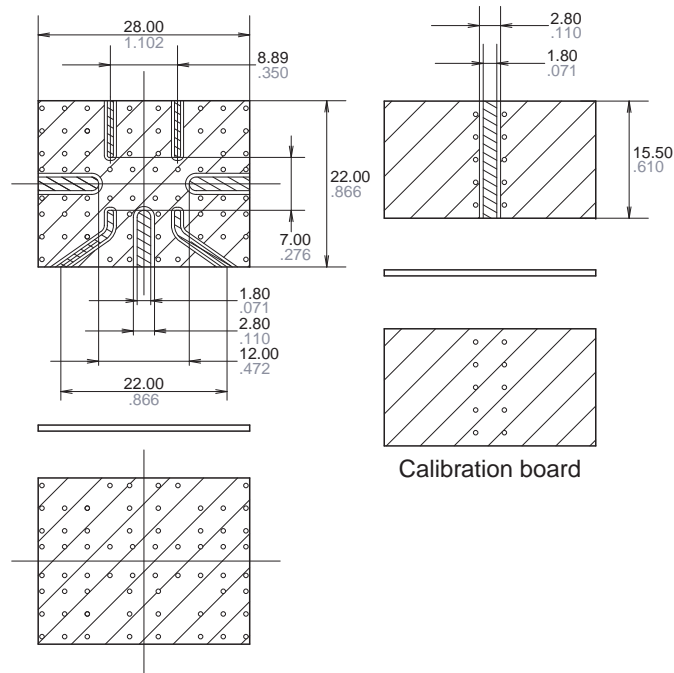


Connect connectors 1 and 2 respectively to PORT 1 and PORT 2. Perform calibration using the 3.5 mm calibration kit (HP85052B).

No.	Product name	Contents
1	Agilent 85130-60011	Adapter 2.4mm-3.5mm female .095inch-.138inch female
2	SUHRER SUCOFLEX104	Cable 3.5mm-3.5mm male .138inch-.138inch male

After calibration, connect the D.U.T. board and measure. However, connectors other than those for measurement should be connected with a 50Ω termination resistor.

D.U.T. board
Dimensions (mm inch)



Material: Glass PTFE (double-sided, through hole PC board)
R-4737 (Panasonic)
Board thickness: t = 0.8 mm .031 inch
Copper plating thickness: 18 μm
Connector (SMA type)
Product name: 01K1808-00 (Waka Manufacturing Co., Ltd.)
Insertion loss compensation: The insertion loss of relay itself is given by subtracting the insertion loss of calibration board.

9. Others

1) The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS* C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%RH). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors. *JIS: Japanese Industrial Standards

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.
• When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous, rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

• When high-frequency opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO₃ is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- (1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- (2) Lower the operating frequency
- (3) Lower the ambient humidity

2) Use the relay within specifications such as coil rating, contact rating and on/off service life. If used beyond limits, the relay may overheat, generate smoke or catch fire.

3) Be careful not to drop the relay. If accidentally dropped, carefully check its appearance and characteristics before use.

4) Be careful to wire the relay correctly. Otherwise, malfunction, overheat, fire or other trouble may occur.

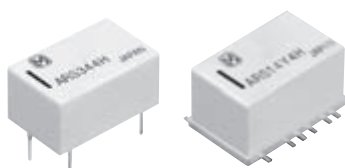
5) If a relay stays on in a circuit for many months or years at a time without being activated, circuit design should be reviewed so that the relay can remain non-excited. A coil that receives current all the time heats, which degrades insulation earlier than expected. A latching type relay is recommended for such circuits.

6) To ensure accurate operation of the latching type amidst surrounding temperature changes and other factors that might affect the set and reset pulse times, we recommend a coil impress set and reset pulse width of at least 30 ms at the rated operation voltage.

7) The latching type relay is shipped in the reset position. But jolts during transport or impacts during installation can change the reset position. It is, therefore, advisable to build a circuit in which the relay can be initialized (set and reset) just after turning on the power.

8) If silicone materials (e.g., silicone rubbers, silicone oils, silicone coating agents, silicone sealers) are used in the vicinity of the relay, the gas emitted from the silicone may adhere to the contacts of the relay during opening and closing and lead to improper contact. If this is the case, use a material other than silicone.

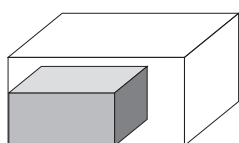
For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

1. Super miniature design

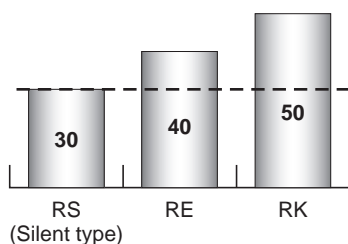
14 × 8.6 × 7.2 mm .551 × .339 × .283 inch
(standard PC board terminal)



60% OFF in volume
(Compared to
RK relay)

2. Lineup includes silent type. (75Ω type only)

Operation noise (Unit: dB)



3. Excellent high frequency characteristics

- Impedance: 50Ω
(Standard PC board terminal)

Frequency	to 900 MHz	to 3 GHz
V. S. W. R. (Max.)	1.20	1.40
Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.10	0.35
Isolation (dB, Min.)	60	35

- Impedance: 75Ω
(Standard PC board terminal)

Frequency	to 900 MHz	to 3 GHz
V. S. W. R. (Max.)	1.15	1.40
Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.10	0.30
Isolation (dB, Min.)	60	30

- Impedance: 50Ω
(Surface-mount terminal)

Frequency	to 900 MHz	to 3 GHz
V. S. W. R. (Max.)	1.20	1.40
Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.20	0.40
Isolation (dB, Min.)	55	30

- Impedance: 75Ω
(Surface-mount terminal)

Frequency	to 900 MHz	to 3 GHz
V. S. W. R. (Max.)	1.20	1.50
Insertion loss (dB, Max.)	0.20	0.50
Isolation (dB, Min.)	55	30

4. Lineup includes surface-mount terminal type

E and Y layouts available.

5. Lineup includes reversed contact type

Great design freedom is possible using reversed contact type in which the positions of the N.O. and N.C. contacts are switched.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Broadcasting and video equipment markets

- Digital broadcasting equipment
- STB/tuner, etc.

2. Mobile phone base stations

3. Communications market

- Antenna switching
- All types of wireless devices

4. Measurement equipment market

- Spectrum analyzer and oscilloscope, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ARS

RS relays

Contact arrangement

- 1: Standard contact type (1 Form C)
- 3: Reversed contact type (1 Form C)

Operating function

- 0: Single side stable standard type (Impedance: 75Ω)
- 1: 1 coil latching type (Impedance: 75Ω)
- 2: 2 coil latching type (Impedance: 75Ω)
- 3: Single side stable silent type (Impedance: 75Ω)
- 4: Single side stable type (Impedance: 50Ω)
- 5: 1 coil latching type (Impedance: 50Ω)
- 6: 2 coil latching type (Impedance: 50Ω)

Nil: Standard PC board terminal

A: Surface-mount terminal, E layout

Y: Surface-mount terminal, Y layout

Coil voltage, DC

03: 3 V 4H: 4.5 V 09: 9 V 12: 12 V 24: 24 V

Packing style

Nil: Carton packing (Standard PC board terminal only)

Tube packing (Surface-mount terminal only)

X: Tape and reel packing (picked from 2-pin side) (Surface-mount terminal only)

Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from 18-pin side) (Surface-mount terminal only)

TYPES

1. Standard PC board terminal and standard contact type

Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.			
		Single side stable type		1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
50Ω	3 V DC	ARS1403		ARS1503	ARS1603
	4.5 V DC	ARS144H		ARS154H	ARS164H
	9 V DC	ARS1409		ARS1509	ARS1609
	12 V DC	ARS1412		ARS1512	ARS1612
	24 V DC	ARS1424		ARS1524	ARS1624
Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.			
		Standard type			Silent type
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type	Single side stable type
75Ω	3 V DC	ARS1003	ARS1103	ARS1203	ARS1303
	4.5 V DC	ARS104H	ARS114H	ARS124H	ARS134H
	9 V DC	ARS1009	ARS1109	ARS1209	ARS1309
	12 V DC	ARS1012	ARS1112	ARS1212	ARS1312
	24 V DC	ARS1024	ARS1124	ARS1224	ARS1324

Standard packing: 50 pcs. in an inner package; 500 pcs. in an outer package

2. Standard PC board terminal and reversed contact type

Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.			
		Single side stable type		1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
50Ω	3 V DC	ARS3403		ARS3503	ARS3603
	4.5 V DC	ARS344H		ARS354H	ARS364H
	9 V DC	ARS3409		ARS3509	ARS3609
	12 V DC	ARS3412		ARS3512	ARS3612
	24 V DC	ARS3424		ARS3524	ARS3624
Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.			
		Standard type			Silent type
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type	Single side stable type
75Ω	3 V DC	ARS3003	ARS3103	ARS3203	ARS3303
	4.5 V DC	ARS304H	ARS314H	ARS324H	ARS334H
	9 V DC	ARS3009	ARS3109	ARS3209	ARS3309
	12 V DC	ARS3012	ARS3112	ARS3212	ARS3312
	24 V DC	ARS3024	ARS3124	ARS3224	ARS3324

Standard packing: 50 pcs. in an inner package; 500 pcs. in an outer package

3. Surface-mount terminal and standard contact type, E layout

Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
50Ω	3 V DC	ARS14A03□	ARS15A03□	ARS16A03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS14A4H□	ARS15A4H□	ARS16A4H□
	9 V DC	ARS14A09□	ARS15A09□	ARS16A09□
	12 V DC	ARS14A12□	ARS15A12□	ARS16A12□
	24 V DC	ARS14A24□	ARS15A24□	ARS16A24□
75Ω	3 V DC	ARS10A03□	ARS11A03□	ARS12A03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS10A4H□	ARS11A4H□	ARS12A4H□
	9 V DC	ARS10A09□	ARS11A09□	ARS12A09□
	12 V DC	ARS10A12□	ARS11A12□	ARS12A12□
	24 V DC	ARS10A24□	ARS11A24□	ARS12A24□

Standard packing: 40 pcs. in an inner package (tube); 1,000 pcs. in an outer package

Standard packing: 500 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 500 pcs. in an outer package

Note: The box at the end of a part number shows where packing type is indicated. If there is no indication, tube packing will be used.
If "X" or "Z" is added, tape and reel packing will be used. Example: ARS14A03 (tube packing), ARS14A03X (tape and reel packing)

4. Surface-mount terminal and standard contact type, Y layout

Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
50Ω	3 V DC	ARS14Y03□	ARS15Y03□	ARS16Y03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS14Y4H□	ARS15Y4H□	ARS16Y4H□
	9 V DC	ARS14Y09□	ARS15Y09□	ARS16Y09□
	12 V DC	ARS14Y12□	ARS15Y12□	ARS16Y12□
	24 V DC	ARS14Y24□	ARS15Y24□	ARS16Y24□
75Ω	3 V DC	ARS10Y03□	ARS11Y03□	ARS12Y03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS10Y4H□	ARS11Y4H□	ARS12Y4H□
	9 V DC	ARS10Y09□	ARS11Y09□	ARS12Y09□
	12 V DC	ARS10Y12□	ARS11Y12□	ARS12Y12□
	24 V DC	ARS10Y24□	ARS11Y24□	ARS12Y24□

Standard packing: 40 pcs. in an inner package (tube); 1,000 pcs. in an outer package

Standard packing: 500 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 500 pcs. in an outer package

Note: The box at the end of a part number shows where packing type is indicated. If there is no indication, tube packing will be used.
If "X" or "Z" is added, tape and reel packing will be used. Example: ARS14Y03 (tube packing), ARS14Y03X (tape and reel packing)

5. Surface-mount terminal and reversed contact type, E layout

Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
50Ω	3 V DC	ARS34A03□	ARS35A03□	ARS36A03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS34A4H□	ARS35A4H□	ARS36A4H□
	9 V DC	ARS34A09□	ARS35A09□	ARS36A09□
	12 V DC	ARS34A12□	ARS35A12□	ARS36A12□
	24 V DC	ARS34A24□	ARS35A24□	ARS36A24□
75Ω	3 V DC	ARS30A03□	ARS31A03□	ARS32A03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS30A4H□	ARS31A4H□	ARS32A4H□
	9 V DC	ARS30A09□	ARS31A09□	ARS32A09□
	12 V DC	ARS30A12□	ARS31A12□	ARS32A12□
	24 V DC	ARS30A24□	ARS31A24□	ARS32A24□

Standard packing: 40 pcs. in an inner package (tube); 1,000 pcs. in an outer package

Standard packing: 500 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 500 pcs. in an outer package

Note: The box at the end of a part number shows where packing type is indicated. If there is no indication, tube packing will be used.

If "X" or "Z" is added, tape and reel packing will be used. Example: ARS34A03 (tube packing), ARS34A03X (tape and reel packing)

6. Surface-mount terminal and reversed contact type, Y layout

Impedance	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.		
		Single side stable type	1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
50Ω	3 V DC	ARS34Y03□	ARS35Y03□	ARS36Y03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS34Y4H□	ARS35Y4H□	ARS36Y4H□
	9 V DC	ARS34Y09□	ARS35Y09□	ARS36Y09□
	12 V DC	ARS34Y12□	ARS35Y12□	ARS36Y12□
	24 V DC	ARS34Y24□	ARS35Y24□	ARS36Y24□
75Ω	3 V DC	ARS30Y03□	ARS31Y03□	ARS32Y03□
	4.5 V DC	ARS30Y4H□	ARS31Y4H□	ARS32Y4H□
	9 V DC	ARS30Y09□	ARS31Y09□	ARS32Y09□
	12 V DC	ARS30Y12□	ARS31Y12□	ARS32Y12□
	24 V DC	ARS30Y24□	ARS31Y24□	ARS32Y24□

Standard packing: 40 pcs. in an inner package (tube); 1,000 pcs. in an outer package

Standard packing: 500 pcs. in an inner package (tape and reel); 500 pcs. in an outer package

Note: The box at the end of a part number shows where packing type is indicated. If there is no indication, tube packing will be used.

If "X" or "Z" is added, tape and reel packing will be used. Example: ARS34Y03 (tube packing), ARS34Y03X (tape and reel packing)

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 60°C 140°F)
3 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7 mA	45 Ω	200 mW	110%V or less of nominal voltage
4.5 V DC			44.4 mA	101.3Ω		
9 V DC			22.2 mA	405 Ω		
12 V DC			16.7 mA	720 Ω		
24 V DC			8.3 mA	2,880 Ω		

2) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 60°C 140°F)
3 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7 mA	45 Ω	200 mW	110%V or less of nominal voltage
4.5 V DC			44.4 mA	101.3Ω		
9 V DC			22.2 mA	405 Ω		
12 V DC			16.7 mA	720 Ω		
24 V DC			8.3 mA	2,880 Ω		

3) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 60°C 140°F)
3 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	133.3 mA	22.5Ω	400 mW	110%V or less of nominal voltage
4.5 V DC			88.9 mA	50.6Ω		
9 V DC			44.4 mA	202.5Ω		
12 V DC			33.3 mA	360 Ω		
24 V DC			16.7 mA	1,440 Ω		

2. Specifications

Item			Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C
	Contact material		Gold plating
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 10 V AC 10mA)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity		1W (at 3 GHz, Impedance: 50/75Ω, V.S.W.R.: Max. 1.4), 10 mA 24 V DC (resistive load)
	Contact carrying power		Max. 10W (at 3GHz, Impedance: 50/75Ω, V.S.W.R.: Max. 1.4)
	Max. switching voltage		30 V DC
	Max. switching current		0.5 A DC
	Nominal operating power	Single side stable type	200mW
		1 coil latching type	200mW
2 coil latching type		400mW	
High frequency characteristics, Impedance: 50Ω (Initial)	V.S.W.R.		Max. 1.20/900MHz, Max. 1.40/3GHz (Standard PC board terminal) Max. 1.20/900MHz, Max. 1.40/3GHz (Surface-mount terminal)
	Insertion loss (without D.U.T. board's loss)		Max. 0.10dB/900MHz, Max. 0.35dB/3GHz (Standard PC board terminal) Max. 0.20dB/900MHz, Max. 0.40dB/3GHz (Surface-mount terminal)
	Isolation		Min. 60dB/900MHz, Min. 35dB/3GHz (Standard PC board terminal) Min. 55dB/900MHz, Min. 30dB/3GHz (Surface-mount terminal)
High frequency characteristics, Impedance: 75Ω (Initial)	V.S.W.R.		Max. 1.15/900MHz, Max. 1.40/3GHz (Standard PC board terminal) Max. 1.20/900MHz, Max. 1.50/3GHz (Surface-mount terminal)
	Insertion loss (without D.U.T. board's loss)		Max. 0.10dB/900MHz, Max. 0.30dB/3GHz (Standard PC board terminal) Max. 0.20dB/900MHz, Max. 0.50dB/3GHz (Surface-mount terminal)
	Isolation		Min. 60dB/900MHz, Min. 30dB/3GHz (Standard PC board terminal) Min. 55dB/900MHz, Min. 30dB/3GHz (Surface-mount terminal)
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 60°C 140°F (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil, contact carrying current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 6 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time) (without diode)
	Set time and Reset time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms, detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Operation noise*	Standard type		Approx. 40dB
	Silent type (75Ω, PC board terminal type only)		Approx. 30dB
Expected life	Mechanical life	Single side stable standard type	Min. 5×10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
		Single side stable silent type	Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
		Latching type	Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)
	Electrical life	50Ω type	Min. 10 ⁶ (Standard PC board terminal), Min. 3×10 ⁵ (Surface-mount terminal) (10V DC 10mA resistive load)/Min. 3×10 ⁵ (24V DC 10mA resistive load) Min. 10 ⁶ (Standard PC board terminal), Min. 3×10 ⁵ (Surface-mount terminal) (1W, at 3GHz, Impedance: 50Ω, V.S.W.R: Max. 1.4) (at 20 times/min.)
		75Ω type	Min. 3×10 ⁵ (10mA 24V DC resistive load) Min. 3×10 ⁵ (1W, at 3GHz, Impedance: 75Ω, V.S.W.R: Max. 1.4) (at 20 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage		Ambient temperature: -40 to 70°C -40°F to 158°F (Single side stable standard and Latching type) Ambient temperature: -40 to 60°C -40°F to 140°F (Single side stable silent type) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Unit weight			Approx. 2 g .071 oz

* Measured the operation noise of the relay alone (with diodes at both ends of the coil) 30cm away from top side, by the A-weighted, FAST method while applying the rated voltage.

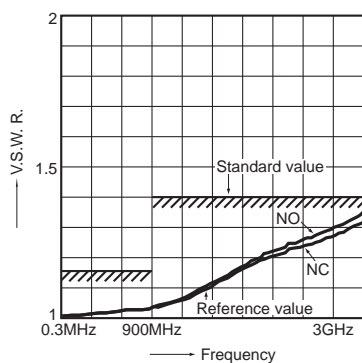
(Reference) Operation noise of RK relay (existing model): Approx. 50dB

REFERENCE DATA

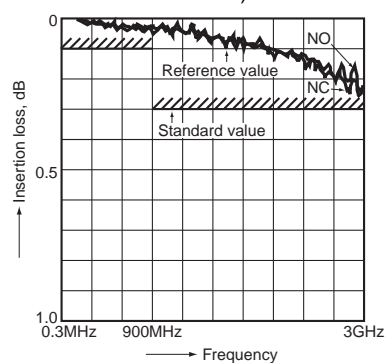
1.-(1) High frequency characteristics (Impedance: 50Ω, Standard PC board terminal)

Sample: ARS144H; Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B). *For details see No. 7 under "NOTES".

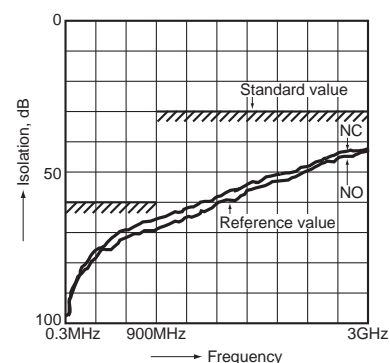
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics
(without D.U.T. board's loss)



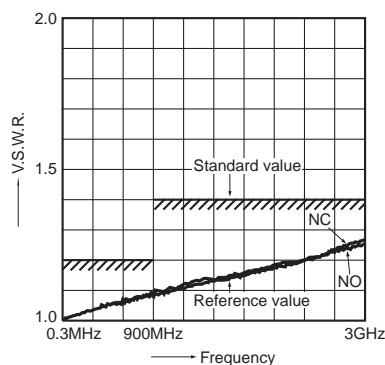
• Isolation characteristics



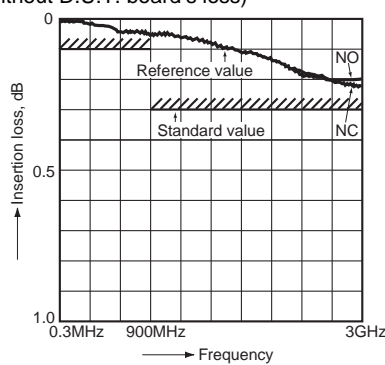
1.-(2) High frequency characteristics (Impedance: 75Ω, Standard PC board terminal)

Sample: ARS104H; Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B). *For details see No. 7 under "NOTES".

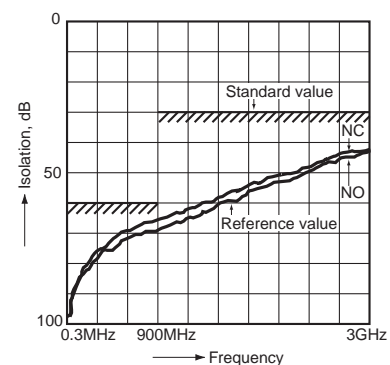
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics
(without D.U.T. board's loss)



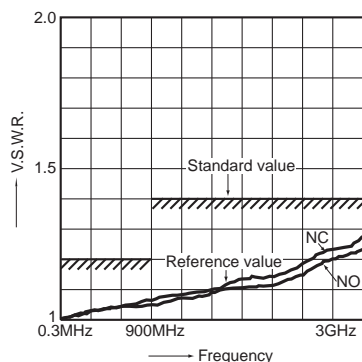
• Isolation characteristics



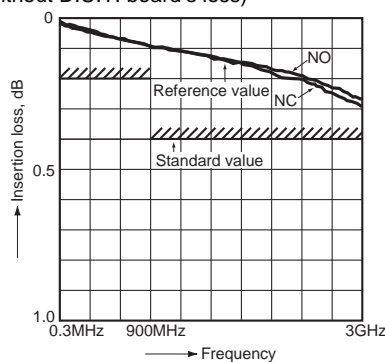
1.-(3) High frequency characteristics (Impedance: 50Ω, Surface-mount terminal)

Sample: ARS14A4H; Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B). *For details see No. 7 under "NOTES".

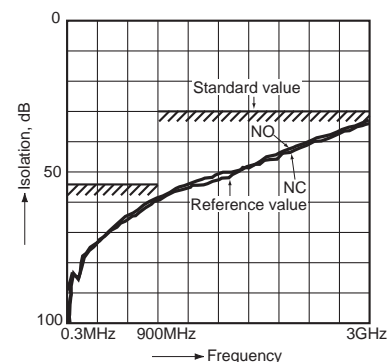
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



• Insertion loss characteristics
(without D.U.T. board's loss)



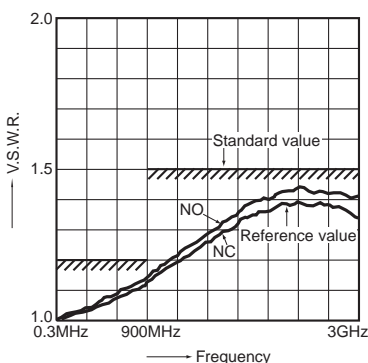
• Isolation characteristics



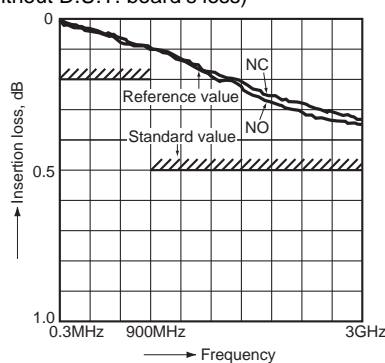
1.-(4) High frequency characteristics (Impedance: 75Ω, Surface-mount terminal)

Sample: ARS10A4H; Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B). *For details see No. 7 under "NOTES".

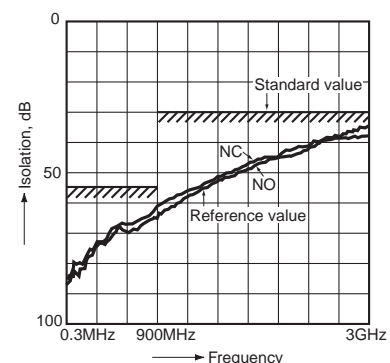
• V.S.W.R. characteristics



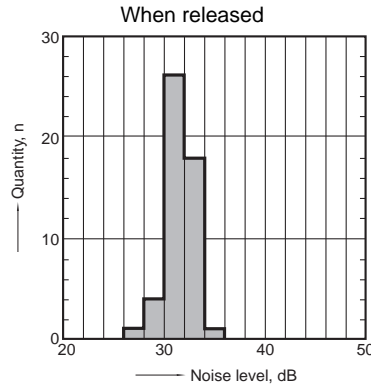
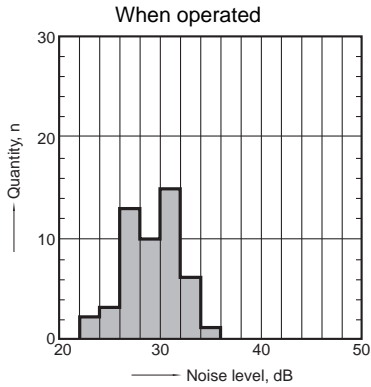
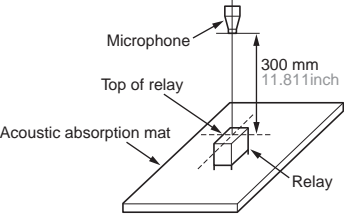
• Insertion loss characteristics
(without D.U.T. board's loss)



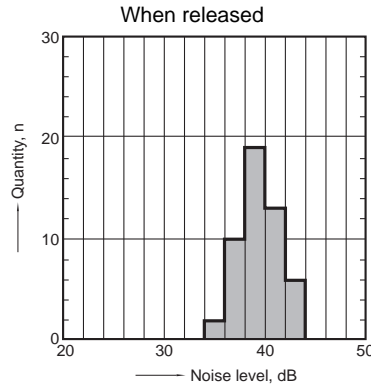
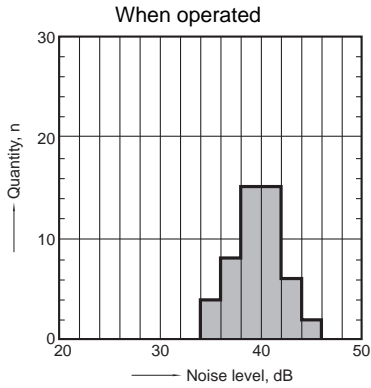
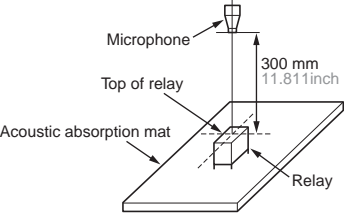
• Isolation characteristics



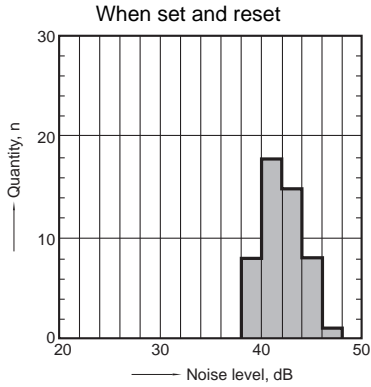
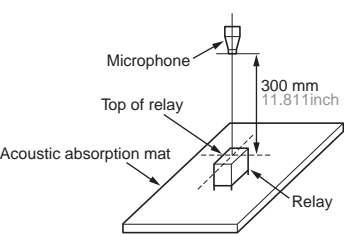
2.-(1) Operation noise distribution
Sample: ARS134H (single side stable silent type), 50 pcs.
Coil voltage: rated voltage applied (with diode)
Equipment setting: A weighted sound pressure level, FAST.
Background noise: approx. 20 dB
Method of measurement: See figure below.



2.-(2) Operation noise distribution
Sample: ARS104H (single side stable standard type), 50 pcs.
Coil voltage: rated voltage applied (with diode)
Equipment setting: A weighted sound pressure level, FAST.
Background noise: approx. 20 dB
Method of measurement: See figure below.



2.-(3) Operation noise distribution
Sample: ARS114H (latching type), 50 pcs.
Coil voltage: rated voltage applied (with diode)
Equipment setting: A weighted sound pressure level, FAST.
Background noise: approx. 20 dB
Method of measurement: See figure below.



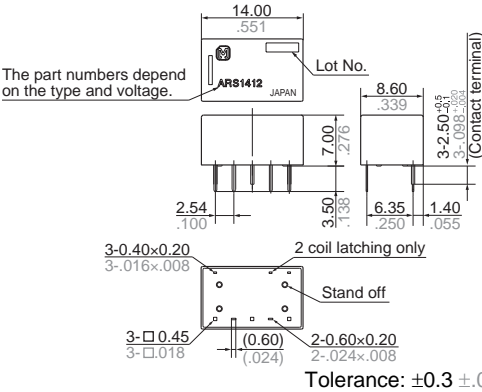
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

<Standard PC board terminal>
1. 50Ω type

CAD Data

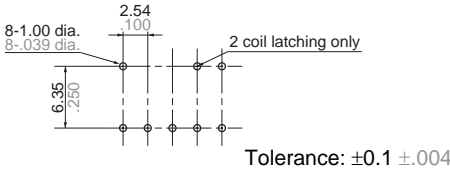


External dimensions



Download CAD Data from our Web site.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

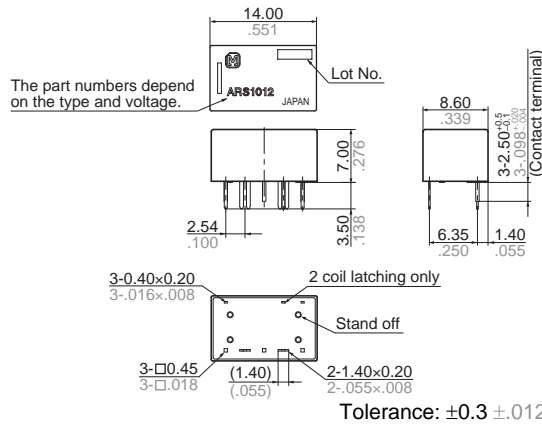


2. 75Ω type

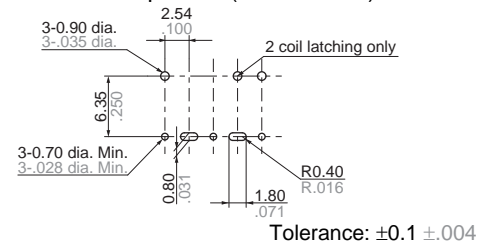
CAD Data



External dimensions

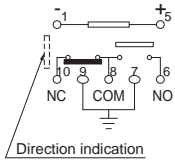
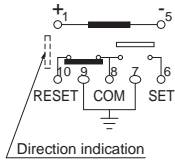
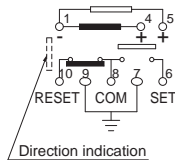


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

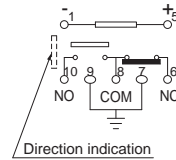
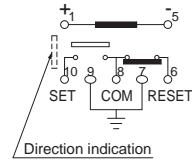
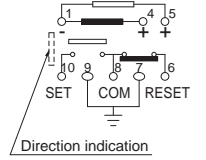


Schematic (Bottom view)

1. Standard contact type

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

2. Reversed contact type

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

<Surface-mount terminal>

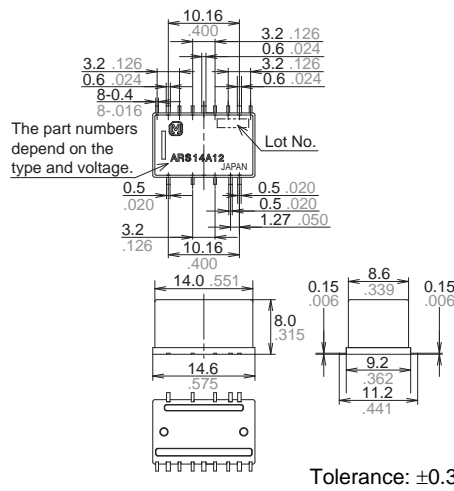
1. Impedance: 50Ω type

1) E layout

CAD Data

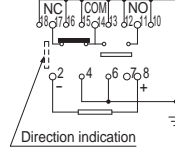
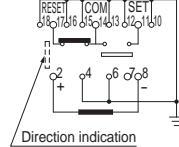
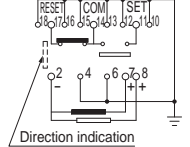


External dimensions

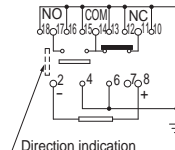
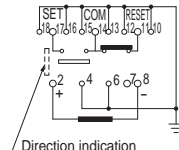
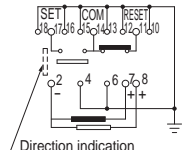


Schematic (Top view)

<Standard contact type>

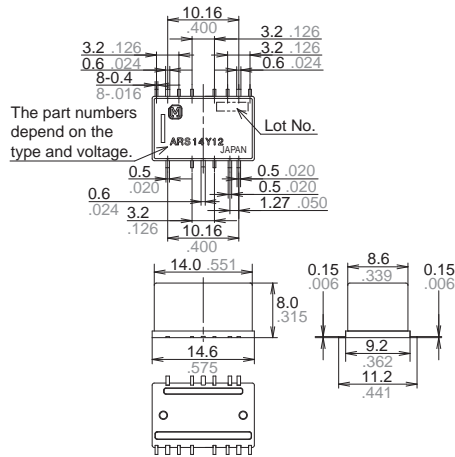
Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

<Reversed contact type>

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

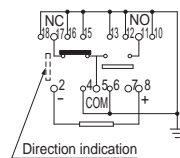
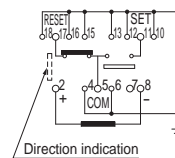
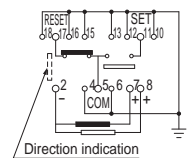
2) Y layout

CAD Data

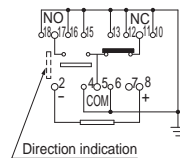
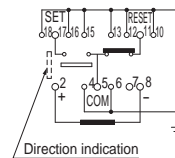
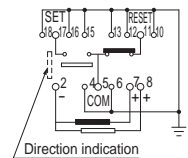


Schematic (Top view)

<Standard contact type>

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

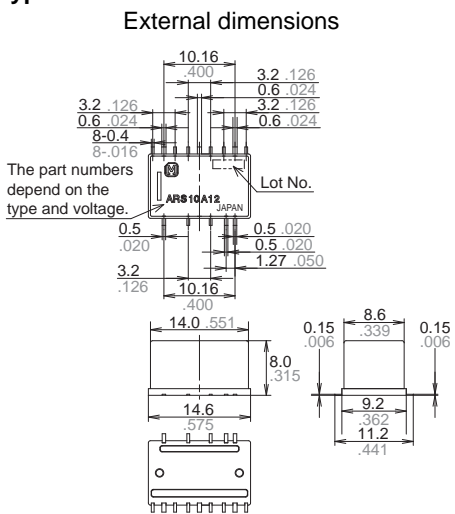
<Reversed contact type>

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

2. Impedance: 75Ω type

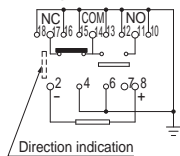
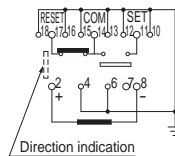
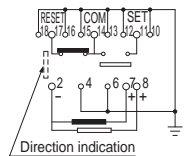
1) E layout

CAD Data

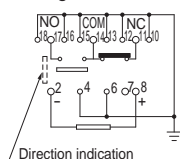
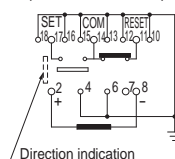
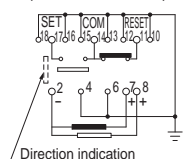


Schematic (Top view)

<Standard contact type>

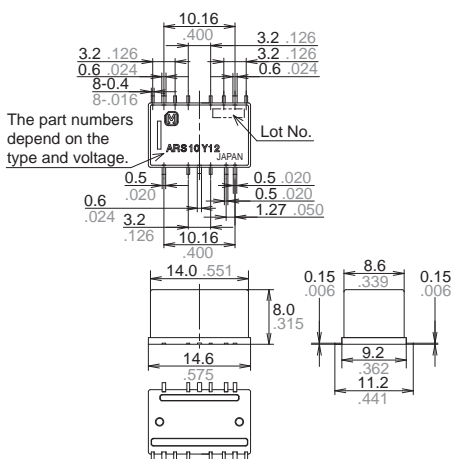
Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

<Reversed contact type>

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

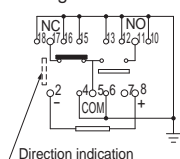
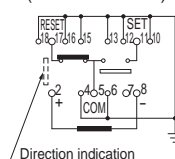
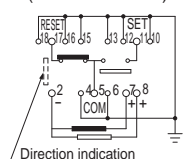
2) Y layout

CAD Data

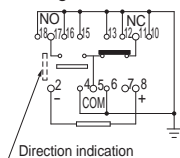
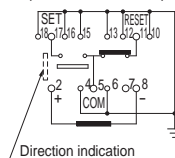
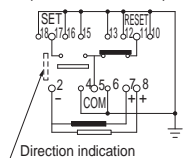


Schematic (Top view)

<Standard contact type>

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

<Reversed contact type>

Single side stable type
(Deenergized condition)1 coil latching type
(Reset condition)2 coil latching type
(Reset condition)

NOTES

1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 30 ms to set/reset the latching type relay.

2. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

3. External magnetic field

Since RS relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

4. Cleaning

For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick. It is recommended that alcoholic solvents be used.

5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature

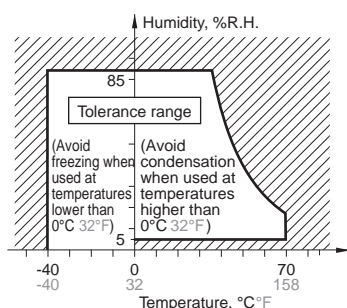
- Single side stable standard and latching type: -40 to 70°C -40 to 158°F
- Single side stable silent type: -40 to 60°C -40 to 140°F

2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

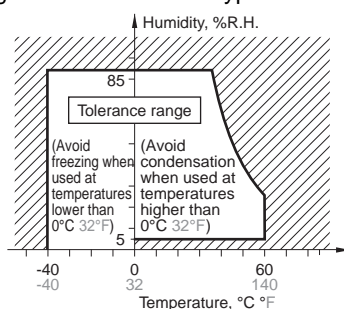
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:
Single side stable standard and latching type



Single side stable silent type



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F . This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

7) Storage requirements

Since the relay is sensitive to humidity, the surface-mount type is packaged with tightly sealed anti-humidity packaging. However, when storing, please be careful of the following.

(1) Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened.

If relays are left as is after unpacking, they will absorb moisture which will result in loss of air tightness as a result of case expansion due to thermal stress when reflow soldering during the mounting process. (within one day, 30°C and 60%R.H or less)

(2) When storing for a long period after opening the anti-humidity pack, storage in anti-humidity packaging with an anti-humidity bag to which silica gel has been added, is recommended.

*Furthermore, if the relay is solder mounted when it has been subjected to excessive humidity, cracks and leaks can occur. Be sure to mount the relay under the required mounting conditions.

6. Soldering

1) Please meet the following conditions if this relay is to be automatically soldered.

(1) Preheating: Max. 120°C 248°F (terminal solder surface) for max. 120 seconds

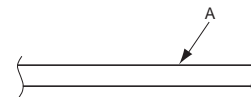
(2) Soldering: Max. $260 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ $500 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$ for max. 6 seconds

*Relays are influenced by the type of PC board used. Please confirm with the actual PC board you plan to use.

*Please avoid reflow soldering.

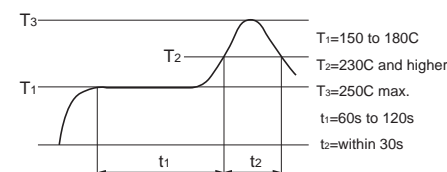
2) Surface-mount terminal

In case of automatic soldering, the following conditions should be observed
(1) Position of measuring temperature



A: Surface of PC board where relay is mounted.

(2) IR (infrared reflow) soldering method



• Mounting cautions

Rise in relay temperature depends greatly on the component mix on a given PC board and the heating method of the reflow equipment. Therefore, please test beforehand using actual equipment to ensure that the temperature where the relay terminals are soldered and the temperature at the top of the relay case are within the conditions given above.

3) Please meet the following conditions if this relay is to be soldered by hand.

(1) 260°C 500°F for max. 10 seconds

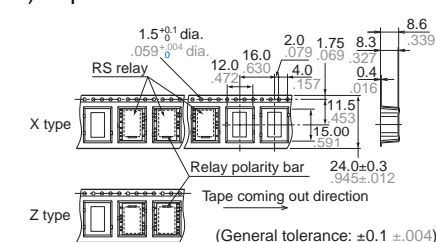
(2) 350°C 662°F for max. 3 seconds

The effect on the relay depends on the actual substrate used. Please verify the substrate to be used.

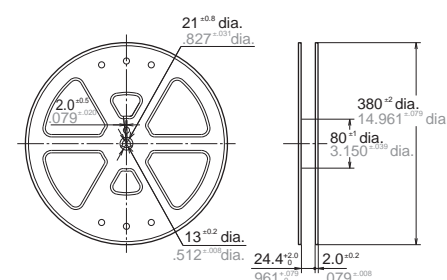
(3) Avoid ultrasonic cleaning. Doing so will adversely affect relay characteristics. Please use alcohol-based cleaning solvents when cleaning relays.

7. Tape and reel packing

1) Tape dimensions

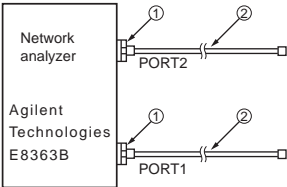


2) Dimensions of plastic reel



8. Measuring method

1) 50Ω type



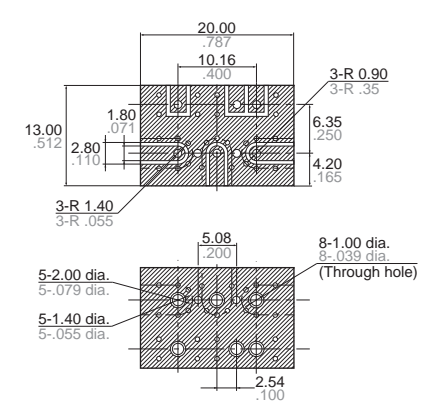
Connect connectors 1 and 2 respectively to PORT 1 and PORT 2. Perform calibration using the 3.5 mm calibration kit (HP85052B).

No.	Product name	Contents
1	Agilent 85130-60011	Adapter 2.4mm-3.5mm female .095inch-.138inch female
2	SUHNER SUCOFLEX104	Cable 3.5mm-3.5mm male .138inch-.138inch male

After calibration, connect the D.U.T. board and measure. However, connectors other than those for measurement should be connected with a 50Ω termination resistor.

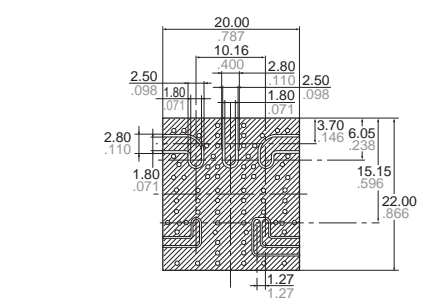
<Standard PC board terminal>

PC board
Dimensions (mm inch)



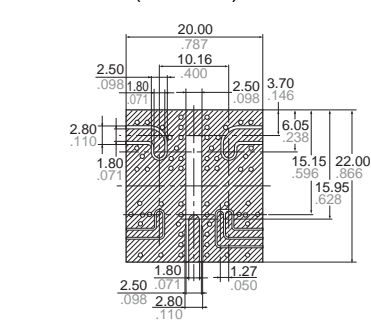
<Surface-mount terminal and E layout>

PC board
Dimensions (mm inch)

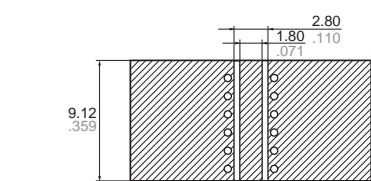


<Surface-mount terminal and Y layout>

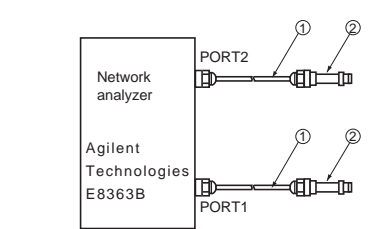
PC board
Dimensions (mm inch)



PC board for correction
Dimensions (mm inch)



Material: Glass PTFE double-sided through hole PC board R-4737 (Panasonic Corporation)
Board thickness: t = 0.8 mm .031 inch
Copper plating: 18 μm
Connector (SMA type receptacle)
Product name: 01K1808-00 (Waka Manufacturing Co., Ltd.)
Insertion loss compensation
The insertion loss of relay itself is given by subtracting the insertion loss of shortcircuit the Com and the NC (or NO).
2) 75Ω type



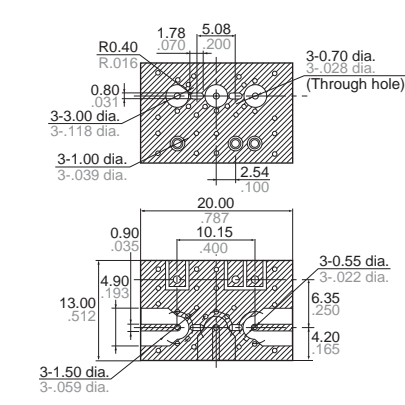
Connect connectors 1 and 2 respectively to PORT 1 and PORT 2, and then perform calibration using the 75Ω F type.

No.	Product name	Contents
1	85134-60003	Test port cable
2	11852B	Conversion adapter; 50Ω N type (female) to 75Ω N type (male)
2	85039-60011	Conversion adapter; 75Ω N type (female) to 75Ω F type (male)

After calibration, connect the D.U.T. board and measure. However, connectors other than those for measurement should be connected with a 75Ω termination resistor.

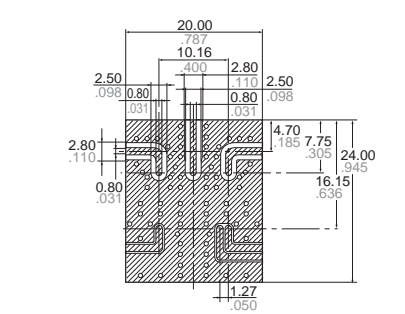
<Standard PC board terminal>

PC board
Dimensions (mm inch)



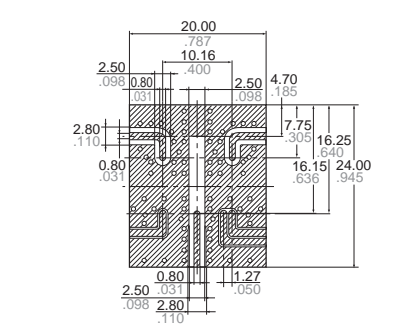
<Surface-mount terminal and E layout>

PC board
Dimensions (mm inch)

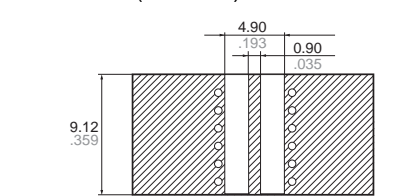


<Surface-mount terminal and Y layout>

PC board
Dimensions (mm inch)



PC board for correction
Dimensions (mm inch)



Material: Glass PTFE double-sided through hole PC board R-4737 (Panasonic Corporation)
Board thickness: t = 0.8 mm .031 inch
Copper plating: 18μm
Connector (F type receptacle)
Product name: C05-0236 (Komine Musen Electric Corporation)

Insertion loss compensation

The insertion loss of relay itself is given by subtracting the insertion loss of shortcircuit the COM and the NC (or NO). (signal path and two connectors)

9. Others

1) The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS* C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

- When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous, rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.
- When high-frequency opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO_3 is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- (1) Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- (2) Lower the operating frequency
- (3) Lower the ambient humidity
- 2) Use the relay within specifications such as coil rating, contact rating and on/off service life. If used beyond limits, the relay may overheat, generate smoke or catch fire.
- 3) Be careful not to drop the relay. If accidentally dropped, carefully check its appearance and characteristics before use.
- 4) Be careful to wire the relay correctly. Otherwise, malfunction, overheat, fire or other trouble may occur.
- 5) If a relay stays on in a circuit for many months or years at a time without being activated, circuit design should be reviewed so that the relay can remain non-excited. A coil that receives current all the time heats, which degrades insulation earlier than expected. A latching type relay is recommended for such circuits.

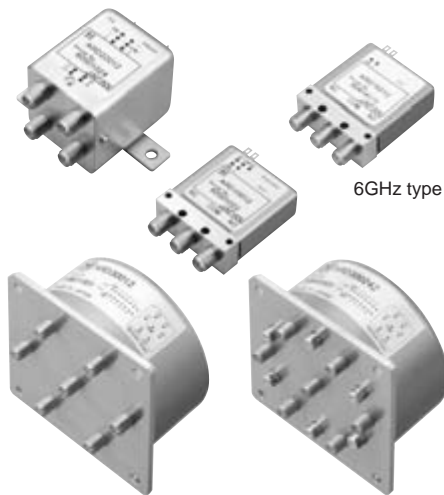
6) To ensure accurate operation of the latching type amidst surrounding temperature changes and other factors that might affect the set and reset pulse times, we recommend a coil impress set and reset pulse width of at least 30 ms at the rated operation voltage.

7) The latching type relay is shipped in the reset position. But jolts during transport or impacts during installation can change the reset position. It is, therefore, advisable to build a circuit in which the relay can be initialized (set and reset) just after turning on the power.

8) If silicone materials (e.g., silicone rubbers, silicone oils, silicone coating agents, silicone sealers) are used in the vicinity of the relay, the gas emitted from the silicone may adhere to the contacts of the relay during opening and closing and lead to improper contact. If this is the case, use a material other than silicone.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Microwave Devices / Coaxial Switches



FEATURES

- 1. Excellent high frequency characteristics (50Ω, to 26.5GHz)
- 2. SPDT, Transfer and SP6T types are available.
- 3. High sensitivity
Nominal operating power:
840 mW (SPDT/SP6T, Fail-safe type, with indicator)
1,540 mW (Transfer, Fail-safe type, with indicator)
*Without 24V type
- 4. Long-lasting life: min. 5 × 10⁶
- 5. With termination type is added. (SP6T)
Thanks to the addition of termination, steady high frequency characteristics can be maintained when contacts are either open or closed and this contributes to increase system reliability.
- 6. + COM type is available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Wireless and mobile communication
- Cellular phone base station
 - Amplifier switching
- Digital broadcasting
- Broadcasting relay station
 - Broadcasting equipment
- Measuring instrument
- All types of inspection equipment

Please inquire beforehand if you are thinking of using this product in applications that involve low level load or high frequency of switching.

HIGH FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS (Impedance 50Ω)

Frequency	to 1 GHz	1 to 4 GHz	4 to 8 GHz*1	8 to 12.4 GHz	12.4 to 18 GHz	18 to 26.5 GHz*2
V.S.W.R. (max.)	1.1	1.15	1.25	1.35	1.5	1.7
V.S.W.R. (SP6T With termination) (max.)	1.20		1.40	1.50	—	—
Insertion loss (dB. max.)	0.2		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8
Isolation (dB. min.)	85	80	70	65	60	55

Notes:
*1The 6GHz type only has the above characteristics up to 6GHz.
*218 to 26.5GHz characteristics can be applied 26.5GHz type only (SPDT, Transfer)

ORDERING INFORMATION

RD coaxial switches

Frequency

1: to 18GHz (SPDT) 5: to 26.5GHz (SPDT)

2: to 18GHz (Transfer) 6: to 26.5GHz (Transfer)

3: to 13GHz (SP6T) 7: to 6GHz (SPDT)

Operating function

00: Fail-safe (with indicator) 02: Fail-safe (without indicator)

20: Latching (with indicator) 22: Latching (without indicator)

51: Latching with TTL driver (SPDT, Transfer) 53: Latching with TTL driver (SPDT)

(with self cut-off function) (with indicator) (with self cut-off function) (without indicator)

Nominal operating voltage, V DC

4H: 4.5 (Fail-safe, Latching type only) 12: 12

05: 5 (Latching with TTL driver type only) 24: 24

Operation terminal

Nil: Solder terminal

C: Connector cable (SPDT type only)

Termination (SP6T type only)

Nil: No termination

Z: With termination

HF data attached

Nil: No HF test data attached

Q: HF test data attached

Note: Sealed types also available, please consult us (SPDT only)

ARD

TYPES

1. SPDT

1) Solder terminal

Operating function	Nominal operating voltage, V DC	6GHz type	18GHz type		26.5GHz type	
		No HF datasheet attached	No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached	No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached
Fail-safe (with indicator)	4.5	ARD7004H	ARD1004H	ARD1004HQ	ARD5004H	ARD5004HQ
	12	ARD70012	ARD10012	ARD10012Q	ARD50012	ARD50012Q
	24	ARD70024	ARD10024	ARD10024Q	ARD50024	ARD50024Q
Latching (with indicator)	4.5	ARD7204H	ARD1204H	ARD1204HQ	ARD5204H	ARD5204HQ
	12	ARD72012	ARD12012	ARD12012Q	ARD52012	ARD52012Q
	24	ARD72024	ARD12024	ARD12024Q	ARD52024	ARD52024Q
Latching with TTL driver (with self cut-off function) (with indicator)	5	ARD75105	ARD15105	ARD15105Q	ARD55105	ARD55105Q
	12	ARD75112	ARD15112	ARD15112Q	ARD55112	ARD55112Q
	24	ARD75124	ARD15124	ARD15124Q	ARD55124	ARD55124Q
Fail-safe (without indicator)	4.5	ARD7024H	—	—	—	—
	12	ARD70212				
	24	ARD70224				
Latching (without indicator)	4.5	ARD7224H	—	—	—	—
	12	ARD72212				
	24	ARD72224				
Latching with TTL driver (with self cut-off function) (without indicator)	5	ARD75305	—	—	—	—
	12	ARD75312				
	24	ARD75324				

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 1 pc. Case: 20 pcs.

2) Connector cable

Operating function	Nominal operating voltage, V DC	18GHz type		26.5GHz type	
		No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached	No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached
Fail-safe	4.5	ARD1004HC	ARD1004HCQ	ARD5004HC	ARD5004HCQ
	12	ARD10012C	ARD10012CQ	ARD50012C	ARD50012CQ
	24	ARD10024C	ARD10024CQ	ARD50024C	ARD50024CQ
Latching	4.5	ARD1204HC	ARD1204HCQ	ARD5204HC	ARD5204HCQ
	12	ARD12012C	ARD12012CQ	ARD52012C	ARD52012CQ
	24	ARD12024C	ARD12024CQ	ARD52024C	ARD52024CQ
Latching with TTL driver (with self cut-off function)	5	ARD15105C	ARD15105CQ	ARD55105C	ARD55105CQ
	12	ARD15112C	ARD15112CQ	ARD55112C	ARD55112CQ
	24	ARD15124C	ARD15124CQ	ARD55124C	ARD55124CQ

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 1 pc. Case: 10 pcs.

2. Transfer

Operating function	Nominal operating voltage, V DC	18GHz type		26.5GHz type	
		No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached	No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached
Fail-safe	4.5	ARD2004H	ARD2004HQ	ARD6004H	ARD6004HQ
	12	ARD20012	ARD20012Q	ARD60012	ARD60012Q
	24	ARD20024	ARD20024Q	ARD60024	ARD60024Q
Latching	4.5	ARD2204H	ARD2204HQ	ARD6204H	ARD6204HQ
	12	ARD22012	ARD22012Q	ARD62012	ARD62012Q
	24	ARD22024	ARD22024Q	ARD62024	ARD62024Q
Latching with TTL driver (with self cut-off function)	5	ARD25105	ARD25105Q	ARD65105	ARD65105Q
	12	ARD25112	ARD25112Q	ARD65112	ARD65112Q
	24	ARD25124	ARD25124Q	ARD65124	ARD65124Q

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 1 pc. Case: 10 pcs.

3. SP6T

Operating function	Nominal operating voltage, V DC	13GHz type	
		No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached
Fail-safe	4.5	ARD3004H	ARD3004HQ
	12	ARD30012	ARD30012Q
	24	ARD30024	ARD30024Q
Latching	4.5	ARD3204H	ARD3204HQ
	12	ARD32012	ARD32012Q
	24	ARD32024	ARD32024Q

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 1 pc. Case: 5 pcs.

RD (ARD)

4. SP6T (with termination)

Operating function	Nominal operating voltage, V DC	13GHz type	
		No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached
Fail-safe	4.5	ARD3004HZ	ARD3004HZQ
	12	ARD30012Z	ARD30012ZQ
	24	ARD30024Z	ARD30024ZQ
Latching	4.5	ARD3204HZ	ARD3204HZQ
	12	ARD32012Z	ARD32012ZQ
	24	ARD32024Z	ARD32024ZQ

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 1 pc. Case: 5 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

(1) SPDT

1) Fail-safe type

Nominal operating voltage, V DC	Nominal operating current, mA (+10%/–15%) (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal power consumption, mW	
	With indicator	Without indicator	With indicator	Without indicator
4.5	186.7	155.6	840	700
12	70.0	58.3		
24	40.4	29.2	970	

2) Latching type

Nominal operating voltage, V DC	Nominal operating current, mA (+10%/–15%) (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal power consumption, mW	
	With indicator	Without indicator	With indicator	Without indicator
4.5	155.6	111.1	700	500
12	62.5	41.7	750	
24	37.5	16.7	900	

3) Latching with TTL driver type

Nominal operating voltage, V DC	TTL logic level (see TTL logic level range)		Electronic self cut-off	Switching frequency
	ON	OFF		
5	2.4 to 5.5V	0 to 0.5V	Available	Max. 180 times/min. (ON time : OFF time = 1 : 1)
12				
24				

(2) Transfer

1) Fail-safe type

Nominal operating voltage, V DC	Nominal operating current, mA (+10%/–15%) (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal power consumption, mW
4.5	342.2	1540
12	128.3	
24	69.6	1670

2) Latching type

Nominal operating voltage, V DC	Nominal operating current, mA (+10%/–15%) (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal power consumption, mW
4.5	266.7	1200
12	104.2	1250
24	58.3	1400

3) Latching with TTL driver type (with self cut-off function)

Nominal operating voltage, V DC	TTL logic level (see TTL logic level range)		Electronic self cut-off	Switching frequency
	ON	OFF		
5	2.4 to 5.5V	0 to 0.5V	Available	Max. 180 times/min. (ON time : OFF time = 1 : 1)
12				
24				

(3) SP6T and SP6T (with termination type)

1) Fail-safe type

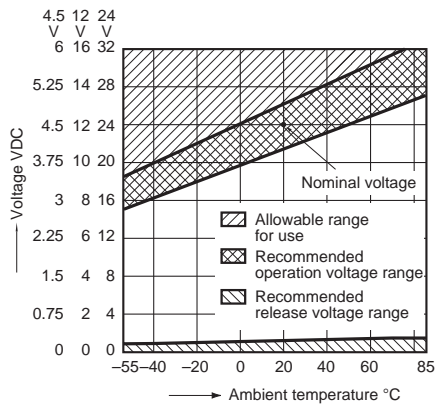
Nominal operating voltage, V DC	Nominal operating current, mA (+10%/–15%) (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal power consumption, mW
4.5	186.7	840
12	70.0	
24	40.4	970

2) Latching type

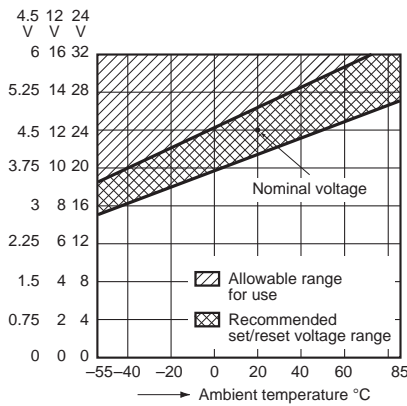
Nominal operating voltage, V DC	Nominal operating current, mA (+10%/–15%) (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal power consumption, mW
4.5	SET: 155.6 / RESET (ALL): 933.6	SET: 700 / RESET (ALL): 4,200
12	SET: 62.5 / RESET (ALL): 375.0	SET: 750 / RESET (ALL): 4,500
24	SET: 37.5 / RESET (ALL): 225.0	SET: 900 / RESET (ALL): 5,400

• Operating voltage range

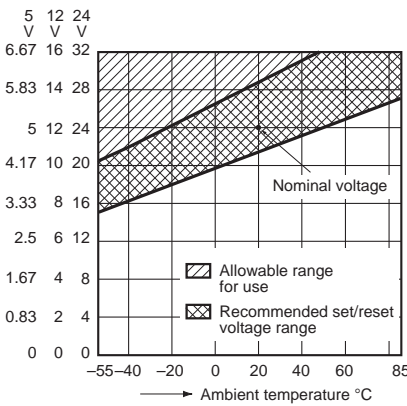
1) Fail-safe type



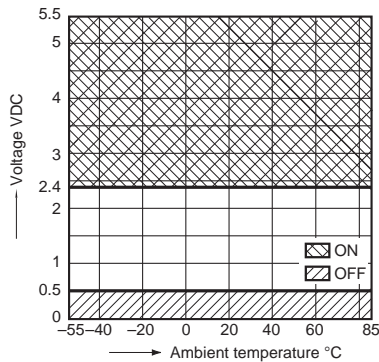
2) Latching type



3) Latching with TTL driver type (with self cut-off function)



4) TTL Logic level range



Note: Please consult us for use that is outside this range.

RD (ARD)

2. Specifications

1) SPDT/Transfer

Characteristics		Item	Specifications					
Contact	Arrangement		SPDT			Transfer		
	Contact material		Gold plating					
	Initial contact resistance		Max. 100mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)					
Rating	Contact input power		120W (at 3GHz) (V.S.W.R. 1.15 or less, no contact switching, ambient temperature 40°C 104°F [SPDT], 25°C 77°F [Transfer]) ^{*1}					
	Nominal operating power	Fail-safe	840mW (4.5V, 12V DC), 970mW (24V DC)			1,540mW (4.5V, 12V DC), 1,670mW (24V DC)		
		Latching	700mW (4.5V DC), 750mW (12V DC), 900mW (24V DC)			1,200mW (4.5V DC), 1,250mW (12V DC), 1,400mW (24V DC)		
Indicator rating (with indicator type only)	Contact rating		Max. 30V 100mA					
	Initial contact resistance		Max. 1Ω (Measured by 5V 100mA)					
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)		3V DC, 0.1mA (5 × 10 ⁶ , Reliability level: 10% (3kΩ))					
High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω)			to 1 GHz	1 to 4 GHz	4 to 8 GHz ^{*2}	8 to 12.4 GHz	12.4 to 18 GHz	18 to 26.5 GHz ^{*3}
	V.S.W.R. (max.)		1.1	1.15	1.25	1.35	1.5	1.7
	Insertion loss (dB, max.)		0.2		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8
	Isolation (dB, min.)		85	80	70	65	60	55
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as “breakdown voltage (Initial)” section.					
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
		Between contact and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
		Between contact and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
		Between coil and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
Time characteristics (at 20°C 68°F)	Operate time		Max. 15ms (Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)			Max. 20ms (Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 500 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms, detection time: 10μs.)					
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms.)					
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3mm (Detection time: 10μs.)					
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5mm					
Expected life	Mechanical		6GHz type: Min. 10 ⁶ 18 and 26.5GHz type: Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (All types, at 180 times/min.)			Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)		
	Electrical	High frequency contact (Hot switch)	6GHz type: Min. 10 ⁶ 18 and 26.5GHz type: Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (All types, 5W to 3GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R.; max. 1.2) (at 20 times/min.)			Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (5W to 3GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R.; max. 1.2) (at 20 times/min.)		
		Indicator (with indicator type only)	5 V DC, 10 mA, Min. 10 ⁶ (at 20 times/min.)					
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ^{*4}		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +85°C -67°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)					
Unit weight			Approx. 50g 1.76oz			Approx. 110g 3.88oz		

*1 Factors such as heating of the connected connector influence the high frequency characteristics; therefore, please verify under actual conditions of use.
*2 The 6GHz type only has the above characteristics up to 6GHz.
*3 18 to 26.5GHz characteristics can be applied 26.5GHz type only (SPDT, Transfer)
*4 The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

2) SP6T

Characteristics	Item		Specifications			
Contact	Arrangement		SP6T			
	Contact material		Gold plating			
	Initial contact resistance		Max. 100mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)			
Rating	Contact input power	No termination	120 W (at 3GHz) (V.S.W.R. 1.15 or less, no contact switching, ambient temperature 25°C 77°F)* ¹			
		With termination	2W (at 3GHz) (V.S.W.R. 1.15 or less, no contact switching, ambient temperature 25°C 77°F)* ¹			
	Nominal operating power	Fail-safe	840mW (4.5V, 12V DC), 970mW (24V DC)			
		Latching	700mW (4.5V DC), 750mW (12V DC), 900mW (24V DC)			
Indicator rating	Contact rating		Max. 30V 100mA			
	Initial contact resistance		Max. 1Ω (Measured by 5V 100mA)			
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)		3V DC, 0.1mA (5 × 10 ⁶ , Reliability level: 10% (3kΩ))			
High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω)			to 1 GHz	1 to 4 GHz	4 to 8 GHz	8 to 13 GHz
	V.S.W.R. (max.)	No termination	1.1	1.15	1.25	1.35
		With termination	1.20		1.40	1.50
	Insertion loss (dB, max.)		0.2		0.3	0.4
	Isolation (dB, min.)		85	80	70	65
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as “breakdown voltage (Initial)” section.			
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
		Between contact and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
		Between contact and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
		Between coil and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
Time characteristics (at 20°C 68°F)	Operate time		Max. 20ms (Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)			
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 500 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms, detection time: 10μs.)			
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms.)			
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3mm (Detection time: 10μs.)			
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5mm			
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)			
	Electrical	High frequency contact (Hot switch)	No termination	Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (5W to 3GHz, impedance 50%, V.S.W.R.; max. 1.2) (at 20 times/min.)		
			With termination	Min. 5 × 10 ⁶ (2W to 3GHz, impedance 50%, V.S.W.R.; max. 1.2) (at 20 times/min.)		
		Indicator (with indicator type only)	5 VDC, 10 mA, Min. 10 ⁶ (at 20 times/min.)			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage ²		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +85°C -67°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
Unit weight			Approx. 320g 11.29oz			

*1 Factors such as heating of the connected connector influence the high frequency characteristics; therefore, please verify under actual conditions of use.

*2 The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

RD (ARD)

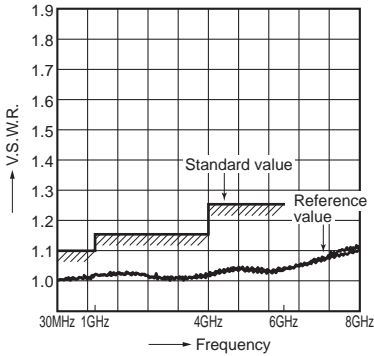
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). High frequency characteristics (SPDT) 6GHz type

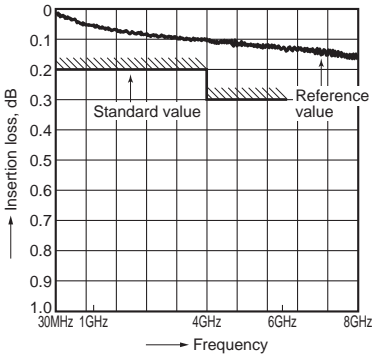
Sample: ARD70012

Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B).

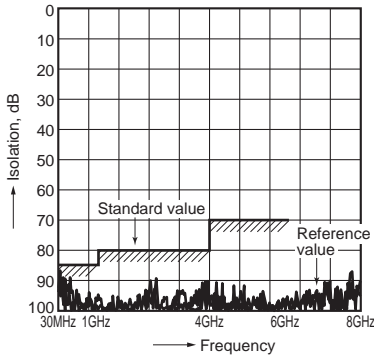
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation

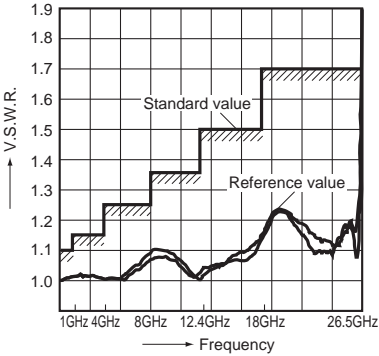


1-(2). High frequency characteristics (SPDT) 18, 26.5GHz type

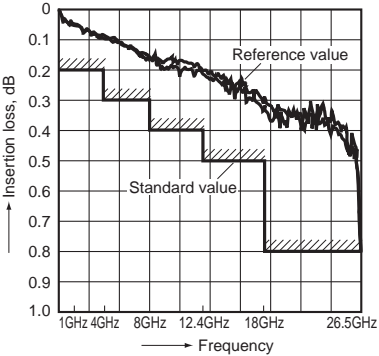
Sample: ARD10012

Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (HP8510).

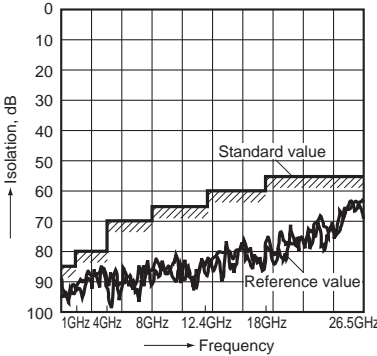
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation

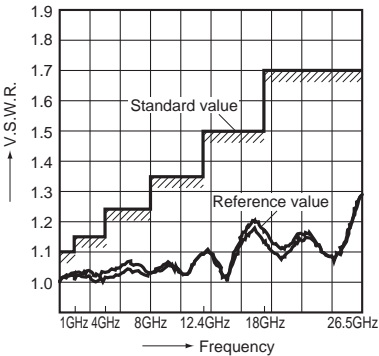


1-(3). High frequency characteristics (Transfer)

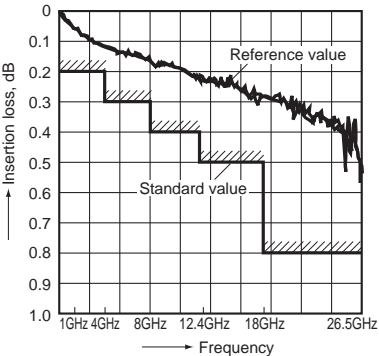
Sample: ARD60012

Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (HP8510).

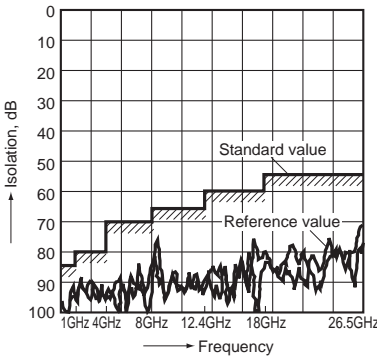
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation

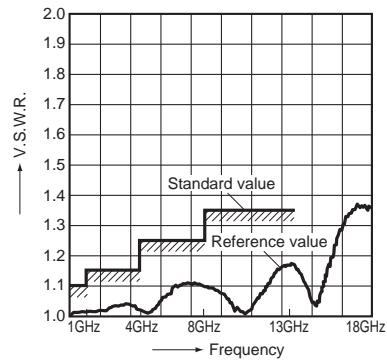


1-(4). High frequency characteristics (SP6T)

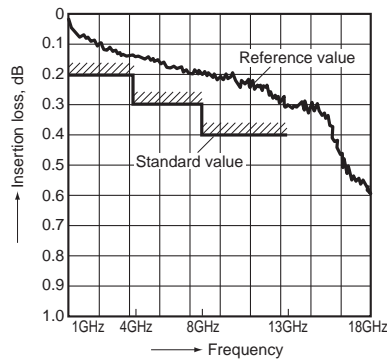
Sample: ARD30012

Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (HP8510).

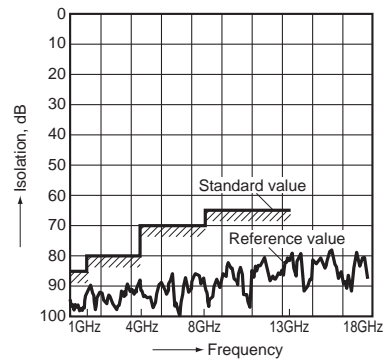
• V.S.W.R.



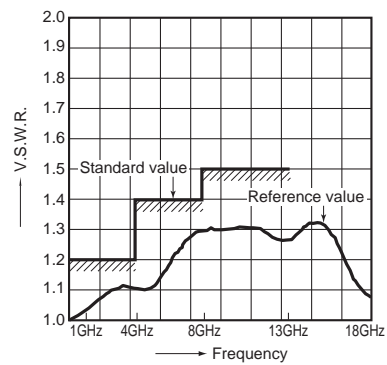
• Insertion loss



• Isolation



• Termination characteristics



1. SPDT

CAD Data

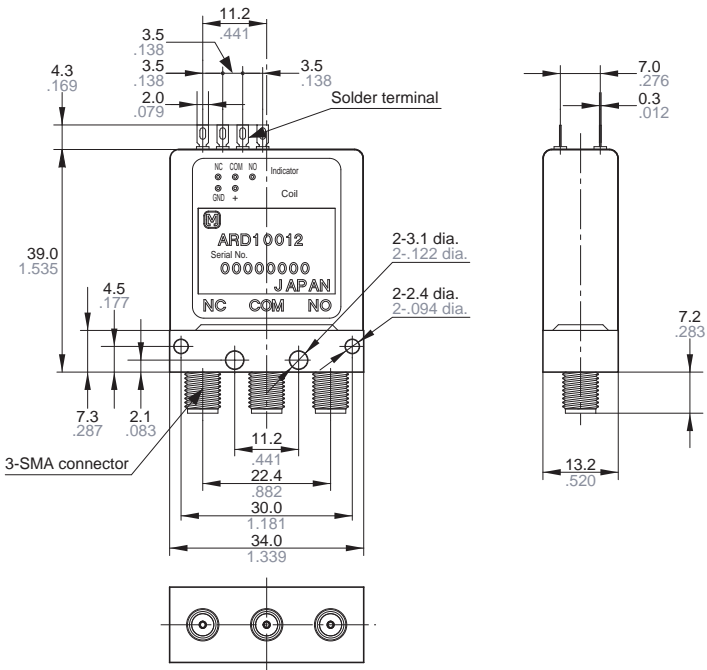
1) Solder terminal



6GHz type

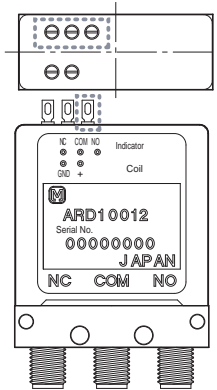
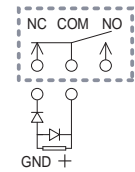


18 and 26.5GHz types

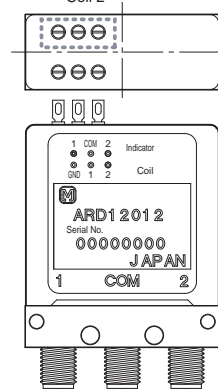
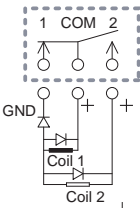


Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

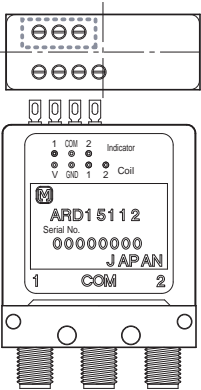
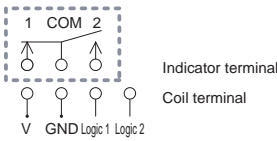
Fail-safe



Latching



Latching with TTL driver
(with self cut-off function)



* + COM type is available

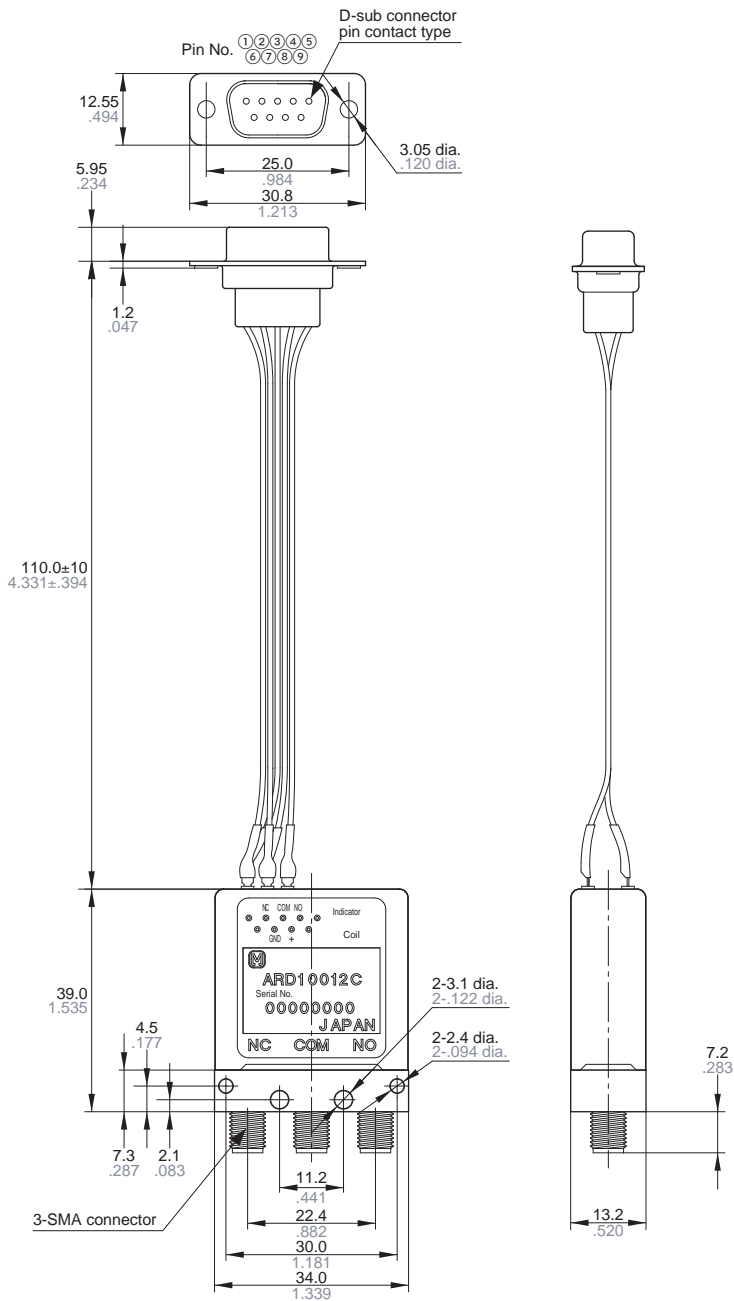
* The type without indicator terminals will not have the indicator terminals that are marked with the dotted box.

2) Connector cable

CAD Data

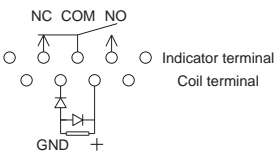


Pin No.	Indicator					Coil			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Fail-safe	—	NC	COM	NO	—	—	GND	+	—
Latching	—	1	COM	2	—	—	GND	1	2
Latching with TTL driver	—	1	COM	2	—	V	GND	Logic 1	Logic 2

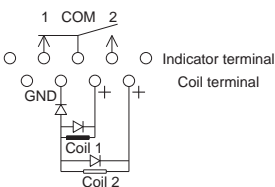


Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

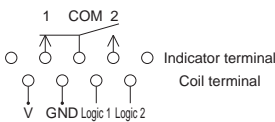
Fail-safe



Latching



Latching with TTL driver
(with self cut-off function)

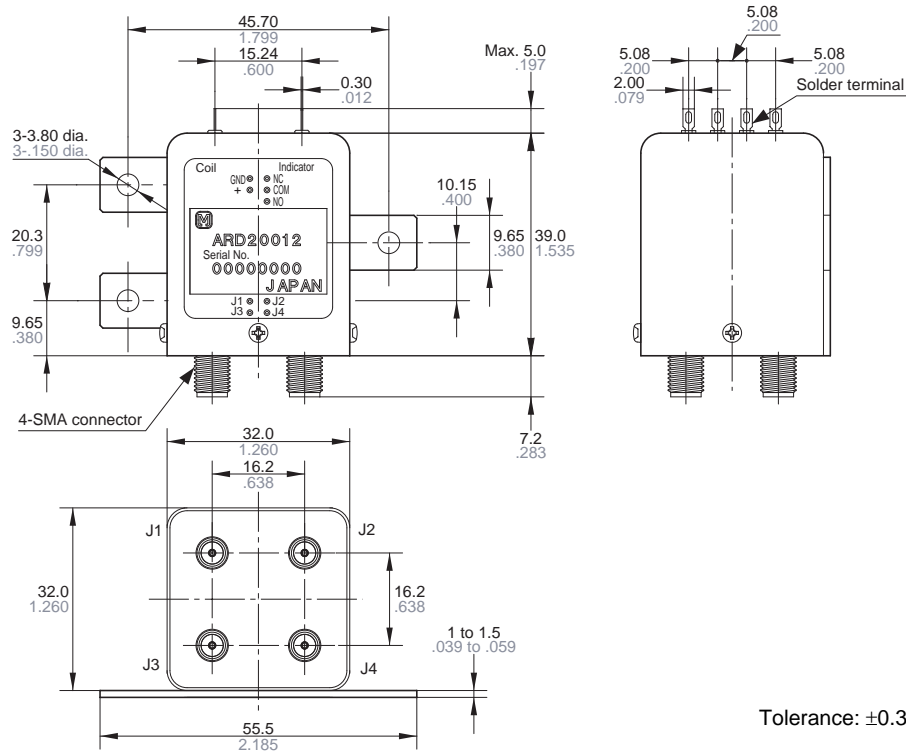


* + COM type is available

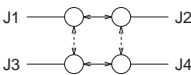
RD (ARD)

2. Transfer

CAD Data

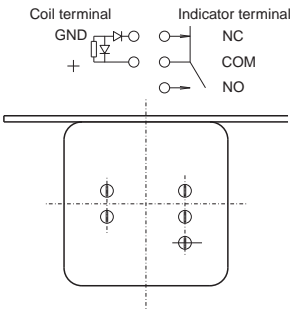


Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

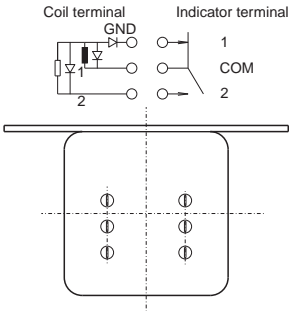


Fail-safe	NC: J1-J2, J3-J4 NO: J1-J3, J2-J4
Latching	POS1: J1-J2, J3-J4 POS2: J1-J3, J2-J4
Latching with TTL driver	POS1: J1-J2, J3-J4 POS2: J1-J3, J2-J4

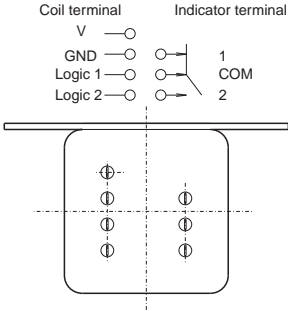
Fail-safe



Latching



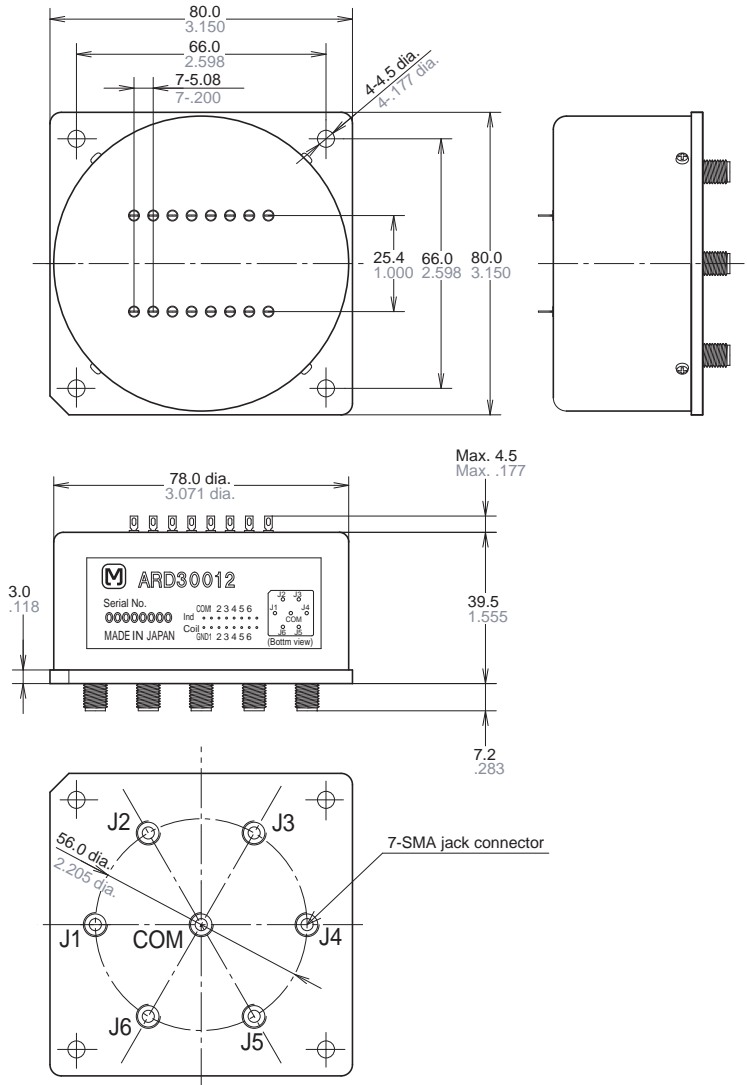
Latching with TTL driver
(with self cut-off function)



* + COM type is available

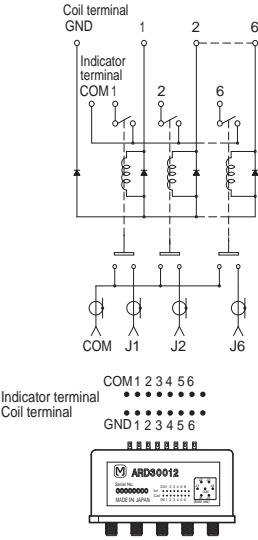
3. SP6T

CAD Data

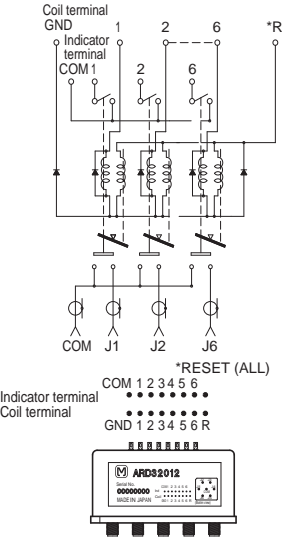


Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Fail-safe type



Latching type

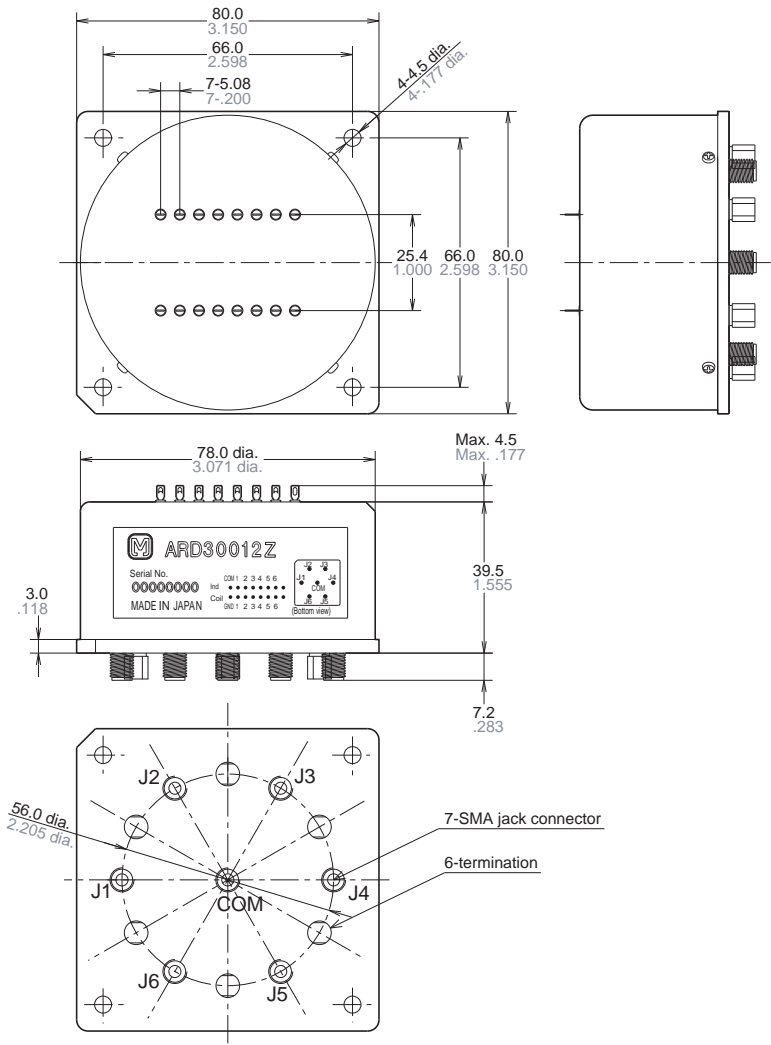


* + COM type is available.

RD (ARD)

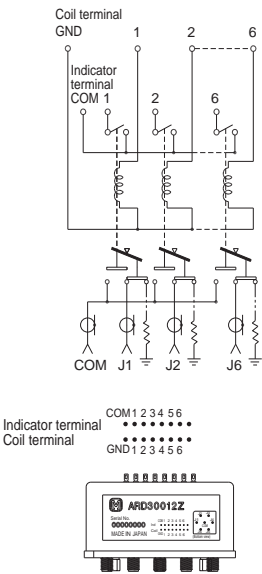
4. SP6T (with termination)

CAD Data

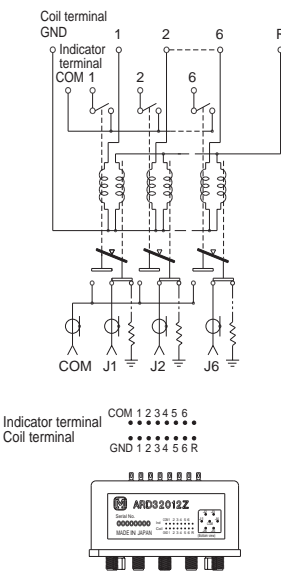


Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Fail-safe type



Latching type



NOTES

1. For general cautions for use, please refer to the “General Application Guidelines”.

2. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 50 ms to set/reset the latching type relay.

Please use the latching type for circuits that are continually powered for long periods of time.

3. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

4. Connection of coil indicator and washing conditions

1) The connection of coil indicator terminal shall be done by soldering.

Soldering conditions

Max. 260°C 500°F (solder temp) within 10sec (soldering time)

Max. 350°C 662°F (solder temp) within 3sec (soldering time)

2) This product is not sealed type, therefore washing is not allowed.

5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature:

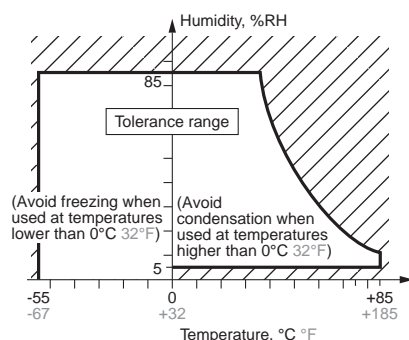
–55 to +85°C –67 to +185°F

2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments.

The plastic may become brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

6. Other handling precautions

1) The relay's on/off service life is based on standard test conditions (temperature: 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity: 25 to 75%) specified in JIS C5442-1996. Life will depend on many factors of your system: coil drive circuit, type of load, switching intervals, switching phase, ambient conditions, to name a few.

2) Use the relay within specifications such as coil rating, contact rating and on/off service life. If used beyond limits, the relay may overheat, generate smoke or catch fire.

3) Be careful not to drop the relay. If accidentally dropped, carefully check its appearance and characteristics before use.

4) Be careful to wire the relay correctly. Otherwise, malfunction, overheat, fire or other trouble may occur.

5) The latching type relay is shipped in the reset position. But jolts during transport or impacts during installation can move it to the set position. It is, therefore, advisable to build a circuit in which the relay can be initialized (set and reset) just after turning on the power.

6) If a relay stays on in a circuit for many months or years at a time without being activated, circuit design should be reviewed so that the relay can remain non-excited. A coil that receives current all the time heats, which degrades insulation earlier than expected. A latching type relay is recommended for such circuits.

