

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

規格書

CUSTOMER : IBS DATE : 2021-02-25

(客戶): (日期):

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : KM $250V220\mu F(\phi 18x35)$

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER									
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)								
邓文文	付婷婷								

CUSTOMER									
APPROVAL	SIGNATURE								
(批准)	(签名)								

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

		SPECIFICAT	ALTERN	IATION HIS	STORY			
		KM SERI	ES]	RECORDS		
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver	

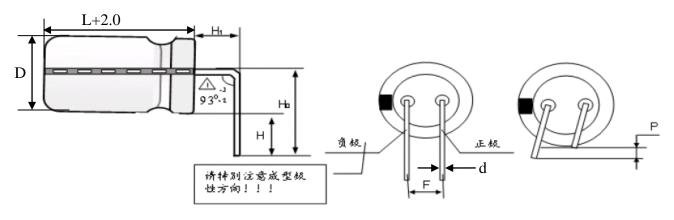
Version	01		Page	1
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics





Type Code		Standard dimension												
NΙΛ	D±0.5	L	d±0.05	F±0.5	H±0.5	$H_0 \pm 0.5$	$H_1 \pm 0.5$	P max						
NA	18	35	0.8	7.5	3.0	12.6	3.0	0.25						

Table 1:

No.	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap. (μF)	Cap. tolerance	Temp. range(°C)	tan δ (120Hz, 20°C)	Leakage Current (μ A,2min)	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz (mA rms)	Load lifetime (Hrs)		ension (mm) F	фd	Sleeve
1	EKM227M2EL35NA**P	250	220	-20%~+20%	-25~105	0.20	1690	485	2000	18X35	7.5	0.8	PET

Varsion	01	Dogo	ŋ
Version	01	Page	

Attachment: Application Guidelines

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

12~15

CONTENTS Sheet Application 4 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 tanδ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')"

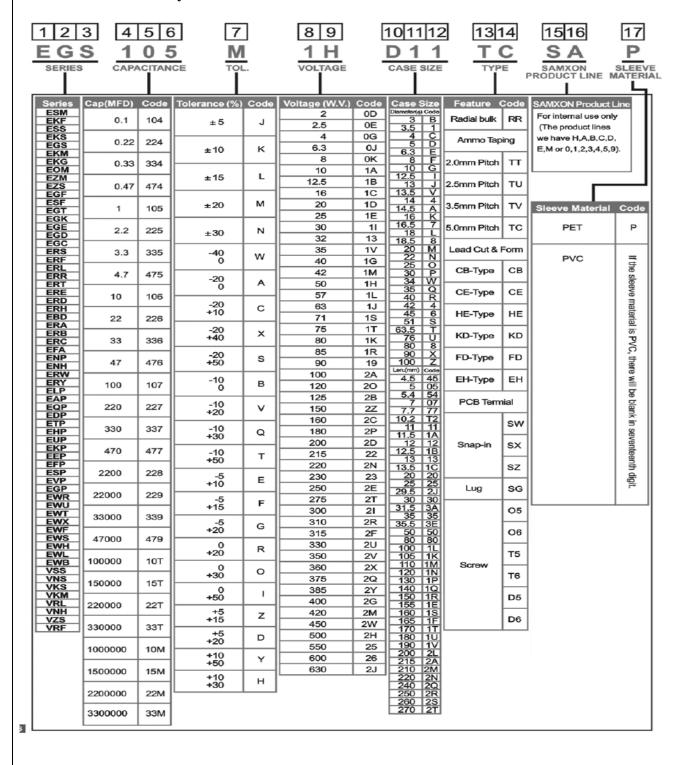
ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.

2. Part Number System



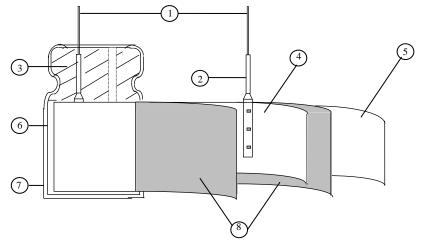
Version	01		Page	4
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