7) For SMA connectors, we recommend a torque of 0.90±0.1 N·m for installation, which falls within the prescribed torque of MIL-C-39012. Please be aware that conditions might be different depending on the connector materials and how it interacts with surrounding materials.

8) Please do not use silicon based substances such as silicon rubber, silicon oil, silicon coatings and silicon fillings, in the vicinity of the relay. Doing so may cause volatile silicon gas to form which may lead to contact failure due to the adherence of silicon on the contacts when they open and close in this atmosphere.

9) Please note that when switching contacts (latching type only), you must apply reset (ALL) voltage and release all contacts first. (SP6T type)

10) Do not use multiple contacts simultaneously. (SP6T type)

11) The indicator terminal is the terminal that indicates the operation status of the MAIN contact.

12) For details about the drive method of the latching with TTL driver type, please refer to the RD coaxial switch catalog on the website.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



PIN type



SMA type

FEATURES

1. Compact size (Approx. 85% less volume compared to previous product.*)
PIN type size: L 15.9 × W 15.9 × H 11.2 mm L .626 × W .626 × H .441 inch
2. Excellent high frequency characteristics (to 8, 18, 26.5GHz, 50Ω)
3. Terminal shape options available (PIN and SMA)**
4. Contact arrangement: SPDT
5. Failsafe type and latching type (2-coil latching type) that reduces operating power are now available.

*Compared to previous product (RD coaxial switch) and PIN type RV coaxial switch.

**For SMP connector type, please contact us.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Compact wireless devices
Compact measuring instrument
All types of inspection equipment
Digital broadcasting
- Broadcasting relay station
 - Broadcasting equipment
- Mobile communication
- Cellular phone base station

- 1) If you consider using applications requiring frequent switching or high number of operations, please contact us.
- 2) If you consider using applications with low level load, please contact us.

HIGH FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS (Impedance 50Ω, Initial)

1. PIN type

Frequency	to 4 GHz	4 to 8 GHz	8 to 12.4 GHz*	12.4 to 18 GHz*
V.S.W.R. (max.)	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
Insertion loss (dB. max.)	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7
Isolation (dB. min.)	70	60	50	40

Note: *8 to 18GHz characteristics can be applied 18GHz type only.

2. SMA type

Frequency	to 8 GHz	8 to 12.4 GHz*	12.4 to 18 GHz*	18 to 26.5 GHz**
V.S.W.R. (max.)	1.35	1.6	1.7	1.8
Insertion loss (dB. max.)	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.8
Isolation (dB. min.)	70	60	60	50

Note: *8 to 18GHz characteristics can be applied 18GHz type and 26.5GHz type only.

**18 to 26.5GHz characteristics can be applied 26.5GHz type only.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ARV ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐

Frequency

1: to 8GHz

2: to 18GHz

3: to 26.5GHz (SMA type only)

Operating function

0: Failsafe type/Standard contact

2: Latching type/Standard contact

3: Failsafe type/Reverse contact

Terminal shape

N: PIN type

A: SMA type

Nominal operating voltage

4H: 4.5 V DC

12: 12 V DC

24: 24 V DC

Operation terminal

Nil: Solder terminal

HF data attached

Nil: No HF test data attached

Q: HF test data attached (Displayed only on inner and outer packaging)

*Please inquire regarding use with nominal operating voltage of 28 V DC.

TYPES

SPDT

Operating function	Contact terminal shape	Nominal operating voltage	to 8 GHz type		to 18 GHz type		to 26.5 GHz type	
			No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached	No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached	No HF datasheet attached	HF datasheet attached
Failsafe type/ Standard contact	PIN type	4.5 V DC	ARV10N4H	ARV10N4HQ	ARV20N4H	ARV20N4HQ	—	—
		12 V DC	ARV10N12	ARV10N12Q	ARV20N12	ARV20N12Q	—	—
		24 V DC	ARV10N24	ARV10N24Q	ARV20N24	ARV20N24Q	—	—
	SMA type	4.5 V DC	ARV10A4H	ARV10A4HQ	ARV20A4H	ARV20A4HQ	ARV30A4H	ARV30A4HQ
		12 V DC	ARV10A12	ARV10A12Q	ARV20A12	ARV20A12Q	ARV30A12	ARV30A12Q
		24 V DC	ARV10A24	ARV10A24Q	ARV20A24	ARV20A24Q	ARV30A24	ARV30A24Q
Latching type/ Standard contact	PIN type	4.5 V DC	ARV12N4H	ARV12N4HQ	ARV22N4H	ARV22N4HQ	—	—
		12 V DC	ARV12N12	ARV12N12Q	ARV22N12	ARV22N12Q	—	—
		24 V DC	ARV12N24	ARV12N24Q	ARV22N24	ARV22N24Q	—	—
	SMA type	4.5 V DC	ARV12A4H	ARV12A4HQ	ARV22A4H	ARV22A4HQ	ARV32A4H	ARV32A4HQ
		12 V DC	ARV12A12	ARV12A12Q	ARV22A12	ARV22A12Q	ARV32A12	ARV32A12Q
		24 V DC	ARV12A24	ARV12A24Q	ARV22A24	ARV22A24Q	ARV32A24	ARV32A24Q
Failsafe type/ Reverse contact	PIN type	4.5 V DC	ARV13N4H	ARV13N4HQ	ARV23N4H	ARV23N4HQ	—	—
		12 V DC	ARV13N12	ARV13N12Q	ARV23N12	ARV23N12Q	—	—
		24 V DC	ARV13N24	ARV13N24Q	ARV23N24	ARV23N24Q	—	—
	SMA type	4.5 V DC	ARV13A4H	ARV13A4HQ	ARV23A4H	ARV23A4HQ	ARV33A4H	ARV33A4HQ
		12 V DC	ARV13A12	ARV13A12Q	ARV23A12	ARV23A12Q	ARV33A12	ARV33A12Q
		24 V DC	ARV13A24	ARV13A24Q	ARV23A24	ARV23A24Q	ARV33A24	ARV33A24Q

Standard packing: Carton: 5 pcs. Case: 50 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Failsafe type (Standard contact and Reverse contact)

Nominal operating voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 85°C 185°F)
4.5 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage*1 (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage*1 (Initial)	155.7mA	28.9Ω	700mW	110%V of nominal voltage
12 V DC			58.3mA	205.7Ω		
24 V DC			29.2mA	822.9Ω		

2) Latching type (Standard contact)

Nominal operating voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 85°C 185°F)
4.5 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage*1 (Initial)	75%V or less of nominal voltage*1 (Initial)	155.7mA	28.9Ω	700mW	110%V of nominal voltage
12 V DC			58.3mA	205.7Ω		
24 V DC			29.2mA	822.9Ω		

Notes: *1. Pulse drive (JIS C5442)

*2. Please inquire regarding use with nominal operating voltage of 28 V DC.

RV (ARV)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications							
Contact	Arrangement		SPDT							
	Contact material		Gold plating							
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100mΩ (By voltage drop 10V AC 10mA)							
Rating	Contact input power (CW)		Max. 50W (at 3GHz) (V.S.W.R. 1.3 or less, no contact switching, ambient temperature 20°C 68°F)*1							
	Nominal operating power		700mW							
High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω)			PIN type*2				SMA type			
	Frequency		to 4 GHz	4 to 8 GHz	8 to 12.4 GHz*3	12.4 to 18 GHz*3	to 8 GHz	8 to 12.4 GHz*4	12.4 to 18 GHz*4	18 to 26.5 GHz*5
	V.S.W.R. (max.)		1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.35	1.6	1.7	1.8
	Insertion loss (dB, max.)		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.8
	Isolation (dB, min.)		70	60	50	40	70	60	60	50
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as "breakdown voltage (Initial)" section.							
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)							
		Between contact and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)							
		Between contact and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)							
		Between coil and earth terminal	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)							
Time characteristics (at 20°C 68°F)	Operate time (Set time)		Max. 15ms (approx. 5ms) (Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)							
	Release time (Reset time)		Max. 15ms (approx. 5ms) (Nominal operating voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode, only for Release time)							
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 500 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms, detection time: 10μs.)							
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms.)							
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3mm (Detection time: 10μs.)							
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5mm/15 to 2,000 Hz [W0 = 2.94 (m/s ²) ² /Hz]							
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 180 times/min.)							
	Electrical (Hot switch)		Min. 3 × 10 ⁵ (1W High frequency load, at 3GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R.; max. 1.3) (at 20 times/min.)							
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*6		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +85°C -67°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) Air pressure: 86 to 106 kPa							
Unit weight			PIN type: Approx. 12g .42oz				SMA type: Approx. 20g .71oz			

Notes: *1. Factors such as heating of the connected terminal influence the high frequency characteristics; therefore, please verify under actual conditions of use.

*2. Measuring method: After installing on dedicated inspection equipment

*3. 8 to 18GHz characteristics can be applied 18GHz type only.

*4. 8 to 18GHz characteristics can be applied 18GHz and 26.5GHz types only.

*5. 18 to 26.5GHz characteristics can be applied 26.5GHz type only.

*6. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "NOTES" on page 425.

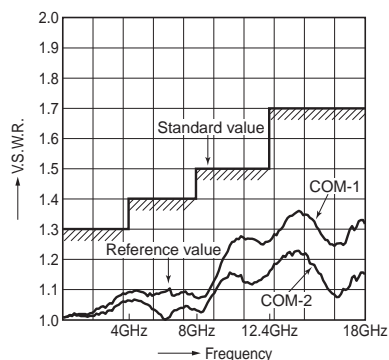
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). High frequency characteristics (PIN type)

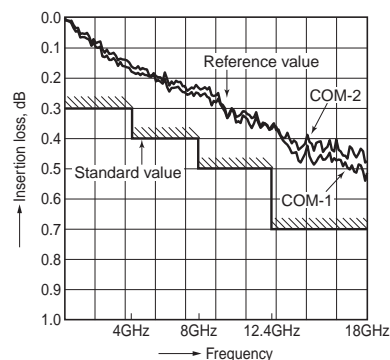
Sample: ARV22N12

Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B) after installing on dedicated inspection equipment.

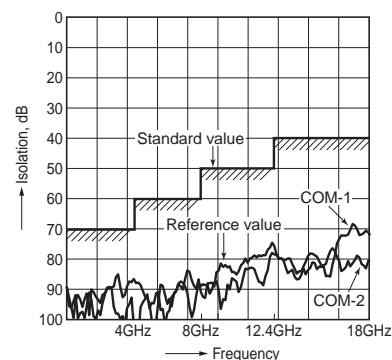
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation

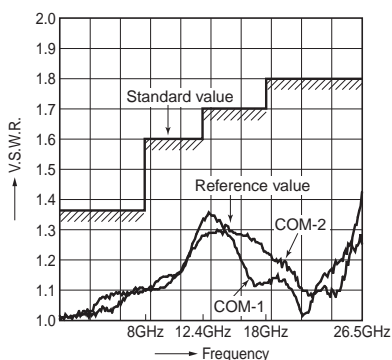


1-(2). High frequency characteristics (SMA type)

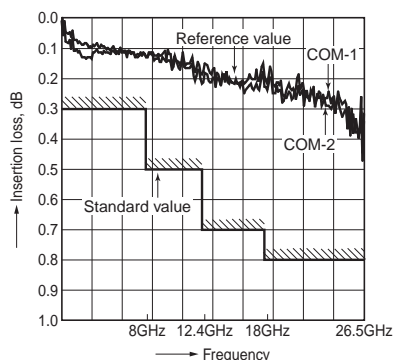
Sample: ARV32A12

Measuring method: Measured with Agilent Technologies network analyzer (E8363B).

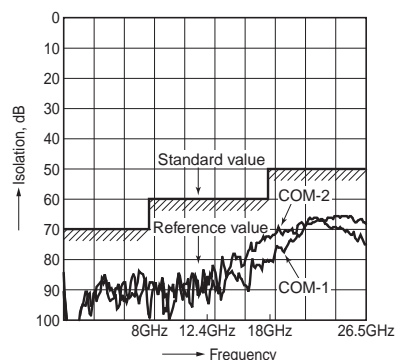
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



• Isolation



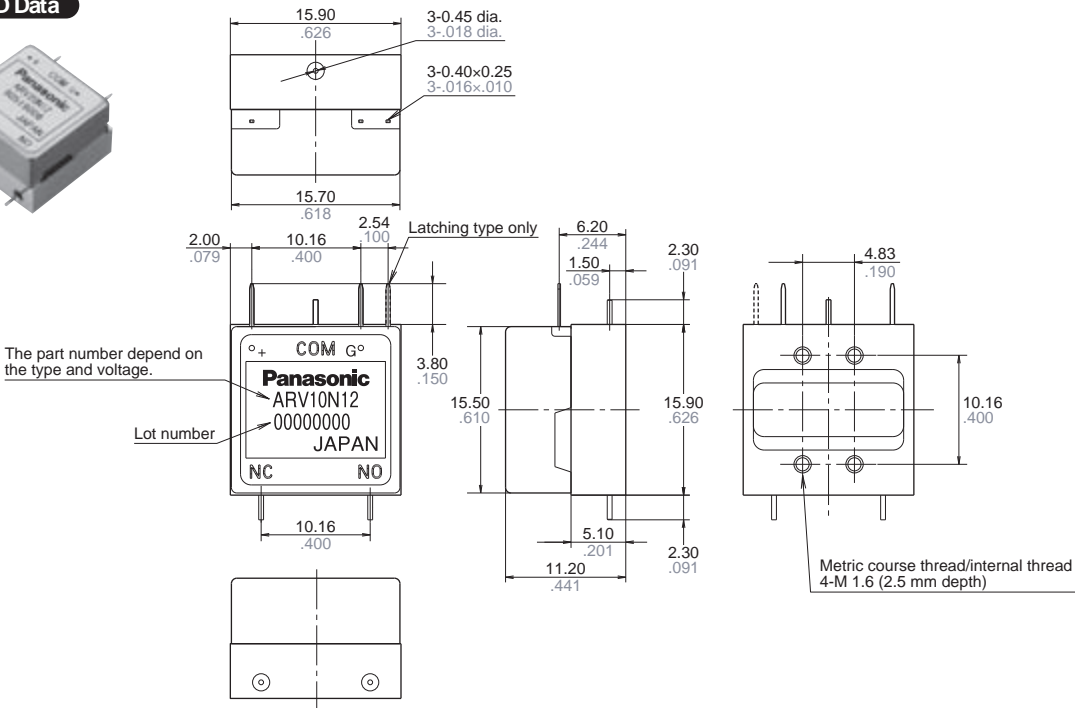
RV (ARV)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. PIN type

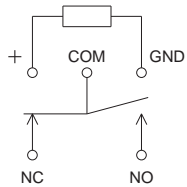
CAD Data



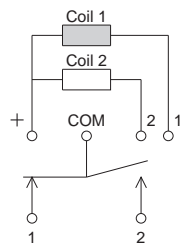
Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Top view)

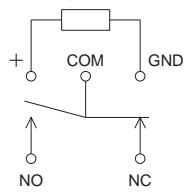
<Standard contact>
Failsafe type
(Deenergized condition)



Latching type
(Reset condition)

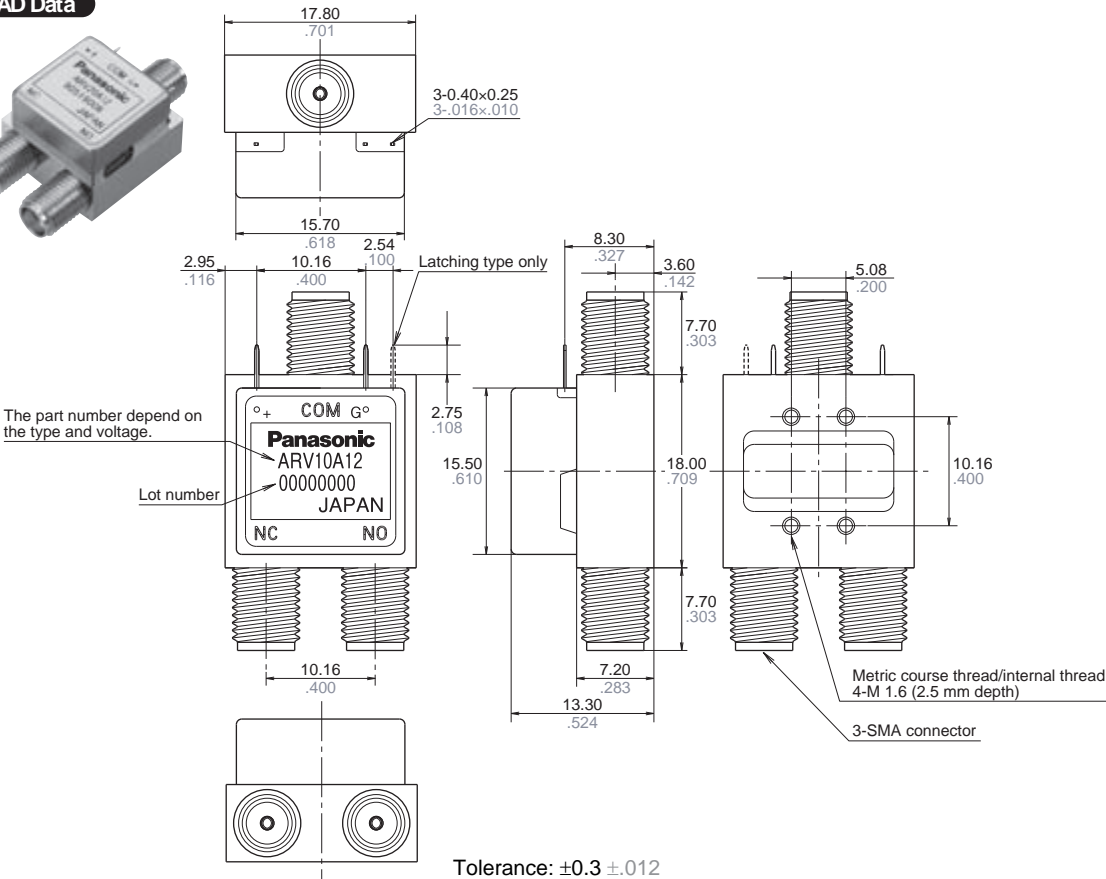


<Reverse contact>
Failsafe type
(Deenergized condition)



2. SMA type

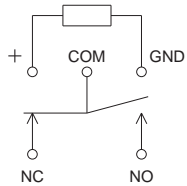
CAD Data



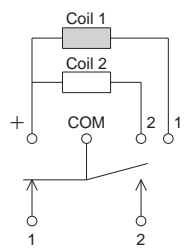
Tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Top view)

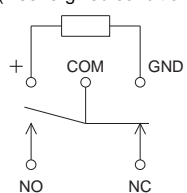
<Standard contact>
Failsafe type
(Deenergized condition)



Latching type
(Reset condition)



<Reverse contact>
Failsafe type
(Deenergized condition)



*For SMP connector type, please consult us.

NOTES

1. For general cautions for use, please refer to the “Cautions for Use” in the “Relay Technical Information”.

2. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 50 ms to set/reset the latching type. Please use the latching type for circuits that are continually powered for long periods of time.

3. Coil connection

Since this product is polarized, please be aware of the plus/minus polarity of the coil.

4. Connection and washing conditions for coil and PIN type contact terminals

1) The connection of coil and PIN type contact terminals shall be done by soldering.

Soldering conditions

Max. 260°C 500°F (solder temp) within 10sec (soldering time)

Max. 350°C 662°F (solder temp) within 3sec (soldering time)

2) This product is not sealed type, therefore washing is not allowed.

5. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions

1) Temperature:

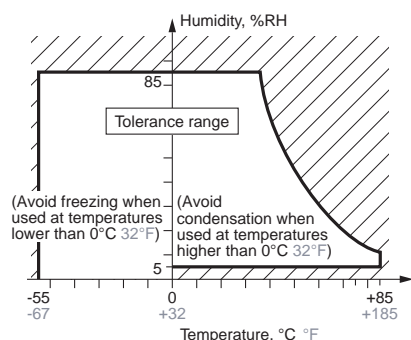
–55 to +85°C –67 to +185°F

2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of coaxial switch insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on coaxial switch when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments.

The plastic may become brittle if coaxial switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

6. Other handling precautions.

1) Coaxial switch's on/off service life is based on standard test conditions (temperature: 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity: 25 to 75%) specified in JIS C5442-1996. Life will depend on many factors of your system: coil drive circuit, type of load, switching intervals, switching phase, ambient conditions, to name a few.

2) Use coaxial switch within specifications such as coil rating, contact rating and on/off service life. If used beyond limits, coaxial switch may overheat, generate smoke or catch fire.

3) Be careful not to drop coaxial switch. If accidentally dropped, carefully check its appearance and characteristics before use.

4) Be careful to wire coaxial switch correctly. Otherwise, malfunction, overheat, fire or other trouble may occur.

5) The latching type product is shipped in the reset position. But jolts during transport or impacts during installation can move it to the set position. It is, therefore, advisable to build a circuit in which coaxial switch can be initialized (set and reset) just after turning on the power.

6) If coaxial switch stays on in a circuit for many months or years at a time without being activated, circuit design should be reviewed so that the coaxial switch can remain deenergized. A coil that receives current all the time heats, which degrades insulation earlier than expected. A latching type is recommended for such circuits.

7) For SMA connectors (SMA type only), we recommend a torque of 0.90 ± 0.1 N·m for installation, which falls within the prescribed torque of MIL-C-39012.

Please be aware that conditions might be different depending on the connector materials and how it interacts with surrounding materials.

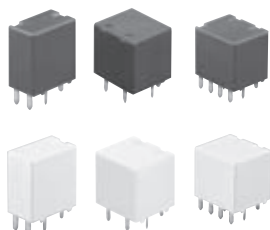
8) Please do not use silicon based substances such as silicon rubber, silicon oil, silicon coatings and silicon fillings, in the vicinity of the coaxial switch. Doing so may cause volatile silicon gas to form which may lead to contact failure due to the adherence of silicon on the contacts when they open and close in this atmosphere.

9) In order to ensure stable signal communication on contact, it is recommended that the monitoring of contact signal should be started from Min. 100 ms after coil rated voltage is applied.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

RV (ARV)

Automobil Printrelais



FEATURES

- **It is extremely compact at approx. 2/3 the size of previous products.**

Compared to our previous miniature type CT relay, both the 1 Form C and 10-pin and 8-pin twin types take up approx. two-thirds the space and volume. This makes them ideal for relay unit miniaturization.

- **Compact and high-capacity 25 A load switching**

High capacity control is possible while being compact and capable of motor lock load switching at 25 A, 14 V DC.

- **Pin in Paste* compatible model added**

Models compatible with the recently increasing Pin in Paste technique (reflow solder mounting) have been added.

Pin in Paste compatible models are the flux tight type.

* The Pin in Paste method may sometimes be referred to as THR (Through-hole Reflow).

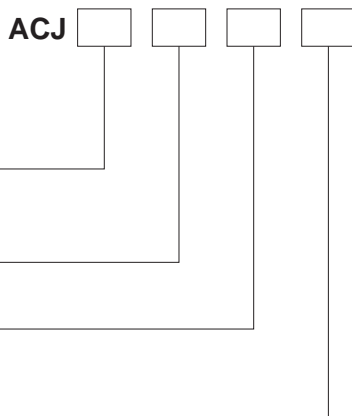
- **Environmental protection specifications**

Cadmium-free contacts and use of lead-free solder are standard. Environmental pollutants are not used.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Powered windows
- Automatic door locks
- Electrically powered mirrors
- Powered sunroofs
- Powered seats
- Lift gates
- Smart J/B related products, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



Contact arrangement

- 1: 1 Form C
2: 1 Form C×2 (8 terminal)
5: 1 Form C×2 (10 terminal)

Pick-up voltage

- 1: Max. 6.5 V DC
2: Max. 7.2 V DC

Coil voltage, DC

- 12: 12 V

Mounting type

- Nil: Standard type
P: Pin in Paste available type

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Part No.	
			Standard type	Pin in Paste type
1 Form C	12 V DC	Max.6.5 V DC (Initial)	ACJ1112	ACJ1112P
		Max.7.2 V DC (Initial)	ACJ1212	ACJ1212P
1 Form C × 2 (8 terminal)		Max.6.5 V DC (Initial)	ACJ2112	ACJ2112P
		Max.7.2 V DC (Initial)	ACJ2212	ACJ2212P
1 Form C × 2 (10 terminal)		Max.6.5 V DC (Initial)	ACJ5112	ACJ5112P
		Max.7.2 V DC (Initial)	ACJ5212	ACJ5212P

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 70 pcs.; Case: 2,800 pcs. (1 Form C), Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs. (8 terminal),
Carton (tube): 35 pcs.; Case: 1,400 pcs. (10 terminal)

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range*
12 V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16 V DC
	Max. 6.5 V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8 V DC (Initial)	66.7 mA	180Ω	800 mW	9 to 16 V DC

* Other usable voltage range types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C, 1 Form C×2
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ 7mΩ, N.C.: Typ 10mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Protective construction			Standard type: Sealed type Pin in Paste type: Flux tight type
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (14V DC)		N.O.: 20 A for 1 hour, 30 A for 2 minutes (at 20°C 68°F) (when coil powered on one side)
	Nominal operating power		640 mW (for pick-up voltage max. 7.2 V DC), 800 mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5 V DC)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Initial insulation resistance		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical		[Standard type] <Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> N.O. side: Min. 2×10 ⁵ : at 25 A (inrush), 5 A (steady), 14 V DC; Min. 10 ⁵ : at 25 A 14 V DC (Motor lock) N.C. side: Min. 2×10 ⁵ : at 20 A 14 V DC (brake) (Operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF) [Pin in Paste type] <Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> N.O. side: Min. 10 ⁵ : at 25 A (inrush), 5 A (steady), 14 V DC; Min. 5×10 ⁴ : at 25 A 14 V DC (Motor lock) N.C. side: Min. 10 ⁵ : at 20 A 14 V DC (brake) (Operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Mass	1 Form C type: approx. 3.5 g .12 oz, Twin type: approx. 6.5 g .23 oz		

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

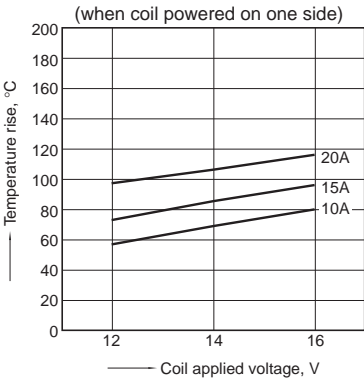
* If the relay is used continuously for long periods of time with coils on both sides in an energized condition, breakdown might occur due to abnormal heating depending on the carrying condition. Therefore, please inquire when using with a circuit that causes an energized condition on both sides simultaneously.

CJ (ACJ)

REFERENCE DATA

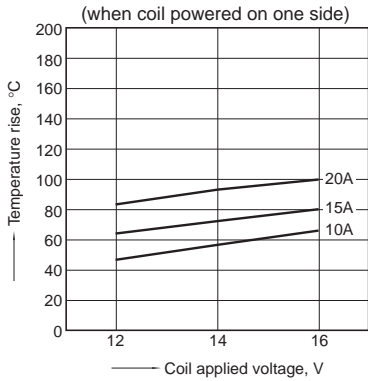
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACJ1212, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 15A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



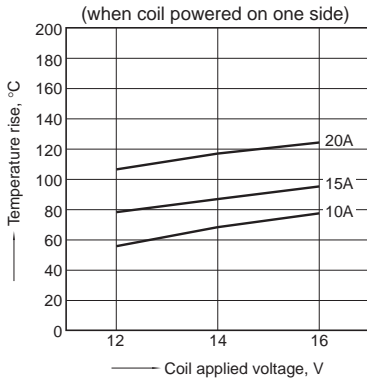
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

Sample: ACJ1212, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 15A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



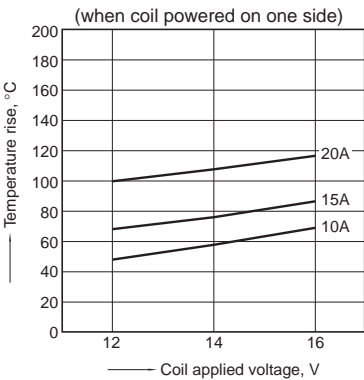
1.-(3) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACJ2212, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 15A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



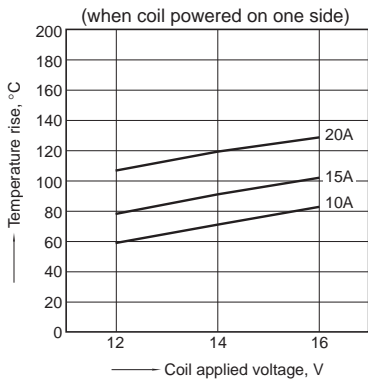
1.-(4) Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

Sample: ACJ2212, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 15A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



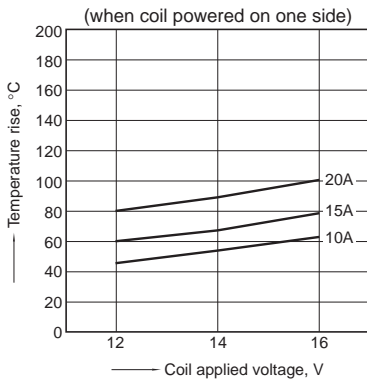
1.-(5) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACJ5212, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 15A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

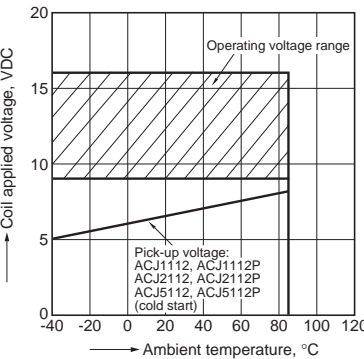


1.-(6) Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

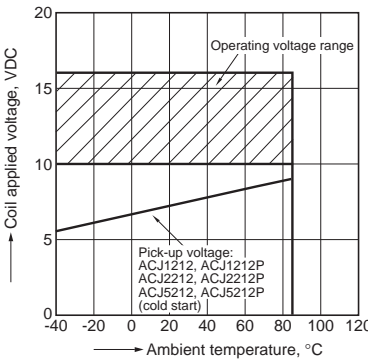
Sample: ACJ5212, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 15A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



2.-(1) Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

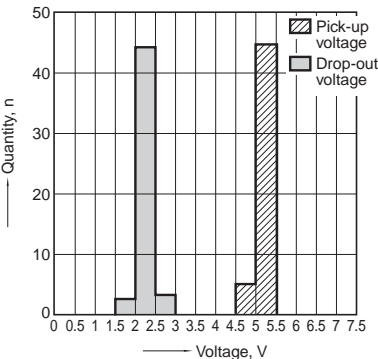


2.-(2) Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



3.-(1) Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

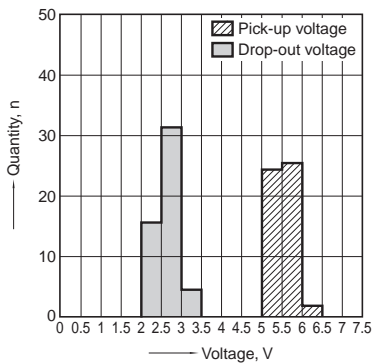
Sample: ACJ2112, 50pcs.
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



3.-(2) Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACJ2212, 50pcs.

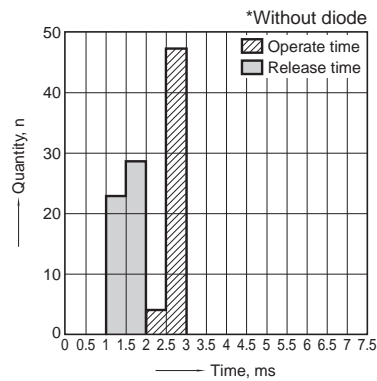
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



4.-(1) Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACJ2112, 50pcs.

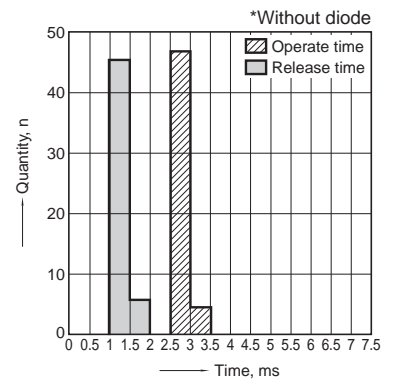
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



4.-(2) Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACJ2212, 50pcs.

Ambient temperature: Room temperature



5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor free)

Sample: ACJ2212, 3pcs

Load: Inrush current: 25A/Steady current: 5A,

Power window motor actual load (free condition)

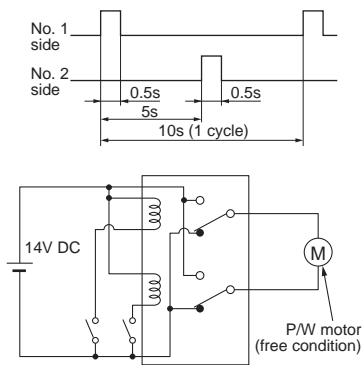
Tested voltage: 14V DC

Switching frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s

Switching cycle: 2×10^5

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

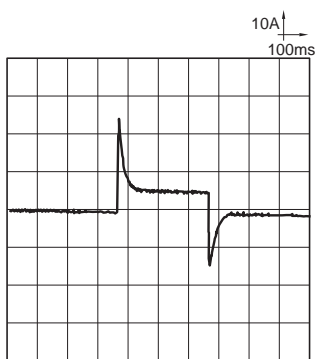
Circuit



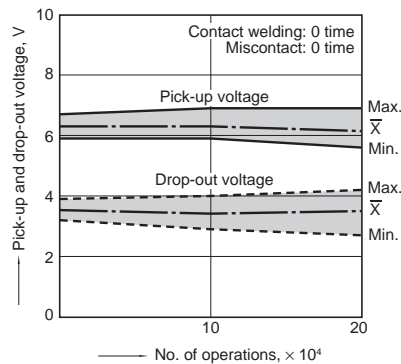
Load current waveform

Inrush current: 25A, Steady current: 6A,

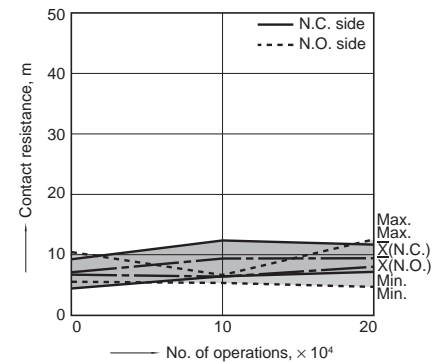
Brake current: 13A



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



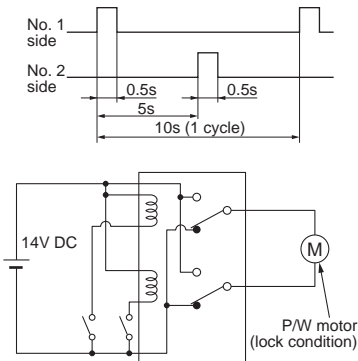
Change of contact resistance



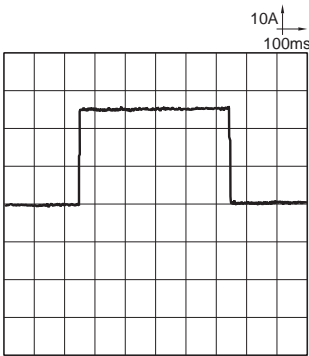
CJ (ACJ)

5.-(2) Electrical life test (Motor lock)

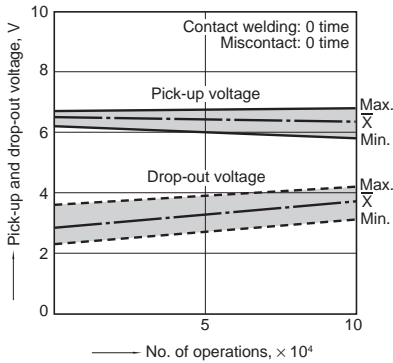
Sample: ACJ2212, 3pcs
Load: Steady current: 25A, Power window motor
actual load (lock condition)
Tested voltage: 14V DC
Switching frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Switching cycle: 10^s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit



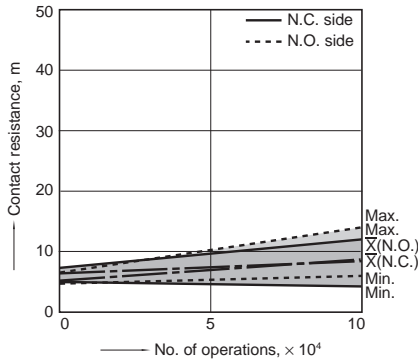
Load current waveform
Current value: 25A



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



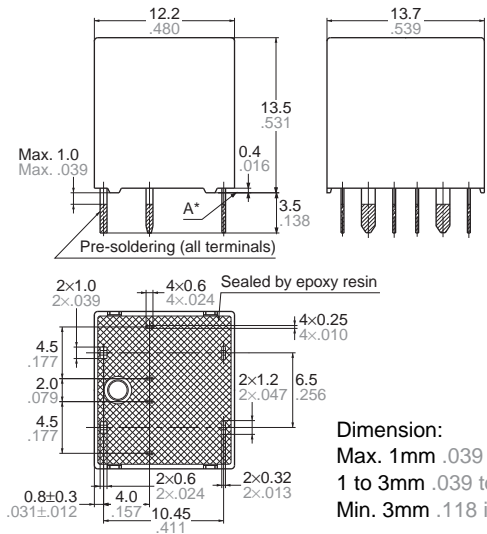
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. Twin type (8-pin)

[CAD Data](#)



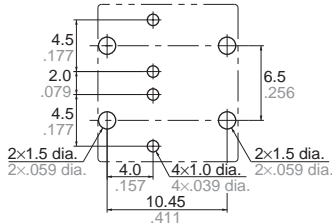
External dimensions



Dimension:
Max. 1mm .039 inch: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

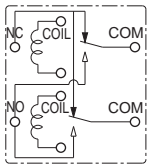
Download [CAD Data](#) from our Web site.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



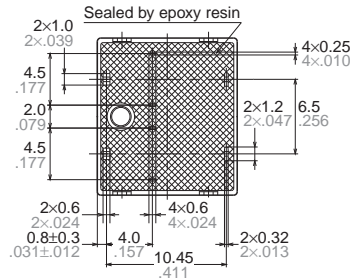
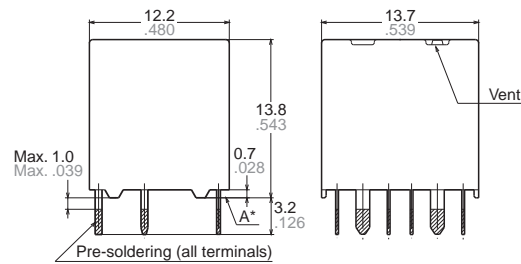
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

2. Twin type (8-pin) Pin in Paste type

CAD Data



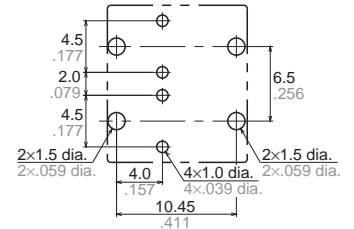
External dimensions



Dimension:
Max. 1mm .039 inch:
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

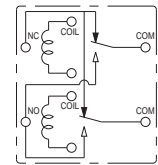
Tolerance
 $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
 $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
 $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



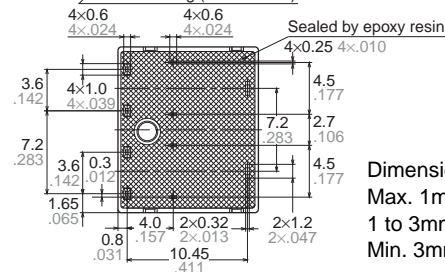
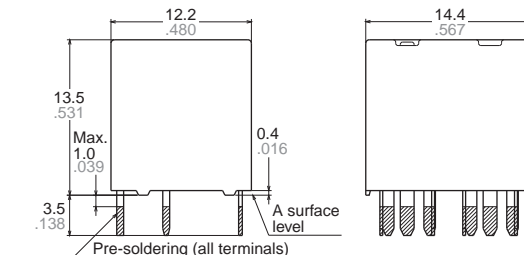
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

3. Twin type (10-pin) Standard type

CAD Data



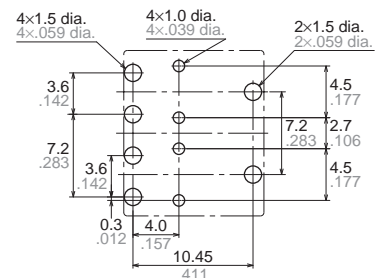
External dimensions



Dimension:
Max. 1mm .039 inch:
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

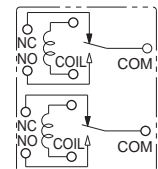
Tolerance
 $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
 $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
 $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



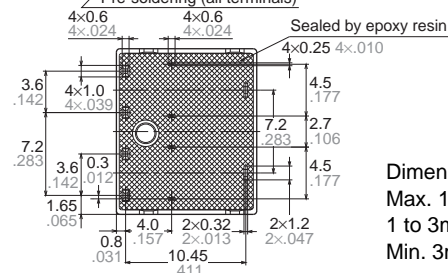
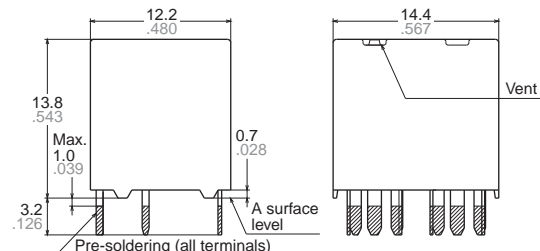
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

4. Twin type (10-pin) Pin in Paste type

CAD Data



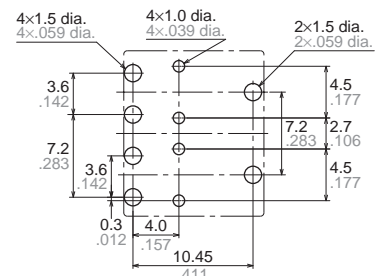
External dimensions



Dimension:
Max. 1mm .039 inch:
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

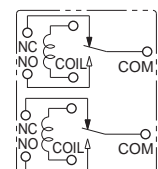
Tolerance
 $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
 $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
 $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

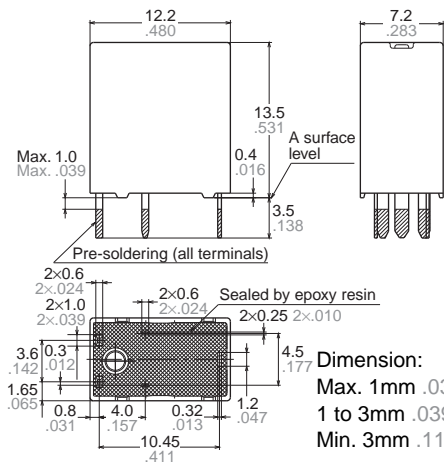
CJ (ACJ)

5. Slim 1 Form C Standard type

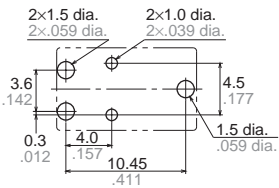
CAD Data



External dimensions

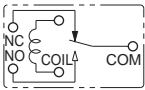


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



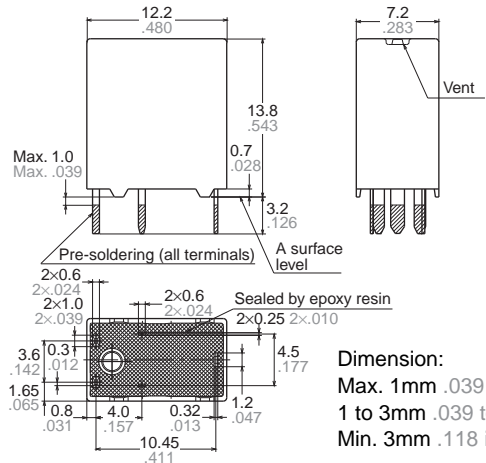
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

6. Slim 1 Form C Pin in Paste type

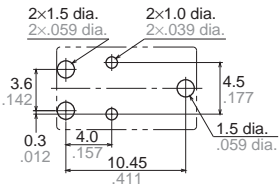
CAD Data



External dimensions

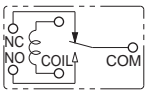


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



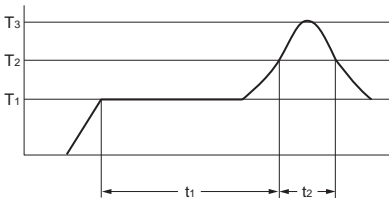
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

Assembly and cleaning conditions for Pin-in-Paste type

1) Example of the recommended conditions for automated assembly is shown below.

• Temperature profile during reflow-soldering (Recommended)



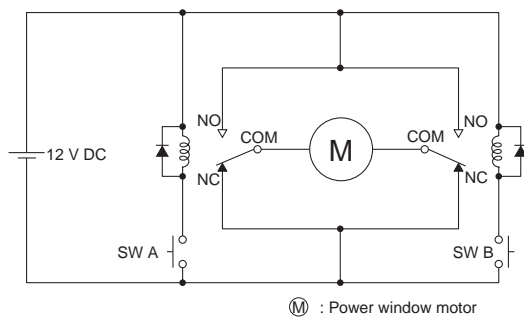
T₁ = 150 to 180°C 302 to 356°F
T₂ = 230°C 446°F or more
T₃ = Less than 260°C 500°F
t₁ = 60 to 120 sec.
t₂ = Less than 40 sec.

• Cautions for mounting
Temperature rise of relay itself may vary according to the mounting level or the heating method of reflow equipment. Therefore, please set the temperature of soldering portion of relay terminal and the top surface of the relay case not to exceed the above mentioned soldering condition. It is recommended to check the temperature rise of each portion under actual mounting condition before use.

2) Cleaning or coating should be avoided. Because "Pin-in-Paste" type is not a sealed type. Also, use caution for avoiding penetration of soldering flux into the interior of the relay.

EXAMPLE OF CIRCUIT

Forward/reverse control circuits of DC motor (for 1 Form C × 2 (8 terminal) type)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Best space savings in its class
- Large capacity switching despite small size. Can replace micro ISO terminal type relays.
- Terminals for PC board pattern designs are easily allocated.
- Sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Head lamp, Fog lamp, Fan motor, EPS, Defogger, Seat heater, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ACNH

Contact arrangement
3: 1 Form A

Pick-up voltage
1: Max. 5.5V DC
2: Max. 6.5V DC

Coil voltage (DC)
12: 12V

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Part No.
1 Form A	12V DC	Max. 6.5 V DC (Initial)	ACNH3212
		Max. 5.5 V DC (Initial)	ACNH3112

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12 V DC	Max. 6.5 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	37.5 mA	320%	450 mW	10 to 16 V DC
	Max. 5.5 V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8 V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225%	640 mW	

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ5mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		30A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current		<450mW> 35A/1 h, 45A/2 min. at 20°C 68°F 30A/1 h, 40A/2 min. at 85°C 185°F 25A/1 h, 35A/2 min. at 110°C 230°F <640mW> 30A/1 h, 40A/2 min. at 20°C 68°F 25A/1 h, 35A/2 min. at 85°C 185°F 20A/1 h, 30A/2 min. at 110°C 230°F
	Continuous carrying current		20A 14V DC (450mW) at 110°C 230°F, 15A 14V DC (640mW) at 110°C 230°F
	Nominal operating power		450 mW (for pick-up voltage max. 6.5 V DC), 640 mW (for pick-up voltage max. 5.5 V DC)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial) (without protective element)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s ² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 1s OFF) <Motor load> Min. 3×10 ⁵ (at inrush 84 A, steady 18 A, 14 V DC operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 5s) <Lamp load> Min. 2×10 ⁵ (at inrush 84 A, steady 12 A, 14 V DC operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Approx. 9 g .32 oz

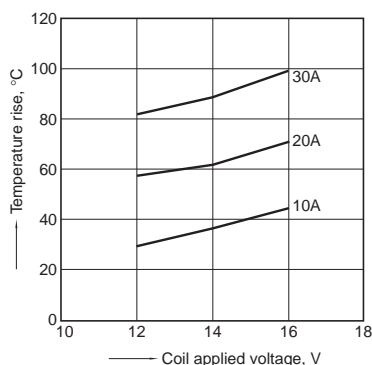
Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

REFERENCE DATA

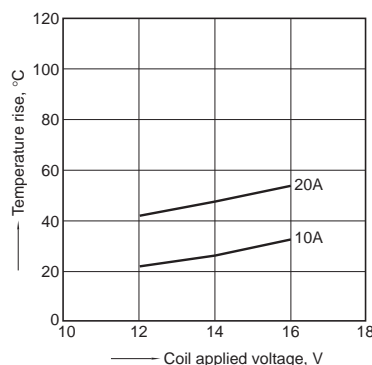
1-(1). Coil temperature rise

Sample: ACNH3212, 3pcs
 Measured portion: Inside the coil
 Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A, 30A
 Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

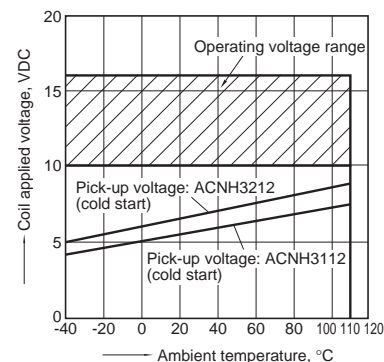


1-(2). Coil temperature rise

Sample: ACNH3212, 3pcs
 Measured portion: Inside the coil
 Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A
 Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F

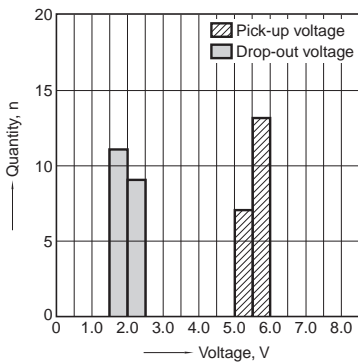


2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

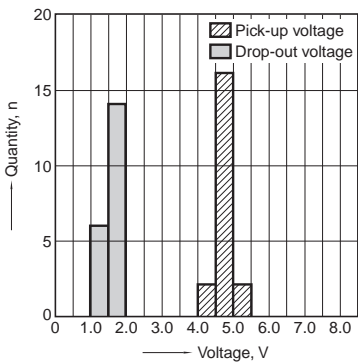


CN-H (ACNH3)

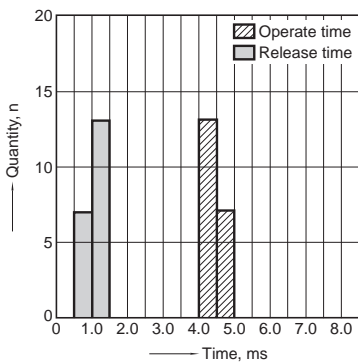
3-(1). Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACNH3212, 20pcs.



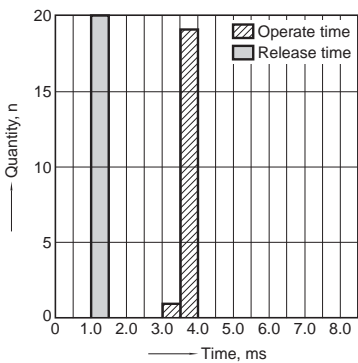
3-(2). Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACNH3112, 20pcs.



4-(1). Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACNH3212, 20pcs.

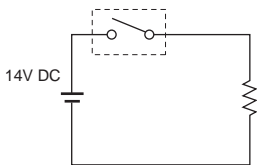


4-(2). Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACNH3112, 20pcs.

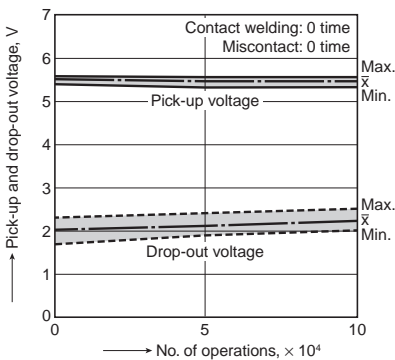


5. Electrical life test (Resistive load)
Sample: ACNH3212, 6pcs.
Load: Resistive load (NO side: 30A 14V DC)
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 1s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

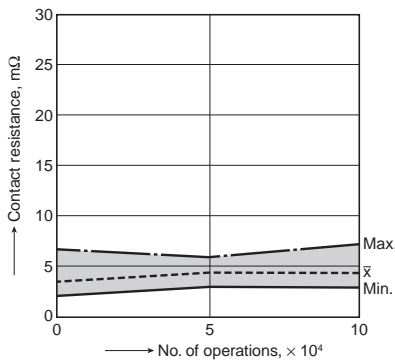
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

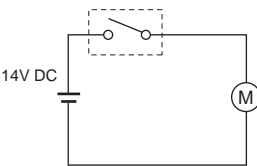


Change of contact resistance

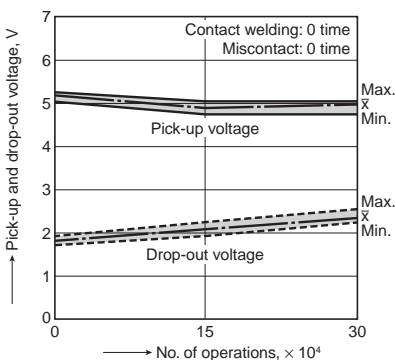


6-(1). Electrical life test (Motor load)
Sample: ACNH3212, 3pcs.
Load: inrush: 84A/steady: 18A, radiator fan actual load (motor free)
Operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 5s
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F

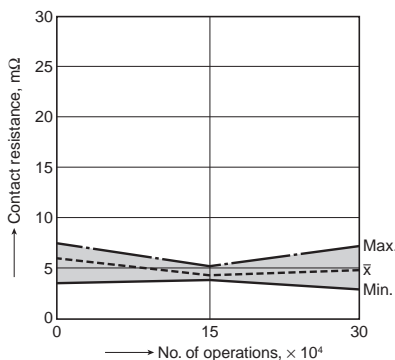
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

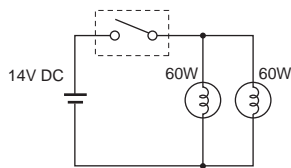


Change of contact resistance

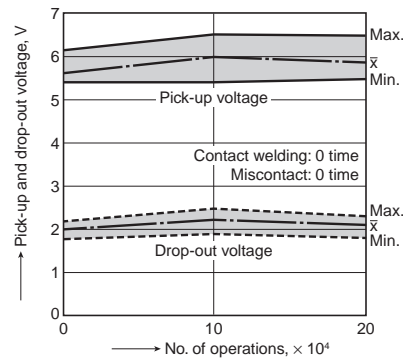


6-(2). Electrical life test (Lamp load)
 Sample: ACNH3212, 6pcs.
 Load: 60W×2, inrush: 84A/steady: 12A
 Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
 Ambient temperature: Room temperature

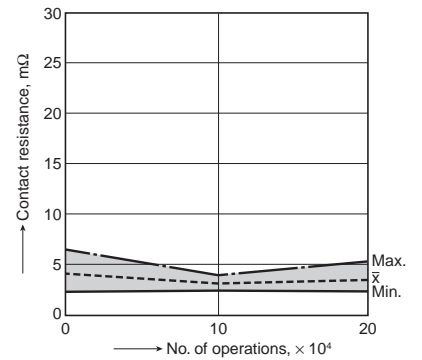
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

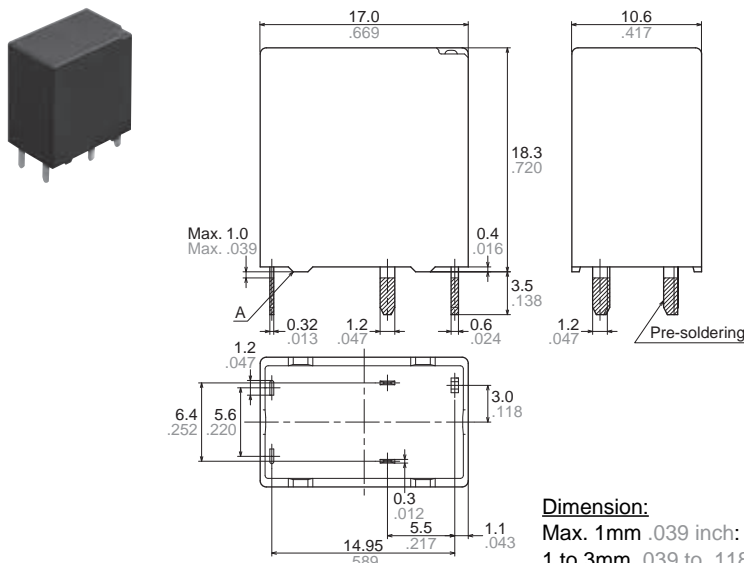


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

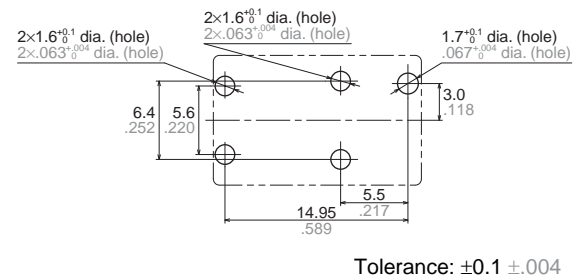
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

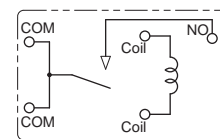
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

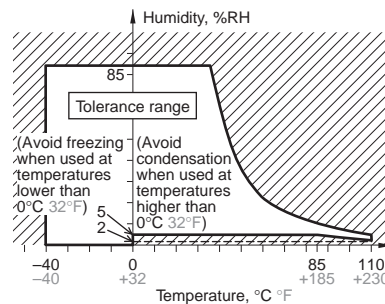
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
 Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

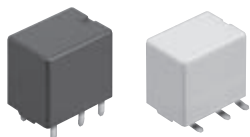
Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
- (1) Temperature:
 -40 to +110°C -40 to +230°F
- (2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH
 (Avoid freezing and condensation.)
- (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
 (Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Best space savings in its class.
- Compact and high-capacity 30A load switching.
- Full line up (High heat-resistant type and SMD type)
- Terminals for PC board pattern designs are easily allocated.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Defogger, Seat heater, Head lamp, Fog lamp, Fan motor, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ACNM

Contact arrangement*1

- 1: 1 Form C
3: 1 Form A
5: 1 Form C high heat-resistant type
7: 1 Form A high heat-resistant type

Pick-up voltage

- 1: Max. 7.2V DC

Coil voltage (DC)

- 12: 12V

Terminal shape

- Nil: PC board terminal
SA: Surface-mount terminal

Packing style*2

- Nil: Tube packing
X: Tape and reel packing
(Reverse NO terminal direction in pull-out direction)
Z: Tape and reel packing
(Normal NO terminal direction in pull-out direction)

Notes: *1. Surface-mount terminal type is available in high heat-resistant type only.

- *2. Tube packing: PC board terminal type only
Tape and reel packing: Surface-mount type only

TYPES

1. PC board terminal type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		Standard type	High heat-resistant type
1 Form A	12V DC	ACNM3112	ACNM7112
1 Form C		ACNM1112	ACNM5112

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 1,500 pcs.

2. Surface-mount terminal type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		High heat-resistant type	
1 Form A	12V DC	ACNM7112SAX	
		ACNM7112SAZ	
1 Form C		ACNM5112SAX	
		ACNM5112SAZ	

Standard packing; Carton (tape and reel): 200 pcs.; Case: 600 pcs.

Notes: *1. Surface-mount terminal type is available in high heat-resistant type only.

*2. An "X" at the end of the part number indicates, for tape and reel packing, reverse NO terminal direction in pull-out direction.

A "Z" at the end of the part number indicates, for tape and reel packing, normal NO terminal direction in pull-out direction.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [$\pm 10\%$] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [$\pm 10\%$] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12 V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225 Ω	640 mW	10 to 16 V DC

2. Specifications

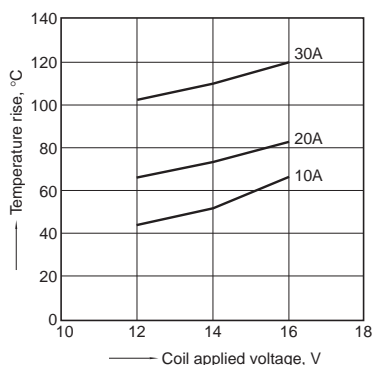
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typical 5mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 30A 14V DC, N.C.: 15A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (at 14V DC)		N.O. 30A/1 h, 40A/2 min. at 20°C 68°F 25A/1 h, 35A/2 min. at 85°C 185°F 20A/1 h, 30A/2 min. at 110°C 230°F (High heat-resistant type) N.C. 25A/1 h, 30A/2 min. at 20°C 68°F 20A/1 h, 25A/2 min. at 85°C 185°F 15A/1 h, 20A/2 min. at 110°C 230°F (High heat-resistant type)
	Nominal operating power		640 mW
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*		1A 12V DC
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC)
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without diode)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s ² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (At nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 2s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 2×10 ⁵ : at 80 A (inrush), 16 A (steady), 14 V DC (Operating frequency: 2s ON, 6s OFF)	
		<Lamp load> Min. 10 ⁵ : at 84 A (inrush), 12 A (steady), 14 V DC (Operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage		Standard type; Ambient temp: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. High heat-resistant type; Ambient temp: −40°C to +110°C −40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Unit weight			Approx. 5.5 g .19 oz

Note: *This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

REFERENCE DATA

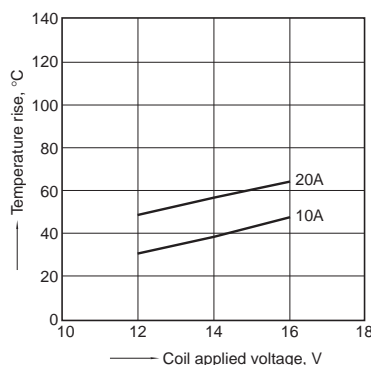
1-(1). Coil temperature rise

Sample: ACNM1112, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A, 30A
Ambient temperature: 26°C 78.8°F

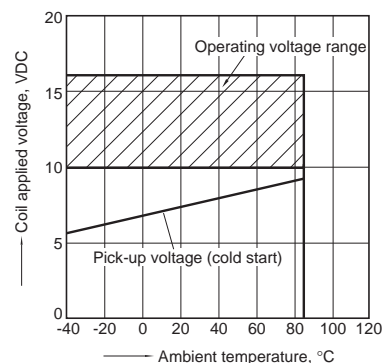


1-(2). Coil temperature rise

Sample: ACNM7112, 3pcs
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F

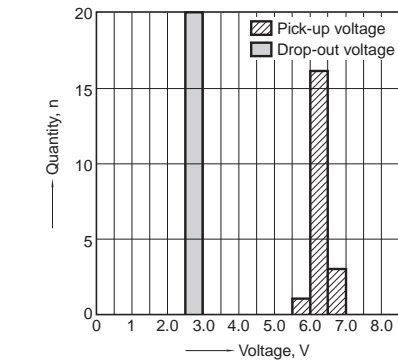


2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

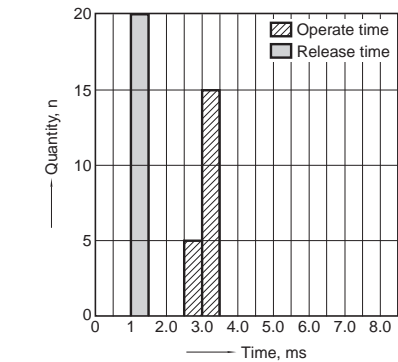


CN-M (ACNM)

3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACNM1112, 20pcs.

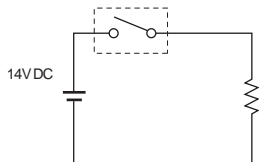


4. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACNM1112, 20pcs.

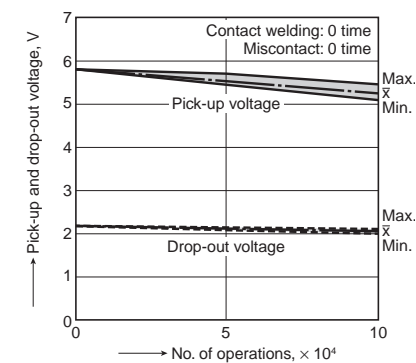


5-(1). Electrical life test (Resistive load)
Sample: ACNM1112, 3pcs.
Load: Resistive load (NO side: 30A 14V DC)
Operating frequency: (ON:OFF = 1s:1s)
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

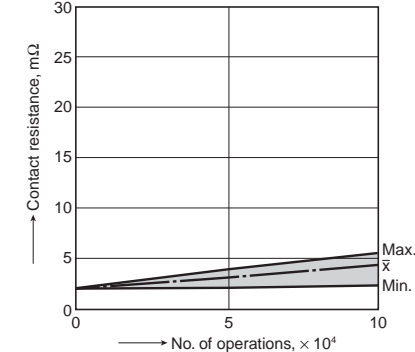
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

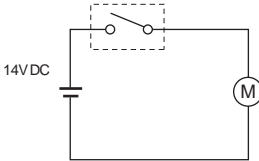


Change of contact resistance

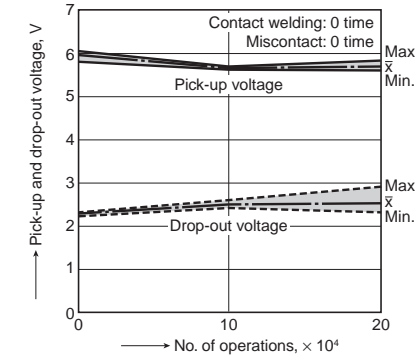


5-(2). Electrical life test (Motor load)
Sample: ACNM7112, 3pcs.
Load: inrush: 80A/steady: 16A, radiator fan actual load (motor free)
Switching frequency: (ON:OFF = 2s:6s)
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F

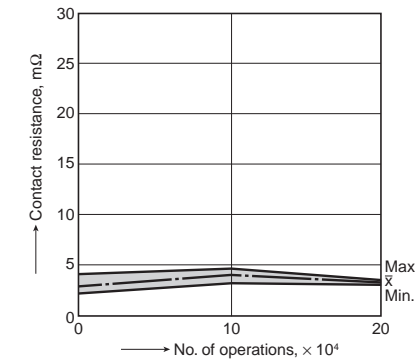
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

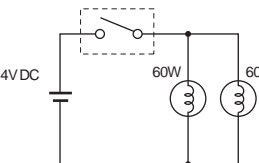


Change of contact resistance

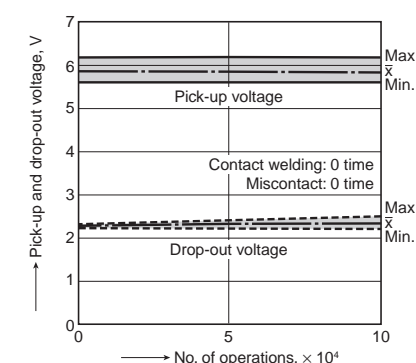


5-(3). Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: ACNM3112, 3pcs.
Load: 84W/steady: 12A
Switching frequency: (ON:OFF = 1s:14s)
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

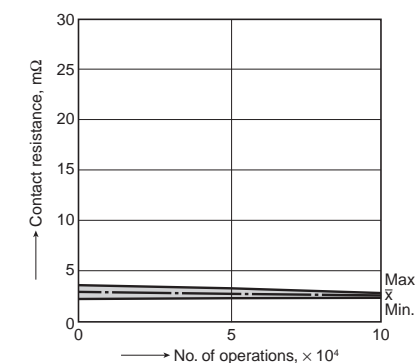
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

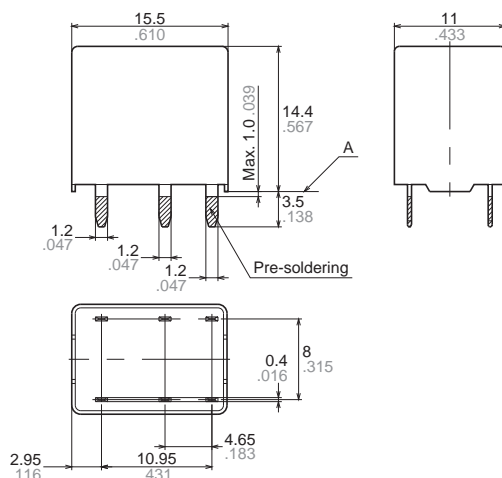
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. PC board terminal type

CAD Data



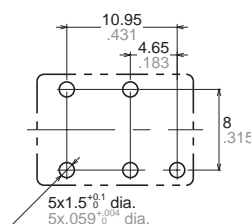
External dimensions



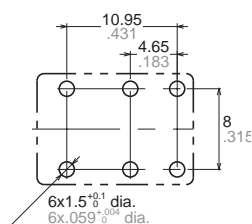
Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A

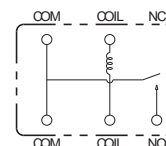


1 Form C

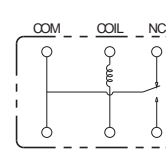


Schematic (Bottom view)

1 Form A



1 Form C



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal specified in this catalog is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

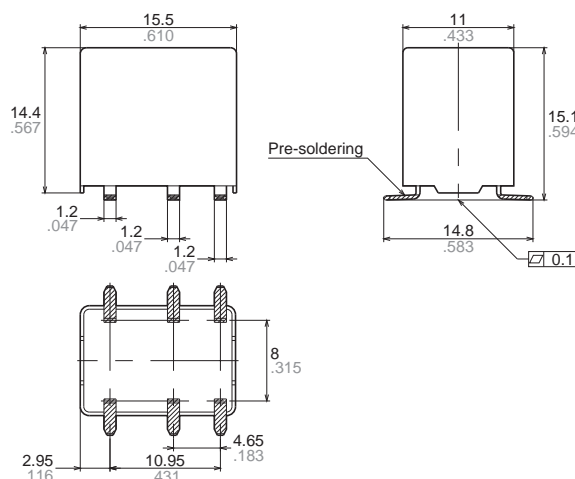
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

2. Surface-mount terminal type

CAD Data



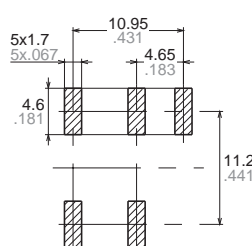
External dimensions



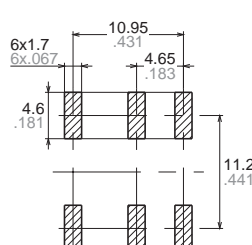
Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Recommended mounting pad (Top view)

1 Form A

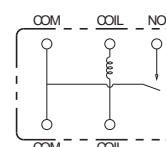


1 Form C

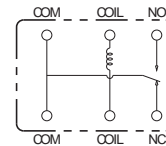


Schematic (Top view)

1 Form A



1 Form C



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

NOTES

1. Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

(1) Temperature:

–40 to +85°C –40 to +185°F

(Standard type)

–40 to +110°C –40 to +230°F

(High heat-resistant type)

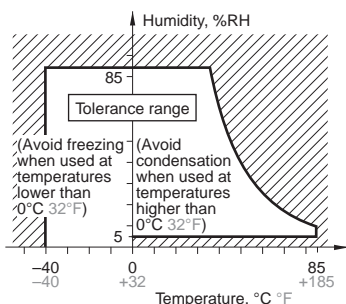
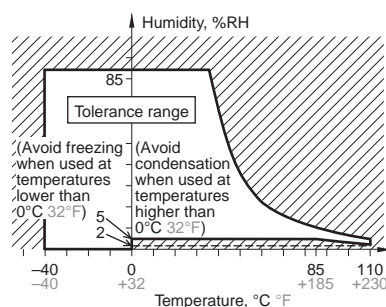
(2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



2. Storage condition after opening a moisture-prevention package

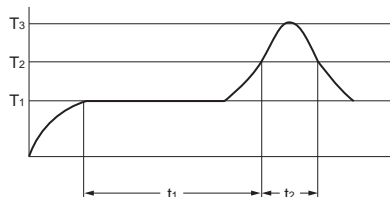
(1) After opening a moisture-prevention package, use the item as soon as possible (within 3 days under an environment of Max. 30°C 86°F, Max. 70% RH).

(2) If products are not used within 3 days after opening a moisture-prevention package, store them in a humidity-controlled desiccator or in a storage bag with silica gel.

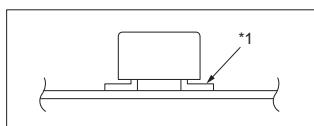
3. Mounting and cleaning conditions for surface-mount terminal type relays

1) Recommended reflow condition is:

• Reflow-soldering temperature profile condition (IRS method)



T₁ = 150 to 180°C 302 to 356°F
 T₂ = 230°C 446°F or more
 T₃ = Less than 250°C 482°F
 t₁ = 60 to 120 sec.
 t₂ = Less than 30 sec.



• Cautions for mounting operations

Temperature profile indicates the temperature of the soldered part (*1) of terminals on the surface of a circuit board. The exterior temperature of a relay may be extremely high depending on the component density on the board or the heating method of the reflow oven or circuit board type. Sufficient verification under actual processing conditions is required.

2) Avoid cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning, boiling cleaning, etc.) and coating in order to prevent negative impacts on relay characteristics.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

• Compact flat type

Flat size enables it to be built-in switch units.

<Height>

PC board terminal type:

9.5 mm .374 inch

Surface-mount terminal type:

10.5mm .413inch

• High capacity

CP Relay provides low profile spacesaving advantages while offering high continuous current of 25A (1 hour).

• Simple footprint pattern enables ease of PC board layout

Arrangement of coil and contact terminals designed to withstand large capacity which ensures leeway and facilitates PC board design.

• Sealed construction

Sealed construction suitable for harsh environments

• “PC board terminal” and “Surface mount terminal” types available

SMD automatic mounting is possible for surface mount terminal types because tape and reel packaging is used.

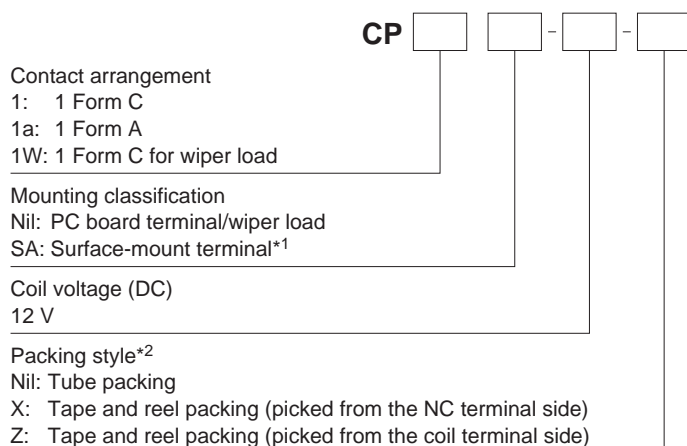
• Model available for wiper load.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

For automotive system

Power windows, Auto door lock, Power sunroof, Memory seat, Wiper, Defogger, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

1. PC board terminal type

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A	12V DC	CP1a-12V
1 Form C		CP1-12V
1 Form C for wiper load		CP1W-12V

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

2. Surface mount terminal type

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form C	12V DC	CP1SA-12V-X
		CP1SA-12V-Z

Standard packing; Carton (tape and reel): 300 pcs.; Case: 900 pcs.

Notes:

*1. Surface-mount terminal type is available only for 1 form C contact arrangement.

*2. Surface mount terminal type is only supplied in tape and reel packaging. Tube packaging is only available for PC board type.

Tape and reel packing symbol “-z” or “-x” are not marked on the relay.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range (at 85°C 185°F)
12V DC	Max. 7.2V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

1) Standard CP relay

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C
	Initial contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ6mΩ, N.C.: Typ8mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		20A 14V DC	N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		N.O.: 40A for 2 minutes, 30A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F) 35A for 2 minutes, 25A for 1 hour (at 85°C 185°F)	
	Nominal operating power		640 mW	
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 12V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection: 10μs)	
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)	
	Electrical*4.		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (At nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load*> Min. 2×10 ⁵ (N.O. side, Inrush 25A, steady 5A at 14V DC) Min. 10 ⁵ (N.O. side, 20A 14V DC at motor lock) Min. 2×10 ⁵ (N.C. side, 20A 14V DC at brake current) (Operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temp: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at rated load)	
Mass			Approx. 4g .14 oz	

Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).
*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.
*4. Motor load does not apply to wiper load applications.

2) For wiper load (CP1W-12V)

Anything outside of that given below complies with standard CP relays.

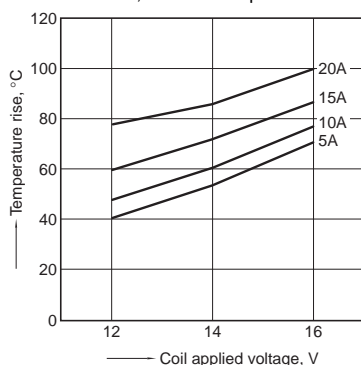
Characteristics	Item	Specifications
Rating	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)	N.O.: 25A for 1 minutes, 15A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F)
Expected life	Electrical	<Wiper motor load (L = Approx. 1mH)> N.O. side: Min. 5×10 ⁵ (Inrush 25A, steady 6A at 14V DC) N.C. side: Min. 5×10 ⁵ (12A 14V DC at brake current) (Operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)

Note:*1. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

REFERENCE DATA

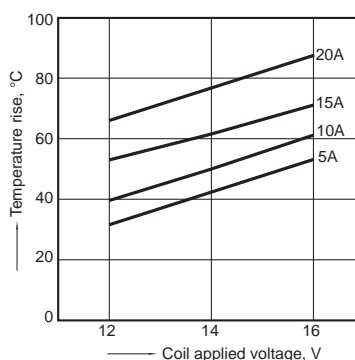
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: CP1-12V, 3pcs
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current, 5A, 10A, 15A, 20A
Resistance method, ambient temperature 26°C 79°F

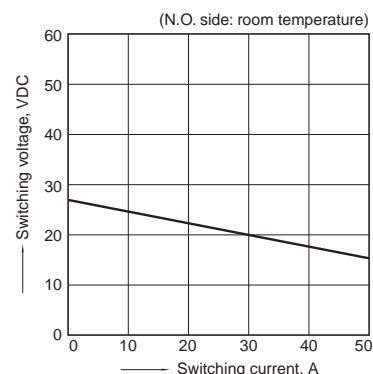


1.-(2) Coil temperature rise

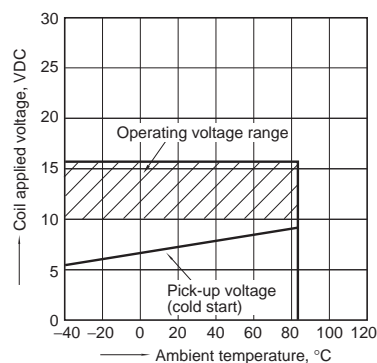
Sample: CP1-12V, 6pcs
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current, 5A, 10A, 15A, 20A
Resistance method, ambient temperature 85°C 185°F



2. Max. switching capability (Resistive load, initial)

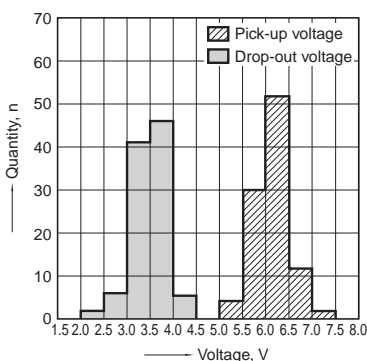


3. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



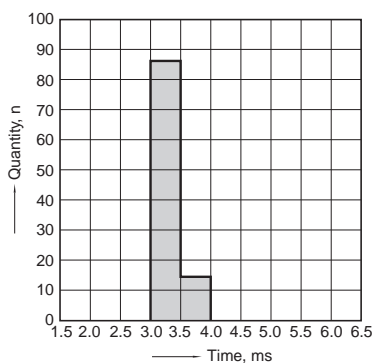
4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: CP1-12V, 100pcs
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



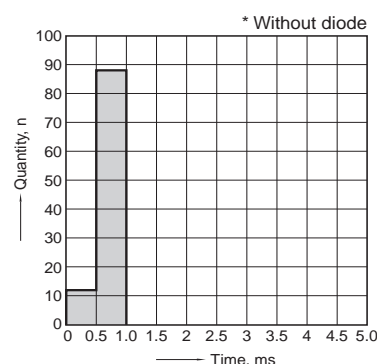
5. Distribution of operate time

Sample: CP1-12V, 100pcs
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



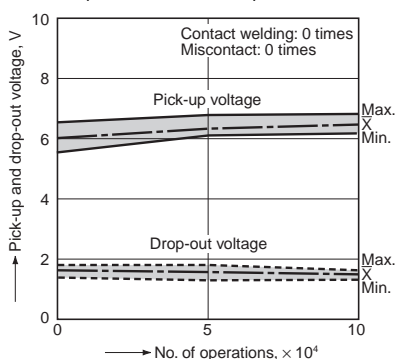
6. Distribution of release time

Sample: CP1-12V, 100pcs
Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F
* Without diode



7.-(1) Electrical life test (at resistive load)

Sample: CP1-12V
Quantity: n = 4 (N.C. = 2, N.O. = 2)
Load: Resistive load (N.C. side: 10A 14V DC, N.O. side: 20A 14V DC)
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 9s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



7.-(2) Electrical life test for wiper load (motor free)

Sample: CP1W-12V

Quantity: n = 5

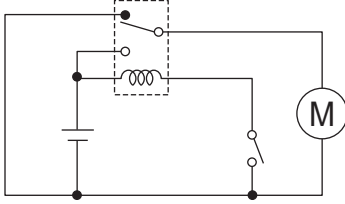
Load: N.O. side: Inrush 25A, steady 6A 14V DC

Load: N.C. side: Brake current 12A 14V DC

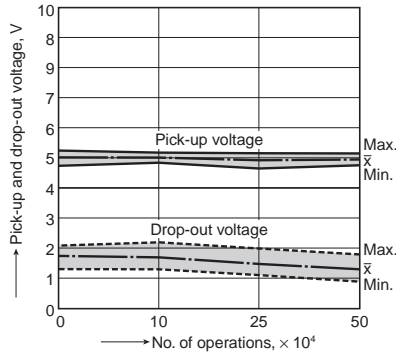
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 9s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

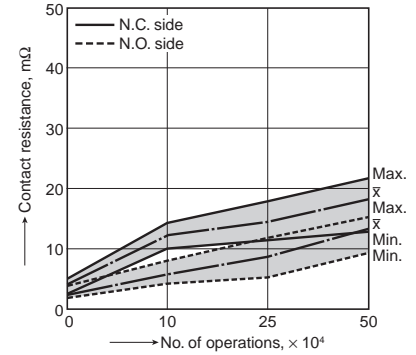
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

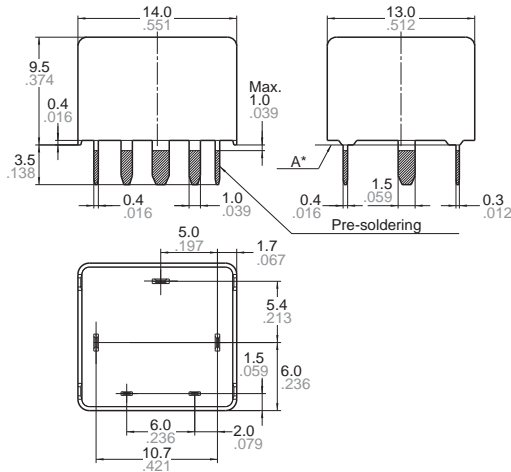
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. PC board terminal type

CAD Data

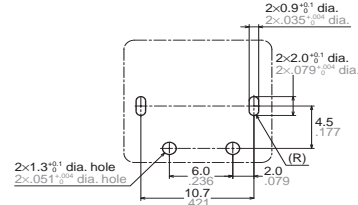


External dimensions

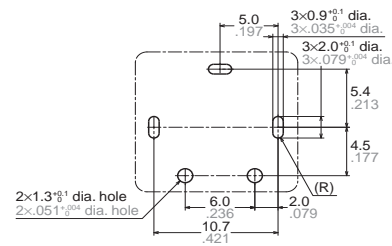


Dimension:	Tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm 0.008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

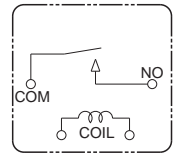
PC board pattern (Bottom view) 1 Form A



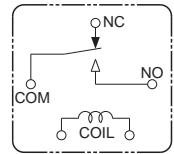
1 Form C



Schematic (Bottom view) 1 Form A



1 Form C



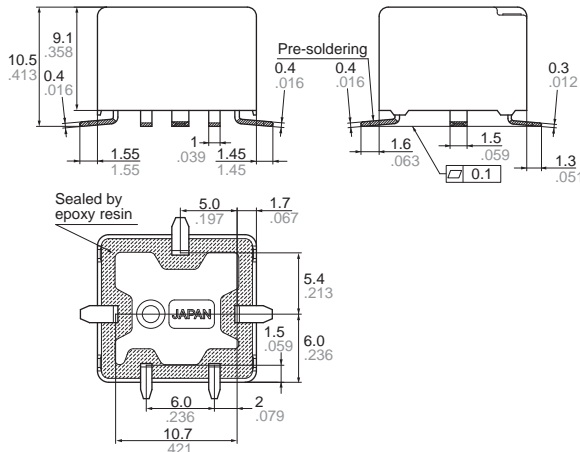
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal specified in this catalog is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

2. Surface mount terminal type

CAD Data

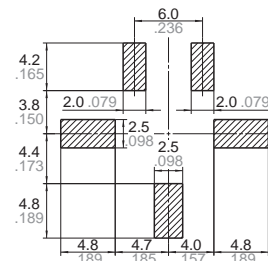


External dimensions

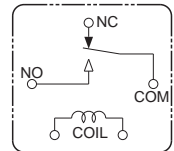


Dimension:	Tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm 0.008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

Recommendable mounting pad (Top view)



Schematic (Top view)

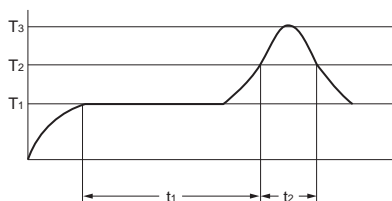


NOTES

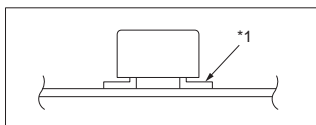
1. Mounting and cleaning conditions for SMT type relays

1) Recommended reflow condition is:

- Reflow-soldering temperature profile condition (IRS method)



T₁ = 150 to 180°C 302 to 356°F
 T₂ = 230°C 446°F or more
 T₃ = Less than 260°C 500°F
 t₁ = 60 to 120 sec.
 t₂ = Less than 40 sec.



• Cautions for mounting operations

Temperature profile indicates the temperature of the soldered part (*1) of terminals on the surface of a circuit board. The exterior temperature of a relay may be extremely high depending on the component density on the board or the heating method of the reflow oven or circuit board type. Sufficient verification under actual processing conditions is required.

2) Avoid cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning, boiling cleaning, etc.) and coating in order to prevent negative impacts on relay characteristics.

2. Storage condition after opening a moisture-prevention package

1) After opening a moisture-prevention package, use the item as soon as possible (within 3 days under an environment of Max. 30°C 86°F, Max. 70% RH).

2) If products are not used within 4 days after opening a moisture-prevention package, store them in a humidity-controlled desiccator or in a storage bag with silica gel.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



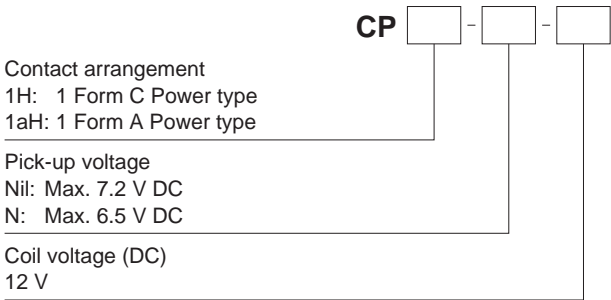
FEATURES

- **Compact flat type**
We successfully developed a high carrying current type that is the same size as our CP relay (14 mm (L) x 13 mm (W) x 9.5 mm (H) .551 inch (L) x .512 inch (W) x .374 inch (H)).
- **35A maximum carrying current**
Current carrying of 35 A/1h and 45 A/2 min. at 20°C (450 W type, 16 V applied) is possible due to use of N.O. double pin terminals and COM terminal width expansion.
- **Supports capacitor loads required for power supply applications**
Inrush current: 60A, steady-state current: 1A and 10⁵ switching times possible.
- **Plastic sealed type**
This plastic sealed type can be automatically cleaned.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

For automotive system
Defoggers, Ignitions, Heaters,
Accessories, Power windows, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Part No.
1 Form C	12 V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	CP1H-12V
1 Form A		Max. 6.5 V DC (Initial)	CP1H-N-12V
		Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	CP1aH-12V
		Max. 6.5 V DC (Initial)	CP1aH-N-12V

Standard packing: Carton (Tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
Note: THD type only

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range (at 85°C 185°F)
12V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	37.5 mA	320Ω	450 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 6.5 V DC (Initial)		53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16V DC

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ 6mΩ, N.C.: Typ 8mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20 A 14V DC, N.C.: 10 A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (16V DC)*3		N.O.: <For 450 mW> 45 A for 2 minutes, 35 A for 1 hour at 20°C 68°F 40 A for 2 minutes, 30 A for 1 hour at 85°C 185°F <For 640 mW> 40 A for 2 minutes, 30 A for 1 hour at 20°C 68°F 35 A for 2 minutes, 25 A for 1 hour at 85°C 185°F
	Nominal operating power		450 mW for pick-up voltage 7.2 V DC, 640 mW for pick-up voltage 6.5 V DC
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 14V DC
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Capacitor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at Inrush 60A, Steady 1A 14 V DC, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Mass			Approx. 4.5 g .16 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

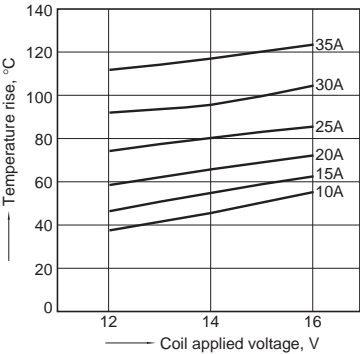
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

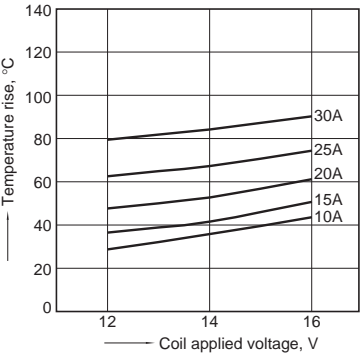
CP POWER

REFERENCE DATA

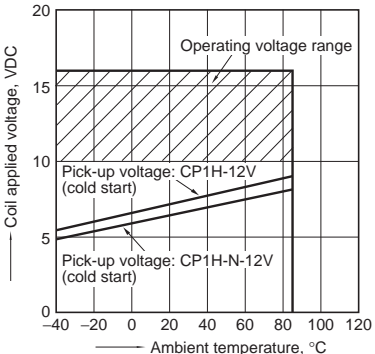
1-(1). Coil temperature rise
Sample : CP1H-12V, 3pcs
Point measured : Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 27°C 81°F



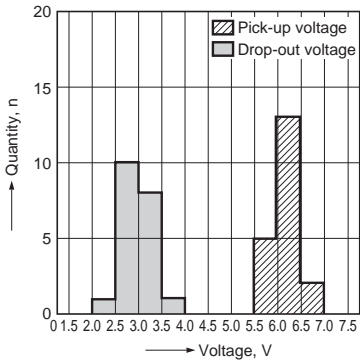
1-(2). Coil temperature rise
Sample : CP1H-12V, 3pcs
Point measured : Inside the coil
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



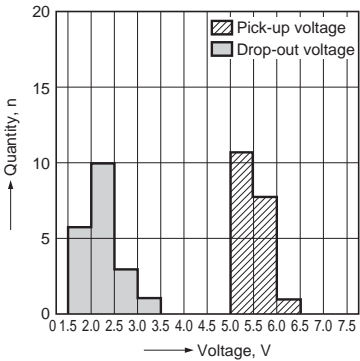
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



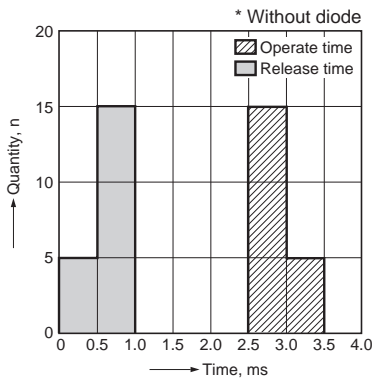
3-(1). Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample : CP1H-12V, 20pcs.



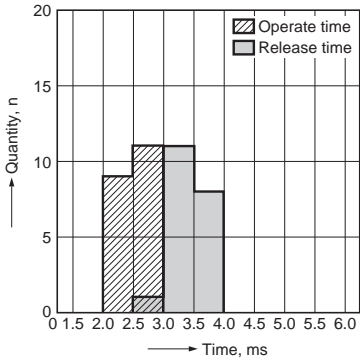
3-(2). Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample : CP1H-N-12V, 20pcs.