Version	01		Page	5
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

Table	e 2				DE	DEODI	AANC	E				
	ITEM	PERFORMANCE										
	Rated voltage	WV (V.DC) 6.3 10 16 25 35 50 63								100		
	(WV)	SV (V.DC)	8	13	2	0	32	44	63	79	125	
4.1				•	,	'	•		•	1		
	Surge	WV (V.DC)	160	200	220	250	350	400	420	450		
	voltage (SV)	SV (V.DC)	200	250	270	300	400	450	470	500		
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria></criteria>	Condition> Measuring Frequency : 120Hz±12Hz Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms Measuring Temperature : 20±2℃ Criteria> Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance.									
4.3	Leakage current	Condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k\Omega \pm 10\Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. Criteria> Refer to Table 1										
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> Refer to Table 1</criteria></condition>										
4.5	Terminal strength	Tensile Str Fixed the of seconds. Bending Str Fixed the co 90° within it seconds. Diameter 0.51 Over 0.	Refer to Table 1 <condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the terminal in lead out direction for 10±1 seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the terminal (1~4 mm from the rubber) for 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° to its original position within 2~3</condition>									

Version 01 Page 6	
-------------------	--

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

		<condition></condition>							
		STEP Testi	ng Tempe	rature(°C)			Time		
		1	20 ± 2	2	Time	to reac	h thermal ed	quilibriu	m
		2	-40(-25)	±3			ch thermal ed	•	
		3	20±2				ch thermal ed	•	
		4	105±				ch thermal ed		
		5	20±2		_		ch thermal ed	•	
		<criteria></criteria>	20 2		Tille	to reac	n mermar ec	<u> 1</u> umomu	111
		a. $\tan \delta$ shall be with	nin the lim	it of Item	1 1The 1	akane	current mea	eurad ch	all not
		more than 8 times of			7.7111C K	akage	current mea	isured sir	ian not
	Temperature	b. In step 5, $\tan \delta$ sh	-		it of Iter	n 4 4T	he leakage o	urrent s	hall no
	characteristi	more than the specific		ini the ini	nt of Itel		ne reakage e	ourreine si	iiuii iio
4.6	cs	c. At-40°C (-25°C), i		e (z) ratio s	hall not e	exceed	the value of	f the foll	owing
		table.	p • duii • •	(2) 14610 5				1011	o111.6
		Working Voltage (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	5	4	3	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	10	8	6	4	3	3	3
		2 10 0/2120 0	10	0	-	•	3	3	
		Working Voltage (V)	100	160~220	250~	350	400~420	450	
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	2	3	4		6	15	
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	3			-			
		T 1. 1	> 10001	T 4 110					
		For capacitance value	•	Add 1.0	per anot	her 10	00µ F for Z		
		Capacitance, $tan\delta$, an	•	Add 1.0	per anot	her 10	00µ F for Z		
		Capacitance, tanδ , an	d impedar	Add 1.0 nce shall be	per anot e measur	her 10 ed at 1	00µ F for Z 20Hz.	-40°C/Z	+20°C.
		Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033</condition>	d impedar	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method	per anot e measur s, The ca	her 10 ed at 1 pacito	00µ F for Z 20Hz.	-40°C/Z-	+20°C
		Capacitance, $\tan \delta$, an Condition> According to IEC6033 $105 \text{C} \pm 2 \text{ with DC b}$	d impedar 84-4No.4.	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r	per anot e measur s, The ca ated ripp	her 10 ed at 1 pacito le curr	00µ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl	a temper	+20°C
		Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033</condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex	s, The ca	her 10 ed at 1 pacito le curr rated	00µ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
	Load	Capacitance, $tan\delta$, an Condition> According to IEC603: $105 \% \pm 2$ with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 16	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours rec	s, The ca	her 10 ed at 1 pacito le curr rated	00µ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	Load life	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria></criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 16	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours recognized table:	s, The ca ated ripp acced the	pacito le curr rated ime at	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7		Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC b. DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic shares.</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sh ed after 16 e following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours recog table:	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing t	pacito le curr rated ime at	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage curren</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable: e followin Value in	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing t g require 4.3 shall	pacito pacito rated ime at ments be sat	00µ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033 105 ℃ ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage curren Capacitance Co</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours recog table:	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing t g require 4.3 shall	pacito pacito rated ime at ments be sat	00µ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage curren</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours received table: e following Value in the within ±	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall	pacito le curre rated ime at ments be sat:	00µ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033 105 ℃ ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage curren Capacitance Co</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours received table: e followin Value in Within ± Not more	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200	pacito le curre rated ime at ments be sattinitial 0% of	ooµ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric isfied value.	a temper e 1. (The oltage) Te condition	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, and <condition> According to IEC6033 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic shat Leakage current Capacitance Contant tanδ</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl ed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours received table: e followin Value in Within ± Not more	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200	pacito le curre rated ime at ments be sattinitial 0% of	ooµ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric isfied value.	a temper e 1. (The oltage) Te condition	+20°C. rature of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage currer Capacitance Condition></criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage st ed after 16 e following all meet th nt hange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours received table: e following Value in Within ± Not more	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated ime at ments be sat: initial	ooµ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric isfied value. the specified e of electrol	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T e condition	rature of e sum of them thous. The