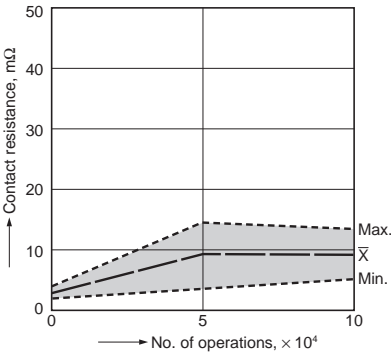
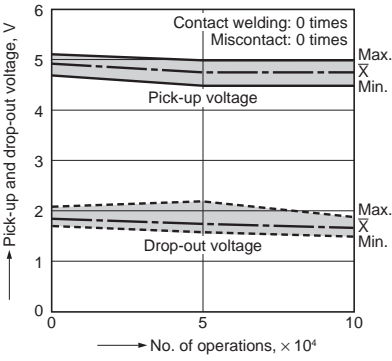
4-(1). Distribution of operate and release time
Sample : CP1H-12V, 20pcs.



4-(2). Distribution of operate and release time
Sample : CP1H-N-12V, 20pcs.

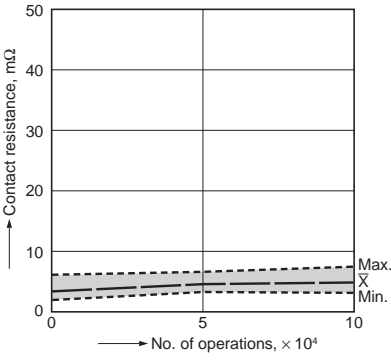
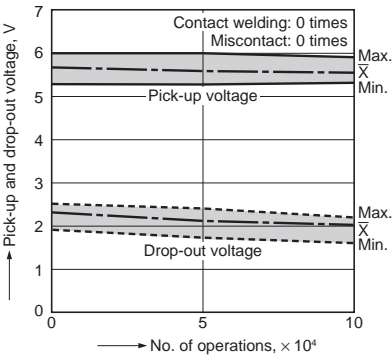
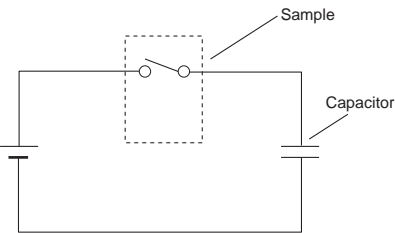


5-(1). Electrical life test (at rated load)
Sample : CP1H-12V
Quantity : n = 6
Load : Resistive load (N.O. side : 20 A 14 V DC)
Operating frequency : ON 1s, OFF 9s
Ambient temperature : Room temperature



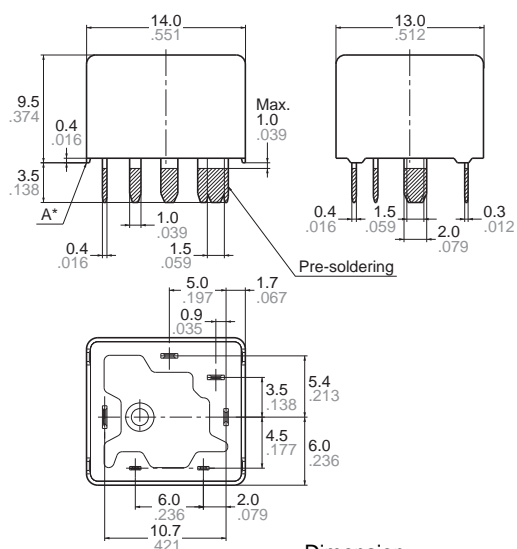
5-(2). Electrical life test (at capacitor load)
Sample : CP1H-12V, 6pcs.
Load : Inrush 60A/steady 1A
Operating frequency : ON 1s, OFF 9s
Ambient temperature : Room temperature

Circuit :



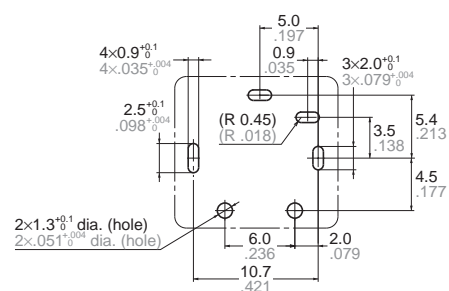
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

External dimensions



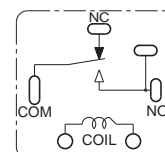
<u>Dimension:</u>	<u>Tolerance</u>
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$+0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Sound pressure reduced by approx. 20 dB from that of the company's non-silent relays
- Space saving
- Adopting standard terminal pitch (for compact relays)
- Plastic sealed type
- Wiper load models are listed

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

For intermittent wipers and applications requiring quiet operation

ORDERING INFORMATION

CQ -

Contact arrangement

1: 1 Form C

W1: 1 Form C for wiper load

Coil voltage (DC)

12 V

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Model No.	Part No.
1 Form C	12V DC	ACQ131	CQ1-12V
1 Form C for wiper load		ACQW131	CQ1W-12V

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 800 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 7.2V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

1) Standard CQ relay

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ 7mΩ, N.C.: Typ 8mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact voltage drop		Max. 0.2V (at 10 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		N.O.: 35A for 2 minutes, 25A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F) 30A for 2 minutes, 20A for 1 hour (at 85°C 185°F)
	Nominal operating power		640 mW
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical*4		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> Min. 3×10 ⁵ (Inrush 30A, steady 5A, 20A 14V DC at brake current) (Operating frequency: 1s ON, 2s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Mass			Approx. 6.5g .23 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

*4. Motor load does not apply to wiper load applications.

2) For wiper load (ACQW131)

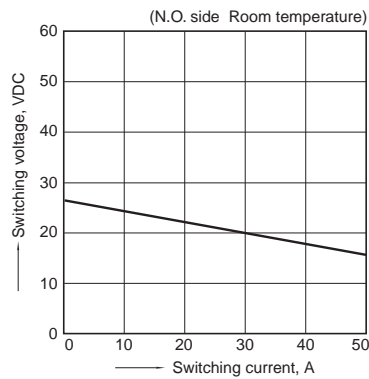
Anything outside of that given below complies with standard CQ relays.

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Rating	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*1		N.O.: 25A for 1 minutes, 15A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F)
Expected life	Electrical	<Wiper motor load (L = Approx. 1mH)> N.O. side: Min. 5×10 ⁵ (Inrush 25A, steady 6A 14V DC) N.C. side: Min. 5×10 ⁵ (12A 14V DC at brake current) (Operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)	

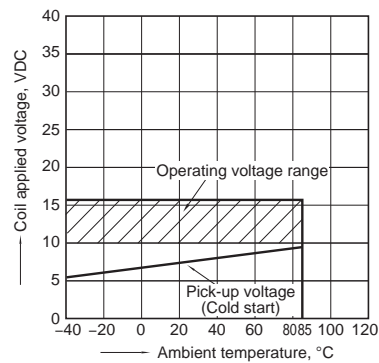
Note: *1. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

REFERENCE DATA

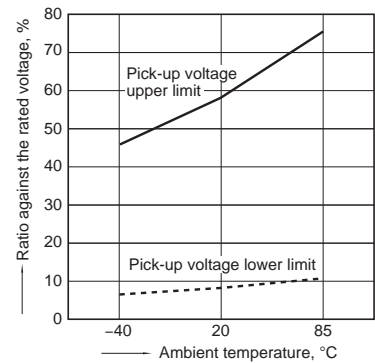
1. Max. switching capability (Resistive load, initial)



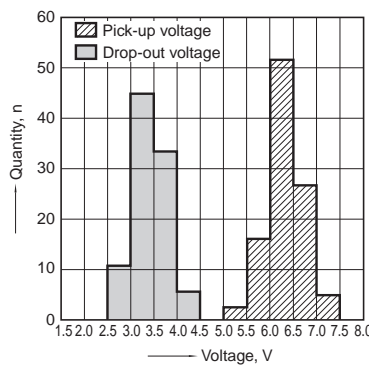
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



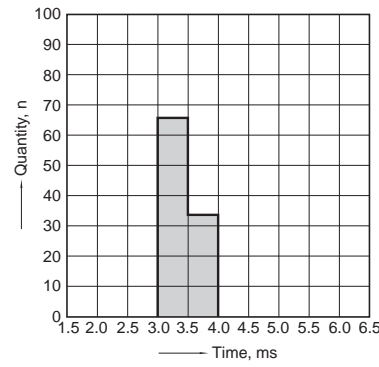
3. Ambient temperature characteristics



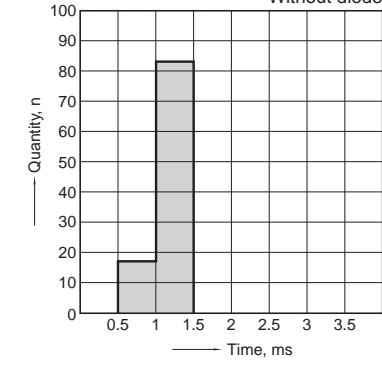
4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACQ131, 100pcs



5. Distribution of operate time
Sample: ACQ131, 100pcs

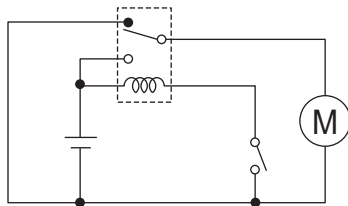


6. Distribution of release time
Sample: ACQ131, 100pcs

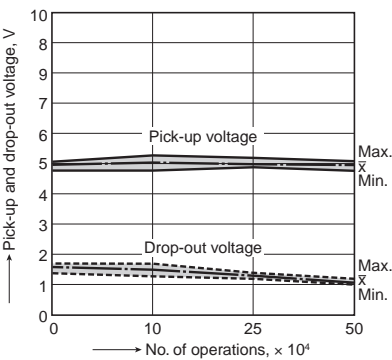


7. Electrical life test for wiper load (motor free)

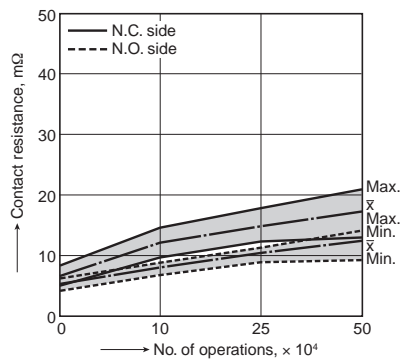
Sample: ACQW131
Quantity: n = 3
Load: N.O. side: Inrush 25A, steady 6A 14V DC
N.C. side: Brake current 12A 14V DC
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 9s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit



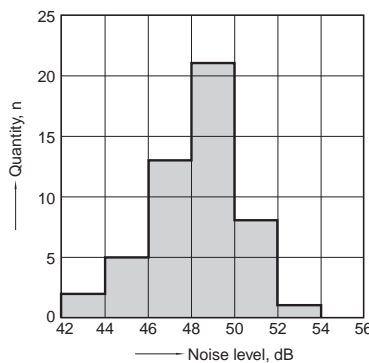
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



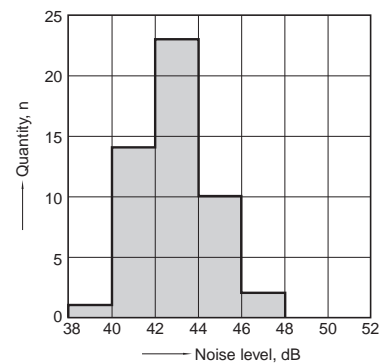
Change of contact resistance



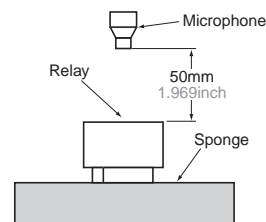
8.-(1) Operation noise distribution
When operating

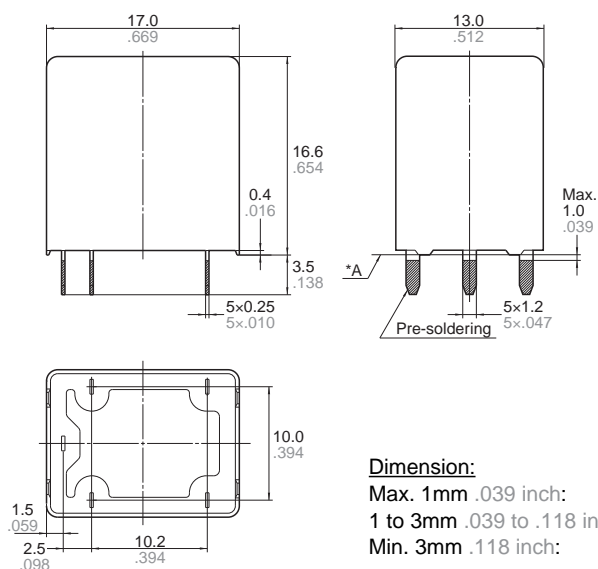
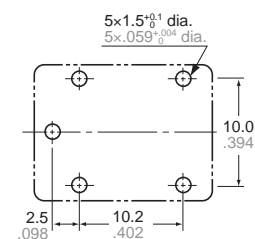
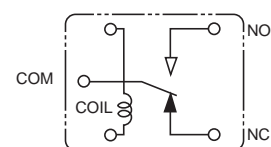


8.-(2) Operation noise distribution
When released



Measuring conditions
Sample: ACQ131, 50 pcs.
Equipment setting: "A" weighted, Fast, Max. hold
Coil voltage: 12V DC
Coil connection device: Diode
Background noise: Approx. 20dB



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.**CAD Data****External dimensions****PC board pattern (Bottom view)**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Schematic (Bottom view)**

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
 Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



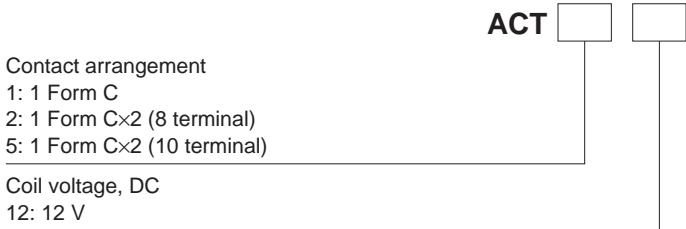
FEATURES

- Terminal layout for simplifying PC board pattern design
- Capable of 25A high-capacity load switching with compact size
- Plastic sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power windows
- Auto door lock
- Power sunroof
- Electrically powered mirrors
- Powered seats
- Lift gates
- Slide door closers, etc. (for DC motor forward/reverse control circuits)

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form C	12 V DC	ACT112
1 Form C × 2 (8 terminals type)		ACT212
1 Form C × 2 (10 terminals type)		ACT512

Standard packing; 1 Form C: Carton (tube) 30pcs. Case 1,500pcs.
1 Form C × 2: Carton (tube) 30pcs. Case 900pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	66.7 mA	180Ω	800 mW	10 to 16V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C × 2, 1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ 7mΩ, N.C.: Typ 10mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20 A 14V DC, N.C.: 10 A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (14V DC)*3		N.O.: 25 A for 1 hour, 35 A for 2 minutes at 20°C 68°F 20 A for 1 hour, 30 A for 2 minutes at 85°C 185°F
	Nominal operating power		800 mW
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
	Expected life	Mechanical	
Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> N.O. side: Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at Inrush 25A, Steady 5A 14 V DC), Min. 10 ⁵ (at 25A 14 V DC motor lock condition) N.C. side: Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at brake current 20A 14 V DC) (operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Mass			Twin type: approx. 8 g .28 oz, 1 Form C type: approx. 4 g .14 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

* If the relay is used continuously for long periods of time with coils on both sides in an energized condition, breakdown might occur due to abnormal heating depending on the carrying condition. Therefore, please inquire when using with a circuit that causes an energized condition on both sides simultaneously.

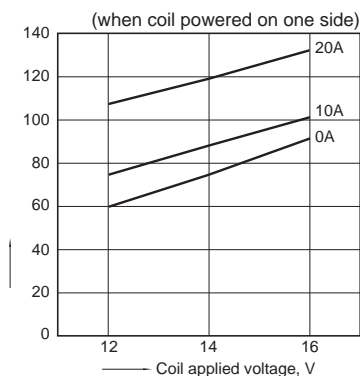
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACT212, 3pcs.

Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

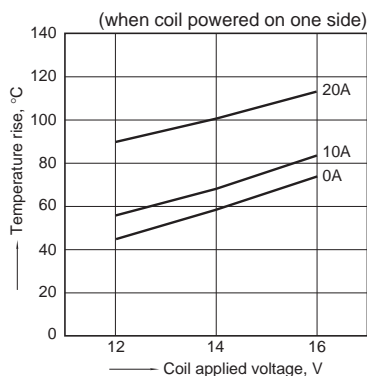


1-(2). Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

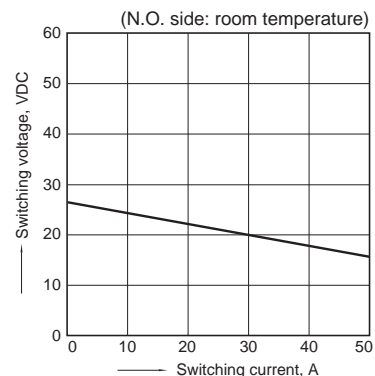
Sample: ACT212, 3pcs.

Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A

Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

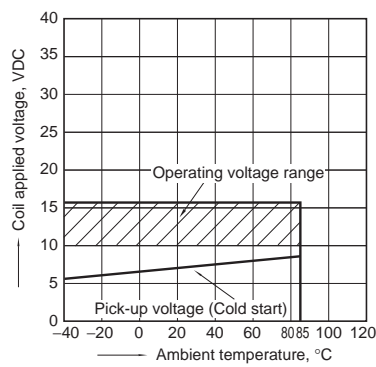


2. Max. switching capability (Resistive load, initial)



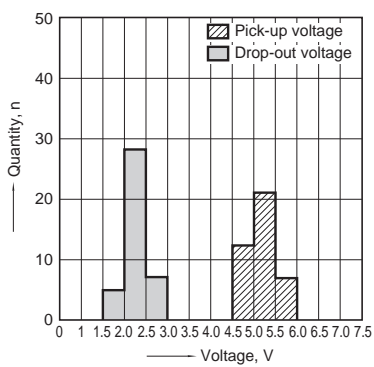
CT (ACT)

3. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



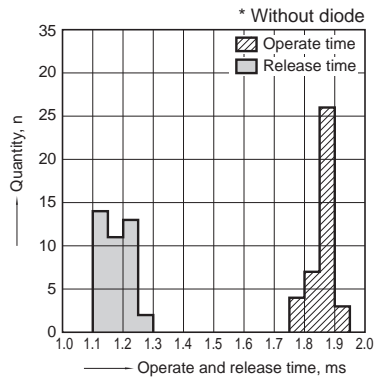
4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACT212, 40pcs.



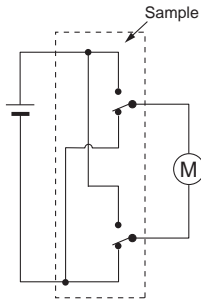
5. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACT212, 40pcs.

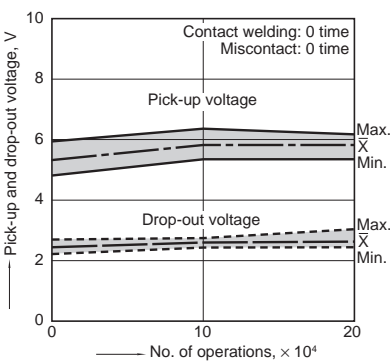


6-(1). Electrical life test (Motor free)

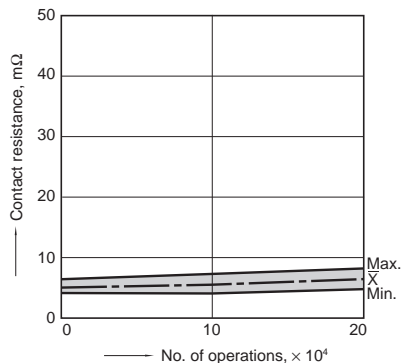
Sample: ACT212, 3pcs.
Load: Inrush 25A, steady 5A
Brake current: 13A 14V DC,
Power window motor actual load (free condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

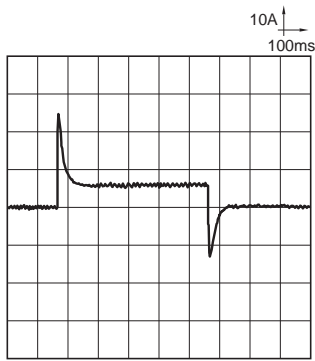


Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform

Inrush current: 25A, Steady current: 6A
Brake current: 13A



6-(2). Electrical life test (Motor lock)

Sample: ACT212, 3pcs.

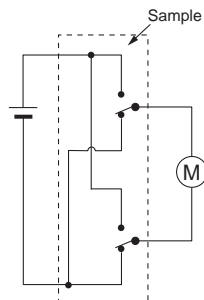
Load: 25A 14V DC

Power window motor actual load (lock condition)

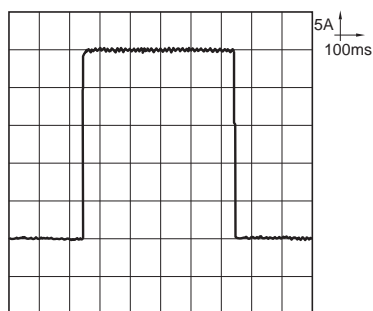
Switching frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

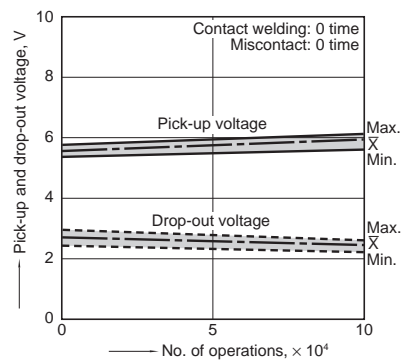
Circuit:



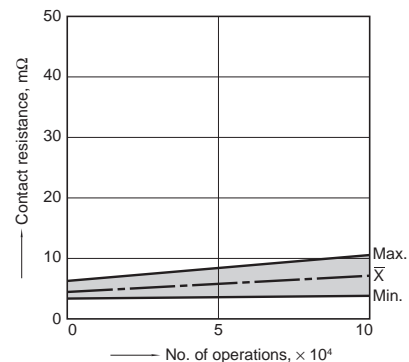
Load current waveform



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



6-(3). Electrical life test (Motor lock)

Sample: ACT212, 3pcs.

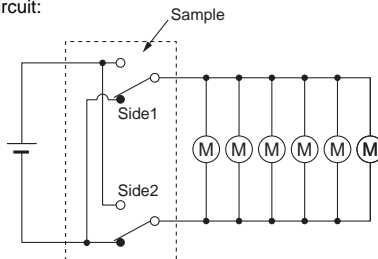
Load: 20A 14V DC

door lock motor actual load (Lock condition)

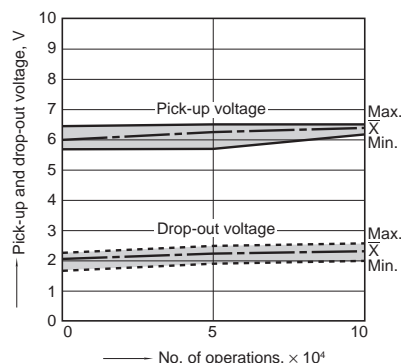
Switching frequency: ON 0.3s, OFF 19.7s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

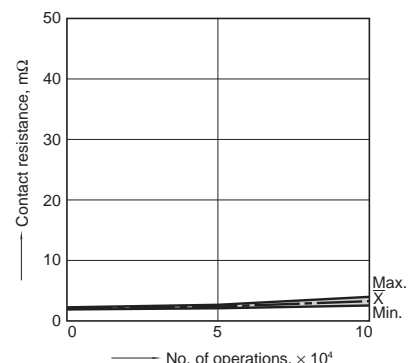
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

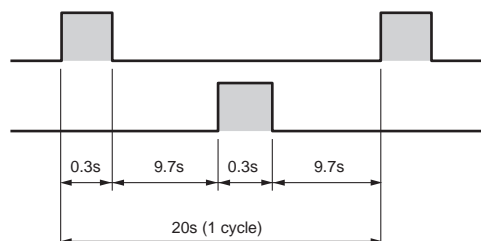


Change of contact resistance

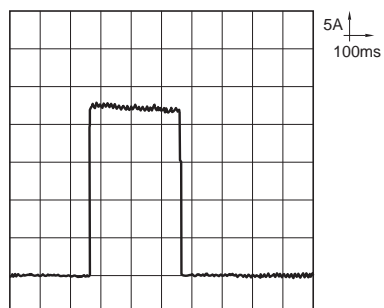


Relay 1

Relay 2



Load current waveform



CT (ACT)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

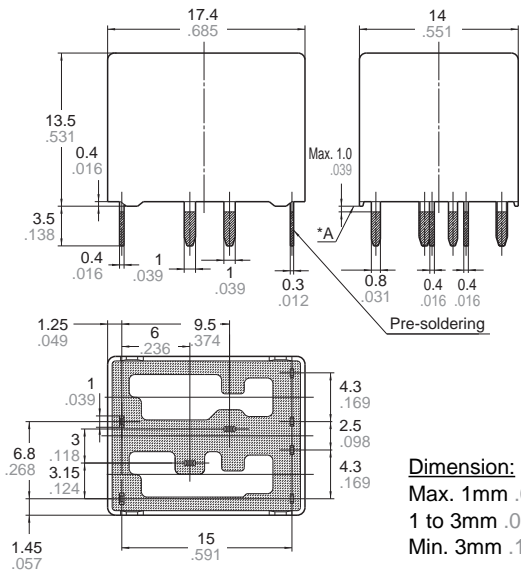
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Twin type (8 terminals)

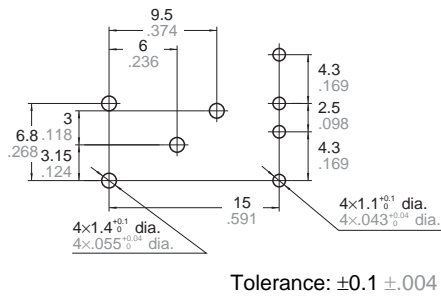
CAD Data



External dimensions

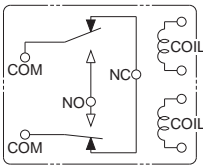


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



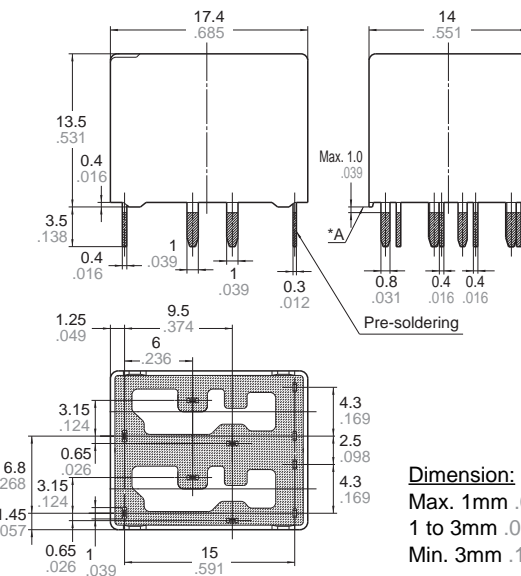
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

2. Twin type (10 terminals)

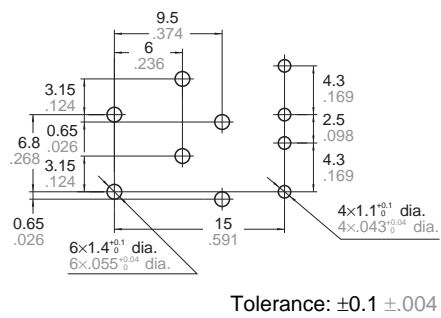
CAD Data



External dimensions

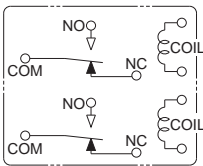


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



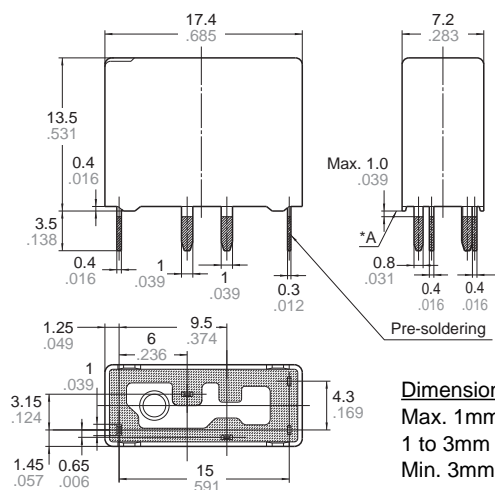
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

3. Slim 1c type

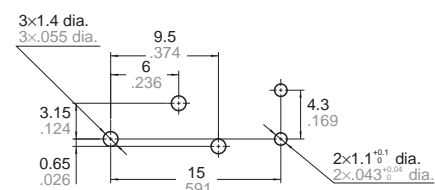
CAD Data



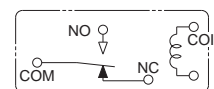
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

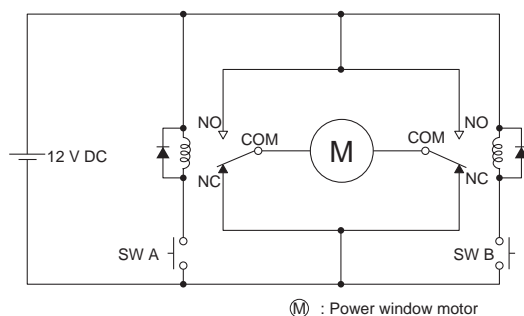
Schematic (Bottom view)



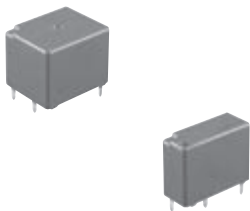
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

EXAMPLE OF CIRCUIT

Forward/reverse control circuits of DC motor for power windows



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



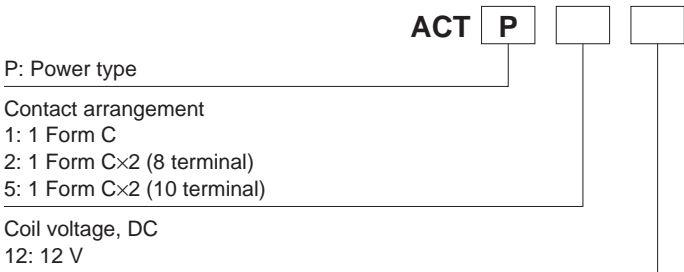
FEATURES

- Maximum carrying current of 35A made possible through using the same size as the company's CT relays
- Plastic sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power windows
- Auto door lock
- Power sunroof
- Powered seats
- Slide door closers, etc. (for DC motor forward/reverse control circuits)

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form C	12 V DC	ACTP112
1 Form C × 2 (8 terminals type)		ACTP212
1 Form C × 2 (10 terminals type)		ACTP512

Standard packing; 1 Form C: Carton (tube) 30pcs. Case 1,500pcs.; 1 Form C × 2: Carton (tube) 30pcs. Case 900pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	83.3 mA	144Ω	1,000 mW	10 to 16V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C × 2, 1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ 7mΩ, N.C.: Typ 10mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 30 A 14V DC, N.C.: 10 A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (14V DC)*3		N.O.: 40 A for 2 minutes, 25 A for 1 hour at 20°C 68°F, 35 A for 2 minutes, 20 A for 1 hour at 85°C 185°F
	Nominal operating power		1,000 mW
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 5 × 10 ⁴ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> N.O. side: Min. 10 ⁵ (at Inrush 30A, Steady 7A 14 V DC), Min. 5 × 10 ⁴ (at 30A 14 V DC motor lock condition) N.C. side: Min. 10 ⁵ (at brake current 15A 14 V DC) (operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)
Mass			Twin type: approx. 8 g .28 oz, 1 Form C type: approx. 4 g .14 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

* If the relay is used continuously for long periods of time with coils on both sides in an energized condition, breakdown might occur due to abnormal heating depending on the carrying condition. Therefore, please inquire when using with a circuit that causes an energized condition on both sides simultaneously.

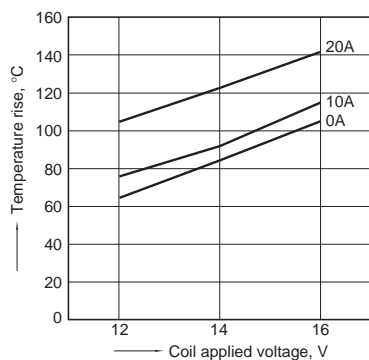
REFERENCE DATA

1-(1). Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACTP212, 3pcs.

Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

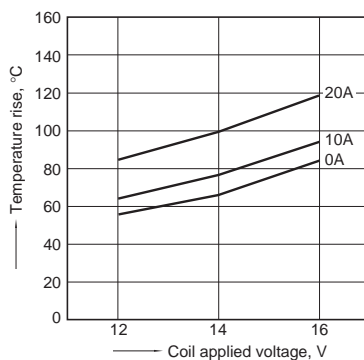


1-(2). Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

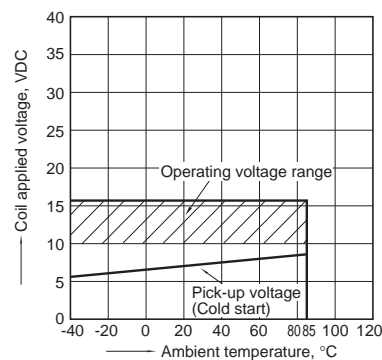
Sample: ACTP212, 3pcs.

Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A

Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

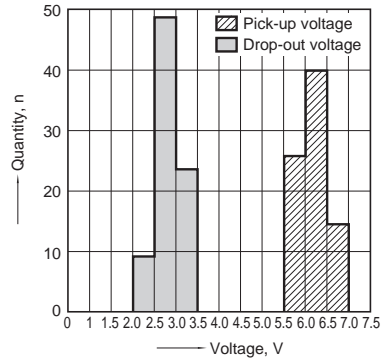


2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

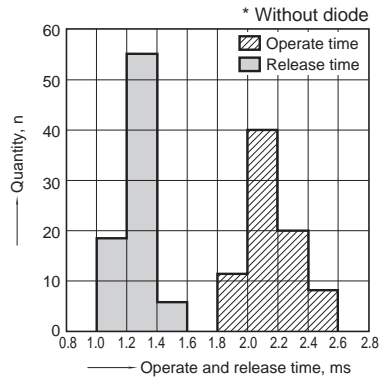


CT (ACTP)

3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACTP212, 80pcs.

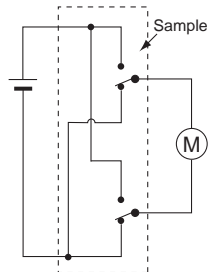


4. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACTP212, 80pcs.

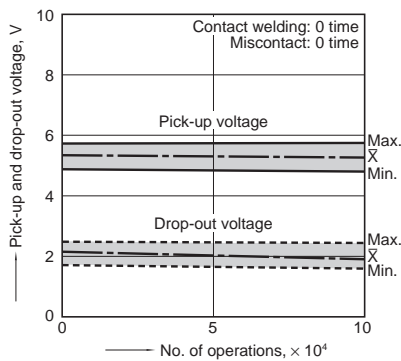


5. Electrical life test (Motor free)

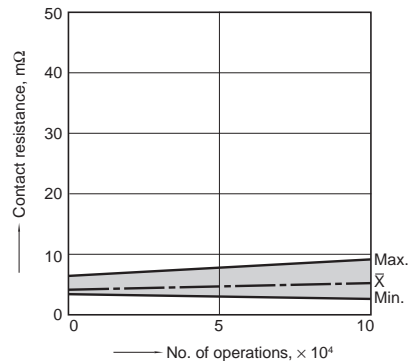
Sample: ACTP212, 3pcs.
Load: Inrush 30A, Steady 7A
Brake current: 15A 14V DC,
Power window motor actual load
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

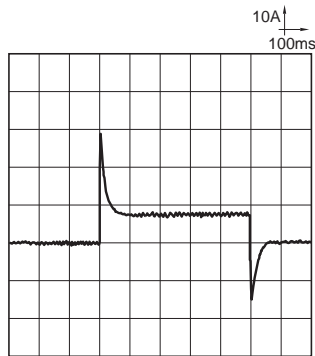


Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform

Inrush current: 30A, Steady current: 7A
Brake current: 15A



6. Electrical life test (Motor lock)

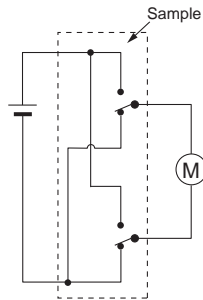
Sample: ACTP212, 3pcs.

Load: 30A 14V DC

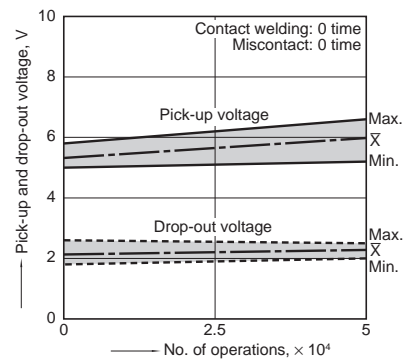
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

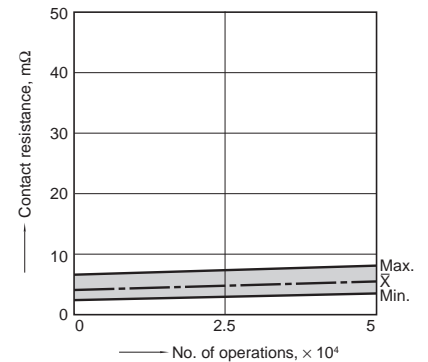
Circuit:



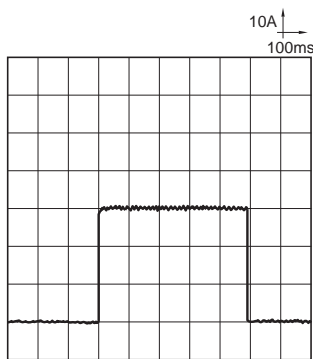
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform



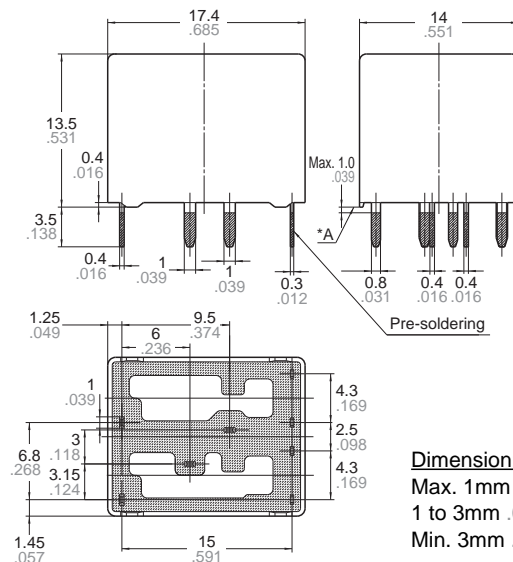
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. Twin type (8 terminals)

CAD Data



External dimensions



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

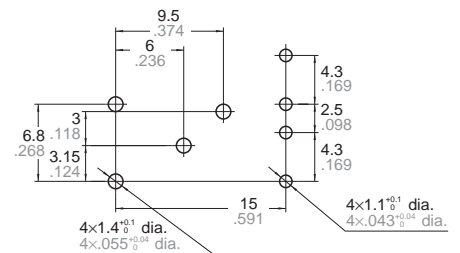
Tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

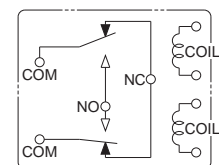
$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

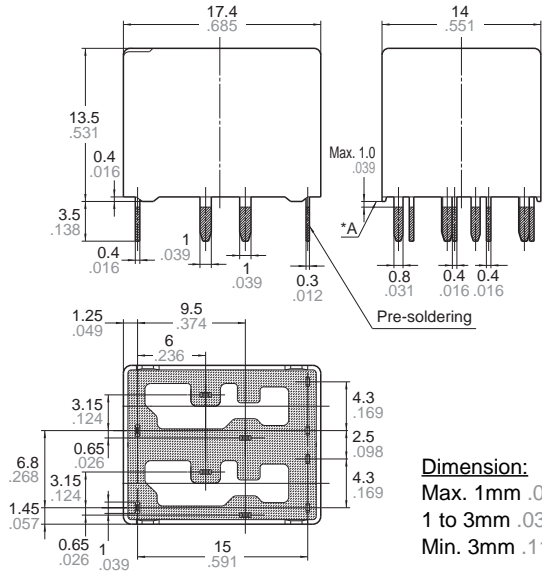
CT (ACTP)

2. Twin type (10 terminals)

CAD Data



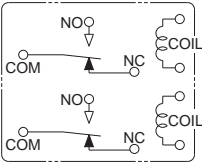
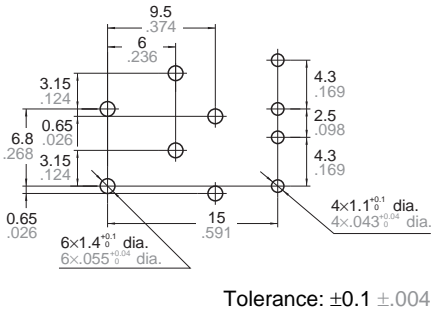
External dimensions



Dimension:	Tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

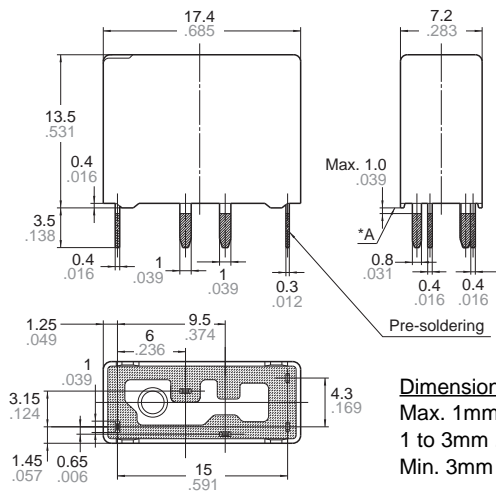
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



3. Single type (1 Form C)

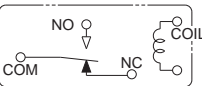
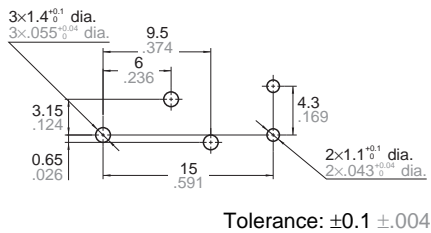
External dimensions



Dimension:	Tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- **Compact size**
- **Perfect for automobile electrical systems**
Over 2×10^5 openings possible with a 14 V DC motor load, an inrush current of 25 A, and steady state current of 5 A. (N.O. side)
- **Standard terminal pitch employed**
The terminal array used is identical to that used in small automotive relays.
- **Plastic sealed type.**
Plastically sealed for automatic cleaning.
- **Line-up of 1 Form A and 1 Form C**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power windows
- Auto door lock
- Electrically powered sun roof
- Electrically powered mirror
- Cornering lamp, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A	12 V DC	JJM1a-12V
1 Form C	12 V DC	JJM1-12V

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

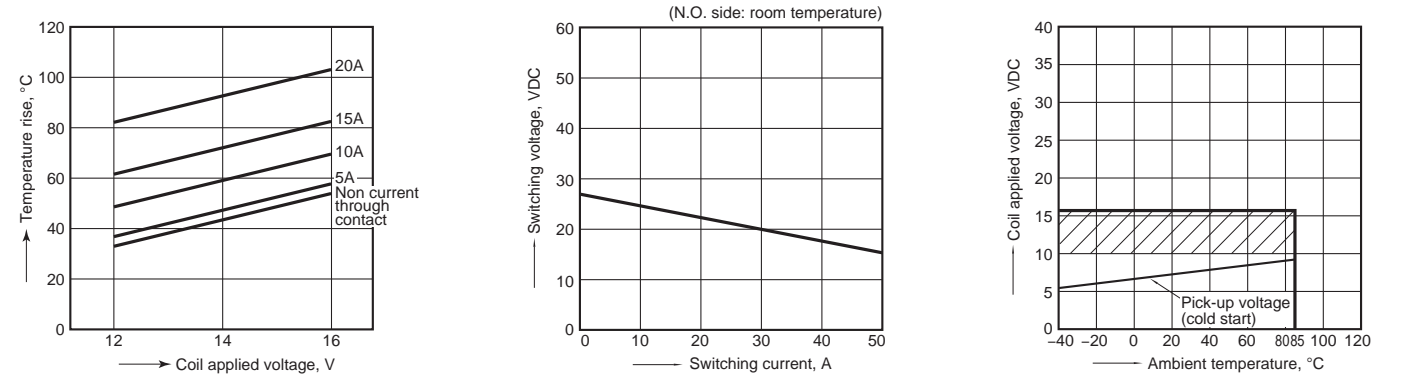
2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ 5mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)	
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		20 A 14V DC	N.O.: 20 A 14V DC N.C.: 10 A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC)*3		N.O.: 35 A (at 20°C 68°F for 2 minutes), 25 A (at 20°C 68°F for 1 hour), 30 A (at 85°C 185°F for 2 minutes), 20 A (at 85°C 185°F for 1 hour)	
	Nominal operating power		640 mW	
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 12V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Break down voltage” section)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)	
	Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity) (operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at Inrush 25A, Steady 5A 14 V DC) Min. 5 × 10 ⁴ (at 20A 14 V DC motor lock) (operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF)	<Resistive load> N.O.: Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity) N.C.: Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity) (operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF) <Motor load> N.O.: Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at Inrush 25A, Steady 5A 14 V DC), Min. 5 × 10 ⁴ (at 20A 14 V DC motor lock) N.C.: Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at 20A 14 V DC brake current) (operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed		6 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Mass			Approx. 5g .176 oz	

Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).
*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

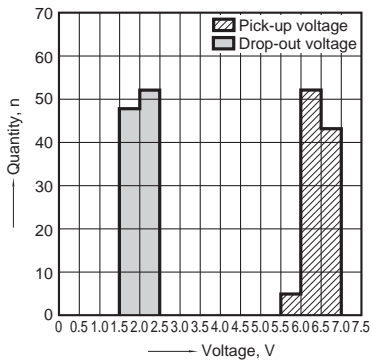
REFERENCE DATA

1. Coil temperature rise
Sample: JJM1-12V, 6pcs
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact current: Non current through contact, 5A, 10A, 15A, 20A
Resistance method, ambient temperature 85°C 185°F
2. Max. switching capability
(Resistive load, initial)
3. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



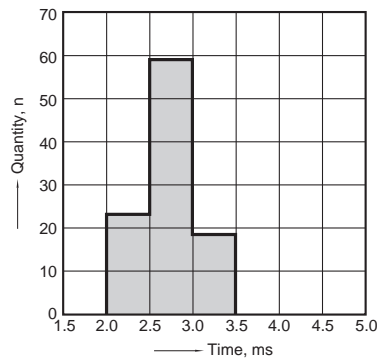
4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: JJM1-12V, 100pcs



5. Distribution of operate time

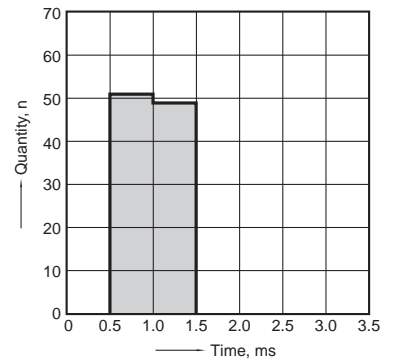
Sample: JJM1-12V, 100pcs



6. Distribution of release time

Sample: JJM1-12V, 100pcs

* Without diode



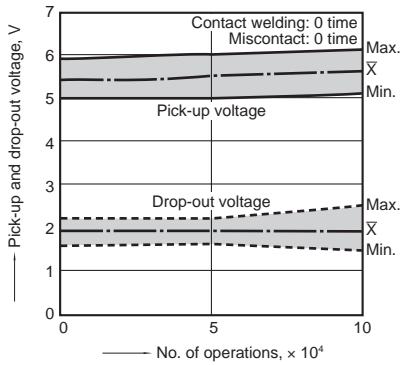
7-(1). Electrical life test (at resistive load)

Sample: JJM1-12V

Quantity: n = 6 (NC = 3, NO = 3)

Load: Resistive load (NC side: 10A 14 V DC, NO side: 20 A 14 V DC); Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 9s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature



7-(2). Electrical life test (Motor free)

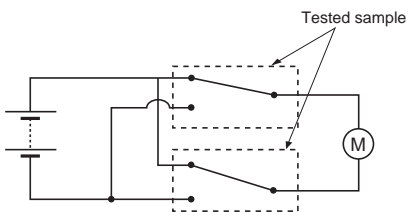
Sample: JJM1-12V, 6pcs.

Load: Inrush 25A, Steady 5A, Brake current 18A 14V DC, Power window motor load (Free condition).

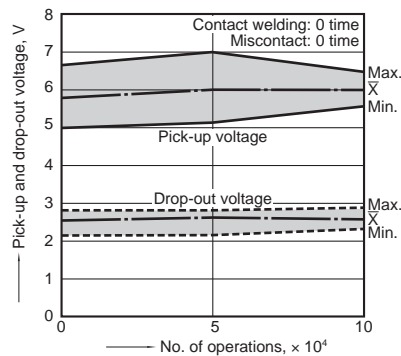
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

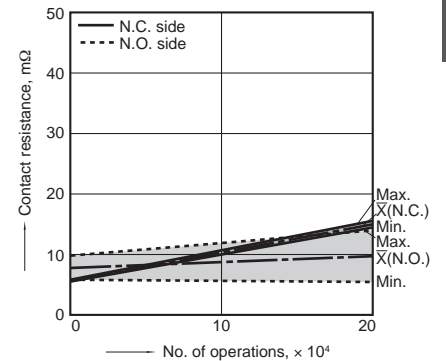
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



7-(3). Electrical life test (Motor lock)

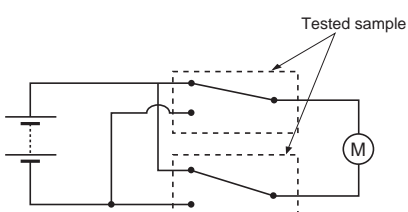
Sample: JJM1-12V, 6pcs.

Load: 20A, 14VDC, Power window motor actual load (lock condition).

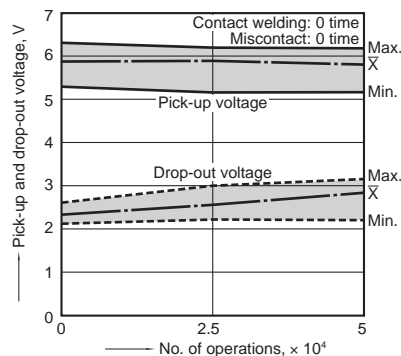
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 5s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

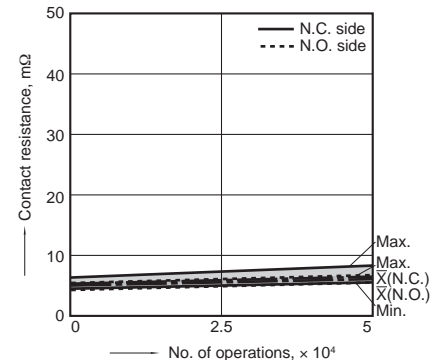
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

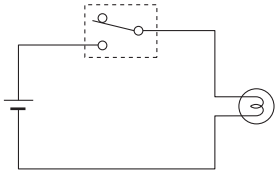


Change of contact resistance

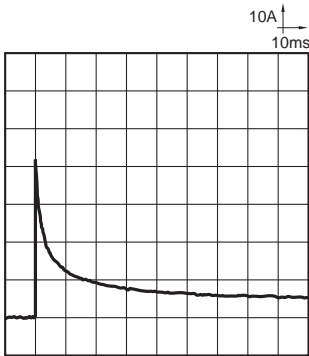


7-(4). Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: JJM1-12V, 6pcs.
Load: 27W+21W, steady min. 4A, Lamp actual load
Operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 13s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

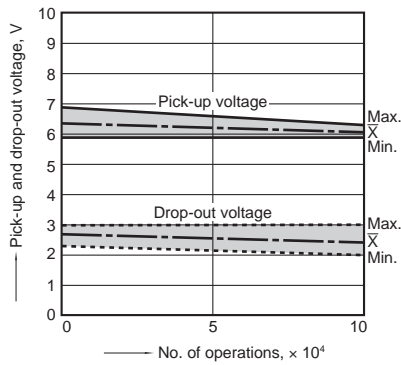
Circuit:



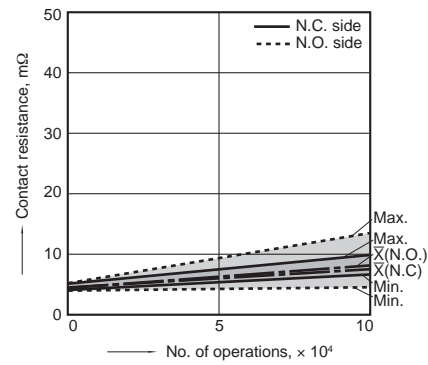
Load current waveform
Inrush current: 42A, Steady current: 4.4A



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



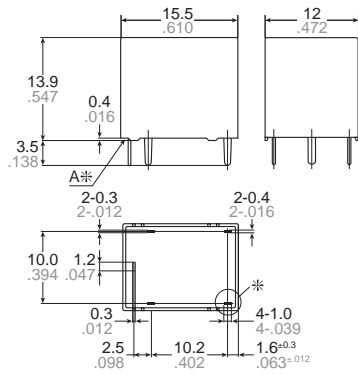
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

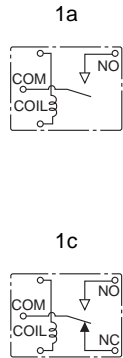
CAD Data



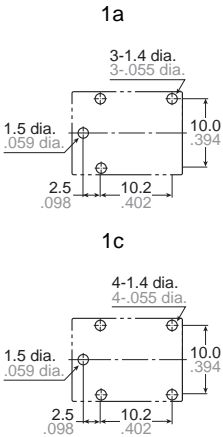
External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Note: * Marked terminal is only for 1 Form C type

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

• Small size

The smallest double make type relay
12.0(W)×15.5(L)×13.9(H) mm
.472(W)×.610(L)×.547(H) inch

• Pattern design simplification

Simplified pattern design is possible
because, while double make construction
is employed, the external COM terminal
is single.

• Standard terminal pitch employed

The terminal array used is identical to
that used in JJM relays(1c type).

• Plastic sealed type

Plastically sealed for automotive
cleaning.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Car alarm system flashing lamp etc.

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
Double make contact	12 V DC	AJJM831

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 6.9 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0V DC (Initial)	83.3 mA	144Ω	1,000 mW	10 to 16V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		Double make contact
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ 10mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (lamp load)		12A 14V DC (at 2 × 6A)
	Max. carrying current (12V DC)*3		2 × 6 A at 20°C 68°F, 2 × 4 A at 85°C 185°F
	Nominal operating power		1,000 mW
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 12V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical		<Lamp load> Min. 10 ⁵ [21W × 6 lamps (2 × 3 lamps) at 14 V DC, operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF]
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86k Pa to 106k Pa
Mass			Approx. 5g .176 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

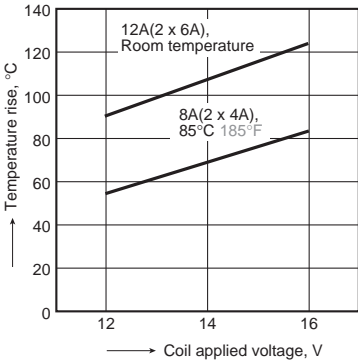
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

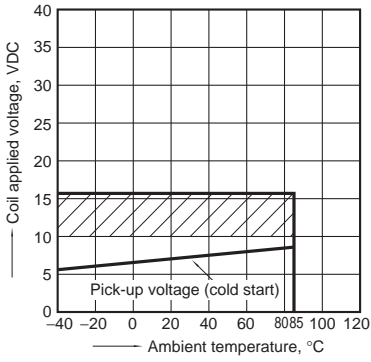
REFERENCE DATA

1. Coil temperature rise

Sample: AJJM831, 6pcs.
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 2 × 6A, 2 × 4A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature, 85°C
185°F

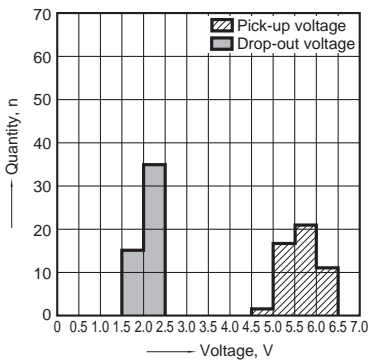


2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



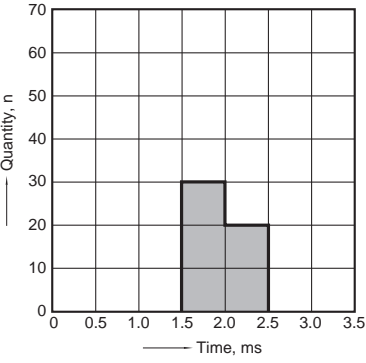
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: AJJM831, 50pcs.



4. Distribution of operate time

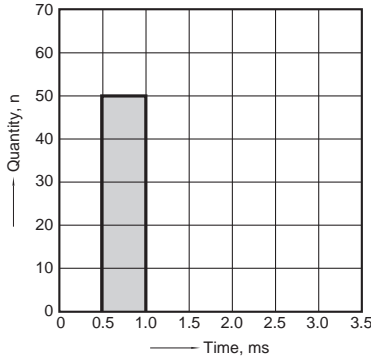
Sample: AJJM831, 50pcs.



5. Distribution of release time

Sample: AJJM831, 50pcs.

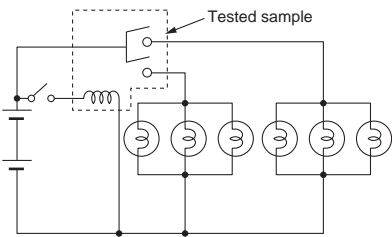
* Without diode



6. Electrical life test (Lamp load)

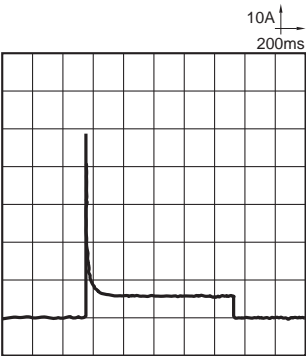
Sample: AJJM831, 6pcs.
Load: 6 × 21W, inrush 48A, steady 5.5A
Operating frequency: (ON 1s, OFF 14s)
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

Circuit:

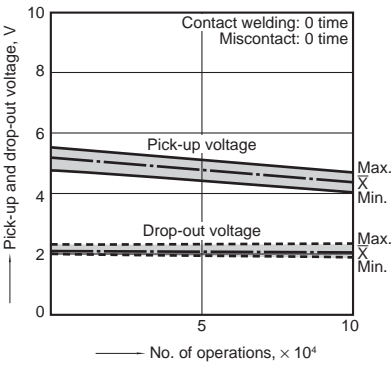


Load current waveform

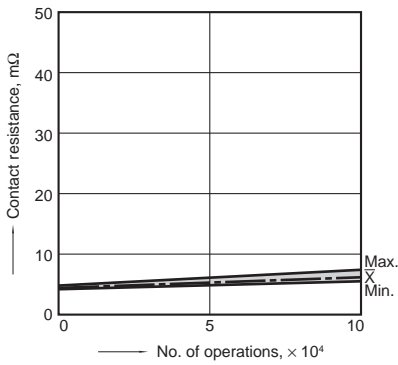
Current value per contact on one side
Inrush current: 48A, Steady current: 5.5A



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



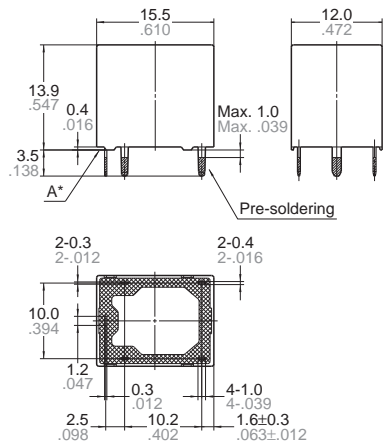
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

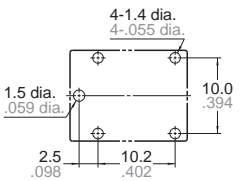
CAD Data



External dimensions

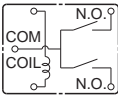


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

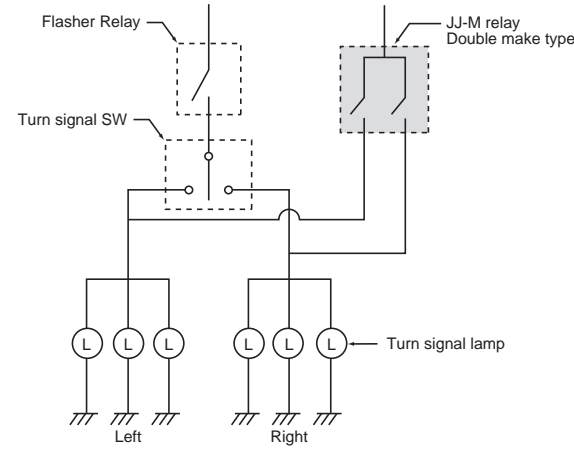


Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm 0.008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

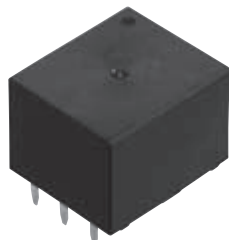
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal in this catalog is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

EXAMPLE OF CIRCUIT

Control circuit for turn signal lights (security system)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Designed for silence when mounted on PC board
- Flat type
- Sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Intermittent wiper, Cruise control, Power windows, Auto door lock, Power supply of car stereo and car air-conditioner, Electrically powered seats, Electrically powered sunroof, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ACTA



Contact arrangement

2: 1 Form C

Coil resistance

2: 160Ω

3: 225Ω

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Coil resistance	Part No.
1 Form C	12V DC	160Ω	ACTA22
		225Ω	ACTA23

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 25 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 6.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	75 mA	160Ω	900 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 7.7V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ5mΩ, N.C.: Typ6mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		25A for 3 minutes (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		900 mW (Pick-up voltage 6.5V DC type)
			640 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.7V DC type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical*4	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (25 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Approx. 8 g .28 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

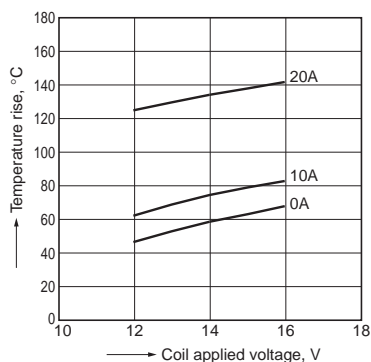
*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

*4. Do not use for lamp loads, electric discharge lamp loads, any other lamp loads and capacitor loads. Please contact us for details.

REFERENCE DATA

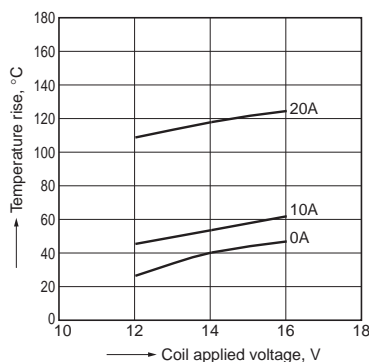
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACTA23, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



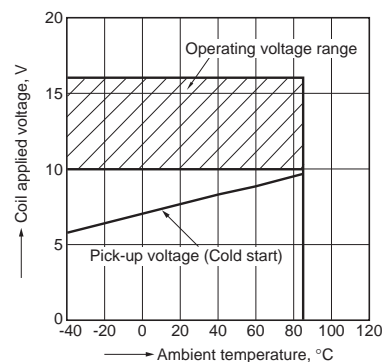
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

Sample: ACTA23, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



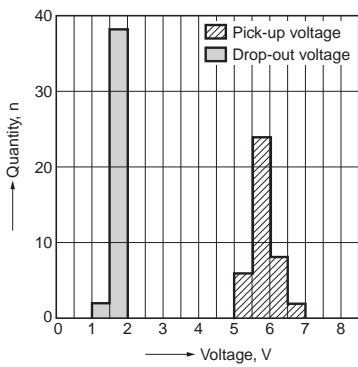
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

Sample: ACTA23

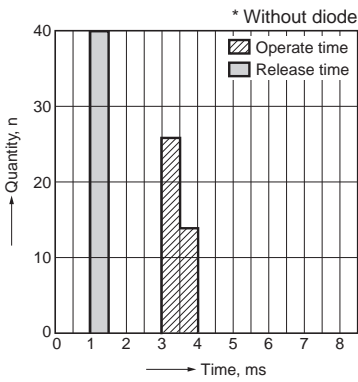


TA (ACTA)

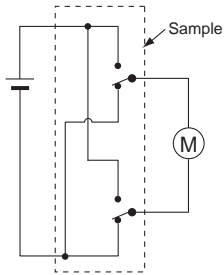
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACTA23, 40pcs.



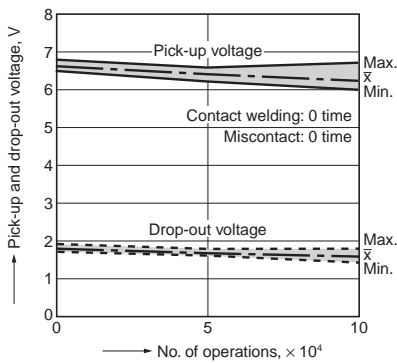
4. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACTA23, 40pcs.



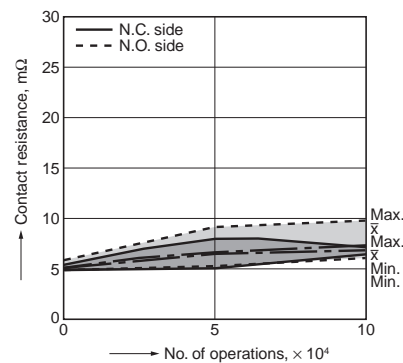
5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor lock)
Sample: ACTA23, 3pcs.
Load: 25A 14V DC
Power window motor actual load (lock condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



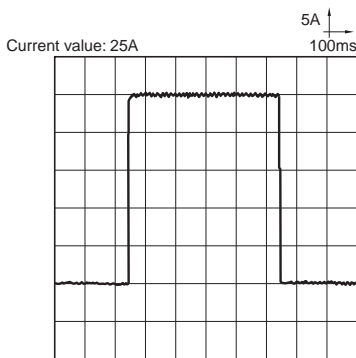
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



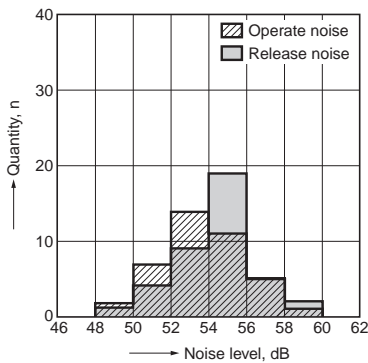
Change of contact resistance



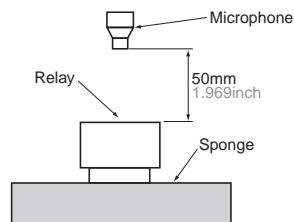
Load current waveform

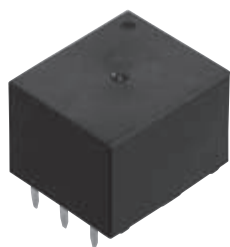


6. Noise pressure characteristics

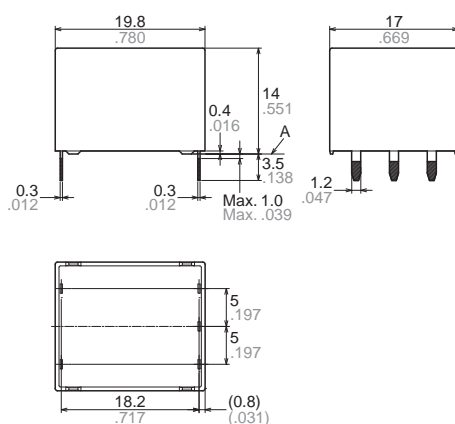


Measuring conditions
Sample: ACTA23, 40 pcs.
Equipment setting: "A" weighted, Impulse holding
Coil voltage: 12V DC
Coil connection device: Diode
Background noise: approx. 35dB



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

External dimensions

Dimension:

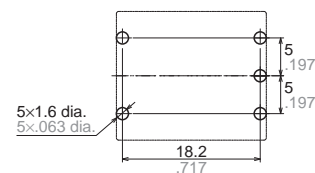
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

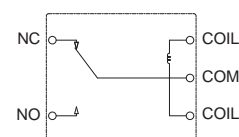
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES**Usage, transport and storage conditions**

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

(1) Temperature: -40 to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

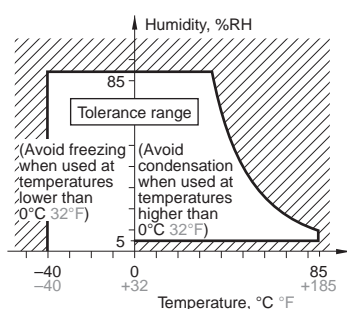
(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

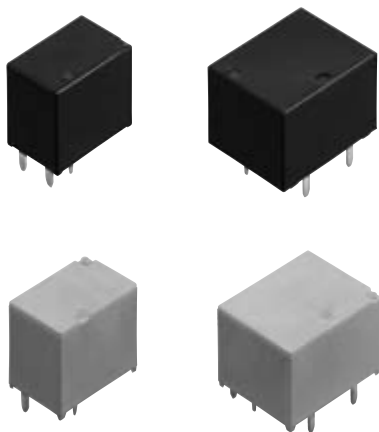
(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)

2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



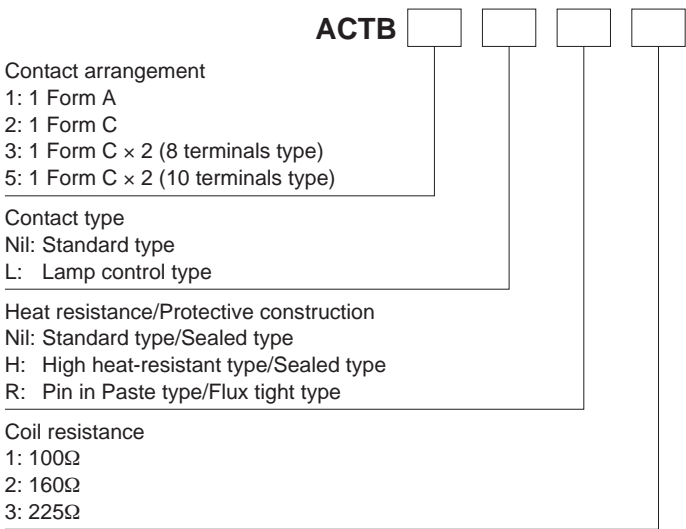
FEATURES

- Compact and high-capacity 25 A load switching
- Wide line-up
- Pin in Paste compatible model added

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power windows, Auto door lock, Electrically powered mirrors, Power sunroof, Powered seats, Lift gates and Slide door closers, etc. for DC motor forward/reverse control circuits

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Contact type	Coil resistance	Part No.		
			Heat resistance		
			Standard type	High heat-resistant type	Pin in Paste type
1 Form A	Standard type	100Ω	ACTB11	ACTB1H1	ACTB1R1
		160Ω	ACTB12	ACTB1H2	ACTB1R2
		225Ω	ACTB13	ACTB1H3	ACTB1R3
	Lamp control type	100Ω	ACTB1L1	ACTB1LH1	ACTB1LR1
		160Ω	ACTB1L2	ACTB1LH2	ACTB1LR2
		225Ω	ACTB1L3	ACTB1LH3	ACTB1LR3
1 Form C	Standard type	100Ω	ACTB21	ACTB2H1	ACTB2R1
		160Ω	ACTB22	ACTB2H2	ACTB2R2
		225Ω	ACTB23	ACTB2H3	ACTB2R3
	Lamp control type	100Ω	ACTB2L1	ACTB2LH1	ACTB2LR1
		160Ω	ACTB2L2	ACTB2LH2	ACTB2LR2
		225Ω	ACTB2L3	ACTB2LH3	ACTB2LR3
1 Form C × 2 (8 terminals type)	Standard type	100Ω	ACTB31	ACTB3H1	ACTB3R1
		160Ω	ACTB32	ACTB3H2	ACTB3R2
		225Ω	ACTB33	ACTB3H3	ACTB3R3
1 Form C × 2 (10 terminals type)	Standard type	100Ω	ACTB51	ACTB5H1	ACTB5R1
		160Ω	ACTB52	ACTB5H2	ACTB5R2
		225Ω	ACTB53	ACTB5H3	ACTB5R3
	Lamp control type	100Ω	ACTB5L1	ACTB5LH1	ACTB5LR1
		160Ω	ACTB5L2	ACTB5LH2	ACTB5LR2
		225Ω	ACTB5L3	ACTB5LH3	ACTB5LR3

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs. (1 Form C)
 Carton (tube): 25 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs. (1 Form C × 2)

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 5.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.5V DC (Initial)	120 mA	100Ω	1,440 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 6.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	75 mA	160Ω	900 mW	
	Max. 7.7V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

TB (ACTB)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C, 1 Form C × 2
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ3mΩ, N.C.: Typ4mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		25A for 10 minutes (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		1,440 mW (Pick-up voltage 5.5V DC type)
			900 mW (Pick-up voltage 6.5V DC type)
			640 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.7V DC type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
Expected life	Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁶ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)
			<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (25 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF
			<Lamp load>*4 Min. 10 ⁵ (at 56 A (inrush), 8A (steady), 14 V DC), Operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF
			Applies only to lamp control type
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Standard type Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. High heat-resistant/Pin in Paste type Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Single type: approx. 5 g .176 oz, Twin type: approx. 9.5 g .335 oz

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2.The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3.Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

*4.Part numbers for electric discharge lamp loads or any other lamp loads and for capacitor loads only consist of "ACTB*L**".

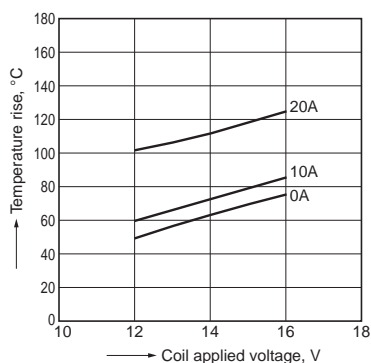
When using the lamp control type, connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side. Please contact us for details.

* If the relay is used continuously for long periods of time with coils on both sides in an energized condition, breakdown might occur due to abnormal heating depending on the carrying condition. Therefore, please inquire when using with a circuit that causes an energized condition on both sides simultaneously.

REFERENCE DATA

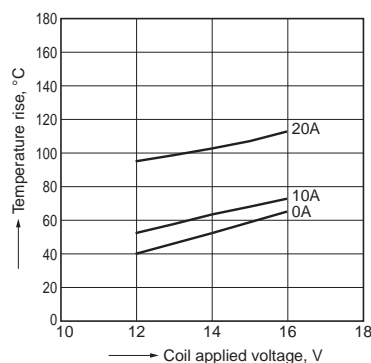
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACTB32, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



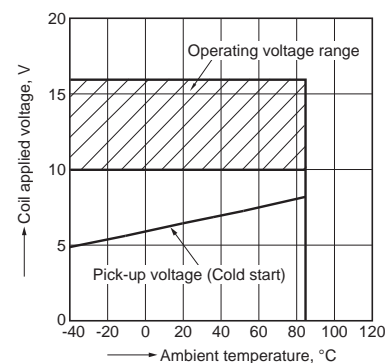
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)

Sample: ACTB32, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



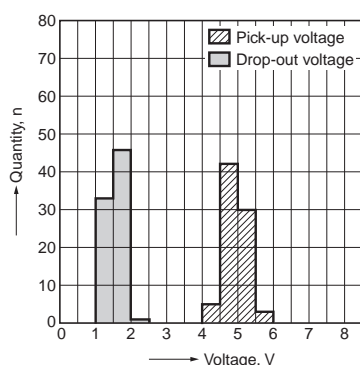
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

Sample: ACTB32



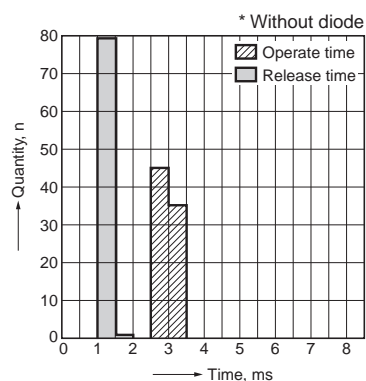
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACTB32, 40 × 2pcs.



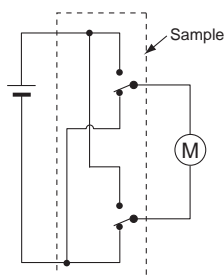
4. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACTB32, 40 × 2pcs.

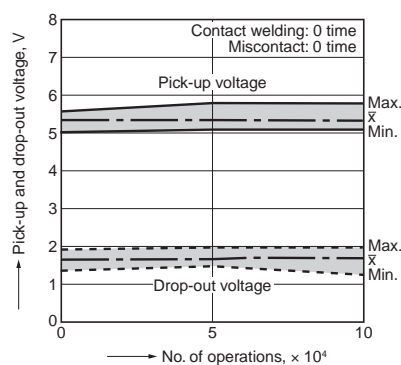


5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor lock)

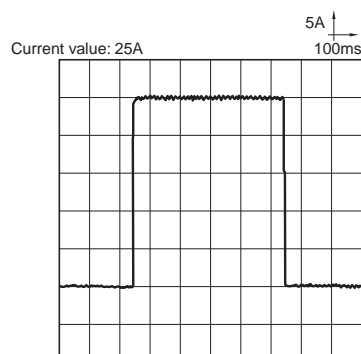
Sample: ACTB32, 3pcs.
Load: 25A 14V DC
Power window motor actual load (lock condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



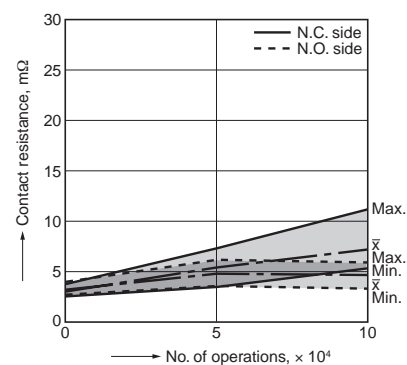
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Load current waveform



Change of contact resistance



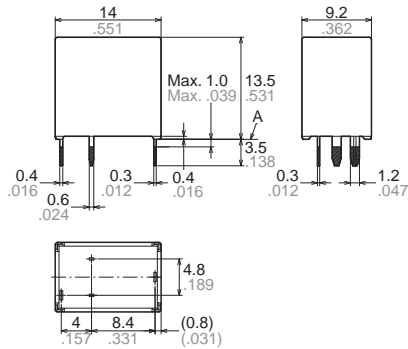
TB (ACTB)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1 Form A type

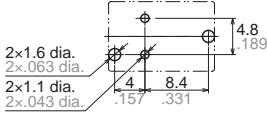


External dimensions



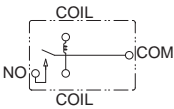
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



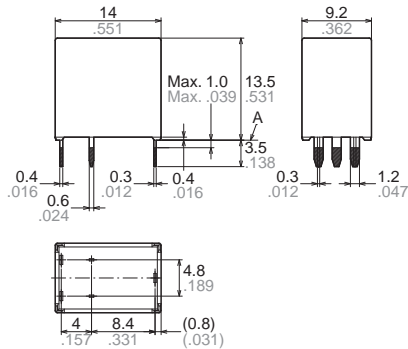
* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form C type

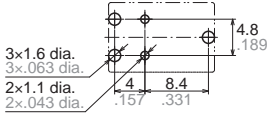


External dimensions



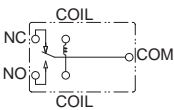
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



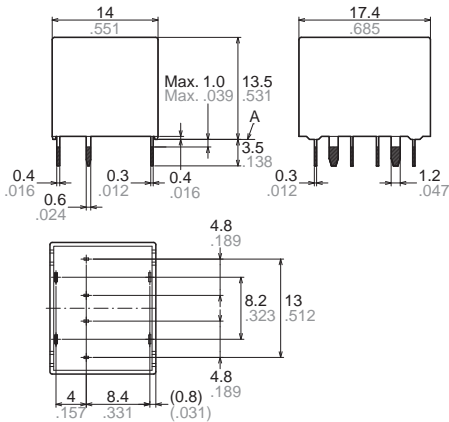
* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Twin type (8 terminals type)

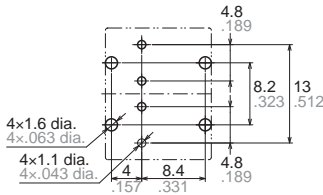


External dimensions



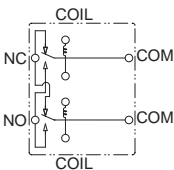
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



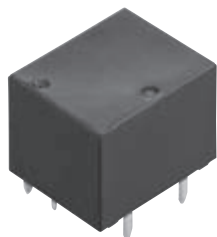
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

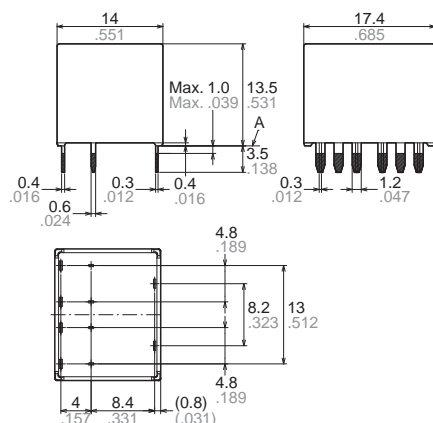


* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Twin type (10 terminals type)



External dimensions

Dimension:

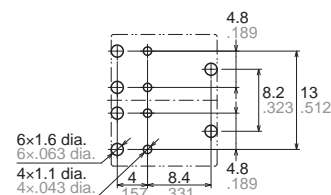
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

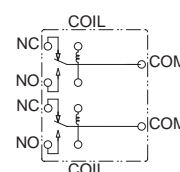
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

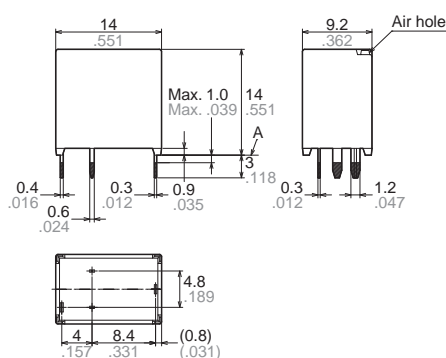


* The lamp control type has polarized contacts.
Connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form A type
Pin in Paste type

External dimensions

Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

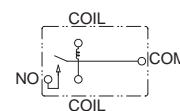
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

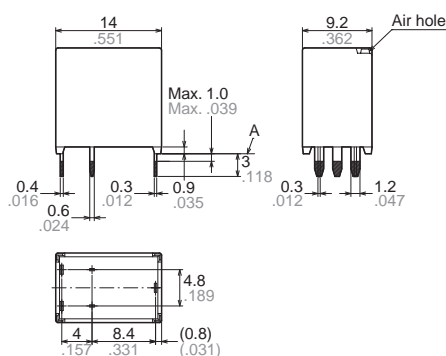


* The lamp control type has polarized contacts.
Connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form C type
Pin in Paste type

External dimensions

Dimension:

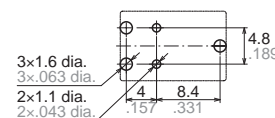
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

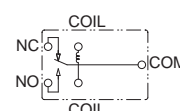
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* The lamp control type has polarized contacts.
Connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side.

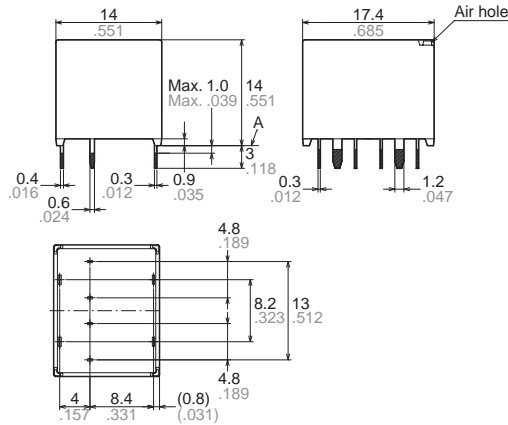
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

TB (ACTB)

Twin type (8 terminals type) Pin in Paste type

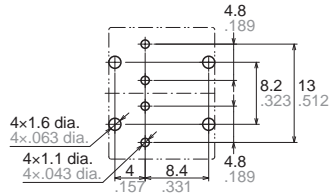


External dimensions



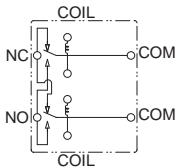
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

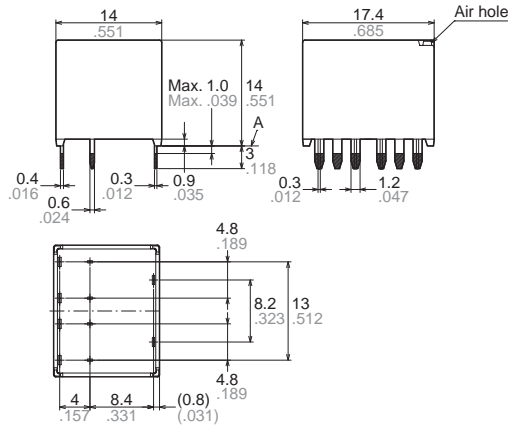


* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Twin type (10 terminals type) Pin in Paste type

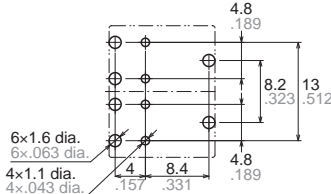


External dimensions



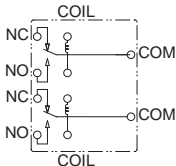
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect N.O. to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

(1) Temperature: -40 to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$ (Standard type)

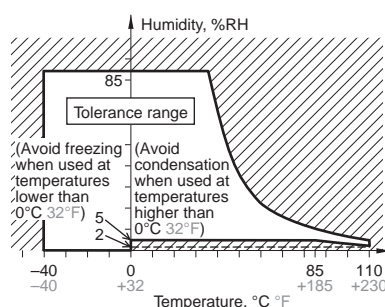
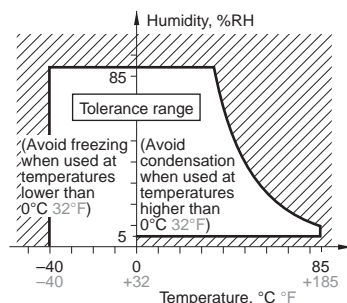
-40 to $+110^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+230^{\circ}\text{F}$ (High heat-resistant type/Pin in Paste type)

(2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

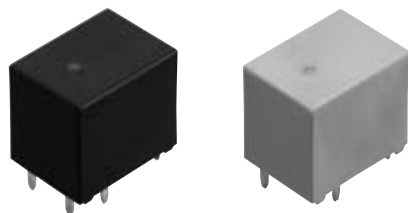
(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Large capacity switching despite small size. Can replace micro ISO terminal type relays.
- Latching type added
- Pin in Paste compatible model added

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Head lamp, Fog lamp, Fan motor, EPS, Defogger, Seat heater, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ACTC



Contact arrangement/Operation function*

- 1: 1 Form A/Standard type
2: 1 Form C/Standard type
3: Double make contact 2 Form A/Standard type
6: Double make contact 2 Form A/2 coil latching type

Heat resistance/Protective construction

- Nil: Standard type/Sealed type
H: High heat-resistant type/Sealed type
R: Pin in Paste type/Flux tight type

Coil resistance

- 1: 110Ω
2: 160Ω
3: 225Ω
6: 75Ω

TYPES

Contact arrangement/Operation function	Nominal coil voltage	Coil resistance	Part No.		
			Heat resistance		
			Standard type	High heat-resistant type	Pin in Paste type
1 Form A/Standard type	12V DC	110Ω	ACTC11	ACTC1H1	ACTC1R1
		160Ω	ACTC12	ACTC1H2	ACTC1R2
		225Ω	ACTC13	ACTC1H3	ACTC1R3
1 Form C/Standard type		110Ω	ACTC21	ACTC2H1	ACTC2R1
		160Ω	ACTC22	ACTC2H2	ACTC2R2
		225Ω	ACTC23	ACTC2H3	ACTC2R3
Double make contact 2 Form A/ Standard type		110Ω	ACTC31	ACTC3H1	ACTC3R1
		160Ω	ACTC32	ACTC3H2	ACTC3R2
Double make contact 2 Form A/ 2 coil latching type		75Ω	ACTC66	ACTC6H6	ACTC6R6

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 800 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

1) Standard type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 6.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.5V DC (Initial)	109 mA	110Ω	1,309 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 7.0V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.5V DC (Initial)	75 mA	160Ω	900 mW	
	Max. 7.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.5V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)		Usable voltage range
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
12V DC	Max. 7.2V DC (Initial)	Max. 7.2V DC (Initial)	160 mA	160 mA	75Ω	75Ω	1,920 mW	1,920 mW	10 to 16V DC

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C, Double make contact 2 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ3mΩ, N.C.: Typ4mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 30A 14V DC, N.C.: 15A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		35A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		1,309 mW (Pick-up voltage 6.5V DC type)
			900 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.0V DC type)
			640 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.5V DC type)
			1,920 mW (2 coil latching type)
Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time [Set time] (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Release time [Reset time] (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
			Min. 10 ⁶ (at 120 times/min.) (2 coil latching type)
	Electrical		<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)
			<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (30 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF
			<Lamp load> *4 Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at 84 A (inrush), 12A (steady), 14 V DC), Operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Standard type Ambient temperature: −40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. High heat-resistant/Pin in Paste type Ambient temperature: −40°C to +110°C −40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Approx. 10 g .35 oz

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2.The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

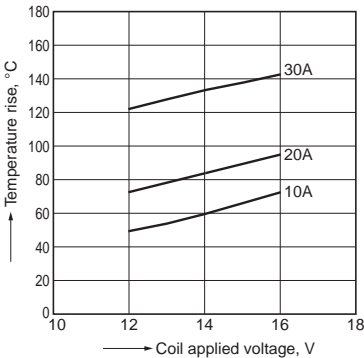
*3.Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

*4.When using with an electric discharge lamp load or any other lamp load, or a capacitor load, connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

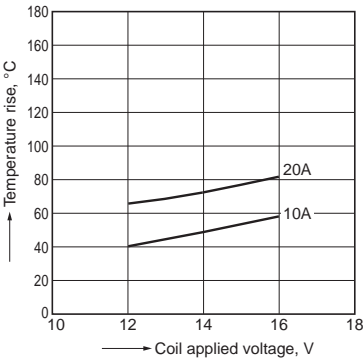
TC (ACTC)

REFERENCE DATA

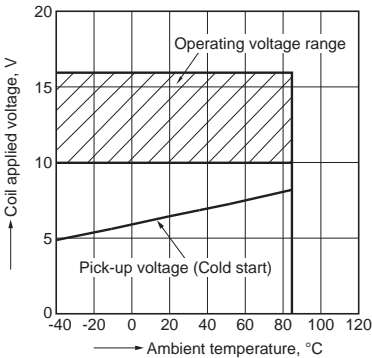
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)
Sample: ACTC12, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A, 30A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



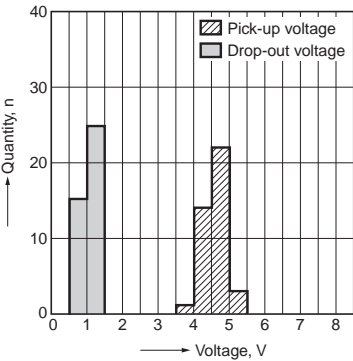
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 85°C 185°F)
Sample: ACTC12, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



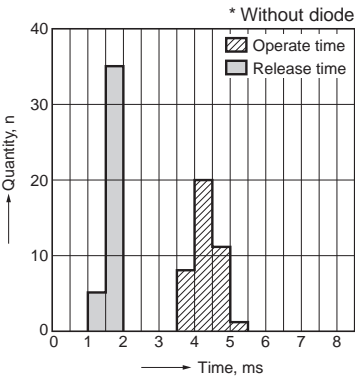
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range
Sample: ACTC12



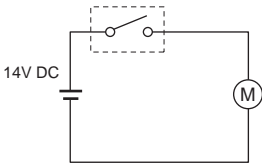
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACTC12, 40pcs.



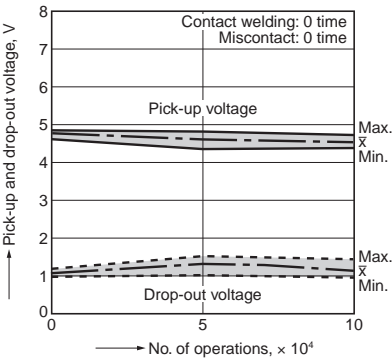
4. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACTC12, 40pcs.



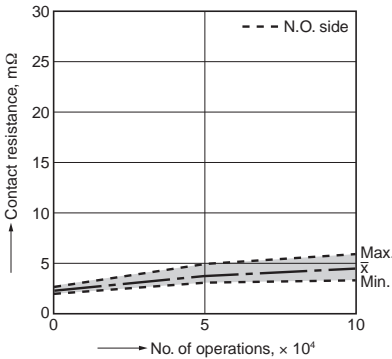
5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor lock)
Sample: ACTC12, 6pcs.
Load: 30A 14V DC
Power window motor actual load (lock condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



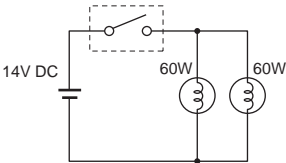
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



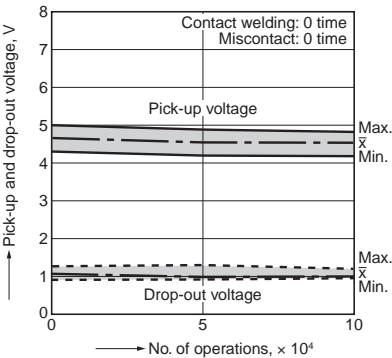
Change of contact resistance



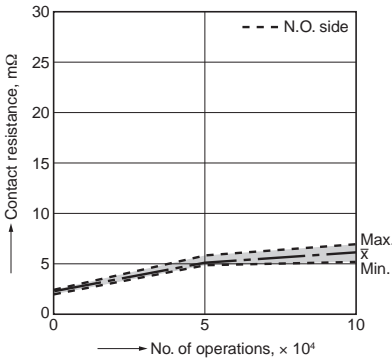
5.-(2) Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: ACTC12, 6pcs.
Load: inrush: 84A/steady: 12A 14V DC
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

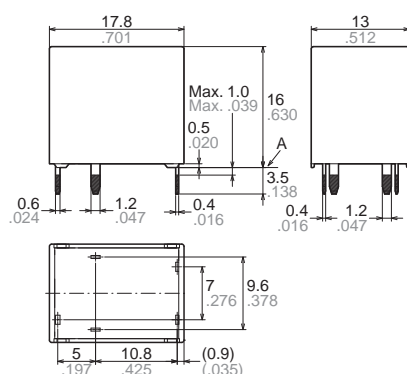


Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)**1 Form A type/Standard type**

External dimensions

Dimension:

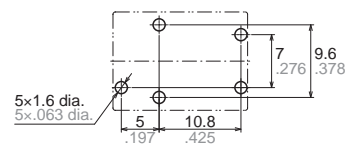
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

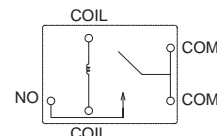
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

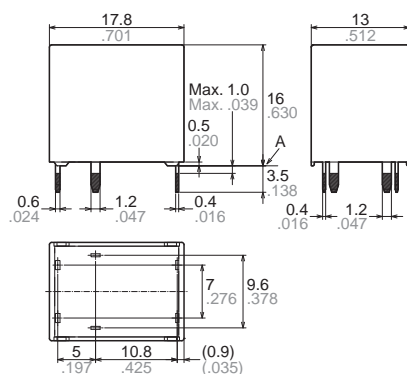


* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form C/Standard type

External dimensions

Dimension:

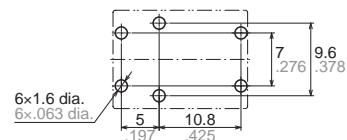
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

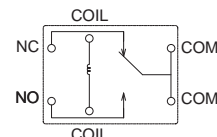
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

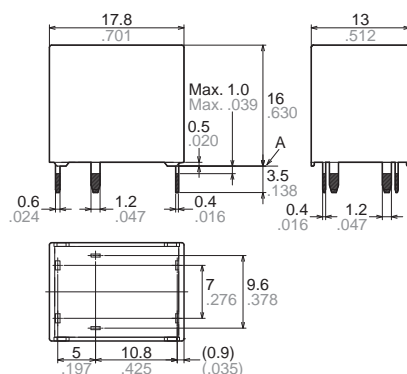


* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Double make contact 2 Form A type/Standard type

External dimensions

Dimension:

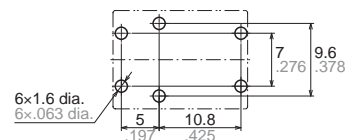
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

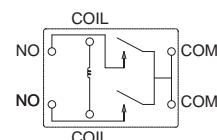
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

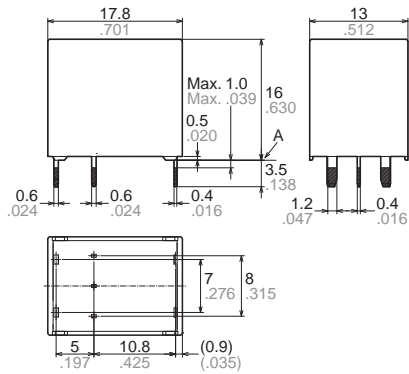
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

TC (ACTC)

Double make contact 2 Form A type/2 coil latching type

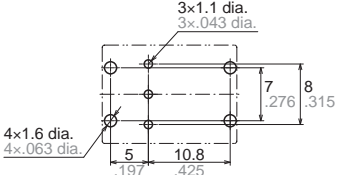


External dimensions



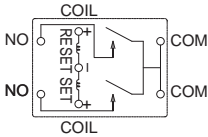
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



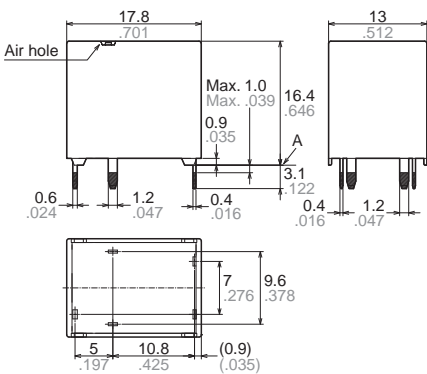
* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form A/Standard type Pin in Paste type

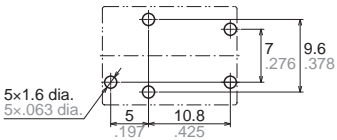


External dimensions



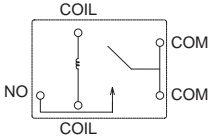
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



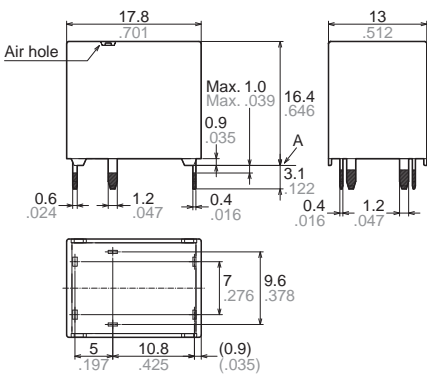
* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form C/Standard type Pin in Paste type

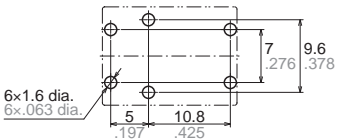


External dimensions



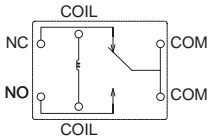
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



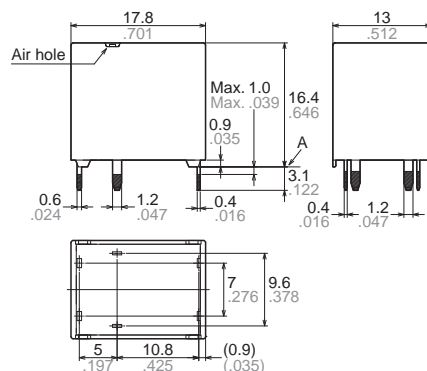
* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Double make contact 2 Form A type/Standard type

Pin in Paste type

External dimensions



Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

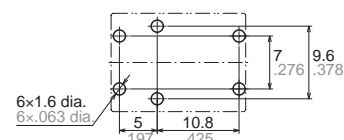
Tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

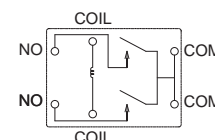
$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



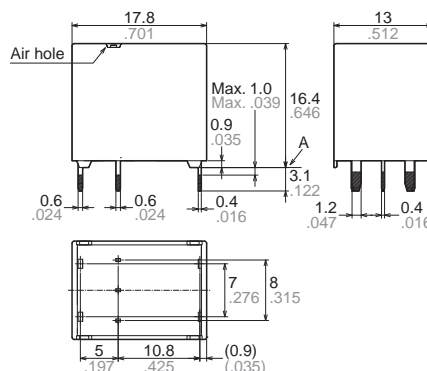
* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Double make contact 2 Form A type/2 coil latching type

Pin in Paste type

External dimensions



Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

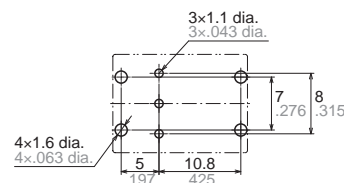
Tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

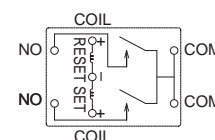
$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* The lamp control type has polarized contacts. Connect COM to the "+" (plus)" side.

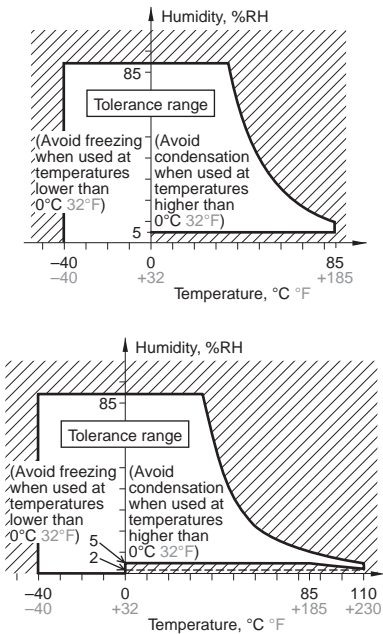
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
(1) Temperature: -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F (Standard type)
-40 to +110°C -40 to +230°F (High heat-resistant type/Pin in Paste type)
(2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

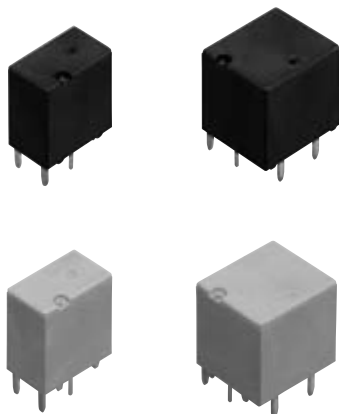
- (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



PRECAUTIONS REGARDING LATCHING RELAYS

- Latching relays are shipped from the factory in the reset state. A shock to the relay during shipping or installation may cause it to change to the set state. Therefore, it is recommended that the relay be used in a circuit which initializes the relay to the required state (reset) whenever the power is turned on.
- Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.
- The positive “+” and negative “-” connections to the coil should be done as indicated on the wiring diagram. If connected incorrectly, it may malfunction or fail to operate.
- In order to set or reset a latch relay, as a guide, apply the square wave rated voltage for set time or five times or more of the reset time for each product and then verify operation again.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



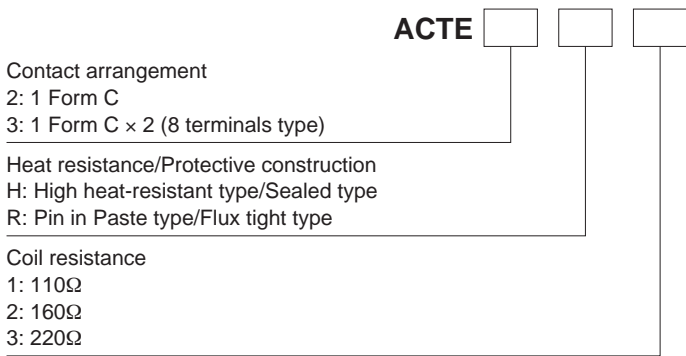
FEATURES

- Smallest in its class
- Compact and high-capacity 25 A load switching
- Pin in Paste compatible model added

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power windows, Auto door lock, Electrically powered mirrors, Power sunroof, Powered seats, Lift gates and Slide door closers, etc. for DC motor forward/reverse control circuits

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Coil resistance	Part No.	
			Heat resistance	
			High heat-resistant type	Pin in Paste type
1 Form C	12V DC	110Ω	ACTE2H1	ACTE2R1
		160Ω	ACTE2H2	ACTE2R2
		220Ω	ACTE2H3	ACTE2R3
1 Form C × 2 (8 terminals type)		110Ω	ACTE3H1	ACTE3R1
		160Ω	ACTE3H2	ACTE3R2
		220Ω	ACTE3H3	ACTE3R3

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs. (1 Form C)
Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs. (1 Form C × 2)

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 5.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.6V DC (Initial)	109 mA	110Ω	1,309 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 6.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	75 mA	160Ω	900 mW	
	Max. 7.7V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	54.5 mA	220Ω	655 mW	

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C, 1 Form C × 2
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ4mΩ, N.C.: Typ5mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		25A for 2 minutes (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		1,309 mW (Pick-up voltage 5.5V DC type)
			900 mW (Pick-up voltage 6.5V DC type)
			655 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.7V DC type)
Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical*4	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (25 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		High heat-resistant/Pin in Paste type Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Single type: approx. 3.5 g .12 oz, Twin type: approx. 6.5 g .23 oz

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2.The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3.Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

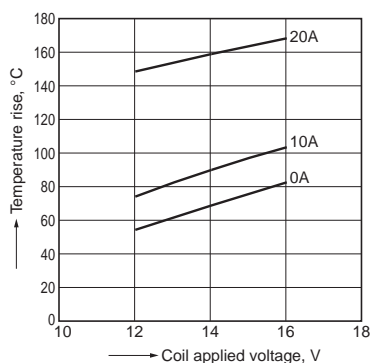
*4.Do not use for lamp loads, electric discharge lamp loads, any other lamp loads and capacitor loads. Please contact us for details.

* If the relay is used continuously for long periods of time with coils on both sides in an energized condition, breakdown might occur due to abnormal heating depending on the carrying condition. Therefore, please inquire when using with a circuit that causes an energized condition on both sides simultaneously.

REFERENCE DATA

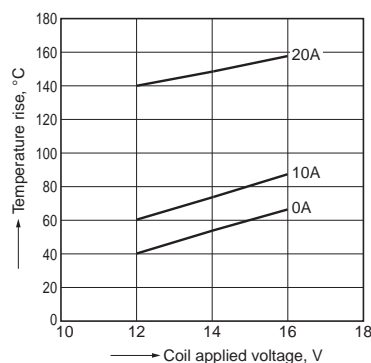
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACTE3H2, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



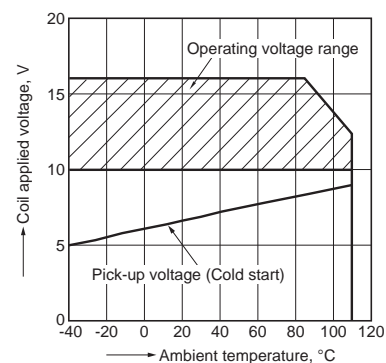
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 110°C 230°F)

Sample: ACTE3H2, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F



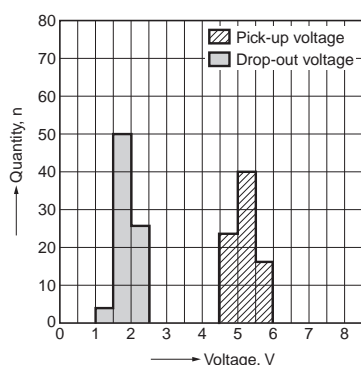
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

Sample: ACTE3H2



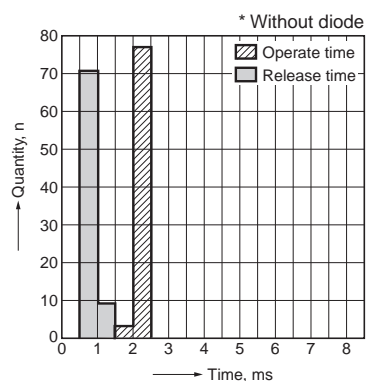
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACTE3H2, 40 × 2pcs.



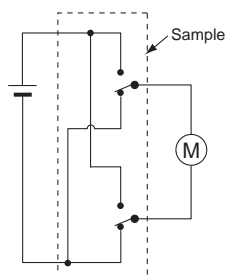
4. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACTE3H2, 40 × 2pcs.

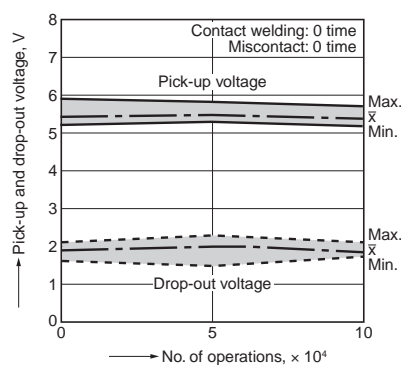


5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor lock)

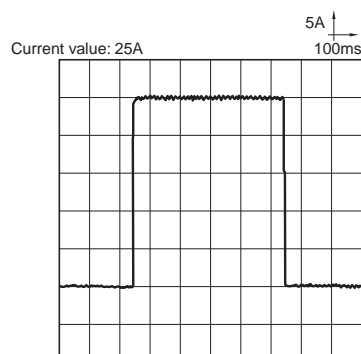
Sample: ACTE3H2, 3pcs.
Load: 25A 14V DC
Power window motor actual load (lock condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



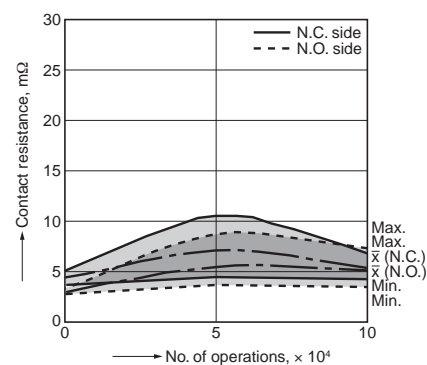
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Load current waveform



Change of contact resistance



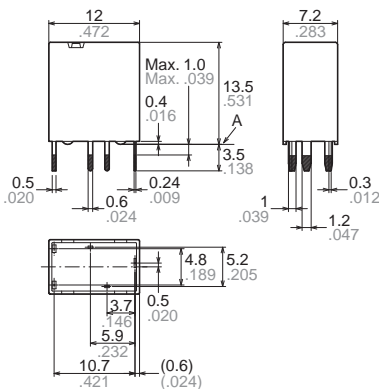
TE (ACTE)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

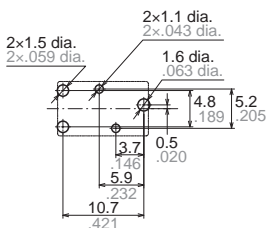
1 Form C type



External dimensions

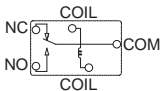


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view)



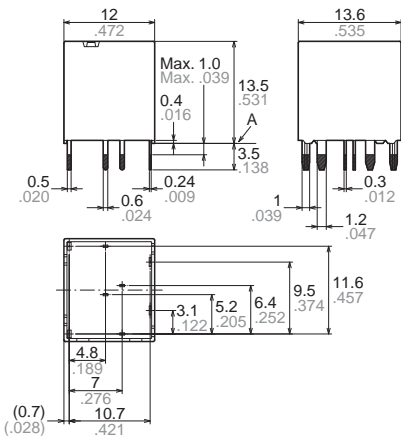
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	±0.1 ±.004
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

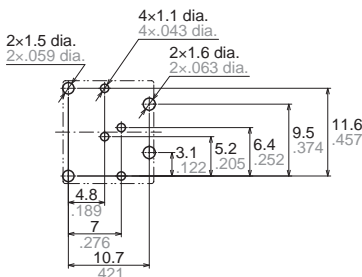
Twin type (8 terminals type)



External dimensions

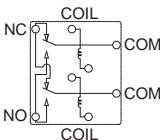


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view)



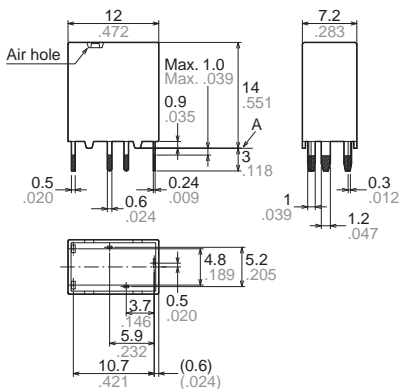
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	±0.1 ±.004
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

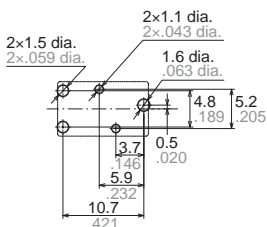
1 Form C type
Pin in Paste type



External dimensions

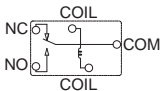


PC board pattern (Bottom view)



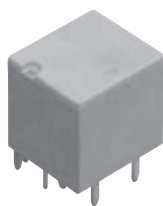
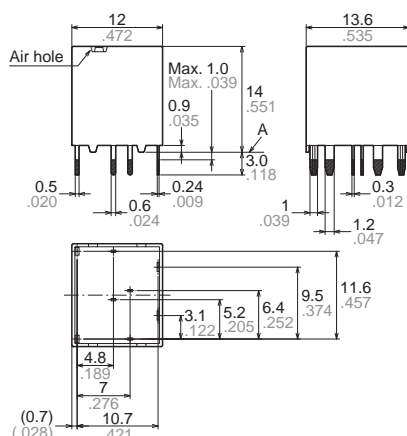
Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	±0.1 ±.004
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

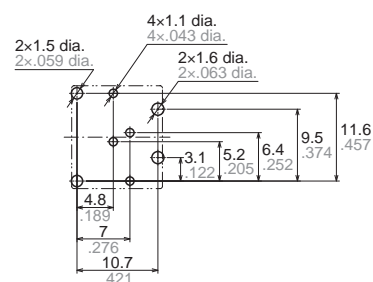
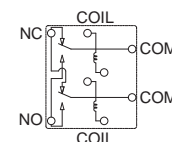
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Twin type (8 terminals type)
Pin in Paste type

External dimensions

Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance
 $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
 $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
 $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

 Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Schematic (Bottom view)


* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

 (1) Temperature: -40 to $+110^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+230^{\circ}\text{F}$ (High heat-resistant type/Pin in Paste type)

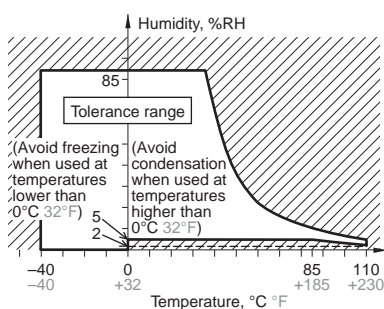
(2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

 (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
 The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)

2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.


For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



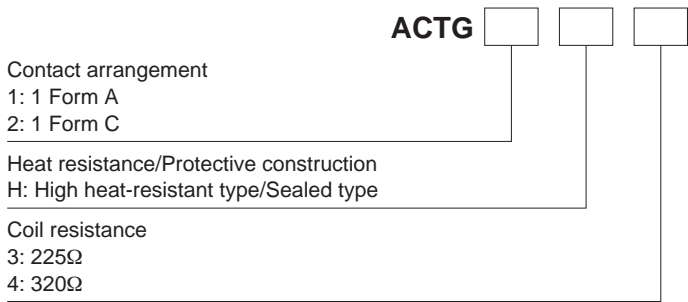
FEATURES

- Large capacity switching despite small size. Can replace micro ISO terminal type relays.
- Low operating power type
- Sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Head lamp, Fog lamp, Fan motor, EPS, Defogger, Seat heater, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Coil resistance	Part No.
			Heat resistance: High heat-resistant type
1 Form A	12V DC	225Ω	ACTG1H3
		320Ω	ACTG1H4
1 Form C		225Ω	ACTG2H3
		320Ω	ACTG2H4

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 800 pcs.
Note: Please contact us for details about products other than those above.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 6.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 7.0V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	37.5 mA	320Ω	450 mW	

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ3mΩ, N.C.: Typ4mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 30A 14V DC, N.C.: 15A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		35A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		640 mW (Pick-up voltage 6.5V DC type) 450 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.0V DC type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (30 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF	
		<Lamp load> Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at 84 A (inrush), 12 A (steady), 14 V DC), Operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		High heat-resistant type Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Approx. 12 g .42 oz

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2.The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

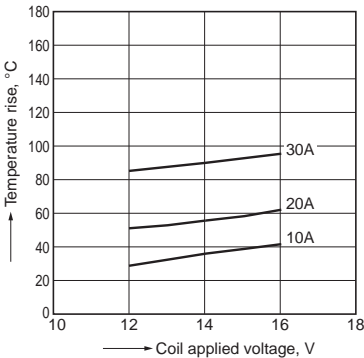
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3.Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

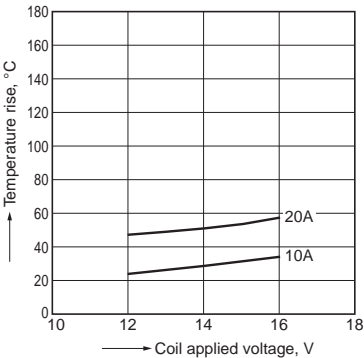
TG (ACTG)

REFERENCE DATA

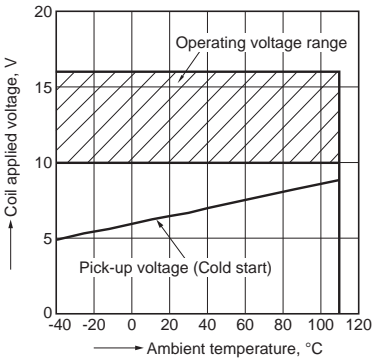
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)
Sample: ACTG1H4, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A, 30A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



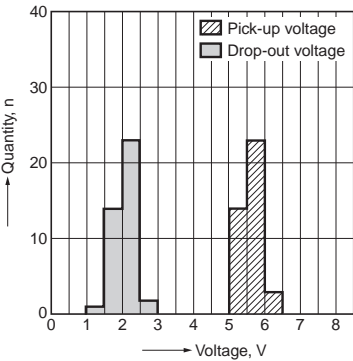
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 110°C 230°F)
Sample: ACTG1H4, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F



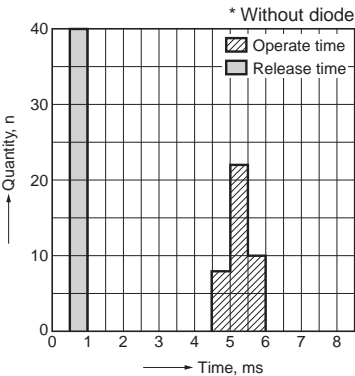
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range
Sample: ACTG1H4



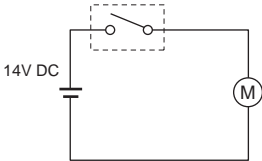
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACTG1H4, 40pcs.



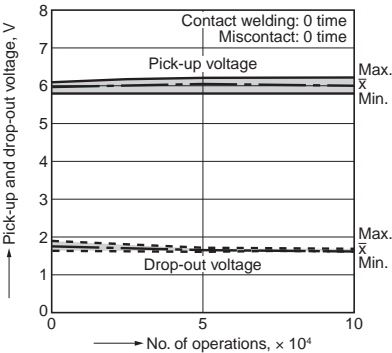
4. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACTG1H4, 40pcs.



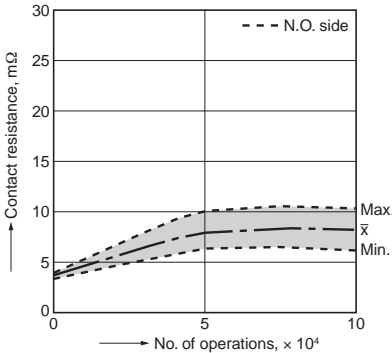
5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor lock)
Sample: ACTG1H4, 6pcs.
Load: 30A 14V DC
Power window motor actual load (lock condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



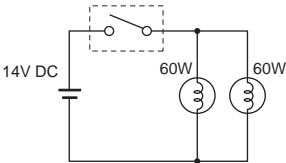
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



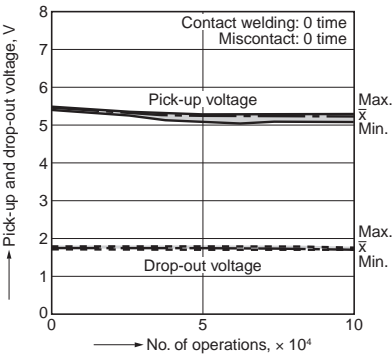
Change of contact resistance



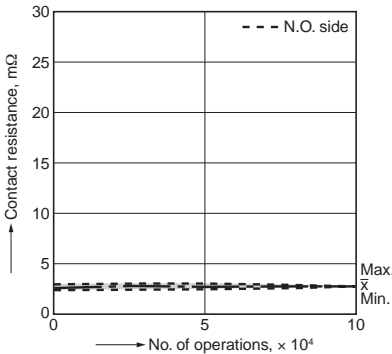
5.-(2) Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: ACTG1H4, 6pcs.
Load: inrush: 84A/steady: 12A 14V DC
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:

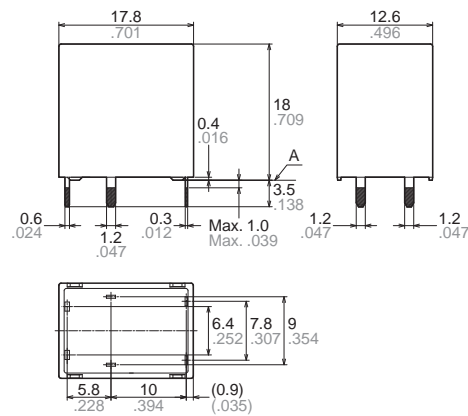
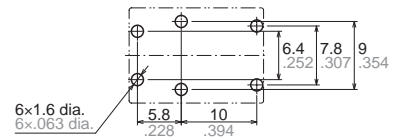
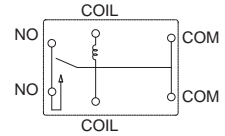


Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)**1 Form A type****External dimensions****PC board pattern (Bottom view)**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Schematic (Bottom view)**Dimension:

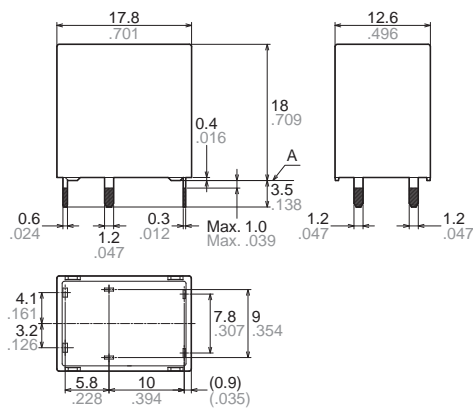
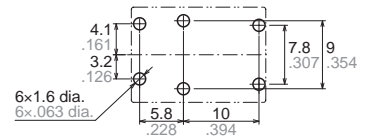
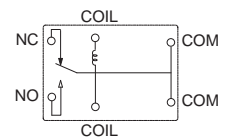
Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

1 Form C type**External dimensions****PC board pattern (Bottom view)**Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ **Schematic (Bottom view)**Dimension:

Less than 1mm .039inch:

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

Tolerance $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$ $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

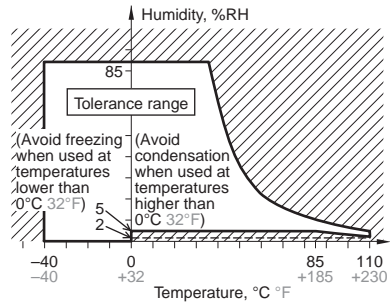
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

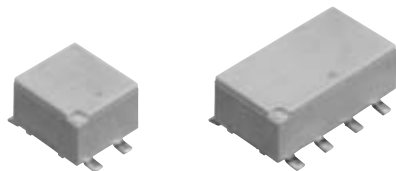
Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
- (1) Temperature: -40 to +110°C -40 to +230°F (High heat-resistant type)
- (2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

- (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
- The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- (Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- Compact flat type
<Height> Surface-mount terminal
type: 8.8 mm .346 inch
- Compact and high-capacity 25 A load
switching

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power windows, Auto door lock,
Electrically powered mirrors, Power
sunroof, Powered seats, Lift gates
and Slide door closers, etc. for DC
motor forward/reverse control
circuits

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ACTH		
Contact arrangement/Terminal shape			
5: 1 Form C/Surface-mount terminal type			
6: 1 Form C × 2 (10 terminals type)/			
Surface-mount terminal type			
Heat resistance/Protective construction			
B: Reflow type/Sealed type			
R: Reflow type/Flux tight type			
Coil resistance			
2: 160Ω			
3: 220Ω			

TYPES

Surface-mount terminal type

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Coil resistance	Part No.	
			Protective construction	
			Sealed type	Flux tight type
1 Form C	12V DC	160Ω	ACTH5B2	ACTH5R2
		220Ω	ACTH5B3	ACTH5R3
1 Form C × 2 (10 terminals type)		160Ω	ACTH6B2	ACTH6R2
		220Ω	ACTH6B3	ACTH6R3

Standard packing; 1 Form C Carton (tape and reel): 500 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs.
1 Form C × 2 Carton (tape and reel): 400 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 6.5V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.6V DC (Initial)	75 mA	160Ω	900 mW	10 to 16V DC
	Max. 7.7V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.6V DC (Initial)	54.5 mA	220Ω	655 mW	

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C, 1 Form C × 2
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ4.5mΩ, N.C.: Typ5.5mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		25A for 10 minutes (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		900 mW (Pick-up voltage 6.5V DC type)
			655 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.7V DC type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical*4	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (25 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Reflow type Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Single type: approx. 3 g .106 oz, Twin type: approx. 6 g .21 oz

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2.The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).

*3.Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

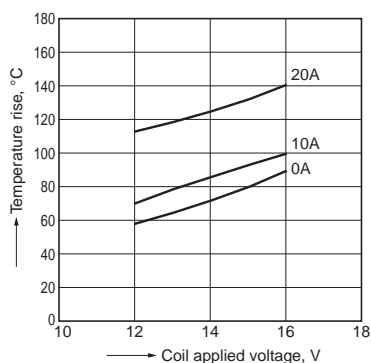
*4.Do not use for lamp loads, electric discharge lamp loads, any other lamp loads and capacitor loads. Please contact us for details.

* If the relay is used continuously for long periods of time with coils on both sides in an energized condition, breakdown might occur due to abnormal heating depending on the carrying condition. Therefore, please inquire when using with a circuit that causes an energized condition on both sides simultaneously.

REFERENCE DATA

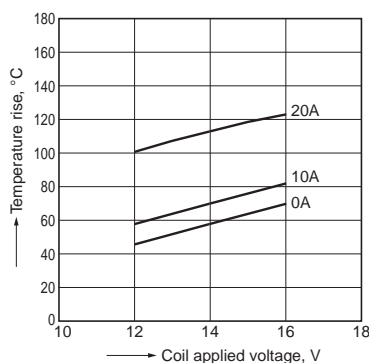
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)

Sample: ACTH6B2, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



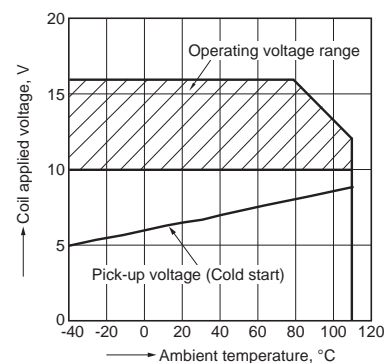
1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 110°C 230°F)

Sample: ACTH6B2, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 0A, 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F



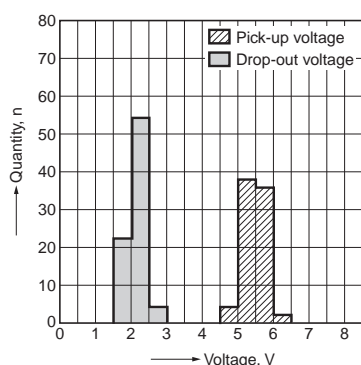
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

Sample: ACTH6B2



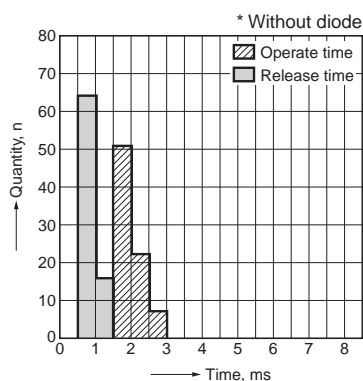
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACTH6B2, 40 × 2pcs.



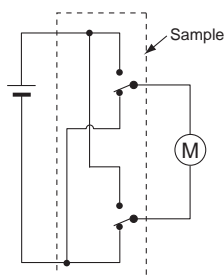
4. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACTH6B2, 40 × 2pcs.

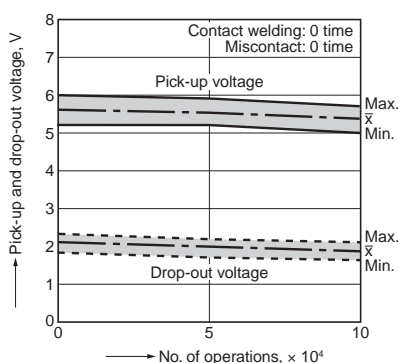


5. Electrical life test (Motor lock)

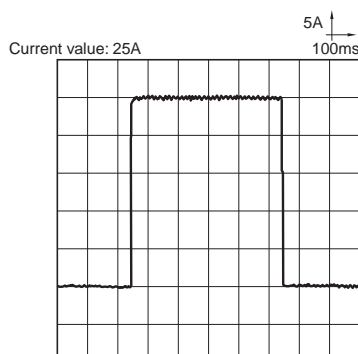
Sample: ACTH6B2, 3pcs.
Load: 25A 14V DC
Power window motor actual load (lock condition)
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit:



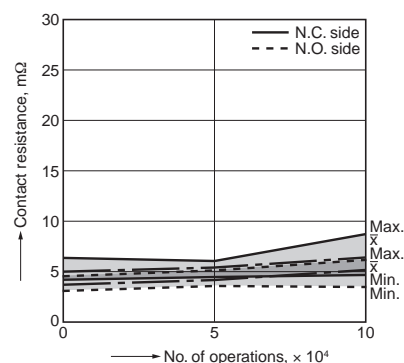
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Load current waveform



Change of contact resistance



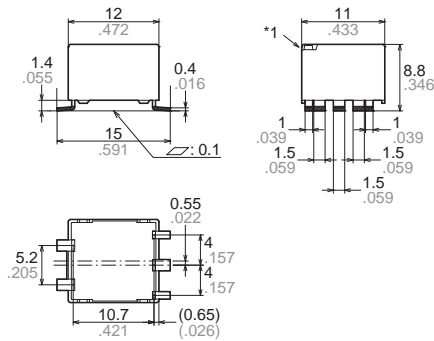
TH (ACTH)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1 Form C type



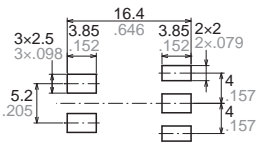
External dimensions



Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

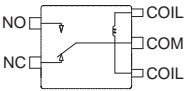
Note: *1. Flux tight type has air hole.

Recommendable mounting pad (Top view)

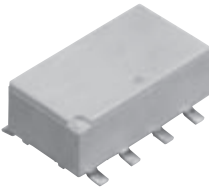


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

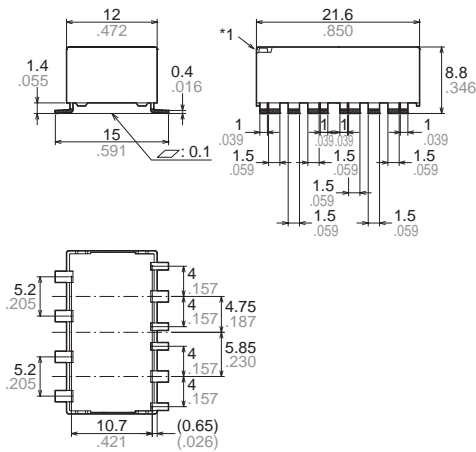
Schematic (Top view)



Twin type (10 terminals type)



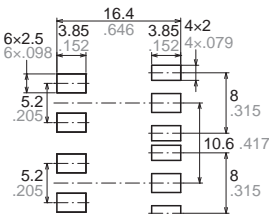
External dimensions



Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

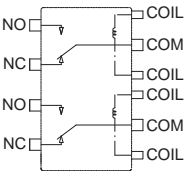
Note: *1. Flux tight type has air hole.

Recommendable mounting pad (Top view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Top view)

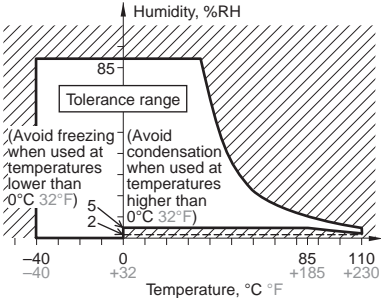


NOTES

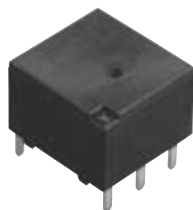
Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
- (1) Temperature: -40 to $+110^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+230^{\circ}\text{F}$ (Reflow type)
- (2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

- (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
- The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



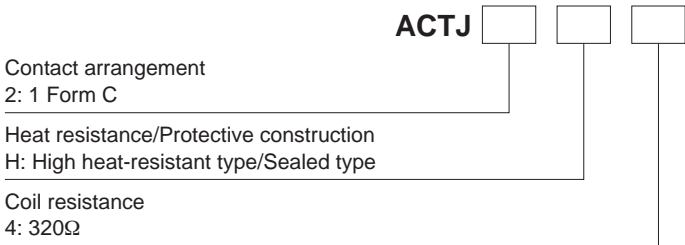
FEATURES

- Compact flat type
(Height: 11.2mm .441inch)
- Compact and high-capacity 30A load switching
- Sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Head lamp, Fog lamp, Fan motor, EPS, Defogger, Seat heater, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Coil resistance	Part No.
			Heat resistance: High heat-resistant type
1 Form C	12V DC	320Ω	ACTJ2H4

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 40 pcs.; Case: 800 pcs.
Note: Please contact us for details about products other than those above.

TJ (ACTJ)

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 7.0V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.8V DC (Initial)	37.5 mA	320Ω	450 mW	10 to 16V DC

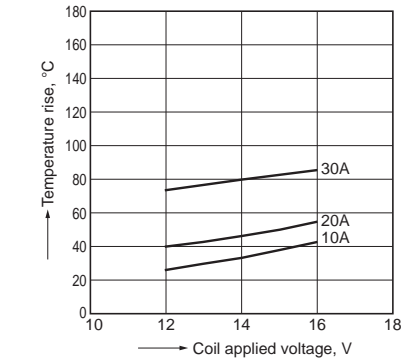
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		N.O.: Typ2.5mΩ, N.C.: Typ3mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 30A 14V DC, N.C.: 15A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (12V DC initial)*3		30A for 1 hour (at 20°C 68°F)
	Nominal operating power		450 mW (Pick-up voltage 7.0V DC type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 1s ON, 9s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 10 ⁵ (25 A 14V DC at motor lock condition), operating frequency: 0.5s ON, 9.5s OFF	
		<Lamp load> Min. 10 ⁵ (at 84 A (inrush), 12 A (steady), 14 V DC), Operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		High heat-resistant type Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Approx. 7 g .25 oz

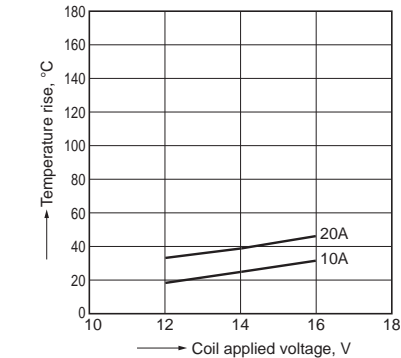
Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere (110°C 230°F).
*3. Depends on connection conditions. Also, this does not guarantee repeated switching. We recommend that you confirm operation under actual conditions.

REFERENCE DATA

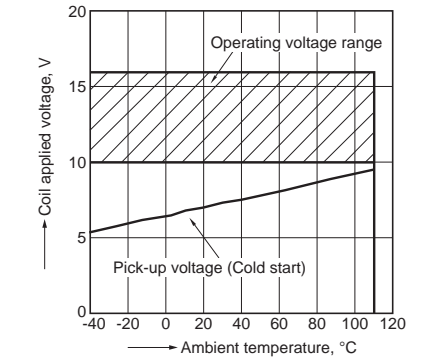
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (at room temperature)
Sample: ACTJ2H4, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A, 30A
Ambient temperature: Room temperature



1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (at 110°C 230°F)
Sample: ACTJ2H4, 3pcs.
Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A
Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F

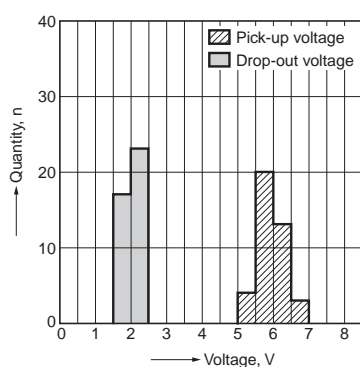


2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range
Sample: ACTJ2H4



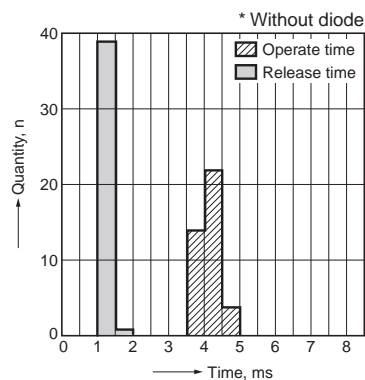
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACTJ2H4, 40pcs.



4. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACTJ2H4, 40pcs.



5.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor lock)

Sample: ACTJ2H4, 6pcs.

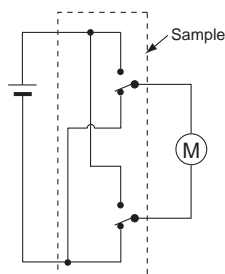
Load: 25A 14V DC

Power window motor actual load (lock condition)

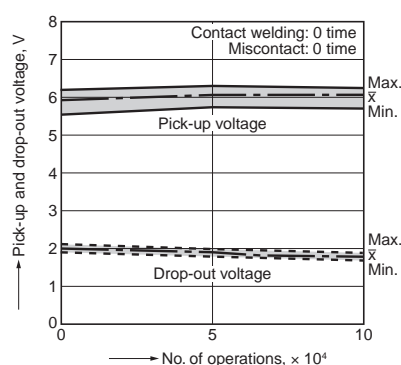
Operating frequency: ON 0.5s, OFF 9.5s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

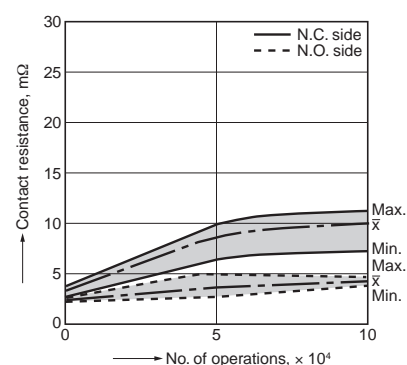
Circuit:



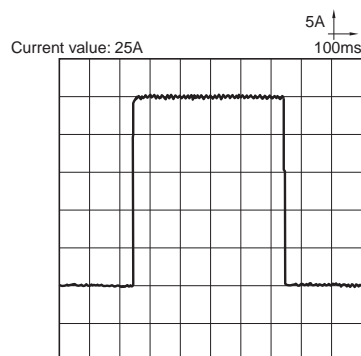
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform



5.-(2) Electrical life test (Lamp load)

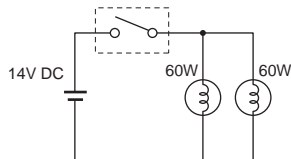
Sample: ACTJ2H4, 6pcs.

Load: inrush: 84A/steady: 12A 14V DC

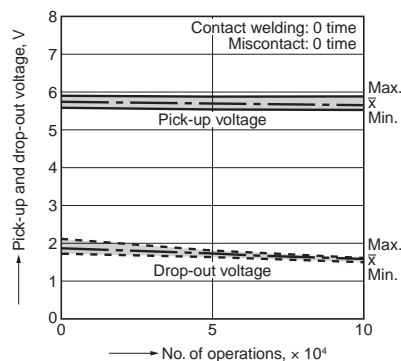
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

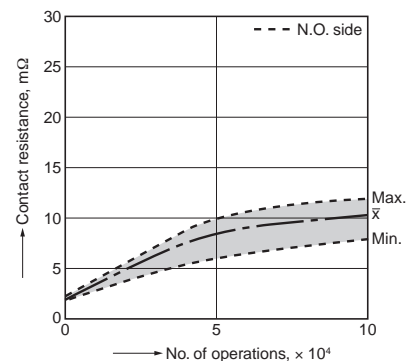
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



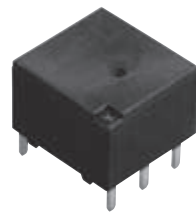
Change of contact resistance



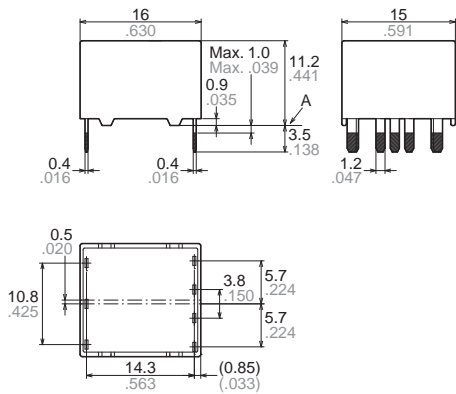
TJ (ACTJ)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1 Form C type

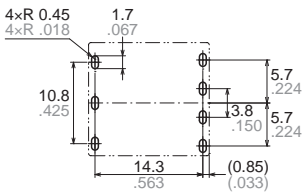


External dimensions



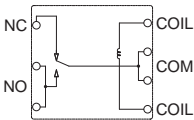
Dimension:	Tolerance
Less than 1mm .039inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)



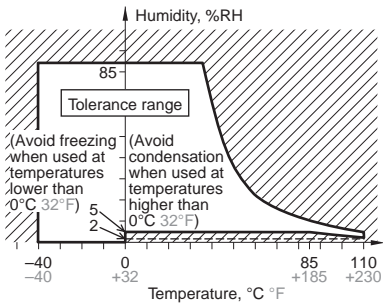
* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
(1) Temperature: -40 to $+110^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+230^{\circ}\text{F}$ (High heat-resistant type)
(2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

- (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Automotive Plug-in Relays



FEATURES

- **Small size and light weight**
For space saving, the outside dimensions of the main body are reduced to be 21.5 mm (length) × 14.4 mm (width) × 37 mm (height) (.846 × .567 × 1.457 inch) and the weight is also reduced to be approx. 19 g .67 oz (direct coupling 1 Form A, 1 Form B type)
- **Low operating power (1.4W) type is available (1 Form A, 1 Form B)**
- **Since the terminal arrangement complies with JIS D5011 B4-M1, commercial connectors are available for these types of relays.**
- **Superior inrush characteristics**
Despite its small size, 120A (max. 0.1 s) capacity has been achieved by using contacts that are good at withstanding inrush currents and because of an ingenious contacting mechanism.
(1 Form A and 1 Form B)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- **Motorcycles and automobiles**
Motorcycle cell motors, car air conditioners, halogen lamps, etc.
- **Agricultural equipment**
- **Battery equipped devices such as conveyance vehicles**

ORDERING INFORMATION

	CA	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	-	<input type="text"/>	-	<input type="text"/>	-	<input type="text"/>
Contact arrangement											
1a: 1 Form A											
1b: 1 Form B											
1: 1 Form C											
Protective construction											
Nil: Sealed type											
F: Dust cover type											
Nominal operating power											
Nil: Standard type (1.8 W)											
S: Low operating power type (1.4 W) (1 Form A, 1 Form B)											
Protective element											
Nil: None (Standard type)											
R: With resistor inside											
Coil voltage (DC)											
12 V, 24 V (1 Form C only)											
Mounting method											
A: Rubber bracket A type (1 Form A, 1 Form B)											
N: Screw mounting type											
C: Direct coupling type											
Classification by type											
Nil: 1 Form C											
5: 1 Form A or 1 Form B											

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Mounting type	Standard type		Low operating power type	
			Sealed type	Dust cover type	Sealed type	Dust cover type
			Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	12 V DC	Rubber bracket A	CA1a-12V-A-5	CA1aF-12V-A-5	CA1aS-12V-A-5	CA1aFS-12V-A-5
		Screw-mounting	CA1a-12V-N-5	CA1aF-12V-N-5	CA1aS-12V-N-5	CA1aFS-12V-N-5
		Direct coupling	CA1a-12V-C-5	CA1aF-12V-C-5	CA1aS-12V-C-5	CA1aFS-12V-C-5
1 Form B	12 V DC	Rubber bracket A	CA1b-12V-A-5	CA1bF-12V-A-5	CA1bS-12V-A-5	CA1bFS-12V-A-5
		Screw-mounting	CA1b-12V-N-5	CA1bF-12V-N-5	CA1bS-12V-N-5	CA1bFS-12V-N-5
		Direct coupling	CA1b-12V-C-5	CA1bF-12V-C-5	CA1bS-12V-C-5	CA1bFS-12V-C-5
1 Form C	12 V DC	Screw-mounting	CA1-12V-N	—	—	—
		Direct coupling	CA1-12V-C	—	—	—
	24 V DC	Screw-mounting	CA1-24V-N	—	—	—
		Direct coupling	CA1-24V-C	—	—	—

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs. Case: 200 pcs.

Note: Please use "CA**R-***" or CA**SR-***" with resistor inside type. (Asterisks " * " should be filled in from ORDERING INFORMATION.)

RATING

1. Coil data

	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Usable voltage range
Standard type 1 Form A and 1 Form B	12 V DC	Max. 8 V DC	0.6 to 6 V DC	150 mA	80Ω	1.8 W	10 to 16V DC
Low operating power type 1 Form A and 1 Form B	12 V DC	Max. 8 V DC	0.6 to 6 V DC	120 mA	100Ω	1.4 W	10 to 16V DC
1 Form C	12 V DC	Max. 8 V DC	Min. 0.6 V DC	150 mA	80Ω	1.8 W	10 to 15V DC
	24 V DC	Max. 16 V DC	Min. 1.2 V DC	75 mA	320Ω	1.8 W	20 to 30V DC

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

1) 12 V DC type

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
			1 Form A type	1 Form B type	1 Form C type
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form B	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ 3mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)		
	Contact voltage drop (after electrical life test)		Max. 0.3 V [by voltage drop 12 V DC 20 A (1.4 W type), 12 V DC 30 A (1.8 W type)]	Max. 0.3 V (by voltage drop 12 V DC 20 A)	Max. 0.4 V (by voltage drop 12 V DC 20 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		20 A 12V DC (1.4 W type) 30 A 12V DC (1.8 W type)	20 A 12 V DC	
	Max. carrying current (at coil applied voltage 14 V DC, 80°C 176°F)		20 A continuous (1.4 W type) 30 A for 1 min. (1.8 W type)	20 A continuous	20 A continuous
	Nominal operating power		1.4 W/1.8 W		1.8 W
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 14V DC		
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 10 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)		Min. 10 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (at nominal voltage) (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)		
Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (at nominal voltage) (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)			
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² {20G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	Rubber bracket A type: 50 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} Screw-mounting and direct coupling type: 33 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)		
		Destructive	Rubber bracket A type: 50 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} Screw-mounting and direct coupling type: 33 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours		
Expected life	Electrical (at nominal switching capacity)		Min. 10 ⁵ (operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF) (1.4 W and 1.8 W type at 20 A) Min. 2 × 10 ⁴ (operating frequency: 3s ON, 15s OFF) (1.8 W type at 30 A)	Min. 10 ⁵ (operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)	
	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 120 times/min.)		Min. 5 × 10 ⁵ (at 120 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -30°C to +80°C -22°F to +176°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. operating speed		15 times/min. (1.4 W type: at nominal load, 1.8 W type: at 20 A)	15 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Water-proof standard	Water-proof standard		Sealed type: JIS D 0203 S2, Dust cover type: JIS D 0203 R2		
Mass			Rubber bracket A type: 23 g .81 oz, Screw-mounting and direct coupling type: 19 g .67 oz		31 g 1.09 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

2) 24 V DC type

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
		1 Form C type	
Contact	Arrangement	1 Form C	
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Typ 3mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)	
	Contact voltage drop	Max. 0.4 V (after electrical life test, by voltage drop 24 V DC 10 A)	
	Contact material	Ag alloy (Cadmium free)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load) (operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)	10 A 24V DC	
	Max. carrying current	10 A continuous (at coil applied voltage 28 V DC, 80°C 176°F)	
	Nominal operating power	1.8 W	
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1	1 A 14V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 10 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	33 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	33 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Electrical (at nominal switching capacity)		Min. 10 ⁵ (operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)
	Mechanical		Min. 5 × 10 ⁵ (at 120 times/min.)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2 Ambient temperature: -30°C to +80°C -22°F to +176°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. operating speed		15 times/min. (nominal switching capacity)
Water-proof standard	Water-proof standard		JIS D 0203 S2
Mass	31 g 1.09 oz		

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

Electrical life

	Nominal coil voltage	Motor load (operating frequency ON: 2 s, OFF: 2 s)	Halogen lamp load (operating frequency ON: 1 s, OFF: 14 s)
1 Form A and 1 Form B type	12 V DC	Min. 10 ⁵ , 20 A 12 V DC	Min. 10 ⁵ , 20 A 12 V DC
1 Form C type	12 V DC	Min. 10 ⁵ , 20 A 12 V DC	Min. 10 ⁵ , 20 A 12 V DC
	24 V DC	Min. 10 ⁵ , 10 A 24 V DC	Min. 10 ⁵ , 6 A 24 V DC

REFERENCE DATA

1. Coil temperature rise

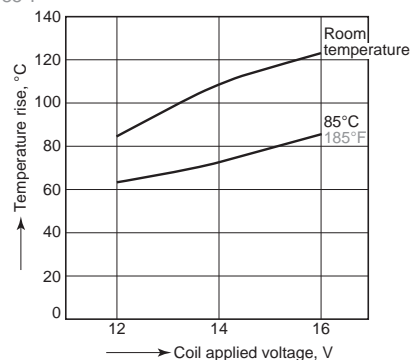
Samples: CA1aS-12V-N-5, 5pcs.

Measured portion: Inside the coil

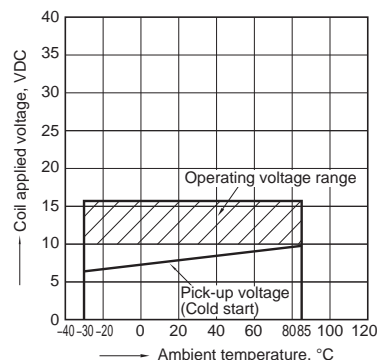
Contact carrying current: 20A

Ambient temperature: Room temperature, 85°C

185°F

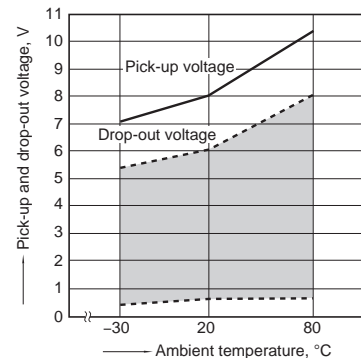


2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

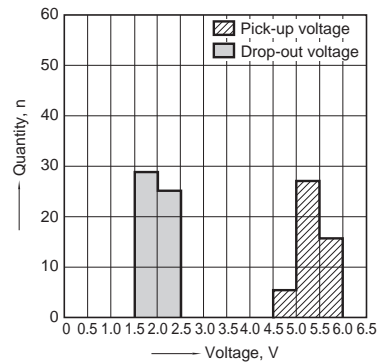


3. Ambient temperature characteristics (Cold start)

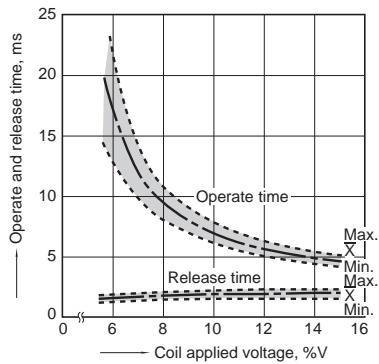
Samples: CA1bS-12V-N-5



4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Quantity: 50pcs.

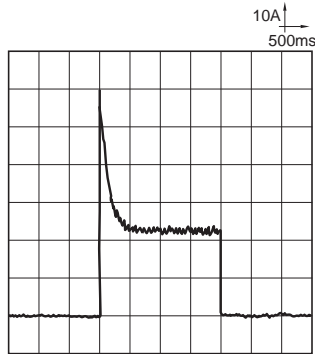


5. Operate and release time characteristics
Sample: CA1a-12V-N-5, 10pcs.

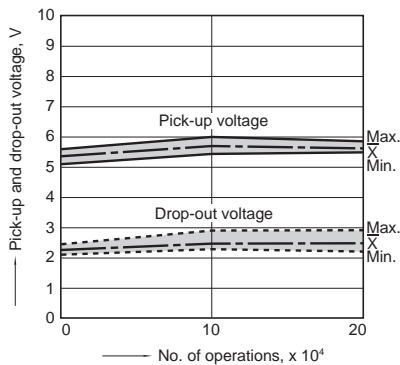


6.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor load)
Sample: CA1a-12V-C, 3pcs.
Load: Inrush current: 63A, steady current: 23A
Blower fan motor actual load (motor free)
Operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 2s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

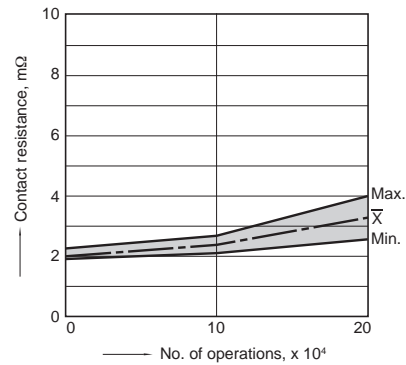
Load current waveform
Load: Inrush current: 63A, steady current: 23A,



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

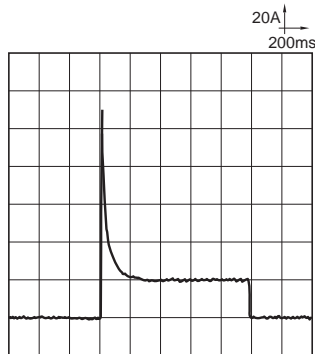


Change of contact resistance

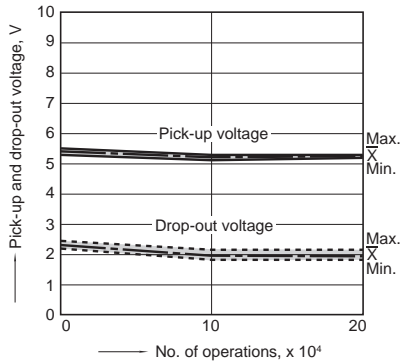


6.-(2) Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: CA1a-12V-C, 3pcs.
Load: 60Wx4, Inrush current: 110A, steady current: 20A
Halogen lamp actual load
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

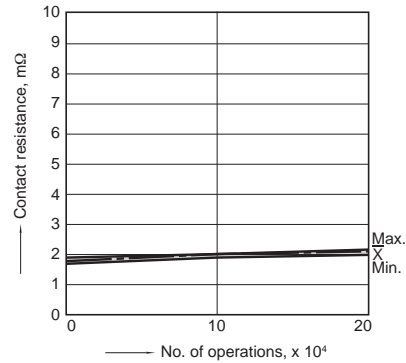
Load current waveform
Load: Inrush current: 110A, steady current: 20A,



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



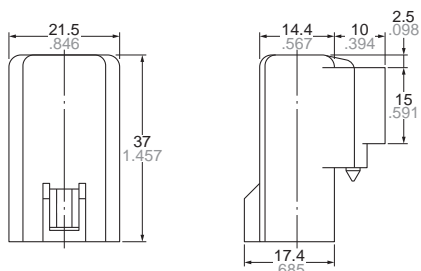
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

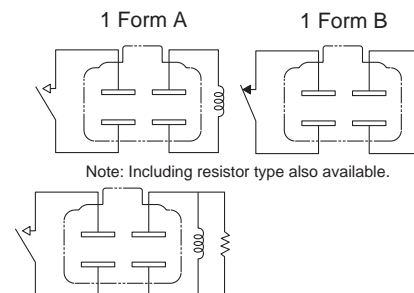
1. 1 Form A/1 Form B Rubber bracket A type



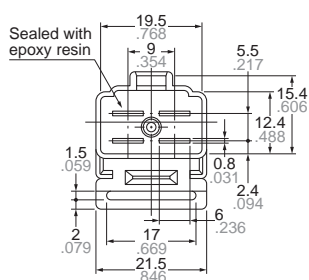
External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom View)



Including resistor
(1 Form A)



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

General tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

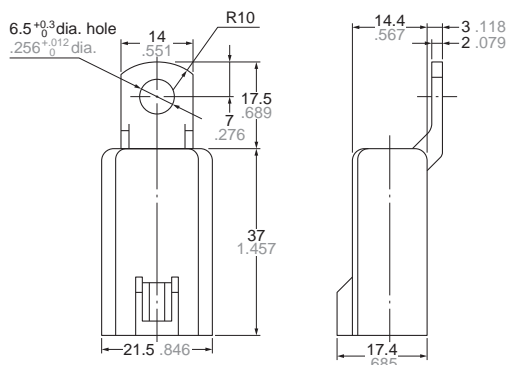
$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

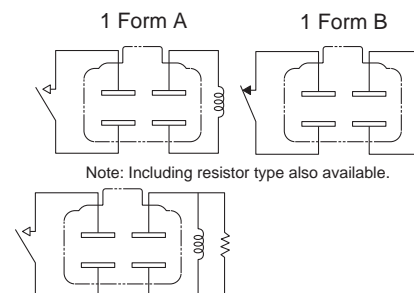
2. 1 Form A/1 Form B Screw-mounting type



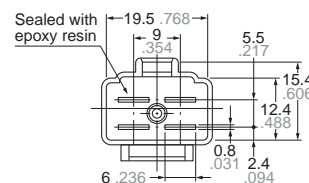
External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom View)



Including resistor
(1 Form A)



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

General tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

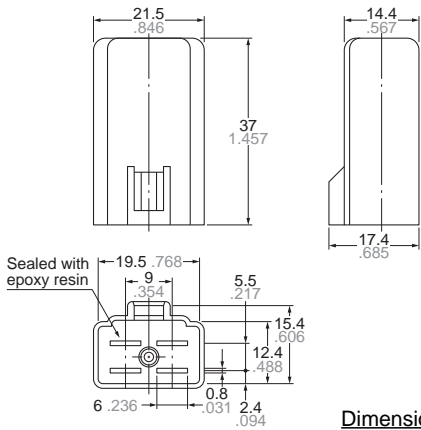
$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

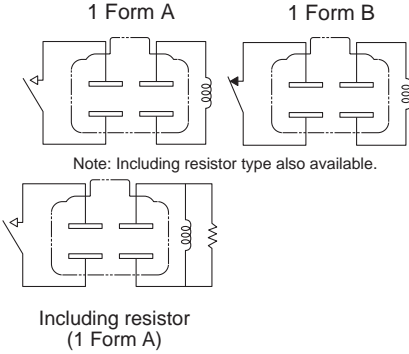
3. 1 Form A/1 Form B
Direct coupling type



External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom View)

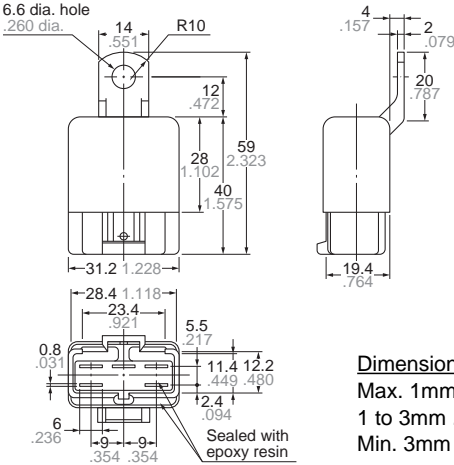


Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

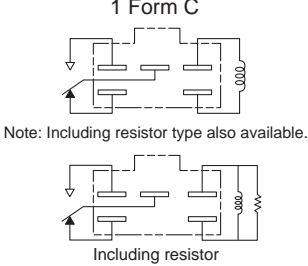
4. 1 Form C
Screw-mounting type



External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom View)

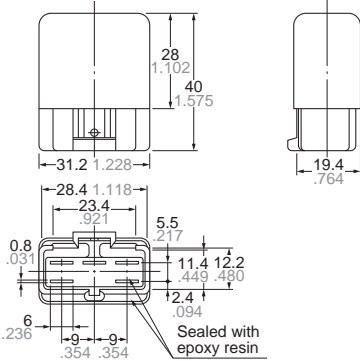


Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

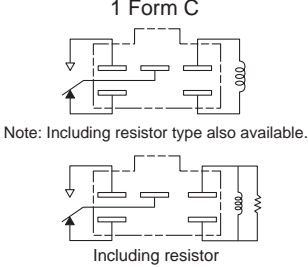
5. 1 Form C
Direct coupling type



External dimensions

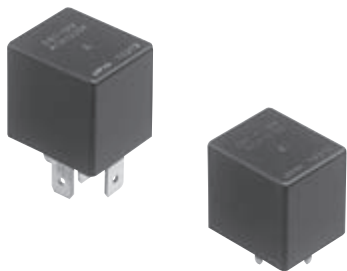


Schematic (Bottom View)



Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



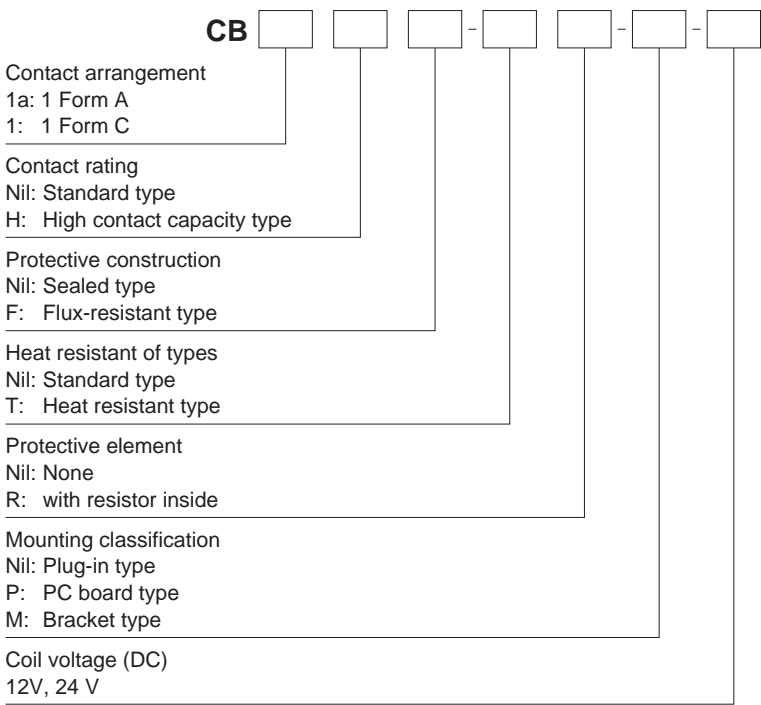
FEATURES

- This relay has an Mini-ISO (International Organization for Standardization) terminal arrangement.
- Relay is compact and high capacity (40 A).
Compact form factor realized with space saving 22 × 26 mm .866 × 1.024 inch small base area thanks to integrated bobbin and base construction. Features high switching capacity of 40 A
- Features high thermal resistance of 125°C 257°F (heat resistant type).
Heat resistant type is available that can withstand use near engines. (40 A switching capacity)
- Built-in resistor type is also available.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Automobiles
Headlights, Cell motors, Air conditioners, ABS, EPS, etc.
- Construction equipment
- Agricultural equipment, Conveyor, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

1. Standard type

Contact arrangement	Mounting classification	Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type	Flux-resistant type
			Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	PC board type	12V DC	CB1a-P-12V	CB1aF-P-12V
		24V DC	CB1a-P-24V	CB1aF-P-24V
	Plug-in type	12V DC	CB1a-12V	CB1aF-12V
		24V DC	CB1a-24V	CB1aF-24V
	Bracket type	12V DC	CB1a-M-12V	CB1aF-M-12V
		24V DC	CB1a-M-24V	CB1aF-M-24V
1 Form C	PC board type	12V DC	CB1-P-12V	CB1F-P-12V
		24V DC	CB1-P-24V	CB1F-P-24V
	Plug-in type	12V DC	CB1-12V	CB1F-12V
		24V DC	CB1-24V	CB1F-24V
	Bracket type	12V DC	CB1-M-12V	CB1F-M-12V
		24V DC	CB1-M-24V	CB1F-M-24V
High contact capacity (1 Form A)	PC board type*	12V DC	CB1aH-P-12V	CB1aHF-P-12V
		24V DC	CB1aH-P-24V	CB1aHF-P-24V
	Plug-in type	12V DC	CB1aH-12V	CB1aHF-12V
		24V DC	CB1aH-24V	CB1aHF-24V
	Bracket type	12V DC	CB1aH-M-12V	CB1aHF-M-12V
		24V DC	CB1aH-M-24V	CB1aHF-M-24V

Standard packing; Carton: 50 pcs. Case: 200 pcs.
Note: Please use "CB***R**" to order with resistor inside type. (Asterisks "*" should be filled in from ORDERING INFORMATION.)

2. Heat resistant type

Contact arrangement	Mounting classification	Nominal coil voltage	Sealed type	Flux-resistant type
			Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	PC board type	12V DC	CB1a-T-P-12V	CB1aF-T-P-12V
		24V DC	CB1a-T-P-24V	CB1aF-T-P-24V
	Plug-in type	12V DC	CB1a-T-12V	CB1aF-T-12V
		24V DC	CB1a-T-24V	CB1aF-T-24V
	Bracket type	12V DC	CB1a-T-M-12V	CB1aF-T-M-12V
		24V DC	CB1a-T-M-24V	CB1aF-T-M-24V
1 Form C	PC board type	12V DC	CB1-T-P-12V	CB1F-T-P-12V
		24V DC	CB1-T-P-24V	CB1F-T-P-24V
	Plug-in type	12V DC	CB1-T-12V	CB1F-T-12V
		24V DC	CB1-T-24V	CB1F-T-24V
	Bracket type	12V DC	CB1-T-M-12V	CB1F-T-M-12V
		24V DC	CB1-T-M-24V	CB1F-T-M-24V
High contact capacity (1 Form A)	PC board type*	12V DC	CB1aH-T-P-12V	CB1aHF-T-P-12V
		24V DC	CB1aH-T-P-24V	CB1aHF-T-P-24V
	Plug-in type	12V DC	CB1aH-T-12V	CB1aHF-T-12V
		24V DC	CB1aH-T-24V	CB1aHF-T-24V
	Bracket type	12V DC	CB1aH-T-M-12V	CB1aHF-T-M-12V
		24V DC	CB1aH-T-M-24V	CB1aHF-T-M-24V

Standard packing; Carton: 50 pcs. Case: 200 pcs.
Note: Please use "CB***R**" to order with resistor inside type. (Asterisks "*" should be filled in from ORDERING INFORMATION.)

RATING

1. Coil data

1) No protective element

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage	Drop-out voltage	Nominal operating current	Coil resistance	Nominal operating power	Usable voltage range
1 Form A, 1 Form C	12V DC	3 to 7V DC	1.2 to 4.2V DC	117mA	103Ω	1.4W	10 to 16V DC
	24V DC	6 to 14V DC	2.4 to 8.4V DC	75mA	320Ω	1.8W	20 to 32V DC
High contact capacity (1 Form A)	12V DC	3 to 7V DC	1.2 to 4.2V DC	117mA	103Ω	1.4W (PC board type)	10 to 16V DC
				150mA	80Ω	1.8W	
	24V DC	6 to 14V DC	2.4 to 8.4V DC	58mA	411Ω	1.4W (PC board type)	20 to 32V DC
				75mA	320Ω	1.8W	

Note: Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2) With resistor inside

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (Initial, at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (Initial, at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current (at 20°C 68°F)	Combined resistance (±10%) (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
1 Form A, 1 Form C	12V DC	3 to 7V DC	1.2 to 4.2V DC	134mA	89.5Ω	1.6W	10 to 16V DC
	24V DC	6 to 14V DC	2.4 to 8.4V DC	84mA	287.2Ω	2.0W	20 to 32V DC

2. Specifications

1) Standard type (12 V coil voltage)

Characteristics	Item		Specification		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C	High contact capacity (1 Form A)
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ2mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)		
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (Initial)		40A 14V DC	N.O.: 40A 14V DC N.C.: 30A 14V DC	70A 14V DC (at 20°C 68°F) 50A 14V DC (at 85°C 185°F)
	Max. carrying current (Initial) (14V DC, at 85°C 185°F, continuous)		N.O.: 40A	N.O.: 40A, N.C.: 30A	N.O.: 40A
	Nominal operating power		1.4W	1.4W	1.8W (1.4W: PC board type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1A 14V DC		
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 20 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)		
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
	Operate time (at nominal coil voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)		
	Release time (at nominal coil voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 15ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² {20G}		
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G}		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s ² {4.5G}		
		Destructive	10 Hz to 2,000 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s ² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X. Y. Z direction: 4 hours		
Expected life	Electrical (at nominal switching capacity)		Flux-resistant type: Min. 10 ⁶ , Sealed type: Min. 5×10 ⁴ (Operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)		
	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 120 times/min.)		
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Standard type; Ambient temperature: −40 to +85°C −40 to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
			Heat resistant type; Ambient temperature: −40 to +125°C −40 to +257°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. operating speed		15 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)		
Mass			Approx. 33 g 1.16 oz		

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

2) Standard type (24 V coil voltage)

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C	High contact capacity (1 Form A)
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 15mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)		
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (Initial)		20A 28V DC	N.O.: 20A 28V DC N.C.: 10A 28V DC	20A 28V DC
	Max. carrying current (Initial) (28V DC, at 85°C 185°F, continuous)		20A	N.O.: 20A, N.C.: 10A	20A
	Nominal operating power		1.8W	1.8W	1.8W, 1.4W (PC board type)

Note: All other specifications are the same as those of standard type (12 V coil voltage)

3) Heat resistant type (12 V and 24 V coil voltage)

Characteristics	Item	Specifications					
		12V			24V		
Contact	Arrangement	1 Form A	1 Form C	High contact capacity (1 Form A)	1 Form A	1 Form C	High contact capacity (1 Form A)
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 15mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)					
	Contact material	Ag alloy (Cadmium free)					
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (Initial)	40A 14V DC	N.O.: 40A 14V DC N.C.: 30A 14V DC	40A 14V DC	20A 28V DC	N.O.: 20A 28V DC N.C.: 10A 28V DC	20A 28V DC
	Max. carrying current (Initial) (at 85°C 185°F, continuous)*	50A 14V DC	N.O.: 50A 14V DC N.C.: 30A 14V DC	45A 14V DC 50A 14V DC	25A 28V DC	N.O.: 25A 28V DC N.C.: 10A 28V DC	25A 28V DC
	Nominal operating power	1.4W	1.4W	1.8W 1.4W (PC board type)	1.8W	1.8W	1.8W, 1.4W (PC board type)

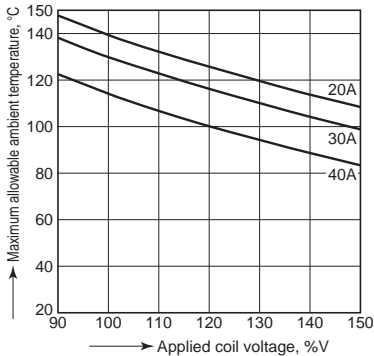
Notes: 1. All other specifications are the same as those of standard type (12 V coil voltage)

2. *Current value in which carry current is possible when the coil temperature is 180°C 356°F

REFERENCE DATA

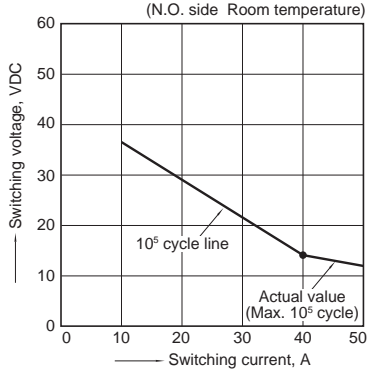
CB RELAYS (Standard type)

1. Allowable ambient temperature
(Heat resistant standard type)

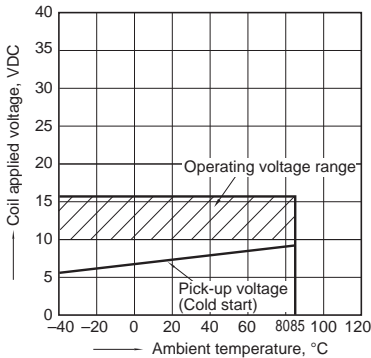


Assumption:
• Maximum mean coil temperature: 180°C
• Curves are based on 1.4W (Nominal power consumption of the unsuppressed coil at nominal voltage)

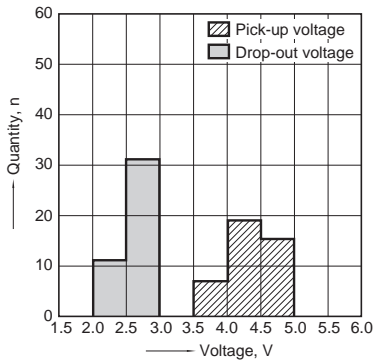
2. Max. switching capability (Resistive load)
(Standard type)



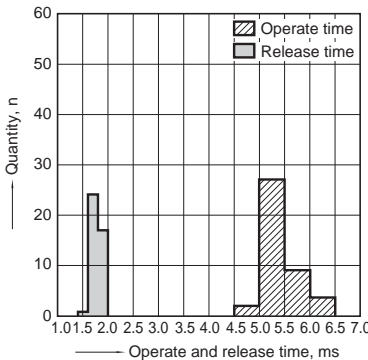
3. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range
(Standard type)



4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: CB1-P-12V, 42pcs.

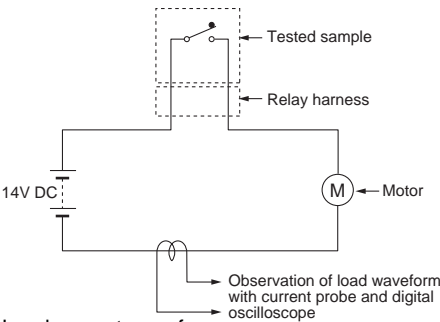


5. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: CB1-P-12V, 42pcs.

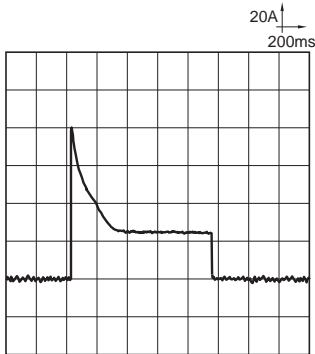


6. Electrical life test (Motor free)

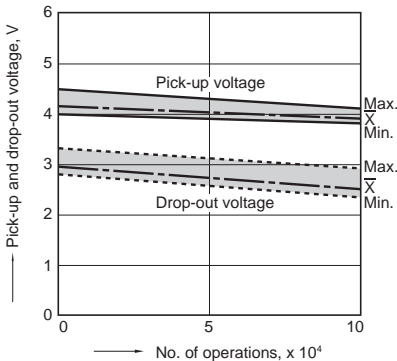
Sample: CB1F-12V, 5pcs.
Load: 25A 14V DC, motor free actual load
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 9s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit



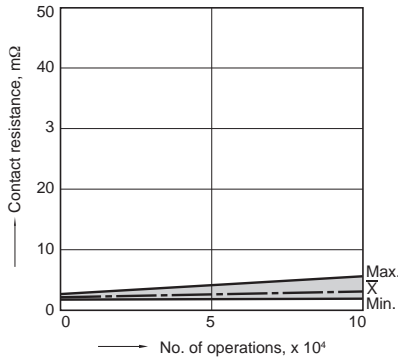
Load current waveform
Inrush current: 80A, Steady current: 25A



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

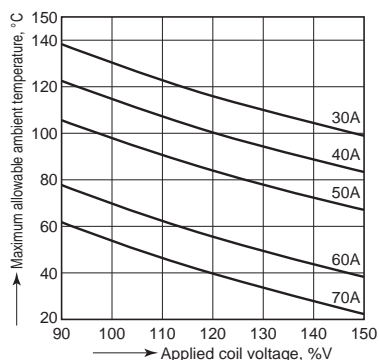


Change of contact resistance



CB RELAYS (High contact capacity type)

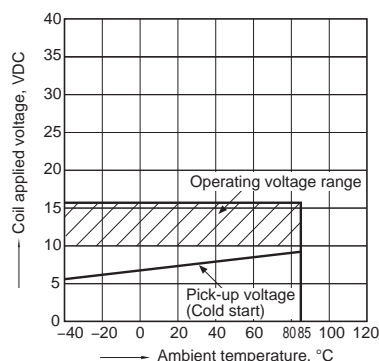
1. Allowable ambient temperature
(High resistant/high contact capacity type)



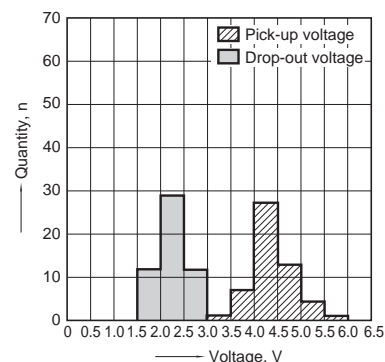
Assumption:

- Maximum mean coil temperature: 180°C
- Curves are based on 1.4W (Nominal power consumption of the unsuppressed coil at nominal voltage)

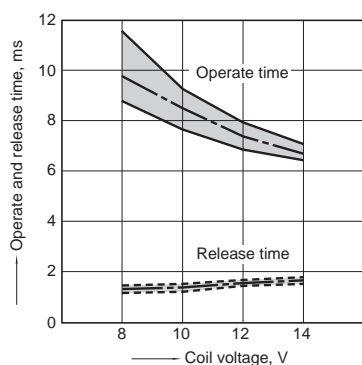
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range
(High contact capacity/standard type)



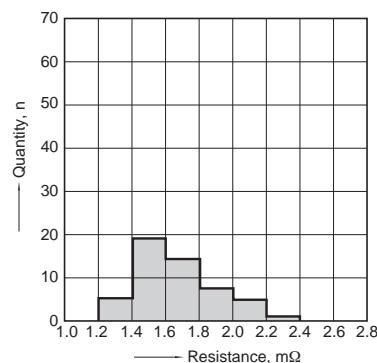
3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: CB1aHF-12V, 53pcs.



4. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: CB1aHF-12V, 53pcs.

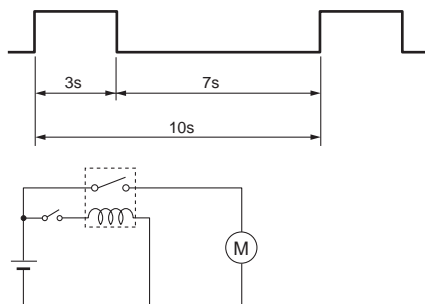


5. Contact resistance
Sample: CB1aHF-12V, 53pcs.
(By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)



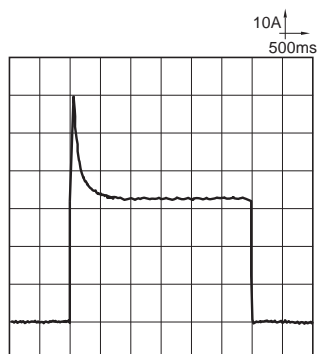
6. Electrical life test (Motor free)

Sample: CB1aH-12V, 3pcs.
Load: Inrush current: 64A/Steady current: 35A
Fan motor actual load (motor free) 12V DC
Operating frequency: ON 3s, OFF 7s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Circuit

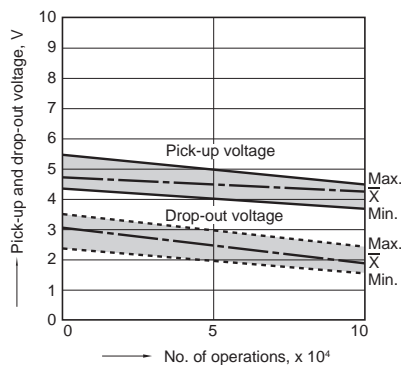


Load current waveform

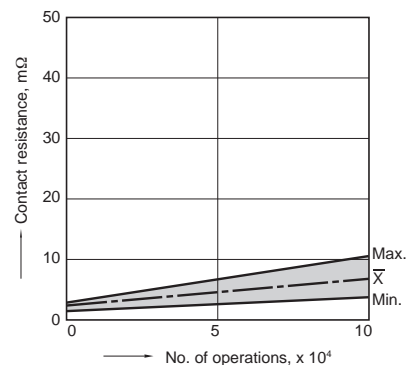
Inrush current: 64A, Steady current: 35A



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



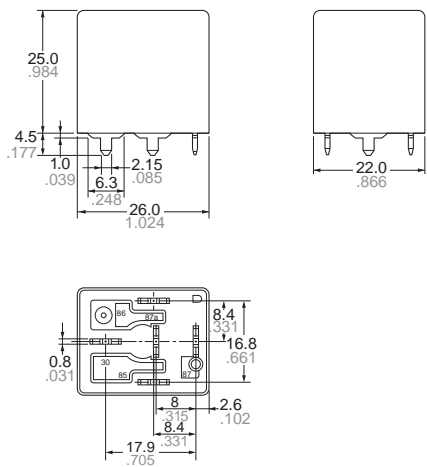
Change of contact resistance



1. PC board type

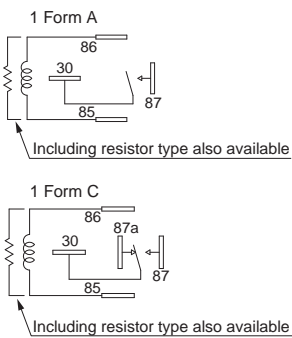


External dimensions

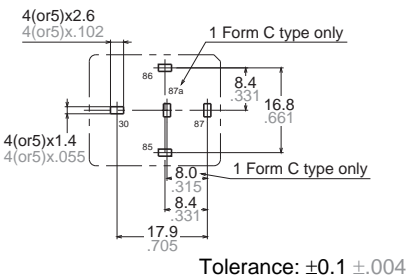


Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)



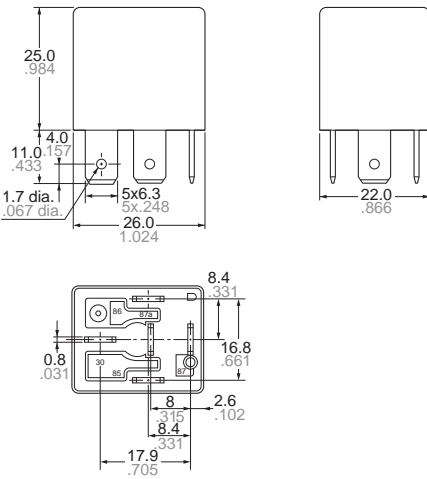
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



2. Plug-in type

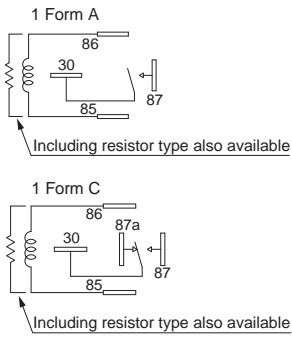


External dimensions



Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

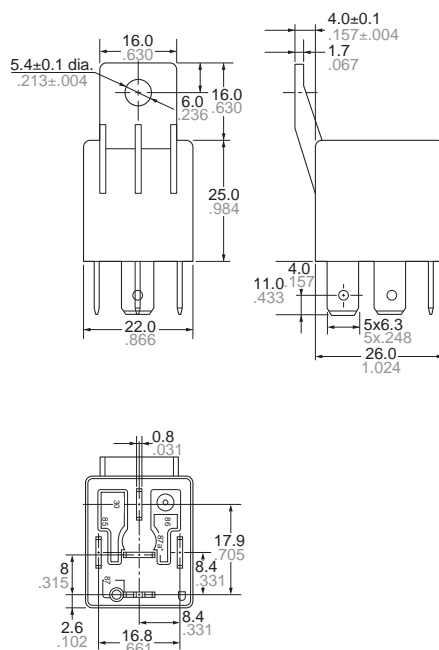
Schematic (Bottom view)



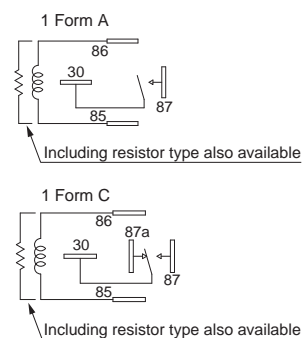
3. Bracket type



External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)

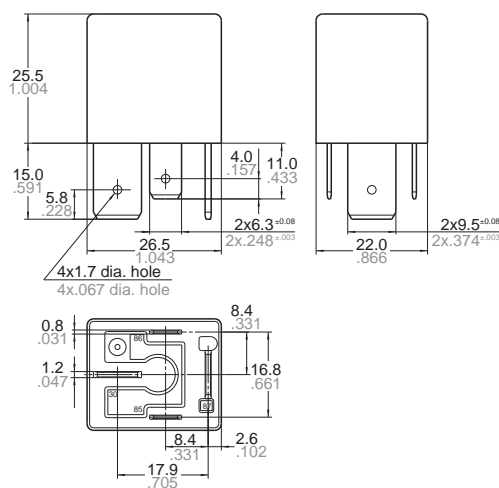


Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

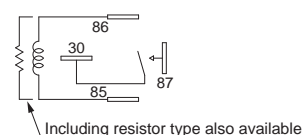
4. High contact capacity type (1 Form A) (Plug-in type)



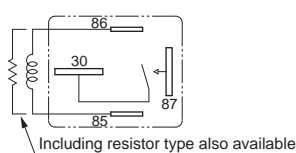
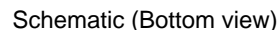
External dimensions



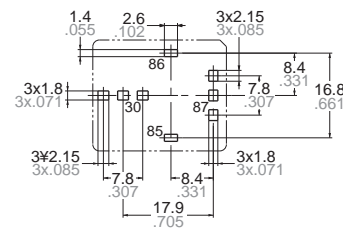
Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

* Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

<u>Dimension:</u>	<u>General tolerance</u>
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

1. Soldering

Max. 350°C 662°F (solder temperature),
within 3 seconds (soldering time)
The effect on the relay depends on the
actual PC board used. Please verify the
PC board to be used.