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, and <condition> According to IEC6033 105 °C ±2 with DC be DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage current Capacitance Condition> Condition> The capacitors are there</condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sled after 16 e following all meet that hange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall the no volta	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 220% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated ime at initial 10% of leakag	ooµ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric isfied value. the specified e of electroly temperature	a temper e 1. (The oltage) To condition	rature of e sum of then thous. The
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, and <condition> According to IEC6033 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the capacitance Clapacitance Clapacitance Clapacitance <condition> The capacitors are ther 1000+48/0 hours. Fol</condition></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sled after 16 e following all meet the hange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall the no volta is period the	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated ime at ments be sat: initial 0% of leakag	ooµ F for Z 20Hz. r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric disfied value. the specified e of electroly temperature all be removed.	a temper e 1. (The oltage) To condition when the condition when the condition of 105 ± 105	rature of e sum of then thous. The
4.7	life test	Capacitance, tanδ, and <condition> According to IEC6033 105 ℃ ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage current Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are ther 1000+48/0 hours. Fol chamber and be allow</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage shed after 10 e following all meet the hange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall not ex 5 hours receptable: the no voltatis period the bilized at 10 nce shall no voltatis period the bilized no voltatis period the bili	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated iments be satt initial 0% of leakage ed at a tors sh pperatu	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric sisfied value. the specified e of electroly temperature all be removare for 4~8 I	a temper e 1. (The oltage) To condition with the condition of 105 ± wed from nours. N	rature of e sum of then thous. The
	life test	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage current Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are ther 1000+48/0 hours. Folichamber and be allow shall be connected to</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage shed after 10 e following all meet the hange a stored will lowing the wed to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall not ex 5 hours receptable: the not not the receptable in the plus the receptable in the receptable	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated iments be sati initial 0% of leakage ed at a tors sh peratu ± 100	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric temperature nall be remover for 4~8 I Ω) with D.	a tempere e 1. (The oltage) To condition with the condition of 105 december 105 dec	rature of e sum of then thous. The
4.7	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tanδ, and Condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC be DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic shate Leakage current Capacitance Critanδ Appearance Condition> The capacitors are there 1000+48/0 hours. Fol chamber and be allow shall be connected to applied for 30min. Af	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage shed after 10 e following all meet the hange a stored will lowing the wed to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall not ex 5 hours receptable: the not not the receptable in the plus the receptable in the receptable	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated iments be sati initial 0% of leakage ed at a tors sh peratu ± 100	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric temperature nall be remover for 4~8 I Ω) with D.	a tempere e 1. (The oltage) To condition with the condition of 105 december 105 dec	rature of e sum of then thous. The
	life test	Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC6033 105 °C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic sha Leakage current Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are ther 1000+48/0 hours. Folichamber and be allow shall be connected to</criteria></condition>	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage shed after 10 e following all meet the hange a stored will lowing the wed to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall not ex 5 hours receptable: the not not the receptable in the plus the receptable in the receptable	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated iments be sati initial 0% of leakage ed at a tors sh peratu ± 100	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric temperature nall be remover for 4~8 I Ω) with D.	a tempere e 1. (The oltage) To condition with the condition of 105 december 105 dec	rature of e sum of then thous. The
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tanδ, and Condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC be DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic shate Leakage current Capacitance Critanδ Appearance Condition> The capacitors are there 1000+48/0 hours. Fol chamber and be allow shall be connected to applied for 30min. Af	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage shed after 10 e following all meet the hange a stored will lowing the wed to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall not ex 5 hours receptable: the not not the receptable in the plus the receptable in the receptable	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated iments be sati initial 0% of leakage ed at a tors sh peratu ± 100	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric temperature nall be remover for 4~8 I Ω) with D.	a tempere e 1. (The oltage) To condition with the condition of 105 december 105 dec	rature of e sum of then thous. The
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tanδ, and Condition> According to IEC603: 105 °C ±2 with DC be DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic shate Leakage current Capacitance Critanδ Appearance Condition> The capacitors are there 1000+48/0 hours. Fol chamber and be allow shall be connected to applied for 30min. Af	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage shed after 10 e following all meet the hange a stored will lowing the wed to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the real not ex 5 hours receptable: e followin Value in Within ± Not more There shall not ex 5 hours receptable: the not not the receptable in the plus the receptable in the receptable	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	pacito le curre rated iments be sati initial 0% of leakage ed at a tors sh peratu ± 100	r is stored at ent for Tabl working vo atmospheric temperature nall be remover for 4~8 I Ω) with D.	a tempere e 1. (The oltage) To condition with the condition of 105 december 105 dec	rature of e sum of then thous. The