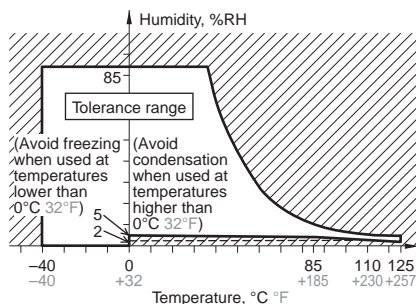
2. Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

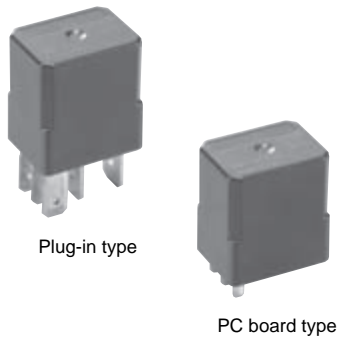
(1) Temperature: -40 to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$ (Standard type)
 -40 to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+257^{\circ}\text{F}$ (High heat-resistant type)

(2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

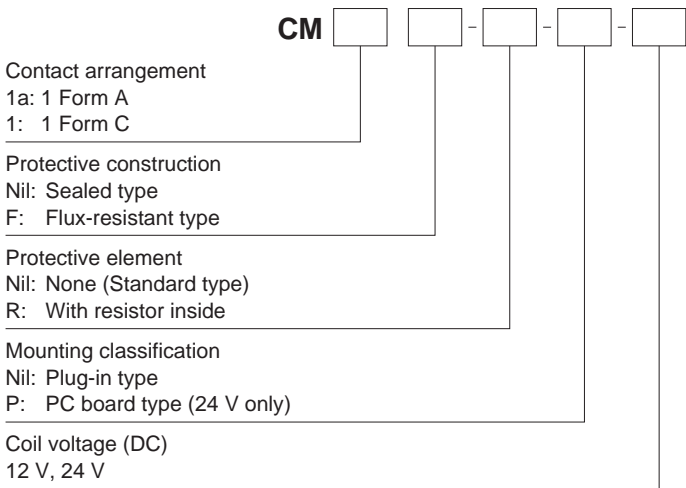
- **Micro-ISO type terminals**
- **Small size:**
20 mm(L)×15 mm(W)×22 mm(H)
.787 inch(L)×.591 inch(W)×.866 inch(H)
- **Wide line-up**
PC board and Plug-in type, Resistor inside type.
24V DC type is also available.
- **Compact and high-capacity 35A load switching**
N.O.: 35A 14V DC, N.C.: 20A 14V DC (Sealed type)
Min. 5 × 10⁴
N.O.: 35A 14V DC, N.C.: 20A 14V DC (Flux-resistant type)
Min. 10⁵ *12V DC type

- **Uses international standard ISO terminal arrangement.**
The ISO international standard terminal arrangement is used.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Fan motor
- Heater
- Head lump
- Air Compressor
- ABS
- Blower fan
- Defogger, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Standard type

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Plug-in type		PC board type	
		Sealed type	Flux-resistant type	Sealed type	Flux-resistant type
		Part No.	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
1 Form A	12 V DC	CM1a-12V	CM1aF-12V	—	—
	24 V DC	CM1a-24V	CM1aF-24V	CM1a-P-24V	CM1aF-P-24V
1 Form C	12 V DC	CM1-12V	CM1F-12V	—	—
	24 V DC	CM1-24V	CM1F-24V	CM1-P-24V	CM1F-P-24V

Standard packing; Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.
Note: Please use "CM**R-***" built-in resistor type. (Asterisks " * " should be filled in from ORDERING INFORMATION.)

CM

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Usable voltage range
12 V DC	3 to 7 V DC	1.2 to 4.2 V DC	125 mA	96Ω	1.5 W	10 to 16V DC
24 V DC	6 to 14 V DC	2.4 to 8.4 V DC	75 mA	320Ω	1.8 W	20 to 32V DC

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications			
			12 V DC		24 V DC	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C	1 Form A	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ 2mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)			
	Contact voltage drop (after electrical life test)		N.O.: Max. 0.5 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 35 A)	N.O.: Max. 0.5 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 35 A) N.C.: Max. 0.3 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 20 A)	N.O.: Max. 0.3 V (By voltage drop 28 V DC 15 A)	N.O.: Max. 0.3 V (By voltage drop 28 V DC 15 A) N.C.: Max. 0.2 V (By voltage drop 28 V DC 8 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)			
	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 35 A 14V DC	N.O.: 35 A 14V DC N.C.: 20 A 14V DC	N.O.: 15 A 28V DC	N.O.: 15 A 28V DC N.C.: 8 A 28V DC
Rating	Max. carrying current (at 85°C 185°F, continuous)		N.O.: 20 A 14V DC	N.O.: 20 A 14V DC N.C.: 10 A 14V DC	N.O.: 15 A 28V DC	N.O.: 15 A 28V DC N.C.: 8 A 28V DC
	Nominal operating power		1.5 W, 1.7 W (with resistor inside type)		1.8 W, 2.0 W (with resistor inside type)	
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 12V DC		1 A 24V DC	
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 20 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as “Breakdown voltage” section.)			
Electrical characteristics	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)			
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)			
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)			
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² {20G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)			
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)			
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}			
		Destructive	10 Hz to 2,000 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours			
Expected life	Mechanical (at 120 times/min.)		Min. 10 ⁶			
	Electrical (operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)		Flux-resistant type: Min. 10 ⁵ , Sealed type: Min. 5 × 10 ⁴			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F*3, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106 kPa			
Mass			Approx. 20 g .71 oz			

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

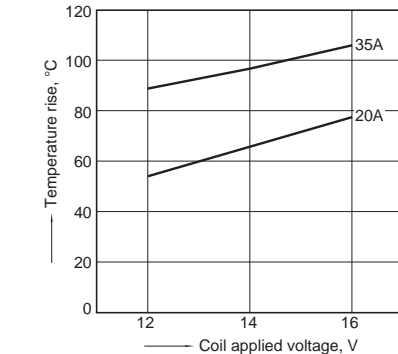
*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

*3. Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere.

REFERENCE DATA

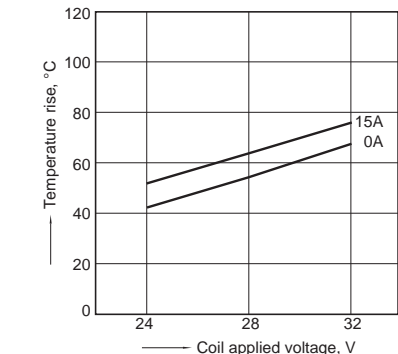
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (12V type, 85°C 185°F)

Sample: CM1F-12V, 3 pcs.
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 20A, 35A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

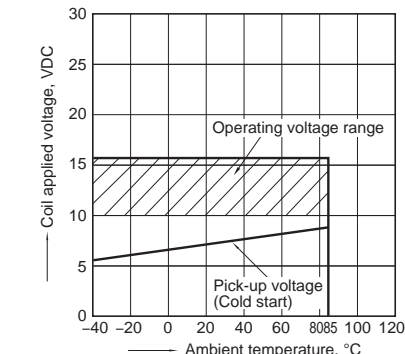


1.-(2) Coil temperature rise (24V type, 85°C 185°F)

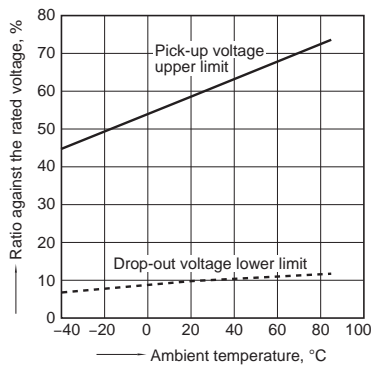
Sample: CM1F-24V, 4 pcs.
Measured portion: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 0A, 15A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



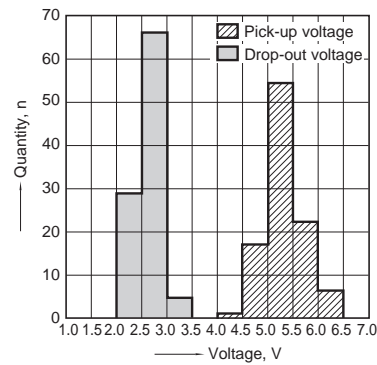
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range (12V type)



3. Ambient temperature characteristics (Cold/initial)



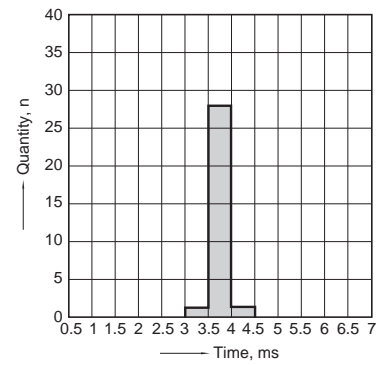
4. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage Sample: CM1F-12V, 100pcs.



5. Distribution of operate time

Sample: CM1F-12V, 30pcs.

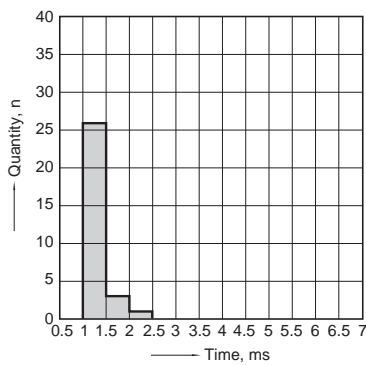
* Max. 10ms standard (excluding contact bounce)



6. Distribution of release time

Sample: CM1F-12V, 30pcs.

* Max. 10ms standard (excluding contact bounce)



7.-(1) Electrical life test (Motor free)

Sample: CM1aF-R-12V, 6pcs.

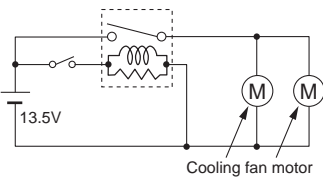
Load: 16 A 13.5 V DC

Cooling fan motor actual load (free condition)

Operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 6s

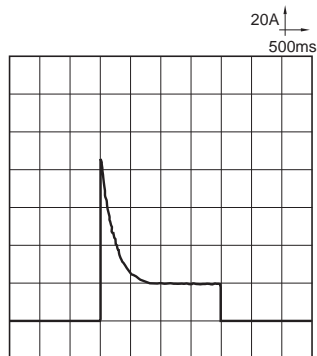
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

Circuit

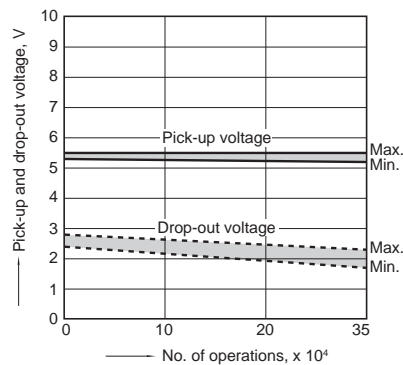


Load current waveform

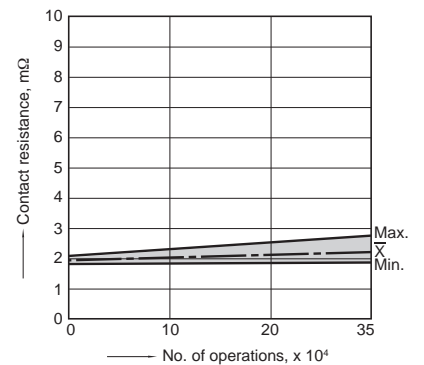
Inrush current: 85A, Steady current: 18A,



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

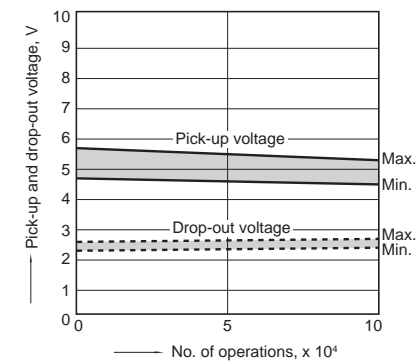


Change of contact resistance

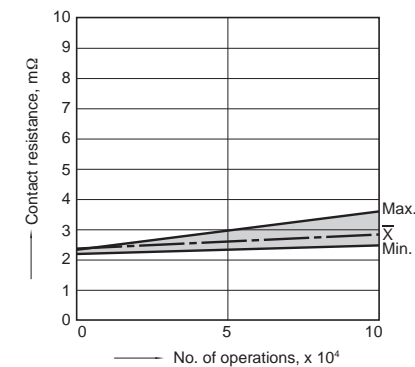


7.-(2) Electrical life test (Halogen lamp load)
Sample: CM1aF-R-12V, 6pcs.
Load: 20A 13.5V DC
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

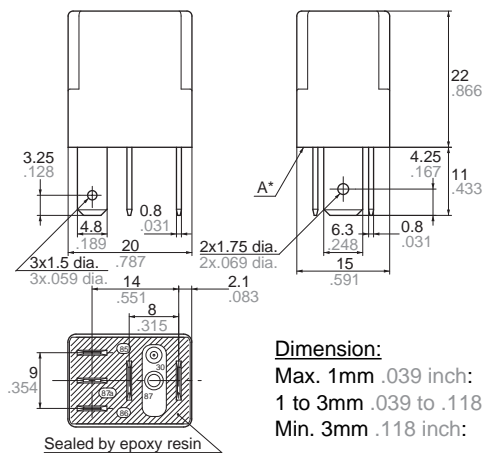


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Plug-in type (1 Form C)

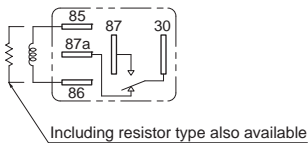
External dimensions



Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

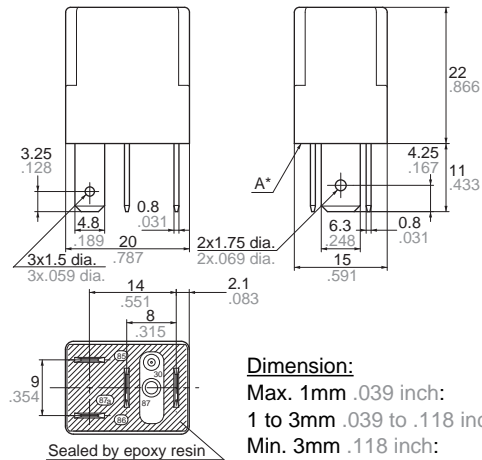
* Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Schematic (Bottom view)



2. Plug-in type (1 Form A)

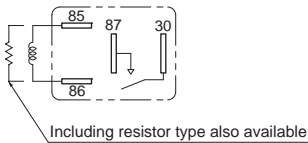
External dimensions



Dimension:	General tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	±0.1 ±.004
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	±0.2 ±.008
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	±0.3 ±.012

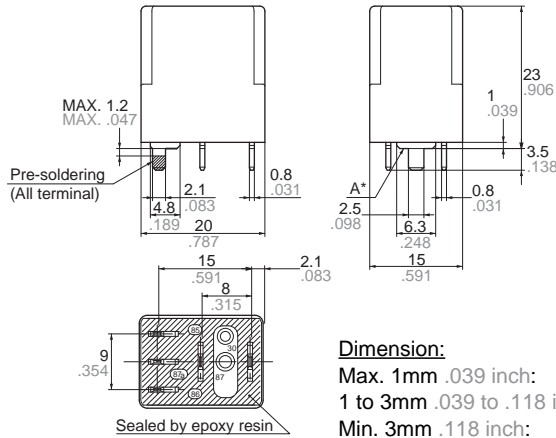
* Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

Schematic (Bottom view)



3. PC board type (1 Form C) *24V only

External dimensions



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.08$

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

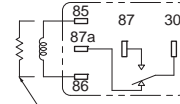
General tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

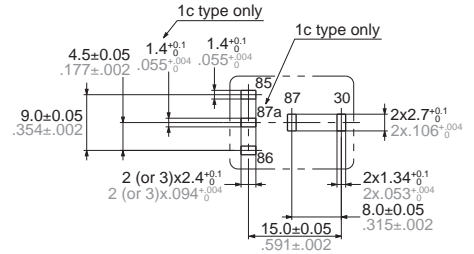
$\pm 0.2 \pm 0.08$

$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

Schematic (Bottom view)



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

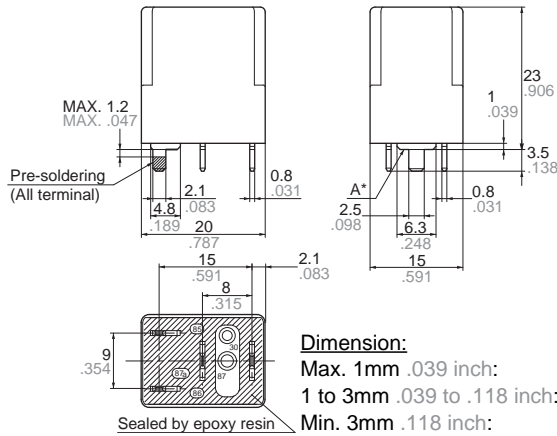


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

4. PC board type (1 Form A) *24V only

External dimensions



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.08$

Min. 3mm .118 inch:

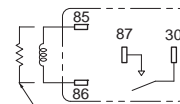
General tolerance

$\pm 0.1 \pm 0.04$

$\pm 0.2 \pm 0.08$

$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

Schematic (Bottom view)



* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering.
Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

NOTES

1. Soldering

Max. 350°C 662°F (solder temperature),
within 3 seconds (soldering time)

The effect on the relay depends on the
actual PC board used. Please verify the
PC board to be used.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



Micro ISO
1 Form C type



Micro ISO
1 Form A type

FEATURES

- **Low profile:**

22.5 mm(L)×15 mm(W)×15.7 mm(H)
.886 inch(L)×.591 inch(W)×.618 inch(H)

- **Low temperature rise**

Terminal temperature has been reduced compared with using our conventional product

- **Low sound pressure level**

Noise level has been reduced approx.10dB compared with using our conventional product.

- **Wide line-up**

Micro ISO terminal types and resistor inside type.

- **Plastic sealed type**

Plastically sealed for automatic cleaning.

- **Compact and high-capacity 20A load switching**

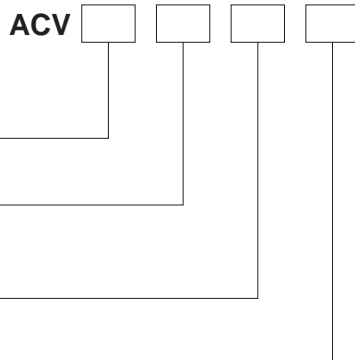
N.O.: 20A 14V DC, N.C.: 10A 14V DC

(Max. carrying current: at 85°C 185°F)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Headlights
- Magnetic clutches
- Radiator fans
- Blowers
- Fog lamps
- Tail lights
- Heaters
- Defoggers
- Horns
- Condenser fans, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



Contact arrangement

1: 1 Form C

3: 1 Form A

Mounting classification

1: Micro ISO plug-in type

Protective element

0: None (Standard type)

2: With resistor inside

Coil voltage, DC

12: 12 V

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Protective construction	Mounting classification	Part No.
1 Form A	12 V DC	Sealed type	Micro ISO plug-in type	ACV31012
1 Form C			Micro ISO plug-in type	ACV11012

Note: Please use "ACV**212" to order built-in resistor type. (Asterisks " *" should be filled in from ORDERING INFORMATION.)

Standard packing; Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range (at 85°C 185°F)
12V DC	Max. 7.0 V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.6 V DC (Initial)	67 mA, 84 mA (with resistor)	180Ω, 142.3Ω (with resistor)	0.8 W, 1.0 W (with resistor)	10 to 16V DC

Note: * Other pick-up voltage types are also available. Please contact us for details.

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ 3mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)	
	Contact voltage drop (after electrical life test)		N.O.: Max. 0.2 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 20 A)	N.O.: Max. 0.2 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 20 A) N.C.: Max. 0.5 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 10 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 20 A 14V DC	N.O.: 20 A 14V DC, N.C.: 10 A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (at 85°C 185°F, continuous)		N.O.: 20 A 14V DC	N.O.: 20 A 14V DC N.C.: 10 A 14V DC
	Nominal operating power		0.8 W, 1.0 W (built-in resistor type)	
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 12V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 20 MΩ (at 500V DC)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)	
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 120 times/min.)	
	Electrical (at nominal switching capacity)		Min. 10 ⁶ (operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F*3, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), air pressure: 86 to 106kPa	
Mass			Approx. 15 g .53 oz	

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

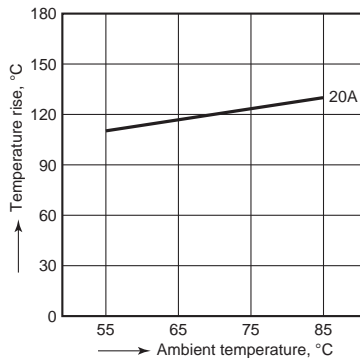
*3. Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere.

* Regarding solder, this product is not MIL (Military Standard) compliant. Please evaluate solder mounting by the actual equipment before using.

REFERENCE DATA

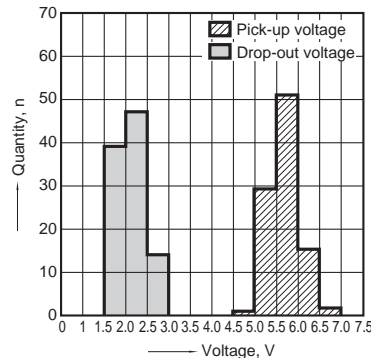
1. Coil temperature rise (20A)

Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 20A
Coil applied voltage: 13.5V



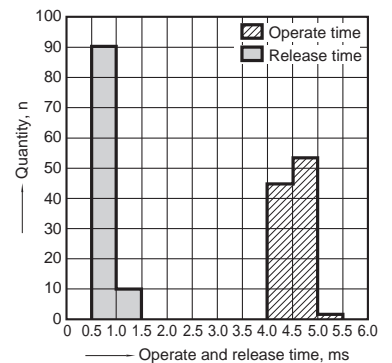
2. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACV11012, 100pcs

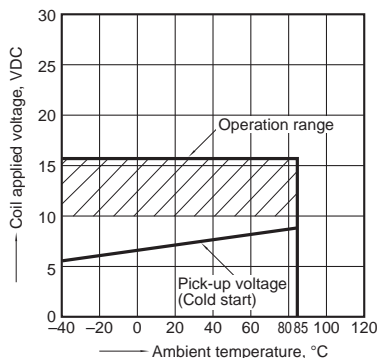


3. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACV11012, 100pcs.



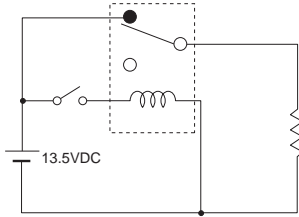
4. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



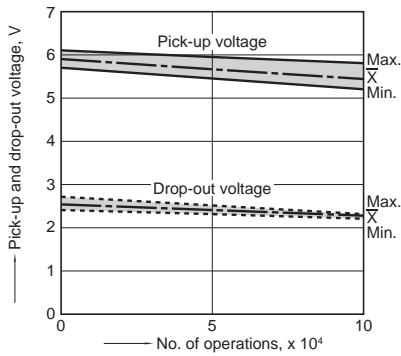
CV (ACV)

5-(1). Electrical life test (Resistive load)
Sample: ACV11012, 3pcs.
Load: Resistive load (NC switching) 10A
Switching frequency: ON 1s, OFF 1s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

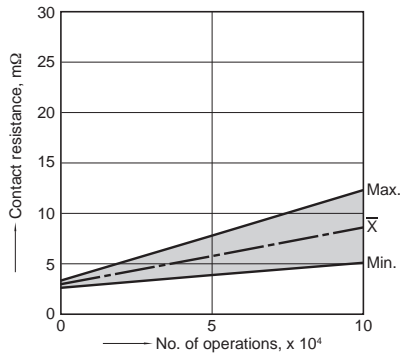
Circuit



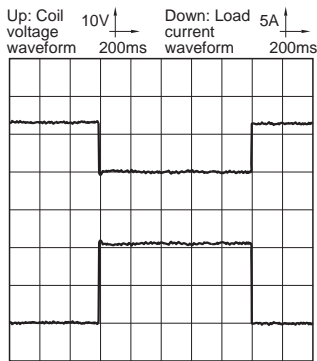
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance

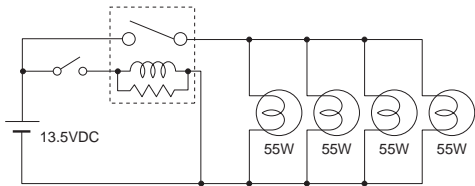


Load current waveform

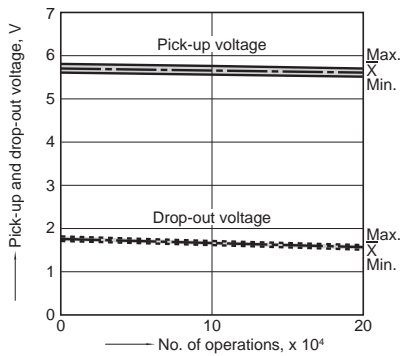


5-(2). Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: ACV31212, 3pcs.
Load: 55Wx4, inrush: 90A/steady: 20A,
lamp actual load
Switching frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

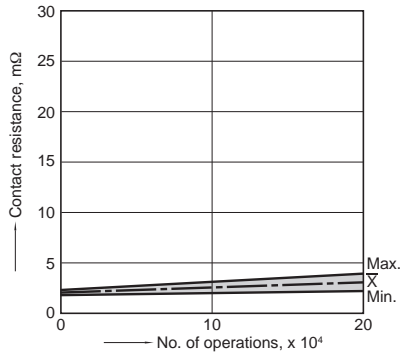
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

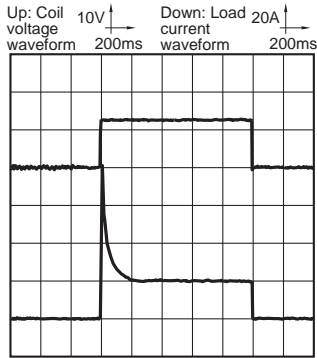


Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform

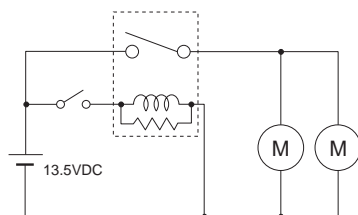
Inrush current: 90A, steady current: 20A



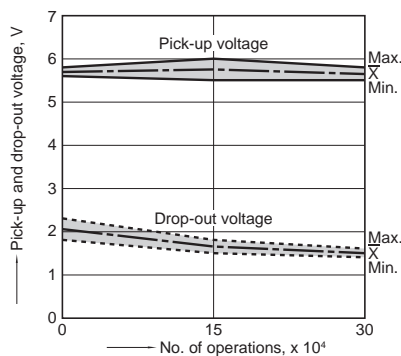
5-(3). Electrical life test (Motor load)

Sample: ACV31212, 3pcs.
 Load: inrush: 80A/steady: 18A,
 radiator fan actual load (motor free)
 Switching frequency: ON 2s, OFF 6s
 Ambient temperature: Room temperature

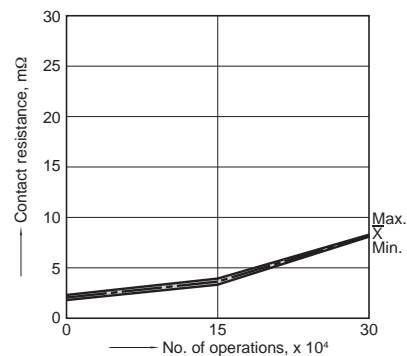
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

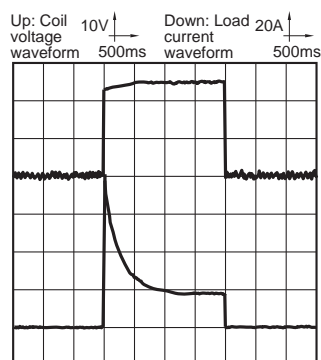


Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform

Inrush current: 80A, steady current: 18A

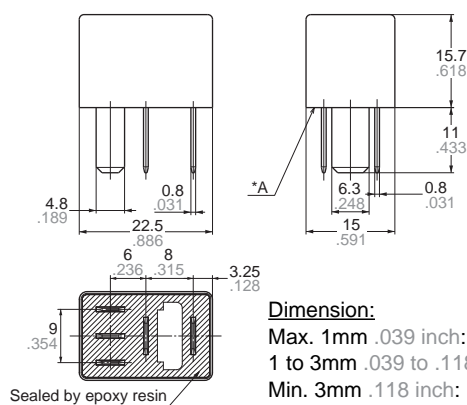


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Micro ISO plug-in type

External dimensions



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch:

1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

Min. 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Tolerance

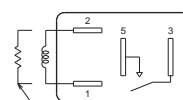
$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$

$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

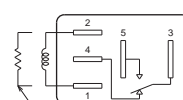
Schematic (Bottom view)

1 Form A



Including resistor type also available

1 Form C



Including resistor type also available

Note: Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



Micro ISO 1 Form A type

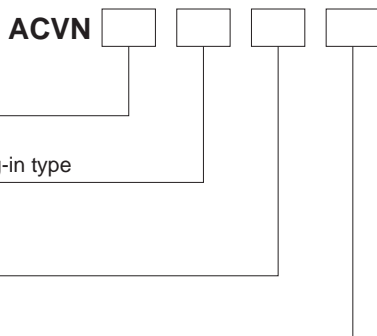
FEATURES

- Low profile automotive relays for Micro-ISO terminal
- Compact and high-capacity load switching
- Plastic sealed type

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Headlights
- Magnetic clutches
- Radiator fans
- Blowers
- Fog lamps
- Tail lights
- Heaters
- Defoggers
- Horns
- Condenser fans, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Protective construction	Mounting classification	Part No.
1 Form A	12 V DC	Plastic sealed type	Micro ISO plug-in type	ACVN51012

Note: Please use "ACVN**2**" to order with resistor inside type. (Asterisks " * " should be filled in from ORDERING INFORMATION.)
Standard packing; Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 200 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range (at 85°C 185°F)
12V DC	Max. 7.0 V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.5 V DC (Initial)	66.7 mA, 74.7 mA (with resistor)	180Ω, 160.7Ω (with resistor)	0.8 W, 0.9 W (with resistor)	10 to 16V DC

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ 3mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact voltage drop (Initial)		N.O.: Max. 0.5 V (By voltage drop 14 V DC 35 A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 35 A 14V DC
	Max. carrying current (at 85°C 185°F, continuous)		N.O.: 20 A 14V DC
	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)		0.8 W, 0.9 W (with resistor inside type)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1 (at 20°C 68°F)		1 A 14V DC
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 20 MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10ms (Initial)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 100 m/s ² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁶ (at 120 times/min.)
	Electrical	<Resistive load> Min. 10 ⁶ (at nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: 2s ON, 2s OFF)	
		<Motor load> Min. 3 × 10 ⁵ (at 84 A (inrush), 18 A (steady), 14 V DC), Operating frequency: 2s ON, 5s OFF	
		<Lamp load> Min. 2 × 10 ⁵ (at 84 A (inrush), 12 A (steady), 14 V DC), Operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F*3, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), air pressure: 86 to 106kPa
Mass			Approx. 12 g .42 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

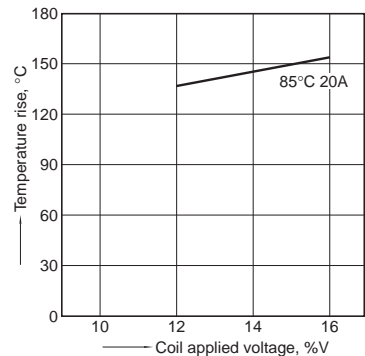
*2. The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

*3. Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere.

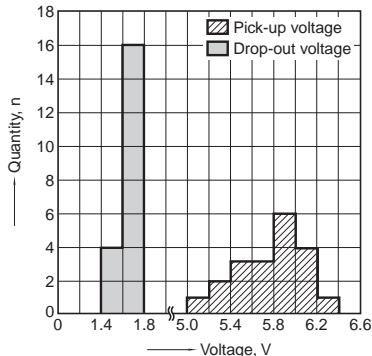
CV-N (ACVN)

REFERENCE DATA

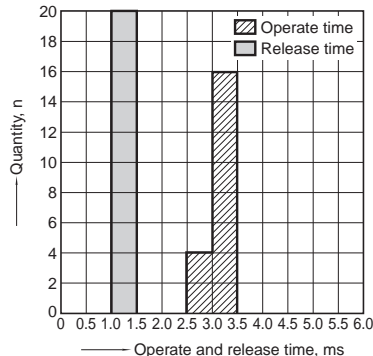
1. Coil temperature rise
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 20A
Coil applied voltage: 12V, 14V, 16V
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



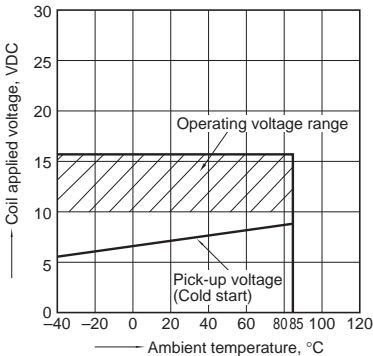
2. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage
Sample: ACVN51012, 20pcs



3. Distribution of operate and release time
Sample: ACVN51012, 20pcs.

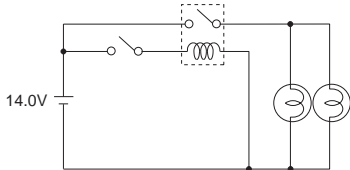


4. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

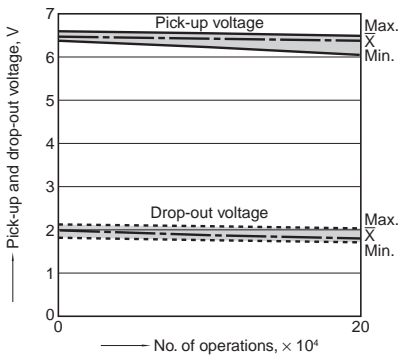


5.-(1) Electrical life test (Lamp load)
Sample: ACVN51012, 3pcs.
Load: 60W×2 (halogen lamp load), Inrush: 84A/ steady: 12A
Switching frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

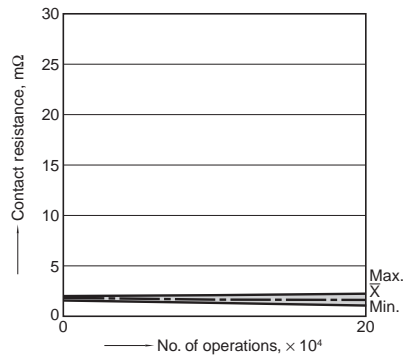
Circuit



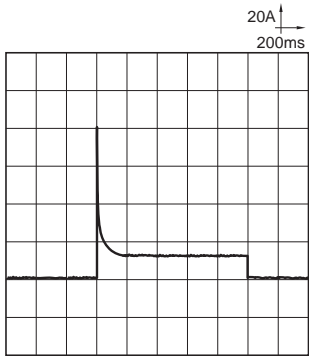
Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



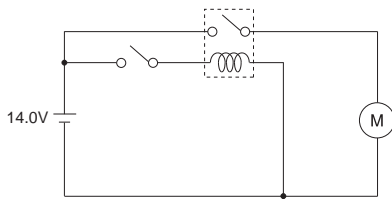
Load current waveform
Inrush current: 84A, steady current: 12A



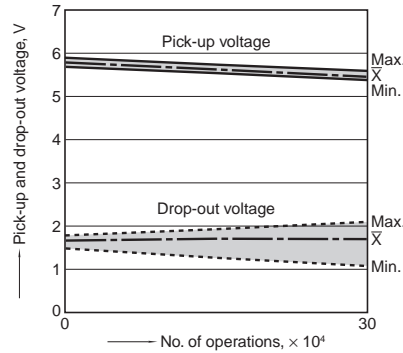
5.-(2) Electrical life test (Motor load)

Sample: ACVN51012, 3pcs.
Inrush: 80A/steady: 18A,
radiator fan motor (motor free)
Switching frequency: ON 1s, OFF 4s
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F

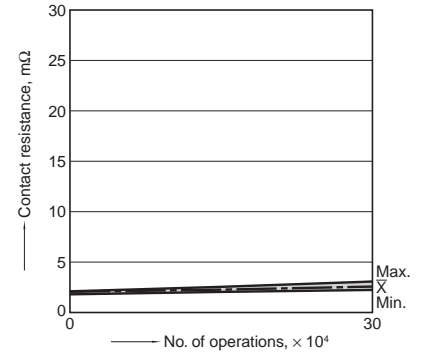
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

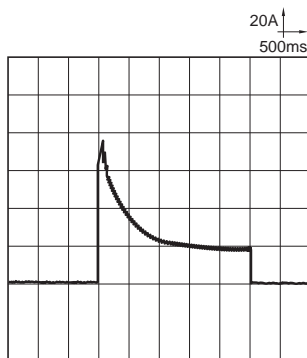


Change of contact resistance



Load current waveform

Inrush current: 80A, steady current: 18A

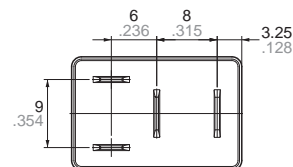
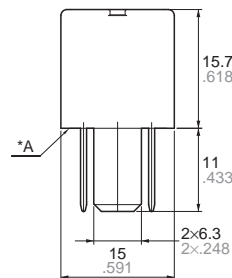
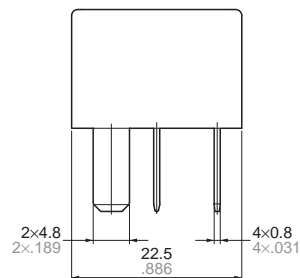


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

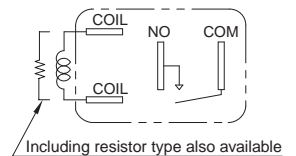
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. Micro ISO plug-in type

External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:

Max. 1mm .039 inch: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: $\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Tolerance

Note: Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

High Current/High Voltage Automotive Relays



FEATURES

- **Ideal relay for high output 3-phase motors (EPS)**

2-path cut-off (2 Form A) using single coil for 3-phase motors

- **High cut-off current capability**

High cut-off current performance (12V) using 2-point cut-off configuration

- **High carrying current performance**

High capacity achieved through use of high conductivity material

- **Highly heat resistance properties**

High heat resistance (at 125°C 257°F) through use of high heat resistance plastic

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- **To 3-phase motor EPS unit (for failsafe circuit)**

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ACW	2	
Contact arrangement 2: 2 Form A			
Coil voltage (DC) 12: 12 V			

TYPES

Contact arrangement	Coil voltage	Part No.
2 Form A	12 V DC	ACW212

Standard packing; Carton: 40 pcs.; Case: 160 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12V DC	Max. 6.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 0.5 V DC (Initial)	117 mA	103Ω	1.4 W	10 to 16V DC

CW (ACW)

2. Specifications

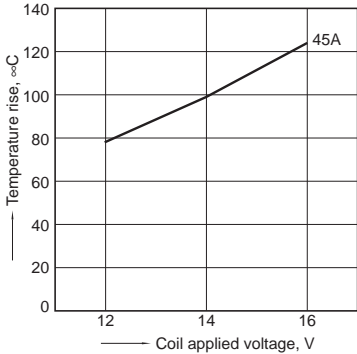
Characteristics	Item		Specifications
Contact	Arrangement		2 Form A
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typ. 1.2 mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (at carrying current)		120 A 14V DC for 5 seconds (at 20°C 68°F)
			70 A 14V DC for 1 minute (at 85°C 185°F)
			45 A 14V DC for continuous (at 85°C 185°F)
	Nominal operating power		1.4 W
Electrical characteristics	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*1		1 A 14V DC (at 20°C 68°F)
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100 MΩ (at 500V DC)
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 20ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 20ms (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial) (without protective element)
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² {approx. 20G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs) (12 V DC applied to the coil, at 20°C 68°F)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² {approx. 100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {approx. 4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs) (12 V DC applied to the coil, at 20°C 68°F)
		Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1 m/s ² {approx. 4.5G}, Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 2 × 10 ⁶ (at 60 times/min.)
	Electrical (at cut off only)		200 A 14V DC (resistive load), Min. 3 times (without diode)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: −40°C to +125°C −40°F to +257°F, Humidity: 5% R.H. to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass			Approx. 26 g .92 oz

Notes:
*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2.The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to “6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions” in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

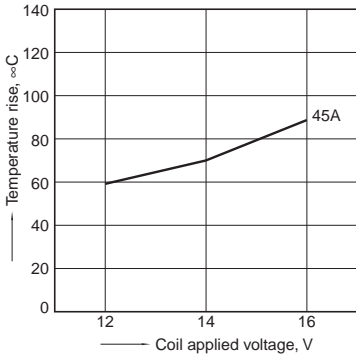
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (25°C 77°F)

Sample: ACW212, 3pcs
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 45A
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



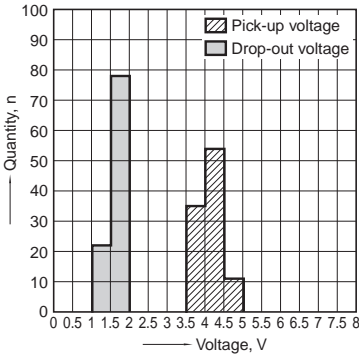
1.-(1) Coil temperature rise (85°C 185°F)

Sample: ACW212, 3pcs
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: 45A
Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F



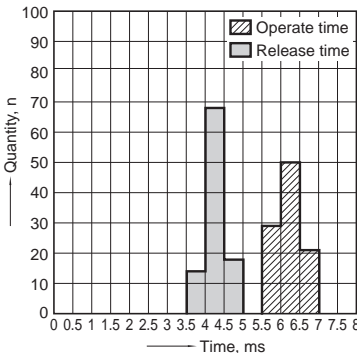
2. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Sample: ACW212, 100pcs



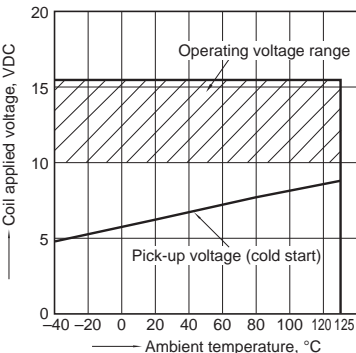
3. Distribution of operate and release time

Sample: ACW212, 100pcs.



4. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

range



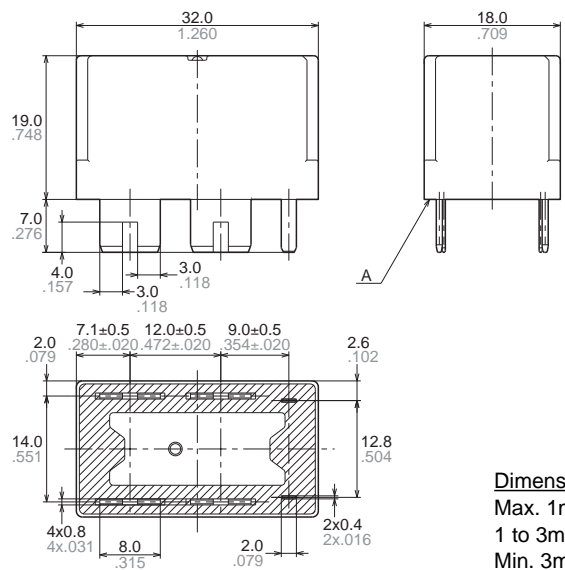
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

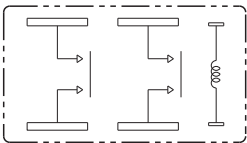
CAD Data



External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)



Dimension:	Tolerance
Max. 1mm .039 inch:	$\pm 0.1 \pm .004$
1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch:	$\pm 0.2 \pm .008$
Min. 3mm .118 inch:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

* Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

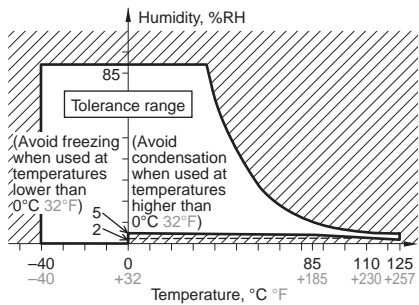
NOTES

1. Mounting method

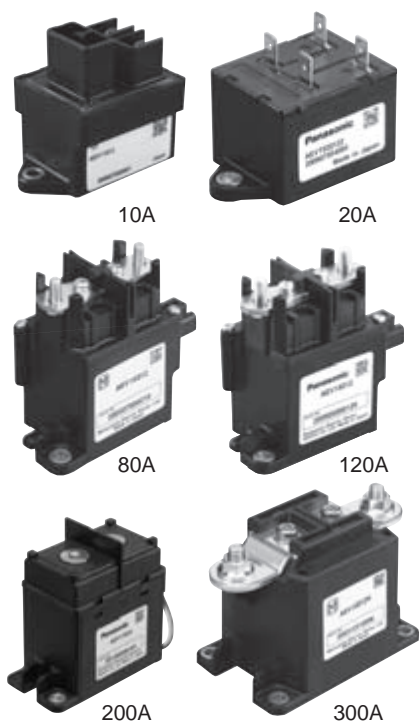
These relays are designed for mounting by welding. Soldering cannot be used for mounting.

2. Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
 - (1) Temperature: -40 to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+257^{\circ}\text{F}$
 - (2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)
 - (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPaThe humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- 1. Compact and lightweight**
Charged with hydrogen gas for high arc cooling capacity, short gap cutoff has been achieved at high DC voltages.
- 2. Safety**
High safety achieved with construction that prevents explosions by keeping the arc from leaking.
- 3. High contact reliability**
Since the contact portion is sealed in hydrogen gas, there is no contact oxidation. The relay is also dustproof.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High DC voltage applications such as
- Electric vehicle
 - Hybrid vehicle
 - Fuel-cell vehicle
 - Battery charge and discharge systems
 - Construction equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

	AEV	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	0	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Contact arrangement						
1: 1 Form A (Screw terminal, 10A TM, with terminal protection cover)						
5: 1 Form A (20A TM type)						
Contact rating						
1: 10 A						
2: 20 A						
8: 80 A						
4: 120 A						
7: 200 A						
9: 300 A						
Coil voltage						
12: 12V DC						
24: 24V DC						
Coil terminal structure						
Nil: Plug-in (Faston) (for 20 A type), Connector (for 80 A, 120 A and 300 A), Lead wire (for 200 A)						
2: Plug-in (Faston) (for 10 A type with terminal protection cover)						

TYPES

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Contact arrangement	Part number
10 A	12 V DC	1 Form A	AEV110122
20 A			AEV52012
80 A			AEV18012
120 A			AEV14012
200 A			AEV17012
300 A			AEV19012
10 A	24 V DC	1 Form A	AEV110242
80 A			AEV18024
120 A			AEV14024
200 A			AEV17024
300 A			AEV19024

Standard packing; Carton: 25pcs. Case: 100pcs (for 10 A type)

Carton: 25pcs. Case: 50pcs (for 20 A type)

Carton: 1pc. Case: 20pcs (for 80 A type)

Carton: 1pc. Case: 20pcs (for 120 A type)

Carton: 1pc. Case: 10pcs (for 200 A type)

Carton: 1pc. Case: 5pcs (for 300 A type)

RATING

1. Coil data

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage
10 A	12 V DC	Max. 9 V DC	Min. 1 V DC	0.103 A	1.24 W	16 V DC
20 A		Max. 9 V DC	Min. 0.5 V DC	0.327 A	3.9 W	
80 A		Max. 9 V DC	Min. 1 V DC	0.353 A	4.2 W	
120 A		Max. 9 V DC	Min. 1 V DC	0.353 A	4.2 W	
200 A		Max. 9 V DC	Min. 1 V DC	0.500 A	6.0 W	
300 A		Max. 9 V DC	Min. 2 V DC	3.2 A (Inrush)	37.9 W (Inrush, approx. 0.1 sec.) 3.6 W (Stable)	
10 A	24 V DC	Max. 18 V DC	Min. 2 V DC	0.052 A	1.24 W	32 V DC
80 A		Max. 18 V DC	Min. 2 V DC	0.176 A	4.2 W	
120 A		Max. 18 V DC	Min. 2 V DC	0.176 A	4.2 W	
200 A		Max. 18 V DC	Min. 2 V DC	0.250 A	6.0 W	
300 A		Max. 18 V DC	Min. 4 V DC	1.85 A (Inrush)	44.4 W (Inrush, approx. 0.1 sec.) 3.8 W (Stable)	

EV (AEV)

2. Specifications

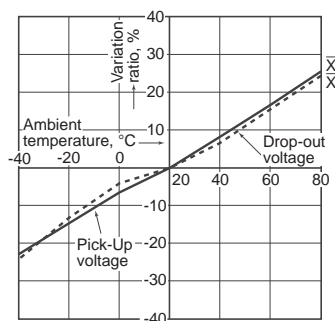
Characteristics	Item		Specifications					
			10A type	20A type	80A type	120 A type	200 A type	300 A type
Contact rating	Contact arrangement		1 Form A					
	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10A 400V DC	20A 400V DC	80A 400V DC	120A 400V DC (Carry current)	200A 400V DC	300A 400V DC
	Short term current		15A 2min, 30A 30sec (2mm²)	40A 10min, 60A 1min (3mm²)	120A 15min, 180A 2min (15mm²)	225A 3min, 400A 30sec. (38mm²)	300A 15min, (60mm²)	400A 10min, 600A 1min. (100mm²)
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*¹		1A 12V DC*¹	1A 12V DC*¹	1A 12V DC*¹	1A 12V DC*¹	1A 12V DC*¹	1A 24V DC*¹
	Max. cut-off current*⁵		—	—	800A 300V DC (Min. 1 cycle)*², ⁵	1,200A 300V DC (Min. 1 cycle)*², ⁵	2,000A 350V DC (Min. 1 cycle)*², ⁵	2,500A 300V DC (Min. 3 cycles)*³, ⁵
	Overload opening/closing rating*⁵		30A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*², ⁵	60A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*², ⁵	120A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*², ⁵	800A 300V DC (Min. 5 cycles)*², ⁵ 120A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*², ⁵	—	600A 400V DC (Min. 300 cycles)
	Reverse direction cut-off*⁵		—	—	–120A 200V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*², ⁵	–120A 200V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*², ⁵	–200A 200V DC (Min. 1,000 cycles)*², ⁵	–300A 200V DC (Min. 100 cycles)
	Contact voltage drop (Initial)		Max. 0.5V (By voltage drop 6 V DC 10A)	Max. 0.2V (By voltage drop 6 V DC 20A)	Max. 0.067V (By voltage drop 6 V DC 20A)	Max. 0.03V (By voltage drop 6 V DC 20A)	Max. 0.1V (200 A Carry current)	Max. 0.06V (300 A Carry current)
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500 V DC, Measurement at same location as “Initial breakdown voltage” section.)					
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,500Vrms/min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
		Between contact and coil	2,500Vrms/min. (Detection current: 10mA)					
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)					
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 30ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, without diode.)					
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 196m/s² {20 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)	For ON: Min. 196m/s² {20 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs) For OFF: Min. 98m/s² {10 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)				
		Destructive	Min. 490 m/s² {50 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)					
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 200 Hz, Min.43 m/s² {4.4 G} (Detection time: 10μs)					
		Destructive	10 to 200 Hz, Min.43 m/s² {4.4 G} (Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours)					
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 10⁵	Min. 2×10⁵				
	Electrical (resistive load)		10A 400V DC Min. 75,000*²	20A 400V DC Min. 3,000*²	80A 400V DC Min. 1,000*²	30A 400V DC Min. 3,000*²	200A 400V DC Min. 3,000*²	300A 400V DC Min. 1,000
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage		Ambient temperature: –40 to +80°C –40 to +176°F (Storage: Max. 85°C 185°F), Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			Ambient temperature: –40 to +85°C –40 to +185°F (Storage: Max.85°C 185°F), Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
Mass (Approx.)			90 g 3.17 oz	180 g 6.35 oz	400 g 14.11 oz	400 g 14.11 oz	600 g 21.16 oz	750 g 26.46 oz

Notes:
*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. The electrical load performance value for the 10A, 20A, 80A, 120A and 200A types applies when a varistor is connected in parallel to the coil. Please be warned that working life will be reduced when a diode is used.
*3. Condition: Nominal switching 10 cycles, each cut-off 2,500 A
*4. The coil voltage 12 V DC type and 24 V DC type have the same specifications.
*5. at L/R ≤ 1ms
*6. Refer to “6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions” in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

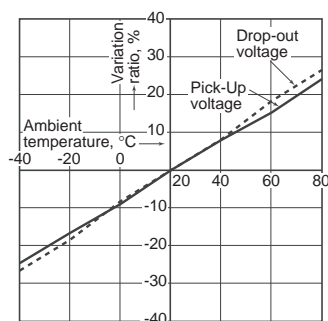
1.-(1) Ambient temperature characteristics (10 A type)

Sample: EV relay 10 A, 3 pcs.



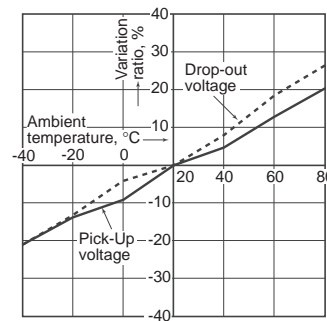
1.-(2) Ambient temperature characteristics (20 A type)

Sample: EV relay 20 A, 3 pcs.



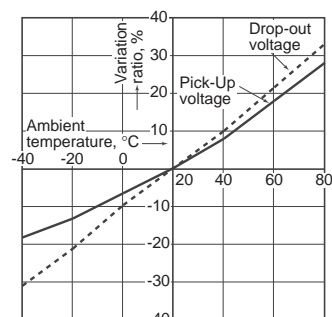
1.-(3) Ambient temperature characteristics (80 A type)

Sample: EV relay 80 A, 3 pcs.



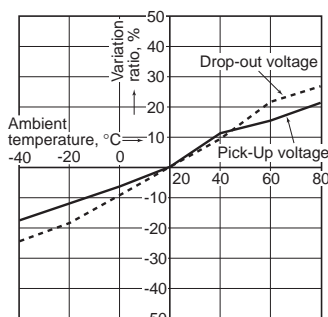
1.-(4) Ambient temperature characteristics (120 A type)

Sample: EV relay 120 A, 3 pcs.



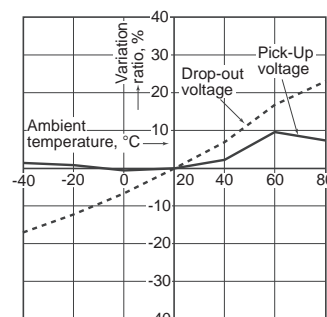
1.-(5) Ambient temperature characteristics (200 A type)

Sample: EV relay 200 A, 3 pcs.

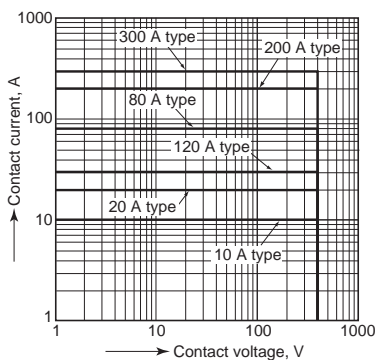


1.-(6) Ambient temperature characteristics (300 A type)

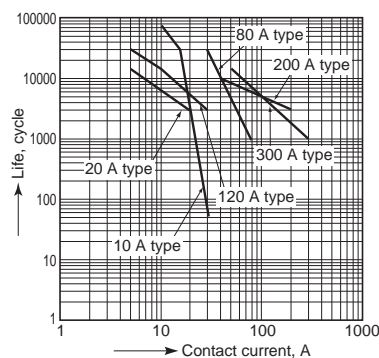
Sample: EV relay 300 A, 3 pcs.



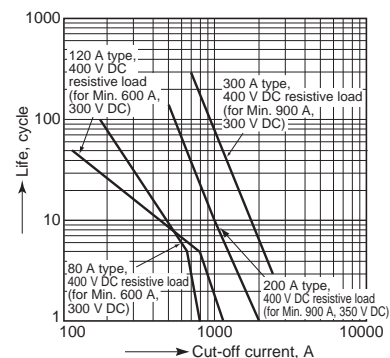
2. Max. value for switching capacity When 400 V DC resistive load



3. Switching life curve (Forward direction) When 400 V DC resistive load

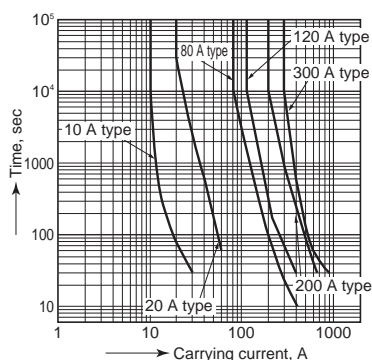


4. Cut-off life curve (Forward direction)



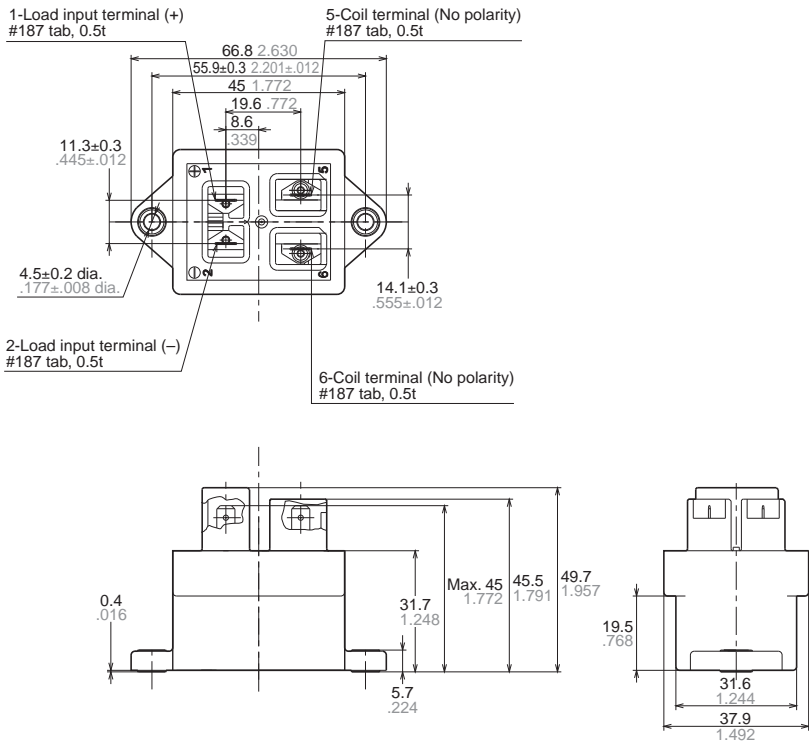
5. Carrying performance curve (80°C 176°F)

*For 300 A, at 85°C 185°F

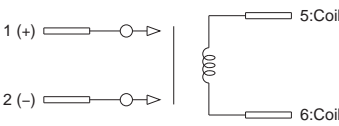


1. 10 A type

CAD Data

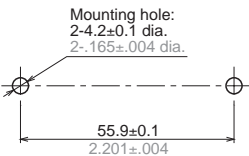


Schematic (TOP VIEW)



Load side has polarities (+) and (-)

Mounting dimensions

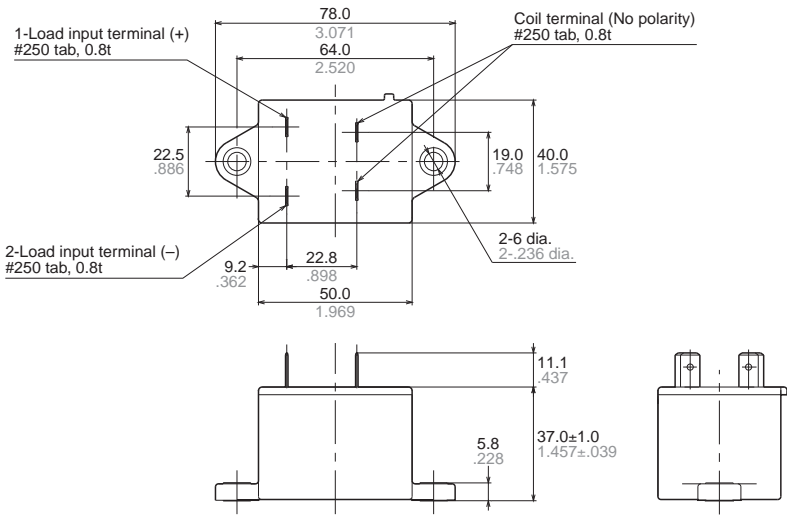


General tolerance:

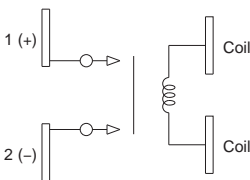
less than 10 .394: ±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50 .394 to 1.969: ±0.6 ±.024
more than 50 1.969: ±1.0 ±.039

2. 20 A type

CAD Data

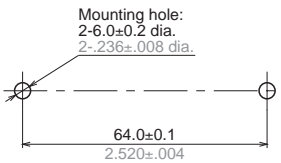


Schematic (TOP VIEW)



Load side has polarities (+) and (-)

Mounting dimensions

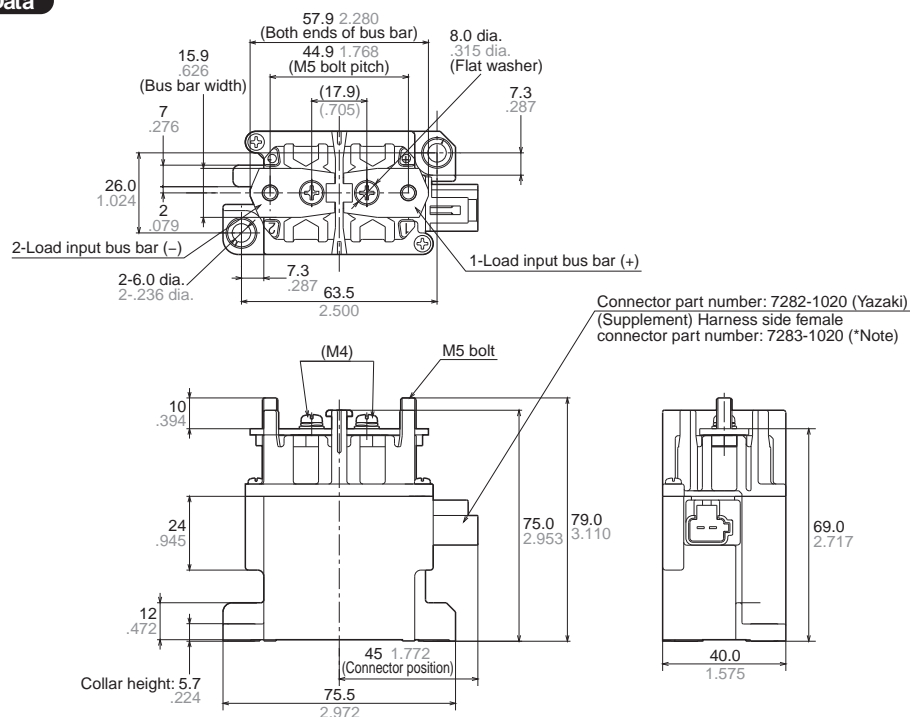


General tolerance:

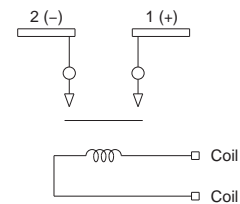
less than 10 .394: ±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50 .394 to 1.969: ±0.6 ±.024
more than 50 1.969: ±1.0 ±.039

3. 80 A type

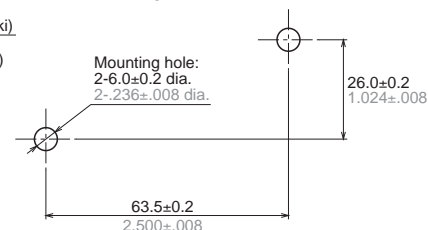
CAD Data



Schematic (TOP VIEW)



Mounting dimensions



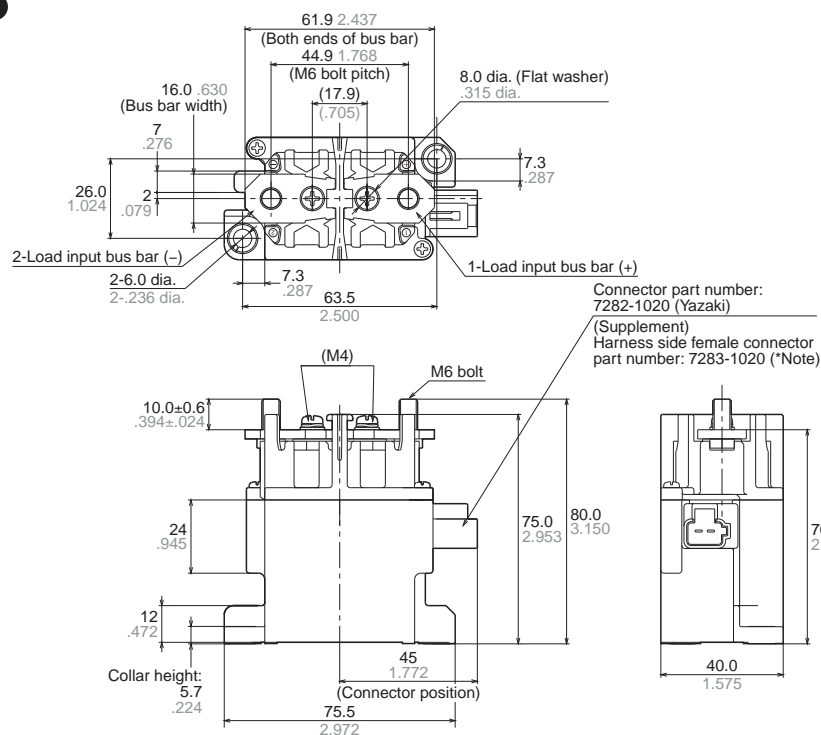
General tolerance:

less than 10 .394: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$
 10 to 50 .394 to 1.969: $\pm 0.6 \pm .024$
 more than 50 1.969: $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$

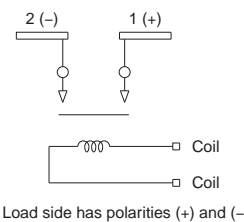
*Note: Separate connection of the terminal and lead wire is required.

4. 120 A type

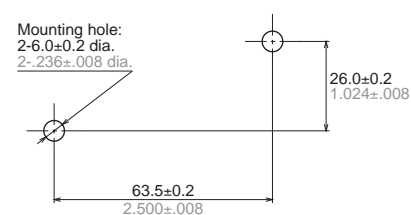
CAD Data



Schematic (TOP VIEW)



Mounting dimensions



General tolerance:

less than 10 .394: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$
 10 to 50 .394 to 1.969: $\pm 0.6 \pm .024$
 more than 50 1.969: $\pm 1.0 \pm .039$

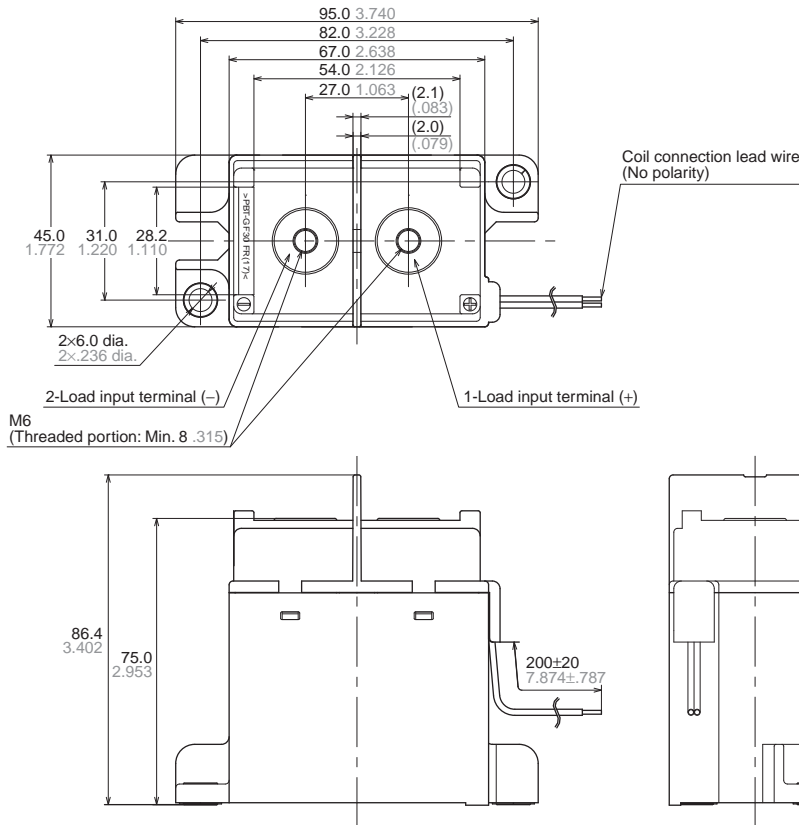
*Note: Separate connection of the terminal and lead wire is required.

EV (AEV)

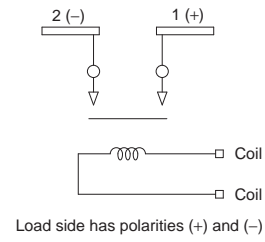
5. 200 A type

CAD Data

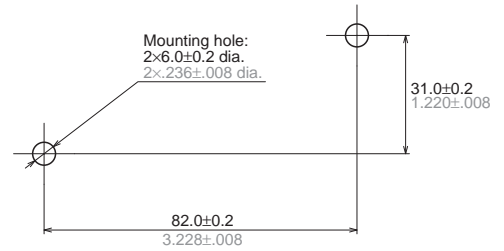
External dimensions



Schematic (TOP VIEW)



Mounting dimensions



General tolerance:

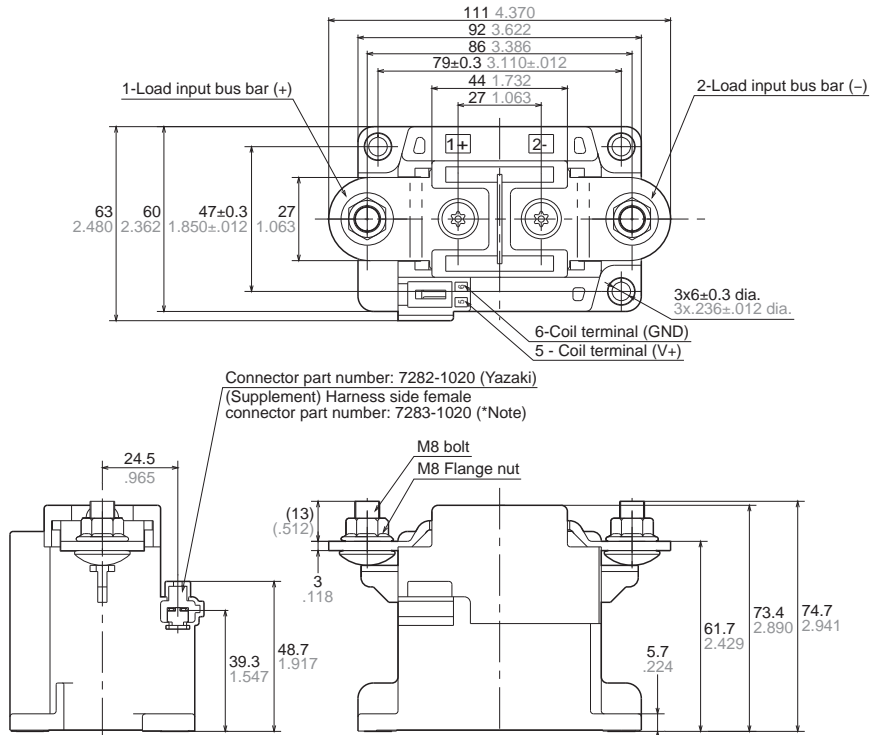
less than 10 .394:	±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50 .394 to 1.969:	±0.6 ±.024
more than 50 1.969:	±1.0 ±.039

*Note: Separate connection of the terminal and lead wire is required.

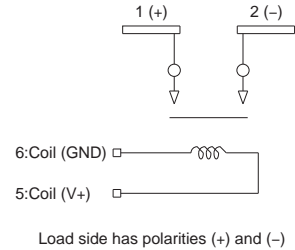
6. 300 A type

CAD Data

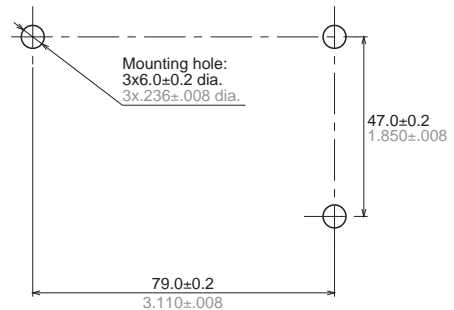
External dimensions



Schematic (TOP VIEW)



Mounting dimensions



General tolerance:

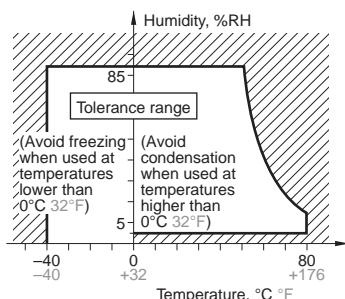
less than 10 .394:	±0.3 ±.012
10 to 50 .394 to 1.969:	±0.6 ±.024
more than 50 1.969:	±1.0 ±.039
more than 100 3.937:	±1.6 ±.063

*Note: Separate connection of the terminal and lead wire is required.

NOTES

1. Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Temperature: -40 to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+176^{\circ}\text{F}$
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)
The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

2. When installing the relay, always use washers to prevent the screws from loosening.

- Regarding the torque value for contact terminal, it is intended that secure an electrical connection stability by getting enough contact pressure (Axial force) of fixing part. Therefore, please do not use the screw (a bolt and a nut) preventing looseness needing running torque (Prevailing torque type and Self lock type) because enough tightening force in axial direction may not be secured.

In addition, there is high possibility that a case of a relay may be broken if users use the nut for EV80A and EV120A.

Because excessive torque is applied to a case of a relay before generation of contact pressure. (Axial force).

- Regarding the torque value for the main body of a relay, please use suitable screw on own verification.

3. Condition of tightening screw

Tighten each screw within the rated range given below.

Exceeding the maximum torque may result in breakage.

Mounting is possible in either direction.

<Relay attaching portion>

- M4 screw (for 10A type): 1.8 to 2.7 N·m
- M5 screw (for 20A, 80A, 120A, 200A and 300A types): 3 to 4 N·m

<Main terminal attaching portion>

- M5 (for 80A type): 3 to 4 N·m
- M6 (for 120A and 200A types): 6 to 8 N·m
- M8 (for 300A type): 10 to 12 N·m

4. Electrical life

This relay is a high-voltage direct-current switch. In its final breakdown mode, it may lose the ability to provide the proper cut-off. Therefore, do not exceed the indicated switching capacity and life. (Please treat the relay as a product with limited life and replace it when necessary.)

In the event that the relay loses cut-off ability, there is a possibility that burning may spread to surrounding parts, so configure the layout so that the power is turned off within one second.

5. Permeation life of internal gas

This relay uses a hermetically encased contact (capsule contact) with gas inside. The gas has a permeation life that is affected by the temperature inside the capsule contact (ambient temperature + temperature rise due to flow of electrical current). For this reason, make sure the ambient operating temperature is between -40 and 80°C -40 and $+176^{\circ}\text{F}$ (200A and 300A types: Max. 85°C 185°F), and the ambient storage temperature is between -40 and 85°C -40 and $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$.

6. The coils (300 A type) and contacts (all type) of the relay are polarized, so follow the connection schematic when connecting the coils and contacts.

Type 300 A contains a reverse surge voltage absorption circuit; therefore a surge protector is not needed.

7. For the 300 A type, drive the coil with a quick startup.

(Built-in one-shot pulse generator circuit)

8. After the ON signal enters the 300A type, automatic coil current switching occurs after approximately 0.1 seconds. Do not repeatedly turn it OFF within that 0.1 seconds interval, as doing so may damage the relay.

9. Be careful that foreign matter and oils and fats kind don't stick to the main terminal parts because it is likely to cause terminal parts to give off unusual heat.

Also, please use the following materials for connected harnesses and bus bars.

- 10A type: Min. 2 mm² nominal cross-sectional area
- 20A type: Min. 3 mm² nominal cross-sectional area
- 80A type: Min. 15 mm² nominal cross-sectional area
- 120A type: Min. 38 mm² nominal cross-sectional area
- 200A type: Min. 60 mm² nominal cross-sectional area
- 300A type: Min. 100 mm² nominal cross-sectional area

10. As a guide, the insertion strength of the plug-in terminal into the relay tab terminal should be 40 to 70N (10A type), 40 to 80N (20A type). Please select a plug-in terminal (flat connection terminal) which comply with JIS C2809-1999.

- 10A type: for plate thickness 0.5mm and #187 tab terminal
- 20A type: for plate thickness 0.8mm and #250 tab terminal

11. Avoid excessive load applied to the terminal in case of installing such as a bus bar etc., Because it might adversely affect the opening and closing performance.

12. Use the specified connector for the connector terminal connection (80A, 120A and 300A)

Yazaki Corporation 7283 – 1020 or equivalent

13. Cautions for use

- 1) Regarding cautions for use and explanation of technical terms, please refer to our "Relay Technical Information".
- 2) Additionally the ambient temperature and condition for your application should be considered because pick-up and drop-out voltage will be changed.
- 3) If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. For coil surge absorption, please use a zener diode or varistor, etc., so that the clamp voltage reaches 1.5 times or more (at least 18 V for rated 12 V type) the rated operation voltage.

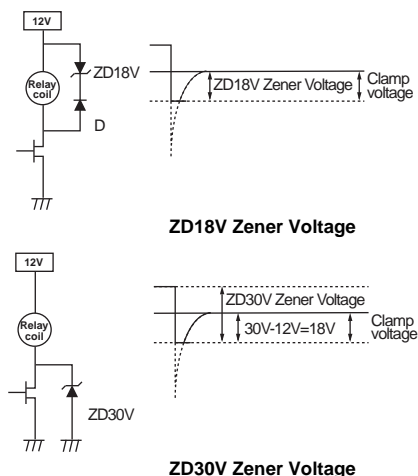
If only a diode is connected in parallel with the relay coil, the contact opening velocity will become slow and sufficient cutoff performance cannot be guaranteed. Please avoid such usage.

Ex. 1: When using a varistor

Recommended Varistor; Maximum Energy: more than 1J
(However, please make settings using values that take into consideration the worst case scenario.)

Varistor voltage: For 12 V DC input, Min. 18 V

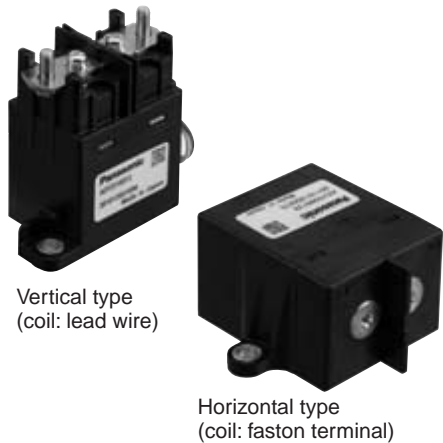
Ex. 2: When using a zener diode (circuit)



- 4) Lifetime is specified under the standard test conditions in JIS C 5442. (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25%RH to 85%RH)
Lifetime is dependent on the coil driving circuit, load type, operation frequency and ambient conditions. Check lifetime under the actual condition.
Especially, Contact terminals have polarity. So if the contact terminals were connected with opposite pole, the electric life would be shorter.
- 5) When applying current which includes precipitous changes or ripple, the relay may generate buzzing sound. Therefore, please confirm with the actual load.
- 6) If the relay is used while exceeding the coil rating, contact rating or cycle lifetime, this may result in the risk of overheating.
- 7) As a general rule, do not use a relay if it has been dropped.
- 8) Take care to avoid cross connections as they may cause malfunctions or overheating.
- 9) When the screws for fixing relay-body and for additional terminal are tightened, it should be used within the range of decided torque.

- 10) Avoid mounting the relay in strong magnetic fields (near a transformer or magnet) or close to an object that radiates heat.
- 11) If the several relays are mounted closely or a heat-generation object is close to the relay, take care to check the abnormal temperature-rise and the insulation distance between the terminals outside of the relay.
- 12) The relay contacts are encapsulated in an inert gas atmosphere. Care must be exercised when the relay is to be used or stored at high ambient temperature.
- 13) If the power is turned off and then immediately on after applying the rated voltage (current) continuously to the relay's coil and contact, the resistance of the coil will increase due to a rise in the coil temperature.
This causes the pick-up voltage to rise, and possibly exceed the rated pick-up voltage. In these circumstances, take measures such as reducing the load current, limiting the duration of current flow, and applying a coil voltage higher than the rated operating voltage (quick start).
- 14) In case using a capacitive load (C-load), please take a countermeasure as pre-charging to the capacitive load so that the inrush current will not surpass 60A.
The relay might have a contact welding without such countermeasure.
- 15) If the relay is used for an inductive load (L load) such that $L/R > 1\text{ms}$, add surge protection in parallel with the inductive load. If this is not done, the electrical life will decrease and cut-off failure may occur.
- 16) Use the suitable wire for wire at the load side according to the current. If the wire diameter is small, the maximum rated contact current cannot be guaranteed.
(Ex.) Carrying current; 60A: diameter of 15mm² or more
- 17) Take care to disconnect to the power supply when wiring.
- 18) Do not switch the contacts without any load as the contact resistance may become increased rapidly.
- 19) The relay satisfies the protection level of JIS D 0203 R2 (of waterproof). Please take any countermeasures additionally if it should be installed in the place where higher protection level is required.
- 20) Do not use this product in such atmosphere where any kind of organic solvent (as benzene, thinner and alcohol) and the strong alkali (as ammonia and caustic soda) might be adhered to this product.
- 21) Be careful that foreign matter and oils and fats kind don't stick to the main terminal parts because it is likely to cause terminal parts to give off unusual heat.
- 22) Do not make additional manufacturing upon the relay housing.
- 23) For AC shutoff these is no contact polarity, but confirm the electric life using the actual load.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



FEATURES

- **Low operation noise**
Compared to our previous product, ON noise has been reduced approx. 13 dB and OFF noise has been reduced approx. 5 dB.
- **Vertical and horizontal types available**
Offers freedom of relay layout where space is restricted.
- **Compact and lightweight**
Charged with hydrogen gas for high arc cooling capacity, short gap cutoff has been achieved at high DC voltages.
- **Capsule contact construction for safety and high contact reliability**
High safety achieved with construction that prevents explosions by keeping the arc from leaking.
Since the contact portion is sealed in hydrogen gas, there is no contact oxidation.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Hybrid vehicle
- Small sized electric vehicle
- High DC voltage applications such as battery charge and discharge systems
- High-voltage accessories

ORDERING INFORMATION

AEVS 0

Contact arrangement / Installation type
1: 1 Form A (Screw terminal, Vertical type)
9: 1 Form A (Screw terminal, Horizontal type)

Contact rating
6: 60 A

Coil voltage
12: 12V DC

Coil terminal structure
Nil: Lead wire
2: Faston terminal

TYPES

Contact rating	Nominal coil voltage	Contact arrangement	Installation type	Part No.
60 A	12 V DC	1 Form A	Vertical type	AEVS16012
			Horizontal type	AEVS960122

Standard packing; Carton: 1pc. Case: 20pcs

RATING

1. Coil data

Type	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. allowable voltage*1
60 A	12 V DC	Max. 9 V DC	Min. 1 V DC	0.375A	4.5 W	16 V DC

Note: *1. When continually powered, the maximum allowable voltage is 14 V DC (at 65°C 149°F).

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications	
			Vertical type	Horizontal type
Contact rating	Contact arrangement		1 Form A	
	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		60A 400V DC	
	Short term carrying current		100A 10 min., 180A 1 min. (15mm ² Wire)	
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)		1A 12V DC*1	
	Max. shutoff current		600A 300V DC (Min. 5 cycles)*2, *3	
	Overload opening/closing rating		120A 400V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*2, *3	
	Reverse direction shutoff		-120A 200V DC (Min. 50 cycles)*2, *3	
	Contact voltage drop (Initial)		Max. 0.067 V (By voltage drop 6 V DC 20A)	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500 V DC, Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	2,500Vrms/min. (Detection current: 10mA)	2,000Vrms/min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	2,500Vrms/min. (Detection current: 10mA)	2,000Vrms/min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)	
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, without diode)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	For ON: Min. 196m/s ² {20 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs) For OFF: Min. 98m/s ² {10 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	Min. 490 m/s ² {50 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)	
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 100 Hz, acceleration: 43 m/s ² {4.4 G} 100 to 200 Hz, acceleration: 19.6 m/s ² {2 G} (Detection time: 10μs)	
		Destructive	10 to 100 Hz, acceleration: 43 m/s ² {4.4 G} 100 to 200 Hz, acceleration: 19.6 m/s ² {2 G} (Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours)	
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 2×10 ⁵ (at 60 times/min.)	
	Electrical (resistive load)		60A 400V DC Min. 800 cycles	
Conditions	Conditions for operation		Ambient temperature: -40 to +80°C -40 to +176°F (-40 to +65°C -40 to +149°F when continually powered at 14 V DC.) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Conditions for transport and storage		Ambient temperature: -40 to +80°C -40 to +176°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
Mass (Approx.)			250 g 8.82 oz	240 g 8.47 oz

Notes:

*1.This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

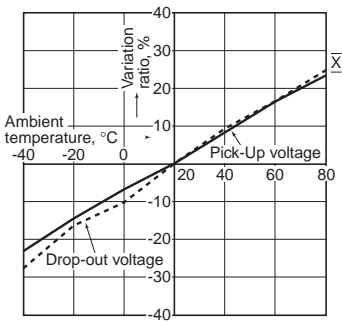
*2.The electrical performance value applies when a varistor is connected in parallel to the coil. Please be warned that working life will be reduced when a diode is used.

*3.At L/R ≤ 1ms

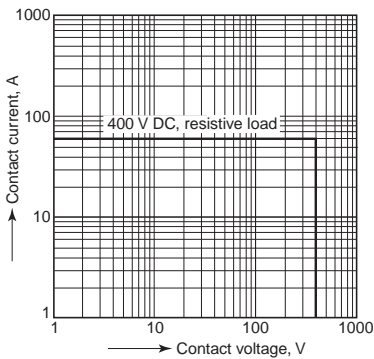
*4.Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT (page 626).

REFERENCE DATA

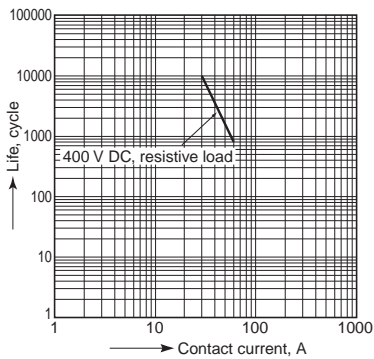
1. Ambient temperature characteristics
3 pcs.



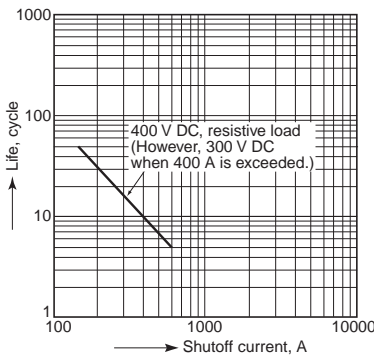
2. Max. value for switching capacity



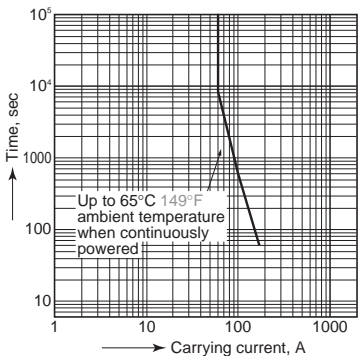
3. Switching life curve



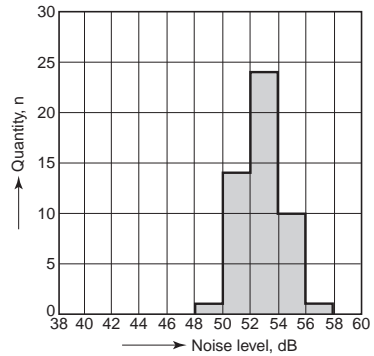
4. Shutoff life curve (forward direction)



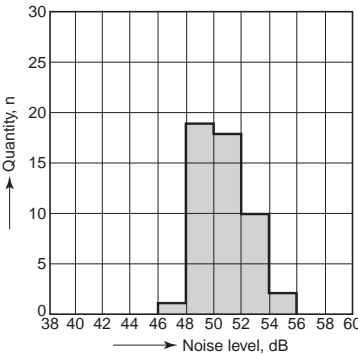
5. Carrying performance curve (80°C 176°F)



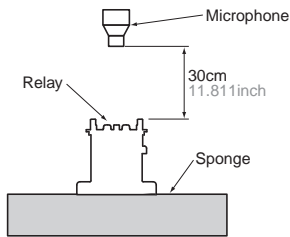
6.-(1)-1 Operation noise distribution (vertical type)
When operate



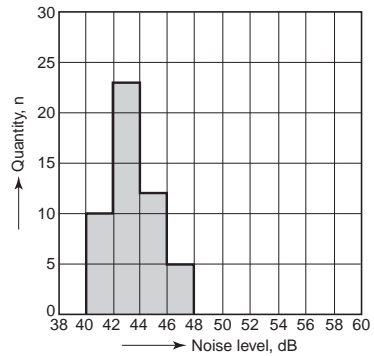
6.-(1)-2 Operation noise distribution (vertical type)
When release



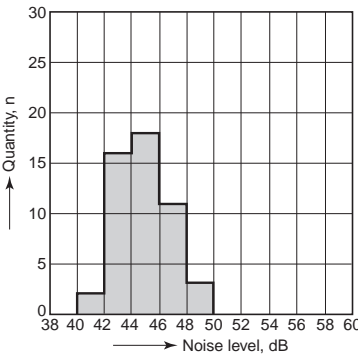
Vertical type
Measuring conditions
Sample: AEVS16012, 50pcs
Equipment setting: "A" weighted, Fast, Max. hold
Coil voltage: 12 V DC
Coil connection device: 18 V zener diode
Background noise: approx. 20dB



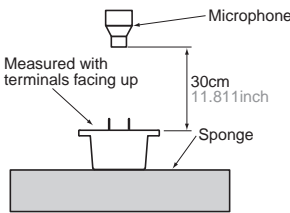
6.-(2)-1 Operation noise distribution (horizontal type)
When operate



6.-(2)-2 Operation noise distribution (horizontal type)
When release



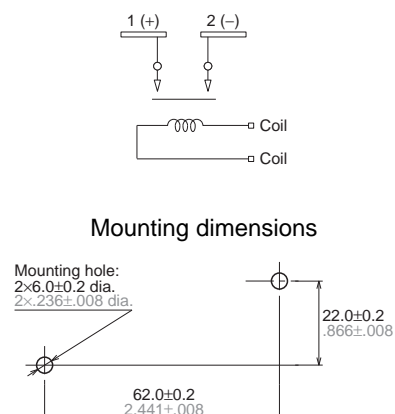
Horizontal type
Measuring conditions
Sample: AEVS960122, 50pcs
Equipment setting: "A" weighted, Fast, Max. hold
Coil voltage: 12 V DC
Coil connection device: 18 V zener diode
Background noise: approx. 20dB



Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

CAD Data

Schematic (TOP VIEW)

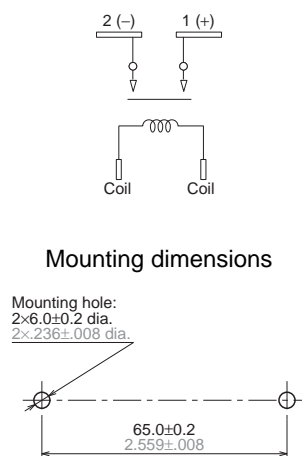


General tolerance:

less than 10 .394:	$\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$
10 to 50 .394 to 1.969:	$\pm 0.6 \pm 0.024$
more than 50 1.969:	$\pm 1.0 \pm 0.039$

CAD Data

Schematic (TOP VIEW)



General tolerance:

less than 10 .394:	$\pm 0.3 \pm .012$
10 to 50 .394 to 1.969:	$\pm 0.6 \pm .024$
more than 50 1.969:	$\pm 1.0 \pm .039$

NOTES

1. Usage, transport and storage conditions

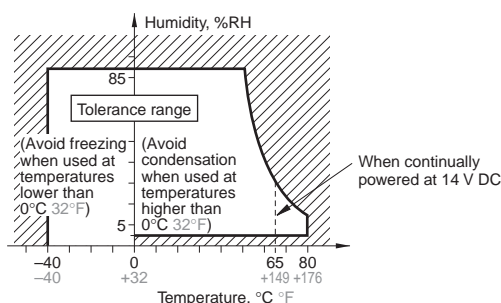
1) Temperature: -40 to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+176^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-40 to $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+149^{\circ}\text{F}$ when continually powered at 14 V DC)

2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

5) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

2. Condition of tightening screw

1) Tightening torque for fixing relay-body;

Vertical and Horizontal type (M5 Screw): 3.0 to 4.0 N·m

2) Tightening torque for contact terminal;

Vertical type (M5 screw): 3.0 to 4.0 N·m,

Horizontal type (M4 screw): 2.2 to 2.8 N·m

3. Allowable pulling force for the coil input lead wire:

Max.10N (for vertical type)

4. Insertion strength into the tab terminal: Max. 49N (for horizontal type)

Reference: Please select a faston terminal (flat connection terminal) which comply with JIS C2809-1999.

For plate thickness 0.8mm .031inch and #250 tab terminal

5. Cautions for Use

1) Regarding cautions for use and explanation of technical terms, please refer to our general catalog.

2) Additionally the ambient temperature and condition for your application should be considered because pick-up and drop-out voltage will be changed.

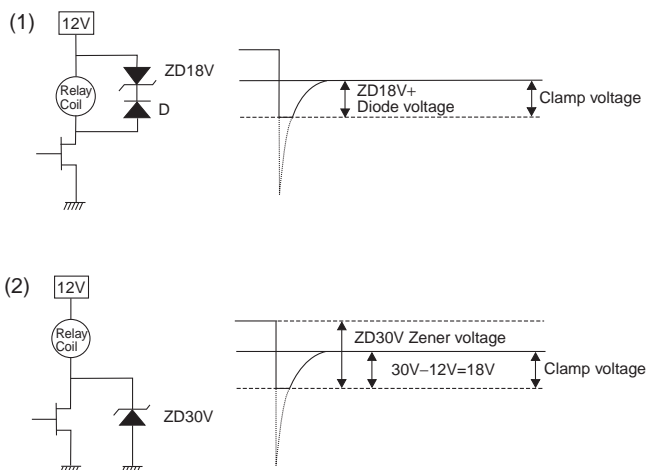
3) If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. For coil surge absorption, please use a zener diode or varistor, etc., so that the clamp voltage reaches 1.5 times or more (at least 18 V for rated 12 V type) the rated operation voltage. If only a diode is connected in parallel with the relay coil, the contact opening velocity will become slow and sufficient cutoff performance cannot be guaranteed. Please avoid such usage.

Ex. 1: When using a varistor

Recommended Varistor; Maximum Energy: more than 1J (However, please make settings using values that take into consideration the worst case scenario.)

Varistor voltage: For 12 V DC input, Min. 18 V

Ex. 2: When using a zener diode (circuit)



4) Lifetime is specified under the standard test conditions in JIS C 5442. (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25%RH to 85%RH)

Lifetime is dependent on the coil driving circuit, load type, operation frequency and ambient conditions. Check lifetime under the actual condition.

Especially, Contact terminals have polarity. So if the contact terminals were connected with opposite pole, the electric life would be shorter.

5) When applying current which includes precipitous changes or ripple, the relay may generate buzzing sound. Therefore, please confirm with the actual load.

6) If the relay is used while exceeding the coil rating, contact rating or cycle lifetime, this may result in the risk of overheating.

7) As a general rule, do not use a relay if it has been dropped.

8) Take care to avoid cross connections as they may cause malfunctions or overheating.

9) When the screws for fixing relay-body and for additional terminal are tightened, it should be used within the range of decided torque.

10) Avoid mounting the relay in strong magnetic fields (near a transformer or magnet) or close to an object that radiates heat.

11) If the several relays are mounted closely or a heat-generation object is close to the relay, take care to check the abnormal temperature-rise and the insulation distance between the terminals outside of the relay.

12) The relay contacts are encapsulated in an inert gas atmosphere. Care must be exercised when the relay is to be used or stored at high ambient temperature.

13) If the power is turned off and then immediately on after applying the rated voltage (current) continuously to the relay's coil and contact, the resistance of the coil will increase due to a rise in the coil temperature.

This causes the pick-up voltage to rise, and possibly exceed the rated pick-up voltage. In these circumstances, take measures such as reducing the load current, limiting the duration of current flow, and applying a coil voltage higher than the rated operating voltage (quick start).

14) In case using a capacitive load (C-load), please take a countermeasure as pre-charging to the capacitive load so that the inrush current will not surpass 60A.

The relay might have a contact welding without such countermeasure.

15) If you are using an inductive load (L load) such that $L/R > 1\text{ms}$, add surge protection in parallel with the inductive load. If this is not done, the electrical life will decrease and cut-off failure may occur.

16) Use the suitable wire for wire at the load side according to the current. If the wire diameter is small, the maximum rated contact current cannot be guaranteed.

(Ex.) Carrying current; 60A: diameter of 15mm² or more

17) Take care to disconnect to the power supply when wiring.

18) Do not switch the contacts without any load as the contact resistance may become increased rapidly.

19) The relay satisfies the protection level of JIS D 0203 R2 (of waterproof). Please take any countermeasures additionally if it should be installed in the place where higher protection level is required.

20) Do not use this product in such atmosphere where any kind of organic solvent (as benzene, thinner and alcohol) and the strong alkali (as ammonia and caustic soda) might be adhered to this product.

21) Be careful that foreign matter and oils and fats kind don't stick to the main terminal parts because it is likely to cause terminal parts to give off unusual heat.

22) Do not make additional manufacturing upon the relay housing.

23) For AC shutoff there is no contact polarity, but confirm the electric life using the actual load.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



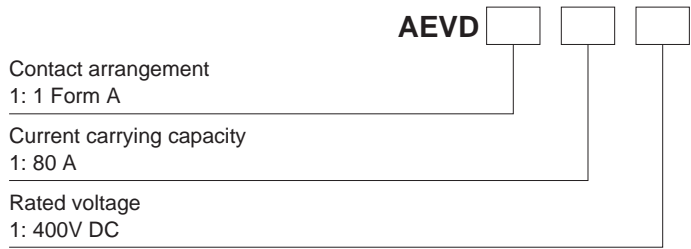
FEATURES

- **High performance with capsule contact technology**
400 A, 400 V DC cut-off
High contact reliability, Dust proof contact
- **High carrying current performance**
Rated carrying current performance:
80 A, 400 V DC
Maximum contact carrying current:
5,560 A (0.03 sec.)
- **Safety function**
Designed with interlock button to prevent false energization

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

This safety switch is for cutting off the battery power from the system circuit when maintaining hybrid cars, plug-in hybrid cars, electric cars, and hybrid construction machinery, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

Current carrying capacity	Contact arrangement	Part No.
80 A	1 Form A	AEVD111

Standard packing; Case: 20pcs. (Tray)

RATING

Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
		80 A type	
Contact	Contact arrangement	1 Form A	
	Rated voltage	400 V DC	
Rating	Rated carrying current	80 A (Wire / Bus bar size is more than 20 mm ²)	
	Max. carrying current	120 A 600s 5,560A 0.03s (Wire / Bus bar size is more than 20 mm ²)	
Electrical characteristics	Contact voltage drop (Initial)	Max. 0.16 V (at 80 A)	
	Insulation resistance (Initial, Between open contacts, Between contacts and lever surface)	Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC Megger)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial, Between open contacts, Between contacts and lever surface)	2,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA, 50/60Hz)	
Mechanical characteristics	Lever operation force	<OFF ⇒ ON> 10N to 25N (Measurement position: center of lever) <ON ⇒ OFF> 3N to 9N (Measurement position: tip of lever)	
	Interlock button operation force (when canceling a lock)	4N ± 1N	
	Shock resistance (Switch: ON condition)	Functional	490 m/s ² {50 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10 μs, 6 detections, 1 time each)
		Destructive	790 m/s ² {80.6 G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)
	Vibration resistance (Switch: ON condition)	Functional	Acceleration: 44 m/s ² {4.5 G} (Detection time: 10 μs)
		Destructive	20 to 200 Hz, acceleration: 44 m/s ² {4.5 G} (Sweep time: 15 minutes (log sweep), X, Y, Z direction: 4 hours each)
Expected life	Mechanical life		Min. 100 times (Switching with no current-switching)
	Electrical life (Cut-off performance) * No-load application when ON.	Forward direction (Polarity +)	5 times: 400 A 400 V DC (Resistive load, Time constant: less than 1.0 ms)
		Reverse direction (Polarity -)	5 times: -120 A 200 V DC (Resistive load, Time constant: less than 1.0 ms)
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage		Ambient temperature: -40 to +80°C -40 to +176°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)
Mass (Approx.)		230 g 8.11 oz	

DESCRIPTION OF USAGE

1. Application

EV Switch is a safety Switch for cut-off a battery power supply from a system circuit, in order to protect a human body from the electric shock accidents at the time of a maintenance, etc.

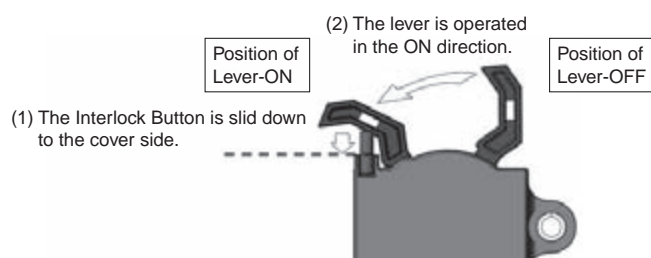
2. How to use

1) When the switch is turned ON and OFF, in principle the battery power is already cut-off by the system side (no current-passing condition). Please turn the lever to the ON side and the OFF side. Do not switch current by contact turning ON. However, the switch can cut-off the power directly, even when power is not cut-off by the system. Please refer to the specification regarding the cut-off performance.

2) When turning the switch ON, the product is designed to prevent malfunction by not allowing it to turn ON unless the interlock button is pressed when the lever is operated.

*1) At the time of OFF operation, the lever can change to OFF position without operation of the interlock button.

*2) Please operate the lever after making the interlock button slide down completely to the side of the cover.



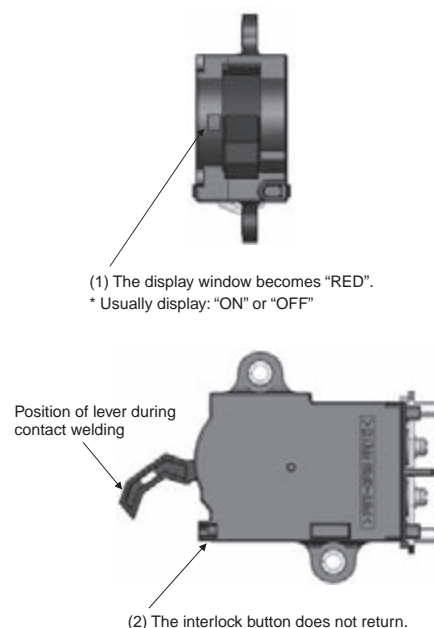
[If contact welding occurs]

Contact welding may occur if current is switched by contact turning ON or if current that exceeds the specifications is continuously applied when the power is ON. This switch indicates contact welding by doing (1) and (2), below.

(1) The lever will not go all the way to the OFF position when you try to turn it off, and when you release the lever it returns to the window that displays red.

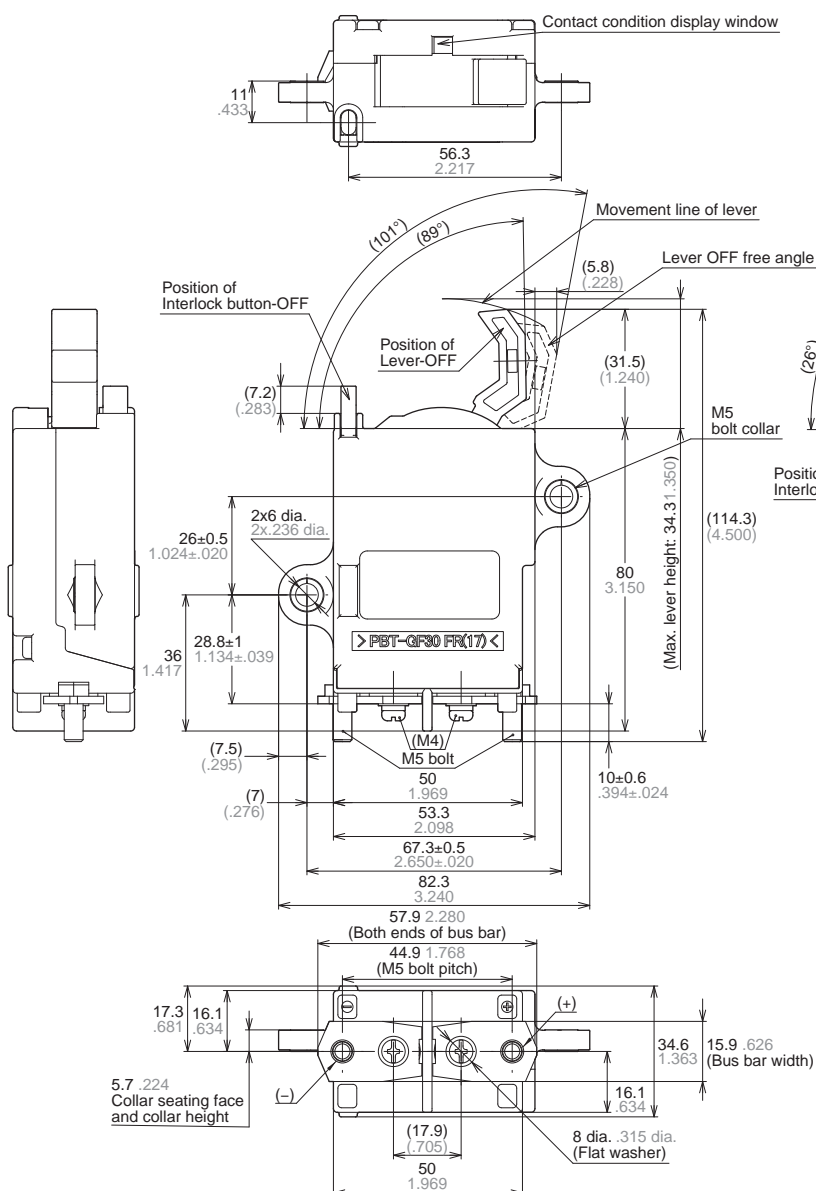
(2) The interlock button does not return.

* Please be careful. In this state the switch's contacts are not OFF.

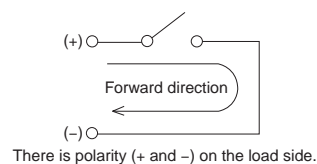


CAD Data

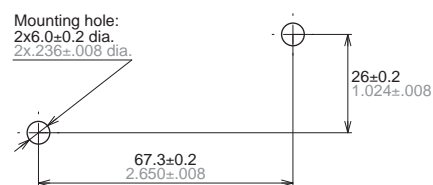
External dimensions



Schematic (TOP VIEW)



(Reference) Mounting dimensions



General tolerance:

less than 10 .394: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$ 10 to 50 .394 to 1.969: $\pm 0.6 \pm 0.24$ more than 50 1.969: $\pm 1.0 \pm 0.39$

NOTES

1. Usage, transport and storage conditions

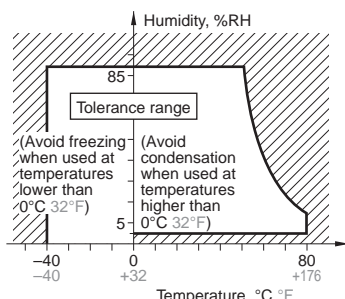
1) Temperature: -40 to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ -40 to $+176^{\circ}\text{F}$

2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.)

3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)



4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the switch insulation.

5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the switch when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F . This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

2. Attachment environment

<Attached position>

- Same as the automotive vehicle interior environment
- Please consider the prevention of dew condensation and dusts.

<Mounting arrangement>

Body: Fastening and fixing with a bolt. ($\text{M}5 \times 2$)

Terminal: Fastening and fixing with a nut. ($\text{M}5 \times 2$)

<Screw-fastening torque>

Body: $3.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$

Terminal: $3.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$

3. Please do not remove the assembly screw of the switch. Otherwise the performance cannot be guaranteed.

Moreover, in order to prevent from removing the assembly screw easily, please attach the assembly screw showing its backside.

4. Please note the polarity of the terminal. Please abide by the connection of polarity described to this catalog. The performance cannot be satisfied when reversely connected. It becomes a cause of the accident.

5. The screws for fixing switch-body and for additional terminal should be tightened with a specified torque.

6. The switch should not be installed near strong magnetic fields (transformers, magnets, etc.) and should not be installed near heat source.

7. If the several switches are mounted closely or a heat-generation object is close to the switch, take care to check the abnormal temperature-rise and the insulation distance between the terminals outside of the switch.

8. The switch contacts are encapsulated type filled with gas. Therefore, care must be exercised when the switch is to be used or stored at high ambient temperature.

9. If the switch is used for an inductive load (L load) such that $L/R > 1\text{ms}$, add surge protection in parallel with the inductive load. If this is not done, the electrical life will decrease and cut-off failure may occur.

10. When the short-circuit current is large, there is possibility that the switch will be destroyed by the time the power supply is intercepted with the fuse. Therefore, please confirm it enough with the system.

11. There is a possibility of performance change due to transfer effect through terminal from connected components and radiation heat (e.g. fuse) around the switch.

12. Please consider the layout which avoids conductive liquid on solvent such as water etc. from the switch for the prevention of electric shock.

13. If the switch is used exceeding the contact rating or cycle lifetime, this may result in the risk of overheating.

14. Contact welding may occur if current is switched by contact turning ON or if current that exceeds the specifications is continuously applied when the power is ON.

The switch indicates 'RED' on the display window if contact welding occur. (Please refer to 'Description of usage') However when abnormalities such as fuse disconnection etc. occurred, even if the display window does not become RED, please check the OFF state of the contact with a tester etc. and be sure to wear protective equipment before operating.

15. Please consider safety measures such as detection of ON/OFF state of a high voltage circuit, earth fault detection, and temperature detection by a system for high voltage circuit. Moreover, please consider safety measures that high voltage part work cannot be performed, if it is not in a high voltage circuit OFF state with a system or structure, when operating high voltage part work.

16. If the switch is dropped, it should not be used again.

17. Take care to avoid cross connections as they may cause malfunctions or overheating.

EV (AEVD)

18. Use the suitable wire/bus bar according to the current.

*Recommendation: more than 20 mm²

Moreover, please consider the layout that the wire/bus bar can fix to the plate and please do not free the load-side electric wire/bus bar linked to a switch.

When terminal of switch and load-side wire/bus bar have a clearance gap, please do not carry out Screw-fastening with force. Please set up the order of fixation and layout which can make the smallest clearance gap at the time of screw-fastening.

19. Do not use this product in such atmosphere where any kind of organic solvent (as benzene, thinner and alcohol) and the strong alkali (as ammonia caustic soda) might be adhered to this product.

20. Although the gas enclosure type seal contact is used inside the switch (capsule contact), since the product itself is not a seal type, please do not use it under dust environment or the environment where direct water and a solvent adhere to the product.

21. Be careful that oil or foreign matter do not stick to the main terminal part because it is likely to cause the terminal part to give off unusual heat.

22. Do not make additional manufacturing upon the switch housing.

23. For AC cut-off there is no contact polarity, but confirm the electric life using the actual load.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

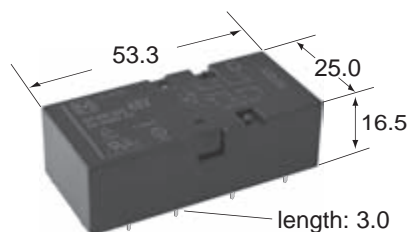
Safety Relays

**Polarized monostable
safety relay with forcibly
guided double contacts**

**SF2D
RELAY**

FEATURES

- Relay complies with EN 50205, Type A
- Overvoltage category as per IEC 60664-1 III / 4kV
- Rated voltage as per IEC 60664-1 basic insulation



Tolerance $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$
Weight approx. 47g

	Pollution degree		
	2 inside	2 outside	3 inside
Coil-contact	400V	400V	250V
Contact-contact	400V	400V	400V

- Relay complies with IEC/EN 60335-1 (GWT)
 - For applications according to EN 50155*
- *For details, please contact your local Panasonic representative.

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Contact configuration (a = normally open / NO, b = normally closed / NC)	2a2b
Contact material	AgSnO ₂ , with Au flash
Contact resistance (initial at 6V DC, 1A)	30mΩ
Making and breaking capacities (breathing hole open)* ¹	6A 250V / 3A 24V
Max. switching voltage	400V
Min. switching voltage / min. switching current	10V / 10mA
Pick-up / drop-out / bounce time (approx. values at U _{nominal})	17.5 / 7 / 2ms
Mechanical life	10 ⁷ ops

Coil

Operate / release voltage (% of U _{nominal} at 20°C)	75% / 10%
Pick-up/nominal power consumption at 20°C	280 / 500mW

Remarks:

*1 According to EN 60947-5-1: 1997, table 4 AC15 / DC13

*2 Contact interruption <10μs

*3 Breathing hole open

Characteristics

Max. switching frequency (without load)	10Hz
Permissible ambient temperature at nominal power consumption	-40°C to +70°C
Upper temperature limit	105°C
Test voltage: open contact / contact-contact / contact-coil	2500 / 2500 / 2500V _{rms}
Insulation resistance at 500V DC (initial)	10 ⁹ Ω
Shock resistance (11ms) NO/NC* ²	30G
Vibration resistance 10 – 200 Hz (10 – 55 Hz, amplitude 2 mm)* ²	10G
Degree of protection	IP67 / IP30* ³
Unit weight	37g

Important: Relay characteristics may be influenced by:

- strong external magnetic fields
- magnetic conductive materials near the relay
- narrow top-to-top mounting (printed surface to printed surface)

Note:

Suitable for most common washing methods except ultrasonic cleaning.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Ex. SF2D — DC12 V

Coil voltage (DC)
5, 9, 12, 18, 21 24, 36, 48, 60

Note: Standard packing; Carton: 20 pcs. Case 200 pcs.

COIL DATA

Part number	Coil nominal voltage V DC	Operate voltage V DC	Release voltage V DC	Coil resistance Ω ($\pm 10\%$, 20°C)	Coil inductance (mH)
SF2D-DC5V	5	3.75	0.5	50	47
SF2D-DC9V	9	6.75	0.9	162	145
SF2D-DC12V	12	9.00	1.2	288	252
SF2D-DC18V	18	13.50	1.8	648	551
SF2D-DC21V	21	15.75	2.1	882	742
SF2D-DC24V	24	18.00	2.4	1152	959
SF2D-DC36V	36	27.00	3.6	2592	2097
SF2D-DC48V	48	36.00	4.8	4608	3654
SF2D-DC60V	60	45.00	6.0	7200	5612

ELECTRICAL LIFE

Voltage	Current	Load type	Frequency	Duty cycle	No. of contacts	No. of ops.
230V AC	8A	AC 1	0.25Hz	25%	2 ^{*2}	85,000 ^{*5}
250V AC	6A	AC 1	0.33Hz	50%	4 ^{*2}	100,000 ^{*5}
230V AC	6A	AC 1	0.33Hz	10%	2 ^{*3}	200,000 ^{*4,*5}
230V AC	30 / 3A	AC 15 ^{*1}	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	150,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	8A	DC 1	0.33Hz	10%	2 ^{*3}	200,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	3A	DC 13 ^{*1}	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	50,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	3A	L/R = 40ms	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	100,000 ^{*4,*5}

*1 EN 60947-5-1: 1997; table C.1

*2 Breathing hole closed

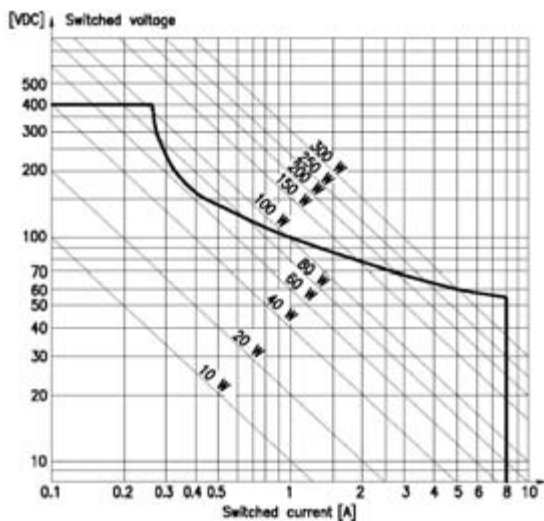
*3 Breathing hole open

*4 Ambient temperature +70°C

*5 Dielectric strength according to EN61810-1:2004.

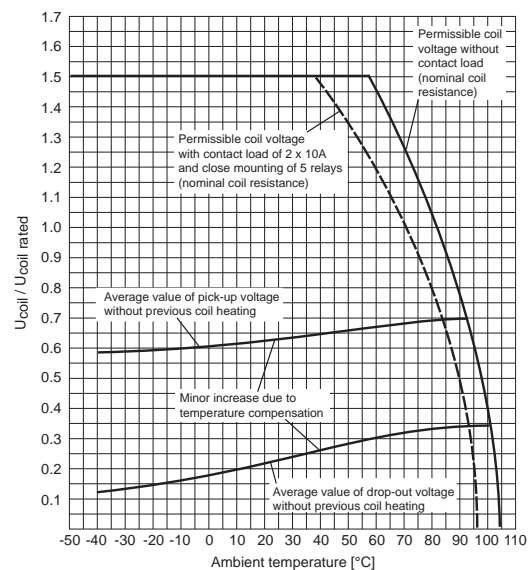
REFERENCE DATA

Load limit curve



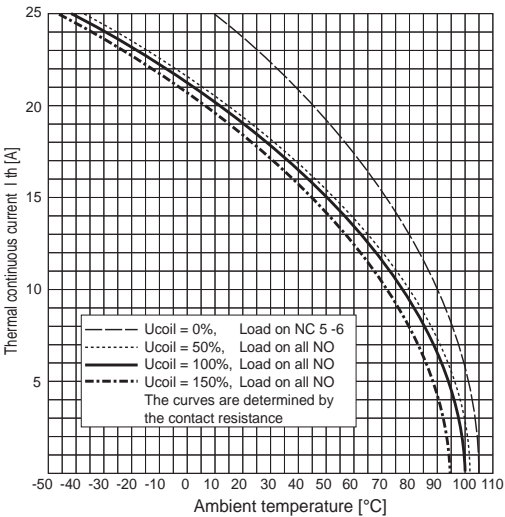
Loads in the range under the curve can be switched safely.
The arc will extinguish before the opposite contact makes.

Coil voltage characteristics



Permissible coil voltages and pick-up and drop-out characteristics at various ambient temperatures.

Contact current characteristics



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

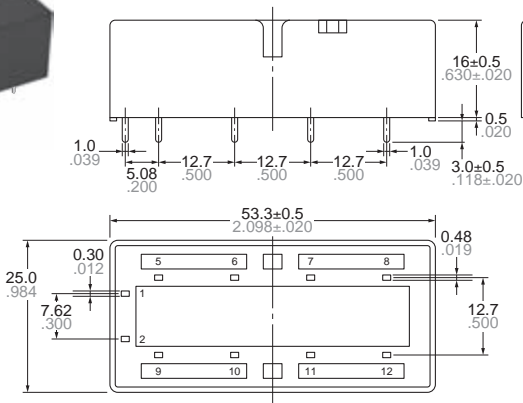
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

2 Form A 2 Form B

CAD Data

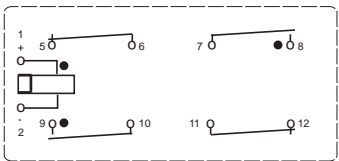


External dimensions



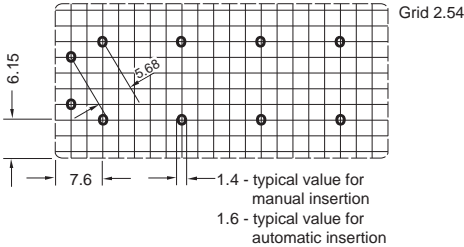
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)



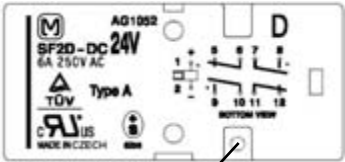
The contacts are shown in the deenergized condition.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

APPLICATION NOTES



Nipple

If required a breathing hole can be made in the cover by removing the nipple. However be aware that the degree of protection will be reduced from IP67 to IP30!

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		TÜV (Certified)		SEV	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E120782*	6A 250V AC 6A 24V DC	968 EZ 116.00 01 (SF2D) 968 EZ 113.00 01 (SF4D)	8A 24V DC 6A 230V AC	01, 1851	6A 230V AC 6A 24V DC

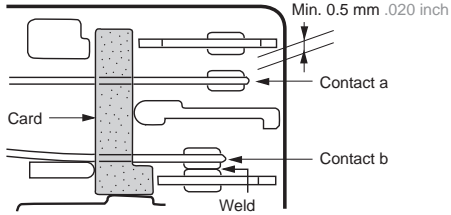
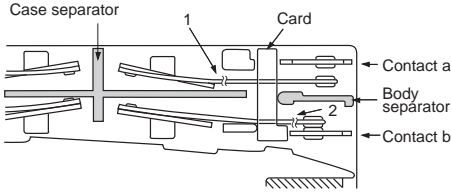
* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

SAFETY STRUCTURE OF SF RELAYS

This SF relay design ensures that subsequent operations shut down and can automatically return to a safe state when the SF relay suffers overloading and other circuit abnormalities

(unforeseen externally caused circuit or device breakdowns, end of life incidents, and noise, surge, and environmental influences) owing to contact welding, spring fusion or, in the worst-case

scenario, relay breakdown (coil rupture, faulty operation, faulty return, and fatigue and breakage of the operating spring and return spring), and even in the event of end of life.

	Structure	Operation
1. Forced operation method (2 Form A 2 Form B, 4 Form A 4 Form B types)	 <p>The two contacts "a" and "b" are coupled with the same card. The operation of each contact is regulated by the movement of the other contact.</p>	<p>Even when one contact is welded closed, the other maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.</p> <p>In the diagram on the left, the lower contact "b" have welded but the upper contact "a" maintain at a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Subsequent contact movement is suspended and the weld can be detected</p>
2. Separate chamber method (2 Form A 2 Form B, 4 Form A 4 Form B types)	 <p>In independent chambers, the contacts "a" and "b" are kept apart by a body/ case separator or by the card itself.</p>	<p>Prevents shorting and fusing of springs and spring failure owing to short-circuit current.</p> <p>As shown on the diagram on the left, even if the operating springs numbered 1 and 2 there is no shorting between "a" and "b" contacts.</p>
3. 2 Form A 2 Form B contact 4 Form A 4 Form B contact	Structure with independent COM contact of 2 Form A 2 Form B and 4 Form A 4 Form B contacts.	Independent COM enables differing pole circuit configurations. This makes it possible to design various kinds of control circuits and safety circuits.

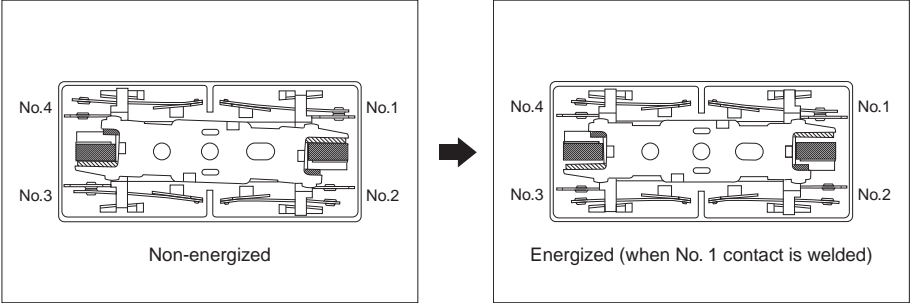
THE OPERATION OF SF RELAYS (when contacts are welded)

SF relays work to maintain a normal operating state even when the contact welding occur by overloading or short-circuit currents. It is easy to make weld detection circuits and safety circuits in the design to ensure safety even if contacts weld.

2 Form A 2 Form B type

Form “b” Contact Weld

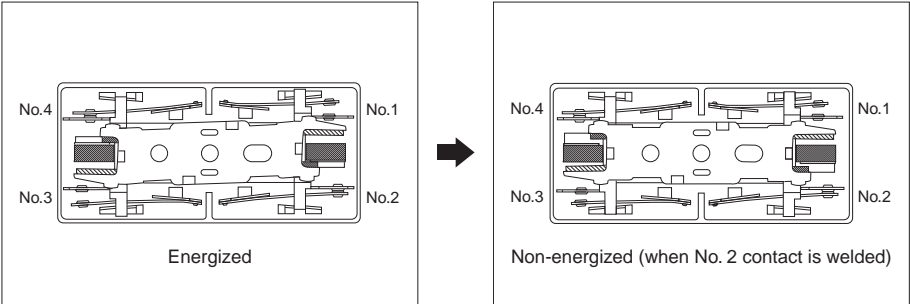
If the form “b” contact (No. 1 and 3) welds, the armature becomes non-operational, the contact gaps at the three form “a” contacts are maintained at greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Reliable isolation is thus ensured.



Example: If the No. 1 contact welds
Each of the three form “a” contacts (No. 2 and 4) maintain a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.

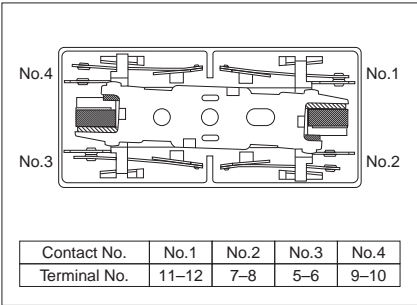
Form “a” Contact Weld

When the form “a” contacts (No. 2 or 4) weld, the armature remains in a non-returned state and the contact gap at the two form “b” contact is maintained at greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Reliable isolation is thus ensured.



Example: If the No. 2 contact welds.
The two form “b” contact (No. 1 or 3) maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.

Contact Operation Table



The table below shows the state of the other contacts when the current through the welded form “a” contact is 0 V and the rated voltage is applied through the form “b” contact.

		State of other contacts			
		1	2	3	4
Welded terminal No.	1		>0.5		>0.5
	2	>0.5		>0.5	
	3		>0.5		>0.5
	4	>0.5		>0.5	

>0.5: contact gap is kept at min. 0.5 mm .020 inch
Empty cells: either closed or open

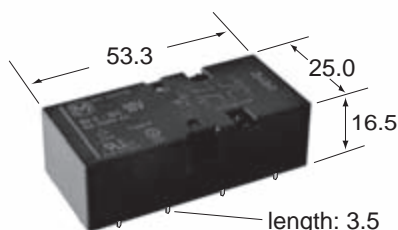
* Contact gaps are shown at the initial state.
If the contacts change state owing to loading/breaking it is necessary to check the actual loading.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Panasonic
ideas for life

**Polarized monostable
safety relay with forcibly
guided contacts**

SF3 RELAY



Tolerance $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$
Weight approx. 47g

FEATURES

- Relay complies with EN 50205, Type A
- Overvoltage category as per IEC 60664-1 III / 4kV
- Rated voltage as per IEC 60664-1 basic insulation

	Pollution degree		
	2 inside	2 outside	3 outside
Coil-contact	400V	400V	250V
Contact-contact	400V	400V	400V

- Relay complies with IEC/EN 60335-1 (GWT)
 - For applications according to EN 50155*
- * For details, please contact your local Panasonic representative.

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Contact configuration (a = normally open / NO, b = normally closed / NC)	3a1b
Contact material	AgSnO ₂ , with Au flash
Contact resistance (initial at 6V DC, 1A)	$\leq 30\text{m}\Omega$
Making and breaking capacities (breathing hole open)*1, *3	6A 250V / 3A 24V
Max. switching voltage	400V
Min. switching voltage / min. switching current	10V / 10mA
Pick-up / drop-out / bounce time (approx. values at U_{nominal})	16.5 / 7 / 3ms
Mechanical life	10^7 ops

Coil

Operate / release voltage (% of U_{nominal} at 20°C)	75% / 10%
Pick-up/nominal power consumption at 20°C	280 / 500mW

Remarks:

*1 According to EN 60947-5-1: 1997, table 4 AC15 / DC13
 *2 Contact interruption $< 10\mu\text{s}$
 *3 Breathing hole open

Characteristics

Max. switching frequency (without load)	10Hz
Permissible ambient temperature at nominal power consumption	-40°C to +70°C
Upper temperature limit	105°C
Test voltage: open contact / contact-contact / contact-coil	2500 / 2500 / 2500V _{rms}
Insulation resistance at 500V DC (initial)	$10^9\Omega$
Shock resistance (11ms) NO/NC*2	30G
Vibration resistance 10 – 200 Hz (10 – 55 Hz, amplitude 2 mm)*2	10G
Solder bath temperature, maximum duration	260°C, 5s
Degree of protection	IP67 / IP30*3
Unit weight	37g

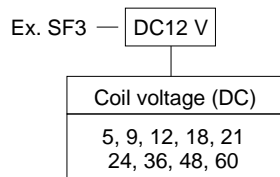
Important: Relay characteristics may be influenced by:

- strong external magnetic fields
- magnetic conductive materials near the relay
- narrow top-to-top mounting (printed surface to printed surface)

Note:

Suitable for most common washing methods except ultrasonic cleaning.

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs. Case 200 pcs.

SF3

COIL DATA

Part number	Coil nominal voltage V DC	Operate voltage V DC	Release voltage V DC	Coil resistance Ω ($\pm 10\%$, 20°C)	Coil inductance (mH)
SF3-5V	5	3.75	0.5	50	47
SF3-9V	9	6.75	0.9	162	145
SF3-12V	12	9.00	1.2	288	252
SF3-18V	18	13.50	1.8	648	551
SF3-21V	21	15.75	2.1	882	742
SF3-24V	24	18.00	2.4	1152	959
SF3-36V	36	27.00	3.6	2592	2097
SF3-48V	48	36.00	4.8	4608	3654
SF3-60V	60	45.00	6.0	7200	5612

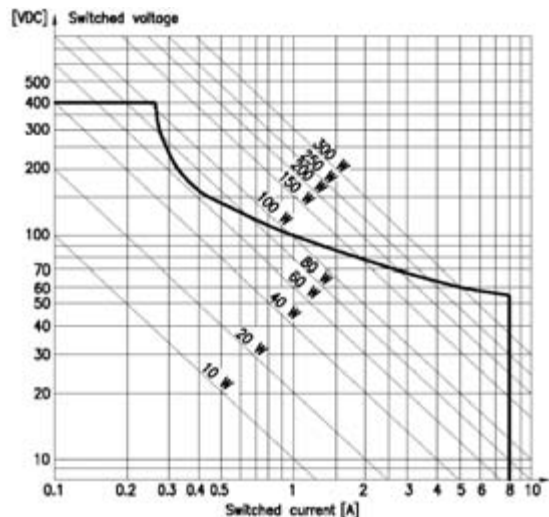
ELECTRICAL LIFE

Voltage	Current	Load type	Frequency	Duty cycle	No. of contacts	No. of ops.
250V AC	8A	$\cos \varphi = 1$	0.33Hz	50%	2 ^{*2,*6}	30,000 ^{*4,*5}
250V AC	6A	$\cos \varphi = 1$	0.33Hz	50%	4 ^{*2}	100,000 ^{*4,*5}
250V AC	2A	$\cos \varphi = 1$	0.33Hz	50%	4 ^{*2}	500,000 ^{*4,*5}
220V AC	30 / 3A	AC 15 ^{*1}	0.10Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	200,000 ^{*4,*5}
220V AC	5.10A	$\cos \varphi = 0.60$	0.20Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	100,000 ^{*4,*5}
220V AC	4.43A	$\cos \varphi = 0.35$	0.20Hz	50%	1 ^{*3}	100,000 ^{*4,*5}
220V AC	1.45A	$\cos \varphi = 0.35$	0.20Hz	50%	1 ^{*3}	300,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	6A	resistive	0.33Hz	50%	4 ^{*2}	400,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	2A	resistive	0.50Hz	50%	4 ^{*2}	2,000,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	3A	DC 13 ^{*1}	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	50,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	3A	L/R = 40ms	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	100,000 ^{*4,*5}

*1 EN 60947-5-1: 1997; table C.1
*2 Breathing hole closed
*3 Breathing hole open
*4 Ambient temperature +70°C
*5 Dielectric strength according to EN61810-1:2004.
*6 Normally open contacts

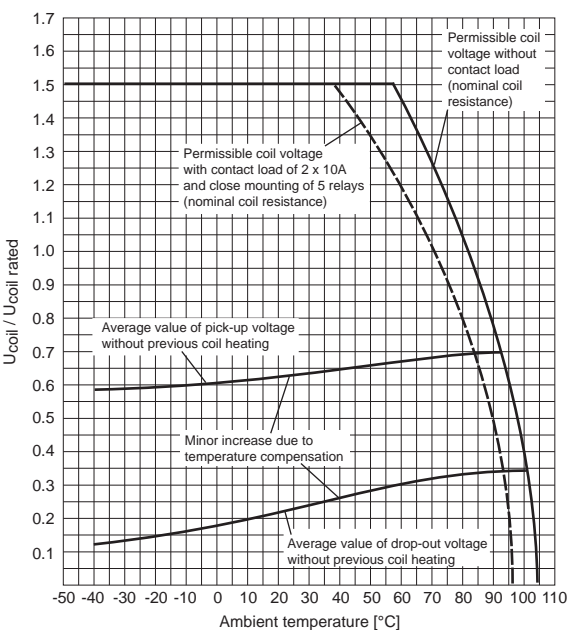
REFERENCE DATA

Load limit curve



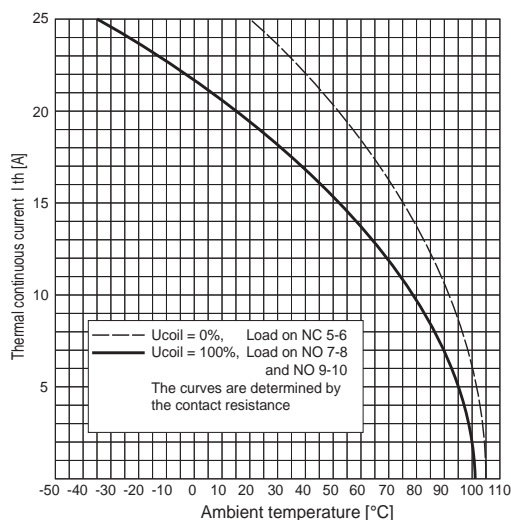
Loads in the range under the curve can be switched safely.
The arc will extinguish before the opposite contact makes.

Coil voltage characteristics



Permissible coil voltages and pick-up and drop-out characteristics at various ambient temperatures.

Contact current characteristics



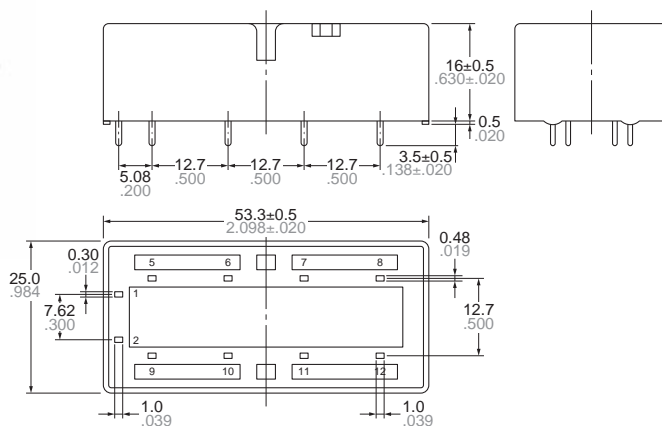
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

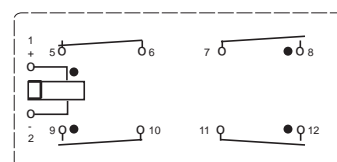
CAD Data



External dimensions

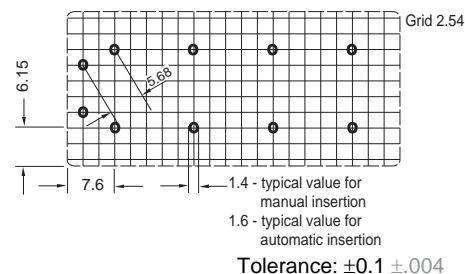
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.12$

Schematic (Bottom view)

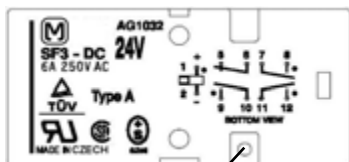


The contacts are shown in the deenergized condition.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



APPLICATION NOTES



Nipple

If required a breathing hole can be made in the cover by removing the nipple.
However be aware that the degree of protection will reduce from IP67 to IP30!

SF3

SAFETY STANDARDS

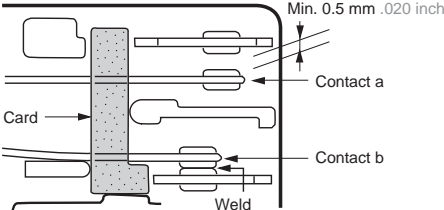
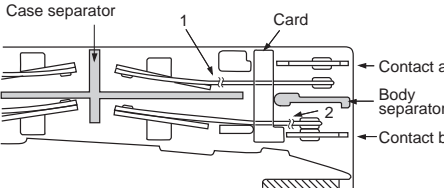
UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)		SEV	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E43149	6A 250V AC	LR26550 etc.	6A 250V AC	R9919003 (SF3)	6A 250V AC	97.1 10376 99.1 10197.01	6A 250V AC

SAFETY STRUCTURE OF SF RELAYS

This SF relay design ensures that subsequent operations shut down and can automatically return to a safe state when the SF relay suffers overloading and other circuit abnormalities

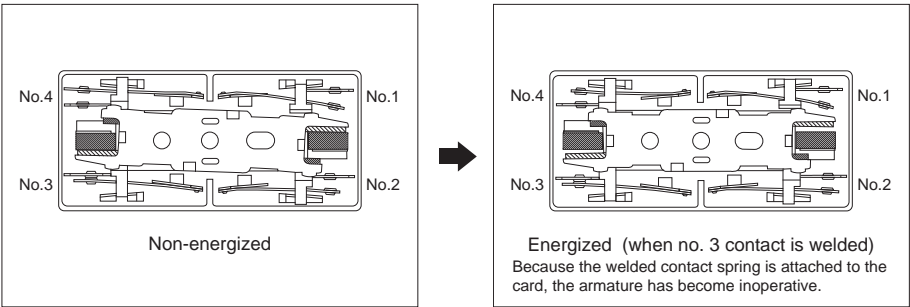
(unforeseen externally caused circuit or device breakdowns, end of life incidents, and noise, surge, and environmental influences) owing to contact welding, spring fusion or, in the worst-case

scenario, relay breakdown (coil rupture, faulty operation, faulty return, and fatigue and breakage of the operating spring and return spring), and even in the event of end of life.

	Structure	Operation
1. Forced operation method (3 Form A 1 Form B types)	 <p>The two contacts "a" and "b" are coupled with the same card. The operation of each contact is regulated by the movement of the other contact.</p>	<p>Even when one contact is welded closed, the other maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.</p> <p>In the diagram on the left, the lower contact "b" have welded but the upper contact "a" maintain a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Subsequent contact movement is suspended and the weld can be detected</p>
2. Separate chamber method (3 Form A 1 Form B types)	 <p>In independent chambers, the contacts "a" and "b" are kept apart by a body/case separator or by the card itself.</p>	<p>Prevents shorting and fusing of springs and spring failure owing to short-circuit current.</p> <p>As shown on the diagram on the left, even if the operating springs numbered 1 and 2 there is no shorting between "a" and "b" contacts.</p>
3. 3 Form A 1 Form B contact	Structure with independent COM contact of (3 Form A 1 Form B), contacts.	Independent COM enables differing pole circuit configurations. This makes it possible to design various kinds of control circuits and safety circuits.

Form "b" Contact Weld

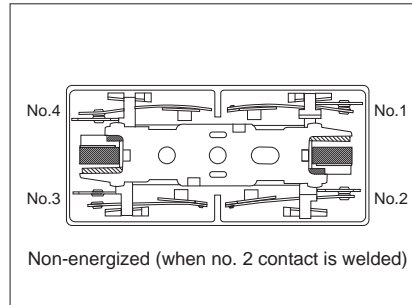
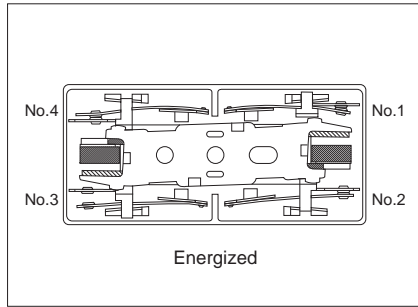
If the form "b" contact (No. 3) welds, the armature becomes non-operational, the contact gaps at the three form "a" contacts are maintained at greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Reliable isolation is thus ensured.



If the No. 3 contact welds.
Each of the three form "a" contacts (No. 1, 2, and 4) maintain a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.

Form "a" Contact Weld

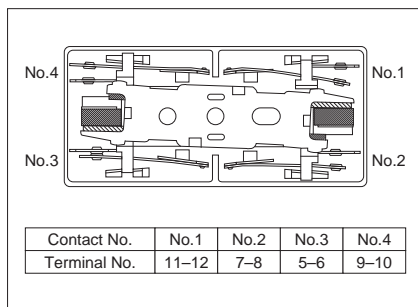
When the form "a" contacts (No. 1, 2, or 4) weld, the armature remains in a non-returned state and the contact gap at the single form "b" contact is maintained at greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Reliable isolation is thus ensured.



If the No. 2 contact welds.

The single form "b" contact (No. 3) maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.

Contact Operation Table



The table below shows the state of the other contacts when the current through the welded form "a" contact is 0 V and the rated voltage is applied through the form "b" contact.

		State of other contacts			
		1	2	3	4
Welded terminal No.	1			>0.5	
	2			>0.5	
	3	>0.5	>0.5		>0.5
	4			>0.5	

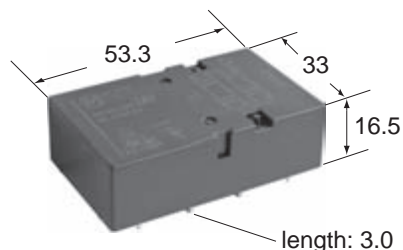
>0.5: contact gap is kept at min. 0.5 mm .020 inch
Empty cells: either closed or open

* Contact gaps are shown at the initial state.
If the contacts change state owing to loading/breaking it is necessary to check the actual loading.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**Polarized monostable
safety relay with forcibly
guided double contacts**

**SF4D
RELAY**



Tolerance $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$
Weight approx. 47g

FEATURES

- Relay complies with EN 50205, Type B and with IEC/EN 60335-1 (GWT)
- Overvoltage category as per IEC 60664-1 III / 4kV
- Rated voltage as per IEC 60664-1 basic insulation

		Pollution degree		
		2 inside	2 outside	3 inside
Coil-contact		400V	400V	250V
Contact-contact	forcibly linked pair only	250V	250V	250V
	all other contacts	400V	400V	400V

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Contact configuration (a = normally open / NO, b = normally closed / NC)	4a4b
Contact material	AgSnO ₂ , with Au flash
Contact resistance (initial at 6V DC, 1A)	$\leq 30\text{m}\Omega$
Making and breaking capacities (breathing hole open)*1	6A 250V / 3A 24V
Max. switching voltage	400V
Min. switching voltage / min. switching current	10V / 10mA
Pick-up / drop-out / bounce time (approx. values at U _{nominal})	18.5 / 7.5 / 3ms
Mechanical life	10 ⁷ ops

Coil

Operate / release voltage (% of U _{nominal} at 20°C)	75% / 15%
Pick-up/nominal power consumption at 20°C	280 / 500mW

Remarks:

*1 According to EN 60947-5-1: 1997, table 4 AC15 / DC13

*2 Contact interruption $< 10\mu\text{s}$

*3 Breathing hole open

Characteristics

Max. switching frequency (without load)	10Hz
Permissible ambient temperature at nominal power consumption	-40°C to +70°C
Upper temperature limit	105°C
Test voltage: open contact / contact-contact / contact-coil	2500 / 2500 / 2500V _{rms}
Insulation resistance at 500V DC (initial)	10 ⁹ Ω
Shock resistance (11ms) NO/NC*2	30G
Vibration resistance 10 – 200 Hz (10 – 55 Hz, amplitude 2 mm)*2	10G
Degree of protection	IP67 / IP30*3
Unit weight	47g

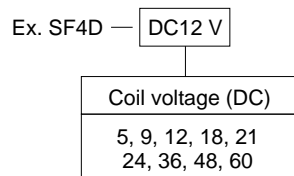
Important: Relay characteristics may be influenced by:

- strong external magnetic fields
- magnetic conductive materials near the relay
- narrow top-to-top mounting (printed surface to printed surface)

Note:

Suitable for most common washing methods except ultrasonic cleaning.

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: Standard packing; Carton: 20 pcs. Case 200 pcs.

COIL DATA

Part number	Coil nominal voltage V DC	Operate voltage V DC	Release voltage V DC	Coil resistance Ω ($\pm 10\%$, 20°C)	Coil inductance (mH)
SF4D-DC5V	5	3.75	0.75	50	47
SF4D-DC9V	9	6.75	1.35	162	145
SF4D-DC12V	12	9.00	1.80	288	252
SF4D-DC18V	18	13.50	2.70	648	551
SF4D-DC21V	21	15.75	3.15	882	742
SF4D-DC24V	24	18.00	3.60	1152	959
SF4D-DC36V	36	27.00	5.40	2592	2097
SF4D-DC48V	48	36.00	7.20	4608	3654
SF4D-DC60V	60	45.00	9.00	7200	5612

ELECTRICAL LIFE

Voltage	Current	Load type	Frequency	Duty cycle	No. of contacts	No. of ops.
230V AC	8A	AC 1	0.25Hz	25%	4 ^{*2}	85,000 ^{*5}
250V AC	6A	AC 1	0.33Hz	50%	4 ^{*2} / 8 ^{*3}	100,000 ^{*5}
230V AC	6A	AC 1	0.33Hz	10%	2 ^{*3}	200,000 ^{*4,*5}
230V AC	30 / 3A	AC 15 ^{*1}	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	200,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	8A	DC 1	0.33Hz	10%	2 ^{*3}	200,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	3A	DC 13 ^{*1}	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	50,000 ^{*4,*5}
24V DC	3A	L/R = 40ms	0.33Hz	10%	1 ^{*3}	100,000 ^{*4,*5}

*1 EN 60947-5-1: 1997; table C.1

*2 Breathing hole closed

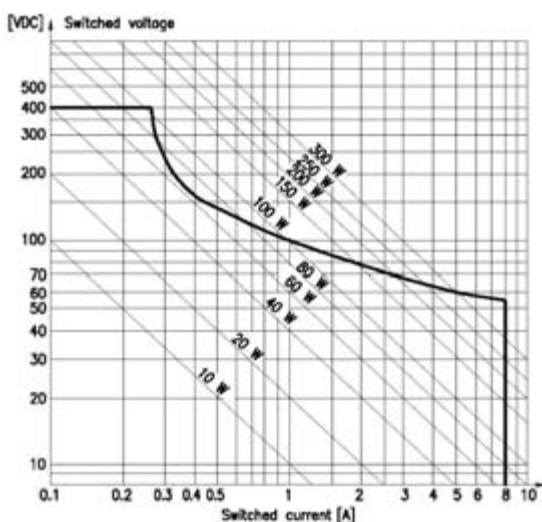
*3 Breathing hole open

*4 Ambient temperature +70°C

*5 Dielectric strength according to EN61810-1:2004.

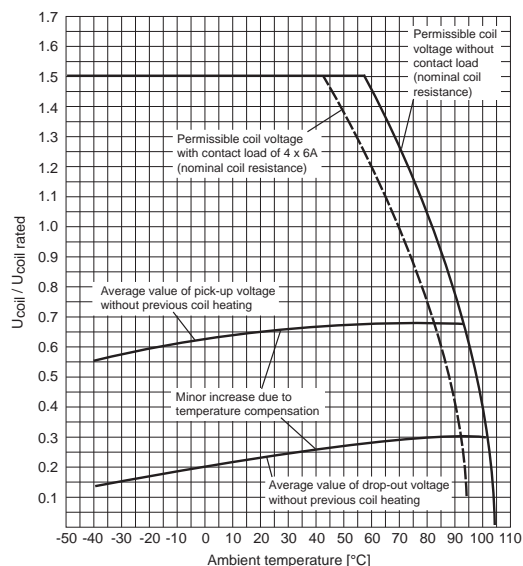
REFERENCE DATA

Load limit curve



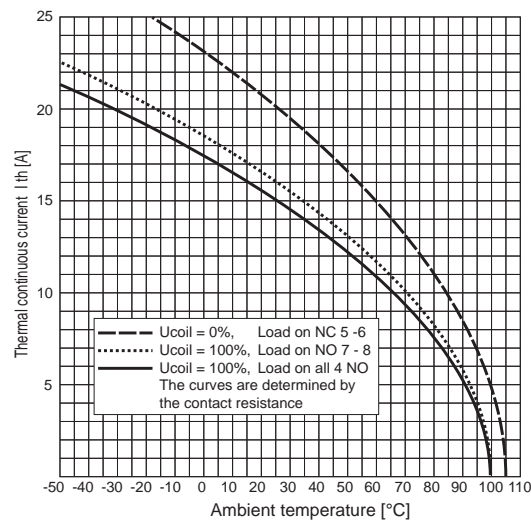
Loads in the range under the curve can be switched safely. The arc will extinguish before the opposite contact makes.

Coil voltage characteristics



Permissible coil voltages and pick-up and drop-out characteristics at various ambient temperatures.

Contact current characteristics



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

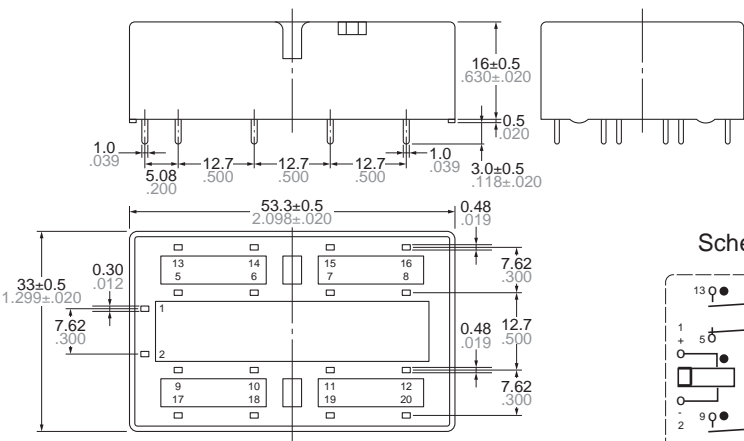
Download [CAD Data](#) from our Web site.

4 Form A 4 Form B

[CAD Data](#)

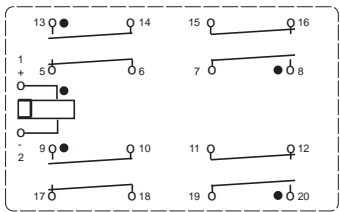


External dimensions



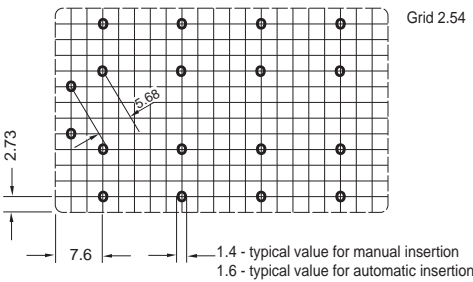
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)



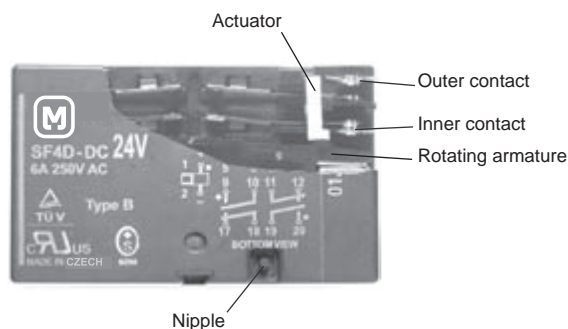
The contacts are shown in the deenergized condition.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

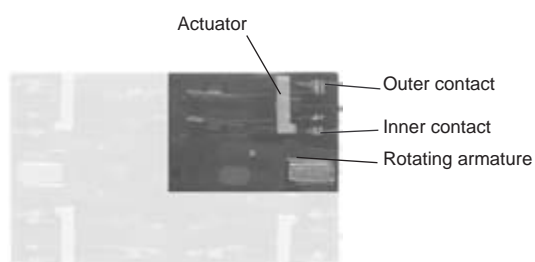
APPLICATION NOTES



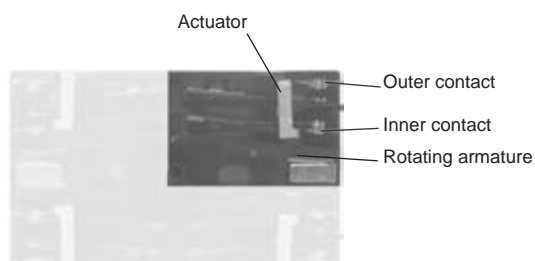
If required a breathing hole can be made in the cover by removing the nipple.
However be aware that the degree of protection will be reduced from IP67 to IP30!

Operation of forcibly guided contacts, Type B

If an outer contact should weld, then the forced operated inner contacts driven by the actuator remain open.
The rotating armature remains free to move.
The unaffected contact pairs can operate normally, i.e. their function to make or break remains unaffected.



If an inner contact should weld, then the movement of the rotating armature is blocked via the actuator.
Open contacts of all four contact pairs remain open.
This arrangement corresponds to a conventional forcibly guided contact operation.



SAFETY STANDARDS

UL/C-UL (Recognized)		TÜV (Certified)		SEV	
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Contact rating
E120782*	6A 250V AC	968 EZ 116.00 01 (SF2D)	8A 24V DC	01, 1851	6A 230V AC
	6A 24V DC	968 EZ 113.00 01 (SF4D)	6A 230V AC		6A 24V DC

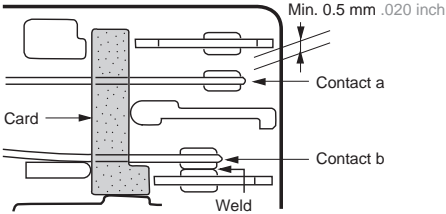
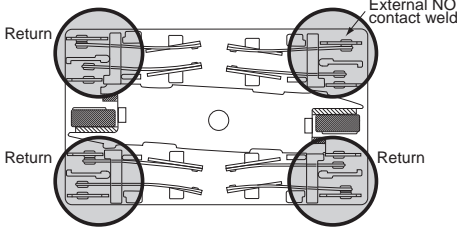
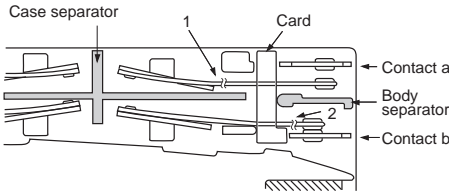
* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

SAFETY STRUCTURE OF SF RELAYS

This SF relay design ensures that subsequent operations shut down and can automatically return to a safe state when the SF relay suffers overloading and other circuit abnormalities

(unforeseen externally caused circuit or device breakdowns, end of life incidents, and noise, surge, and environmental influences) owing to contact welding, spring fusion or, in the worst-case

scenario, relay breakdown (coil rupture, faulty operation, faulty return, and fatigue and breakage of the operating spring and return spring), and even in the event of end of life.

	Structure	Operation
1. Forced operation method (2 Form A 2 Form B, 4 Form A 4 Form B types)	 <p>The two contacts "a" and "b" are coupled with the same card. The operation of each contact is regulated by the movement of the other contact.</p>	<p>Even when one contact is welded closed, the other maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.</p> <p>In the diagram on the left, the lower contact "b" have welded but the upper contact "a" maintain at a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. Subsequent contact movement is suspended and the weld can be detected</p>
2. Independent operation method (4 Form A 4 Form B type)	 <p>None of four contacts are held in position by the armature. Even though one of the external N.O. contacts has welded, the other three contacts have returned owing to the de-energizing of the coil.</p>	<p>Enables design of safety circuits that allow weld detection and return at an early stage.</p> <p>As shown at the top right of the diagram on the left, if the external N.O. contact welds, a 0.5 mm .020 inch gap is maintained. Each of the other contacts returns to N.O. because the coil is no longer energized.</p>
3. Separate chamber method (2 Form A 2 Form B, 4 Form A 4 Form B types)	 <p>In independent chambers, the contacts "a" and "b" are kept apart by a body/ case separator or by the card itself.</p>	<p>Prevents shorting and fusing of springs and spring failure owing to short-circuit current.</p> <p>As shown on the diagram on the left, even if the operating springs numbered 1 and 2 there is no shorting between "a" and "b" contacts.</p>
4. 2 Form A 2 Form B contact 4 Form A 4 Form B contact	Structure with independent COM contact of 2 Form A 2 Form B and 4 Form A 4 Form B contacts.	Independent COM enables differing pole circuit configurations. This makes it possible to design various kinds of control circuits and safety circuits.

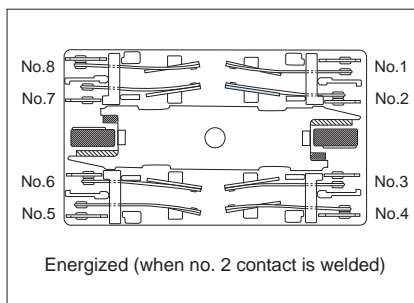
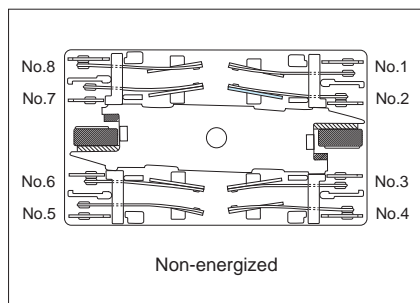
THE OPERATION OF SF RELAYS (when contacts are welded)

SF relays work to maintain a normal operating state even when the contact welding occur by overloading or short-circuit currents. It is easy to make weld detection circuits and safety circuits in the design to ensure safety even if contacts weld.

4 Form A 4 Form B type

Internal Contacts Weld

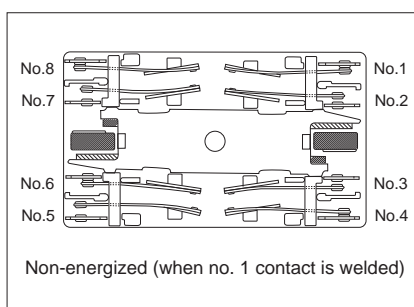
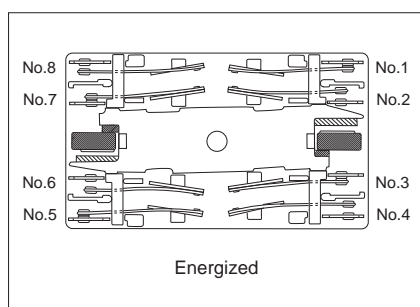
When internal contacts (No. 2, No. 3, No. 6 or No. 7) are welded, the armature becomes non-operational and the four form "a" contact gaps are maintained at 0.5 mm .020inch or greater. Reliable cut-off is thus ensured.



Example: If the No. 2 contact welds.
Each of the four form "a" contacts (No. 1, 3, 5, and 7) maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.

External Contacts Weld

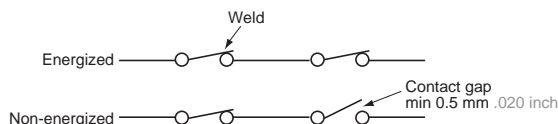
When external contacts (No. 1, No. 4, No. 5 or No. 8) are welded, gaps of 0.5 mm .020inch and greater are maintained between adjacent contacts and other contacts operate normally by the coil being non-energized.



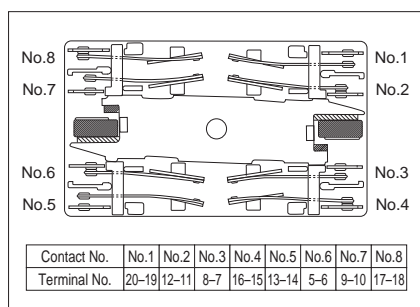
Example 1: If the No. 1 contact welds.
The adjacent No. 2 contact maintains a gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch. The other contacts, because the coil is not energized, return to their normal return state; each of form "a" contacts (No. 3, 5, and 7) maintains a contact gap of greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch; each of the form "b" contacts (No. 4, 6, and 8) return to a closed state.

Example 2:

If external connections are made in series.
Even if one of the contacts welds, the other contacts operate independently and the contact gaps are maintained at greater than 0.5 mm .020 inch.



Contact Operation Table



The table below shows the state of the other contacts when the current through the welded form "a" contact is 0 V and the rated voltage is applied through the form "b" contact.

Contact No.	State of other contacts							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1		>0.5	>0.5	∴	>0.5	∴	>0.5	∴
2	>0.5		>0.5		>0.5		>0.5	
3		>0.5		>0.5		>0.5		>0.5
4	∴	>0.5	>0.5		∴	>0.5	∴	>0.5
5	>0.5	∴	>0.5	∴		>0.5	>0.5	∴
6	>0.5		>0.5		>0.5		>0.5	
7		>0.5		>0.5		>0.5		>0.5
8	>0.5	>0.5	∴	>0.5	∴	>0.5	>0.5	

>0.5: contact gap is kept at min. 0.5 mm .020 inch
∴: contact closed
Empty cells: either closed or open

* Contact gaps are shown at the initial state.
If the contacts change state owing to loading/breaking it is necessary to check the actual loading.

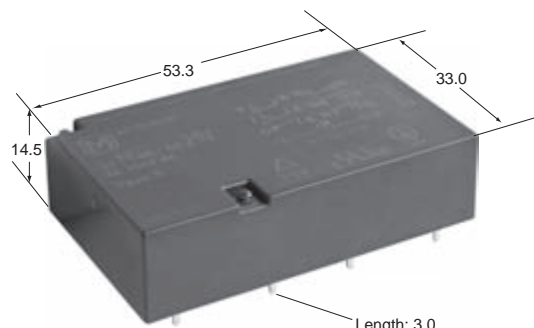
For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

**Low profile safety relay
with forcibly guided
double contacts**

**SFN4D
RELAY**

FEATURES

- Relay complies with EN 50205, Type B
- Polarized magnet system with snap action function
- Extremely small total power loss
 - Nominal coil power consumption of 390mW
 - Double contacts with low contact resistance, e.g. $[(6A)^2 \times 2.5m\Omega] \times 4NO = 360mW$
- Relay height, 14.5mm
- Reinforced insulation according to EN 50178
 - between coil-contacts and contacts-contacts
 - rated voltage of the circuits 230 / 400V or 277 / 480Vrms
 - rated impulse voltage of 6kV → clearance ≥ 5.5 mm
 - pollution degree 2 → creepage distance ≥ 5.5 mm



Tolerance ± 0.3 mm
Weight approx. 42 g

SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Contact configuration (a = normally open / NO, b = normally closed / NC)	4a2b
Contact material	AgSnO ₂ , with Au flash
Contact resistance (initial at 6V DC, 1A) Typical contact resistance	$\leq 30m\Omega$ 2.5m Ω
Max. switching capacity	6A/8A* ¹ 250V AC
Max. switching voltage	500V AC / DC
Min. switching voltage / min. switching current	Reference 10V / 10mA
Pick-up / drop-out / bounce time (approx. values at U _{nominal})	23 / 6* ² / 2ms
Mechanical life	10 ⁷ ops

Coil

Operate / release and holding at 20°C (% of U _{nominal})* ³	75% / 25% min. 48%
Pick-up/nominal power consumption	219-236 / 390-420mW

Characteristics

Max. switching frequency (without load)	5Hz
Permissible ambient temperature at nominal power consumption* ³	-25°C to 92°C
Upper temperature limit	105°C
Test voltage: open contact / contact-contact / contact-coil	2500 / 4000 / 5000V _{rms}
Insulation resistance at 500V DC (initial)	10 ⁹ Ω
Shock resistance (11ms) NO/NC* ⁴	20 / 15G
Vibration resistance 10 – 200 Hz (10 – 55 Hz, amplitude 2 mm)* ⁴	10G
Degree of protection	RT III* ⁵
Unit weight	42g

Important: Relay characteristics may be influenced by:

- strong external magnetic fields
- magnetic conductive materials near the relay
- narrow top-to-top mounting (printed surface to printed surface)

*1 See "ELECTRICAL LIFE (Reference Data)*¹" on page 585.

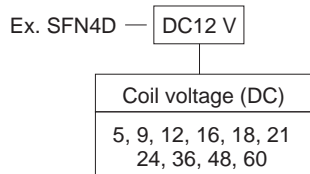
*2 Without diode

*3 See also "REFERENCE DATA" on page 586.

*4 Contact interruption <10 μ s

*5 According to EN 61810-1: 2004, table 2

ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes: 1) Standard packing: Tube: 10 pcs. Case 100 pcs.
2) Other coil voltage available upon request

COIL DATA (at 20°C)

Part number	Coil nominal voltage V DC	Operate voltage*1 V DC	Release voltage*1 V DC	Coil resistance Ω (±10%, 20°C)
SFN4D-DC5V	5	3.75	1.25	64.1
SFN4D-DC9V	9	6.75	2.25	207.7
SFN4D-DC12V	12	9.00	3.00	369.2
SFN4D-DC16V	16	12.00	4.00	656.4
SFN4D-DC18V	18	13.5	4.50	830.8
SFN4D-DC21V	21	15.75	5.25	1130.8
SFN4D-DC24V	24	18.00	6.00	1476.9
SFN4D-DC36V	36	27.00	9.00	3085.7
SFN4D-DC48V	48	36.00	12.00	5485.7
SFN4D-DC60V	60	45.00	15.00	8571.4

*1 Operate and release voltage at different temperatures, see "REFERENCE DATA" on page 586, coil voltage characteristics.

SWITCHING CAPABILITY

- Making / breaking capacities according to EN 60947-5-1: 2000, table 4 / 5: AC15: 6A 230V AC / DC13: 6A 24V DC
- Endurance / overload test according to UL 508 16 edition, sections 42 / 43: 6A 250V AC / 6A 24V DC: B300 / R300: File E120782

ELECTRICAL LIFE (Reference Data)^{*1}

Voltage	Current (A)	Load type	Frequency	Duty cycle	No. of contacts	No. of ops.
230V AC	8	AC 1	0.25Hz	25%	4	85,000
230V AC	6	AC 1	0.25Hz	25%	4	200,000
230V AC	2.5	AC 1	0.25Hz	25%	4	1,500,000
230V AC	60 / 6	AC 15	0.20Hz	20%	3	40,000
24V DC	6	DC 1	0.25Hz	25%	4	2,000,000
250V DC	0.27	DC 13	0.10Hz	10%	4	>1,000,000 ^{*2}

*1 Test conditions: Room temperature, breathing hole closed, dielectric strength according to EN61810-1:2004.

*2 Has to be confirmed

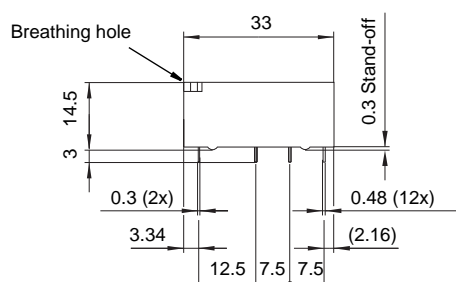
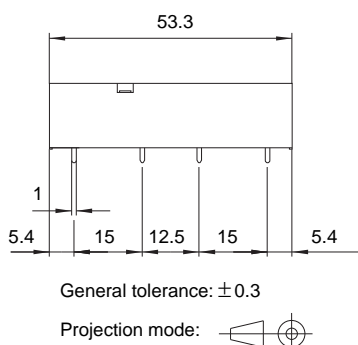
DIMENSIONS

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

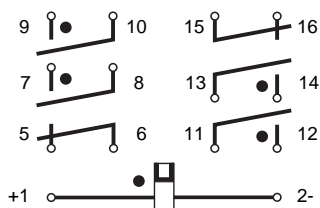
CAD Data

Outer dimensions

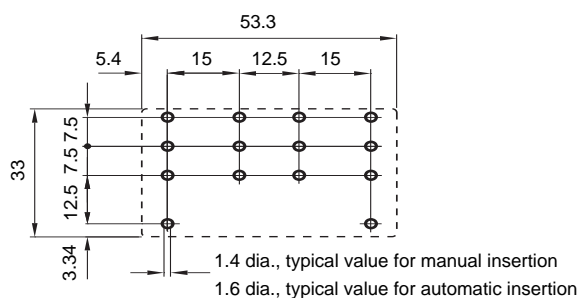
CAD Data



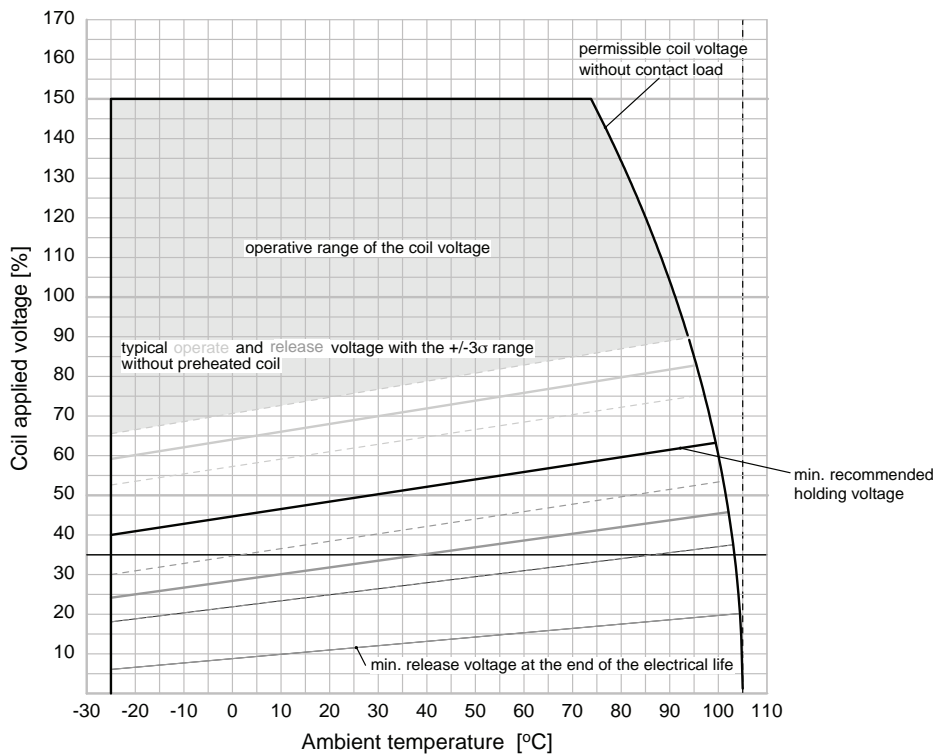
Schematic (Bottom view)



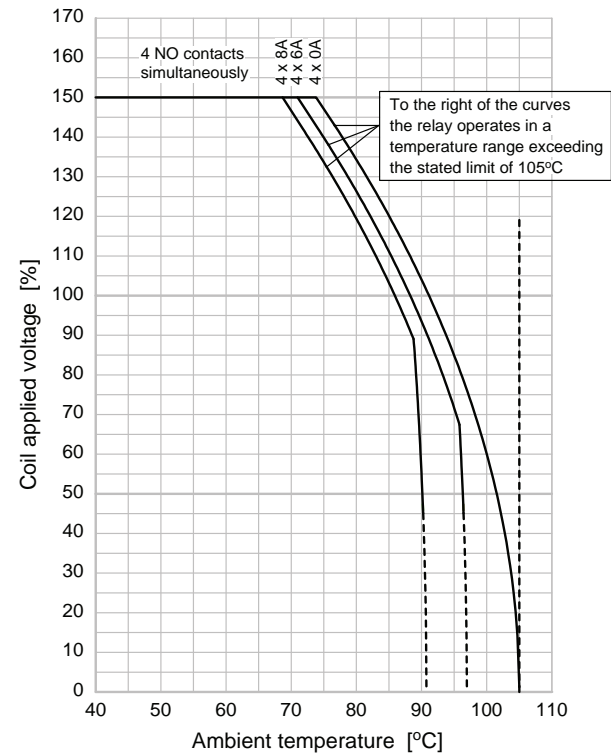
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



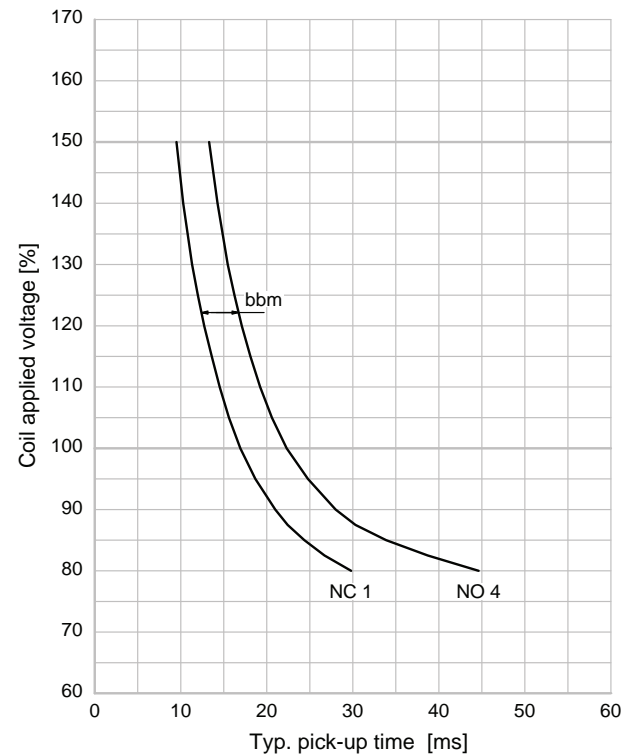
Coil voltage characteristics



Thermic operating range

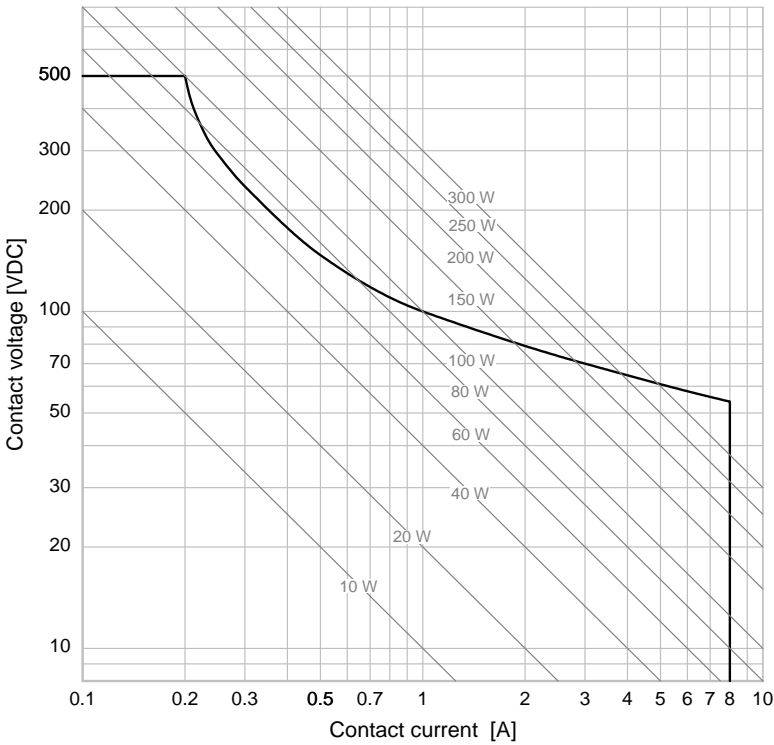


Switching time in relation to coil excitement at 20°C

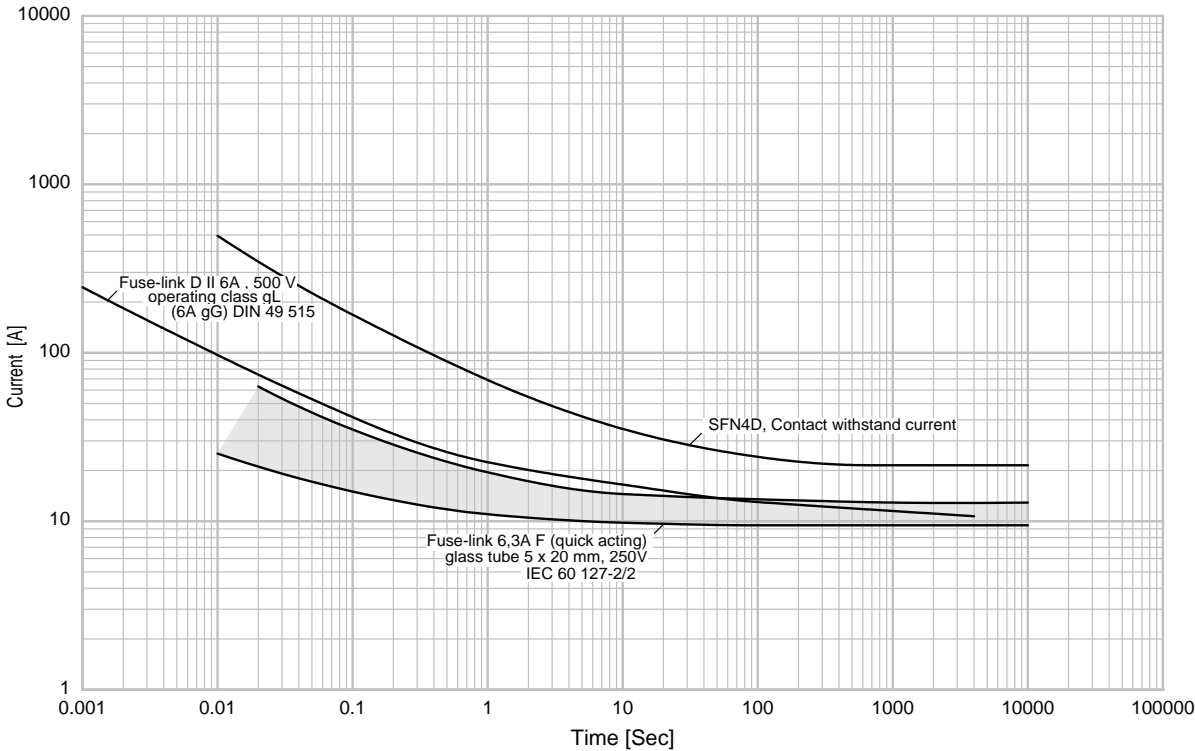


REFERENCE DATA, continued

Load limit curve



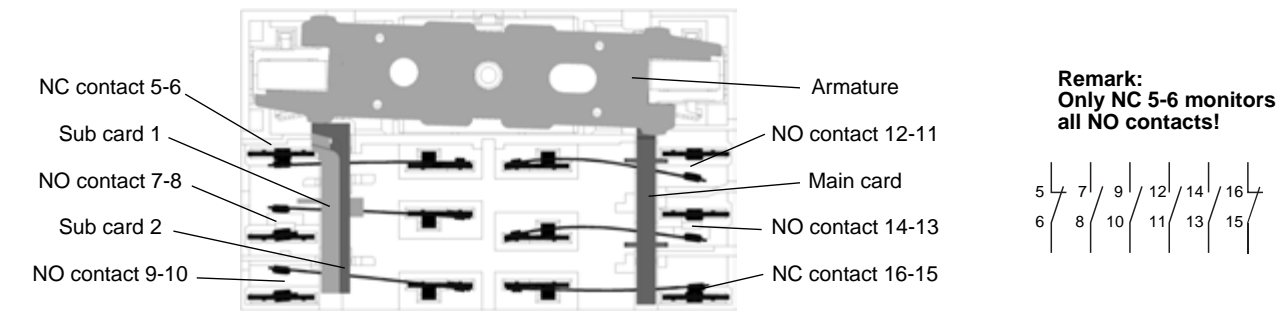
Time / current characteristic



SFN4D

APPLICATION NOTES

The SFN4D Safety Relay



Legend for interpreting contact conditions

Contact	NC (Normally Closed)				NO (Normally Open)			
Condition	Closed	Fully open	Open	Open or closed	Closed	Fully open	Open	Open or closed
Symbol								
Contact gap	0	Maximum (~1.5mm)	>0.5mm (forcibly guided)	Not defined	0	Maximum (~1.5mm)	>0.5mm (forcibly guided)	Not defined

The SFN4D under normal operating conditions

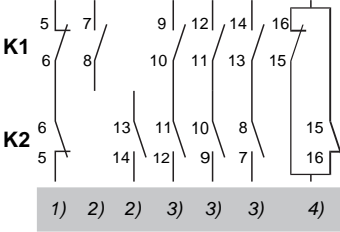
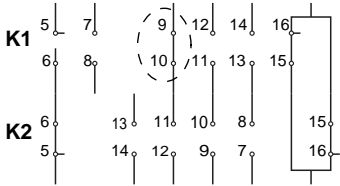
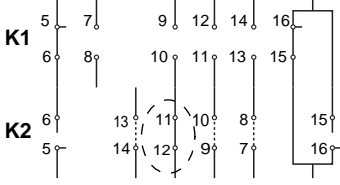
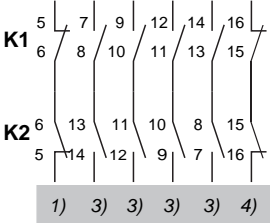
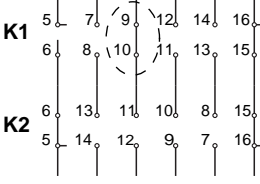
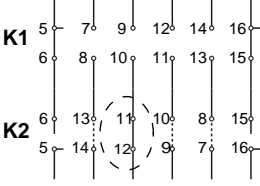
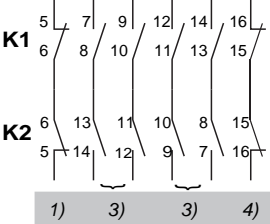
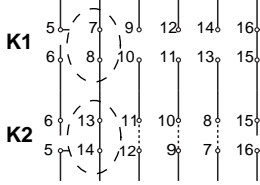
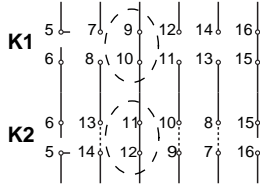
Condition	Illustration of Relay State	Condition of Contacts
<div><div>- Coil deenergized.</div><div>- Armature in deenergized position.</div><div>- NC contacts closed.</div><div>- NO contacts have a contact gap of approx. 1.5mm.</div></div>		<div><div>5 7 9 12 14 16</div><div>6 8 10 11 13 15</div></div>
<div><div>- Coil energized.</div><div>- Armature in energized position.</div><div>- NO contacts closed.</div><div>- NC contacts have a contact gap of approx. 1.5mm.</div></div>		<div><div>5 7 9 12 14 16</div><div>6 8 10 11 13 15</div></div>

The SFN4D safety relay with welded contacts

Condition	Illustration of Relay State	Condition of Contacts
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NC 5-6 welded. - Coil energized. - Armature nearly in deenergized position. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All NO contacts are forcibly guided. - The NO contact gaps are min. 0.5mm. - For NC 16-15, the contact condition is not defined.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NC 16-15 welded. - Coil energized. - Armature nearly in deenergized position. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All NO contacts are forcibly guided. - The NO contact gaps are min. 0.5mm. - For NC 5-6, the contact condition is not defined.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NO 12-11 welded. - Coil deenergized. - Armature nearly in energized position. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All (both) NC contacts are forcibly guided. - The NC contact gaps are min. 0.5mm. - For all NO contacts, the contact condition is not defined.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NO 14-13 welded. - Coil deenergized. - Armature in nearly energized position. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All (both) NC contacts are forcibly guided. - The NC contact gaps are min. 0.5mm. - For all NO contacts, the contact condition is not defined.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NO 7-8 welded. - Coil deenergized. - Armature in deenergized position. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NC 16-15 is closed!! - All non-welded NO contacts show their max. contact gap. - NC 5-6 forcibly guided to the welded contact by sub card 1. The contact gap is min. 0.5mm.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NO 9-10 welded. - Coil deenergized. - Armature in deenergized position. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NC 16-15 is closed!! - All non-welded NO contacts show their max. contact gap. - NC 5-6 forcibly guided to the welded contact by sub card 2. The contact gap is min. 0.5mm.