Version	01		Page	7
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

		The characteristic shall meet t	he following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	tanδ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
			stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
		-	
		117 0	through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
		The capacitor shall be submitted followed discharge of 5 min $^{\circ}$ The test temperature shall be $C_{\mathbb{R}}$: Nominal Capacitance (μ	e 15~35°C.
	Surge	<criteria></criteria>	
4.9	Surge test	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		over voltage as often applied.	ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to sucl
4.10 V	ibration test	vibration frequency range Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket. 4mm or less Criteria> After the test, the following it Inner construction Appearance Note the peak amplitude Sweep rate After the test, the following it Appearance	: 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute reater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30°

Version	01			8
---------	----	--	--	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

4.11	Solderability test Resistance to solder heat test	<condition> The capacitor shall be tes Soldering temperature Dipping depth Dipping speed Dipping time <criteria> Coating quality Condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1 seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ Appearance</criteria></criteria></condition>	or shall be or3 +1 second be left und asurement.	: 245±3°C : 2mm : 25±2.5mm/ : 3±0.5s A minimum immersed e immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to the condition of	o solder bath at mm from the bootemperature and the specified value.	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
4.11	Resistance to solder heat	Soldering temperature Dipping depth Dipping speed Dipping time <criteria> Coating quality Condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1 seconds or 400 ± 10 °C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria></criteria>	or shall be or3 +1 second be left und asurement.	: 245±3°C : 2mm : 25±2.5mm/ : 3±0.5s A minimum immersed e immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to the condition of	o solder bath at mm from the bootemperature and the specified value.	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
4.11	Resistance to solder heat	Dipping depth Dipping speed Dipping time <criteria> Coating quality <condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1 seconds or 400 ± 10 °C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria></condition></criteria>	or shall be or3 +1 second be left und asurement.	: 2mm : 25±2.5mm/ : 3±0.5s A minimum immersed e immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to Not more than the Within ±10% of	o solder bath at mm from the bootemperature and the specified value.	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
4.11	Resistance to solder heat	Dipping speed Dipping time <criteria> Coating quality <condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1 seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria></condition></criteria>	or3 ⁺¹ ₋₀ second be left und asurement.	: 25±2.5mm/ : 3±0.5s A minimum immersed e immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to Not more than the Within ±10% of	o solder bath at mm from the bootemperature and the specified value.	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
4.11	Resistance to solder heat	Condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria>	or3 ⁺¹ ₋₀ second be left und asurement.	A minimum immersed e immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to the condition of the	o solder bath at mm from the bootemperature and the specified value.	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
	Resistance to solder heat	Condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea Criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ	or3 ⁺¹ ₋₀ second be left und asurement.	A minimum immersed e immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to $\frac{1}{2}$. Not more than the Within $\pm 10\%$ of	solder bath at mm from the boo emperature and a	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
	solder heat	<condition> Terminals of the capacitor 1seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria></condition>	or3 ⁺¹ ₋₀ second be left und asurement.	immersed into onds to 1.5~2.0r der the normal to Not more than the Within $\pm 10\%$ o	solder bath at mm from the boo emperature and a	260±5°C for 10 = dy of capacitor . normal humidity
	solder heat	Terminals of the capacitor 1 seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea < Criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ	or3 ⁺¹ ₋₀ second be left und asurement.	onds to $1.5 \sim 2.0$ r der the normal to $\frac{1}{2}$. Not more than the Within $\pm 10\%$ of	nm from the boo emperature and a ne specified valu	dy of capacitor . normal humidity