Failure modes, application examples

1) Feedback loop, 2) Self-holding circuit, 3) Safety circuit, 4) Auxiliary contacts

<div>1. Self-holding circuit, three safety circuits</div> <div></div>	One contact welded, e.g. NO 9-10 of K1.	<div>Condition of contacts at deenergized coil</div> <div></div>
	One contact welded, e.g. NO 12-11 of K2.	<div>Condition of contacts at deenergized coil</div> <div></div>
<div>2.1. Four safety circuits</div> <div></div> <div>(see wiring example, p. 591)</div>	One contact welded, e.g. NO 9-10 of K1.	<div>Condition of contacts at deenergized coil</div> <div></div>
	One contact welded, e.g. NO 12-11 of K2.	<div>Condition of contacts at deenergized coil</div> <div></div>
<div>2.2. Two safety circuits</div> <div></div> <div>(see wiring example, p. 591)</div>	Both contacts of one path are welded, e.g. NO 7-8 and NO 14-13.	<div>Condition of contacts at deenergized coil</div> <div></div>
	Both contacts of one path are welded, e.g. NO 9-10 and NO 12-11.	<div>Condition of contacts at deenergized coil</div> <div></div>

Slim compact safety relay

SF RELAYS

Slim type

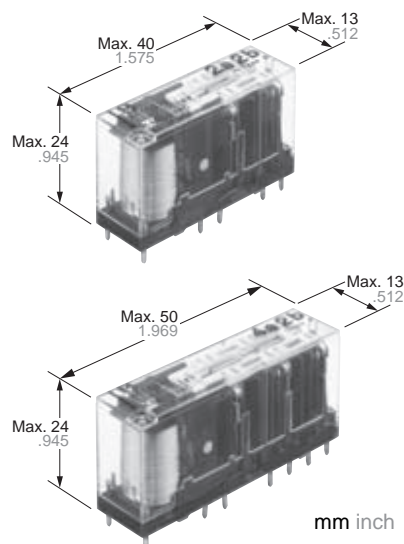
FEATURES

- **Forcibly guide contact structure**
(EN50205 Class A TÜV recognized)
- **Slim profile (mm inch)**
Compact size with slim profile relay reduces substrate size.
[4-pole type]40 (L)×13 (W)×24 (H)
1.575 (L)×.512 (W)×.945 (H)
[6-pole type]50 (L)×13 (W)×24 (H)
1.969 (L)×.512 (W)×.945 (H)
- **Built-in LED indication type available**
Built-in LED eliminates need for design and mounting of separate LED circuit. This cuts costs and saves labor.
- Fast response time is achieved
(8 ms or less)
Circuit is quickly opened to ensure safety.
- High shock resistance
(Functional: Min. 200m/s²)
Improved anti-shock properties meaning that the relay can be safely used in high shock and vibration environments such as in machine tools and other factory equipment.

- PC board sockets also available (4 and 6-poles)
- Lineup also includes DIN terminal socket with finger protect construction (4 and 6-poles)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Machine tools
- Robots
- Safety PLCs
- Circuits with stringent safety standard requirements such as those in motor vehicle production equipment.



SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

Item		4 poles	6 poles
Contact arrangement		2 Form A/2 Form B 3 Form A/1 Form B	4 Form A/2 Form B 5 Form A/1 Form B 3 Form A/3 Form B
Initial contact resistance, max. (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)		100 mΩ	
Contact material		Gold-flashed AgSnO ₂ type	
Rating (resistive load)	Nominal switching capacity	6 A 250 V AC, 6 A 30 V DC	
	Max. switching power	1,500 VA, 180 W	
	Max. switching voltage	250 V AC, 30 V DC	
	Max. switching current	6 A (Reduce by 0.1 A/°C for temperatures 70 to 85°C.)	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value) #1	1 mA 5 V DC	
Expected life (min. operations)	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)	10 ⁷	
	Electrical	250 V AC 6 A resistive load: 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)	
		30 V DC 6 A resistive load: 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min.)	
		250 V AC 1 A resistive load: 5×10 ⁵ (at 30 times/min.)	
		30 V DC 1 A resistive load: 5×10 ⁵ (at 30 times/min.)	
		[AC 15] 240 V AC 2 A inductive load: 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min., cosφ = 0.3) [DC 13] 24 V DC 1 A inductive load: 10 ⁵ (at 20 times/min., L/R = 48 ms)	

#1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

Coil

	4 poles	6 poles
	2 Form A/2 Form B 3 Form A/1 Form B	4 Form A/2 Form B 5 Form A/1 Form B 3 Form A/3 Form B
Nominal operating power	360 mW	500 mW

Characteristics (at 20°C 68°F)

Item		4 poles		6 poles	
		2 Form A/2 Form B 3 Form A/1 Form B		4 Form A/2 Form B 5 Form A/1 Form B 3 Form A/3 Form B	
Max. operating speed		20 times/min. (at nominal voltage)			
Initial insulation resistance*1		Min. 1,000 MΩ at 500 V DC			
Initial breakdown voltage*2	Between open contacts	1,500 Vrms for 1 min.			
	Between contact sets	2,500 Vrms for 1 min.: 7-8/9-10		2,500 Vrms for 1 min.: 7-8/11-12 9-10/13-14 11-12/13-14	
		4,000 Vrms for 1 min.: 3-4/5-6 3-4/7-8 5-6/9-10		4,000 Vrms for 1 min.: 3-4/5-6 3-4/7-8 5-6/9-10 7-8/9-10	
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min.		
Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 20 ms*3			
Response time*4 (without diode) (at nominal voltage)		Max. 8 ms*3			
Release time (without diode) (at nominal voltage)		Max. 20 ms*3			
Shock resistance	Functional*5	Min. 200 m/s ²			
	Destructive*6	Min. 1,000 m/s ²			
Vibration resistance	Functional*7	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm			
	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm			
Conditions for operation, transport and storage*8 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	Ambient temp.	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F			
	Humidity	5 to 85% R.H.			
Unit weight		Approx. 20 g Approx. .71 oz		Approx. 23 g Approx. .81 oz	

• Outline of performance [Socket for PC board/DIN terminal socket]

Max. carrying current	6 A (Reduce by 0.1 A/°C for temperatures 70 to 85°C.)
Initial breakdown voltage	Between each terminal: 2,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
Initial insulation resistance*1	Min. 1,000 MΩ at 500V DC

Remarks

*1 Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section

*2 Detection current: 10mA

*3 Excluding contact bounce time

*4 Response time is the time after the coil voltage turns off until the time when "a" contact turns off.

*5 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs

*6 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms

*7 Detection time: 10μs

*8 Refer to "NOTES" on page 600, 7. Usage, transport and storage conditions.

ORDERING INFORMATIONEx. SF S - -

Product name	Contact arrangement	Operation indication	Coil voltage
Slim type	2: 2 Form A/2 Form B 3: 3 Form A/1 Form B 4: 4 Form A/2 Form B 5: 5 Form A/1 Form B 6: 3 Form A/3 Form B	Nil: Without LED indication L: With LED indication	DC12, 16, 18, 21, 24, 48V

Note: Standard packing: Carton 50 pcs. Case 200 pcs. (Accessories: Carton 10 pcs. Case 100 pcs.)
Please inquire about other coil voltages.

TYPES

1. Relay

Contact arrangement		Nominal voltage	Without LED indication	With LED indication
			Part No.	Part No.
4 poles	2 Form A/2 Form B	12 V DC	SFS2-DC12V	SFS2-L-DC12V
		16 V DC	SFS2-DC16V	SFS2-L-DC16V
		18 V DC	SFS2-DC18V	SFS2-L-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFS2-DC21V	SFS2-L-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFS2-DC24V	SFS2-L-DC24V
		48 V DC	SFS2-DC48V	SFS2-L-DC48V
	3 Form A/1 Form B	12 V DC	SFS3-DC12V	SFS3-L-DC12V
		16 V DC	SFS3-DC16V	SFS3-L-DC16V
		18 V DC	SFS3-DC18V	SFS3-L-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFS3-DC21V	SFS3-L-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFS3-DC24V	SFS3-L-DC24V
		48 V DC	SFS3-DC48V	SFS3-L-DC48V
6 poles	4 Form A/2 Form B	12 V DC	SFS4-DC12V	SFS4-L-DC12V
		16 V DC	SFS4-DC16V	SFS4-L-DC16V
		18 V DC	SFS4-DC18V	SFS4-L-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFS4-DC21V	SFS4-L-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFS4-DC24V	SFS4-L-DC24V
		48 V DC	SFS4-DC48V	SFS4-L-DC48V
	5 Form A/1 Form B	12 V DC	SFS5-DC12V	SFS5-L-DC12V
		16 V DC	SFS5-DC16V	SFS5-L-DC16V
		18 V DC	SFS5-DC18V	SFS5-L-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFS5-DC21V	SFS5-L-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFS5-DC24V	SFS5-L-DC24V
		48 V DC	SFS5-DC48V	SFS5-L-DC48V
	3 Form A/3 Form B	12 V DC	SFS6-DC12V	SFS6-L-DC12V
		16 V DC	SFS6-DC16V	SFS6-L-DC16V
		18 V DC	SFS6-DC18V	SFS6-L-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFS6-DC21V	SFS6-L-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFS6-DC24V	SFS6-L-DC24V
		48 V DC	SFS6-DC48V	SFS6-L-DC48V

2. Accessories

Type	No. of poles	Part No.
PC board sockets	4 poles	SFS4-PS
	6 poles	SFS6-PS
DIN terminal socket	4 poles	SFS4-SFD
	6 poles	SFS6-SFD

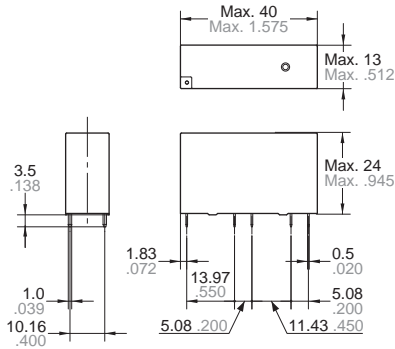
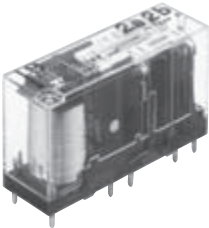
COIL DATA (at 20°C 68°F)

Contact arrangement		Nominal voltage, V DC	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.) (initial)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.) (initial)	Nominal operating current, mA ($\pm 10\%$)	Coil resistance Ω ($\pm 10\%$)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
4 poles	2 Form A/2 Form B	12	9	1.2	30	400	Approx. 360	13.2
		16	12	1.6	22.5	711		17.6
		18	13.5	1.8	20	900		19.8
		21	15.75	2.1	17.1	1,225		23.1
		24	18	2.4	15	1,600		26.4
		48	36	4.8	7.5	6,400		52.8
	3 Form A/1 Form B	12	9	1.2	30	400		13.2
		16	12	1.6	22.5	711		17.6
		18	13.5	1.8	20	900		19.8
		21	15.75	2.1	17.1	1,225		23.1
		24	18	2.4	15	1,600		26.4
		48	36	4.8	7.5	6,400		52.8
6 poles	4 Form A/2 Form B	12	9	1.2	41.7	288	Approx. 500	13.2
		16	12	1.6	31.3	512		17.6
		18	13.5	1.8	27.8	648		19.8
		21	15.75	2.1	23.8	882		23.1
		24	18	2.4	20.8	1,152		26.4
		48	36	4.8	10.4	4,608		52.8
	5 Form A/1 Form B	12	9	1.2	41.7	288		13.2
		16	12	1.6	31.3	512		17.6
		18	13.5	1.8	27.8	648		19.8
		21	15.75	2.1	23.8	882		23.1
		24	18	2.4	20.8	1,152		26.4
		48	36	4.8	10.4	4,608		52.8
	3 Form A/3 Form B	12	9	1.2	41.7	288		13.2
		16	12	1.6	31.3	512		17.6
		18	13.5	1.8	27.8	648		19.8
		21	15.75	2.1	23.8	882		23.1
		24	18	2.4	20.8	1,152		26.4
		48	36	4.8	10.4	4,608		52.8

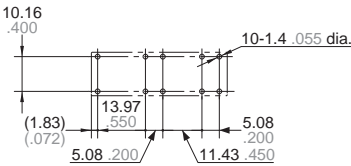
Note: The nominal operating current of the LED indication type increases approximately 2 mA because of the light emitting diode display.

1. 4 poles (2 Form A/2 Form B, 3 FormA/1 Form B)

CAD Data



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

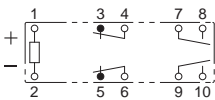


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

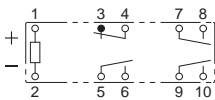
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

Standard

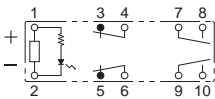


(2 Form A/2 Form B)

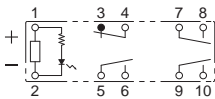


(3 Form A/1 Form B)

With LED indication



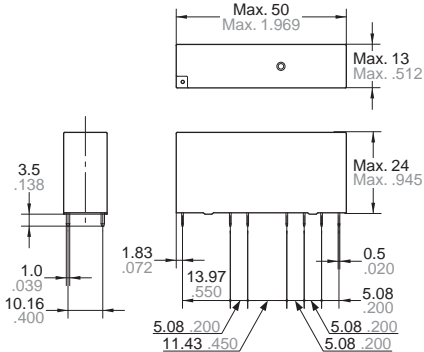
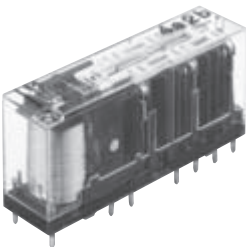
(2 Form A/2 Form B)



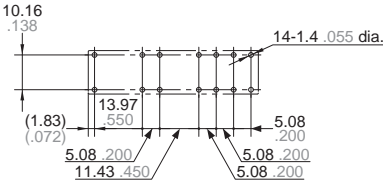
(3 Form A/1 Form B)

2. 6 poles (4 Form A/2 Form B, 5 FormA/1 Form B, 3 Form A/3 Form B)

CAD Data



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

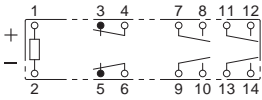


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

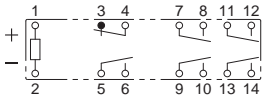
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

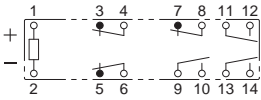
Standard



(4 Form A/2 Form B)

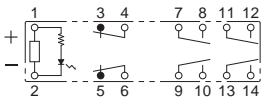


(5 Form A/1 Form B)

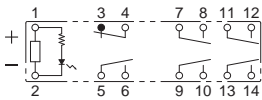


(3 Form A/3 Form B)

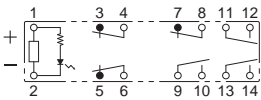
With LED indication



(4 Form A/2 Form B)

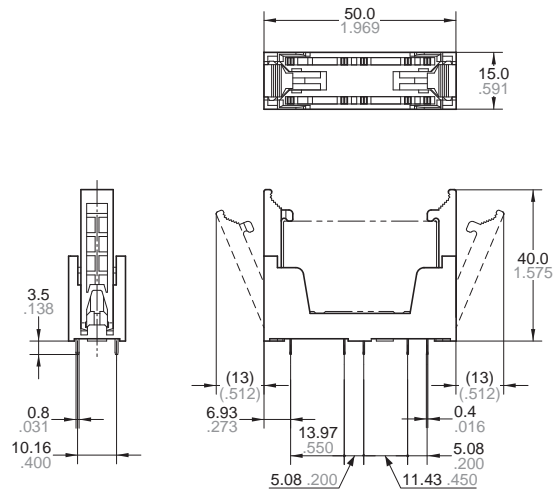
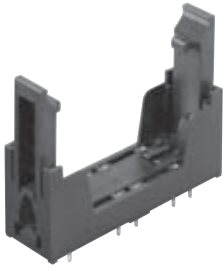


(5 Form A/1 Form B)

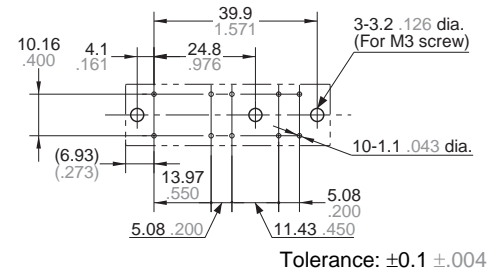


(3 Form A/3 Form B)

3. PC board sockets (4 poles)

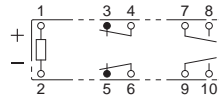


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

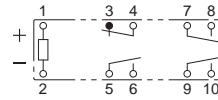
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

Standard

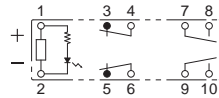


(When 2 Form A/2 Form B mounted)

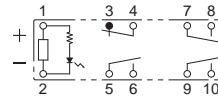


(When 3 Form A/1 Form B mounted)

With LED indication

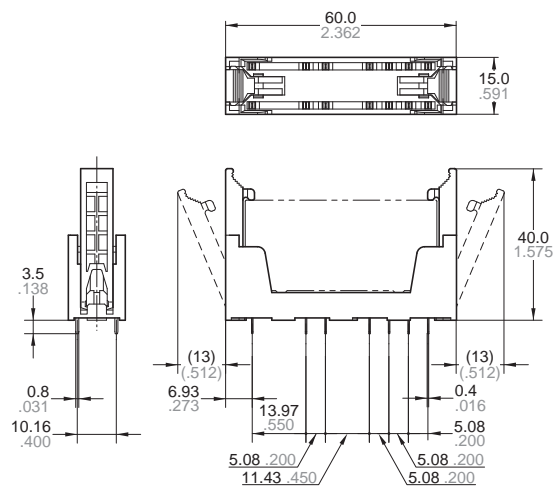
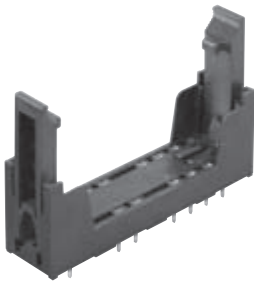


(When 2 Form A/2 Form B mounted)

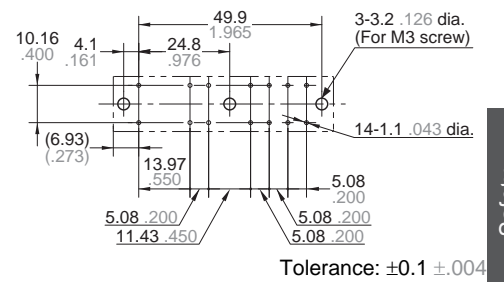


(When 3 Form A/1 Form B mounted)

4. PC board sockets (6 poles)

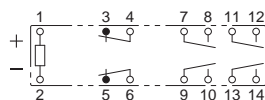


PC board pattern (Bottom view)

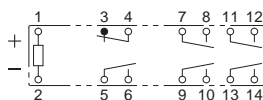
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Schematic (Bottom view)

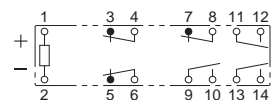
Standard



(When 4 Form A/2 Form B mounted)

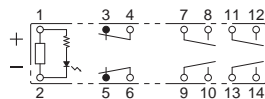


(When 5 Form A/1 Form B mounted)

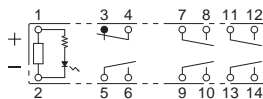


(When 3 Form A/3 Form B mounted)

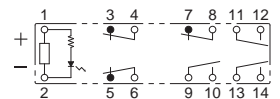
With LED indication



(When 4 Form A/2 Form B mounted)



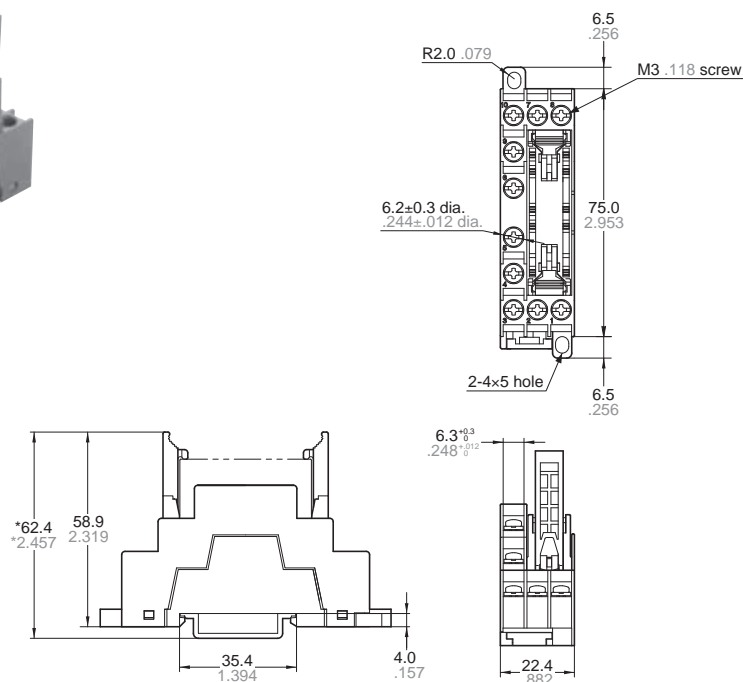
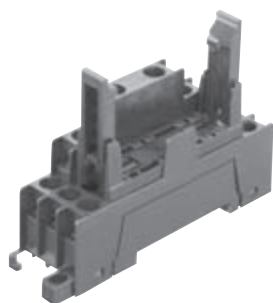
(When 5 Form A/1 Form B mounted)



(When 3 Form A/3 Form B mounted)

5. DIN terminal socket (4 poles)

mm inch

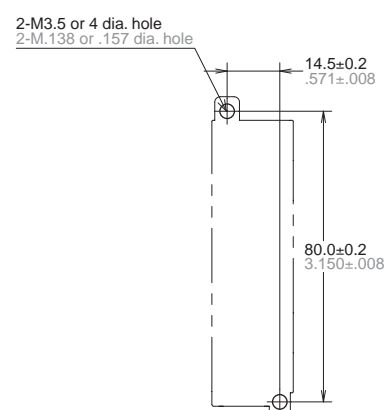


General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

* Reference value (when using DIN rail ATA48011)

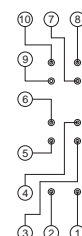
Note: Round terminals cannot be used with DIN terminal sockets.

Mounting hole dimensions

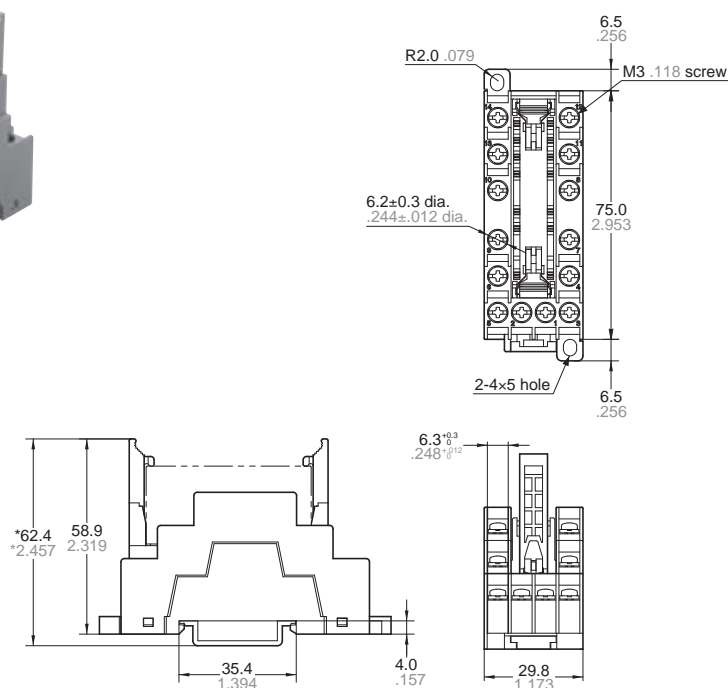
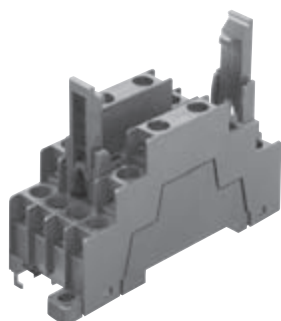


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Top view)



6. DIN terminal socket (6 poles)

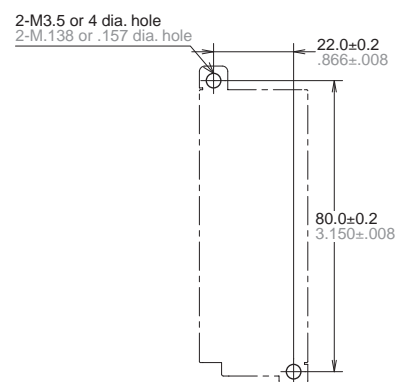


General tolerance: $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

* Reference value (when using DIN rail ATA48011)

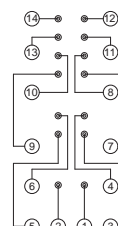
Note: Round terminals cannot be used with DIN terminal sockets.

Mounting hole dimensions



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Top view)

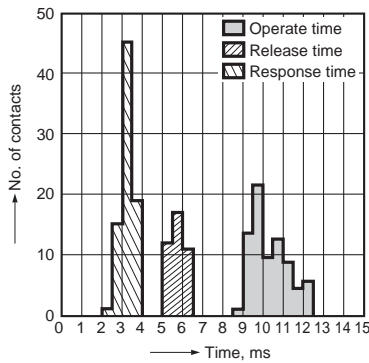


REFERENCE DATA

1. Operate/response/release time

Sample: SFS4-DC24V (4 Form A/2 Form B)

Quantity: n = 20 (a contacts: 80, b contacts: 40)



2. Coil temperature rise

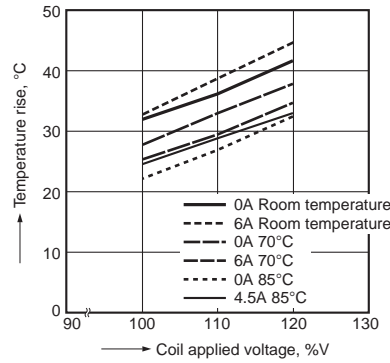
Sample: SFS4-DC24V (4 Form A/2 Form B)

Quantity: n = 3

Measured portion: Inside the coil

Ambient temperature: Room temperature

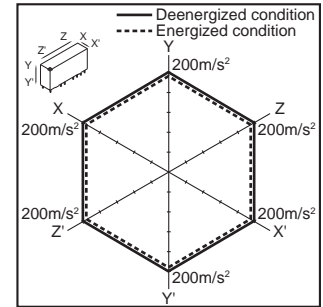
(27°C 80.6°F, 70°C 158°F, 85°C 185°F)



3. Malfunctional shock

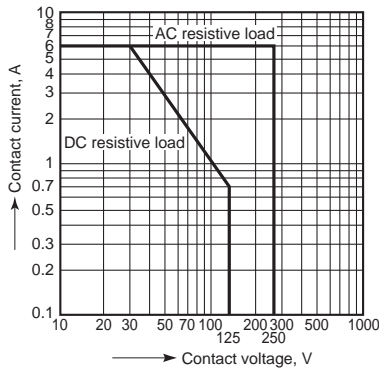
Sample: SFS4-DC24V (4 Form A/2 Form B)

Quantity: n = 3



4. Max. switching capacity

(2 Form A/2 Form B type)



Other contact gaps when contacts are welded

Sample: SFS4-DC24V (4 Form A/2 Form B)

The table below shows the state of the other contacts.

In case of form "NO" contact weld the coil applied voltage is 0 V.

In case of form "NC" contact weld the coil applied voltage is nominal.

		State of other contacts					
		3-4 (NC)	5-6 (NC)	7-8 (NO)	9-10 (NO)	11-12 (NO)	13-14 (NO)
Welded contact No.	3-4 (NC)			>0.5	>0.5	>0.5	>0.5
	5-6 (NC)			>0.5	>0.5	>0.5	>0.5
	7-8 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				
	9-10 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				
	11-12 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				
	13-14 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				

>0.5: contact gap is kept at min. 0.5 mm .020inch

Empty cells: either ON or OFF

Note: Contact gaps are shown at the initial state.

If the contact transfer is caused by load switching, it is necessary to check the actual loading.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Certification authority	File No.	
UL/C-UL	E43149*	6A 277V AC, 6A 30V DC
TÜV	B 05 04 13461 054	6A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0), 6A 250V DC (0ms), AC15: 2A 240V AC (cosφ=1.0), DC13: 1A 24V DC (L/R 48ms)

* CSA standard: Certified by C-UL

NOTES

1. Coil operating power
Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different.

2. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

3. Cleaning

This relay is not sealed, therefore, immersion may cause failure. Be careful that flux does not overflow onto the PC board or penetrate inside the relay.

4. Soldering

When using automatic soldering, the following conditions are recommended

- 1) Preheating: 120°C 248°F, within 120 s max (PC board solder surface).
- 2) Soldering: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F, within 6 s max.

5. Attach directly to the chassis or use a DIN rail.

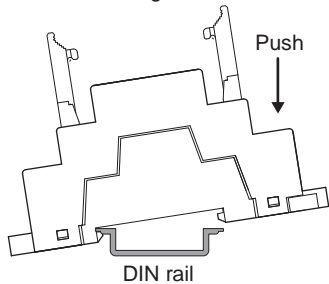
(1) When attaching directly to chassis

- Use a M3.5 screw, spring washer, and hex nut.
- For the mounting pitch, refer to the dimensions.

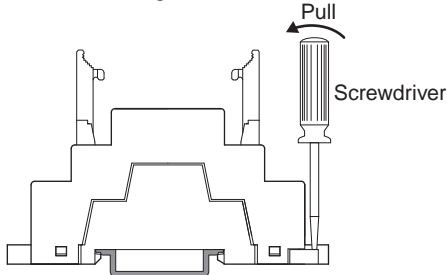
(2) When installing on a DIN rail

- Use a 35 mm 1.378 inch wide DIN rail (DIN46277).
- Install and remove as shown in the figures below.

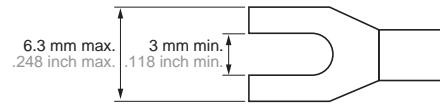
<When installing>



<When removing>



2) Refer to the figure below for applicable wire-pressed terminals. (You cannot use round type wire-pressed terminals.)



6. Other

1) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

2) The switching lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS* C 5442-1996 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the actual product as it is affected by the coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors. Also, be especially careful with loads such as those listed below.

(1) When used for AC load-operation and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

(2) During high frequency on/off operation with certain loads, arcing may occur at the contacts. This can cause fusion to Oxygen and Nitrogen gas in the air creating Nitric Acid (HNO₃) which can cause corrosion to the contacts.

Please see the following countermeasure examples:

1. Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
2. Lower the operating frequency
3. Lower the ambient humidity

3) For secure operations, nominal coil voltage should be applied. In addition, please note that pick-up and drop-out voltage will vary according to the ambient temperature and operating conditions.

4) Heat, smoke, and/or fire may occur if the relay is used outside the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications.

Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded. Also, make sure that the relay is wired correctly.

5) Incorrect wiring may cause false operation or generate heat or flames.

6) Check the ambient conditions when storing or transporting the relays and devices containing the relays.

Freezing or condensation may occur in the relay causing damage. Avoid exposing the relays to heavy loads, or strong shock and vibration.

7. Usage, transport and storage conditions

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

(1) Temperature:

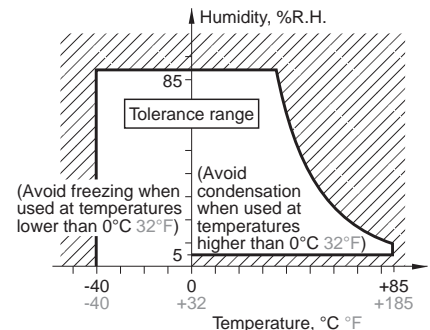
–40 to +85°C –40 to +185°F

(When the temperature is 70 to 80°C, reduce the 6 A max. switching current by 0.1 A/°C.)

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.



(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage

2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F.

This causes problems such as

sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) At low temperature, low humidity environments, the plastic becomes brittle.

Please note corrections.

8. Please connect DC coil types with LED and built-in diode correctly by verifying the coil polarity (“+” and “–”). Connecting with reverse polarity will cause the LED not to light and damage the built-in diode due to its specification.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).



4-pole
(2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B)



6-pole
(4 Form A 2 Form B, 5 Form A 1 Form B)

FEATURES

1. **Forcibly guided contact structure**
Relay complies with EN 50205, Type A
Equipped with forcibly guided
contact structure that enables
detection of contact welding and
construction of safety circuit.
2. **Small size**
3. **Different contact configurations:**

Type	L × W × H (mm inch)
2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B	31.0 × 28.6 × 14.5 1.220 × 1.126 × .571
4 Form A 2 Form B, 5 Form A 1 Form B	39.0 × 28.6 × 14.5 1.535 × 1.126 × .571

4. **Low profile: 14.5 mm .571 inch**
5. **Insulation according to EN 60664-1:**
**Overvoltage category III, Pollution
degree 2, 250V AC**
 - **Reinforced insulation:**
**Clearance and creepage 5.5 mm .217
inch**
(between all contacts and between
contact NO4 and coil)
 - **Basic insulation:**
**Clearance 3 mm .118 inch and
creepage 4 mm .157 inch**
(between all contacts and between
contact NC3 and coil)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

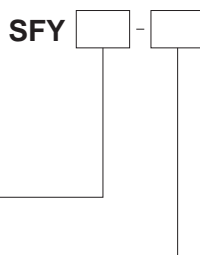
1. Emergency stop switches
2. Machine safety engineering
3. Safety control units
4. Automation technology
5. Elevators
6. Escalators
7. Overcurrent protection with monitor
contact

ORDERING INFORMATION

Contact arrangement
 2: 2 Form A 2 Form B
 3: 3 Form A 1 Form B
 4: 4 Form A 2 Form B
 5: 5 Form A 1 Form B

Nominal coil voltage
 DC 5, 12, 18, 21, 24V

Notes: Please consult us about other coil voltages.
 Gold-clad contact type available on request.



SF-Y

TYPES

Contact arrangement		Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
4-pole	2 Form A 2 Form B	5 V DC	SFY2-DC5V
		12 V DC	SFY2-DC12V
		18 V DC	SFY2-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFY2-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFY2-DC24V
	3 Form A 1 Form B	5 V DC	SFY3-DC5V
		12 V DC	SFY3-DC12V
		18 V DC	SFY3-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFY3-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFY3-DC24V
6-pole	4 Form A 2 Form B	5 V DC	SFY4-DC5V
		12 V DC	SFY4-DC12V
		18 V DC	SFY4-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFY4-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFY4-DC24V
	5 Form A 1 Form B	5 V DC	SFY5-DC5V
		12 V DC	SFY5-DC12V
		18 V DC	SFY5-DC18V
		21 V DC	SFY5-DC21V
		24 V DC	SFY5-DC24V

Standard packing: Tube 20 pcs.

RATING

1. Coil data

Contact arrangement		Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4-pole	2 Form A 2 Form B	5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	15%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	134mA	38Ω	670mW	120%V of nominal voltage
		12V DC			56mA	215Ω		
		18V DC			37mA	483Ω		
		21V DC			32mA	666Ω		
		24V DC			28mA	864Ω		
	3 Form A 1 Form B	5V DC			134mA	38Ω		
		12V DC			56mA	215Ω		
		18V DC			37mA	483Ω		
		21V DC			32mA	666Ω		
		24V DC			28mA	864Ω		
6-pole	4 Form A 2 Form B	5V DC			134mA	38Ω		
		12V DC			56mA	215Ω		
		18V DC			37mA	483Ω		
		21V DC			32mA	666Ω		
		24V DC			28mA	864Ω		
	5 Form A 1 Form B	5V DC			134mA	38Ω		
		12V DC			56mA	215Ω		
		18V DC			37mA	483Ω		
		21V DC			32mA	666Ω		
		24V DC			28mA	864Ω		

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
		4-pole	6-pole
Contact	Contact arrangement	2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B	4 Form A 2 Form B, 5 Form A 1 Form B
	Forcibly guided contacts	All contacts: Type A, EN 50205	
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material	Gold-flashed AgNi alloy type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	6A 250V AC, 6A 30V DC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	1,500VA, 180W	
	Max. switching voltage	250V AC, 30V DC	
	Max. switching current	6 A	
	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1	10mA 10V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact sets	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	NC3: 2,500 Vrms for 1min; NO4: 4,000 Vrms for 1min (Detection current: 10mA)
	Coil holding voltage*4	Min. 60%V (Initial, at 20°C 68°F)	
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 20ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)	
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 200 m/s ² (Min. 20G) (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm .059 inch (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm .059 inch
Expected life	Mechanical	Min. 10 ⁷ (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical	250 V AC 6 A resistive load: Min. 10 ⁶ (at 20 times/min.)	
Degree of protection		RT III*3	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. Operating speed	20 times/min. (at nominal voltage)	
Unit weight		Approx. 19 g .67 oz	Approx. 23 g .81 oz

Notes:

*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES see page 607.

*3. According to EN 61810-1:2010, table 2. Characteristic is sealed construction with terminals, case and base sealed shut with sealing resin. Construction is designed to prevent seeping of flux when soldering and cleaning fluid when cleaning. Harmful substances on the contacts are removed by gas purging before sealing with.

*4. Coil holding voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms from the applied nominal voltage.

Important: Relay characteristics may be influenced by:

- strong external magnetic fields
- magnetic conductive materials near the relay
- narrow top-to-top mounting (printed surface to printed surface)

Insulation

2 Form A 2 Form B	3 Form A 1 Form B	4 Form A 2 Form B	5 Form A 1 Form B

———— = Reinforced insulation: overvoltage category III, pollution degree 2, 250V AC
(Clearance and creepage distance is 5.5 mm .217 inch or more between all contacts. Also, there is 5.5 mm .217 inch or more clearance and creepage distance even between contact NO4 and coil.)

- - - - = Basic insulation: overvoltage category III, pollution degree 3, 250V AC
(The clearance is 3 mm .118 inch or more between all contacts and the creepage distance is 4 mm .157 inch or more. Even between contact NC3 and coil, the clearance is 3 mm .118 inch or more and the creepage distance is 4 mm .157 inch or more.)

Other contact gaps when contacts are welded

The table below shows the state of the other contacts.
In case of form “NO” contact weld the coil applied voltage is 0 V.
In case of form “NC” contact weld the coil applied voltage is nominal.

<2 Form A 2 Form B>

		State of other contacts			
		3-4 (NC)	5-6 (NC)	7-8 (NO)	9-10 (NO)
Welded terminal No.	3-4 (NC)			>0.5	>0.5
	5-6 (NC)			>0.5	>0.5
	7-8 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5		
	9-10 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5		

<3 Form A 1 Form B>

		State of other contacts			
		3-4 (NC)	5-6 (NO)	7-8 (NO)	9-10 (NO)
Welded terminal No.	3-4 (NC)		>0.5	>0.5	>0.5
	5-6 (NO)	>0.5			
	7-8 (NO)	>0.5			
	9-10 (NO)	>0.5			

<4 Form A 2 Form B>

		State of other contacts					
		3-4 (NC)	5-6 (NC)	7-8 (NO)	9-10 (NO)	11-12 (NO)	13-14 (NO)
Welded terminal No.	3-4 (NC)			>0.5	>0.5	>0.5	>0.5
	5-6 (NC)			>0.5	>0.5	>0.5	>0.5
	7-8 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				
	9-10 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				
	11-12 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				
	13-14 (NO)	>0.5	>0.5				

<5 Form A 1 Form B>

		State of other contacts					
		3-4 (NC)	5-6 (NO)	7-8 (NO)	9-10 (NO)	11-12 (NO)	13-14 (NO)
Welded terminal No.	3-4 (NC)		>0.5	>0.5	>0.5	>0.5	>0.5
	5-6 (NO)	>0.5					
	7-8 (NO)	>0.5					
	9-10 (NO)	>0.5					
	11-12 (NO)	>0.5					
	13-14 (NO)	>0.5					

>0.5: contact gap is kept at min. 0.5 mm .020 inch
Empty cells: either ON or OFF
Note: Contact gaps are shown at the initial state.
If the contact transfer is caused by load switching, it is necessary to check the actual loading.

DIMENSIONS mm inch

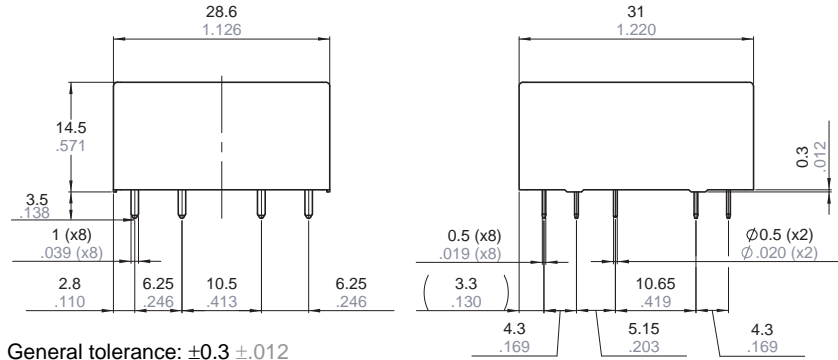
Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1. 4-pole (2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B)

CAD Data



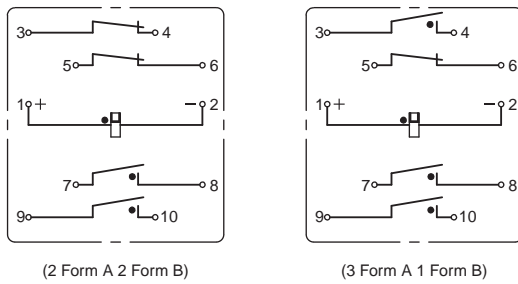
External dimensions



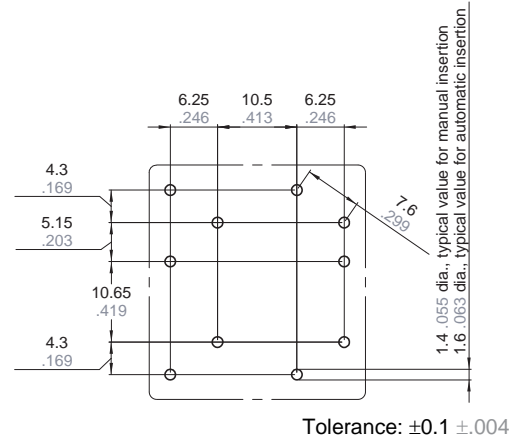
General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

Projection mode:

Schematic (Bottom view)



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



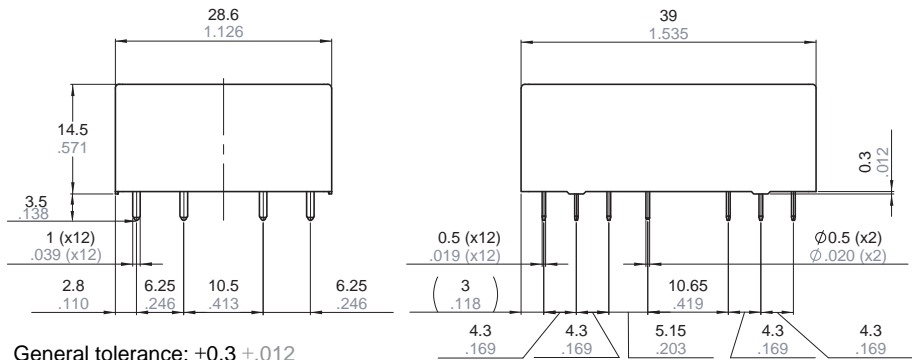
SF-Y

2. 6-pole (4 Form A 2 Form B, 5 Form A 1 Form B)

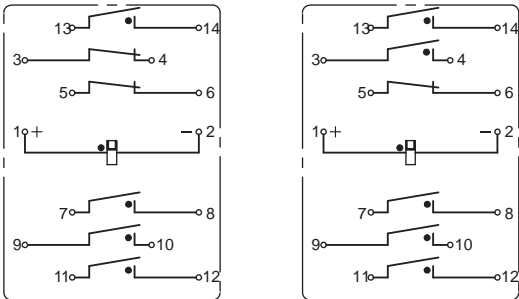
CAD Data



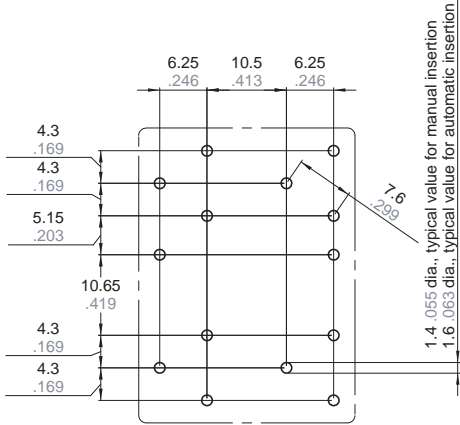
External dimensions



Schematic (Bottom view)



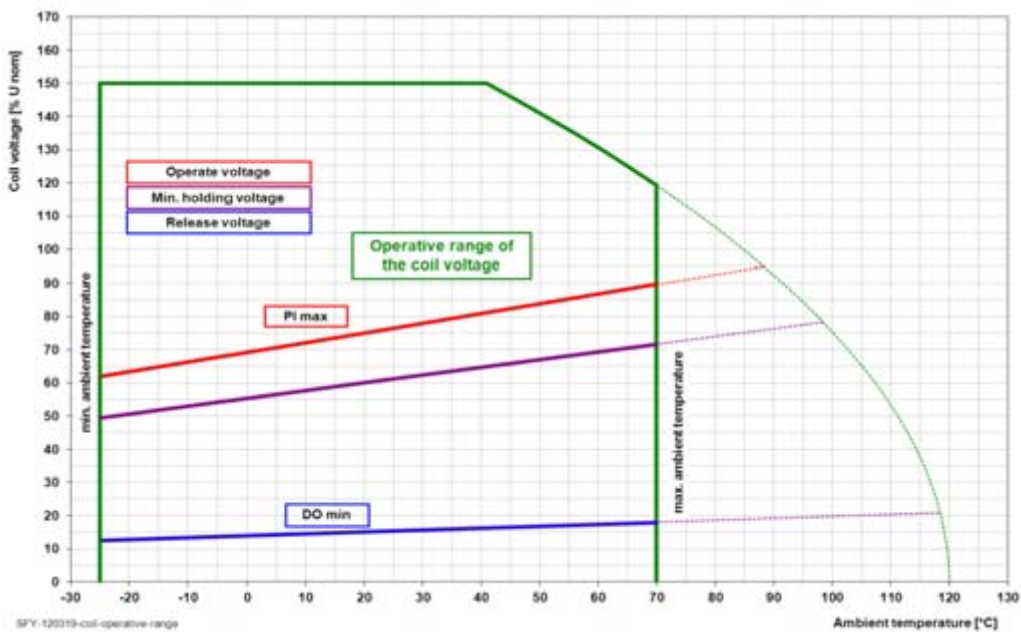
PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

REFERENCE DATA

Coil voltage characteristics



SAFETY STANDARDS

Certification authority	File No.	Rating
UL/C-UL	E120782	6A 250V AC, general use, 100Kops 6A 30V DC, general use, 100Kops, B300, R300 (pilot duty)
TÜV	Cert. no: 968/EZ 535. 00/12	6A 230V AC (cosφ=1.0) 70°C 158°F, 6A 24V DC resistive

NOTES

1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different.

2. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

3. Soldering

When using automatic soldering, the following conditions are recommended

- 1) Preheating: 120°C 248°F, within 120 sec (PC board solder surface)
- 2) Soldering: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F, within 6 sec

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information (page 610).

Relay Technical Information

Relay Technical Information

CONFIGURATION AND CONSTRUCTION

PROTECTIVE CONSTRUCTION

- 1. Dust Cover Type**

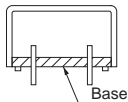
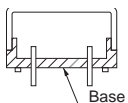
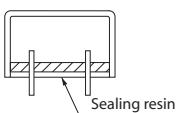
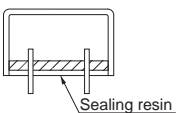
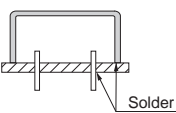
To protect from dust, these types are covered, for example, with a plastic case. We recommend hand soldering, because these relays are not constructed to prevent flux and cleaning fluid from entering during automatic soldering.
- 2. Flux-Resistant Type**

The relay is constructed so that flux will not enter inside the relay during automatic soldering. However, cleaning is not possible.
- 3. Sealed Type**

Construction is designed to prevent seeping of flux when soldering and
- cleaning fluid when cleaning. Harmful substances on the contacts are removed by gas purging before sealing with.
- 4. Sealed capsule type**

This type is hermetically sealed with ceramic and metal plating. No harmful gas or humidity will ever reach the contacts. This type cannot be washed.

CONSTRUCTION AND CHARACTERISTICS

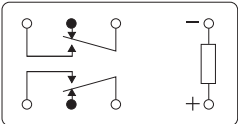
Type	Construction	Characteristics	Automatic Soldering	Automatic Cleaning	Dust Resistance	Harmful Gas Resistance
Dust Cover Type		Most basic construction where the case and base (or body) are fitted together.	Take care	No	Take care	No
Flux-Resistant Type		Terminals are sealed or molded simultaneously. The joint between the case and base is higher than the surface of the PC board.	Yes	No	Take care	No
		Terminals, case, and base are filled with sealing resin.	Yes	No	Take care	No
Sealed Type		Sealed construction with terminals, case and base sealed shut with sealing resin.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes*
Sealed capsule type (EP and EV relays only)		Hermetically sealed construction by sealing the metal case and plate, and the terminal and ceramic part, with solder.	No	No	Yes	Yes

*Since the plastic breathes, please do not use in an atmosphere that contains silicone.

OPERATIONAL FUNCTION

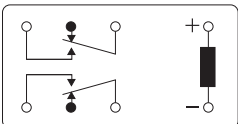
- 1. Single Side Stable Type**

Relay which turns on when the coil is energized and turns off when de-energized.



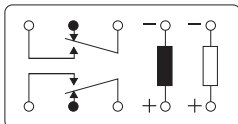
(Schematic example: DS relay)
- 2. 1 Coil Latching Type**

Relay with latching construction that can maintain the on or off state with a pulse input. With one coil, the relay is set or reset by applying signals of opposite polarities.



(Schematic example: DS relay)
- 3. 2 Coil Latching Type**

Relay with latching construction composed of 2 coils: set coil and reset coil. The relay is set or reset by alternately applying pulse signals of the same polarity.



Schematic example: DS relay

4. Operation Indication

Indicates the set and reset states either electrically or mechanically for easy maintenance. An LED type (HC relay with LED) is available.



LED type, HC relay

TERMINAL CONFIGURATION

Type	PC board through hole terminal	PC board self-clinching terminal	Plug-in terminal	Quick connect terminal	Screw terminal
Typical relay					
Terminal configuration					
Typical relay type	GQ(AGQ), TX, DS relay	TQ relay	HJ, HN relay	LE, LF relay	HE, EP relay

Note:

A plug-in solder dual type (HG relay) is also available.

MOUNTING METHOD

Type	Insertion mount	Socket mount	Terminal socket mount	TM type	TMP type
Mounting configuration					
Typical relay type	TQ, DS, S relay	NC, HC relay	SP-, HC-, HJ-, HL-, JW-, SFS-Relays	HC relay	LE, LF relay

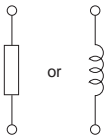


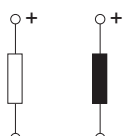
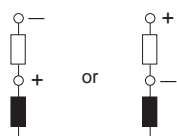
Notes:

- Sockets are available for certain PC board relays (S relay, ST relay).

DEFINITION OF RELAY TERMINOLOGY

COIL (also referred to as primary or input)

1. Coil Designation

Single side stable type		1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type	
Non-polarized	Polarized		4-terminal	3-terminal
				

A black coil represents the energized state. For latching relays, schematic diagrams generally show the coil in its reset state. Therefore, the coil symbol is also shown for the reset coil in its reset state.

2. Nominal Coil Voltage

(Rated Coil Voltage)

A single value (or narrow range) of source voltage intended by design to be applied to the coil or input.

3. Nominal Operating Current

The value of current flow in the coil when nominal voltage is impressed on the coil.

4. Nominal Operating Power

The value of power used by the coil at nominal voltage. For DC coils expressed in watts; AC expressed as volt amperes. Nominal Power (W or VA) = Nominal Voltage × Nominal Current.

5. Coil Resistance

This is the DC resistance of the coil in DC type relays for the temperature conditions listed in the catalog. (Note that for certain types of relays, the DC resistance may be for temperatures other than the standard 20°C 68°F.)

6. Pick-Up Voltage

(Pull-In Voltage or Must Operate Voltage)

As the voltage on an unoperated relay is increased, the value at or below which all contacts must function (transfer).

7. Drop-Out Voltage

(Release or Must Release Voltage)

As the voltage on an operated relay is decreased, the value at or above which all contacts must revert to their unoperated position.

8. Maximum Continuous Voltage




The maximum voltage that can be applied continuously to the coil without causing damage. Short duration spikes of a higher voltage may be tolerable, but this should not be assumed without first checking with the manufacturer.

CONTACTS (secondary or output)

1. Contact Forms

Denotes the contact mechanism and number of contacts in the contact circuit.

2. Contact Symbols

Form A contacts (normally open contacts)	
Form B contacts (normally closed contacts)	
Form C contacts (changeover contacts)	

Form A contacts are also called N.O. contacts or make contacts.

Form B contacts are also called N.C. contacts or break contacts.

Form C contacts are also called changeover contacts or transfer contacts.

3. MBB Contacts

Abbreviation for make-before-break contacts. Contact mechanism where Form A contacts (normally open contacts) close before Form B contacts open (normally closed contacts).

4. Rated Switching Power

The design value in watts (DC) or volt amperes (AC) which can safely be

switched by the contacts. This value is the product of switching voltage x switching current, and will be lower than the maximum voltage and maximum current product.

5. Maximum Switching Voltage

The maximum open circuit voltage which can safely be switched by the contacts. AC and DC voltage maximums will differ in most cases.

6. Maximum Switching Current

The maximum current which can safely be switched by the contacts. AC and DC current maximums may differ.

7. Maximum Switching Power

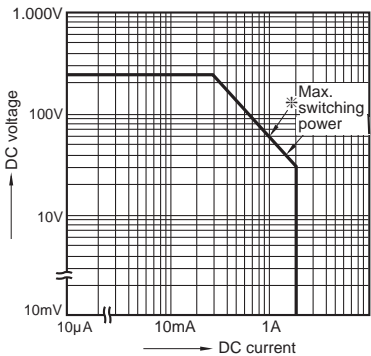
The upper limit of power which can be switched by the contacts. Care should be taken not to exceed this value.

8. Maximum Switching Capacity

This is listed in the data column for each type of relay as the maximum value of the contact capacity and is an interrelationship of the maximum switching power, maximum switching voltage, and maximum switching current. The switching current and switching voltage can be obtained from this graph.

For example, if the switching voltage is fixed in a certain application, the maximum switching current can be obtained from the intersection between the voltage on the axis and the maximum switching power.

Maximum switching capacity



Example: Using TX relay at a switching voltage of 60V DC, the maximum switching current is 1A.

(*Maximum switching capacity is given for a resistive load. Be sure to carefully check the actual load before use.)

9. Minimum switching capability

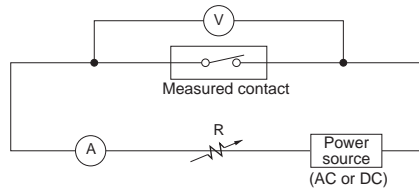
This value is a guideline as to the lowest possible level at which it will be possible for a low level load to allow switching. The level of reliability of this value depends on switching frequency, ambient conditions, change in the desired contact resistance, and the absolute value. Please use a relay with AgPd contacts if your needs analog low level loads, control, or a contact resistance of 100 mΩ or less.

We recommend that you verify with one of our sales offices regarding usage.

10. Contact Resistance

This value is the combined resistance of the resistance when the contacts are touching each other, the resistance of the terminals and contact spring. The contact resistance is measured using the voltage-

drop method as shown below. The measuring currents are designated.



(A):Ammeter (V): Voltmeter (R):Variable resistor

Test Currents

Rated Contact Current or Switching Current (A)	Test Current (mA)
Less than 0.01	1
0.01 or more and less than 0.1	10
0.1 or more and less than 1	100
1 or more	1,000

The resistance can be measured with reasonable accuracy on a YHP 4328A milliohmmeter.

In general, for relays with a contact rating of 1A or more, measure using the voltage-drop method at 1A 6V DC.

11. Maximum Carrying Current

The maximum current which after closing or prior to opening, the contacts can safely pass without being subject to temperature rise in excess of their design limit, or the design limit of other temperature sensitive components in the relay (coil, springs, insulation, etc.). This value is usually in excess of the maximum switching current.

12. Capacitance

This value is measured between the terminals at 1kHz and 20°C 68°F.

ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE

1. Insulation Resistance

The resistance value between all mutually isolated conducting sections of the relay, i.e. between coil and contacts, across open contacts and between coil or contacts to any core or frame at ground potential. This value is usually expressed as "initial insulation resistance" and may decrease with time, due to material degradation and the accumulation of contaminants.

- Between coil and contacts
- Between open contacts
- Between contact sets
- Between set coil and reset coil

2. Breakdown Voltage

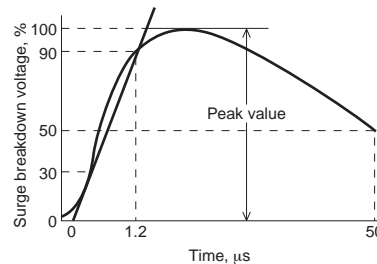
(Hi-Pot or Dielectric Strength)

The maximum voltage which can be tolerated by the relay without damage for a specified period of time, usually measured at the same points as insulation resistance. Usually the stated value is in VAC (RMS) for one minute duration.

3. Surge Breakdown Voltage

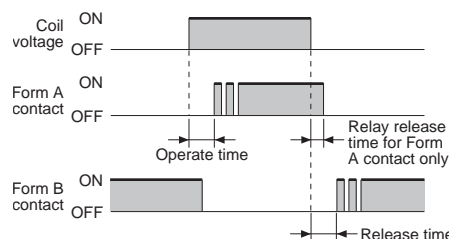
The ability of the device to withstand an abnormal externally produced power surge, as in a lightning strike, or other phenomenon. An impulse test waveform

is usually specified, indicating rise time, peak value and fall time.



4. Operate Time (Set Time)

The elapsed time from the initial application of power to the coil, until the closure of the Form A (normally open) contacts. (With multiple pole devices the time until the last contact closes.) This time does not include any bounce time.



5. Release Time (Reset Time)

The elapsed time from the initial removal of coil power until the reclosure of the Form B (normally closed) contacts (last contact with multi-pole). This time does not include any bounce time.

6. Contact Bounce (Time)

Generally expressed in time (ms), this refers to the intermittent switching phenomenon of the contacts which occurs due to the collision between the movable metal parts or contacts, when the relay is operated or released.

Definition of Relay Terminology

MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE AND LIFE

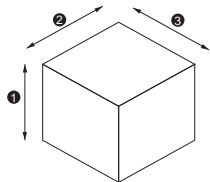
1. Shock Resistance

1) Functional

The acceleration which can be tolerated by the relay during service without causing the closed contacts to open for more than the specified time. (usually 10 μ s)

2) Destructive

The acceleration which can be withstood by the relay during shipping or installation without it suffering damage, and without causing a change in its operating characteristics. Usually expressed in "G"s. However, test was performed a total of 18 times, six times each in three-axis directions.



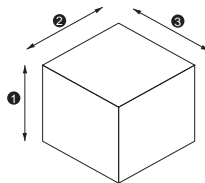
2. Vibration Resistance

1) Functional

The vibration which can be tolerated by the relay during service, without causing the closed contacts to open for more than the specified time.

2) Destructive

The vibration which can be withstood by the relay during shipping, installation or use without it suffering damage, and without causing a change in its operating characteristics. Expressed as an acceleration in G's or displacement, and frequency range. However, test was performed a total of six hours, two hours each in three-axis directions.



3. Mechanical Life

The minimum number of times the relay can be operated under nominal conditions (coil voltage, temperature, humidity, etc.) with no load on the contacts.

4. Electrical Life

The minimum number of times the relay can be operated under nominal conditions with a specific load being switched by the contacts.

5. Maximum Switching Frequency

This refers to the maximum switching frequency which satisfies the mechanical

life or electrical life under repeated operations by applying a pulse train at the rated voltage to the operating coil.

6. Life Curve

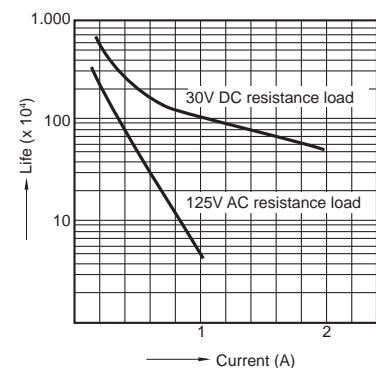
This is listed in the data column for each type of relay. The life (number of operations) can be estimated from the switching voltage and switching current. For example, for a DS relay operating at:

Switching voltage = 125V AC

Switching current = 0.6A

The life expectancy is 300,000 operations. However, this value is for a resistive load. Be sure to carefully check the actual load before use.

Life Curve



HIGH FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

1. Isolation

High frequency signals leak through the stray capacitance across contacts even if the contacts are separated. This leak is called isolation. The symbol dB (decibel) is used to express the magnitude of the leak signal. This is expressed as the logarithm of the magnitude ratio of the signal generated by the leak with respect to the input signal. The larger the magnitude, the better the isolation.

2. Insertion Loss

At the high frequency region, signal disturbance occurs from self-induction, resistance, and dielectric loss as well as from reflection due to impedance mismatching in circuits. Loss due to any of these types of disturbances is called insertion loss. Therefore, this refers to the magnitude of loss of the input signal. The smaller the magnitude, the better the relay.

3. V.S.W.R.

(Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)

High frequency resonance is generated from the interference between the input signal and reflected (wave) signal.

V.S.W.R. refers to the ratio of the maximum value to minimum value of the waveform. The V.S.W.R. is 1 when there is no reflected wave. It usually becomes greater than 1.

Notes:

1. Except where otherwise specified, the tests above are conducted under standard temperature and humidity (15°C to 35°C 59°F to 95°F, 25 to 75%).
2. The coil impressed voltage in the switching tests is a rectangular wave at the rated voltage.
3. The phase of the AC load operation is random.

GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES

A relay may encounter a variety of ambient conditions during actual use resulting in unexpected failure.

Therefore, testing over a practical range under actual operating conditions is necessary. Application considerations

should be reviewed and determined for proper use of the relay.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Use that exceeds the specification ranges such as the coil rating, contact rating and switching life should be absolutely avoided. Doing so may lead to abnormal heating, smoke, and fire.
- Never touch live parts when power is applied to the relay. Doing so may cause electrical shock. When installing,

maintaining, or troubleshooting a relay (including connecting parts such as terminals and sockets) be sure that the power is turned off.

- When connecting terminals, please follow the internal connection diagrams in the catalog to ensure that connections are done correctly. Be

warned that an incorrect connection may lead to unexpected operation error, abnormal heating, and fire.

- If the possibility exists that faulty adhesion or contact could endanger assets or human life, take double safety precautions and make sure that operation is foolproof.

[1] METHOD OF DETERMINING SPECIFICATIONS

In order to use the relays properly, the characteristics of the selected relay should be well known, and the conditions of use of the relay should be investigated to determine whether they are matched

to the environmental conditions, and at the same time, the coil conditions, contact conditions, and the ambient conditions for the relay that is actually used must be sufficiently known in

advance. In the table below, a summary has been made of the points of consideration for relay selection. It may be used as a reference for investigation of items and points of caution.

	Specification item	Consideration points regarding selection
Coil	a) Rating b) Pick-up voltage/current c) Drop-out voltage/current d) Maximum continuous voltage/current e) Coil resistance f) Impedance g) Temperature rise	1) Select relay with consideration for power source ripple. 2) Give sufficient consideration to ambient temperature, for the coil temperature rise and hot start. 3) When used in conjunction with semiconductors, additional attention to the application should be taken. Be careful of voltage drops when starting up.
		1) It is desirable to use a standard product with more than the required number of contacts. 2) It is beneficial to have the relay life balanced with the life of the device it is used in. 3) Is the contact material matched to the type of load? It is necessary to take care particularly with low level load. 4) The rated life may become reduced when used at high temperatures. Life should be verified in the actual atmosphere used. 5) Depending on the circuit, the relay drive may synchronize with the AC load. As this will cause a drastic shortening of life should be verified with the actual machine.
Contacts	a) Contact arrangement b) Contact rating c) Contact material d) Life e) Contact resistance	
Operate time	a) Operate time b) Release time c) Bounce time d) Switching frequency	1) It is beneficial to make the bounce time short for sound circuits and similar applications.
Mechanical characteristics	a) Vibration resistance b) Shock resistance c) Ambient temperature d) Life	1) Give consideration to performance under vibration and shock in the use location. 2) In particular, when used in high temperature applications, relay with class B or class F coil insulation may be required.
Other items	a) Breakdown voltage b) Mounting method c) Size d) Protective construction	1) Selection can be made for connection method with plug-in type, PC board type, soldering, tab terminals, and screw fastening type. 2) For use in an adverse atmosphere, the sealed construction type should be selected. 3) When used in adverse environments, use the sealed type. 4) Are there any special conditions?

General Application Guidelines

BASICS ON RELAY HANDLING

- To maintain initial performance, care should be taken to avoid dropping or hitting the relay.
- Under normal use, the relay is designed so that the case will not detach. To maintain initial performance, the case should not be removed. Relay characteristics cannot be guaranteed if the case is removed.
- Use of the relay in an atmosphere at standard temperature and humidity with minimal amounts of dust, SO₂, H₂S, or organic gases is recommended.
For installation in adverse environments, one of the sealed types should be considered.
Please avoid the use of silicone-based resins near the relay, because doing so may result in contact failure. (This applies to plastic sealed type relays, too.)
- Care should be taken to observe correct coil polarity (+, -) for polarized relays.
- Proper usage requires that the rated voltage be impressed on the coil. Use rectangular waves for DC coils and sine waves for AC coils.
- Be sure the coil impressed voltage does not continuously exceed the maximum allowable voltage.
- The rated switching power and life are given only as guides. The physical phenomena at the contacts and contact life greatly vary depending on the type of load and the operating conditions. Therefore, be sure to carefully check the type of load and operating conditions before use.
- Do not exceed the usable ambient temperature values listed in the catalog.
- Use the flux-resistant type or sealed type if automatic soldering is to be used.
- Use alcohol based cleaning solvents when cleaning is to be performed using a sealed type relay. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning of all types of relays.
- As a guide, use a Faston mounting pressure of 40 to 70N {4 to 7kgf} for relays with tab terminals.
- Avoid bending terminals, because it may cause malfunction.
- For proper use, read the main text for details.

[2] PRECAUTIONS REGARDING COIL INPUT

Application of the rated voltage is the most basic requirement for accurate relay operation. Although the relay will work if the voltage applied exceeds the pick-up voltage, it is required that only the rated voltage be applied to the coil out of

consideration for changes in coil resistance, etc., due to differences in power supply type, voltage fluctuations, and rises in temperature. Also, caution is required, because problems such as layer shorts and burnout in the coil may

occur if the voltage applied exceeds the maximum that can be applied continuously. The following section contains precautions regarding coil input. Please refer to it in order to avoid problems.

1. Basic Precautions Regarding Coil

• AC operation type

For the operation of AC relays, the power source is almost always a commercial frequency (50 or 60Hz) with standard voltages of 6, 12, 24, 48, 115, 120, 230 and 240V AC. Because of this, when the voltage is other than the standard voltage, the product is a special order item, and the factors of price, delivery, and stability of characteristics may create inconveniences. To the extent that it is possible, the standard voltages should be selected.

Also, in the AC type, shading coil resistance loss, magnetic circuit eddy current loss, and hysteresis loss exist, and because of lower coil efficiency, it is normal for the temperature rise to be greater than that for the DC type.

Furthermore, because humming occurs when below the pick-up voltage and when above the rated voltage, care is required with regard to power source voltage fluctuations.

For example, in the case of motor starting, if the power source voltage drops, and during the humming of the relay, if it reverts to the restored condition, the contacts suffer a burn damage and welding, with the

occurrence of a false operation self-maintaining condition.

For the AC type, there is an inrush current during the operation time (for the separated condition of the armature, the impedance is low and a current greater than rated current flows; for the adhered condition of the armature, the impedance is high and the rated value of current flows), and because of this, for the case of several relays being used in parallel connection, it is necessary to give consideration to power consumption.

• DC operation type

For the operation of DC relays, standards exist for power source voltage and current, with DC voltage standards set at 5, 6, 12, 24, 48, and 100V, but with regard to current, the values as expressed in catalogs in milliamperes of pick-up current.

However, because this value of pick-up current is nothing more than a guarantee of just barely moving the armature, the variation in energizing voltage and resistance values, and the increase in coil resistance due to temperature rise, must be given consideration for the worst possible condition of relay operation, making it necessary to consider the

current value as 1.5 to 2 times the pick-up current. Also, because of the extensive use of relays as limit devices in place of meters for both voltage and current, and because of the gradual increase or decrease of current impressed on the coil causing possible delay in movement of the contacts, there is the possibility that the designated control capacity may not be satisfied. Thus it is necessary to exercise care. The DC type relay coil resistance varies due to ambient temperature as well as to its own heat generation to the extent of about 0.4%/°C, and accordingly, if the temperature increases, because of the increase in pick-up and drop-out voltages, care is required.

(However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.)

2. Power Source for Coil Input

• Energizing voltage of AC coil

In order to have stable operation of the relay, the energizing voltage should be basically within the range of $\pm 10\%$ /-15% of the rated voltage. However, it is necessary that the waveform of the voltage impressed on the coil be a sine wave. There is no problem if the power source is commercially provided power, but when a stabilized AC power source is used, there is a waveform distortion due to that equipment, and there is the possibility of abnormal overheating. By means of a shading coil for the AC coil, humming is stopped, but with a distorted waveform, that function is not displayed.

Figure 1 shows an example of waveform distortion.

If the power source for the relay operating circuit is connected to the same line as motors, solenoids, transformers, and other loads, when these loads operate, the line voltage drops, and because of this the relay contacts suffer the effect of vibration and subsequent burn damage. In particular, if a small type transformer is used and its capacity has no margin of safety, when there is long wiring, or in the case of household use or small sales shop use where the wiring is slender, it is necessary to take precautions because of the normal voltage fluctuations combined with these other factors. When trouble develops, a

survey of the voltage situation should be made using a synchroscope or similar means, and the necessary counter-measures should be taken, and together with this determine whether a special relay with suitable excitation characteristics should be used, or make a change in the DC circuit as shown in Figure 2 in which a capacitor is inserted to absorb the voltage fluctuations.

In particular, when a magnetic switch is being used, because the load becomes like that of a motor, depending upon the application, separation of the operating circuit and power circuit should be tried and investigated.

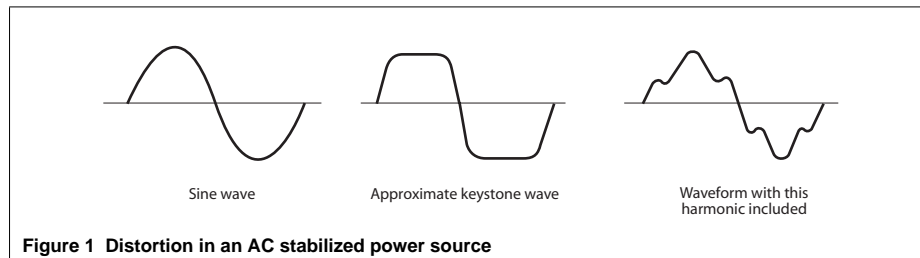


Figure 1 Distortion in an AC stabilized power source

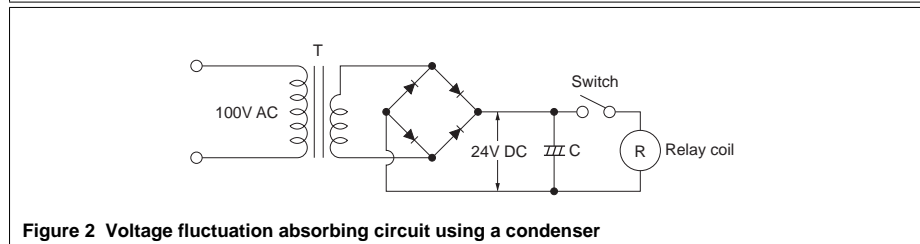


Figure 2 Voltage fluctuation absorbing circuit using a condenser

• Power source for DC input

We recommend that the voltage applied to both ends of the coil in DC type relays be within $\pm 5\%$ of the rated coil voltage.

As a power source for the DC type relay, a battery or either a half wave or full wave rectifier circuit with a smoothing capacitor is used. The characteristics with regard to the pick-up voltage of the relay will change depending upon the type of power source, and because of this, in order to display stable characteristics, the most desirable method is perfect DC.

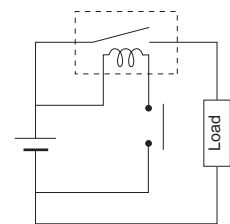
In the case of ripple included in the DC power source, particularly in the case of half wave rectifier circuit with a smoothing capacitor, if the capacity of the capacitor is too small, due to the influence of the ripple, humming develops and an unsatisfactory condition is produced. With the actual circuit to be used, it is absolutely necessary to confirm the characteristics.

It is necessary to give consideration to the use of a DC power source with less than a 5% ripple. Also ordinarily the following must be given thought.

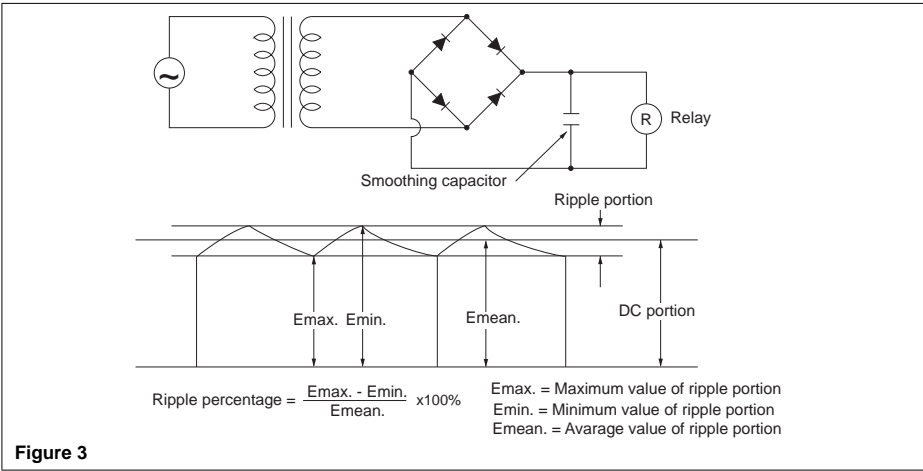
- It is desirable to have less than a 5% ripple for the reed type relay.
- For the hinge type relay, a half wave rectifier cannot be used, alone unless you use a smoothing capacitor. The ripple and the characteristics must be evaluated for proper usage.
- For the hinge type relay, there are certain applications that may or may not use the full wave rectifier on it's own. Please check specifications with the original manufacture.
- Coil applied voltage and the drop in voltage

Shown following is a circuit driven by the same power supply (battery, etc.) for both the coil and contact. Electrical life will be affected by the drop in voltage in the coil when load is turned on.

- Please verify that the actual voltage is applied to the coil at the actual load.



General Application Guidelines



3. Maximum Continuous Voltage and Temperature Rise

Proper usage requires that the rated voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

• Maximum continuous voltage

In addition to being a requirement for relay operation stability, the maximum continuous voltage is an important constraint for the prevention of such problems as thermal deterioration or deformity of the insulation material, or the occurrence of fire hazards.

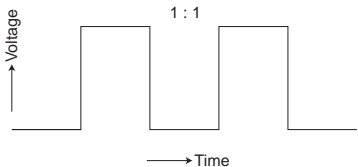
In actual use with E-type insulation, when the ambient temperature is 40°C 104°F, a temperature rise limit of 80°C 176°F is thought to be reasonable according to the resistance method. However, when complying with the Electrical Appliance

and Material Safety Law, this becomes 75°C 167°F.

• Temperature rise due to pulse voltage

When a pulse voltage with ON time of less than 2 minutes is used, the coil temperature rise bears no relationship to the ON time. This varies with the ratio of ON time to OFF time, and compared with continuous current passage, it is rather small. The various relays are essentially the same in this respect.

Current passage time	%
For continuous passage	Temperature rise value is 100%
ON : OFF = 3 : 1	About 80%
ON : OFF = 1 : 1	About 50%
ON : OFF = 1 : 3	About 35%



• Pick-up voltage change due to coil temperature rise (hot start)

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

4. Coil Applied Voltage and Operate Time

In the case of AC operation, there is extensive variation in operate time depending upon the point in the phase at which the switch is turned ON for coil excitation, and it is expressed as a certain range, but for miniature types it is for the most part 1/2 cycle. However, for the somewhat large type relay where

bounce is large, the operate time is 7 to 16ms, with release time in the order of 9 to 18ms. Also, in the case of DC operation, to the extent of large coil input, the operating time is rapid, but if it is too rapid, the “Form A” contact bounce time is extended.

Please be warned that load conditions (in particular when inrush current is large or load is close to the load rating) may cause the working life to shorten and slight welding.

5. Stray Circuits (Bypass Circuits)

In the case of sequence circuit construction, because of bypass flow or alternate routing, it is necessary to take care not to have erroneous operation or abnormal operation. To understand this condition while preparing sequence circuits, as shown in Figure 4, with 2 lines written as the power source lines, the

upper line is always ⊕ and the lower line ⊖ (when the circuit is AC, the same thinking applies). Accordingly the ⊕ side is necessarily the side for making contact connections (contacts for relays, timers and limit switches, etc.), and the ⊖ side is the load circuit side (relay coil, timer coil, magnet coil, solenoid coil,

motor, lamp, etc.).

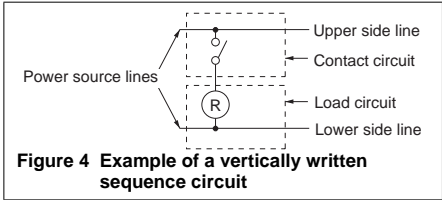
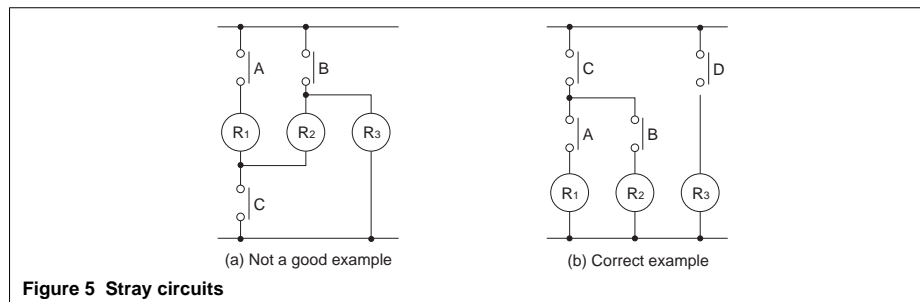


Figure 5 shows an example of stray circuits. In Figure 5 (a), with contacts A, B, and C closed, after relays R₁, R₂, and R₃ operate, if contacts B and C open, there is a series circuit through A, R₁, R₂, and R₃, and the relays will hum and

sometimes not be restored to the drop out condition.

The connections shown in Figure 5 (b) are correctly made. In addition, with regard to the DC circuit, because it is

simple by means of a diode to prevent stray circuits, proper application should be made.



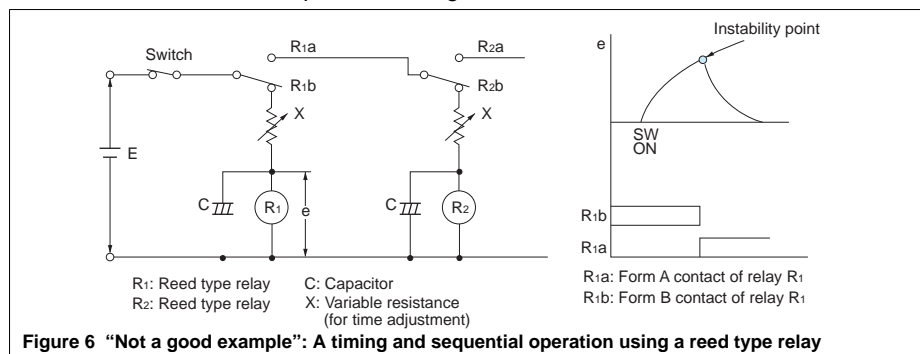
6. Gradual Increase of Coil Impressed Voltage and Suicide Circuit

When the voltage impressed on the coil is increased slowly, the relay transferring operation is unstable, the contact pressure drops, contact bounce increases, and an unstable condition of contact occurs. This method of applying voltage to the coil should not be used, and consideration should be given to the method of impressing voltage on the coil (use of switching circuit). Also, in the

case of latching relays, using self "Form B" contacts, the method of self coil circuit for complete interruption is used, but because of the possibility of trouble developing, care should be taken.

The circuit shown in Figure 6 causes a timing and sequential operation using a reed type relay, but this is not a good example with mixture of gradual increase of impressed voltage for the coil and a

suicide circuit. In the timing portion for relay R₁, when the timing times out, chattering occurs causing trouble. In the initial test (trial production), it shows favorable operation, but as the number of operations increases, contact blackening (carbonization) plus the chattering of the relay creates instability in performance.

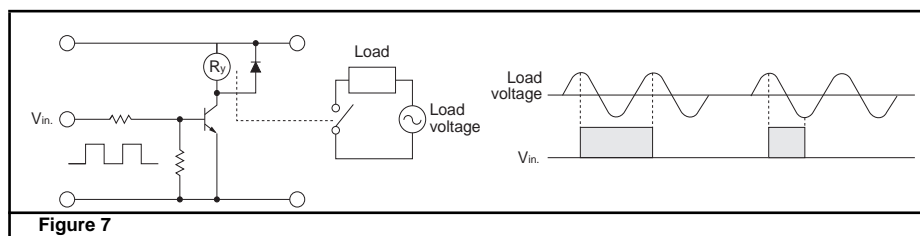


7. Phase Synchronization in AC Load Switching

If switching of the relay contacts is synchronized with the phase of the AC power, reduced electrical life, welded contacts, or a locking phenomenon (incomplete release) due to contact

material transfer may occur. Therefore, check the relay while it is operating in the actual system. When driving relays with timers, micro computers and thyristors,

etc., there may be synchronization with the power supply phase.



8. Erroneous Operation due to Inductive Interference

For long wire runs, when the line for the control circuit and the line for electric power use a single conduit, induction voltage, caused by induction from the power line, will be applied to the operation coil regardless of whether or not the control signal is off. In this case

the relay and timer may not revert. Therefore, when wiring spans a long distance please remember that along with inductive interference, connection failure may be caused by a problem with distribution capacity or the device might break down due to the influence of

externally caused surges, such as that caused by lightning.

General Application Guidelines

9. Long Term Current Carrying

A circuit designed for non-excitation when left running is desirable for circuits (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) that will be carrying a current

continuously for long periods without relay switching operation.

Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself.

For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you must use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and provide a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

10.Usage with Infrequent Switching

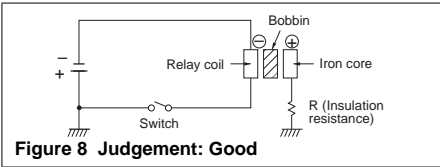
Please carry out periodic contact conductivity inspections when the frequency of switching is once or fewer times per month. When no switching of

the contacts occurs for long periods, organic membrane may form on the contact surfaces and lead to contact instability.

11.Regarding Electrolytic Corrosion of Coils

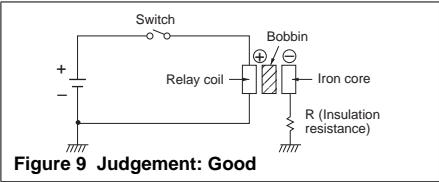
In the case of comparatively high voltage coil circuits, when such relays are used in high temperature and high humidity atmospheres or with continuous passage of current, the corrosion can be said to be the result of the occurrence of electrolytic corrosion. Because of the possibility of open circuits occurring, attention should be given to the following points.

- The ⊕ side of the power source should be connected to the chassis. (Refer to Figure 8) (Common to all relays)

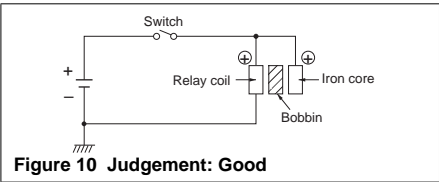


- In the case where unavoidably the ⊕ side is grounded, or in the case where grounding is not possible.

- Insert the contacts (or switch) in the ⊕ side of the power source. (Refer to Figure 9) (Common to all relays)

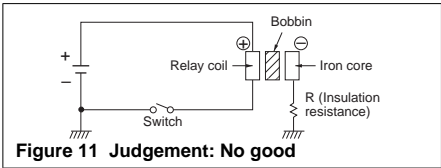


- When a grounding is not required, connect the ground terminal to the ⊕ side of the coil. (Refer to Figure 10) (NF and NR with ground terminal)



- When the ⊕ side of the power source is grounded, always avoid interting the contacts (and switches) in the ⊕ side.

(Refer to Figure 11) (Common to all relays)



- In the case of relays provided with a ground terminal, when the ground terminal is not considered effective, not making a connection to ground plays an important role as a method for preventing electrolytic corrosion.

Note: The designation on the drawing indicates the insertion of insulation between the iron core and the chassis. In relays where a ground terminal is provided, the iron core can be grounded directly to the chassis, but in consideration of electrolytic corrosion, it is more expedient not to make the connection.

[3] PRECAUTIONS REGARDING CONTACT

• Contact

The contacts are the most important elements of relay construction. Contact performance conspicuously influenced by contact material, and voltage and current values applied to the contacts (in particular, the voltage and current

waveforms at the time of application and release), the type of load, frequency of switching, ambient atmosphere, form of contact, contact switching speed, and of bounce.

Because of contact transfer, welding, abnormal wear, increase in contact

resistance, and the various other damages which bring about unsuitable operation, the following items require full investigation.

*We recommend that you verify with one of our sales offices

1. Basic Precautions Regarding Contact

• Voltage, AC and DC

When there is inductance included in the circuit, a rather high counter emf is generated as a contact circuit voltage, and since, to the extent of the value of that voltage, the energy applied to the contacts causes damage with consequent wear of the contacts, and transfer of the contacts, it is necessary to

exercise care with regard to control capacity. In the case of DC, there is no zero current point such as there is with AC, and accordingly, once a cathode arc has been generated, because it is difficult to quench that arc, the extended time of the arc is a major cause. In addition, due to the direction of the current being fixed, the phenomenon of contact shift, as noted separately below, occurs in relation

to the contact wear. Ordinarily, the approximate control capacity is mentioned in catalogs or similar data sheets, but this alone is not sufficient. With special contact circuits, for the individual case, the maker either estimates from the past experience or makes test on each occasion. Also, in catalogs and similar data sheets, the control capacity that is mentioned is

limited to resistive load, but there is a broad meaning indicated for that class of relay, and ordinarily it is proper to think of current capacity as that for 125V AC circuits.

Minimum applicable loads are given in the catalog; however, these are only provided as a guide to the lower limit that the relay is able to switch and are not guaranteed values. The level of reliability of these values depends on switching

frequency, ambient conditions, change in the desired contact resistance, and the absolute value. Please use relays with AgPd contacts when minute analog load control or contact resistance no higher than 100 mΩ is desired (for measurement and wireless applications, etc.).

• Current

The current at both the closing and opening time of the contact circuit exerts

important influence. For example, when the load is either a motor or a lamp, to the extent of the inrush current at the time of closing the circuit, wear of the contacts, and the amount of contact transfer increase, and contact welding and contact transfer make contact separation impossible.

2. Characteristics of Common Contact Materials

Characteristics of contact materials are given below. Refer to them when selecting a relay.

Contact Material	Ag (silver)	Electrical conductivity and thermal conductivity are the highest of all metals. Exhibits low contact resistance, is inexpensive and widely used. A disadvantage is it easily develops a sulfide film in a sulfide atmosphere. Care is required at low voltage and low current levels.
	AgSnO ₂ (silver-tin)	Exhibits superior welding resistance characteristics equal or better than AgCdO. Like silver, it easily develops a sulfide film in a sulfide atmosphere.
	AgW (silver-tungsten)	Hardness and melting point are high, arc resistance is excellent, and it is highly resistant to material transfer. However, high contact pressure is required. Furthermore, contact resistance is relatively high and resistance to corrosion is poor. Also, there are constraints on processing and mounting to contact springs.
	AgNi (silver-nickel)	Equals the electrical conductivity of silver. Excellent arc resistance.
	AgPd (silver-palladium)	At standard temperature, good corrosion resistance and good sulfidation resistance. However, in dry circuits, organic gases adhere and it easily develops a polymer. Gold clad is used to prevent polymer buildup. Expensive.
Surface Finish	Rh plating (rhodium)	Combines perfect corrosion resistance and hardness. As plated contacts, used for relatively light loads. In an organic gas atmosphere, care is required as polymers may develop. Therefore, it is used in hermetic sealed relays (reed relays, etc.). Expensive.
	Au clad (gold clad)	Au with its excellent corrosion resistance is pressure welded onto a base metal. Special characteristics are uniform thickness and the nonexistence of pinholes. Greatly effective especially for low level loads under relatively adverse atmospheres. Often difficult to implement clad contacts in existing relays due to design and installation.
	Au plating (gold plating)	Similar effect to Au clad. Depending on the plating process used, supervision is important as there is the possibility of pinholes and cracks. Relatively easy to implement gold plating in existing relays.
	Au flash plating (gold thin-film plating) 0.1 to 0.5μm	Purpose is to protect the contact base metal during storage of the switch or device with built-in switch. However, a certain degree of contact stability can be obtained even when switching loads.

3. Contact Protection

• Counter EMF

When switching inductive loads with a DC relay such as relay sequence circuits, DC motors, DC clutches, and DC solenoids, it is always important to absorb surges (e.g. with a diode) to protect the contacts.

When these inductive loads are switched off, a counter emf of several hundred to several thousand volts develops which can severely damage contacts and greatly shorten life. If the current in these loads is relatively small at around 1A or less, the counter emf will cause the ignition of a glow or arc discharge. The discharge decomposes organic matter

contained in the air and causes black deposits (oxides, carbides) to develop on the contacts. This may result in contact failure.

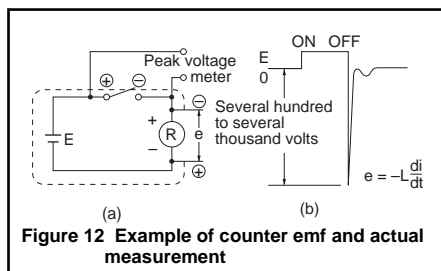


Figure 12 (a), a counter emf ($e = -L \frac{di}{dt}$) with a steep waveform is generated across the coil with the polarity shown in

Figure 12 (b) at the instant the inductive load is switched off. The counter emf passes through the power supply line and reaches both contacts.

Generally, the critical dielectric breakdown voltage at standard temperature and pressure in air is about 200 to 300 volts. Therefore, if the counter emf exceeds this, discharge occurs at the contacts to dissipate the energy ($\frac{1}{2}Li^2$) stored in the coil. For this reason, it is desirable to absorb the counter emf so that it is 200V or less.

• Material transfer phenomenon

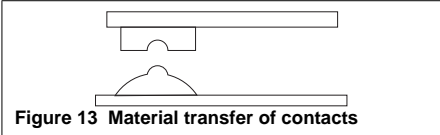
Material transfer of contacts occurs when one contact melts or boils and the contact material transfers to the other contact. As the number of switching operations increases, uneven contact surfaces develop such as those shown in Figure 13. After a while, the uneven contacts

lock as if they were welded together. This often occurs in circuits where sparks are produced at the moment the contacts “make” such as when the DC current is large for DC inductive or capacitive loads or when the inrush current is large (several amperes or several tens of amperes).

Contact protection circuits and contact materials resistant to material transfer such as AgSnO₂, AgW or AgCu are used as countermeasures. Generally, a concave formation appears on the cathode and a convex formation appears on the anode. For DC capacitive loads (several amperes to several tens of

General Application Guidelines

amperes), it is always necessary to conduct actual confirmation tests.



• **Contact protection circuit**

Use of contact protective devices or protection circuits can suppress the counter emf to a low level. However, note that incorrect use will result in an adverse effect. Typical contact protection circuits are given in the table below.