	solder heat	1seconds or 400±10°C for Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria>	or3 ⁺¹ ₋₀ second be left und asurement.	onds to $1.5 \sim 2.0$ r der the normal to $\frac{1}{2}$. Not more than the Within $\pm 10\%$ of	nm from the boo emperature and a ne specified valu	dy of capacitor . normal humidity
	solder heat	Then the capacitor shall be for 1~2 hours before mea < Criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ	be left und asurement.	der the normal to \cdot . Not more than the $ ilde{ ext{Vithin}} \pm 10\%$ o	emperature and a	normal humidity
	solder heat	for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tanδ</criteria>	N V	Not more than the Within $\pm 10\%$ o	ne specified valu	
		Capacitance Change tanδ	y N	Within ±10% o		e.
		tanδ	N		f initial value.	
				Not more than th		
		Appearance	-	vot more man m	e specified valu	e.
			1	There shall be no	o leakage of elec	etrolyte.
		<condition></condition>				
		Temperature Cycle:Accor	ording to I	EC60384-4No.4	4.7methods, cap	acitor shall be
		placed in an oven, the cor	ndition ac	ccording as belo	w:	
		Temperature		re	Time	
		(1)+20°C			≤ 3 Minute	es
	Change of	(2)Rated low temperature	rature (-40)°C) (-25°C)	30±2 Minute	es
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high temper	rature (+1	105℃)	30±2 Minute	es
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, to	otal 5 cycle	e		
		<criteria></criteria>				
		The characteristic shall m	neet the fo	ollowing require	ment	
		Leakage current	Not 1	more than the sp	pecified value.	
		tanδ	Not 1	more than the sp	pecified value.	
		Appearance	Ther	e shall be no lea	akage of electrol	yte.
		<condition></condition>				
		Humidity Test:	4No. 4.10	mathada asmas	itan ahall ha ayın	and for 500 ± 0
		According to IEC60384-4		•	-	
		hours in an atmosphere of meet the following requir		oK ⊓ .at 40±2 (, the characteri	suc change shan
		<pre><criteria></criteria></pre>	iciliciit.			
	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not mo	ore than the spec	ified value.	
4.14	test	Capacitance Change		$\pm 20\%$ of initia		
		tanδ			f the specified va	alue.
		Appearance			ge of electrolyte	
					<u>-</u>	

Version	01		Page	9
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

4.15	Vent test	with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is current selected <table 3=""> Diameter (m 22.4 or les Over 22.4 <criteria> The vent shall op</criteria></table>	ss 1	arity re	versed	to a DC	power	source. T	Γhen a
		at 120Hz and o Table-1 The combined	permissible ripple currean be applied at maxing value of D.C voltage and shall not reverse volultipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap.(µ F)	num op	erating	tempera	ature		eed the
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	6.3~100	~47 68~470 ≥560 0.47~220	0.75 0.80 0.85 0.80	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.35 1.23 1.10 1.25	1.57 1.34 1.13 1.40	2.00 1.50 1.15 1.60	
		100 -430	≥270	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.13	1.15	

Version	01		Page	10	l
---------	----	--	------	----	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

,	Substances						
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds						
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds						
Heavy metais	Mercury and mercury compounds						
	Hexavalent chromium compounds						
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)						
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)						
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)						
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)						
	Other chlorinated organic compounds						
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)							
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including						
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])						
compounds	Compounds Other brominated organic compounds						
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)						
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)						
Asbestos							
Specific azo com	pounds						
Formaldehyde							
Beryllium oxide							
Beryllium coppe	er						
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)						
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)						
Perfluorooctane s	sulfonates (PFOS)						
Specific Benzotri	azole						

Version	01		Page	11	ĺ
---------	----	--	------	----	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while $\tan\delta$ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

Version 01 Page 12	Version	01			12
--------------------	---------	----	--	--	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately 1kΩ.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

	Version	01		Page	13
--	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

	Version	01		Page	14
--	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

Version	01		Page	15	
---------	----	--	------	----	--