(G: Good, NG: No Good, C: Conditional)

Circuit		Application		Features/Others	Devices Selection
		AC	DC		
CR circuit		C*	G	If the load is a timer, leakage current flows through the CR circuit causing faulty operation. * If used with AC voltage, be sure the impedance of the load is sufficiently smaller than that of the CR circuit	As a guide in selecting c and r, c: 0.5 to 1μF per 1A contact current r: 0.5 to 1Ω per 1V contact voltage Values vary depending on the properties of the load and variations in relay characteristics. Capacitor "c" acts to suppress the discharge the moment the contacts open. Resistor "r" acts to limit the current when the power is turned on the next time. Test to confirm. Use a capacitor "c" with a breakdown voltage of 200 to 300V. Use AC type capacitors (non-polarized) for AC circuits.
		G	G	If the load is a relay or solenoid, the release time lengthens. Effective when connected to both contacts if the power supply voltage is 24 or 48V and the voltage across the load is 100 to 200V.	
Diode circuit		NG	G	The diode connected in parallel causes the energy stored in the coil to flow to the coil in the form of current and dissipates it as joule heat at the resistance component of the inductive load. This circuit further delays the release time compared to the CR circuit. (2 to 5 times the release time listed in the catalog)	Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage at least 10 times the circuit voltage and a forward current at least as large as the load current. In electronic circuits where the circuit voltages are not so high, a diode can be used with a reverse breakdown voltage of about 2 to 3 times the power supply voltage.
Diode and zener diode circuit		NG	G	Effective when the release time in the diode circuit is too long.	Use a zener diode with a zener voltage about the same as the power supply voltage.
Varistor circuit		G	G	Using the stable voltage characteristics of the varistor, this circuit prevents excessively high voltages from being applied across the contacts. This circuit also slightly delays the release time. Effective when connected to both contacts if the power supply voltage is 24 to 48V and the voltage across the load is 100 to 200V.	—

- Avoid using the protection circuits shown in the figures on the right. Although DC inductive loads are usually more difficult to switch than resistive loads, use of the proper protection circuit will raise the characteristics to that for resistive loads.

Although extremely effective in arc suppression as the contacts open, the contacts are susceptible to welding since energy is stored in "C" when the contacts open and short-circuit current flows from "C" when the contacts close.	Although extremely effective in arc suppression as the contacts open, the contacts are susceptible to welding since charging current flows to "C" when the contacts close.

• **Mounting the protective device**

In the actual circuit, it is necessary to locate the protective device (diode, resistor, capacitor, varistor, etc.) in the immediate vicinity of the load or contact. If located too far away, the effectiveness of the protective device may diminish. As a guide, the distance should be within 50cm.

• **Abnormal corrosion during high frequency switching of DC loads (spark generation)**

If, for example, a DC valve or clutch is switched at a high frequency, a blue-green corrosion may develop. This occurs from the reaction with nitrogen and oxygen in the air when sparks (arc discharge) are generated during

switching. Therefore, care is required in circuits where sparks are generated at a high frequency.

4. Cautions on Use Related to Contacts

• Connection of load and contacts

Connect the load to one side of the power supply as shown in Figure 14 (a).
Connect the contacts to the other side.

This prevents high voltages from developing between contacts. If contacts are connected to both side of the power supply as shown in Figure 14 (b), there is

a risk of shorting the power supply when relatively close contacts short.

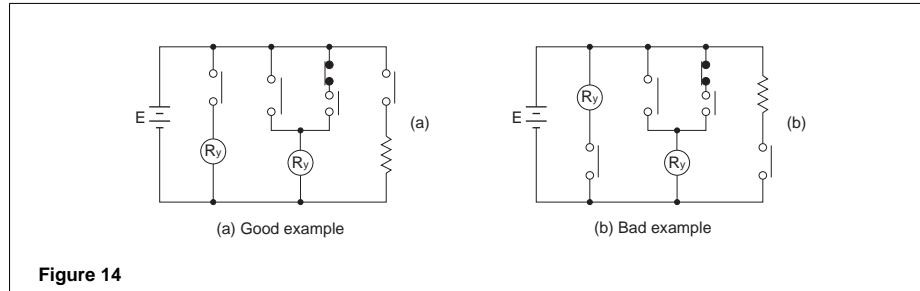


Figure 14

• Dummy Resistor

Since voltage levels at the contacts used in low current circuits (dry circuits) are

low, poor conduction is often the result. One method to increase reliability is to add a dummy resistor in parallel with the

load to intentionally raise the load current reaching the contacts.

• Avoid circuits where shorts occur between Form A and B contacts

1) The clearance between form A and B contacts in compact control components is small. The occurrence of shorts due to arcing must be assumed.

2) Even if the three N.C., N.O., and COM contacts are connected so that they short, a circuit must never be designed to allow the possibility of burning or generating an overcurrent.

3) A forward and reverse motor rotation circuit using switching of form A and B contacts must never be designed.

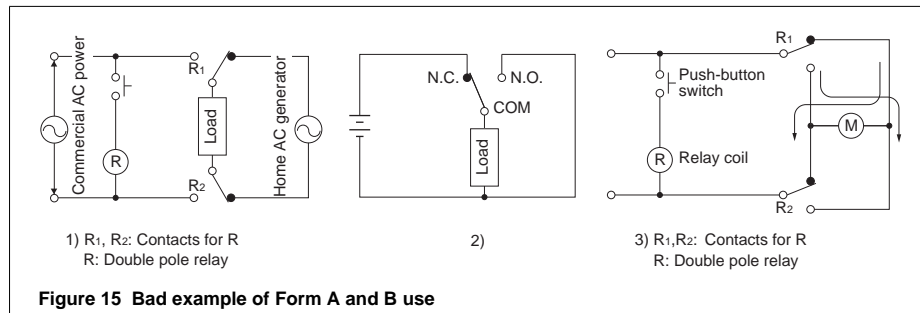


Figure 15 Bad example of Form A and B use

• Shorts between different electrodes

Although there is a tendency to select miniature control components because of the trend toward miniaturizing electrical control units, care must be taken when selecting the type of relay in circuits where different voltages are applied between electrodes in a multi-pole relay, especially when switching two different power supply circuits. This is not a problem that can be determined from sequence circuit diagrams. The construction of the control component itself must be examined and sufficient margin of safety must be provided especially in creepage between electrodes, space distance, presence of barrier, etc.

General Application Guidelines

• **Type of load and inrush current**

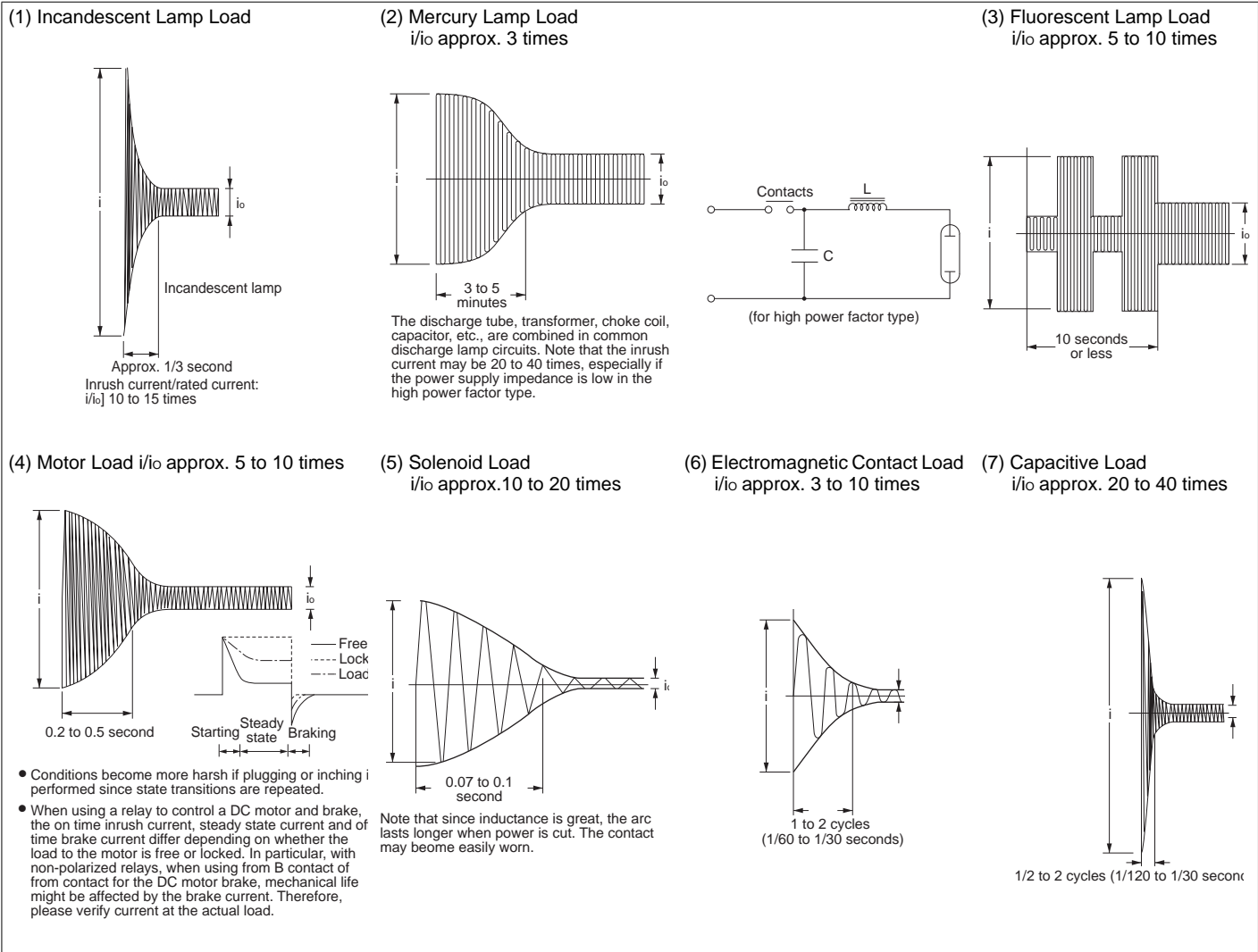
The type of load and its inrush current characteristics, together with the switching frequency, are important factors which cause contact welding.

Type of load	Inrush current
Resistive load	Steady state current
Solenoid load	10 to 20 times the steady state current
Motor load	5 to 10 times the steady state current
Incandescent lamp load	10 to 15 times the steady state current
Mercury lamp load	Approx. 3 times the steady state current
Sodium vapor lamp load	1 to 3 times the steady state current
Capacitive load	20 to 40 times the steady state current
Transformer load	5 to 15 times the steady state current

Particularly for loads with inrush currents, measure the steady state and inrush current. Then select a relay which provides an ample margin of safety. The table on the right shows the relationship

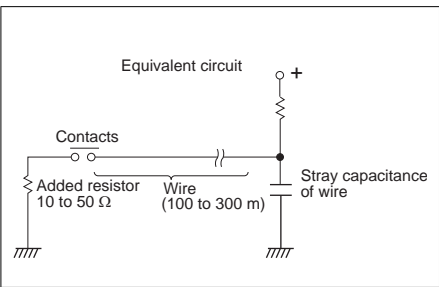
between typical loads and their inrush currents.
Also, verify the actual polarity used since, depending on the relay, electrical life is affected by the polarity of COM and NO.

Load Inrush Current Wave and Time



• **When using long wires**

If long wires (100 to 300m) are to be used in a relay contact circuit, inrush current may become a problem due to the stray capacitance existing between wires. Add a resistor (approx. 10 to 50Ω) in series with the contacts.



• **Electrical life at high temperatures**

Verify at the actual load since electrical life may be affected by use at high temperatures.

[4] PRECAUTIONS REGARDING LATCHING RELAYS

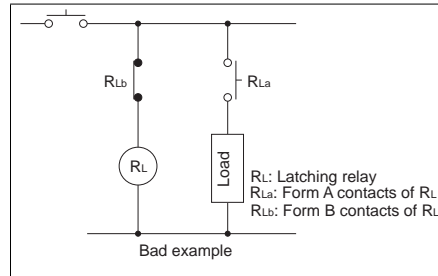
- Latching relays are shipped from the factory in the reset state. A shock to the relay during shipping or installation may cause it to change to the set state. Therefore, it is recommended that the relay be used in a circuit which initializes the relay to the required state (set or reset) whenever the power is turned on.

- Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.
- Connect a diode as shown since latching may be compromised when the relay is used in the following circuits.

- If set coils or reset coils are to be connected together in parallel, connect a diode in series to each coil. Figure 16 (a), (b)
- Also, if the set coil of a relay and the reset coil of another relay are connected in parallel, connect a diode to the coils in series. Figure 16 (c)
- If the set coil or reset coil is to be connected in parallel with an inductive load (e.g. another electromagnetic relay coil, motor, transformer, etc.), connect a diode to the set coil or reset coil in series. Figure 16 (d)

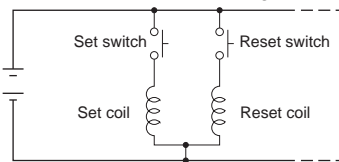
- Use a diode having an ample margin of safety for repeated DC reverse voltage and peak reverse voltage applications and having an average rectified current greater than or equal to the coil current.
- Avoid applications in which conditions include frequent surges to the power supply.

- Avoid using the following circuit since self-excitation at the contacts will inhibit the normal keep state



- Four-terminal latching relay

In the 2-coil latching type circuit as shown below, one terminal at one end of the set coil and one terminal at one end of the reset coil are connected in common and voltages of the same polarity are applied to the other side for the set and reset operations. In this type of circuit, short 2 terminals of the relay as noted in the table. This helps to keep the insulation high between the two winding.



- Minimum pulse width

As a guide, make the minimum pulse width in order to set or reset a latching relay at least 5 times the set time or reset time of each product and apply a rectangular-wave rated voltage. Also, please verify operation. Please inquire if you cannot obtain a pulse width of at least 5 times the set (reset) time. Also, please inquire regarding capacitor drive.

Relay Type	Terminal Nos.
DS	1c
	2c
	4c
NC	Flat
	Slim
ST	*
SP	2 & 4

Notes:

- *ST relays are constructed so that the set coil and reset coil are separated for high insulation resistance.
- DSP, TQ, S relays are not applicable due to polarity.

- Two Coil Latch Induction Voltage

Each coil in a 2-coil latch relay is wound with a set coil and a reset coil on the same iron cores. Accordingly, induction voltage is generated on the reverse side coil when voltage is applied and shut off to each coil. Although the amount of induction voltage is about the same as the rated relay voltage, you must be careful of the reverse bias voltage when driving transistors.

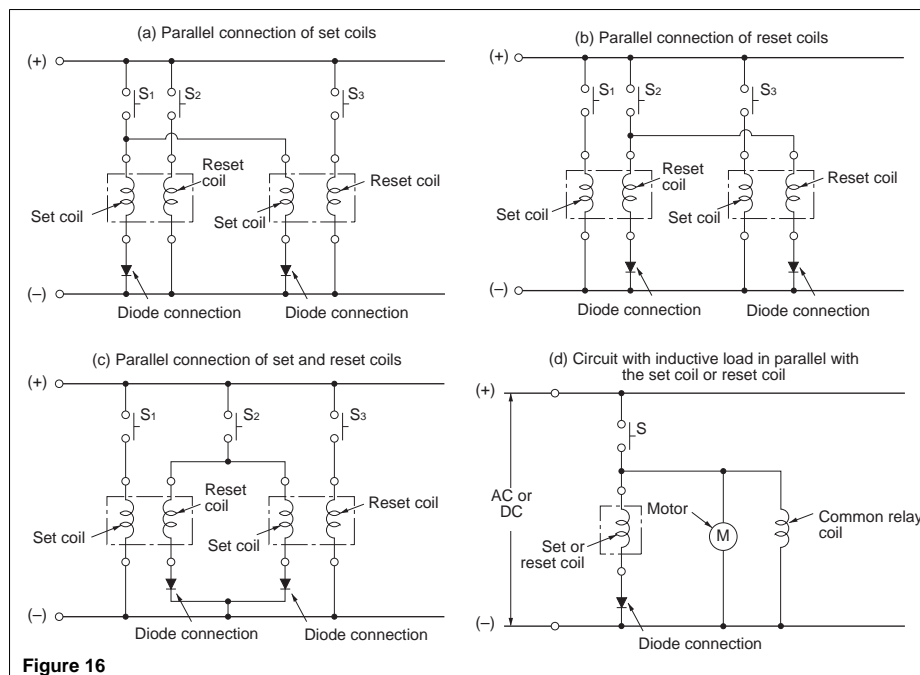
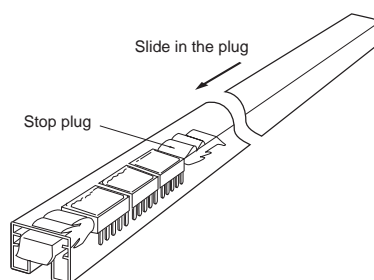


Figure 16

General Application Guidelines

[5] HANDLING CAUTIONS FOR TUBE PACKAGING

Some types of relays are supplied in tube packaging. If you remove any relays from the tube packaging, be sure to slide the stop plug at one end to hold the remaining relays firmly together so they would not move in the tube. Failing to do this may lead to the appearance and/or performance being damaged.



[6] AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT

1. Ambient Temperature and Atmosphere

Be sure the ambient temperature at the installation does not exceed the value listed in the catalog. Furthermore, environmentally sealed types (plastic sealed type) should be considered for applications in an atmosphere with dust, sulfur gases (SO₂, H₂S), or organic gases.

2. Silicone Atmosphere

Silicone-based substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone-based coating material, silicone caulking compound, etc.) emit volatile silicone gas. Note that when silicone is used near relay, switching the contacts in the presence of its gas causes silicone to adhere to the contacts and may result in contact failure (in plastic sealed types, too).

In this case, use a substitute that is not silicone-based.

3. NOx Generation

When a relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NO_x created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid. This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C 68°F). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, consult us.

4. Vibration and Shock

If a relay and magnetic switch are mounted next to each other on a single plate, the relay contacts may separate momentarily from the shock produced when the magnetic switch is operated and result in faulty operation. Countermeasures include mounting them on separate plates, using a rubber sheet to absorb the shock, and changing the

direction of the shock to a perpendicular angle.

Also, if the relay will be subject to continual vibration (trains, etc.), do not use it with a socket. We recommend that you solder directly to the relay terminals.

5. Influence of External Magnetic Fields

Permanent magnets are used in reed relays and polarized relays, and their movable parts are constructed of ferrous materials. For this reason, when a magnet or permanent magnet in any other large relay, transformer, or speaker is located nearby, the relay characteristics may change and faulty operations may result. The influence depends on the strength of the magnetic field and it should be checked at the installation.

6. Usage, Storage, and Transport Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subject to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity, and pressure conditions.

The allowable specifications for environments suitable for usage, storage, and transportation are given below.

• Temperature

The allowable temperature range differs for each relay, so refer to the relay's individual specifications.

In addition, when transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases when the temperature may differ from the allowable range.

In this situation, be sure to consult the individual specifications.

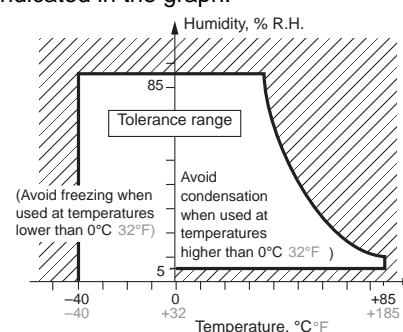
• Humidity

5 to 85 % R.H.

• Pressure

86 to 106 kPa

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph.



(The allowable temperature depends on the switch.)

- Condensation will occur inside the switch if there is a sudden change in ambient temperature when used in an atmosphere of high temperature and high humidity. This is particularly likely to happen when being transported by ship, so please be careful of the atmosphere when shipping. Condensation is the phenomenon whereby steam condenses to cause water droplets that adhere to the switch when an atmosphere of high temperature and humidity rapidly changes from a high to low temperature or when the switch is quickly moved from a low humidity location to one of high temperature and humidity. Please be careful because condensation can cause adverse conditions such as deterioration of insulation, coil cutoff, and rust.
- Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the switch when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.
- The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

- Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperatures or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.
- In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.
- Since the SMD type is sensitive to humidity it is packaged with tightly sealed anti-humidity packaging. However, when storing, please be careful of the following:
 - Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened (Signal relay: with in 3 days, Max. 30°C 86°F/60%RH). If left with the pack open, the relay will absorb moisture which will cause thermal stress when reflow mounting and thus cause the case to expand. As a result, the seal may break.
 - When storing for a long period after opening the anti-humidity pack, you must take measures to prevent humidity, for example, by storing in the open location of a promptly re-sealed anti-humidity pack after it is used or in a humidity-controlled desiccator. You may also store it in an anti-humidity bag to which silica gel has been added.
 - To avoid incorrect handling of our moisture-sensitive products,

Panasonic affixes a cautionary label to the vacuum-sealed bag in which the products are delivered.

- **Note:**
Please note that the products must be mounted within the time limit specified on the bag. The time limit given on the bag varies for the different kinds of surface-mount terminal type products.

7. Vibration, Impact and Pressure when Shipping

When shipping, if strong vibration, impact or heavy weight is applied to a device in which a relay is installed, functional damage may occur. Therefore, please package in a way, using shock absorbing material, etc., so that the allowable range for vibration and impact is not exceeded.

[7] ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED TYPE RELAYS

Sealed type (plastic sealed type, etc.) relays are available. They are effective when problems arise during PC board mounting (e.g. automatic soldering and cleaning). They also, of course, feature excellent corrosion resistance. Note the cautions below regarding the features and use of environmentally sealed type relays to avoid problems when using them in applications.

1. Operating Environment

Plastic sealed type relays are not suited for use in environments that especially require air tightness. Although there is no problem if they are used at sea level, avoid atmospheric pressures beyond $96 \pm 10 \text{ kPa}$. Also avoid using them in an atmosphere containing flammable or explosive gases.

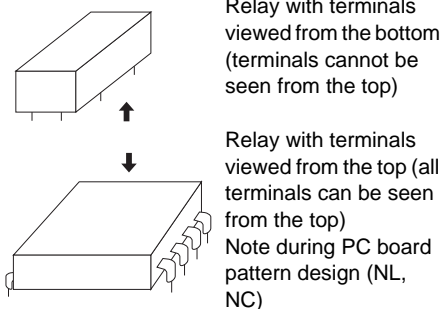
2. Cleaning

When cleaning a printed circuit board after soldering, we recommend using alcohol based cleaning fluids. Please avoid ultrasonic cleaning. The ultrasonic energy from this type of cleaning may cause coil line breakage and light sticking of contacts.

[8] MOUNTING CONSIDERATIONS

1. Top View and Bottom View

Relays used for PC boards, especially the flat type relays, have their top or bottom surface indicated in the terminal wiring diagrams.



2. Mounting Direction

Mounting direction is important for optimum relay characteristics.

• Shock resistance

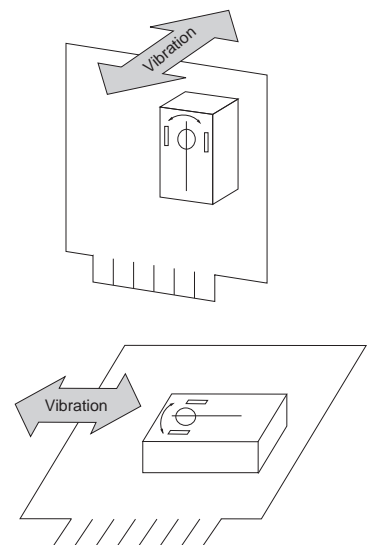
It is ideal to mount the relay so that the movement of the contacts and movable parts is perpendicular to the direction of vibration or shock. Especially note that

the vibration and shock resistance of Form B contacts while the coil is not excited is greatly affected by the mounting direction of the relay.

• Contact reliability

Mounting the relay so the surfaces of its contacts (fixed contacts or movable contacts) are vertical prevents dirt and dust as well as scattered contact material (produced due to large loads from which arcs are generated) and powdered metal from adhering to them.

Furthermore, it is not desirable to switch both a large load and a low level load with a single relay. The scattered contact material produced when switching the large load adheres to the contacts when switching the low level load and may cause contact failure. Therefore, avoid mounting the relay with its low level load contacts located below the large load contacts.



General Application Guidelines

3. Adjacent Mounting

When many relays are mounted close together, abnormally high temperatures may result from the combined heat generated. Mount relays with sufficient spacing between them to prevent heat buildup.

This also applies when a large number of boards mounted with relays are installed as in a card rack. Be sure the ambient temperature of the relay does not exceed the value listed in the catalog.

- **Influence of adjacent mounting of polarized relays**

When polarized relays are mounted close together, their characteristics change. Since the affect of adjacent mounting differs according to the type of relay, refer to the data for the particular type.

4. Panel Mounting

- Do not remove the cover. It has a special function. (It will not come off under normal handling.)

- When installing please use washers to prevent damage and deformation. Please keep the tightening torque to within 0.49 to 68.6 N·m (5 to 7 kgf·cm). Also, please use a spring washer to prevent it from coming loose.

5. Tab Terminals

As a guide, use a quick connect mounting pressure of 40 to 70N {4 to 7 kgf} for relays with tab terminals.

[9] METHOD OF MOUNTING AND LEAD WIRES CONNECTION

1. Mounting Method

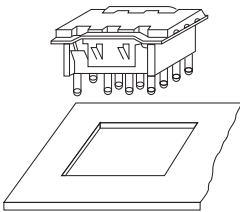
The direction of mounting is not specifically designated, but to the extent possible, the direction of contact movement should be such that vibration and shock will not be applied.

When a terminal socket is used

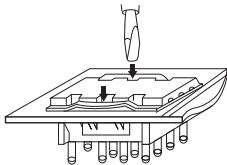
After drilling the mounting holes, the terminal socket should be mounted making certain the mounting screws are not loose. DIN standard sockets are available for one-touch mounting on DIN rail of 35mm 1.378 inch width.

When reversible terminal sockets are used

- The reversible terminal sockets (HC, HL socket) are for one-touch mounting. (A panel thickness of 1 to 2mm .039 to .079 inch should be used.)



- The socket should be pushed through the opening in the mounting panel until the projections on the side of the mounting bracket extend out over the back surface.



- When all four of the projections are visible from the back side of the mounting panel, the mounting is completed and the socket is fastened.
- To remove the socket, the projections on the side of the mounting bracket should be pushed inward and at the same time the body of the socket should be pushed lightly from the back side. The socket can then be removed from the panel.

2. Connection of Lead Wires

- When making the connections, depending upon the size of load, the wire cross-section should be at least as large as the values shown in the table below.

Permissible current (A)	Cross-section (mm²)
2	0.2
3	0.3
5	0.5
7.5	0.75
12.5	1.25
15	2
20	2
30	3.5

- When the terminal socket uses screw fastening connections, either pressure terminals or other means should be used to make secure fastening of the wire.
- To prevent damage and deformity, please use a torque within the following range when tightening the push screw block of the terminal socket.

Screw	Torque
M4.5	1.47 to 1.666 N·m (15 to 17 kgf·cm)
M4	1.176 to 1.37 N·m (12 to 14 kgf·cm)
M3.5	0.784 to 0.98 N·m (8 to 10 kgf·cm)
M3	0.49 to 0.69 N·m (5 to 7 kgf·cm)

[10]CAUTIONS FOR USE–CHECK LIST

Item	To check
Coil Drive Input	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Is the correct rated voltage applied? 2) Is the applied coil voltage within the allowable continuous voltage limit? 3) Is the ripple in the coil voltage within the allowable level? 4) For voltage applied to a polarized coil, is polarity observed? 5) When hot start is required, is the increase in coil resistance resulting from coil temperature rise taken into account in setting coil voltage? 6) Is the coil voltage free from momentary drop caused by load current? (Pay special attention for self-holding relays.) 7) Is supply voltage fluctuation taken into account when setting the rated coil voltage? 8) The relay status may become unstable if the coil voltage (current) is gradually increased or decreased. Was the relay tested in a real circuit or with a real load? 9) When driving with transistors, did you consider voltage drops?
Load (Relay contacts)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Is the load rated within the contact ratings? 2) Does the load exceed the contacts' minimum switching capacity? 3) Special attention is required for contact welding when the load is a lamp, motor, solenoid, or electromagnetic contractor. Was the relay tested with a real load? 4) A DC load may cause contact lock-up due to large contact transfer. Was the relay tested with a real load? 5) For an inductive load, is a surge absorber used across the contacts? 6) When an inductive load causes heavy arc discharge across the relay contacts, the contacts may be corroded by chemical reaction with nitrogen in the atmosphere. Was the relay tested with a real load? 7) Platinum contacts may generate brown powder due to a catalyzer effect or vibration energy. Was the relay tested with a real load? 8) Is the contact switching frequency below the specification? 9) When there are more than two sets of contacts (2T) in a relay, metallic powder shed from one set of contacts may cause a contact failure on the other set (particularly for light loads). Was the relay tested in a real load? 10) A delay capacitor used across relay contacts may cause contact welding. Was the relay tested with a real load? 11) For an AC relay, a large contact bounce may cause contact welding. Was the relay tested in a real circuit or with a real load? 12) A high voltage may be induced at transformer load. Was the relay tested with a real load?
Circuit Design	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Does circuit design take into account electrolytic corrosion of the coil? 2) Are transistors and other circuit components protected from counter electromotive force that develops across the relay coil? 3) Is the circuit designed so the relay coil is left deenergized while the relay is inactive for long period of time? 4) Is the relay operated within the ratings approved by the relevant international standard (if compliance is required)? 5) Is the circuit protected from malfunction when the relay's activation and/or deactivation time varies considerably? 6) Is the circuit protected from malfunctions that might result from relay contact bounce? 7) Is the circuit protected from malfunction when a high-sensitivity latching type relay is to be used? 8) When there are two or more sets of contacts (2T) in a relay, arc discharges from load switching may cause short circuits across the two or more sets of contacts. Is the circuit designed to suppress such arc discharges? 9) Item 8 above also requires special attention when loads are supplied from separate power sources. 10) Does the post-installation insulation distance comply with the requirement of the relevant international standard or the Electrical Appliance and Material Control Law? 11) Is the circuit protected from malfunction when the relay is to be driven by transistors? 12) When the SCR is used for on/off control, the relay activation tends to synchronize with the line frequency, resulting in an extremely shortened life. Was the relay tested in a real circuit or with a real load? 13) Does the PC board design take into account use of on-board relay? 14) RF signals may leak across relay's open contacts. Check for adequate contact isolation and use RF relays as needed

General Application Guidelines

Item	To check
Operating Environment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Is the ambient temperature in the allowable operating temperature range? 2) Is the humidity in the allowable humidity range? 3) Is the operating atmosphere free from organic and sulfide gases? 4) Is the operating atmosphere free from silicone gas? Depending on the load type, silicone gas may cause a black substance to form on the contacts, leading to contact failure. 5) Is the operating atmosphere free from excessive airborne dust? 6) Is the relay protected from oil and water splashes? 7) Is the relay protected from vibration and impact which may cause poor contact with the socket? 8) Is ambient vibration and impact below the level allowable for the relay? 9) Is the relay free from mechanical resonance after it is installed in position? 10) Is insulation coating applied to the relay along with the PC board? Depending on the load type, a black substance may form to cause contact failure.
Installation and Connection	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Is the relay protected from solder chips and flux when it is manually soldered? 2) Are preparations for flux application and automatic soldering complete? 3) Is the PC board cleaning process designed to minimize adverse affects to the relays? 4) Are adequate separations provided between polarized or reed relays to prevent magnetic coupling? 5) Are the relay terminals free from stress in the socket? 6) Polarized relay's characteristics may be affected by strong external magnetic field. Are the relays installed away from such fields? 7) If very long leads (100 to 300 meters) are used to connect the load, the stray capacity existing across the leads may cause the inrush current. Was the relay tested with a real load? 8) Unless otherwise specified, all relay terminals should be soldered at 250°C 482°F within 5 sec. or at 350°C 662°F within 3 sec. 9) A badly warped PC board can cause stress to the relay terminals which may lead to degraded relay characteristics. 10) Glass shot should not be used to clean the PC board of solder flux. This may cause relay malfunction due to glass powder becoming lodged in the relay's internal structure. 11) Relays should always be used with their plastic shields installed, or degraded relay performance may result. 12) Do not cut away any relay terminal as the stress may cause degraded relay performance.
Storage and Transport	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Is the relay subject to freezing or condensation (especially when shipping)? 2) Is the temperature in the allowable temperature range? 3) Is the humidity in the allowable humidity range? 4) Is the storing atmosphere free from organic and sulfide gases? 5) Is the storing atmosphere free from excessive airborne dust? 6) Is the relay protected from oil and water splashes? 7) Is the relay subject to the application of heavy weight? 8) When shipping does vibration and impact exceed the allowable range?

RELIABILITY

[1] WHAT IS RELIABILITY?

1. Reliability in a Narrow Sense of the Term

In the industrial world, reliability is an index of how long a particular product serves without failure.

2. Reliability in a Broad Sense of the Term

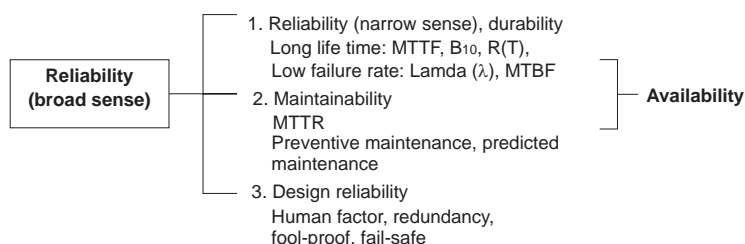
Every product has a finite service lifetime. This means that no product can continue normal service infinitely. When a product has broken down, the user may throw it

away or repair it. The reliability of repairable products is recognized as “reliability in a broad sense of the term”. For repairable products, their serviceability or maintainability is another problem. In addition, reliability of product design is becoming a serious concern for the manufacturing industry. In short, reliability has three senses: i.e. reliability of the product itself, serviceability of the product, and reliability of product design.

3. Intrinsic Reliability and Reliability of Use

Reliability is “built” into products. This is referred to as intrinsic reliability which consists mainly of reliability in the narrow sense.

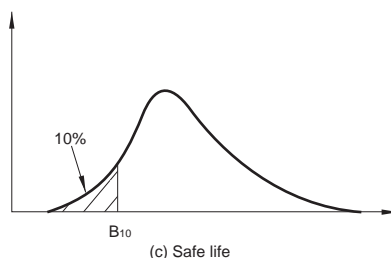
Product reliability at the user's site is called “reliability of use”, which consists mainly of reliability in the broad sense. In the relay industry, reliability of use has a significance in aspects of servicing.



[2] RELIABILITY MEASURES

The following list contains some of the most popular reliability measures:

Reliability measure	Sample representation
Degree of reliability $R(T)$	99.9%
MTBF	100 hours
MTTF	100 hours
Failure rate λ	20 fit, 1%/hour
Safe life B_{10}	50 hours



MTBF tells how long a product can be used without the need for repair.

Sometimes MTBF is used to represent the service lifetime before failure.

3. MTTF

MTTF is an acronym for mean time to failure. It indicates the mean time period until a product becomes faulty. MTTF normally applies to unrepairable products such as parts and materials.

The relay is one of such objective of MTTF.

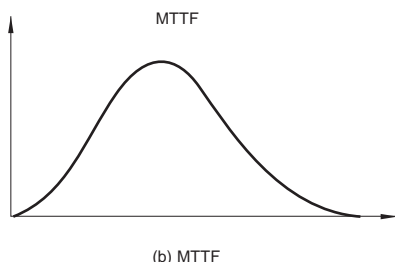
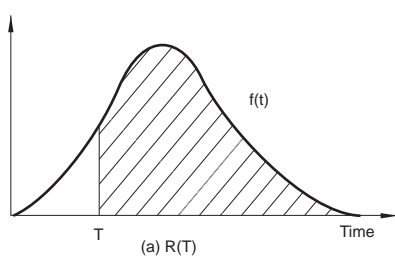
4. Failure Rate

Failure rate includes mean failure rate and momentary failure rate.

Mean failure rate is defined as follows:
Mean failure rate = Total failure count / total operating hours

In general, failure rate refers to momentary failure rate. This represents the probability at which a system, equipment, or part, which has continued normal operation to a certain point of time, becomes faulty in the subsequent specified time period.

Failure rate is often represented in the unit of percent/hours. For parts with low failure rates, “failure unit (Fit) = 10^{-9} / hour” is often used instead of failure rate. Percent/count is normally used for relays.



1. Degree of Reliability

Degree of reliability represents percentage ratio of reliability. For example, if none of 10 light bulbs has failed for 100 hours, the degree of reliability defined in, 100 hours of time is $10/10 = 100\%$. If only three bulbs remained alive, the degree of reliability is $3/10 = 30\%$.

The JIS Z8115 standard defines the degree of reliability as follows:

The probability at which a system, equipment, or part provides the specified functions over the intended duration under the specified conditions.

2. MTBF

MTBF is an acronym for mean time between failures. It indicates the mean time period in which a system, equipment, or part operates normally between two incidences of repair. MTBF only applies to repairable products.

5. Safe Life

Safe life is an inverse of degree of reliability. It is given as value B which makes the following equation true:

$1 - R(B) = t \%$
In general, “ $B[1 - R(B)] = 10\%$ ” is more often used. In some cases this

represents a more practical value of reliability than MTTF.

[3] FAILURE

1. What is Failure?

Failure is defined as a state of system, equipment, or component in which part of all of its functions are impaired or lost.

2. Bathtub Curve

Product’s failure rate throughout its lifetime is depicted as a bathtub curve, as shown below. Failure rate is high at the beginning and end of its service lifetime.

(I) Initial failure period

The high failure rate in the initial failure period is derived from latent design errors, process errors, and many other causes. Initial failures are screened at manufacturer’s site through burn-in process. This process is called debugging, performing aging or screening.

(II) Accidental failure period

The initial failure period is followed by a long period with low, stable failure rate. In this period, called accidental failure period, failures occurs at random along the time axis. While zero accidental failure rate is desirable, this is actually not practical in the real world.

(III) Wear-out failure period

In the final stage of the product's service lifetime comes the wear-out failure period, in which the life of the product expires due to wear of fatigue. Preventive

maintenance is effective for this type of failure. The timing of a relay’s wear-out failure can be predicted with a certain accuracy from the past record of uses. The use of a relay is intended only in the accidental failure period, and this period virtually represents the service lifetime of the relay.

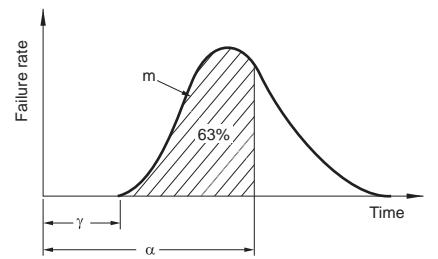
3. Weibull Analysis

Weibull analysis is often used for classifying a product’s failure patterns and to determine its lifetime. Weibull distribution is expressed by the following equation:

$$f(x) = \frac{m}{\alpha} (\chi - \gamma)^{m-1} e^{-\frac{(\chi - \gamma)^m}{\alpha}}$$

- m : Figure parameter
- α : Measurement parameter
- γ : Position parameter

Weibull distribution can be adopted to the actual failure rate distribution if the three variables above are estimated.

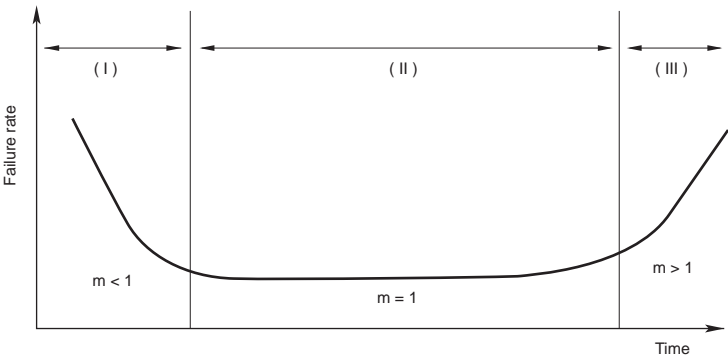


The Weibull probability chart is a simpler alternative of complex calculation formulas. The chart provides the following advantages:

- The Weibull distribution has the closest proximity to the actual lifetime distribution.
- The Weibull probability chart is easy to use.
- Different types of failures can be identified on the chart.

The following describes the correlation with the bathtub curve. The value of the figure parameter “m” represents the type of the failure.

- When $m < 1$: Initial failures
- When $m = 1$: Accidental failures
- When $m > 1$: Wear-out failures



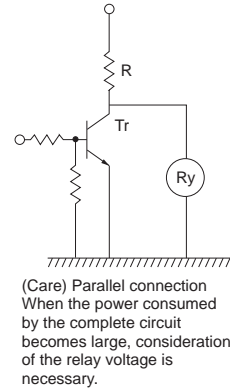
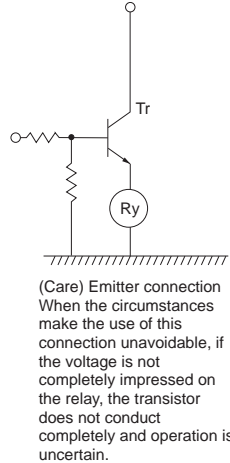
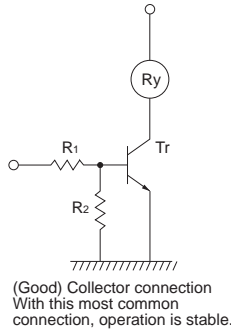
APPLICATIONS OF RELAYS IN ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

[1] RELAY DRIVE BY MEANS OF A TRANSISTOR

1. Connection Method

If the relay is transistor driven, we recommend using it with a collector connection.

The voltage impressed on the relay is always full rated voltage, and in the OFF time, the voltage is completely zero for avoidance of trouble in use.



2. Countermeasures for Surge Breakdown Voltage of Relay Control Transistor

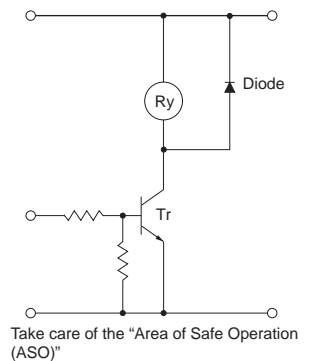
If the coil current is suddenly interrupted, a sudden high voltage pulse is developed in the coil. If this voltage exceeds the breakdown voltage of the transistor, the transistor will be degraded, and this will lead to damage. It is absolutely necessary to connect a diode in the circuit as a means of preventing damage from the counter emf.

As suitable ratings for this diode, the current should be equivalent to the average rectified current to the coil, and

the reverse blocking voltage should be about 3 times the value of the power source voltage.

Connection of a diode is an excellent way to prevent voltage surges, but there will be a considerable time delay when the relay is open. If you need to reduce this time delay you can connect between the transistor's collector and emitter a Zener diode that will make the Zener voltage

somewhat higher than the supply voltage.

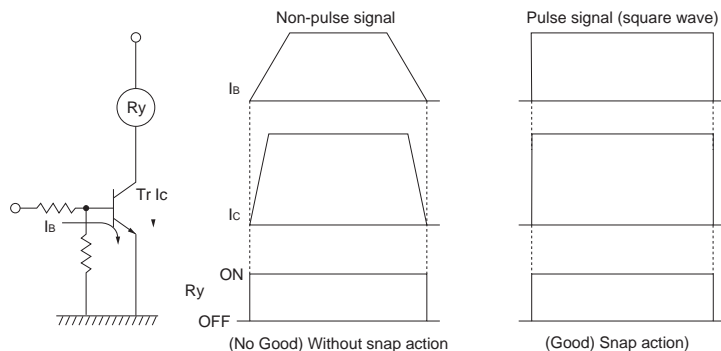


3. Snap Action

(Characteristic of relay with voltage rise and fall of voltage)

Unlike the characteristic when voltage is impressed slowly on the relay coil, this is the case where it is necessary to impress

the rated voltage in a short time and also to drop the voltage in a short time.



Applications of Relays in Electronic Circuits

4. Schmidt Circuit (Snap Action Circuit)

(Wave rectifying circuit)

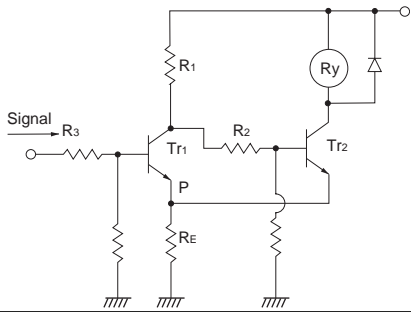
When the input signal does not produce a snap action, ordinarily a Schmidt circuit is used to produce safe snap action.

Characteristic points

- The common emitter resistor R_E must have a value sufficiently small compared with the resistance of the relay coil.

- Due to the relay coil current, the difference in the voltage at point P when Tr_2 is conducting and at point P when Tr_1 is conducting creates hysteresis in the detection capability of Schmidt circuit, and care must be taken in setting the values.
- When there is chattering in the input signal because of waveform oscillation, an CR time constant circuit should be inserted in the stage before the

Schmidt trigger circuit. (However, the response speed drops.)

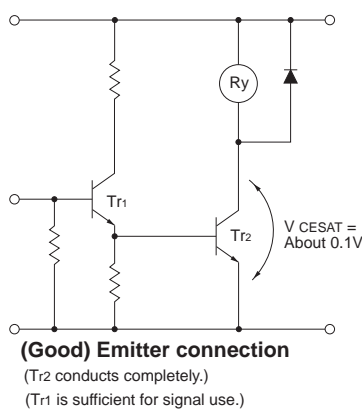
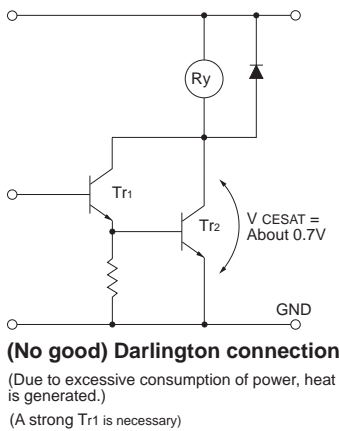


5. Avoid Darlington Connections.

(High amplification)

This circuit is a trap into which it is easy to fall when dealing with high circuit

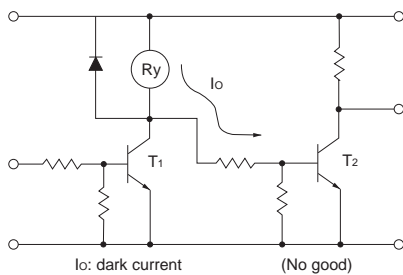
technology. This does not mean that it is immediately connected to the defect, but it is linked to troubles that occur after long periods of use and with many units in operation.



6. Residual Coil Voltage

In switching applications where a semiconductor (transistor, UJT, etc.) is connected to the coil, a residual voltage is retained at the relay coil which may cause incomplete restoration and faulty operation. By using DC coils, there may be a reduction in; the danger of incomplete restoration, the contact pressure, and the vibration resistance. This is because the drop-out voltage is 10% or more of the rated voltage, a low value compared to that for AC coil, and also there is a tendency to increase the life by lowering the drop-out voltage. When the signal from the transistor's collector is taken and used to drive another circuit as shown in the figure on the right, a minute dark current flows to the relay even if the transistor is off. This may cause the problems described above.

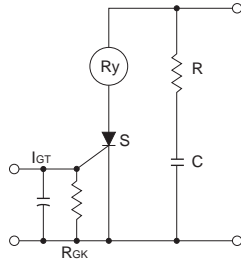
Connection to the next stage through collector



[2] RELAY DRIVE BY MEANS OF SCR

1. Ordinary Drive Method

For SCR drive, it is necessary to take particular care with regard to gate sensitivity and erroneous operation due to noise.



I_{GT} : There is no problem even with more than 3 times the related current.

R_{GK} : 1K Ω must be connected.

R, C : This is for prevention of ignition error due to a sudden rise in the power source or to noise. (dv/dt countermeasure)

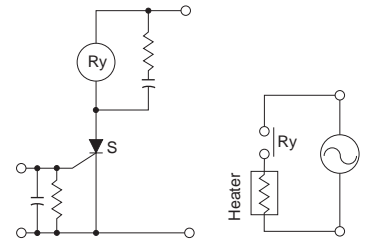
2. Caution points regarding ON/OFF control circuits

(When used for temperature or similar control circuits)

When the relay contacts close simultaneously with an AC single phase power source, because the electrical life of the contacts suffers extreme shortening, care is necessary.

- When the relay is turned ON and OFF using a SCR, the SCR serves as a half wave power source as it is, and there are ample cases where the SCR is easily restored.
- In this manner the relay operation and restoration timing are easily synchronized with the power source frequency, and the timing of the load switching also is easily synchronized.

- When the load for the temperature control is a high current load such as a heater, the switching can occur only at peak values and it can occur only at zero phase values as a phenomenon of this type of control. (Depending upon the sensitivity and response speed of the relay)
- Accordingly, either an extremely long life or an extremely short life results with wide variation, and it is necessary to take care with the initial device quality check.

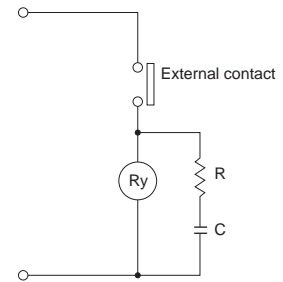


[3] RELAY DRIVE FROM EXTERNAL CONTACTS

Relays for PC board use have high sensitivity and high speed response characteristics, and because they respond sufficiently to chattering and bouncing, it is necessary to take care in their drive.

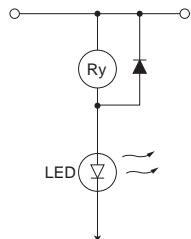
When the frequency of use is low, with the delay in response time caused by a condenser, it is possible to absorb the chattering and bouncing.

(However, it is not possible to use only a condenser. A resistor should also be used with the capacitor.)



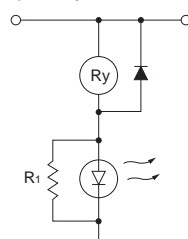
[4] LED SERIES AND PARALLEL CONNECTIONS

1) In series with relay



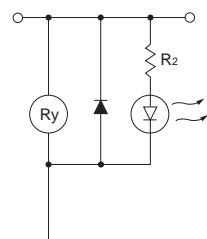
Power consumption:
In common with relay (Good)
Defective LED:
Relay does not operate (No Good)
Low voltage circuit:
With LED, 1.5V down (No good)
No. of parts: (Good)

2) R in parallel with LED



Power consumption:
In common with relay (Good)
Defective LED:
Relay operate (Good)
Low voltage circuit:
With LED, 1.5V down (No good)
No. of parts: R1 (Care)

3) In parallel connection with relay



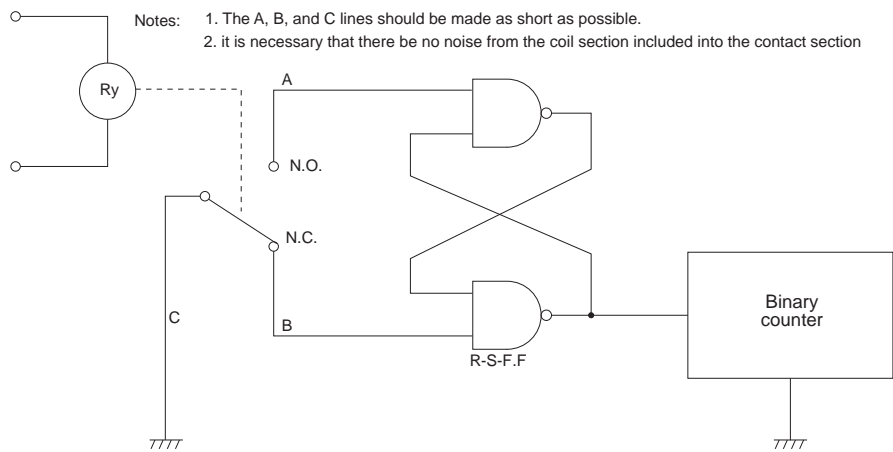
Power consumption:
Current limiting resistor R2 (Care)
Defective LED:
Relay operate stable (Good)
Low voltage circuit: (Good)
No. of parts: R2 (Care)

Applications of Relays in Electronic Circuits

[5] ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT DRIVE BY MEANS OF A RELAY

1. Chatterless Electronic Circuit

Even though a chatterless characteristic is a feature of relays, this is to the fullest extent a chatterless electrical circuit, much the same as a mercury relay. To meet the requirement for such circuits as the input to a binary counter, there is an electronic chatterless method in which chattering is absolutely not permissible. Even if chattering develops on one side, either the N.O. side contacts or the N.C. side contacts, the flip flop does not reverse, and the counter circuit can be fed pulsed without a miss. (However, bouncing from the N.O. side to N.C. side must be absolutely avoided.)

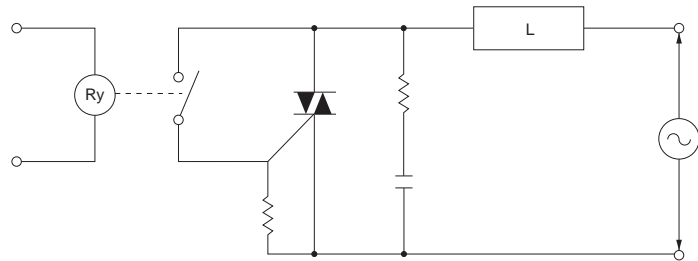


2. Triac Drive

When an electronic circuit using a direct drive from a triac, the electronic circuit will not be isolated from the power circuit, and because of this, troubles due to erroneous operation and damage can develop easily. The introduction of a relay drive is the most economical and most effective solution. (Photo coupler and pulse transformer circuits are complicated.)

Also, compared to switching a direct load with a relay, long life and reduced arc noise can be achieved.

When a zero cross switching characteristic is necessary, a solid state relay (SSR) should be used.



[6] POWER SOURCE CIRCUIT

1. Constant Voltage Circuit

In general, electronic circuits are extremely vulnerable to such phenomena as power supply ripples and voltage fluctuations. Although relay power supplies are not as vulnerable as electronic circuits, please keep both ripples and the regulation within the specification.

If power supply voltage fluctuations are large, please connect a stabilized circuit or constant-voltage circuit as shown in Figure 17.

If the relay power consumption is great, satisfactory results can be achieved by implementing a circuit configuration as shown in Figure 18.

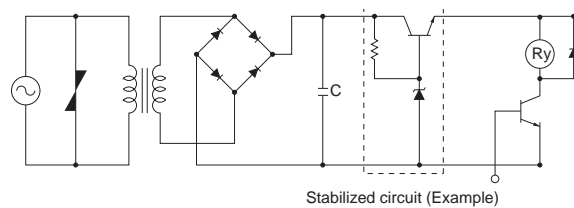


Figure 17

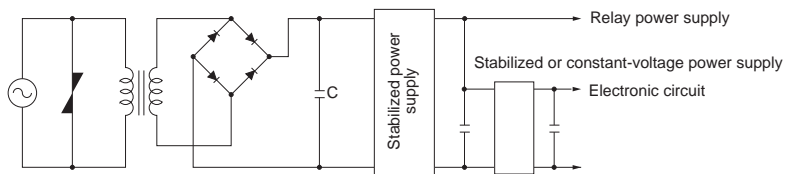


Figure 18

2. Prevention of Voltage Drop Due to Rush Current

In the circuit shown in Figure 19, rush current flows from the lamp or capacitor. The instant the contacts close, the voltage drops and the relay releases or chatters.

In this case it is necessary to raise the transformer's capacity or add a smoothing circuit.

Figure 20 shows an example of the modified circuit.

Figure 21 shows a battery-powered version.

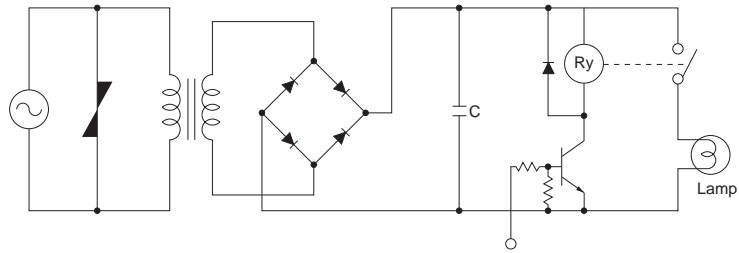


Figure 19

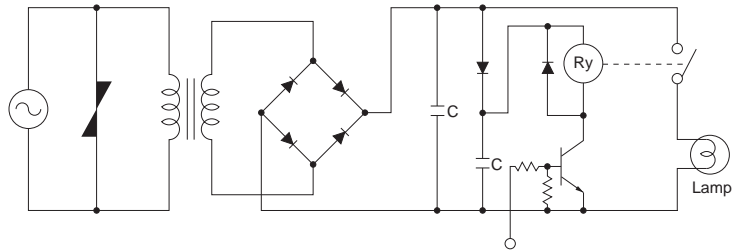


Figure 20

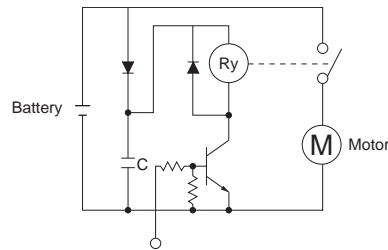


Figure 21

[7] PC BOARD DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

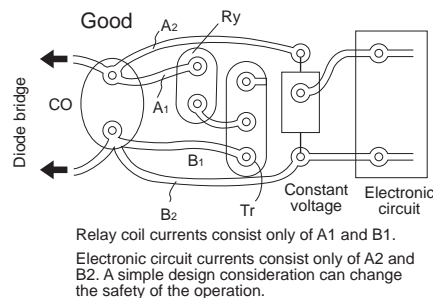
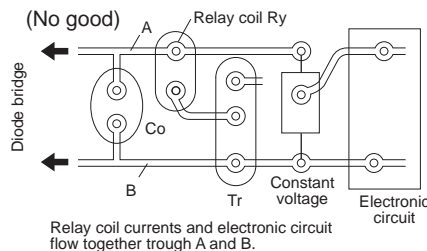
1. Pattern Layout for Relays

Since relays affect electronic circuits by generating noise, the following points should be noted.

Keep relays away from semiconductor devices. Design the pattern traces for shortest lengths. Place the surge absorber (diode, etc.) near the relay coil.

Avoid routing pattern traces susceptible to noise (such as for audio signals) underneath the relay coil section. Avoid through-holes in places which cannot be seen from the top (e.g. at the base of the relay). Solder flowing up through such a hole may cause damage such as a

broken seal. Even for the same circuit, pattern design considerations which minimize the influence of the on/off operations of the relay coil and lamp on other electronic circuits are necessary.



Applications of Relays in Electronic Circuits

2. Hole and land diameter

The hole diameter and land are made with the hole slightly larger than the lead wire so that the component may be

inserted easily. Also, when soldering, the solder will build up in an eyelet condition, increasing the mounting strength.

The standard dimensions for the hole diameter and land are shown in the table.

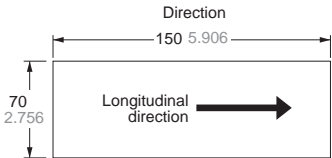
Standard dimensions for hole and land diameter			mm	inch
Standard hole diameter	Tolerance	Land diameter		
0.8	±0.1 ±.039	2.0 to 3.0	.079 to .118	
1.0				
1.2				
1.6		3.5 to 4.5	.138 to .177	
Remarks				
1. The hole diameter is made 0.2 to 0.5mm .008 to .020inch larger than the lead diameter. However, if the jet method (wave type, jet type) of soldering is used, because of the fear of solder passing through to the component side, it is more suitable to make the hole diameter equal to the lead diameter +0.2mm.				
2. The land diameter should be 2 to 3 times the hole diameter.				
3. Do not put more than 1 lead in one hole.				

3. Expansion and shrinkage of copperclad laminates

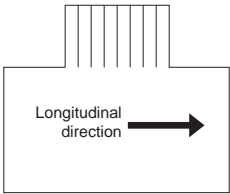
Because copperclad laminates have a longitudinal and lateral direction, the manner of punching fabrication and layout must be observed with care. The expansion and shrinkage in the longitudinal direction due to heat is 1/15 to 1/2 that in the lateral, and accordingly, after the punching fabrication, the distortion in the longitudinal direction will be 1/15 to 1/2 that of the lateral direction. The mechanical strength in the longitudinal direction is 10 to 15% greater than that in the lateral direction. Because of this difference between the longitudinal and lateral directions, when products having long configurations are to be fabricated, the lengthwise direction of the configuration should be made in the longitudinal direction, and PC boards having a connector section should be

made with the connector along the longitudinal side.

Example: As shown is the drawing below, the 150mm 5.906 inch direction is taken as the longitudinal direction

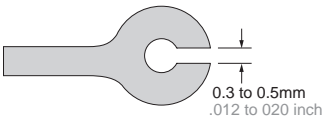


Also, as shown in the drawing below, when the pattern has a connector section, the direction is taken as shown by the arrow in the longitudinal direction



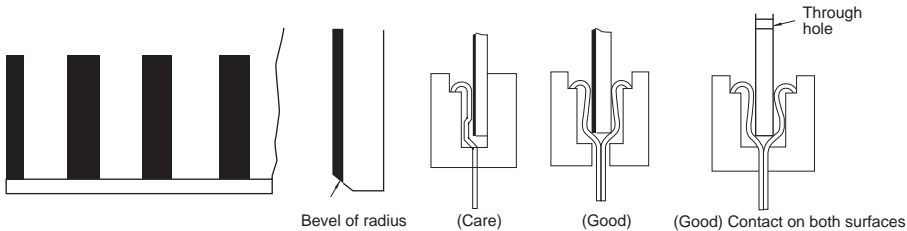
4. When it is necessary to use hand soldering for one part of a component after dip soldering has been done

By providing a narrow slot in the circular part of the foil pattern, the slot will prevent the hole from being plugged with solder.



5. When the PC board itself is used as a connector

- The edge should be beveled. (This prevents peeling of the foil when the board is inserted into its socket.)
- When only a single side is used as the connector blade, if there is distortion in the PC board, contact will be defective.
- Care should be taken.



6. PC Board Reference Data

This data has been derived from samples of this company's products. Use this data as a reference when designing PC boards.

• Conductor width

The allowable current for the conductor was determined from the safety aspect and the effect on the performance of the conductor due to the rise in saturation temperature when current is flowing. (The narrower the conductor width and

the thinner the copper foil, the larger the temperature rise.) For example, too high a rise in temperature causes degradation of the characteristic and color changes of the laminate. In general, the allowable current of the conductor is determined so that the rise in temperature is less than 10°C. It is necessary to design the conductor width from this allowable conductor current.

Figure 22, Figure 23, Figure 24 show the

relationship between the current and the conductor width for each rise in temperature for different copper foils. It is also necessary to give consideration to preventing abnormal currents from exceeding the destruction current of the conductor.

Figure 25 shows the relationship between the conductor width and the destruction current.

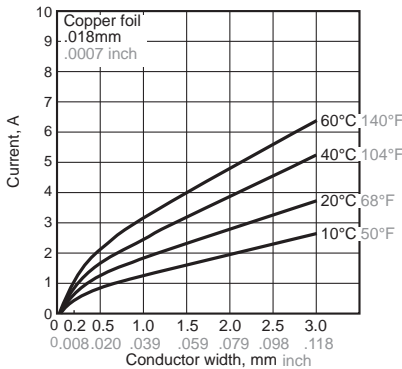


Figure 22

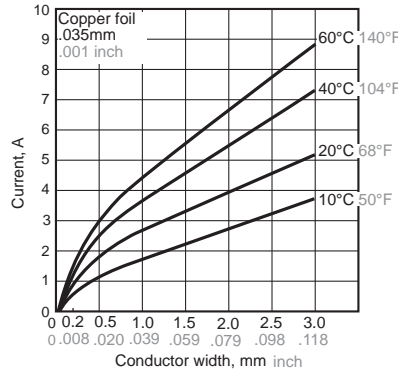


Figure 23

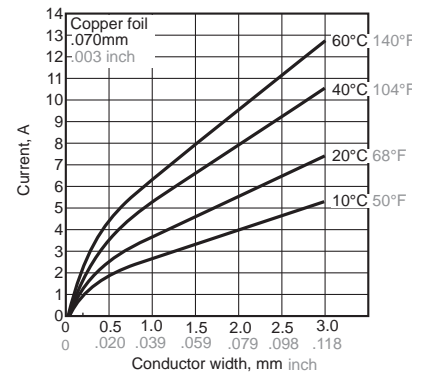


Figure 24

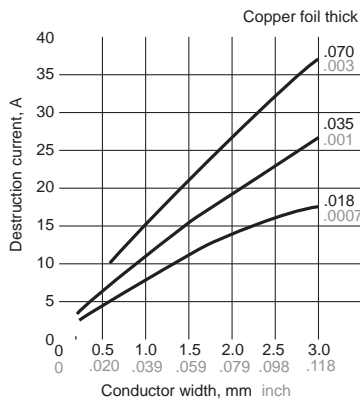


Figure 25

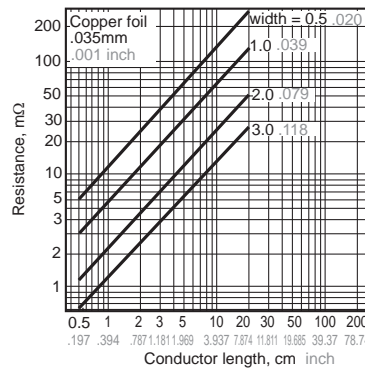


Figure 26

• Space between conductors

Figure 27 shows the relationship between the spacing between conductors and the destruction voltage. This destruction voltage is not the destruction voltage of the PC board; it is the flash over voltage (insulation breakdown voltage of the space between circuits.) Coating the surface of the conductor with an insulating resin such as a solder resist increases the flash over voltage, but because of the pin holes of the solder resist, it is necessary to consider the conductor destruction voltage without the solder resist. In fact, it is necessary to add an ample safety factor when determining the spacing between conductors. Table shows an example of a design for the spacing between conductors. (Taken from the JIS C5010 standards.) However, when the product is covered by the electrical products control law, UL standards or other safety

standards, it is necessary to conform to the regulations.

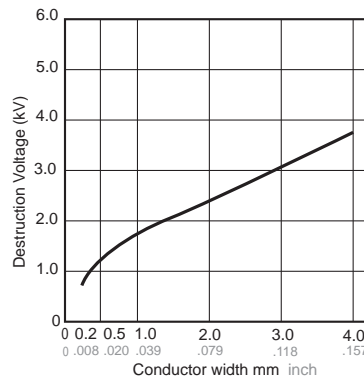


Figure 27

Example of conductor spacing design

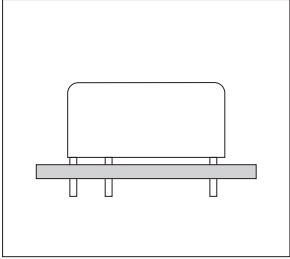
Maximum DC and AC Voltage Between Conductors (V)	Minimum Conductor Spacing (mm inch)
0 to 50	0.381 .015
51 to 150	0.635 .025
151 to 300	1.27 .050
301 to 500	2.54 .100
500 or more	Calculated at 0.00508 mm/V

RELAY SOLDERING AND CLEANING GUIDELINES

In keeping with making devices compact, it is becoming more common to weld the relay to a PC board along with the semiconductors instead of using the previous plug-in type in which relays were plugged into sockets. With this style, loss of function may occur because of seepage into the relay of flux, which is applied to the PC board. Therefore, the following precautions are provided for soldering a relay onto a PC board. Please refer to them during installation in order to avoid problems.

The type of protective structure will determine suitability for automatic soldering or automatic cleaning. Please review the parts on construction and characteristics. See "Configuration and Construction" on page 610.

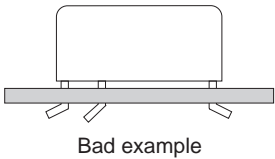
1. Mounting of relay



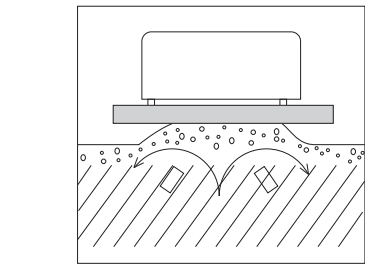
- Avoid bending the terminals to make the relay self-clinching. Relay

- performance cannot be guaranteed if the terminals are bent. Self-clinching terminal types are available depending on the type of relay.
- Correctly drill the PC board according to the given PC board pattern illustration.
 - Stick packaging is also available for automatic mounting, depending on the type of relay. (Be sure that the relays

don't rattle.) Interference may occur internally if the gripping force of the tab of the surface mounting machine is too great. This could impair relay performance.

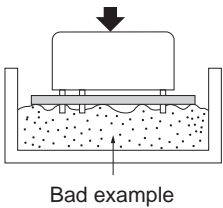


2. Flux application

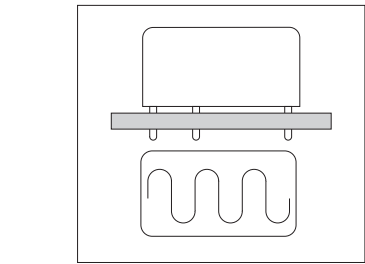


- Adjust the position of the PC board so that flux does not overflow onto the top of it. This must be observed especially for dust-cover type relays.
- Use rosin-based non-corrosive flux.
- If the PC board is pressed down into a flux-soaked sponge as shown on the right, the flux can easily penetrate a dust-cover type relay. Never use this method. Note that if the PC board is

pressed down hard enough, flux may even penetrate a flux-resistant type relay.



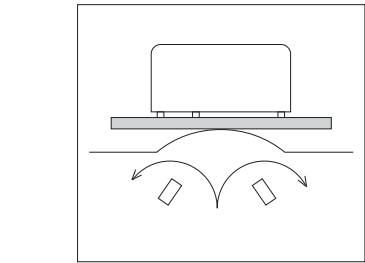
3. Preheating



- Be sure to preheat before using automatic soldering. For dust-cover type relays and flux-resistant type relays, preheating acts to prevent the penetration of flux into the relay when soldering. Solderability also improves.

- Preheat according to the following conditions.
- | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Temperature | 120°C 248°F or less |
| Time | Within approx. 2 minutes |
- Note that long exposure to high temperatures (e.g. due to a malfunctioning unit) may affect relay characteristics.

4. Soldering



- **Automatic soldering**
- Flow solder is the optimum method for soldering.
- Adjust the level of solder so that it does not overflow onto the top of the PC board.
- Unless otherwise specified, solder under the following conditions depending on the type of relay.

Solder temperature	260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F
Soldering time	Within approx. 6 seconds

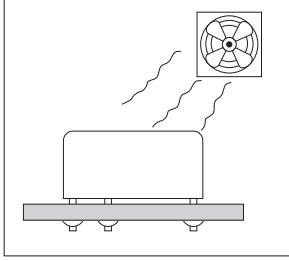
- Please take caution with multi-layer boards. Relay performance may

degrade due to the high thermal capacity of these boards.

- **Hand soldering**
- Keep the tip of the soldering iron clean.
- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Soldering Iron | 30W to 60W |
| Iron Tip Temperature | 350°C 662°F |
| Soldering Time | Within approx. 3 seconds |

Relay Soldering and Cleaning Guidelines

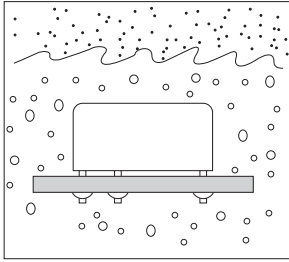
5. Cooling



- **Automatic soldering**
- Immediate air cooling is recommended to prevent deterioration of the relay and surrounding parts due to soldering heat.
- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.

- **Hand soldering** —

6. Cleaning

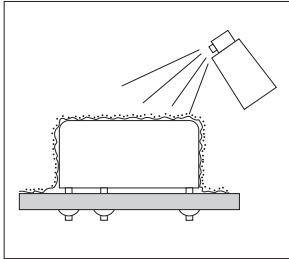


- Do not clean dust-cover type relays and flux-resistant type relays by immersion. Even if only the bottom surface of the PC board is cleaned (e.g. with a brush), careless cleaning may cause cleaning solvent to penetrate the relay.
- Plastic sealed type relays can be cleaned by immersion. Use a Freon- or alcohol-based cleaning solvent. Use of other cleaning solvents (e.g. Trichlene,

chloroethene, thinner, benzyl alcohol, gasoline) may damage the relay case.

- Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to the ultrasonic energy.
- Do not cut the terminals. When terminals are cut, breaking of coil wire and slight sticking of the contacts may occur due to vibration of the cutter.

7. Coating



- If the PC board is to be coated to prevent the insulation of the PC board from deteriorating due to corrosive gases and high temperatures, note the following.
- Do not coat dust-cover type relays and flux-resistant type relays, since the coating material may penetrate the relay and cause contact failure. Or, mount the relay after coating.
- If the relay and all components (e.g. ICs) are to be coated, be sure to carefully check the flexibility of the

coating material. The solder may peel off from thermal stress.

- Depending on the type, some coating materials may have an adverse effect on relays. Furthermore, solvents (e.g. xylene, toluene, MEK, I.P.A.) may damage the case or chemically dissolve the epoxy and break the seal. Select coating materials carefully.
- If the relay and all components (e.g. ICs) are to be coated, be sure to carefully check the flexibility of the coating material. The solder may peel off from thermal stress.

Type	Suitability for Relays	Features
Epoxy-base	Good	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good electrical insulation. • Although slightly difficult to apply, does not affect relay contacts.
Urethane-base	Be Careful	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good electrical insulation, easy to apply. • Solvent may damage case. Check before use.
Silicone-base	No Good	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Silicone gas becomes the cause of contact failure. Do not use the silicone-base type.

SMT SOLDERING GUIDELINES

CAUTIONS FOR SURFACE MOUNT RELAY INSTALLATION

To meet the market demand for downsizing to smaller, lighter, and thinner products, PC boards also need to proceed from Insertion mounting to

surface mounting technology. To meet this need, we offer a line of surface mount relays. The following describes some cautions required for surface

mount relay installation to prevent malfunction and incorrect operation.

[1] What is a Surface Mount Relay?

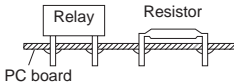
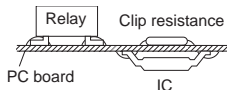
1. From IMT to SMT

Conventional insertion mount technology (IMT) with some 30 years of history is now being replaced with surface mount technology (SMT). Solid-state components such as resistors, ICs, and diodes can withstand

high heat stresses from reflow soldering because they use no mechanical parts. In contrast, the conventional electro-mechanical relays consisting of solenoid coils, springs, and armatures are very sensitive to thermal stress from reflow soldering.

We applied the experience gained from our advanced relay technologies to produce high-performance electromagnetic relays compatible with surface mount technologies such as IRS and VPS.

• Insertion Mount Technology (IMT) vs. Surface Mount Technology (SMT)

Insertion Mounting Technology (IMT)	Components' leads are inserted into lead holes drilled into the PC board and are soldered to copper pads on the other side of the board using flow-soldering techniques.	
Surface Mount Technology (SMT)	Components are placed on copper pads precoated with paste solder and the board assembly is heated to solder the components on the pads (reflow soldering).	

2. Features and Effects

Features	Effects	The surface mount relay is manufactured with the following advanced technologies:
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Allows high density mounting• Components can be installed on both sides of a board• Ceramic PC boards can be used	System downsizing	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compatible with automatic placement by robots• Drilling for lead holes is not required• Compact system designs are possible due to high density mounting	Overall cost reduction	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High heat resistance• Anti-gas measures	High reliability	

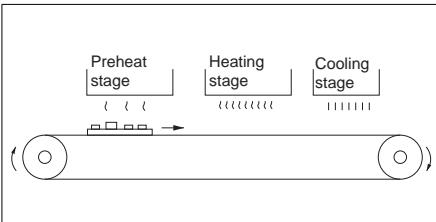
- Heat-resistance encapsulation technique
- Gas analysis
- Reliability assessment
- Precision molding technique for heat-resistant materials

3. Examples of SMT Applications

The following describes some examples of typical SMT applications:

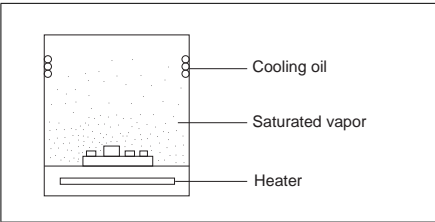
- Infrared Reflow Soldering (IRS)

IRS is the most popular reflow soldering technology now available for surface mounting. It uses a sheath heater or infrared lamp as its heat source. PC board assemblies are continuously soldered as they are transferred through a tunnel furnace comprised of a preheating, heating, and cooling-stages.



- Vapor Phase Soldering (VPS)

With VPS technology, PCB assemblies are carried through a special inactive solvent, such as Fluorinert FC-70, that has been heated to a vapor state. As the saturated vapor condenses on the PC board surface, the resulting evaporation heat provides the energy for reflow soldering.



- Belt conveyor reflow furnace

As PCB assemblies are transferred on a thin, heat-resistant belt conveyor, they are soldered by the heat from hotplates placed beneath the conveyor belt.

- Double Wave Soldering (DWS)

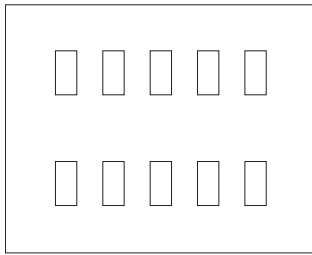
Components are glued to the PC board surface. The board assembly is transferred through a molten solder fountain (with the component side facing down), and the components are soldered to the board.

- Other Technologies

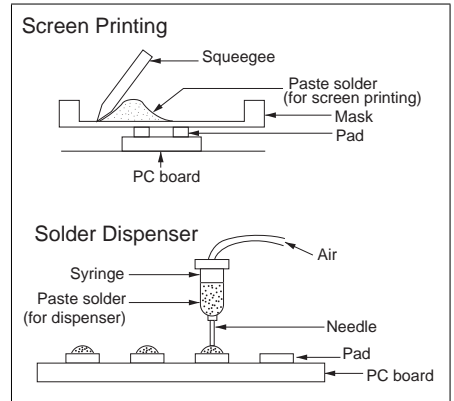
Other reflow soldering technologies include those utilizing lasers, hot air, and pulse heaters.

[2] Cautions for installation

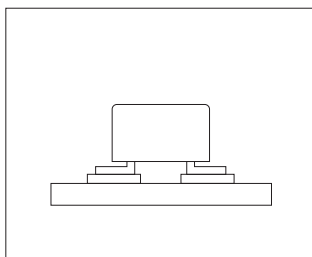
1. Paste Soldering



- Mounting pads on PC boards must be designed to absorb placement errors while taking account of solderability and insulation. Refer to the suggested mounting pad layout in the application data for the required relay product.
- Paste solder may be applied on the board with screen printing or dispenser techniques. For either method, the paste solder must be coated to appropriate thickness and shapes to achieve good solder wetting and adequate insulation.

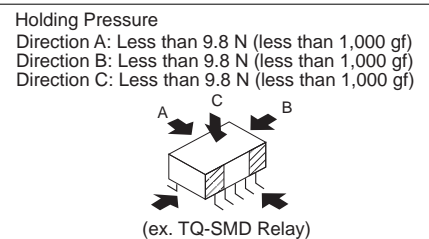


2. Relay Installation

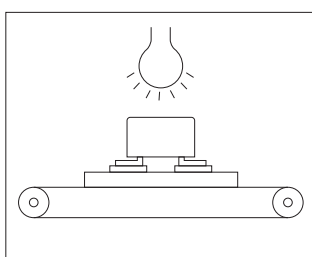


- For small, lightweight components such as chip components, a self-alignment effect can be expected if small placement errors exist. However, this effect is not as expected for electro-mechanical components such as relays, and they require precise positioning on their soldering pads.
- If SMT relays sustain excessive mechanical stress from the placement machine's pickup head, their performance cannot be guaranteed.

- Our SMT relays are supplied in stick packaging compatible with automatic placement processes. We also offer tape packaging at customer request.



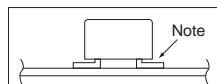
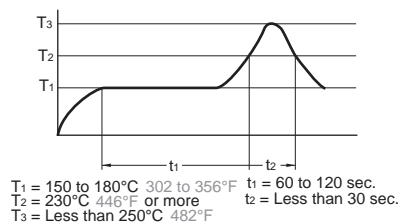
3. Reflow



Reflow soldering under inadequate soldering conditions may result in unreliable relay performance or even physical damage to the relay (even if the relay is of surface mount type with high heat resistance).

Example of Recommended Soldering Condition for Surface Mount Relays.

- IRS technique



- It is recommended that the soldered pad be immediately cooled to prevent thermal damage to the relay and its associated components.
- While surface mount relays are solvent washable, do not immerse the relay in cold cleaning solvent immediately after soldering.

- Manual soldering

- Soldering iron tip temperature: $350^\circ\text{C} \ 662^\circ\text{F}$
- Soldering iron wattage: 30 to 60 watts
- Soldering time: Less than 3 sec.

- Others

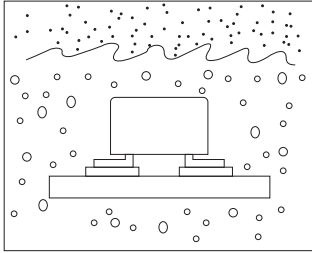
When a soldering technique other than above is to be used (hot air, hotplate, laser, or pulse heater technique), carefully investigate the suitability of the technique.

Notes:

- The soldering temperature profile indicates the pad temperature. In some cases, the ambient temperature may be greatly increased. Check for the specific mounting condition.
- Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened (Signal relay: with in 3 days, Max. $30^\circ\text{C} \ 86^\circ\text{F} / 60\%\text{RH}$). If left with the pack open, the relay will absorb moisture which will cause thermal stress when reflow mounting and thus cause the case to expand. As a result, the seal may break.


SMT Soldering Guidelines

4. Cleaning




- The surface mount relays are solvent washable. Use alcohol or an equivalent solvent for cleaning.
- Boiled cleaning is approved for surface mount relays. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause coil damage or light contact sticking.


Taiko Device – Panasonic Part Numbers

Taiko Device type	Taiko Device part no.		Panasonic type	Panasonic part no.							
				A	C	T					
TB Single			ACTB Single								
TB1	TB1-100M	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1			1
TB1	TB1-160M	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1			2
TB1	TB1-225M	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1			3
TB1	HTB1-100M	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1		H	1
TB1	HTB1-160M	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1		H	2
TB1	HTB1-225M	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1		H	3
TB1	RTB1-100MT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1		R	1
TB1	RTB1-160MT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1		R	2
TB1	RTB1-225MT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1		R	3
TB1	TB1-100ML	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L		1
TB1	TB1-160ML	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L		2
TB1	TB1-225ML	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L		3
TB1	HTB1-100ML	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L	H	1
TB1	HTB1-160ML	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L	H	2
TB1	HTB1-225ML	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L	H	3
TB1	RTB1-100MLT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L	R	1
TB1	RTB1-160MLT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L	R	2
TB1	RTB1-225MLT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	1	L	R	3
TB1	HTB1-100	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		H	1
TB1	HTB1-225	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		H	3
TB1	RTB1-100T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		R	1
TB1	RTB1-225T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		R	3
TB1	TB1-100L	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L		1
TB1	TB1-160L	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L		2
TB1	TB1-225L	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L		3
TB1	HTB1-100L	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L	H	1
TB1	HTB1-160L	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L	H	2
TB1	HTB1-225L	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L	H	3
TB1	RTB1-100LT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L	R	1
TB1	RTB1-160LT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L	R	2
TB1	RTB1-225LT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2	L	R	3
TB1	TB1-160	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2			2
TB1	TB1-225	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2			3
TB1	HTB1-160	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		H	2
TB1	HTB1-160T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		A	2
TB1	RTB1-160T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	2		R	2


Automotive Relays: Taiko Device ⇒ Panasonic

Taiko Device type	Taiko Device part no.		Panasonic type	Panasonic part no.							
				A	C	T					
TB Twin			ACTB Twin								
TB2	TB2-100	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3			1
TB2	TB2-160	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3			2
TB2	TB2160Z	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5			2
TB2	TB2-225	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3			3
TB2	HTB2-100	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		H	1
TB2	HTB2-225	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		H	3
TB2	RTB2-100T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		R	1
TB2	RTB2-225T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		R	3
TB2	TB2-100Z	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5			1
TB2	TB2-225Z	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5			3
TB2	HTB2-100Z	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5		H	1
TB2	HTB2-160Z	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5		H	2
TB2	HTB2-225Z	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5		H	3
TB2	RTB2-100ZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5		R	1
TB2	RTB2-160ZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5		R	2
TB2	RTB2-225ZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5		R	3
TB2	TB2-100LZ	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L		1
TB2	TB2-160LZ	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L		2
TB2	TB2-225LZ	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L		3
TB2	HTB2-100LZ	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L	H	1
TB2	HTB2-160LZ	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L	H	2
TB2	HTB2-225LZ	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L	H	3
TB2	RTB2-100LZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L	R	1
TB2	RTB2-160LZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L	R	2
TB2	RTB2-225LZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	5	L	R	3
TB2	HTB2-160	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		H	2
TB2	HTB2-160T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		A	2
TB2	HTB2-160ZT	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		A	2
TB2	RTB2-160T	⇒	ACTB	A	C	T	B	3		R	2
TA Single			ACTA Single								
TA1	TA1-160	⇒	ACTA	A	C	T	A	2			2
TA1	TA1-225	⇒	ACTA	A	C	T	A	2			3
TA1	TA1-225PD	⇒	ACTA	A	C	T	A	2	W		3
TA Twin			ACTA Twin								
TA2	TA2-160	⇒	ACTA	A	C	T	A	4			2

Part Number Reassignment

Taiko Device type	Taiko Device part no.		Panasonic type	Panasonic part no.							
				A	C	T					
TC Single			ACTC Single								
TC1	TC1-110-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1			1
TC1	TC1-110-C(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2			1
TC1	TC1-110-U(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	3			1
TC1	TC1-160-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1			2
TC1	TC1-160-C(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2			2
TC1	TC1-160-U(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	3			2
TC1	TC1-225-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1			3
TC1	TC1-225-C(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2			3
TC1	HTC1-110-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1		H	1
TC1	HTC1-110-C(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2		H	1
TC1	HTC1-110-U(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	3		H	1
TC1	HTC1-160-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1		H	2
TC1	HTC1-160-C(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2		H	2
TC1	HTC1-160-U(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	3		H	2
TC1	HTC1-225-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1		H	3
TC1	HTC1-225-C(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2		H	3
TC1	RTC1-110-A(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1		R	1
TC1	RTC1-110-CT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2		R	1
TC1	RTC1-110-UT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	3		R	1
TC1	RTC1-160-AT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1		R	2
TC1	RTC1-160-CT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2		R	2
TC1	RTC1-160-UT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	3		R	2
TC1	RTC1-225-AT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	1		R	3
TC1	RTC1-225-CT(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	2		R	3
TC1	TC1L-75-UH(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	6			6
TC1	HTC1L-75-UH(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	6		H	6
TC1	RTC1L-75-UH(S)	⇒	ACTC	A	C	T	C	6		R	6
TE Single			ACTE Single								
TE1	TE1-110	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	2		H	1
TE1	TE1-160	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	2		H	2
TE1	TE1-220	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	2		H	3
TE1	RTE1-110T	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	2		R	1
TE1	RTE1-160T	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	2		R	2
TE1	RTE1-220T	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	2		R	3
TE Twin			ACTE Twin								
TE2	TE2-110	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	3		H	1
TE2	TE2-160	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	3		H	2
TE2	TE2-220	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	3		H	3
TE2	RTE2-110T	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	3		R	1
TE2	RTE2-160T	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	3		R	2
TE2	RTE2-220T	⇒	ACTE	A	C	T	E	3		R	3

Automotive Relays: Taiko Device ⇒ Panasonic

Taiko Device type	Taiko Device part no.		Panasonic type	Panasonic part no.							
				A	C	T					
TG Single			ACTG Single								
TG1	HTG1-225ML	⇒	ACTG	A	C	T	G	1		H	3
TG1	HTG1-225L	⇒	ACTG	A	C	T	G	2		H	3
TG1	HTG1-320ML	⇒	ACTG	A	C	T	G	1		H	4
TG1	HTG1-320L	⇒	ACTG	A	C	T	G	2		H	4
TG1	RTG1-225MLT	⇒	ACTG	A	C	T	G	1		R	3
TH Single			ACTH Single								
TH1	RTH1-160-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	5		B	2
TH1	RTH1-220-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	5		B	3
TH1	RTH1-160T-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	5		R	2
TH1	RTH1-220T-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	5		R	3
TH Twin			ACTH Twin								
TH2	RTH2-160-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	6		B	2
TH2	RTH2-220-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	6		B	3
TH2	RTH2-160T-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	6		R	2
TH2	RTH2-220T-S	⇒	ACTH	A	C	T	H	6		R	3
TJ Single			ACTJ Single								
TJ1	HTJ1-320	⇒	ACTJ	A	C	T	J	2		H	4

North America

Europe

Asia Pacific

China

Japan

Panasonic Electric Works

Please contact our Global Sales Companies in:

Europe		
▶ Headquarters	Panasonic Electric Works Europe AG	Rudolf-Diesel-Ring 2, 83607 Holzkirchen, Tel. +49 (0) 8024 648-0, Fax +49 (0) 8024 648-111, www.panasonic-electric-works.com
▶ Austria	Panasonic Electric Works Austria GmbH	Josef Madersperger Str. 2, 2362 Biedermannsdorf, Tel. +43 (0) 2236-26846, Fax +43 (0) 2236-46133 www.panasonic-electric-works.at
	Panasonic Industrial Devices Materials Europe GmbH	EnnschafstraÙe 30, 4470 Enns, Tel. +43 (0) 7223 883, Fax +43 (0) 7223 88333, www.panasonic-electronic-materials.com
▶ Benelux	Panasonic Electric Works Sales Western Europe B.V.	De Rijn 4, (Postbus 211), 5684 PJ Best, (5680 AE Best), Netherlands, Tel. +31 (0) 499 372727, Fax +31 (0) 499 372185, www.panasonic-electric-works.nl
▶ Czech Republic	Panasonic Electric Works Europe AG	Administrative centre PLATINIUM, Veverí 111, 616 00 Brno, Tel. +420 541 217 001, Fax +420 541 217 101, www.panasonic-electric-works.cz
▶ France	Panasonic Electric Works Sales Western Europe B.V.	Succursale française, 10, rue des petits ruisseaux, 91370 Verrières Le Buisson, Tél. +33 (0) 1 6013 5757, Fax +33 (0) 1 6013 5758, www.panasonic-electric-works.fr
▶ Germany	Panasonic Electric Works Europe AG	Rudolf-Diesel-Ring 2, 83607 Holzkirchen, Tel. +49 (0) 8024 648-0, Fax +49 (0) 8024 648-111, www.panasonic-electric-works.de
▶ Hungary	Panasonic Electric Works Europe AG	Magyarországi Közvetlen Kereskedelmi Képviselet, 1117 Budapest, Neumann János u. 1., Tel. +36 1 999 89 26 www.panasonic-electric-works.hu
▶ Ireland	Panasonic Electric Works UK Ltd.	Irish Branch Office, Dublin, Tel. +353 (0) 14600969, Fax +353 (0) 14601131, www.panasonic-electric-works.co.uk
▶ Italy	Panasonic Electric Works Italia srl	Via del Commercio 3-5 (Z.I. Ferlina), 37012 Bussolengo (VR), Tel. +39 0456752711, Fax +39 0456700444, www.panasonic-electric-works.it
▶ Nordic Countries	Panasonic Electric Works Europe AG	Filial Nordic, Knarrarnäsgatan 15, 164 40 Kista, Sweden, Tel. +46 859476680, Fax +46 859476690, www.panasonic-electric-works.se
	Panasonic Eco Solutions Nordic AB	Jungmansgatan 12, 21119 Malmö, Tel. +46 40 697 7000, Fax +46 40 697 7099, www.panasonic-fire-security.com
▶ Poland	Panasonic Electric Works Polska sp. z o.o.	ul. Wołoska 9A, 02-583 Warszawa, Tel. +48 22 338-11-33, Fax +48 22 338-12-00, www.panasonic-electric-works.pl
▶ Portugal	Panasonic Electric Works España S.A.	Portuguese Branch Office, Avda Adelino Amaro da Costa 728 R/C J, 2750-277 Cascais, Tel. +351 214812520, Fax +351 214812529
▶ Spain	Panasonic Electric Works España S.A.	Barajas Park, San Severo 20, 28042 Madrid, Tel. +34 913293875, Fax +34 913292976, www.panasonic-electric-works.es
▶ Switzerland	Panasonic Electric Works Schweiz AG	Grundstrasse 8, 6343 Rotkreuz, Tel. +41 (0) 41 7997050, Fax +41 (0) 41 7997055, www.panasonic-electric-works.ch
▶ United Kingdom	Panasonic Electric Works UK Ltd.	Sunrise Parkway, Linford Wood, Milton Keynes, MK14 6 LF, Tel. +44 (0) 1908 231555, Fax +44 (0) 1908 231599, www.panasonic-electric-works.co.uk
North & South America		
▶ USA	Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales Company of America	629 Central Avenue, New Providence, N.J. 07974, Tel. 1-908-464-3550, Fax 1-908-464-8513, www.pewa.panasonic.com
Asia Pacific/China/Japan		
▶ China	Panasonic Electric Works Sales (China) Co. Ltd.	Level 2, Tower W3, The Towers Oriental Plaza, No. 2, East Chang An Ave., Dong Cheng District, Beijing 100738, Tel. +86-10-5925-5988, Fax +86-10-5925-5973
▶ Hong Kong	Panasonic Industrial Devices Automation Controls Sales (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	RM1205-9, 12/F, Tower 2, The Gateway, 25 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong, Tel. +852-2956-3118, Fax +852-2956-0398
▶ Japan	Panasonic Corporation	1048 Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8686, Japan, Tel. +81-6-6908-1050, Fax +81-6-6908-5781, www.panasonic.net
▶ Singapore	Panasonic Industrial Devices Automation Controls Sales Asia Pacific	300 Beach Road, #16-01 The Concourse, Singapore 199555, Tel. +65-6390-3811, Fax +65-6390-3810